FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility, LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola Mobility, LLC

MODEL NAME : 4079

FCC ID : IHDT56PK2

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

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Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

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Report No.: FA462024-03A

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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Revision History

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FA462024-03A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Sep. 17, 2014

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Motorola Mobility, LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, 4079, are as follows.

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			Highest SA	R Summary	
Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	0.34	0.47	0.60	
	GSM1900	0.14	0.65	0.71	
	WCDMA Band V	0.27	0.47	0.47	
	WCDMA Band IV	0.18	1.14	1.13	
DCE.	WCDMA Band II	0.32	1.19	0.69	1.41
FUE	PCE LTE Band 17		0.11	0.15	1.41
	LTE Band 5	0.17	0.25	0.27	
	LTE Band 4	0.24	1.38	0.97	
	LTE Band 2	0.29	1.19	1.04	
	LTE Band 7	0.18	0.15	0.30	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.19	0.17	0.38	1.41
	WLAN 5.2GHz Band	0.06	0.17	0.48	
NII	WLAN 5.3GHz Band	0.08	0.27		1.40
INII	WLAN 5.5GHz Band	0.09	0.25		1.40
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band	0.15	0.22	0.40	
DSS	Bluetooth	0.03	0.02	0.04	1.39
Date	e of Testing:		2014/09/02 -	~ 2014/09/05	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

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2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory					
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.				
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				

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Applicant					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC				
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States				

Manufacturer					
Company Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC				
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States				

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- · IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 644545 D01 Guidance for IEEE 802 11ac v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01



4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Model Name	4079
FCC ID	IHDT56PK2
IMEI Code	990005280005985
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	 GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR , Bluetooth v4.0-LE NFC:ASK
	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network
mode	simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage Remark:	Identical Prototype

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Remark:

- This report only assessed WCDMA B4 and LTE B17 / B5, other frequency band exposure evaluation which refer to the Sporton FCC SAR Report, FCC ID: IHDT56PK1, Report No: FA462024A and Appendix E.
- 2. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, CDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 3. This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client).
- 4. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA B2 / B4 and LTE B2 / B4 transmitter. And while operating in body-worn accessory exposure conditions, reduced power limits are enforced on the LTE B4 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)						
iviode	GSM 850	GSM 1900					
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50					
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.50	28.00					
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.75	26.25					
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.50	25.00					
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.50	27.50					
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.50	24.50					
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	23.75	22.75					
EDGE (8PSK 4 Ty clote)	22.50	21.50					

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	Band / Mo	Average power(dBm)	
		AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps	24.0
WCDMA	Band V / IV / II	HSDPA Subtest-1	23.0
WCDIVIA	Ballu V / IV / II	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	23.0
		HSUPA Subtest-5	23.0
		Band 17	24.0
		Band 5	24.0
Ľ	ΤE	Band 4	24.0
		Band 2	24.0
		Band 7	24.0
2.4011	z WLAN	802.11b	19.0
2.4Gn.	ZWLAN	802.11g/n/ac	18.0
2.404-	Bluetooth	v3.0+EDR	10.5
2.4GHZ	Biuetootii	v4.0-LE	3.0

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David / Mada	Freq.	Ohanad	Average Power (dBm)								
Band / Mode	(MHz)	Channel	11a	HT20	HT40	VHT20	VTH40	VTH80			
	5180	Ch 36	15	15		15					
	5190	Ch 38			10.5		10.5				
	5200	Ch 40	15	15		15					
5.2GHz WLAN	5210	Ch 42						9.5			
	5220	Ch 44	15	15		15					
	5230	Ch 46			15		15				
	5240	Ch 48	15	15		15					
	5260	Ch 52	15	15		15					
	5270	Ch 54			15		15				
	5280	Ch 56	15	15		15					
5.3GHz WLAN	5290	Ch 58						10.5			
	5300	Ch 60	15	15		15					
	5310	Ch 62			10.5		11				
	5320	Ch 64	15	15		15					
	5500	Ch 100	15	15		15					
	5510	Ch 102			9.5		10.5				
	5520	Ch 104	15	15		15					
	5530	Ch 106						9.5			
	5540	Ch 108	15	15		15					
	5550	Ch 110			15		15				
	5560	Ch 112	15	15		15					
5.5GHz WLAN	5580	Ch 116	15	15		15					
	5660	Ch 132	15	15		15					
	5670	Ch 134			15		15				
	5680	Ch 136	15	15		15					
	5690	Ch 138						15			
	5700	Ch 140	15	15		15					
	5710	Ch 142			15		15				
	5720	Ch 144	15	15		15					
	5745	Ch 149	15	14		14					
	5755	Ch 151			10.5		10				
	5765	Ch 153	15	15		15					
5.8GHz WLAN	5775	Ch 155						15			
3.0GHZ WLAN	5785	Ch 157	15	15		15					
	5795	Ch 159			15		15				
	5805	Ch 161	15	15		15					
	5825	Ch 165	15	15		15					

