

## **Appendix 1**

### **SAR distribution comparisons for System Accuracy Verifications**

## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Head SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 7/26/2012 5:27:54 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 835MHz Head

**DUT: Dipole 835MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421tr; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421tr; PM1 Power =200 mW  
Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.7 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.8

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 3; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1154;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily

**SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.141 mW/g

### DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily

**SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.136 mW/g

### DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily

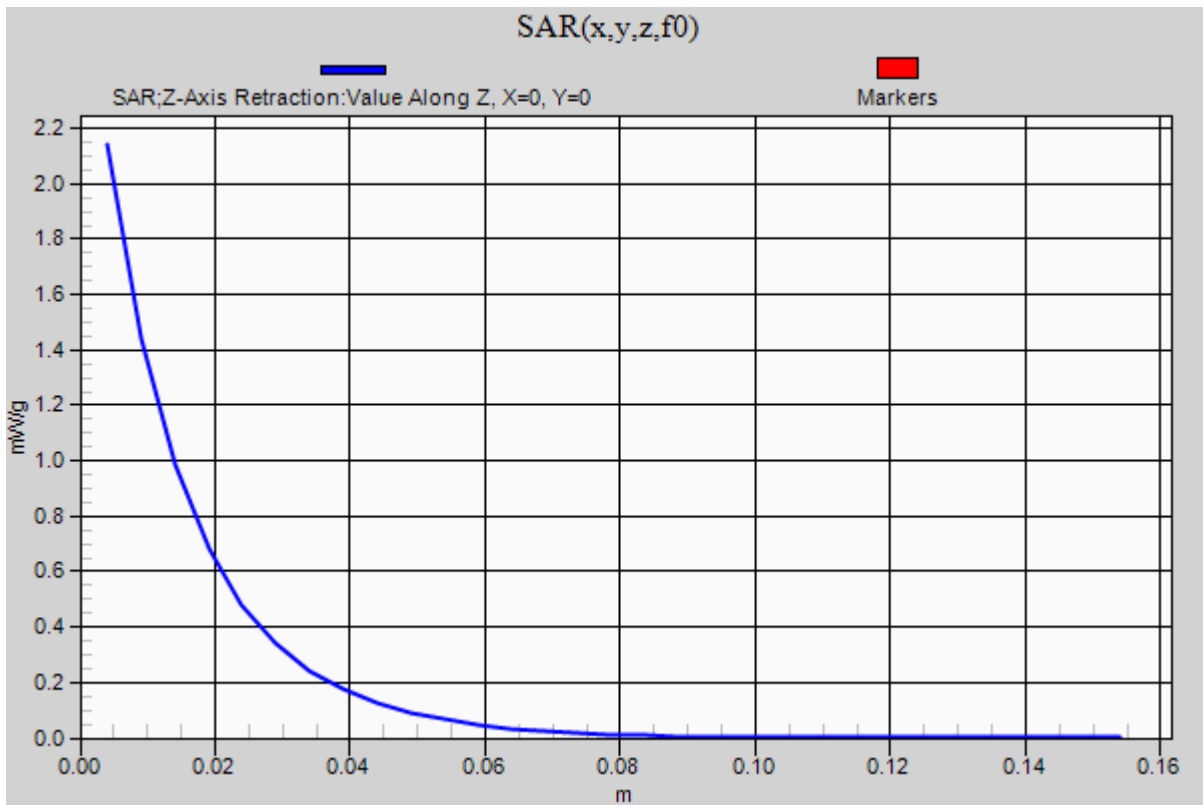
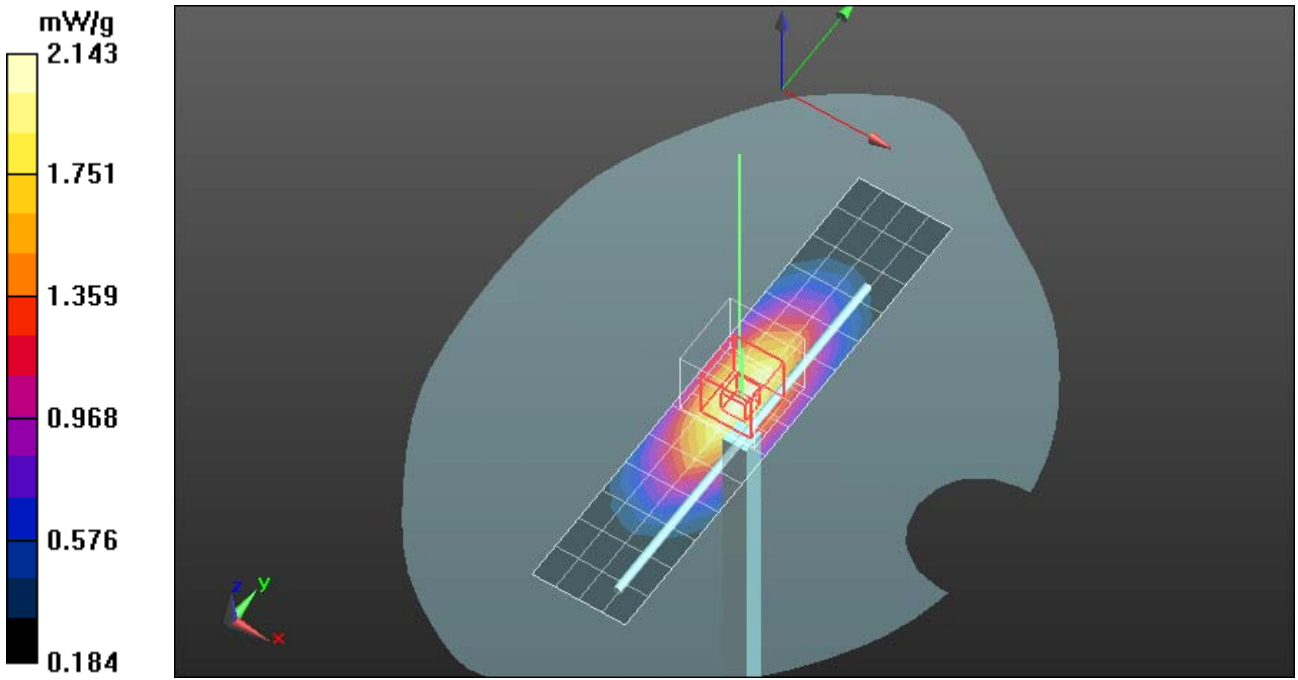
**SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.072 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.9180

**SAR(1 g) = 1.98 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.3 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.143 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/30/2012 12:02:11 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 835MHz Head

**DUT: Dipole 835MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421tr; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421tr; PM1 Power =200 mW  
Sim.Temp@meas =19.4 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5 Room Temp @ SPC =20.6

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 3; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1154;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.119 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.110 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

