Report No.: FA462024-03B

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC

EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone

BRAND NAME : Motorola Mobility, LLC

MODEL NAME : 4079

FCC ID : IHDT56PK2

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Este man?

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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FCC ID: IHDT56PK2

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Revision History

VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 17, 2014

1. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory						
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.						
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978					

Applicant					
Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC					
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States				

Manufacturer Manufacturer						
Company Name Motorola Mobility LLC						
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States					

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2. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

2.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Model Name	4079
FCC ID	IHDT56PK2
IMEI Code	990005280005985
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR • Bluetooth v4.0-LE • NFC:ASK
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network
EUT Stage	simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
Romark:	Identical Prototype

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Remark:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, CDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client).
- 3. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA B2 / B4 LTE B2 / B4 transmitter. And while operating in body-worn accessory exposure conditions, reduced power limits are enforced on the LTE B4 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

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3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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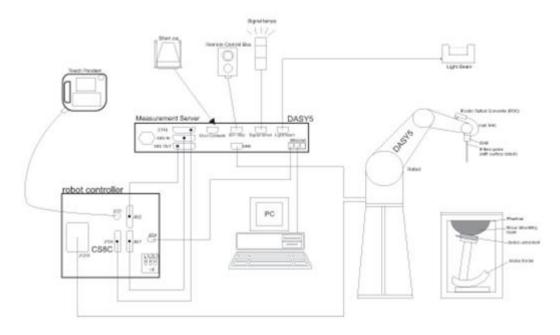
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4. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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5. Transmitter power reduction conditions and modes

The phone utilizes reduced limits for the maximum transmit power for its transmitters when operation under the following noted conditions to ensure SAR exposure compliance is maintained. Tables of the reduced limits used for testing are given below. A complete description of this functionality is provided in the Operational Description. The implementation to trigger the reduction in power requires the device to be radiating, which prevents conducted power measurements of this functionality without modification to the unit

While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA B2 / B4 and LTE B2 / B4 transmitter. And while operating in body-worn accessory exposure conditions, reduced power limits are enforced on the LTE B4 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

Mode(s) of Operation	GSM1900	WCDMA IV	WCDMA II	
Frequency Range (MHz)	1850.2 ~ 1909.8	1712.4 ~ 1752.6	1852.4 ~ 1907.6	
Exposure Position	Hotspot	Hotspot	Hotspot	
Maximum Output Power (dBm)	25.0	24.0	24.0	
Reduced Maximum Output Power (dBm)	23.5	21.5	19.0	

Mode(s) of Operation	LTE B	LTE Band 2	
Frequency Range (MHz)	1710.7 -	1850.7 ~ 1909.3	
Exposure Position	Body-Worn	Hotspot	
Maximum Output Power (dBm)	24.0	24.0 24.0	
Reduced Maximum Output Power (dBm)	23.5	19.5	19.5

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6. Test Setup Information, SAR Measurement Results, and Analysis

The following SAR test data is being provided to demonstrate the device's effective utilization of power reduction conditions specified in Operational Description. The values in the table(s) are provided solely for purposes of confirming compliant power reduction operation and do not represent maximum SAR values of the product. For maximum reported SAR compliance values, refer to the Exhibit 11 SAR test report, report no: FA462024A.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values for each combination of EUT mode and exposure condition are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables. Plots of these tests are included in Appendix A of this report.

<GSM1900 during a mobile hotspot session>

	guration Channel f (MHz)	1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured	
Configuration		n Channel f (MHz	r (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	512	1850.2	25.0	0.906	23.5	0.712	1.05

<WCMDA Band IV during a mobile hotspot session>

		,		R value er Reduction		R value Reduction	Measured
Configuration	Channel	nannel f (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Front of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	1513	1752.6	24.0	1.820	21.5	1.130	2.1

< WCMDA Band II during a mobile hotspot session>

	, i	1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured		
Co	onfiguration	nfiguration Channel (M	(MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Phor	ttom Edge of ne 10 mm from Phantom	9400	1880.0	24.0	2.160	19.0	0.685	4.99

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<LTE Band 4 during a mobile hotspot session>

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	Channel f (MHz)	1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured	
Configuration		t (MHz)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	20300	1745	24.0	2.650	19.5	0.967	4.38