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4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

					Summarize	d neces	sary items	s addre	essed in	KDB 9	9412	25 D0	5 v02r03					
FC	C ID				IH	DT56PK2	2											
Eq	uipment Nam	me Mobile Cellular Phone																
	Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band				LT LT LT	LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz												
Ch	annel Bandw	vidth			[] [] []	LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 5: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz												
upl	ink modulatio	ons use	d			PSK, and												
LTI	E Voice / Dat	a requir	emer	nts	Da	ata only												
						Table Modulation	e 6.2.3-1: Ma		ower Redu					MPR (dB)				
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design					QPSK 16 QAM 16 QAM	1.4 MHz > 5 ≤ 5 > 5	3.0 MHz > 4 ≤ 4 > 4	5 MHz > 8 ≤ 8 > 8	10 MHz > 12 ≤ 12 > 12		15 MHz > 16 ≤ 16 > 16	20 MHz > 18 ≤ 18 > 18	≤1 ≤1 ≤2					
LTI	E A-MPR							imulato	r configu	ıration,	, Ne	twork	Setting v					able A-MPR
	ectrum plots			•	sp	ectrum pl	ots for each	ch RB a	llocation	and of	ffset	config	uration a	re not inc	luded ir	n the S	AR rep	
	wer reduct npliance	ion ap	oplied		co	mpliance.			•						duction	applie	d to	satisfy SAR
				ıra	nsmission ((H, M, L)				equen	cies	in ead	IN LIE D	and				
				Pondwid	+h E MU=			.TE Bar	iu 17				Pondy	uidth 10 N	/ □ -			
Bandwidth 5 MHz Channel #			III 5 IVIMZ	Frog (M	Bandwidth 1			vidin 10 r										
L		2375				Freq.(MHz)			Channel #				Freq. (MHz)					
М		2379				706.5 23780				710								
Н		2382				710 23790 713.5 23800				710								
•		2502	2.0			LTE Band 5					***							
	Bar	ndwidth	1.4 MHz Bandwidth 3 MHz Bandwidt				h 5 MI			Bar	ndwidth	10 M	Hz					
	Ch. #			eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (M	Hz)	CI	h. #			eq. (MHz)		Ch. #			eq. (MHz)
L	20407			824.7	2041	20415		;	20425				826.5		20450			829
М	20525			836.5	20525	5	836.5	5	20525		836.5			20525		836.5		
Н	20643			848.3	2063	5	847.5	5	20	625		846.5		846.5			844	
								LTE Ba	nd 4									
	Bandwidth	1.4 MI	Ηz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz	Band	dwidth 5 M	1Hz	Band	width 1	th 10 MHz Band		MHz Bandwidth 15		h 15 MHz Bar		ndwidtl	n 20 MHz
	Ch. #	Fred		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req.	Ch. #	!	Fre		Ch. #		eq.	Ch	. #	Freq.
L	19957	(MH 1710		19965	1711.5	1997		IHz) 12.5	20000)	(MF		20025		Hz) 17.5	200	50	(MHz) 1720
М	20175	1732		20175	1732.5	2017		32.5	20175 173			20175		32.5	201		1732.5	
Н	20393	1754		20385	1753.5	20375 1752.5		20350		17		20325		47.5	203		1745	
								LTE Ba	nd 2									
	Bandwidth	n 1.4 MI	Ηz	Bandwid	th 3 MHz						vidth 15 N	dth 15 MHz B		Bandwidth 20 MHz				
	Ch. #	Fred (MH		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #		req. IHz)	Ch. #		Fre		Ch. #		eq. Hz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850		18615	1851.5	1862		52.5	18650)	18		18675		57.5	187	00	1860
М	18900	188		18900	1880	1890		380	18900		188				380	189		1880
Н	19193	1909	9.3	19185	1908.5	1917	5 19	07.5	19150)	190	05	19125	19	02.5	191	00	1900
								LTE Ba	nd 7									
	Ва	ındwidth	1 5 MI	Hz	Ва	andwidth '	10 MHz			Band	width	า 15 M	Hz		Bar	ndwidth	1 20 M	Hz
	Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (M	Hz)	CI	h. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)		Ch. #		Fre	eq. (MHz)
L	20775			2502.5	20800)	2505		20	825			2507.5		20850			2510
М	21100			2535	21100)	2535		21	100			2535		21100			2535
Η	21425			2567.5	21400)	2565		21	375	2562.5				21350 2560			2560

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.



