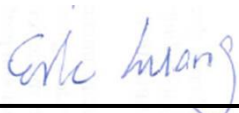


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Motorola Mobility LLC
EQUIPMENT : Mobile Cellular Phone
BRAND NAME : Motorola Mobility, LLC
MODEL NAME : 4005
FCC ID : IHDT56PG3
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA431235A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 08, 2014
FA431235A	Rev. 02	Correction FCC KDB 648474 typo on page22.	Apr. 16, 2014

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **Motorola Mobility LLC, Mobile Cellular Phone, 4005**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Operating Mode	Highest SAR Summary			
			Head 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	Voice/Data	0.50	0.81	0.94	1.59
	GSM1900	Voice/Data	0.36	0.64	1.43	
	WCDMA Band V	Voice/Data	0.56	0.94	1.16	
	WCDMA Band IV	Voice/Data	1.22	1.04	0.74	
	WCDMA Band II	Voice/Data	0.88	1.37	0.80	
	LTE Band 17	Data	0.53	0.48	0.69	
	LTE Band 4	Data	1.30	0.89	0.84	
	LTE Band 7	Data	1.43	0.58	0.65	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	Data	0.21	0.04	0.12	1.59
DSS	Bluetooth	Data	0.03	< 0.01	0.01	1.45
Date of Testing:			03/17/2014 ~ 03/30/2014			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

Applicant	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Motorola Mobility LLC
Address	222 W Merchandise Mart Plaza, Suite 1800, Chicago, IL 60654, United States

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 SAR test for 3G devices v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 HSPA and 1x Advanced v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 SAR Test Reduction GSM GPRS EDGE v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v01r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone
Brand Name	Motorola Mobility, LLC
Model Name	4005
FCC ID	IHDT56PG3
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps • HSDPA • HSUPA • DC-HSDPA • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11b/g/n HT20 • Bluetooth v3.0+EDR , Bluetooth v4.0-LE
HW Version	P2D
SW Version	4.4.2 KXB20.82 66
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 2. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN and supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12. 3. While operating in body-adjacent exposure configurations during a mobile hotspot session, reduced power limits are enforced on the GSM1900, WCDMA Band 2 / Band 4, and LTE Band 4 / Band 7 transmitter. More detailed information which can be referred to “operational description”.	

4.2 Device Serial Number

Sample	Serial Number	IMEI Code
WWAN SAR measurements	LDGL260027	359291050000730
BT/WLAN SAR measurements	LDGL260022	359291050000710
WWAN Conducted measurements	LDGL260027	359291050000730
BT/WLAN Conducted measurements	LDGL260022	359291050000710

Remark: Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device tested gave the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

4.3 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31.00	28.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.00	26.00
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.00	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.00	27.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.00	25.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.00	23.00
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.00	22.00

Mode	Average power(dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV
RMC / AMR 12.2Kbps	24.00	24.00	24.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.50	22.50	22.50
DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.50	22.50	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.50	22.50	22.50

Mode	Average power(dBm)
2.4GHz 80.11b	18.0
2.4GHz 80.11g	16.0
2.4GHz 80.11n	15.0
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	10.5
Bluetooth v4.0-LE	2.0

LTE Band 17				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR (dB)	Average Power (dBm)
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.00
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.00
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.00
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.00
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.00
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.00
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.00
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.00

LTE Band 4				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR (dB)	Average Power (dBm)
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.00
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.00
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.00
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.00
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.00
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.00
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.00
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.00
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.00
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.00
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.00
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.00
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.00
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.00
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.00
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.00
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	24.00
QPSK	3	> 4	1	23.00
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	23.00
16QAM	3	> 4	2	22.00
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	24.00
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	23.00
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	23.00
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	22.00

LTE Band 7				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR (dB)	Average Power (dBm)
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.50
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.50
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.50
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.50
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.50
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.50
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.50
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.50
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.50
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.50
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.50
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.50
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.50
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.50
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.50
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.50

4.4 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03												
FCC ID	IHDT56PG3											
Equipment Name	Mobile Cellular Phone											
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz											
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz											
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM											
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only											
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Yes, per 3GPP TS 36.101											
	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3											
	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)				
		1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz					
		QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16		> 18	≤ 1		
		16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16		≤ 18	≤ 1		
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2					
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)											
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.											
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, When operating in hotspot mode that LTE band 4 / 7 power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance.											
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz						
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)			Channel #			Freq. (MHz)			
L	23755		706.5			23780			709			
M	23790		710			23790			710			
H	23825		713.5			23800			711			
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 7												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20775	2502.5	20800	2505				
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535		
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21425	2567.5	21400	2565				

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

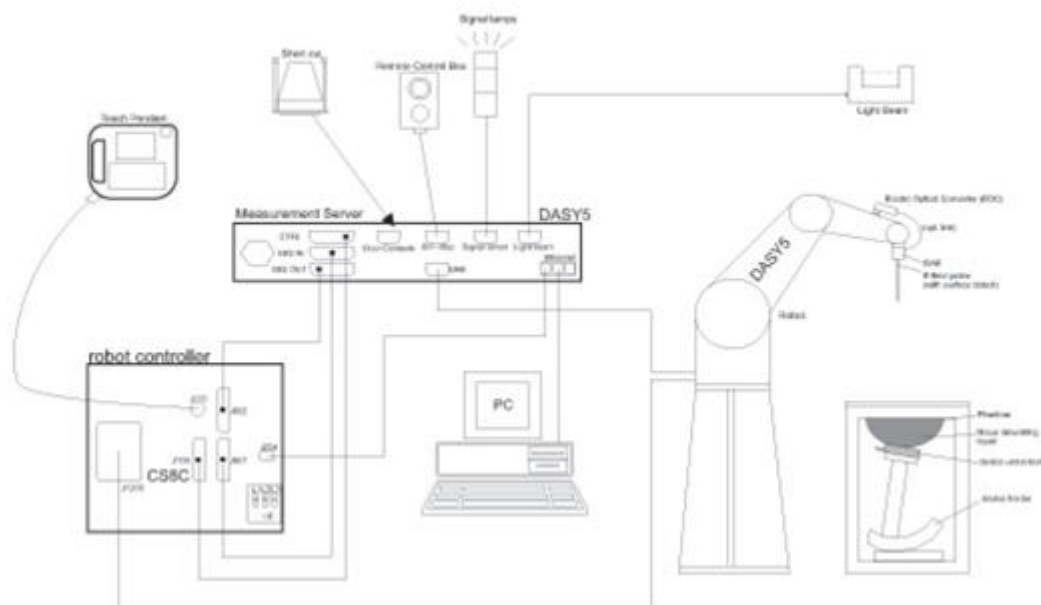
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r01.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1099	Nov. 11, 2013	Nov. 10, 2014
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d162	Nov. 11, 2013	Nov. 10, 2014
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 27, 2013	Nov. 26, 2014
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d142	Jun. 10, 2013	Jun. 09, 2014
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Nov. 13, 2013	Nov. 12, 2014
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Nov. 13, 2013	Nov. 12, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1338	Nov. 05, 2013	Nov. 04, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	495	May. 08, 2013	May. 07, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1399	Nov. 07, 2013	Nov. 06, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	Nov. 04, 2013	Nov. 03, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3925	Jun. 12, 2013	Jun. 11, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3955	Nov. 12, 2013	Nov. 11, 2014
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM685	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
Wisewind	Thermometer	HTC-1	TM281	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
H.M.IRIS	Thermometer	TH-08	TM658	Oct. 22, 2013	Oct. 21, 2014
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201074414	Feb. 11, 2014	Feb. 10, 2015
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201341950	Dec. 25, 2013	Dec. 24, 2014
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Jan. 10, 2014	Jan. 09, 2015
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMF 100A	101107	May. 27, 2013	May. 26, 2014
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 23, 2013	Jul. 22, 2014
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 07, 2014	Feb. 06, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 04, 2013	Dec. 03, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2013	Dec. 02, 2014
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1240001	Sep. 11, 2013	Sep. 10, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207349	Sep. 11, 2013	Sep. 10, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 2	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 2	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note 3	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note 3	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note 3	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 09, 2013	Jul. 08, 2014

General Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.5	0.882	40.803	0.89	41.90	-0.90	-2.62	±5	2014/3/27
750	Body	22.5	0.961	53.917	0.96	55.50	0.10	-2.85	±5	2014/3/23
835	Head	22.5	0.921	41.254	0.90	41.50	2.33	-0.59	±5	2014/3/17
835	Head	22.3	0.885	42.041	0.90	41.50	-1.67	1.30	±5	2014/3/26
835	Body	22.6	0.967	54.182	0.97	55.20	-0.31	-1.84	±5	2014/3/25
1750	Head	22.4	1.404	40.959	1.40	40.00	0.29	2.40	±5	2014/3/26
1750	Body	22.3	1.527	51.825	1.52	53.30	0.46	-2.77	±5	2014/3/22
1750	Body	22.4	1.525	52.092	1.52	53.30	0.33	-2.27	±5	2014/3/23
1900	Head	22.5	1.388	40.029	1.40	40.00	-0.86	0.07	±5	2014/3/26
1900	Body	22.2	1.534	51.986	1.52	53.30	0.92	-2.47	±5	2014/3/22
2450	Head	22.6	1.845	39.275	1.80	39.20	2.50	0.19	±5	2014/3/30
2450	Body	22.6	1.931	53.584	1.95	52.70	-0.97	1.68	±5	2014/3/29
2600	Head	22.3	2.036	37.935	1.96	39.00	3.88	-2.73	±5	2014/3/27
2600	Body	22.4	2.209	51.123	2.16	52.50	2.27	-2.62	±5	2014/3/24

Table 8.2.1 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.3.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2014/3/27	750	Head	250	D750V3-1099	3925	495	2.04	8.42	8.16	-3.09
2014/3/23	750	Body	250	D750V3-1099	3925	495	2.07	8.56	8.28	-3.27
2014/3/17	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d162	3935	1338	2.57	9.53	10.28	7.87
2014/3/26	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d162	3935	1338	2.40	9.53	9.60	0.73
2014/3/25	835	Body	250	D835V2-4d162	3935	1338	2.36	9.28	9.44	1.72
2014/3/26	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1068	3935	1338	9.74	37.30	38.96	4.45
2014/3/22	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1068	3955	1399	9.39	37.50	37.56	0.16
2014/3/23	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1068	3925	495	9.12	37.50	36.48	-2.72
2014/3/26	1900	Head	250	D1900V2-5d142	3935	1338	10.50	40.20	42.00	4.48
2014/3/22	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d142	3955	1399	9.39	40.80	37.56	-7.94
2014/3/30	2450	Head	250	D2450V2-924	3935	1338	13.50	52.40	54.00	3.05
2014/3/29	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-924	3935	1338	12.40	50.20	49.60	-1.20
2014/3/27	2600	Head	250	D2600V2-1070	3935	1338	14.30	56.60	57.20	1.06
2014/3/24	2600	Body	250	D2600V2-1070	3935	1338	14.80	55.70	59.20	6.28