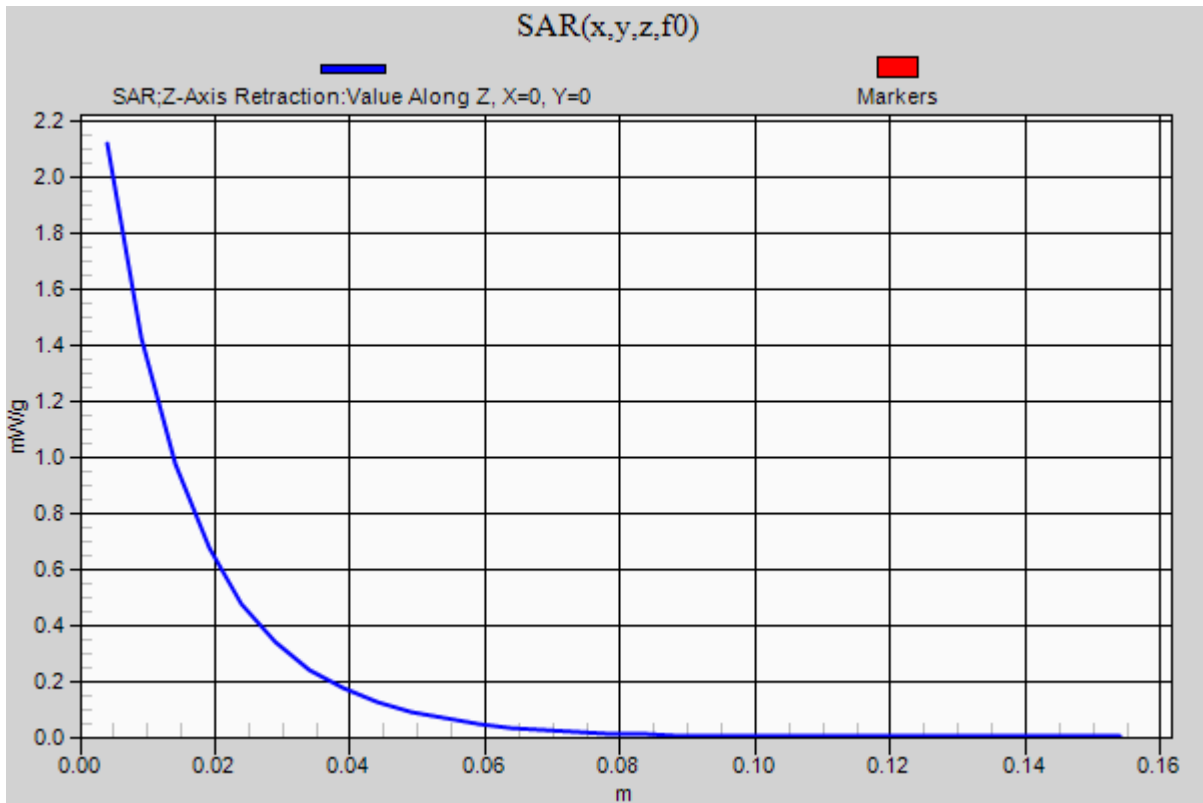
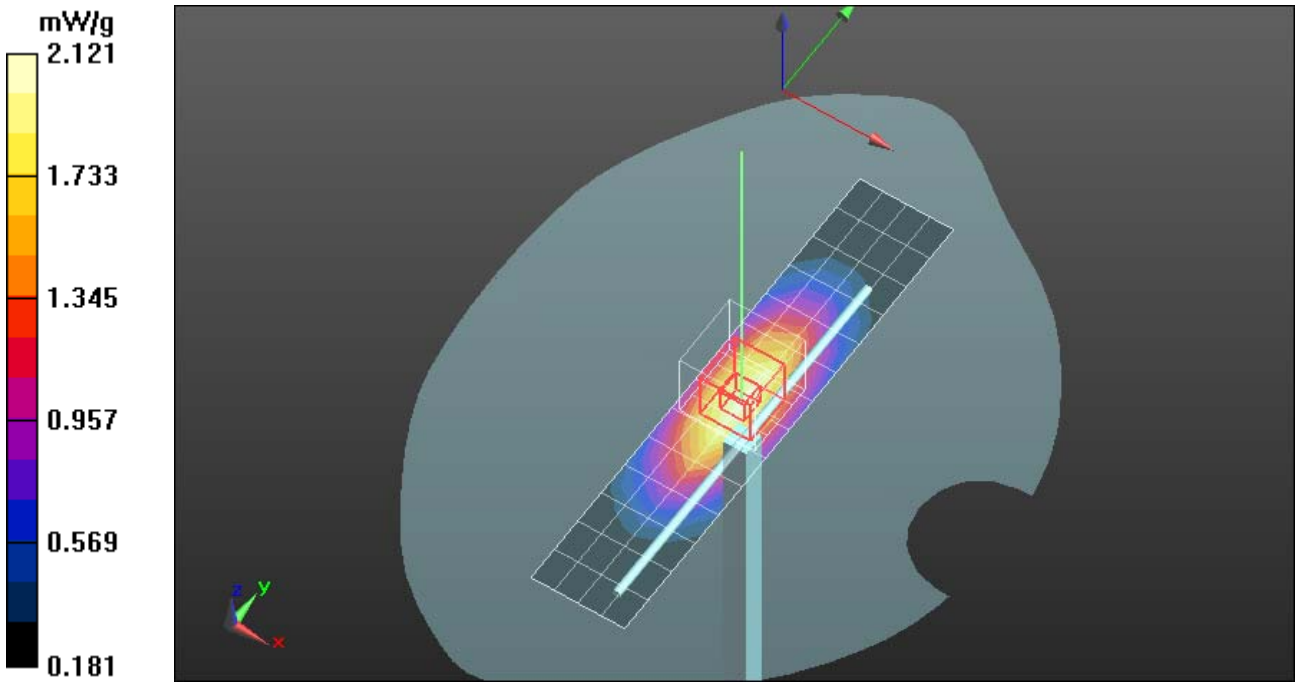
**SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.481 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.8860

**SAR(1 g) = 1.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.28 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.121 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/25/2012 9:44:53 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 1800MHz Head

**DUT: Dipole 1800MHz; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128 PM1 Power = 200 mW  
Sim.Temp@meas = 19.9 Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.1 Room Temp @ SPC = 21.3

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.184 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.086 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