6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

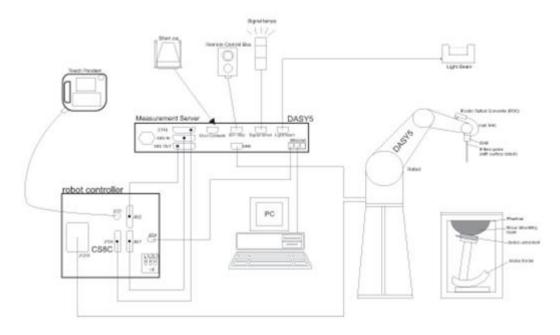
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one



8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·∆z	Zoom(n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V 7		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Facilities	Turno/Mandal	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Seriai Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1012	May. 16, 2014	May. 15, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 24, 2014	Mar. 23, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 27, 2013	Nov. 26, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	May. 15, 2014	May. 14, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Sep. 10, 2013	Sep. 09, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 12, 2013	Nov. 11, 2014
H.M.IRIS	Thermometer	TH-08	TM658	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM225	Dec. 02, 2013	Dec. 01, 2014
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201074414	Feb. 11, 2014	Feb. 10, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 10, 2014	Jan. 09, 2015
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Signal Generator	E4438C	MY49070755	Oct. 08, 2013	Oct. 07, 2014
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAKS-3.5	0004	Mar. 04, 2014	Mar. 03, 2015
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 07, 2014	Feb. 06, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 04, 2013	Dec. 03, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2013	Dec. 02, 2014
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101067	Nov. 20, 2013	Nov. 19, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Not	te 1
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	Not	te 1
PE	Attenuator	PE7005-10	N/A	Not	te 1
PE	Attenuator	PE7005- 3	N/A	Not	te 1
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Not	te 1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Not	te 1
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Not	te 1

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General Note:

^{1.} Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.



10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

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	about parameters required for require of the evaluation.									
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity		
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(εr)		
For Head										
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9		
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0		
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2		
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0		
				For Body						
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5		
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0		
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7		
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5		

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)				
Water	64~78%				
Mineral oil	11~18%				
Emulsifiers	9~15%				
Additives and Salt	2~3%				

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.4	0.898	41.005	0.89	41.90	0.90	-2.14	±5	2014/9/2
750	Body	22.5	0.967	53.627	0.96	55.50	0.73	-3.37	±5	2014/9/3
750	Body	22.3	0.962	56.663	0.96	55.50	0.21	2.10	±5	2014/9/5
835	Head	22.3	0.885	42.615	0.90	41.50	-1.67	2.69	±5	2014/9/2
835	Body	22.5	0.963	54.541	0.97	55.20	-0.72	-1.19	±5	2014/9/3
835	Body	22.6	0.946	56.664	0.97	55.20	-2.47	2.65	±5	2014/9/5
1750	Head	22.2	1.393	40.072	1.37	40.10	1.68	-0.07	±5	2014/9/2
1750	Body	22.2	1.516	52.234	1.49	53.40	1.74	-2.18	±5	2014/9/2
1750	Body	22.5	1.468	52.694	1.49	53.40	-1.48	-1.32	±5	2014/9/4

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10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/9/2	750	Head	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.11	8.12	8.44	3.94
2014/9/3	750	Body	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.33	8.65	9.32	7.75
2014/9/5	750	Body	250	D750V3-1012	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.18	8.65	8.72	0.81
2014/9/2	835	Head	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	2.29	9.13	9.16	0.33
2014/9/3	835	Body	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.29	9.46	9.16	-3.17
2014/9/5	835	Body	250	D835V2-499	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	2.45	9.46	9.80	3.59
2014/9/2	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	8.99	37.30	35.96	-3.59
2014/9/2	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3931	DAE3 Sn577	9.59	37.50	38.36	2.29
2014/9/4	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1068	EX3DV4 - SN3955	DAE4 Sn1399	8.70	37.50	34.80	-7.20