Table 8.3.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

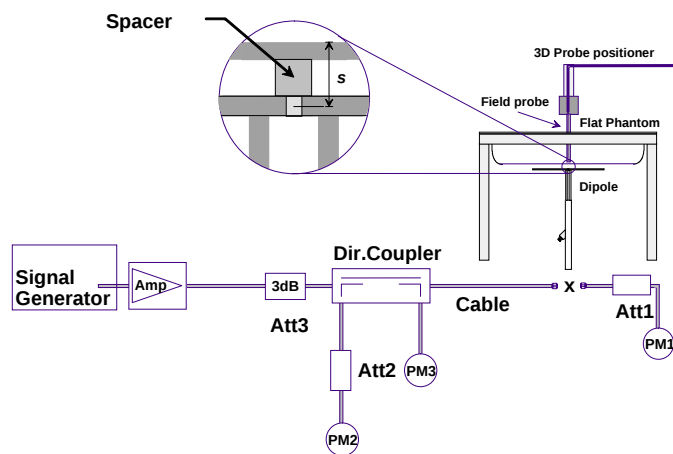


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

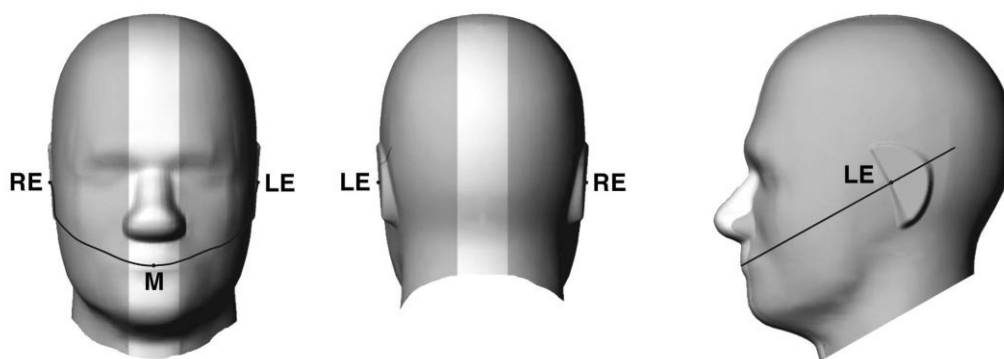


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

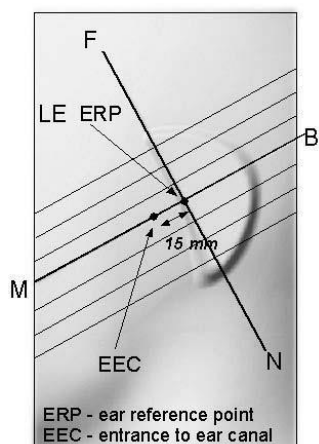


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

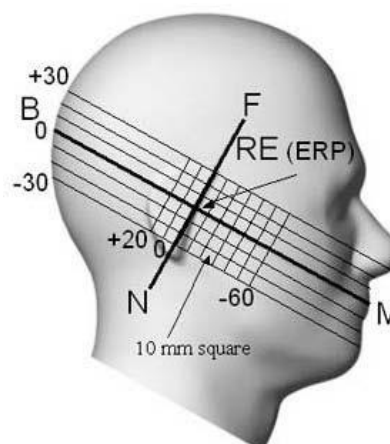


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

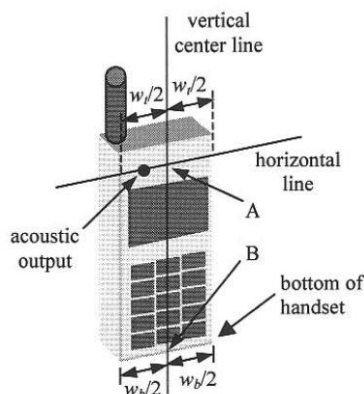


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

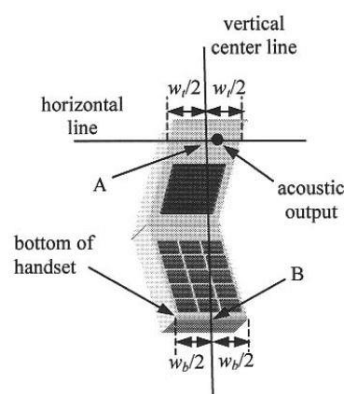


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

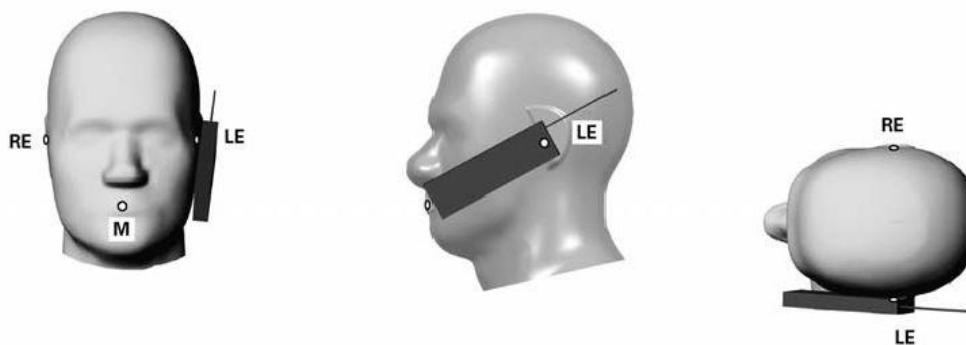


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

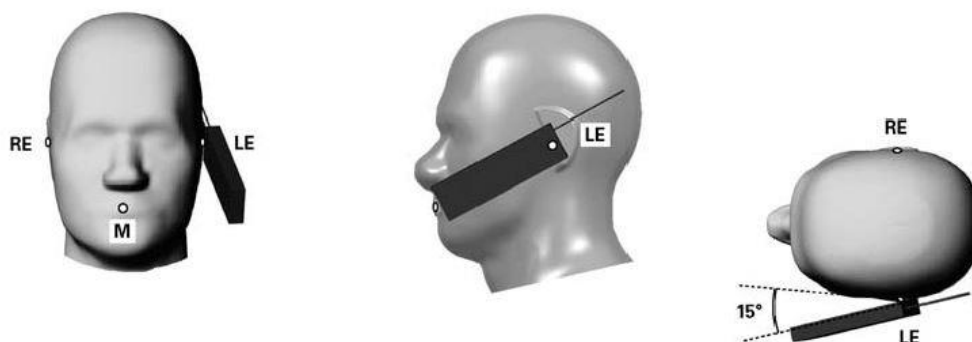


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r01, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

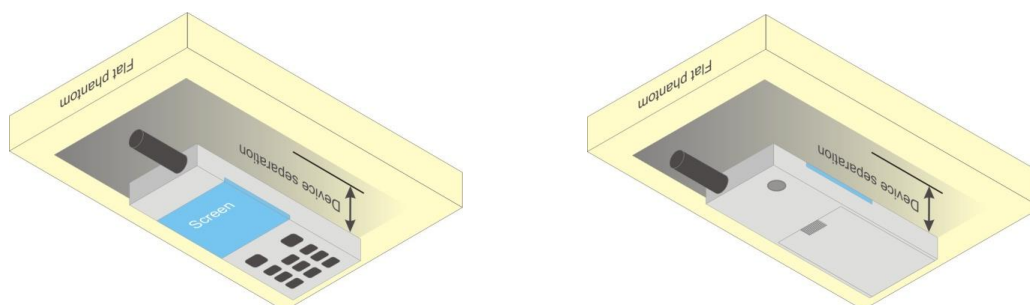


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06v01r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, For GSM / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output power configuration, Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.
3. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS / EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	128	189	251	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.65	32.61	32.97	23.65	23.61	23.97
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.67	32.62	32.98	23.67	23.62	23.98
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.56	30.47	30.70	24.56	24.47	24.70
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	28.54	28.52	28.59	24.28	24.26	24.33
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	26.68	26.62	26.70	23.68	23.62	23.70
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.07	27.11	27.13	18.07	18.11	18.13
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	25.04	25.08	25.10	19.04	19.08	19.10
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	22.96	23.02	23.08	18.70	18.76	18.82
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	22.01	22.04	22.08	19.01	19.04	19.08

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.33	30.39	30.30	21.33	21.39	21.30
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.34	30.38	30.31	21.34	21.38	21.31
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.90	27.95	27.89	21.90	21.95	21.89
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	24.56	24.70	24.47	20.30	20.44	20.21
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	23.30	23.42	23.22	20.30	20.42	20.22
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	26.41	26.48	26.37	17.41	17.48	17.37
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	24.22	24.30	24.18	18.22	18.30	18.18
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)	22.74	22.81	22.70	18.48	18.55	18.44
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	20.97	21.08	20.93	17.97	18.08	17.93

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

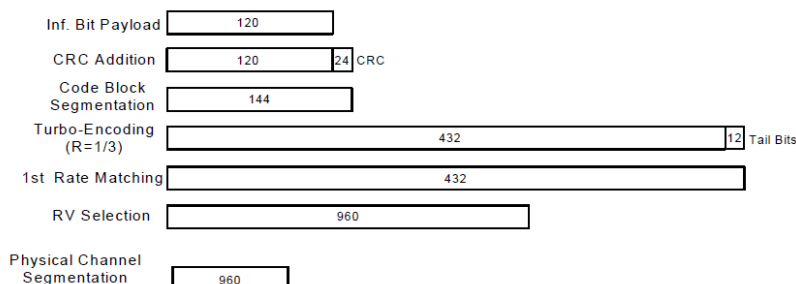
DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 - iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
 - iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
 - b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$
 - c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$
 - d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$
 - vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12
Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)
Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.