<LTE Band 4 body-worn accessory exposure conditions>

	Configuration	Channel	f (MHz)		R value er Reduction	1 g SA with Power	Measured	
				Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
	Front of Phone 15 mm from Phantom	20300	1745	24.0	1.430	23.5	1.380	0.15

<LTE Band 2 during a mobile hotspot session>

Configuration	Channel	f (MHz)		R value er Reduction	1 g SAl with Power	Measured	
			Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Power Limit (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	SAR Reduction (dB)
Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom	18700	1860	24.0	3.000	19.0	1.040	4.60

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7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 7.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)	
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %	
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %	
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %	
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %	
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %	
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %	
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %	
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %	
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %	
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %	
Phantom and Setup						•		
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %	
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %	
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %	
Combined Standard Uncertainty							± 10.8 %	
Coverage Factor for 95 %							K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty							± 21.5 %	

Table 7.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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8. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [6] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA", October 2007
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 2013.
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.

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Appendix A. Plots of SAR Measurement

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The plots are shown as follows.

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GSM1900 GPRS (4 Tx slots) Bottom Side 1cm Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

 $Medium: MSL_1900_140721 \ Medium \ parameters \ used: f = 1850.2 \ MHz; \ \sigma = 1.502 \ S/m; \ \epsilon_r = 51.194;$

Date: 2014/7/21

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.3 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2013/9/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

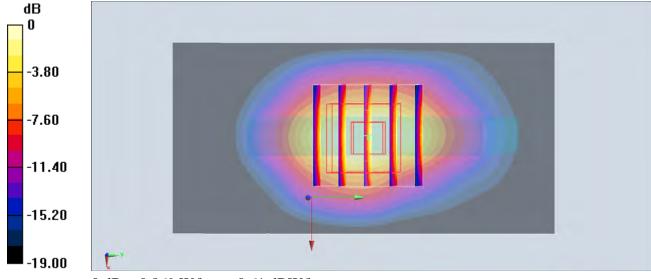
Configuration/Ch512/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.886 W/kg

Configuration/Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.525 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.712 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.869 W/kg



0 dB = 0.869 W/kg = -0.61 dBW/kg

GSM1900 GPRS (4 Tx slots) Bottom Side 1cm Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_1900_140728 Medium parameters used: f=1850.2 MHz; $\sigma=1.48$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.587;$ ρ

Date: 2014/7/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2013/11/5
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

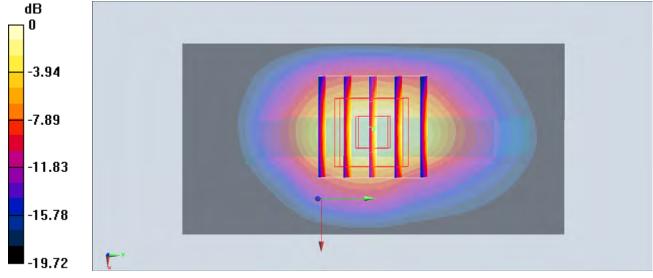
Configuration/Ch512/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

Configuration/Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.178 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.906 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.469 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

WCDMA IV RMC 12.2Kbps Front 1cm Ch1513

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_140904 Medium parameters used: f=1753 MHz; $\sigma=1.471$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.685;$ ρ

Date: 2014/9/4

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM_Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

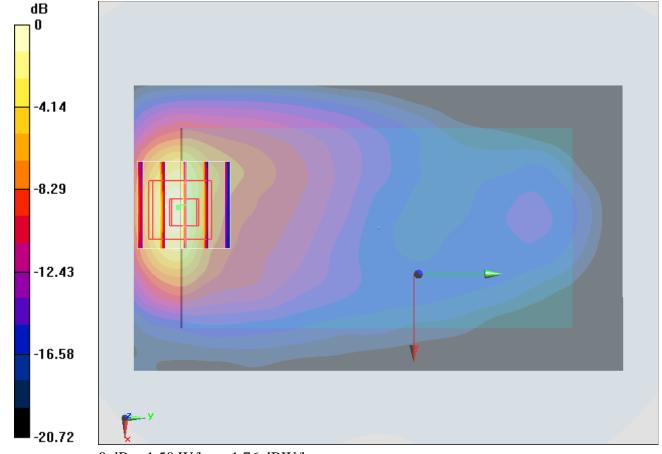
Configuration/Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.769 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.578 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.50 W/kg



0 dB = 1.50 W/kg = 1.76 dBW/kg

WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_1cm_Ch1513

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_140904 Medium parameters used: f = 1753 MHz; σ = 1.471 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.685; ρ