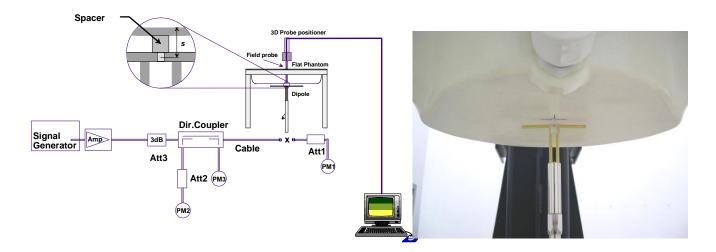


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

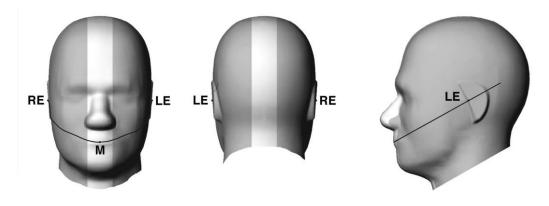


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

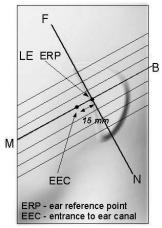
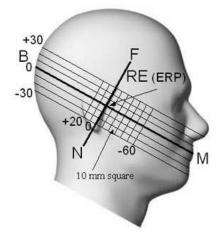


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output: however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

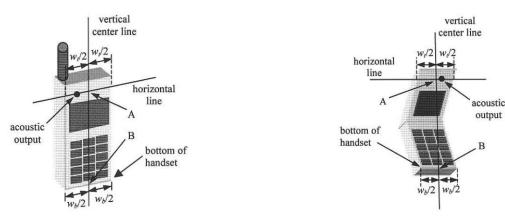


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"

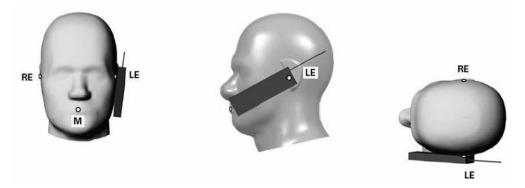


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

- 1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- 2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- 3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

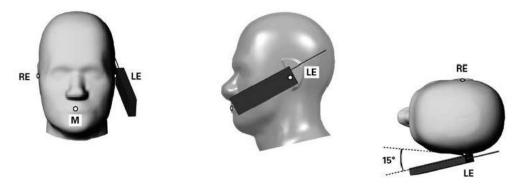


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

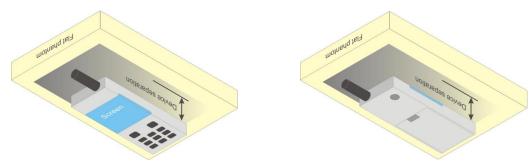


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W \ge 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements. b.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm iv.
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) V.
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βο	βa	βd (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1,	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
					Note 2)		
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, \triangle ACK and \triangle NACK = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and \triangle CQI = 24/15 with $\beta_{bs} = 24/15 * \beta_{c}$.
- CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-Note 3: DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.
- For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_0 = 11/15 and β_d

Setup Configuration

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- v. Set UE Target Power
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βс	βa	β _d (SF)	βc/βd	βнs (Note1)	βес	β _{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β _{ed} 1: 47/15 β _{ed} 2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

- Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
- Note 2: CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{1s}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_d/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
- Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

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DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters iv.
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$ b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8 vi.
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 ix.
 - Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value				
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60				
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1				
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6				
		ses	0				
Informati	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120				
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1				
Binary Cl	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960				
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200				
Number (of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200				
Coding R	Rate		0.15				
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1				
Modulatio	on		QPSK				
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA				
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with identi	ical				
	parameters as listed in the table.						
Note 2:	Maximum number of transmission	is limited to	o 1, i.e.,				
	retransmission is not allowed. The	retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and					
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.					

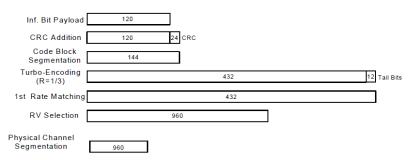


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

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<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

 SAR testing in AMR configuration is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for AMR 12.2Kbps is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured in RMC 12.2Kbps

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2. Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded..