Band			WCDMA V			WCDMA II			WCDMA IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR(dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.69	22.63	22.68	22.54	22.52	22.84	22.61	22.38	22.50
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.71	22.64	22.70	22.60	22.55	22.85	22.61	22.42	22.51
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.88	21.63	21.84	21.70	21.64	21.76	21.75	21.40	21.63
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.81	21.58	21.78	21.69	21.60	21.74	21.70	21.34	21.56
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.36	21.27	21.31	21.16	21.08	21.22	21.04	20.86	20.92
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.35	21.24	21.29	21.12	21.04	21.19	21.01	20.83	20.89
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.86	21.61	21.82	21.69	21.64	21.75	21.75	21.38	21.63
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.80	21.57	21.77	21.67	21.58	21.74	21.67	21.32	21.55
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.34	21.25	21.31	21.14	21.07	21.21	21.03	20.85	20.91
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.33	21.23	21.28	21.11	21.02	21.19	21.01	20.82	20.89
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.49	20.93	21.35	21.55	21.39	21.59	21.54	21.21	21.33
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.01	20.59	20.90	20.34	20.22	20.41	20.08	19.93	20.01
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.90	20.46	20.78	20.54	20.42	20.60	19.90	19.56	19.67
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.31	21.13	21.22	20.90	20.77	20.97	21.08	20.78	20.87
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.89	21.51	21.71	21.65	21.64	21.80	21.66	21.42	21.53

**<LTE Conducted Power>****General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, and 100%RB with QPSK output power is less than 1RB and 50%RB, 100%RB allocation for QPSK is not required.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK $> 0.8\text{W/kg}$ for any exposure position, SAR testing of 100%RB allocation for QPSK is performed at the highest power channel.
7. 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is $\leq 1.45\text{ W/kg}$; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
8. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is $\leq 1.45\text{ W/kg}$; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

<LTE Band 17 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.81	22.76	24	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.55	22.78	22.60		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.74	22.71	22.65		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.81	21.71	21.66	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.73	21.60	21.57		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.58	21.66	21.64		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.80	21.77	21.72		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.70	21.77	21.70	23	1
10	16QAM	1	24	21.41	21.63	21.54		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.43	21.86	21.59		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.77	20.69	20.69	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.68	20.61	20.60		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.61	20.67	20.68		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.79	20.72	20.82		
Channel				23755	23790	23825		
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.84	22.61	22.43	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.70	22.54	22.71		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.59	22.65	22.39		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.77	21.57	21.59	23	1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.76	21.54	21.63		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.76	21.54	21.64		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.82	21.56	21.57		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.84	21.56	21.41	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.66	21.54	21.59		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.61	21.60	21.35		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.82	20.60	20.63	22	2
5	16QAM	12	6	20.77	20.59	20.68		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.74	20.57	20.74		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.76	20.54	20.58		

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.17	23.30		
20	QPSK	1	49	22.87	23.01	23.29	24	0
20	QPSK	1	99	22.92	23.04	23.18		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.10	22.25	22.44		
20	QPSK	50	24	21.99	22.16	22.40	23	1
20	QPSK	50	49	21.98	22.20	22.37		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.06	22.10	22.36		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.04	21.93	22.16	23	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.88	21.98	22.27		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.90	22.11	22.14		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.02	21.17	21.29	22	2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.05	21.11	21.48		
20	16QAM	50	49	21.05	21.23	21.43		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.11	21.09	21.44		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.02	23.26	24	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.90	23.16	23.21		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.89	23.14	23.17		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.11	22.16	22.43	23	1
15	QPSK	36	18	22.07	22.15	22.33		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.98	22.15	22.29		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.05	22.20	22.34	23	1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.99	21.99	22.26		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.85	22.10	22.34		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.83	22.07	22.19	22	2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.06	21.10	21.44		
15	16QAM	36	18	21.00	21.08	21.29		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.90	21.06	21.29		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.04	21.10	21.44		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.01	23.25	24	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.91	23.03	23.18		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.89	23.00	23.15		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.01	22.15	22.36	23	1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.02	22.10	22.30		
10	QPSK	25	24	22.05	22.20	22.25		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.08	22.17	22.40	23	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.02	21.99	22.35		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.90	22.00	22.22		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.88	21.99	22.21	22	2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.07	21.15	21.46		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.03	21.08	21.40		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.04	21.20	21.36		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.03	21.09	21.44		



Exhibit 11

Report No. : FA431235A

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.03	23.04	23.26	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.94	23.11	23.21		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.91	23.12	23.25		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.11	22.08	22.34	23	1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.02	22.09	22.26		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.06	22.18	22.26		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.04	22.10	22.27		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.01	22.04	22.30	23	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.93	22.10	22.25		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.86	22.06	22.18		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.12	21.12	21.43	22	2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.03	21.12	21.39		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.05	21.18	21.38		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.05	21.10	21.39		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.04	23.26	24	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.97	23.14	23.24		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.98	23.16	23.24		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.10	22.09	22.27	23	1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.03	22.08	22.24		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.05	22.19	22.23		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.99	22.15	22.32		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.00	22.00	22.32	23	1
3	16QAM	1	7	21.92	22.14	22.20		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.94	22.12	22.27		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.12	21.12	21.41	22	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.99	21.14	21.30		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.00	21.24	21.38		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.01	21.08	21.34		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.09	23.12	23.27	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.08	23.04	23.28		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.11	23.21	23.24		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.13	23.13	23.25		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.11	23.07	23.22		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.05	23.06	23.19		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.09	22.13	22.35	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.00	22.08	22.26	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.02	22.07	22.22		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.06	22.11	22.26		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.05	22.08	22.27		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.03	22.10	22.22		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	22.03	22.07	22.24		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.00	21.03	21.25	22	2