Date: 2014/9/4

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3955; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013/12/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1399; Calibrated: 2013/11/7
- Phantom: SAM Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

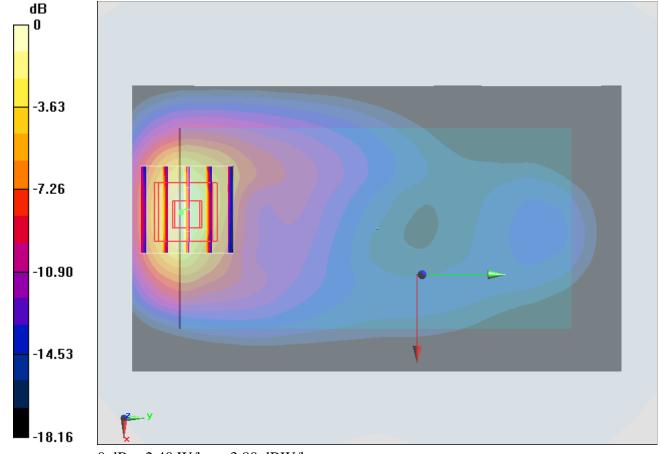
Configuration/Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.08 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.709 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.08 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.939 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



0 dB = 2.40 W/kg = 3.80 dBW/kg

WCDMA II RMC12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140718 Medium parameters used: f=1880 MHz; $\sigma=1.526$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=51.686$; $\rho=1.526$ MHz; $\sigma=1.526$ MHz;

Date: 2014/7/18

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.2°C; Liquid Temperature: 22.2°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1425; Calibrated: 2014/3/3
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

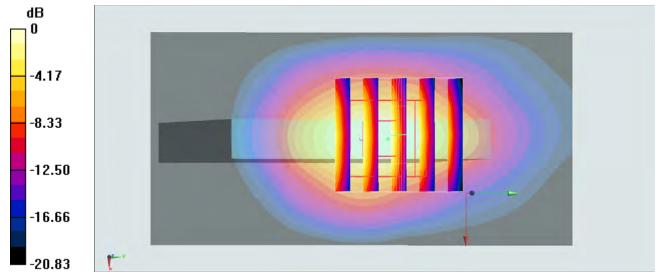
Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.466 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.937 W/kg



0 dB = 0.937 W/kg = -0.28 dBW/kg

WCDMA II RMC12.2Kbps Bottom Side 1cm Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140728 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.523 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.369; ρ

Date: 2014/7/28

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2013/11/5
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

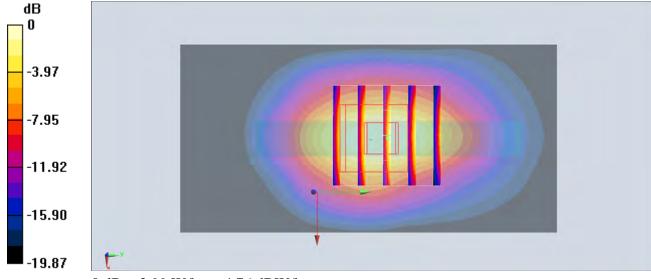
Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.09 W/kg

Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.704 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.11 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.99 W/kg



0 dB = 2.99 W/kg = 4.76 dBW/kg

CDMA2000 BC1_RTAP 153.6Kbps_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch25

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140729 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.547$;

Date: 2014/7/29

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

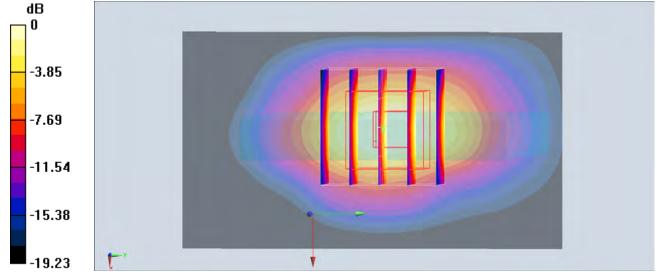
Configuration/Ch25/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.53 W/kg

Configuration/Ch25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.312 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.74 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.39 W/kg



0 dB = 1.39 W/kg = 1.43 dBW/kg

CDMA2000 BC1_RTAP 153.6Kbps_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch25

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140729 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.547$;