	Ban	d	WCDMA IV				
	TX Cha	nnel	1312	1413	1513		
	Rx Cha	8x Channel 1537 1638 1738			1738		
	Frequency	(MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6		
MPR	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.91	23.96	23.92		
(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.94	23.99	23.96		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.86	23.00	22.90		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.85	22.99	22.91		
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.40	22.48	22.46		
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.37	22.50	22.45		
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.75	22.86	22.77		
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22.69	22.85	22.79		
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	22.33	22.45	22.39		
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	22.29	22.41	22.35		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.32	23.00	22.92		
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.31	21.50	21.44		
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.53	21.38	21.26		
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.81	21.98	21.91		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.83	22.97	22.93		

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



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<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	-		23780	23790	23800	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.90	22.95	22.91		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.85	22.83	22.81	24.0	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.89	22.94	22.88		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.84	21.82	21.81		
10	QPSK	25	12	21.86	21.81	21.87	23.0	1
10	QPSK	25	24	21.90	21.82	21.84	20.0	'
10	QPSK	50	0	21.97	21.92	21.96		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.73	21.73	21.71		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.75	21.75	21.76	23.0	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.83	21.83	21.83		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.77	20.80	20.76		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.79	20.80	20.79	22.0	2
10	16QAM	25	24	20.82	20.82	20.84	22.0	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.81	20.83	20.80		
	Cha	nnel		23755	23790	23825	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		706.5	710	713.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.81	22.77		
5	QPSK	1	12	22.81	22.82	22.82	24.0	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.85	22.85	22.92		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.84	21.80	21.88		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.87	21.84	21.85	23.0	1
5	QPSK	12	11	21.83	21.88	21.83	23.0	'
5	QPSK	25	0	21.86	21.89	21.86		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.78	21.72	21.75		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.78	21.74	21.74	23.0	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.76	21.78	21.81		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.81	20.78	20.78		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.80	20.78	20.80	22.0	2
5	16QAM	12	11	20.81	20.80	20.83	22.0	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.81	20.79	20.80		



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<LTE Band 5>

BW		RB	RB	Power	Power	Power		
[MHz]	Modulation	Size	Offset	Low	Middle	High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		Ch. / Freq. 20450	Ch. / Freq. 20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen			829	836.5	844	-	
10	QPSK	1	0	22.90	23.18	23.12		
10	QPSK	1	24	22.86	22.89	22.98	24.0	0
10	QPSK	1	49	22.82	22.95	23.11	24.0	U
10	QPSK	25	0	21.89	21.95	22.07	+	
10	QPSK	25	12	21.94	21.93	21.99	-	
10	QPSK	25	24	21.87	21.96	21.99	23.0	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.01	21.96	22.13	-	
10	16QAM	1	0	21.79	21.84	21.95		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.83	21.82	21.94	23.0	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.80	21.91	22.03	- 25.0	•
10	16QAM	25	0	20.94	20.96	21.03		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.93	20.93	21.03	+	
10	16QAM	25	24	20.91	20.92	21.17	22.0	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.94	20.96	21.05	1	
	Cha			20425	20525	20625	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen			826.5	836.5	846.5	(dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	22.81	22.83	22.95	(3.2.11)	()
5	QPSK	1	12	22.81	22.84	23.09	24.0	0
5	QPSK	1	24	22.84	23.01	23.07	- 24.0	O
5	QPSK	12	0	21.90	21.90	22.07		
5	QPSK	12	6	21.88	21.93	22.10	1	
5	QPSK	12	11	21.92	21.92	22.13	23.0	1
5	QPSK	25	0	21.87	21.91	22.10	1	
5	16QAM	1	0	21.81	21.86	21.95		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.81	21.83	21.99	23.0	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.81	21.92	22.04		·
5	16QAM	12	0	20.92	20.95	21.07		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.92	20.94	21.15	1	
5	16QAM	12	11	20.94	20.94	21.17	22.0	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.91	20.94	21.12	1	
	Cha			20415	20525	20635	Tune up Limit	MPR
	Frequen			825.5	836.5	847.5	(dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.87	23.12		
3	QPSK	1	7	22.81	22.85	23.11	24.0	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.84	22.98	23.10		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.91	21.92	22.18		
3	QPSK	8	4	21.90	21.95	22.12	T	
3	QPSK	8	7	21.87	21.94	22.12	23.0	1
3	QPSK	15	0	21.90	21.94	22.17		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.84	21.89	22.07		
3	16QAM	1	7	21.80	21.84	22.07	23.0	1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.85	22.00	22.06		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.90	20.98	21.18		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.90	20.95	21.21	1	
							22.0	2
3	16QAM	8	7	20.96	20.94	21.20		