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.31	23.50	24.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.90	23.23	23.20		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.89	22.69	22.98		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.09	22.47	22.50	23.5	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.04	22.32	22.30		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.87	21.97	22.27		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.86	22.09	22.14	23.5	1
20	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.21	22.40		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.82	22.18	22.28		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.81	21.64	21.96	22.5	2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.09	21.38	21.56		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.87	21.31	21.04		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.81	20.99	21.22	22.5	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.77	21.22	20.98		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.19	23.42	23.49	24.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.71	23.17	23.18		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.67	22.88	23.07		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.90	22.40	22.02	23.5	1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.84	22.19	22.11		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.77	21.99	22.20		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.76	22.22	22.21	23.5	1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.10	22.32	22.42		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.83	22.12	22.31		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.67	21.94	22.15	22.5	2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.88	21.33	20.92		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.66	21.15	21.15		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.76	20.96	21.21	22.5	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.75	21.16	21.24		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.17	23.39	23.48	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.86	23.16	23.32		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.62	22.71	23.09		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.94	22.40	22.21	23.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.75	22.19	22.20		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.86	22.02	22.26		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.88	22.13	22.31	23.5	1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.08	22.26	22.50		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.72	22.11	22.15		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.57	21.72	21.96	22.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.94	21.40	21.24		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.88	21.18	21.29		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.87	21.06	21.32	22.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.89	21.10	21.36		



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Report No. : FA431235A

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.33	23.48	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.01	23.10	23.43		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.68	22.98	23.08		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.11	22.31	22.27	23.5	1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.99	22.16	22.36		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.90	22.13	22.37		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.98	22.22	22.33		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.25	22.22	23.5	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.90	22.06	22.26		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.88	21.94	22.36		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.14	21.34	21.32	22.5	2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.05	21.19	21.39		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.02	21.15	21.45		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.08	21.19	21.40		

<2.4GHz WLAN>
General Note:

- For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)			
			Data Rate			
			1Mbps	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
802.11b	CH 1	2412	17.61	17.48	17.51	17.59
	CH 6	2437	17.69	17.56	17.59	17.67
	CH 11	2462	17.51	17.35	17.47	17.46

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			Data Rate							
			6Mbps	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
802.11g	CH 1	2412	15.71	15.67	15.67	15.64	15.70	15.66	15.70	15.66
	CH 6	2437	15.95	15.90	15.75	15.91	15.92	15.93	15.94	15.88
	CH 11	2462	15.47	15.44	15.28	15.42	15.42	15.42	15.45	15.46

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)							
			MCS Index							
			MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	14.62	14.53	14.61	14.61	14.58	14.59	14.61	14.57
	CH 6	2437	14.57	14.41	14.53	14.47	14.55	14.56	14.54	14.55
	CH 11	2462	14.78	14.68	14.75	14.70	14.77	14.77	14.73	14.69

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>
General Note:

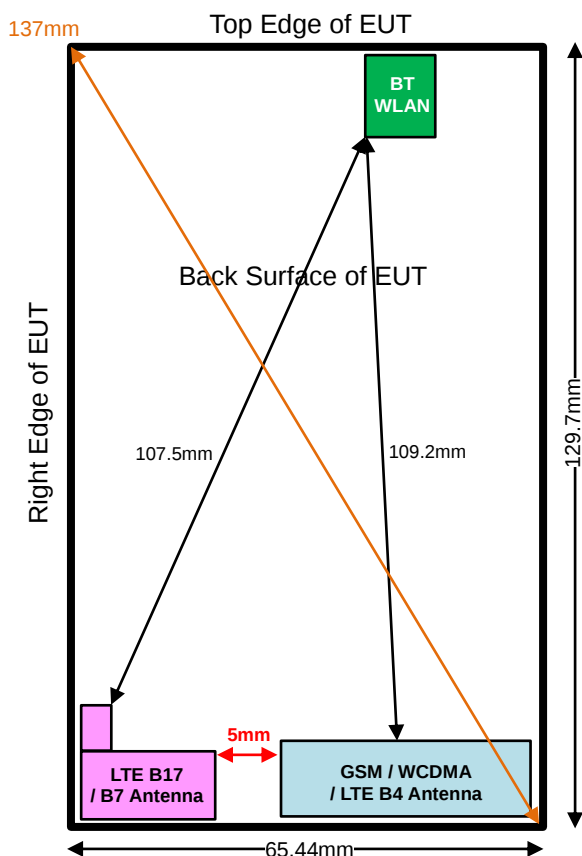
- For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
- The duty factor is selected theoretical 83.3% perform Bluetooth SAR testing.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
v3.0+EDR	CH 00	2402	9.50	7.36	7.44
	CH 39	2441	10.32	8.20	8.16
	CH 78	2480	9.29	7.24	7.26

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
v4.0-LE	CH 00	2402	-0.01
	CH 19	2440	0.73
	CH 39	2480	-0.03

13. Antenna Location

<Mobile Phone>



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM / WCDMA / LTE B4	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm
LTE B17 / B7	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm
BT / WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm
Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM / WCDMA / LTE B4	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE B17 / B7	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
BT / WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For WWAN / WLAN / Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. According to October 2013TCB Workshop, For GSM / EGPRS, the number of time slots to test for SAR should correspond to the highest source-based time-averaged maximum output power configuration, Considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for head and body-worn SAR testing, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.
4. For hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 2 Tx slots for GSM850/GSM1900 band due to its highest frame-average power.
5. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
6. WCDMA Band 2 body-worn accessory reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, according to KDB 648474 D04v01r02 SAR testing should be repeated at the same configuration for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset, and 2.4GHz WLAN / Bluetooth SAR testing with headset connected were also performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
7. Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA output power is < 0.25 dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded..
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK ≤ 0.8 W/kg, and 100%RB with QPSK output power is less than 1RB and 50%RB, 100%RB allocation for QPSK is not required.
9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK > 0.8 W/kg for any exposure position, SAR testing of 100%RB allocation for QPSK is performed at the highest power channel.
10. 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
11. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
12. When the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.06	0.469	0.503
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	30.47	31.00	1.130	-0.07	0.321	0.363
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	30.56	31.00	1.107	-0.05	0.261	0.289
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	0.01	0.324	0.347
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.04	0.378	0.405
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.09	0.282	0.302
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	-0.07	0.248	0.251
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	0.02	0.168	0.170
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	-0.02	0.315	0.319
02	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	27.90	28.00	1.023	-0.01	0.349	0.357
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	27.89	28.00	1.026	-0.03	0.291	0.298
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	-0.04	0.124	0.125

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.11	0.143	0.192
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.04	0.099	0.133
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.03	0.353	0.475
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4182	836.4	22.64	24.00	1.368	-0.09	0.346	0.473
03	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	22.70	24.00	1.349	-0.01	0.412	0.556
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.04	0.239	0.322
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	0.04	0.660	0.909
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.1	0.621	0.893
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.51	24.00	1.409	0	0.574	0.809
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.12	0.526	0.724
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.05	0.821	1.131
04	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.04	0.845	1.216
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.51	24.00	1.409	0.04	0.799	1.126
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.07	0.465	0.640
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.12	0.322	0.420
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.1	0.240	0.313
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.08	0.466	0.607
05	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.60	24.00	1.380	-0.06	0.636	0.878
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.55	24.00	1.396	-0.03	0.562	0.785
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.11	0.210	0.274