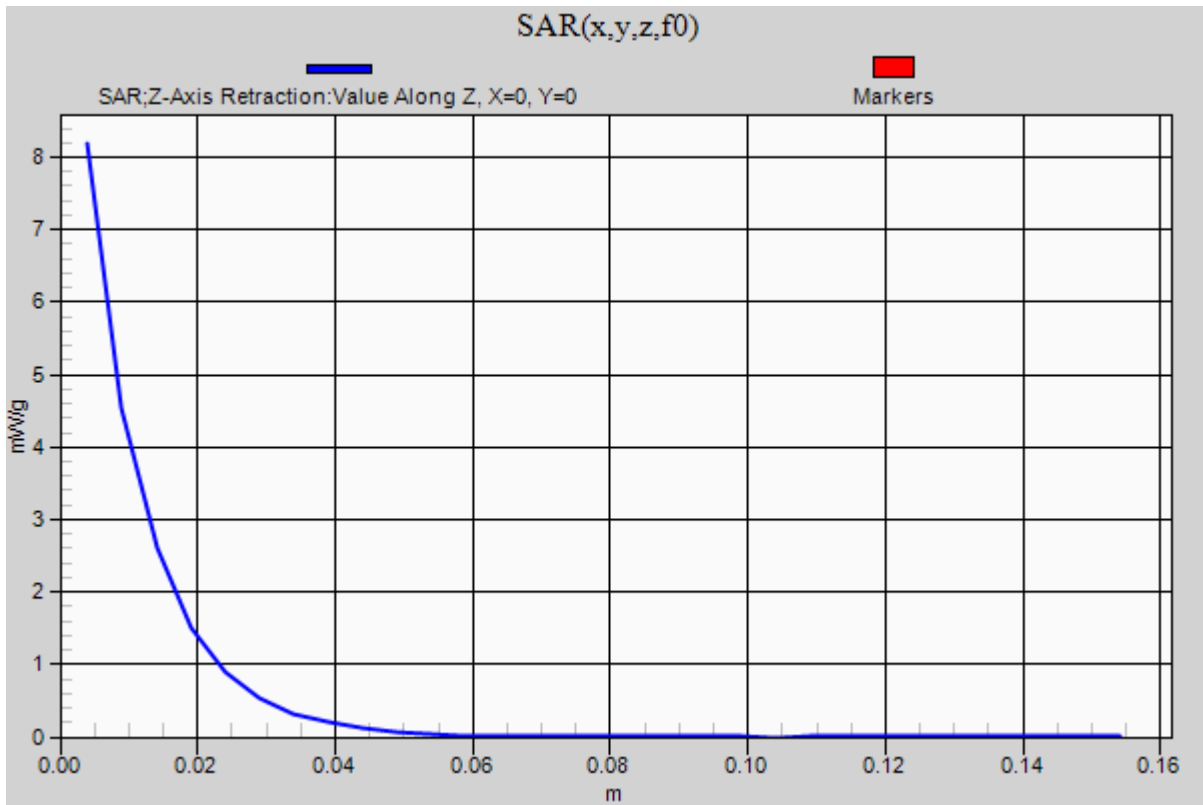
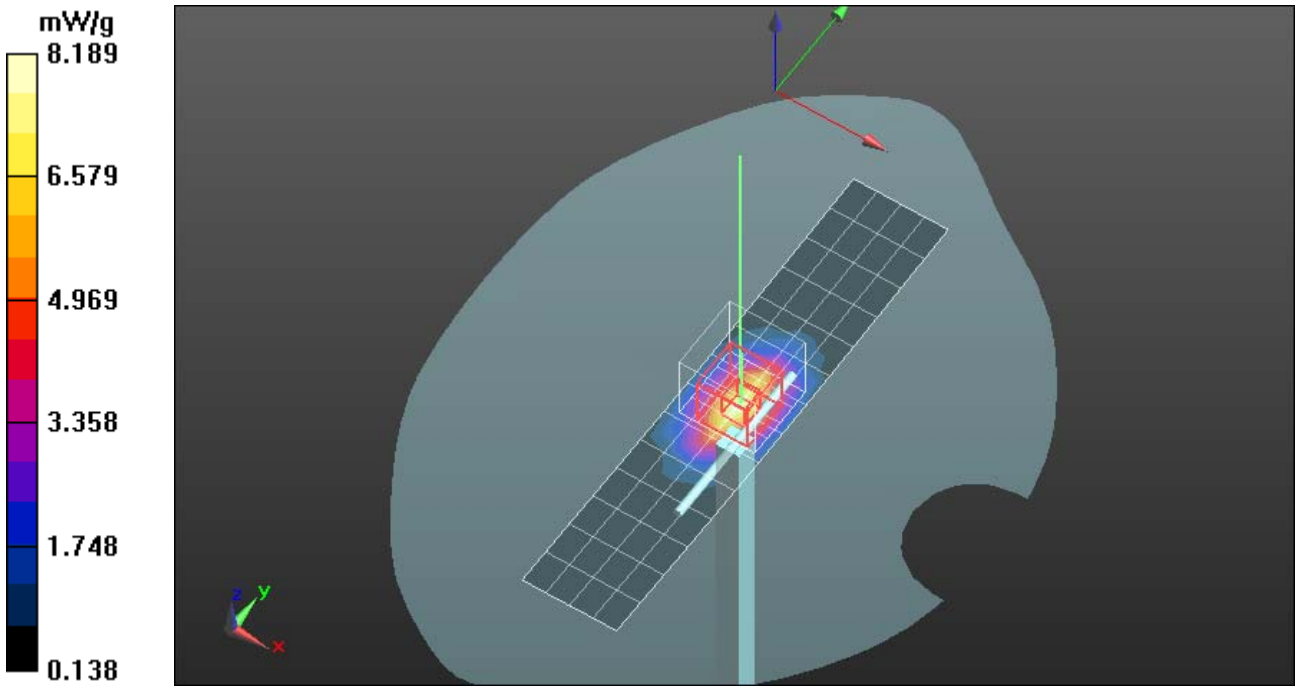
**SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.972 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3410

**SAR(1 g) = 7.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.81 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.189 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/8/2012 4:39:29 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 2450MHz Head

**DUT: Dipole 2450MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:879; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 2450 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 879 PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.6 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.7

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.545 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

**SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.371 mW/g

### **DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily**

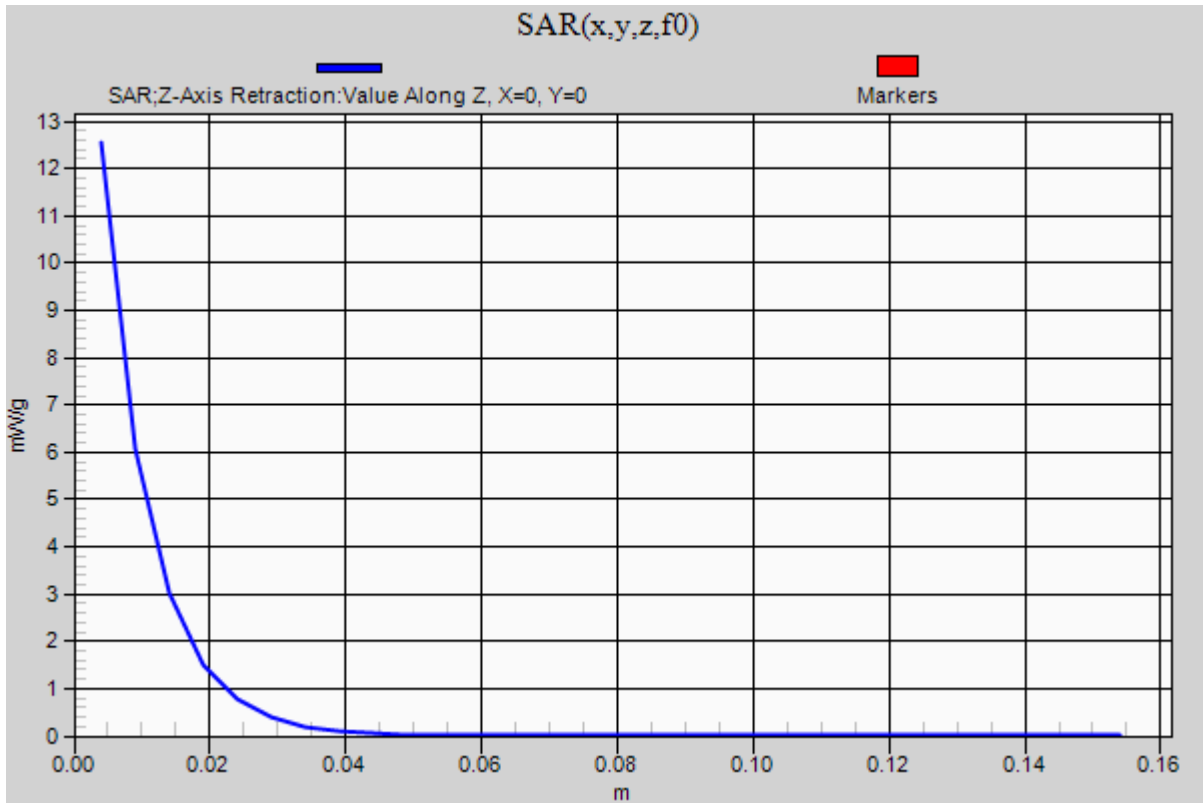
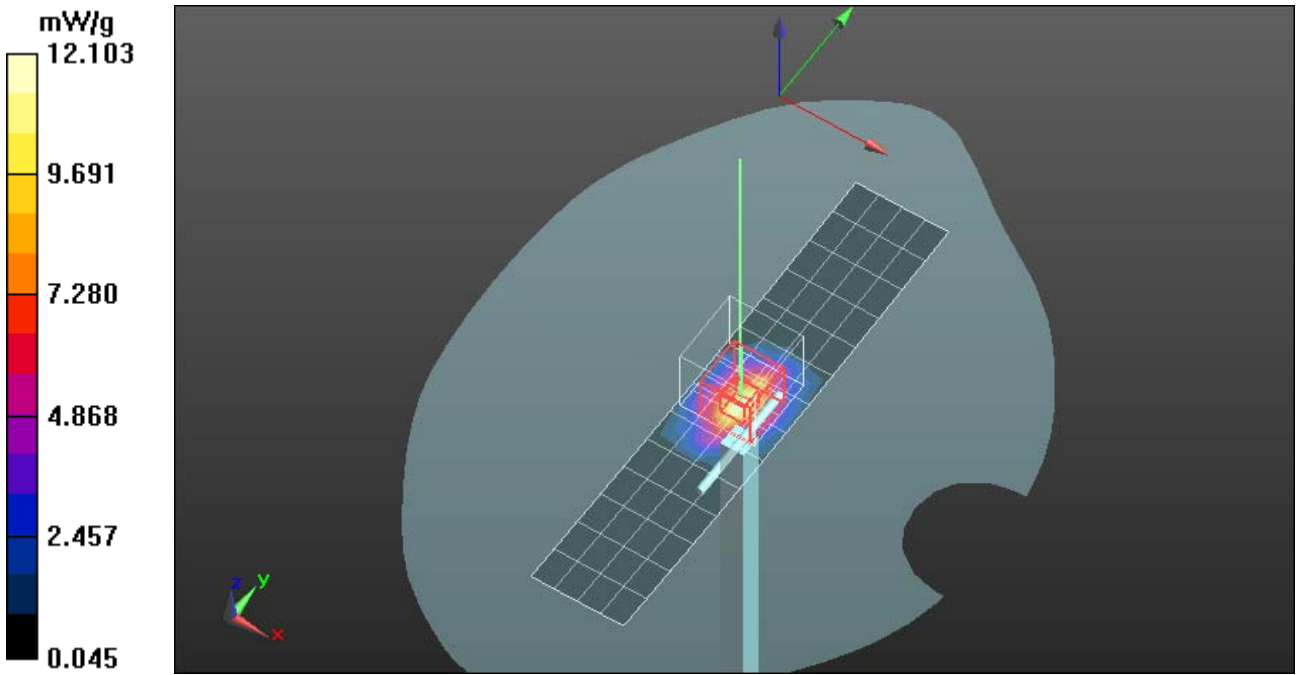
**SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.105 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.7070

**SAR(1 g) = 11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.06 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.103 mW/g



## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Body SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 8/1/2012 11:37:43 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 835MHz Body

**DUT: Dipole 835MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN:425tr; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 425tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 20.3 Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.1 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.8

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 3; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid:  $dx=20\text{mm}$ ,

$dy=20\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.169 mW/g

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1):**

Measurement grid:  $dx=15\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.952 mW/g

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:

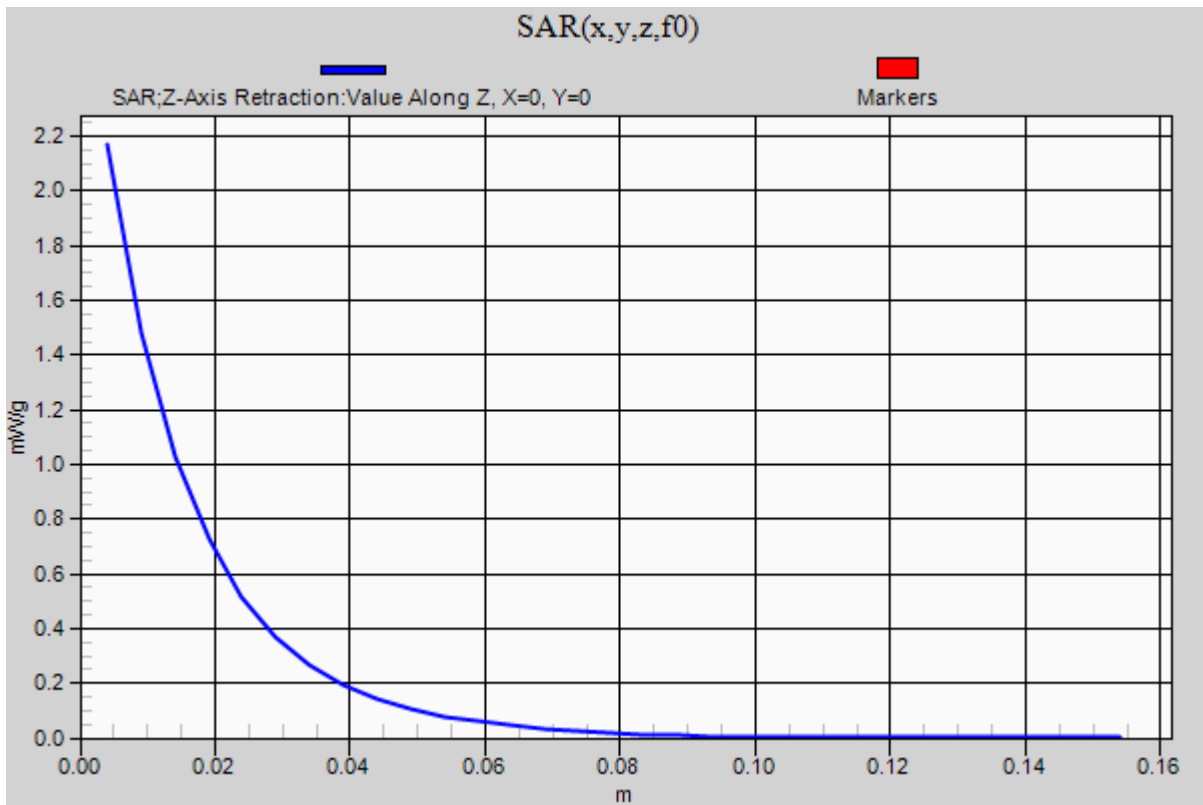
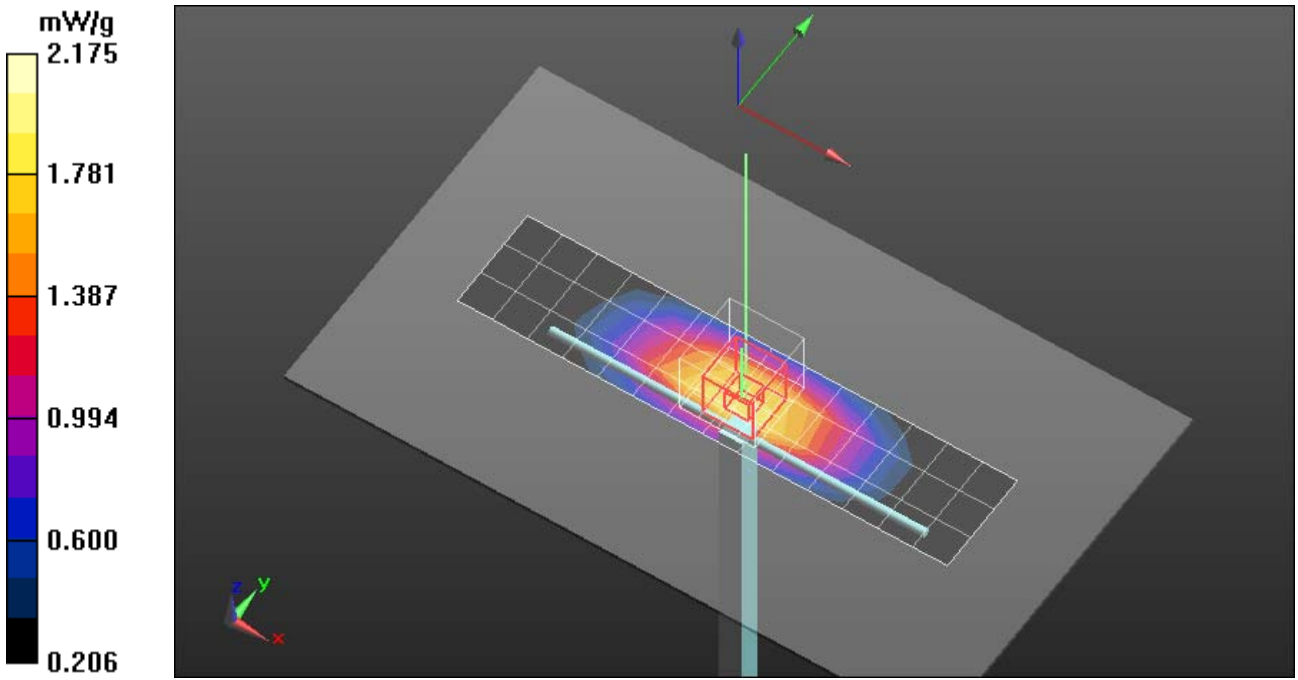
$dx=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=8\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 46.956 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.9290

**SAR(1 g) = 2.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.175 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/26/2012 10:06:15 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 1800MHz Body

**DUT: Dipole 1800MHz; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d128; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9 Room Temp @ SPC =21.0

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.49$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.986 mW/g

**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.128 mW/g

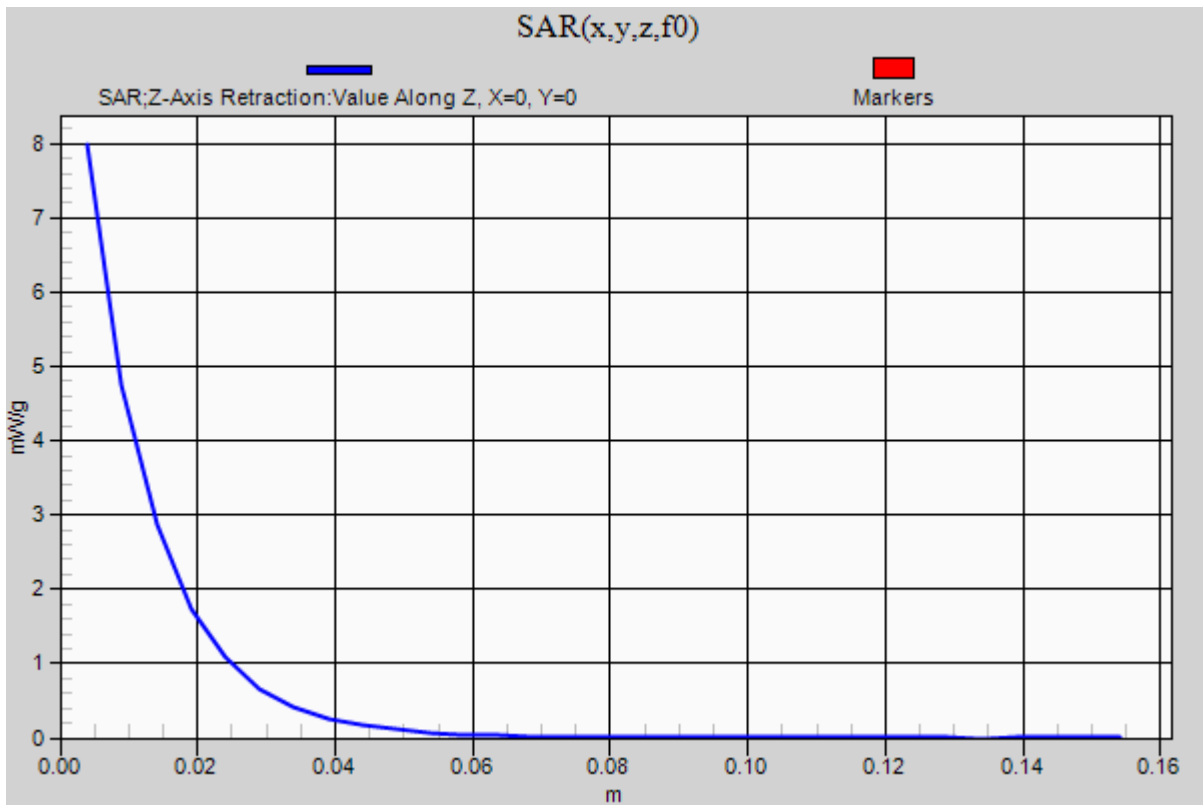
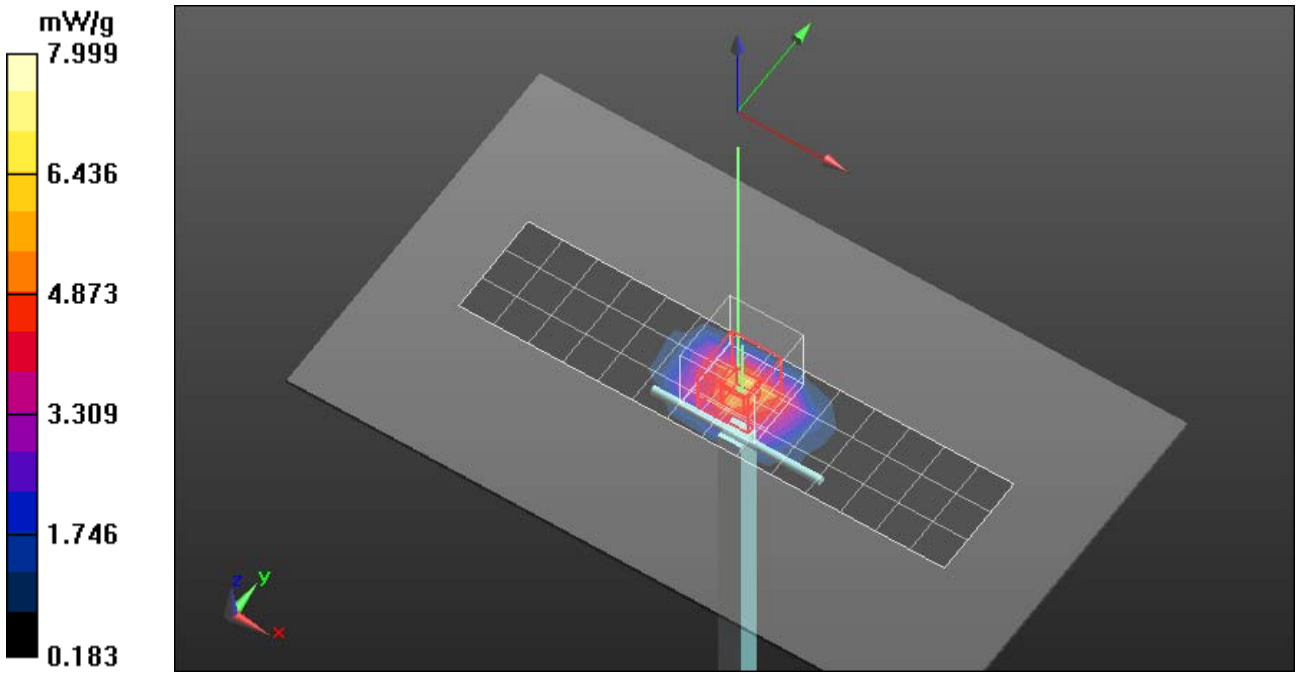
**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.048 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.2160