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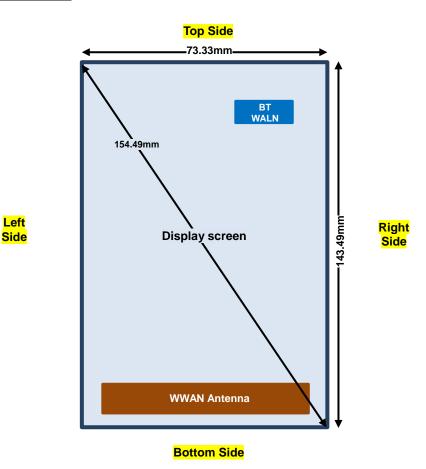
	Cha	nnel		20407	20525	20643	Tune up Limit	Target MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	(dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.91	23.15		
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.91	22.88	23.16		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.88	22.90	23.17	24.0	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.93	22.96	23.15	24.0	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.90	22.88	23.17		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.83	22.90	23.15		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.98	21.97	22.17	23.0	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.85	21.91	22.11		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.86	21.89	22.11		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.85	21.84	22.14	22.0	1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.90	21.93	22.12	23.0	'
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.87	21.91	22.11		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.88	21.88	22.12		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.79	20.88	21.06	22.0	2

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13. Antenna Location



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Front View

	Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge												
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side							
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm							
BT&WLAN ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm > 25mm > 25mm > 25mm													
	Po	ositions for SAR t	ests; Hotspot mod	de									
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side							
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes No		Yes	Yes							
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No							

General Note:

 Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- Pre KDB648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset, if reported SAR < 1.2 W/kg connected to the headset is not required.
- 4. This report only assessed WCDMA B4 and LTE B17 / B5, other frequency band exposure evaluation which refer to the Sporton FCC SAR Report, FCC ID IHDT56PK1, Report No: FA462024A and Appendix E.
- 5. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the WCDMA B2 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to "operational description".

WCDMA Note:

Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

LTE Note:

- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.



14.1 Head SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	-0.05	0.141	0.141
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	0.11	0.061	0.061
01	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	0.07	0.177	0.177
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	0	0.078	0.078

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Cheek	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.08	0.062	0.079
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Cheek	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.05	0.054	0.070
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Tilted	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.07	0.038	0.048
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Tilted	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.02	0.028	0.036
02	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Cheek	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.06	0.066	0.084
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Cheek	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.06	0.056	0.072
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Tilted	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.1	0.040	0.051
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Tilted	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.18	0.035	0.045
03	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.01	0.141	<mark>0.170</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.05	0.128	0.156
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.16	0.075	0.091
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.12	0.066	0.081
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.1	0.133	0.161
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.13	0.118	0.144
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.12	0.081	0.098
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.08	0.072	0.088



14.2 Wireless Router SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	ON	1413	1732.6		21.50	1.000	-0.04	0.867	0.867
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	ON	1312	1712.4		21.50	1.000	-0.06	0.747	0.747
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	ON	1513	1752.6		21.50	1.000	-0.08	1.130	1.130
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	ON	1413	1732.6		21.50	1.000	-0.07	0.497	0.497
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1cm	ON	1413	1732.6		21.50	1.000	0.17	0.029	0.029
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1cm	ON	1413	1732.6		21.50	1.000	0.17	0.023	0.023
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	ON	1413	1732.6		21.50	1.000	-0.09	1.060	1.060
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	ON	1312	1712.4		21.50	1.000	-0.03	0.700	0.700
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	ON	1513	1752.6		21.50	1.000	-0.08	0.910	0.910