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.01	0.409	0.529
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	-0.03	0.202	0.266
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	23790	710	22.81	24.00	1.315	0.02	0.398	0.523
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	23800	711	22.76	24.00	1.330	0.01	0.378	0.503
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.03	0.273	0.353
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.07	0.138	0.182
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	0	0.309	0.400
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.1	0.157	0.206
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.06	0.247	0.320
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.01	0.125	0.164
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.1	0.638	0.750
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.08	0.448	0.510
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.19	0.421	0.495
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.03	0.300	0.341
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	0.02	0.912	1.072
07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20050	1720	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.08	1.050	1.295
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.14	0.982	1.189
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	0.577	0.656
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	20300	1745	22.36	23.00	1.159	0.06	0.633	0.734
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.02	0.384	0.451
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.03	0.282	0.321
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	0.03	1.050	1.322
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20850	2510	23.21	24.50	1.346	0.07	0.908	1.222
08	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	23.31	24.50	1.315	-0.05	1.090	1.434
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	0.04	1.050	1.322
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20850	2510	22.09	23.50	1.384	-0.01	0.770	1.065
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.01	1.020	1.293
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Right Cheek	21350	2560	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.03	1.040	1.422
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	-0.09	0.262	0.330
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.08	0.330	0.415
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	-0.04	0.578	0.728
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.1	0.652	0.821
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20850	2510	22.09	23.50	1.384	-0.02	0.393	0.544
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21100	2535	22.47	23.50	1.268	0.01	0.513	0.650
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	22.14	23.50	1.368	-0.04	0.555	0.759
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	-0.05	0.381	0.480
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.05	0.392	0.493

<2.4GHz WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	0.06	0.142	0.152
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	0.05	0.163	0.175
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	17.61	18.00	1.093	0.03	0.151	0.165
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	17.51	18.00	1.118	0.16	0.189	0.211
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	0.01	0.104	0.112
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.1	0.125	0.134

<2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.12	0.018	0.019
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	0	2402	9.50	10.50	1.259	-0.08	0.019	0.024
10	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	78	2480	9.29	10.50	1.321	-0.14	0.020	0.026
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.03	0.019	0.020
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.18	0.012	0.013
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.16	0.014	0.015

14.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM / WCDMA / LTE B4	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm
LTE B17 / B7	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm
BT / WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	> 25mm	> 25mm	≤ 25mm
Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
GSM / WCDMA / LTE B4	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE B17 / B7	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
BT / WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Hotspot Power Reduction	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.08	0.552	0.591
11	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.05	0.875	0.938
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	128	824.2	OFF	30.56	31.00	1.107	0.01	0.635	0.703
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	189	836.4	OFF	30.47	31.00	1.130	-0.03	0.756	0.854
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.02	0.799	0.856
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	128	824.2	OFF	30.56	31.00	1.107	-0.01	0.482	0.533
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	189	836.4	OFF	30.47	31.00	1.130	-0.03	0.654	0.739
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	0.04	0.132	0.141
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	1cm	661	1880	ON		27.50	1.000	0.04	0.775	0.775
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	661	1880	ON		27.50	1.000	0.06	0.884	0.884
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	512	1850.2	ON		27.50	1.000	0.08	0.883	0.883
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	810	1909.8	ON		27.50	1.000	0.05	1.150	1.150
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Left Side	1cm	661	1880	ON		27.50	1.000	0.11	0.217	0.217
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	661	1880	ON		27.50	1.000	-0.03	1.330	1.330
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	512	1850.2	ON		27.50	1.000	-0.16	1.220	1.220
12	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	810	1909.8	ON		27.50	1.000	-0.05	1.430	1.430

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Hotspot Power Reduction	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	4132	826.4	OFF	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.02	0.348	0.468
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4132	826.4	OFF	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.01	0.699	0.941
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4182	836.4	OFF	22.64	24.00	1.368	0.05	0.738	1.009
13	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	4233	846.6	OFF	22.70	24.00	1.349	-0.03	0.856	1.155
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1cm	4132	826.4	OFF	22.71	24.00	1.346	-0.05	0.556	0.748
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	4132	826.4	OFF	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.04	0.099	0.133
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	1312	1712.4	ON		19.50	1.000	0.04	0.591	0.591
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	1312	1712.4	ON		19.50	1.000	0.08	0.474	0.474
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1cm	1312	1712.4	ON		19.50	1.000	-0.02	0.220	0.220
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	1312	1712.4	ON		19.50	1.000	-0.11	0.669	0.669
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	1413	1732.6	ON		19.50	1.000	-0.08	0.692	0.692
14	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	1513	1752.6	ON		19.50	1.000	-0.02	0.743	0.743
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1cm	9538	1907.6	ON		18.00	1.000	0.02	0.512	0.512
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1cm	9538	1907.6	ON		18.00	1.000	0.04	0.606	0.606
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1cm	9538	1907.6	ON		18.00	1.000	-0.07	0.121	0.121
15	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	9538	1907.6	ON		18.00	1.000	-0.13	0.798	0.798
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	9262	1852.4	ON		18.00	1.000	-0.16	0.722	0.722
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1cm	9400	1880	ON		18.00	1.000	-0.06	0.740	0.740



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Hotspot Power Reduction	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1cm	23780	709	OFF	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.02	0.372	0.481
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	1cm	23780	709	OFF	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.02	0.190	0.250
16	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1cm	23780	709	OFF	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.01	0.529	0.685
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1cm	23790	710	OFF	22.81	24.00	1.315	-0.01	0.478	0.629
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1cm	23800	711	OFF	22.76	24.00	1.330	0	0.443	0.589
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	1cm	23780	709	OFF	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.06	0.266	0.350
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	1cm	23780	709	OFF	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.07	0.473	0.612
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	1cm	23780	709	OFF	21.81	23.00	1.315	-0.01	0.242	0.318
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1cm	23780	709	OFF	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.02	0.188	0.243
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	1cm	23780	709	OFF	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.04	0.103	0.135
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	0.02	0.592	0.592
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	0.01	0.609	0.609
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.05	0.536	0.536
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	0.07	0.540	0.540
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.05	0.247	0.247
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	0.01	0.249	0.249
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.08	0.787	0.787
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.11	0.810	0.810
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1cm	20050	1720	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.05	0.666	0.666
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1cm	20175	1732.5	ON		22.00	1.000	-0.17	0.710	0.710
17	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	1cm	20300	1745	ON		22.00	1.000	0.04	0.842	0.842
18	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.03	0.649	0.649
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1cm	20850	2510	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.08	0.534	0.534
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1cm	21100	2535	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.13	0.594	0.594
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.08	0.640	0.640
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.03	0.445	0.445
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	0	0.479	0.479
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.02	0.395	0.395
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.07	0.431	0.431
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	-0.02	0.377	0.377
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1cm	21350	2560	ON		22.50	1.000	0.02	0.418	0.418