**SAR(1 g) = 7.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.79 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.999 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/3/2012 5:14:40 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 1800MHz Body

**DUT: Dipole 1800MHz; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d128; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128 PM1 Power = 200 mW  
 Sim.Temp@meas = 19.8 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.8

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):** Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.994 mW/g

**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.977 mW/g

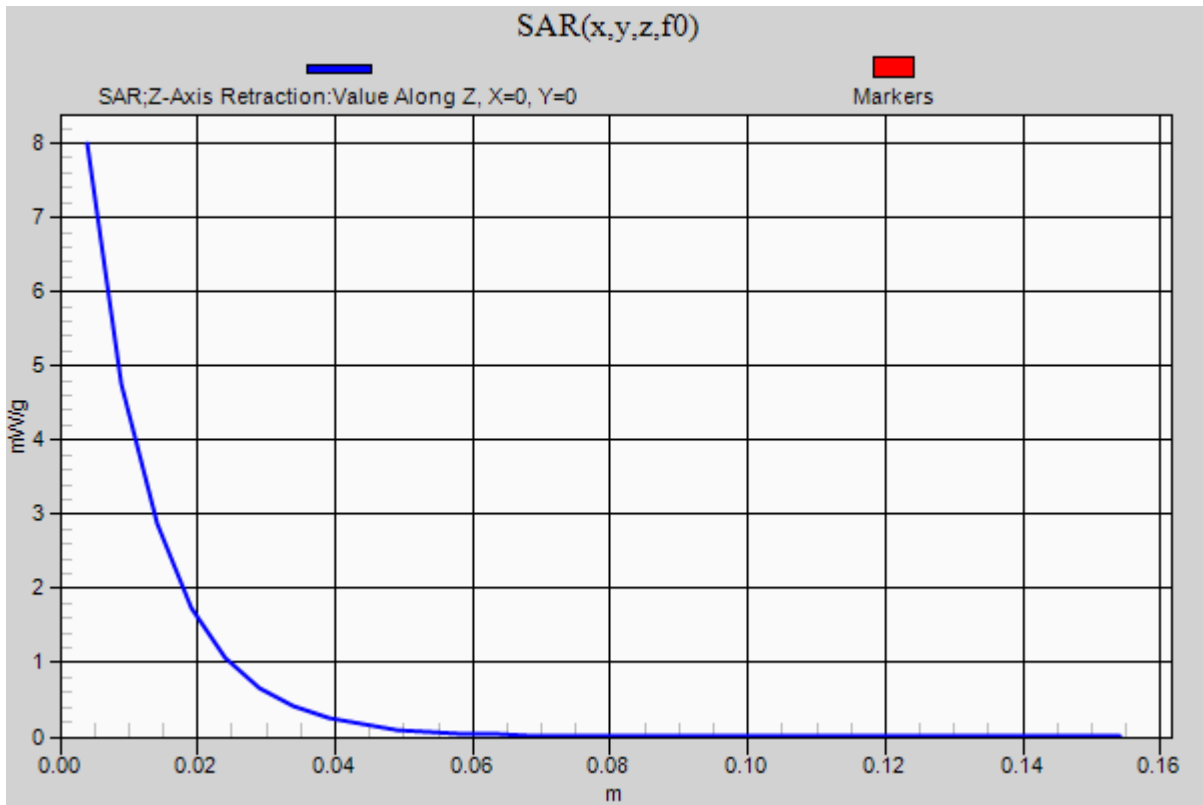
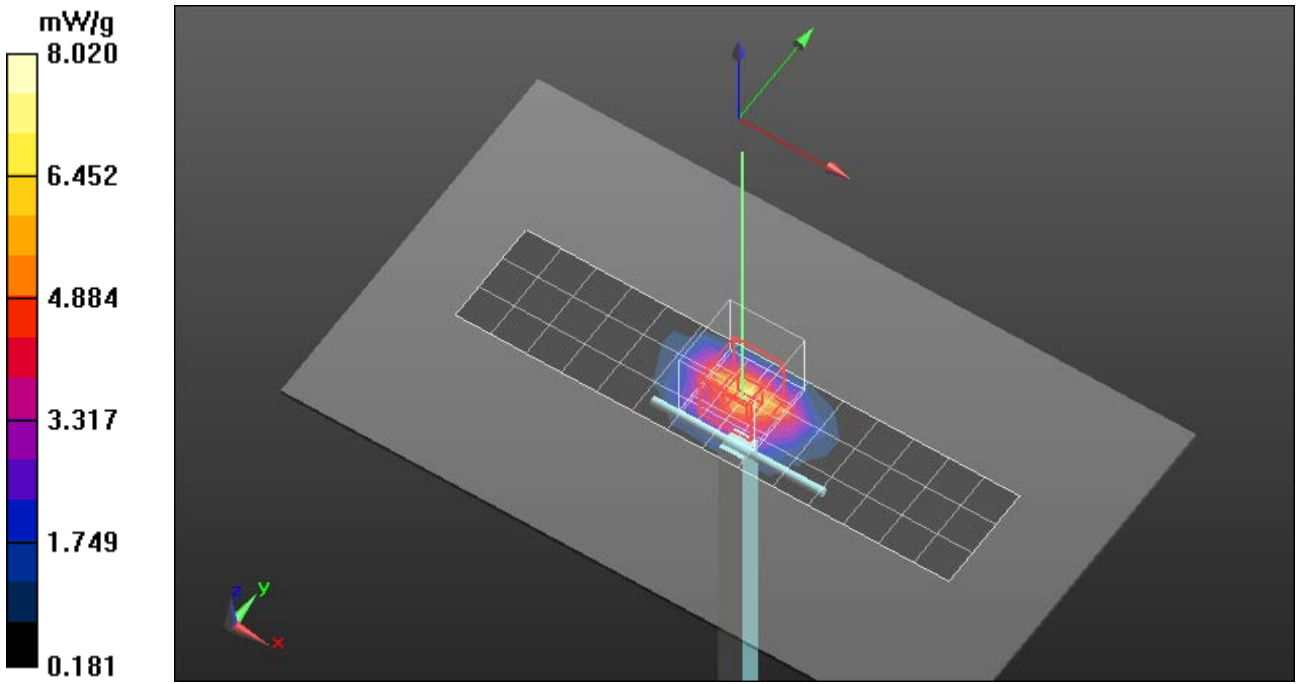
**DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.515 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1230