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
05	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	1cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.01	0.120	<mark>0.153</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Front	1cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.06	0.101	0.130
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	1cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.03	0.072	0.092
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Back	1cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.05	0.061	0.079
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Side	1cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.02	0.060	0.076
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Side	1cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.02	0.042	0.054
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Side	1cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.07	0.076	0.097
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Side	1cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.04	0.064	0.082
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	1cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	-0.11	0.019	0.024
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Bottom Side	1cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.14	0.017	0.022
06	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	1cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.01	0.221	<mark>0.267</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Front	1cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.01	0.180	0.220
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	1cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	0.01	0.139	0.168
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Back	1cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	0	0.110	0.134
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Left Side	1cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	-0.07	0.047	0.057
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Left Side	1cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	-0.07	0.030	0.037
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Right Side	1cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	-0.04	0.067	0.081
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Right Side	1cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.06	0.046	0.056
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	1cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	-0.01	0.028	0.034
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24Offset	Bottom Side	1cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	-0.13	0.025	0.031

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14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	-0.07	1.100	1.103
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm	1312	1712.4	23.94	24.00	1.014	-0.06	0.970	0.983
07	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm	1513	1752.6	23.96	24.00	1.009	-0.15	1.130	1.140
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm	1413	1732.6	23.99	24.00	1.002	-0.06	0.538	0.539

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<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
08	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	1.5cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.04	0.088	<mark>0.112</mark>
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Front	1.5cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	0.05	0.081	0.104
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	1.5cm	23790	710	22.95	24.00	1.274	0.01	0.058	0.074
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Back	1.5cm	23780	709	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.01	0.050	0.064
09	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Front	1.5cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	-0.01	0.205	<mark>0.248</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Front	1.5cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.01	0.164	0.200
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	0offset	Back	1.5cm	20525	836.5	23.18	24.00	1.208	-0.07	0.130	0.157
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	24offset	Back	1.5cm	20600	844	22.13	23.00	1.222	0.02	0.102	0.125

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm	1513	1752.6	23.96	24.00	1.009	-0.15	1.130	-	1.140
2nd	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm	1513	1752.6	23.96	24.00	1.009	-0.09	1.090	1.04	1.100

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

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15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

		M	lobile Phone		
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Wireless Router	Note
1.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	WCDMA((Voice) + WLAN5GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
5.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
7.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
8.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN5GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	WiFi Direct
9.	LTE(Data) + WLAN5GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	WiFi Direct

General Note:

- 1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, CDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- 2. This device 2.4GHz / 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation and WiFi Direct (Group Client / Group Owner), and 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz WLAN supports WiFi Direct (Group Client).
- 3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- 4. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 5. The worst case 5GHz WLAN reported SAR for each configuration was used for SAR summation, Therefore, the following summations represent the absolute worst cases for simultaneous transmission with the 5GHz WLAN.
- 6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if.
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWA	WWAN Band		1 WWAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	2 2.4GHz WLAN 1g SAR (W/kg)	3 2.4GHz Bluetooth 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.141	0.087	0.014	0.23	0.16
WCDMA	Band IV	Right Tilted	0.061	0.100	0.016	0.16	0.08
WCDIVIA	Dariu IV	Left Cheek	0.177	0.186	0.032	0.36	0.21
		Left Tilted	0.078	0.092	0.001	0.17	0.08
		Right Cheek	0.079	0.087	0.014	0.17	0.09
	5	Right Tilted	0.048	0.100	0.016	0.15	0.06
	Band 17	Left Cheek	0.084	0.186	0.032	0.27	0.12
		Left Tilted	0.051	0.092	0.001	0.14	0.05
LTE		Right Cheek	0.17	0.087	0.014	0.26	0.18
	D15	Right Tilted	0.091	0.100	0.016	0.19	0.11
	Band 5	Left Cheek	0.161	0.186	0.032	0.35	0.19
		Left Tilted	0.098	0.092	0.001	0.19	0.10

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WWAN Band			1	2	!	1+2	
		Exposure Position	WWAN		5.2GHz WLAN / 5.3GHz / 5.5GHz / 5.8GHz WLAN		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
		Right Cheek	0.141	5.8GHz WLAN	0.055	0.20	
WCDMA	Band IV	Right Tilted	0.061	5.5GHz WLAN	0.055	0.12	
VVCDIVIA	Band IV	Left Cheek	0.177	5.8GHz WLAN	0.146	0.32	
		Left Tilted	0.078	5.8GHz WLAN	0.115	0.19	
	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.079	5.8GHz WLAN	0.055	0.13	
		Right Tilted	0.048	5.5GHz WLAN	0.055	0.10	
		Left Cheek	0.084	5.8GHz WLAN	0.146	0.23	
		Left Tilted	0.051	5.8GHz WLAN	0.115	0.17	
LTE		Right Cheek	0.170	5.8GHz WLAN	0.055	0.23	
	Dd-5	Right Tilted	0.091	5.5GHz WLAN	0.055	0.15	
	Band 5	Left Cheek	0.161	5.8GHz WLAN	0.146	0.31	
		Left Tilted	0.098	5.8GHz WLAN	0.115	0.21	