Date: 2014/7/29

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

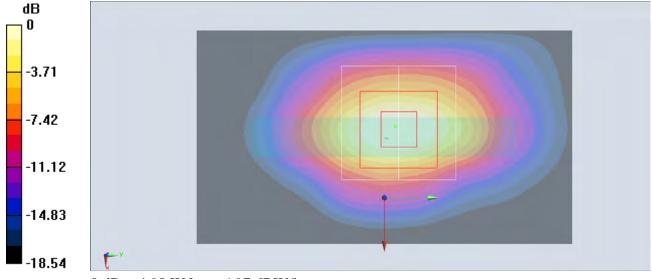
Configuration/Ch25/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.47 W/kg

Configuration/Ch25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.156 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.93 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.98 W/kg



0 dB = 4.98 W/kg = 6.97 dBW/kg

CDMA2000 BC1 1xRTT RC3 SO32 Front 1.5cm Ch25

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140729 Medium parameters used : f = 1851.25 MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

Date: 2014/7/29

52.547; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch25/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.76 W/kg

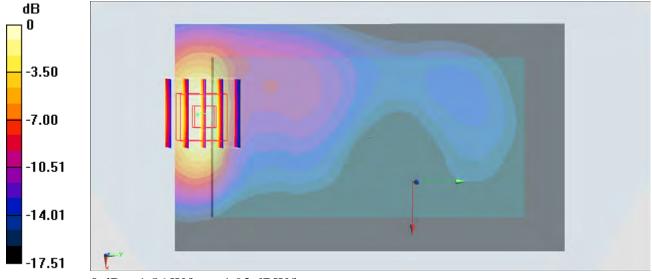
Configuration/Ch25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.344 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.687 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



0 dB = 1.56 W/kg = 1.93 dBW/kg

CDMA2000 BC1 1xRTT RC3 SO32 Front 1.5cm Ch25

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140705 Medium parameters used : f = 1851.25 MHz; $\sigma = 1.495$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.27$;

Date: 2014/7/5

 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2013/9/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778: Calibrated: 2013/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

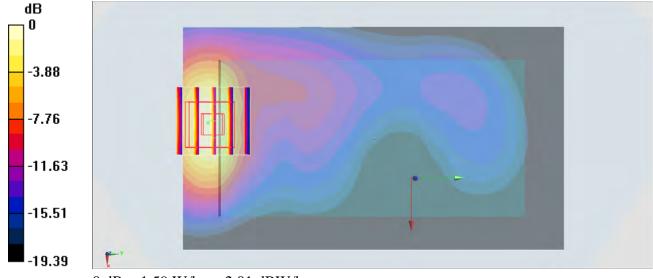
Configuration/Ch25/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.69 W/kg

Configuration/Ch25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.478 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.699 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



0 dB = 1.59 W/kg = 2.01 dBW/kg

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_140729 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.484$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.425$; ρ

Date: 2014/7/29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

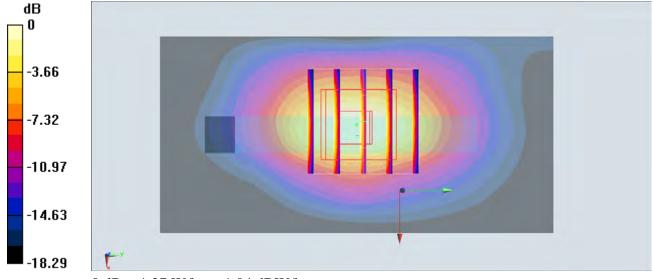
Configuration/Ch20300/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 30.106 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.967 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.512 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_100RB_0Offset_Bottom Side_1cm Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_140729 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.484$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.425$; ρ

Date: 2014/7/29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

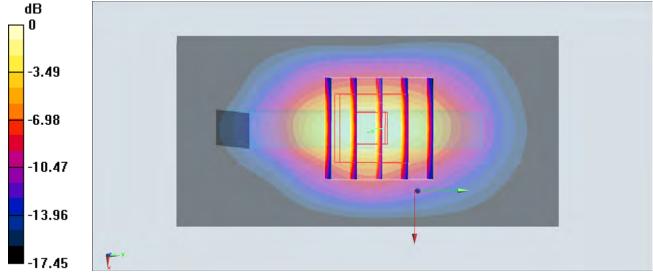
Configuration/Ch20300/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.55 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.27 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.65 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.52 W/kg