**SAR(1 g) = 7.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.79 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.020 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/10/2012 5:20:17 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 2450MHz Body

**DUT: Dipole 2450MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:879; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6**

Procedure Notes: 2450 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 879 PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.6 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.7 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.8

Communication System: \_CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm,

dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.518 mW/g

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.678 mW/g

### **DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid:

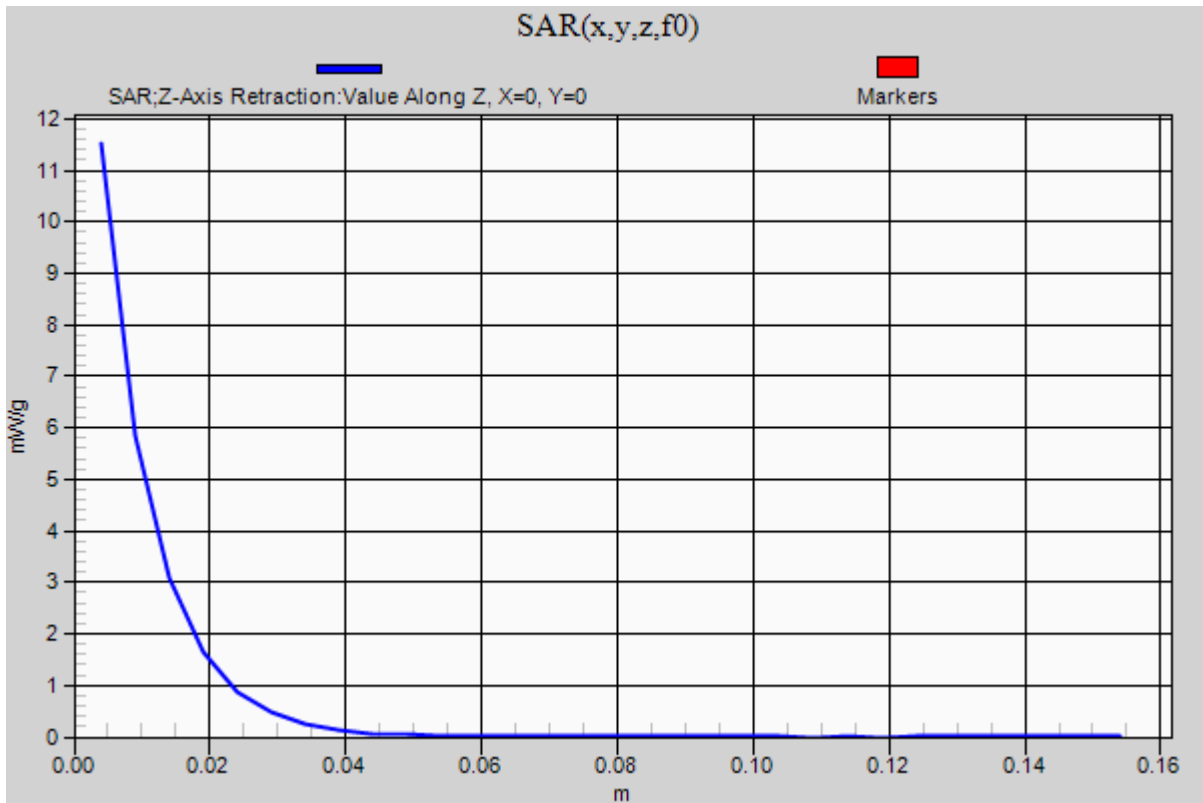
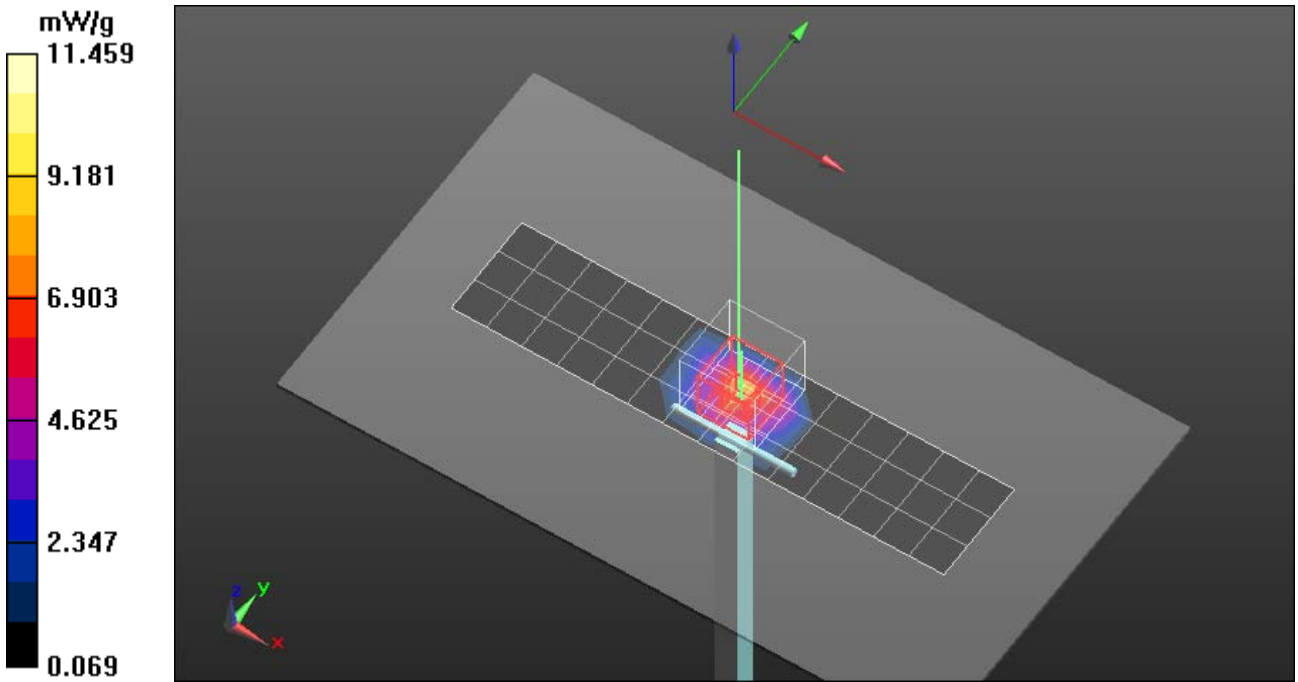
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.238 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.8180