15.2 Wireless Router Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	1+2	1+3
1AWW	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	Summed	Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	1.130	0.051	0.009	1.18	1.14
		Back	0.497	0.378	0.038	0.88	0.54
14/00144	Band IV	Left side	0.029			0.03	0.03
WCDMA	Band IV	Right side	0.023	0.120	0.021	0.14	0.04
		Top side		0.059	0.014	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	1.060			1.06	1.06
		Front	0.153	0.051	0.009	0.20	0.16
	Band 17	Back	0.092	0.378	0.038	0.47	0.13
		Left side	0.076			0.08	0.08
		Right side	0.097	0.120	0.021	0.22	0.12
		Top side		0.059	0.014	0.06	0.01
LTE		Bottom side	0.024			0.02	0.02
LIE		Front	0.267	0.051	0.009	0.32	0.28
		Back	0.168	0.378	0.038	0.55	0.21
	D15	Left side	0.057			0.06	0.06
	Band 5	Right side	0.081	0.120	0.021	0.20	0.10
		Top side		0.059	0.014	0.06	0.01
		Bottom side	0.034			0.03	0.03

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			1	:	2	1+2
WWA	WWAN Band		WWAN	5.2GHz WLAN	/ 5.8GHz WLAN	Summed
		Exposure Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	1.130	5.8GHz WLAN	0.019	1.15
		Back	0.497	5.2GHz WLAN	0.481	0.98
WCDMA	Band IV	Left side	0.029			0.03
WCDMA	Band IV	Right side	0.023	5.8GHz WLAN	0.059	0.08
		Top side		5.2GHz WLAN	0.044	0.04
		Bottom side	1.060			1.06
	Band 17	Front	0.153	5.8GHz WLAN	0.019	0.17
		Back	0.092	5.2GHz WLAN	0.481	0.57
		Left side	0.076			0.08
		Right side	0.097	5.8GHz WLAN	0.059	0.16
		Top side		5.2GHz WLAN	0.044	0.04
LTE		Bottom side	0.024			0.02
LTE		Front	0.267	5.8GHz WLAN	0.019	0.29
		Back	0.168	5.2GHz WLAN	0.481	0.65
	Don't C	Left side	0.057			0.06
	Band 5	Right side	0.081	5.8GHz WLAN	0.059	0.14
		Top side		5.2GHz WLAN	0.044	0.04
		Bottom side	0.034			0.03

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15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3	4.0	4.0
1AWW	WWAN Band		WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR 1g SAR (W/kg) (W/kg)		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA	Band IV	Front	1.140	0.033	0.006	1.17	1.15
WCDIVIA	Band IV	Back	0.539	0.167	0.021	0.71	0.56
	D147	Front	0.112	0.033	0.006	0.15	0.12
1.75	Band 17	Back	0.074	0.167	0.021	0.24	0.10
LTE	D 4.5	Front	0.248	0.033	0.006	0.28	0.25
	Band 5	Back	0.157	0.167	0.021	0.32	0.18

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WWAN Band			1	2	2		
		Exposure Position	WWAN		Hz / 5.5GHz / 5.8GHz .AN	1+2 Summed	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	Band	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
WCDMA	Band IV	Front	1.140	5.3GHz WLAN	0.015	1.16	
WCDIVIA	band iv	Back	0.539	5.3GHz WLAN	0.268	0.81	
	D147	Front	0.112	5.3GHz WLAN	0.015	0.13	
LTE	Band 17	Back	0.074	5.3GHz WLAN	0.268	0.34	
LIE	Band 5	Front	0.248	5.3GHz WLAN	0.015	0.26	
		Back	0.157	5.3GHz WLAN	0.268	0.43	

Test Engineer: Bevis Chang, Tom Jiang, and Vic Yang

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup						•	
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty							± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K:	=2
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.55 %	± 6.55 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Probe Positioning	9.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 5.7 %	± 5.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty							± 12.6 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K:	=2
Expanded Uncertainty							± 25.2 %

Table 16.3. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

17. References

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