0 dB = 3.52 W/kg = 5.47 dBW/kg

LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Front 1.5cm Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1750 140729 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.484$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.425$; ρ

Date: 2014/7/29

 $= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch20300/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg

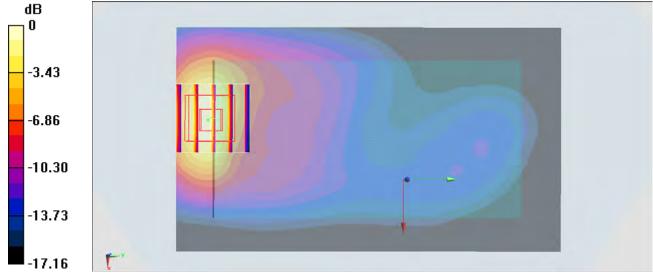
Configuration/Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.370 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.791 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 W/kg



0 dB = 1.76 W/kg = 2.46 dBW/kg

LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 0offset Front 1.5cm Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 1750 140705 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.519$; $\rho =$

Date: 2014/7/5

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.4 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3270; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 2013/9/24;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2013/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Configuration/Ch20300/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.68 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm,

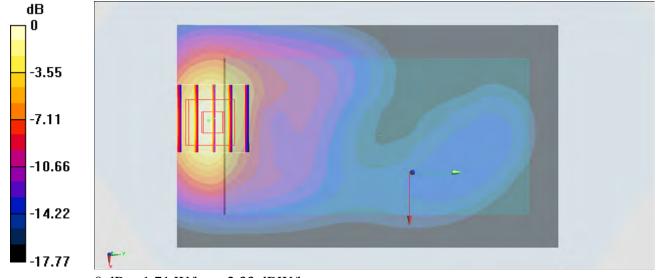
dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 35.338 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.785 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 W/kg



0 dB = 1.71 W/kg = 2.33 dBW/kg

LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0Offset_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140728 Medium parameters used: f=1860 MHz; $\sigma=1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.535$; $\rho=1.49$ Medium: $\epsilon_r=52.535$

Date: 2014/7/28

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3935; ConvF(7.85, 7.85, 7.85); Calibrated: 2013/11/4;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1338; Calibrated: 2013/11/5
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

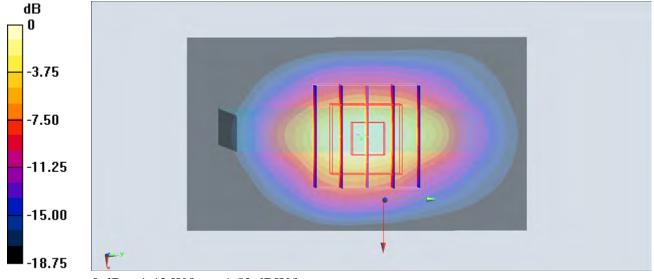
Configuration/Ch18700/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.60 W/kg

Configuration/Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.363 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.529 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg



0 dB = 1.42 W/kg = 1.52 dBW/kg

LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB 0Offset Bottom Side 1cm Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_140729 Medium parameters used: f=1860 MHz; $\sigma=1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.535;$ $\rho=1.49$ Medium: MSL_1900_140729 Medium parameters used: f=1860 MHz; $\sigma=1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.535;$ $\rho=1.49$ MHz; $\sigma=1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=52.535;$ $\epsilon_r=1.49$ MHz; $\epsilon_r=1.49$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=1.49$

Date: 2014/7/29

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3931; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2013/9/10;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/5/15
- Phantom: SAM LEFT; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1718
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

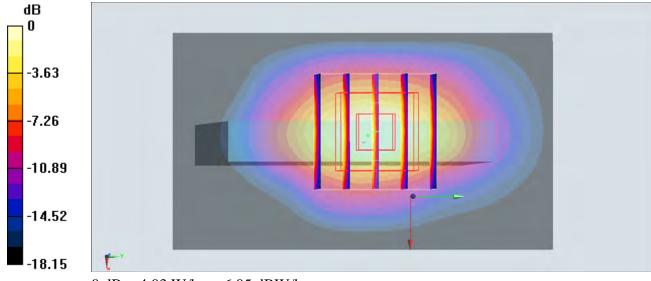
Configuration/Ch18700/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.48 W/kg

Configuration/Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.952 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.03 W/kg



0 dB = 4.03 W/kg = 6.05 dBW/kg