<2.4GHz WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1cm	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.11	0.040	0.043
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1cm	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.1	0.068	0.073
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	1cm	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.06	0.032	0.034
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.09	0.085	0.091
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	1	2412	17.61	18.00	1.093	-0.11	0.081	0.089
19	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	11	2462	17.51	18.00	1.118	-0.11	0.104	0.116

<2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1cm	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.15	0.006	0.006
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1cm	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.13	0.008	0.008
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Side	1cm	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.12	0.002	0.002
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.09	0.011	0.011
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	0	2402	9.50	10.50	1.259	-0.17	0.006	0.007
20	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	1cm	78	2480	9.29	10.50	1.321	-0.12	0.009	0.012

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	1.5cm	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.07	0.559	0.599
21	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	251	848.8	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.06	0.752	0.806
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	128	824.2	30.56	31.00	1.107	-0.03	0.531	0.588
	GSM850	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	189	836.4	30.47	31.00	1.130	0.06	0.679	0.767
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Front	1.5cm	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	0.04	0.394	0.399
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	661	1880	27.95	28.00	1.012	0.03	0.550	0.556
	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	512	1850.2	27.90	28.00	1.023	0.02	0.494	0.506
22	GSM1900	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1.5cm	810	1909.8	27.89	28.00	1.026	0.02	0.627	0.643

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.02	0.343	0.462
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		4132	826.4	22.71	24.00	1.346	0.01	0.547	0.736
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		4182	836.4	22.64	24.00	1.368	-0.05	0.592	0.810
23	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		4233	846.6	22.70	24.00	1.349	-0.01	0.693	0.935
24	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.06	0.757	1.043
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		1413	1732.6	22.42	24.00	1.439	0.03	0.684	0.984
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		1513	1752.6	22.51	24.00	1.409	-0.06	0.628	0.885
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		1312	1712.4	22.61	24.00	1.377	-0.02	0.678	0.934
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		1413	1732.6	22.42	24.00	1.439	-0.1	0.632	0.909
	WCDMA IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		1513	1752.6	22.51	24.00	1.409	-0.09	0.599	0.844
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.01	0.714	0.930
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		9262	1852.4	22.60	24.00	1.380	0.01	0.679	0.937
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1.5cm		9400	1880	22.55	24.00	1.396	-0.04	0.681	0.951
25	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	0.01	1.050	1.368
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		9262	1852.4	22.60	24.00	1.380	-0.03	0.845	1.166
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm		9400	1880	22.55	24.00	1.396	0.03	0.962	1.343
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm	Headset	9538	1907.6	22.85	24.00	1.303	-0.01	1.020	1.329
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm	Headset	9262	1852.4	22.60	24.00	1.380	-0.02	0.844	1.165
	WCDMA II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1.5cm	Headset	9400	1880	22.55	24.00	1.396	0.01	0.943	1.317

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1.5cm	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.03	0.278	0.360
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	1.5cm	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	0	0.144	0.189
26	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	23780	709	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.07	0.373	0.483
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	1.5cm	23780	709	21.81	23.00	1.315	0.02	0.189	0.249
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	23790	710	22.81	24.00	1.315	0.01	0.361	0.475
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	23800	711	22.76	24.00	1.330	0	0.341	0.454
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1.5cm	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.11	0.642	0.754
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1.5cm	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.03	0.477	0.543
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	20300	1745	23.30	24.00	1.175	-0.05	0.713	0.838
27	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	20050	1720	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.11	0.719	0.887
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	20175	1732.5	23.17	24.00	1.211	0.07	0.722	0.874
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1.5cm	20300	1745	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.07	0.520	0.592
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	1.5cm	20300	1745	22.36	23.00	1.159	-0.1	0.508	0.589
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1.5cm	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	-0.09	0.403	0.507
28	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1.5cm	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	-0.04	0.463	0.583
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1.5cm	20850	2510	22.09	23.50	1.384	-0.04	0.343	0.475
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1.5cm	21100	2535	22.47	23.50	1.268	-0.02	0.310	0.393
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1.5cm	21350	2560	23.50	24.50	1.259	-0.06	0.392	0.493
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1.5cm	21350	2560	22.50	23.50	1.259	0	0.423	0.533

<2.4GHz WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1.5cm		6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.02	0.020	0.021
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.12	0.033	0.035
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		1	2412	17.61	18.00	1.093	-0.11	0.029	0.032
29	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		11	2462	17.51	18.00	1.118	-0.17	0.039	0.044
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1.5cm	Headset	6	2437	17.69	18.00	1.073	-0.19	0.029	0.031

<2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Headset	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1.5cm		39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.13	0.002	0.002
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.01	0.004	0.004
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		0	2402	9.50	10.50	1.259	-0.16	0.003	0.003
30	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1.5cm		78	2480	9.29	10.50	1.321	-0.02	0.004	0.005
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1.5cm	Headset	39	2441	10.32	10.50	1.042	-0.13	0.004	0.004

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Hotspot Power Reduction	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.05	0.875	-	0.938
2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Back	1cm	251	848.8	OFF	30.70	31.00	1.072	-0.16	0.849	1.03	0.910
1st	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	810	1909.8	ON		27.50	1.000	-0.05	1.430	-	1.430
2nd	GSM1900	-	-	-	-	GPRS (2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1cm	810	1909.8	ON		27.50	1.000	-0.08	1.420	1.01	1.420
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	-	20050	1720	-	23.09	24.00	1.233	-0.08	1.050	-	1.295
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Left Cheek	-	20050	1720	-	23.09	24.00	1.233	0.01	1.030	1.02	1.270
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	-	21100	2535	-	23.31	24.50	1.315	-0.05	1.090	-	1.434
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	-	Right Cheek	-	21100	2535	-	23.31	24.50	1.315	-0.03	1.080	1.01	1.420

General Note:

- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR $< 1.45\text{W/kg}$, only one repeated measurement is required.
- The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
- All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Mobile Phone			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
9.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
10.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$.
 - $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})1.5 / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where $(x1, y1, z1)$ and $(x2, y2, z2)$ are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
 - If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN+2.4GHz WLAN>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Summed SAR (W/kg)
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.503	0.152	0.66
		Right Tilted	0.347	0.211	0.56
		Left Cheek	0.405	0.112	0.52
		Left Tilted	0.302	0.134	0.44
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.251	0.152	0.40
		Right Tilted	0.170	0.211	0.38
		Left Cheek	0.357	0.112	0.47
		Left Tilted	0.125	0.134	0.26
WCMDA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.192	0.152	0.34
		Right Tilted	0.133	0.211	0.34
		Left Cheek	0.556	0.112	0.67
		Left Tilted	0.322	0.134	0.46
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.909	0.152	1.06
		Right Tilted	0.724	0.211	0.94
		Left Cheek	1.216	0.112	1.33
		Left Tilted	0.640	0.134	0.77
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.420	0.152	0.57
		Right Tilted	0.313	0.211	0.52
		Left Cheek	0.878	0.112	0.99
		Left Tilted	0.274	0.134	0.41
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.529	0.152	0.68
		Right Tilted	0.353	0.211	0.56
		Left Cheek	0.400	0.112	0.51
		Left Tilted	0.320	0.134	0.45
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.750	0.152	0.90
		Right Tilted	0.495	0.211	0.71
		Left Cheek	1.295	0.112	1.41
		Left Tilted	0.451	0.134	0.59
	Band 7	Right Cheek	1.434	0.152	1.59
		Right Tilted	0.415	0.211	0.63
		Left Cheek	0.821	0.112	0.93
		Left Tilted	0.493	0.134	0.63

<WWAN+2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
			SAR (W/kg)	SAR (W/kg)	
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.503	0.019	0.52
		Right Tilted	0.347	0.026	0.37
		Left Cheek	0.405	0.013	0.42
		Left Tilted	0.302	0.015	0.32
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.251	0.019	0.27
		Right Tilted	0.170	0.026	0.20
		Left Cheek	0.357	0.013	0.37
		Left Tilted	0.125	0.015	0.14
WCMDA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.192	0.019	0.21
		Right Tilted	0.133	0.026	0.16
		Left Cheek	0.556	0.013	0.57
		Left Tilted	0.322	0.015	0.34
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.909	0.019	0.93
		Right Tilted	0.724	0.026	0.75
		Left Cheek	1.216	0.013	1.23
		Left Tilted	0.640	0.015	0.66
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.420	0.019	0.44
		Right Tilted	0.313	0.026	0.34
		Left Cheek	0.878	0.013	0.89
		Left Tilted	0.274	0.015	0.29
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.529	0.019	0.55
		Right Tilted	0.353	0.026	0.38
		Left Cheek	0.400	0.013	0.41
		Left Tilted	0.320	0.015	0.34
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.750	0.019	0.77
		Right Tilted	0.495	0.026	0.52
		Left Cheek	1.295	0.013	1.31
		Left Tilted	0.451	0.015	0.47
	Band 7	Right Cheek	1.434	0.019	1.45
		Right Tilted	0.415	0.026	0.44
		Left Cheek	0.821	0.013	0.83
		Left Tilted	0.493	0.015	0.51

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN+2.4GHz WLAN>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.591	0.043	0.63
		Back	0.938	0.073	1.01
		Left side	0.856	0.034	0.89
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.141		0.14
	GSM1900	Front	0.775	0.043	0.82
		Back	1.150	0.073	1.22
		Left side	0.217	0.034	0.25
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	1.430		1.43
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.468	0.043	0.51
		Back	1.155	0.073	1.23
		Left side	0.748	0.034	0.78
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.133		0.13
	Band IV	Front	0.591	0.043	0.63
		Back	0.474	0.073	0.55
		Left side	0.220	0.034	0.25
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.743		0.74
	Band II	Front	0.512	0.043	0.56
		Back	0.606	0.073	0.68
		Left side	0.121	0.034	0.16
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.798		0.80
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.481	0.043	0.52
		Back	0.685	0.073	0.76
		Left side		0.034	0.03
		Right side	0.612		0.61
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.243		0.24
	Band 4	Front	0.609	0.043	0.65
		Back	0.540	0.073	0.61
		Left side	0.249	0.034	0.28
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.842		0.84
	Band 7	Front	0.649	0.043	0.69
		Back	0.479	0.073	0.55
		Left side		0.034	0.03
		Right side	0.431		0.43
		Top side		0.116	0.12
		Bottom side	0.418		0.42

<WWAN+2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.591	0.006	0.60
		Back	0.938	0.008	0.95
		Left side	0.856	0.002	0.86
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.141		0.14
	GSM1900	Front	0.775	0.006	0.78
		Back	1.150	0.008	1.16
		Left side	0.217	0.002	0.22
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	1.430		1.43
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.468	0.006	0.47
		Back	1.155	0.008	1.16
		Left side	0.748	0.002	0.75
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.133		0.13
	Band IV	Front	0.591	0.006	0.60
		Back	0.474	0.008	0.48
		Left side	0.220	0.002	0.22
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.743		0.74
	Band II	Front	0.512	0.006	0.52
		Back	0.606	0.008	0.61
		Left side	0.121	0.002	0.12
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.798		0.80
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.481	0.006	0.49
		Back	0.685	0.008	0.69
		Left side		0.002	0.00
		Right side	0.612		0.61
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.243		0.24
	Band 4	Front	0.609	0.006	0.62
		Back	0.540	0.008	0.55
		Left side	0.249	0.002	0.25
		Right side			0.00
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.842		0.84
	Band 7	Front	0.649	0.006	0.66
		Back	0.479	0.008	0.49
		Left side		0.002	0.00
		Right side	0.431		0.43
		Top side		0.012	0.01
		Bottom side	0.418		0.42

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN+2.4GHz WLAN>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.599	0.021	0.62
		Back	0.806	0.044	0.85
	GSM1900	Front	0.399	0.021	0.42
		Back	0.643	0.044	0.69
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.462	0.021	0.48
		Back	0.935	0.044	0.98
	Band IV	Front	1.043	0.021	1.06
		Back	0.934	0.044	0.98
	Band II	Front	0.951	0.021	0.97
		Back	1.368	0.044	1.41
		Back with Headset	1.329	0.031	1.36
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.360	0.021	0.38
		Back	0.483	0.044	0.53
	Band 4	Front	0.754	0.021	0.78
		Back	0.887	0.044	0.93
	Band 7	Front	0.583	0.021	0.60
		Back	0.533	0.044	0.58

<WWAN+2.4GHz Bluetooth>

Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.599	0.002	0.60
		Back	0.806	0.005	0.81
	GSM1900	Front	0.399	0.002	0.40
		Back	0.643	0.005	0.65
WCMDA	Band V	Front	0.462	0.002	0.46
		Back	0.935	0.005	0.94
	Band IV	Front	1.043	0.002	1.05
		Back	0.934	0.005	0.94
	Band II	Front	0.951	0.002	0.95
		Back	1.368	0.005	1.37
		Back with Headset	1.329	0.004	1.33
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.360	0.002	0.36
		Back	0.483	0.005	0.49
	Band 4	Front	0.754	0.002	0.76
		Back	0.887	0.005	0.89
	Band 7	Front	0.583	0.002	0.59
		Back	0.533	0.005	0.54

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16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 16.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	$1/k^{(b)}$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) k is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

17. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
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- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, "Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE", December 2008
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- [12] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013
- [13] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
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