**SAR(1 g) = 10.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.68 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.459 mW/g



## **Appendix 2**

### **SAR distribution plots for Head Adjacent Test Results**

Date/Time: 7/25/2012 11:06:15 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM1900 Cheek

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS6

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #:internal;  
DEVICE POSITION: cheek

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.560 mW/g

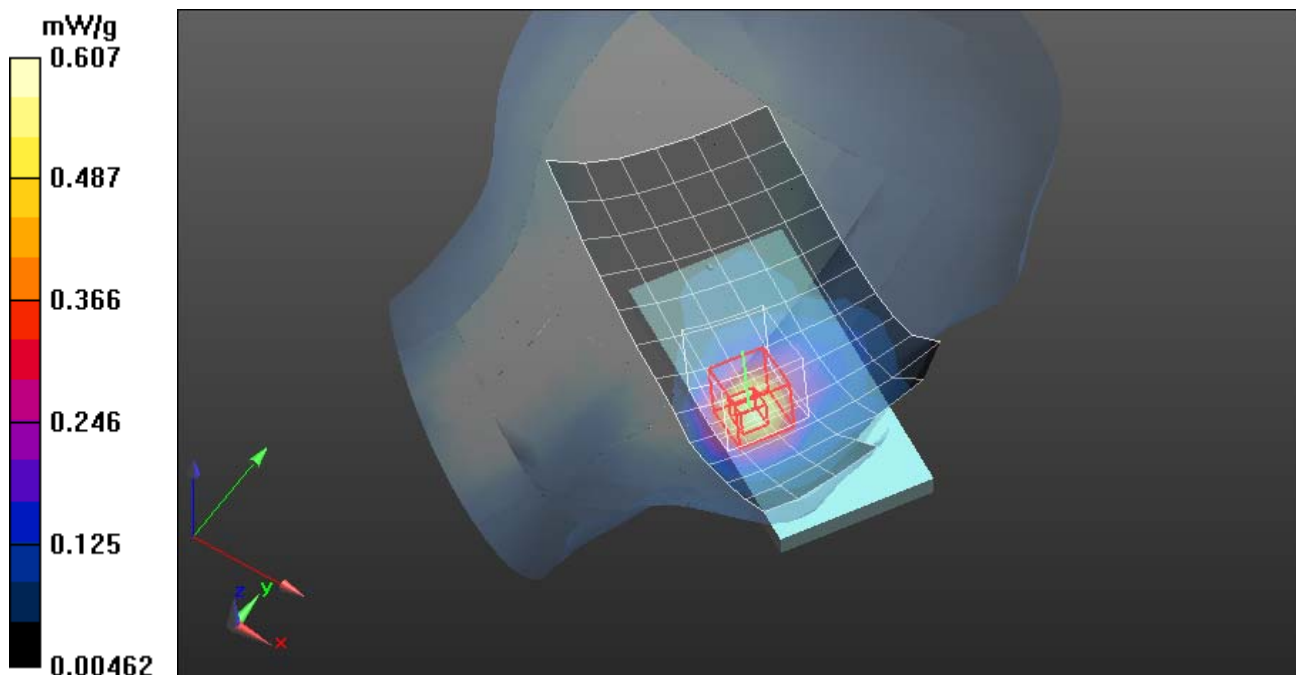
**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.570 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.9120

**SAR(1 g) = 0.552 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.320 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/30/2012 1:17:00 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM850 Cheek

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: cheek

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1154;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.385 mW/g

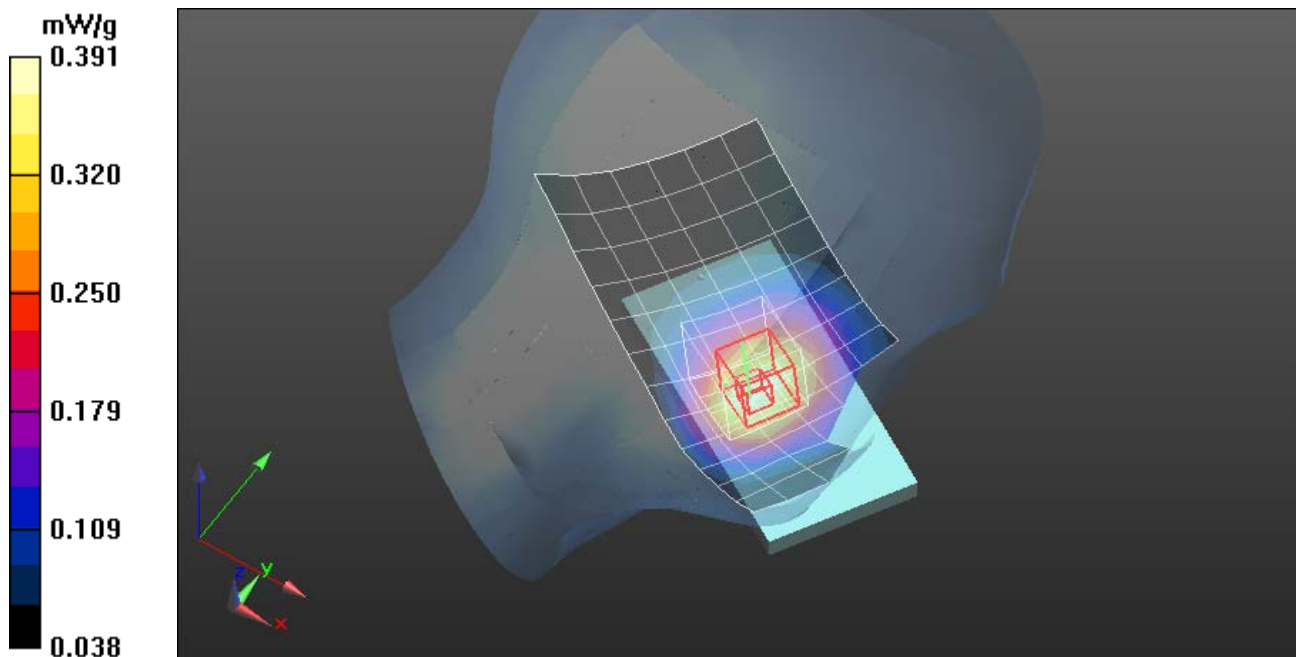
**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.640 V/m; Power Drift = -0.22 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4720

**SAR(1 g) = 0.371 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/9/2012 2:40:38 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WiFi2450 Cheek

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 802.11b 1 Mbps; Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal  
DEVICE POSITION: cheek

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Diacetin Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.141 mW/g

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

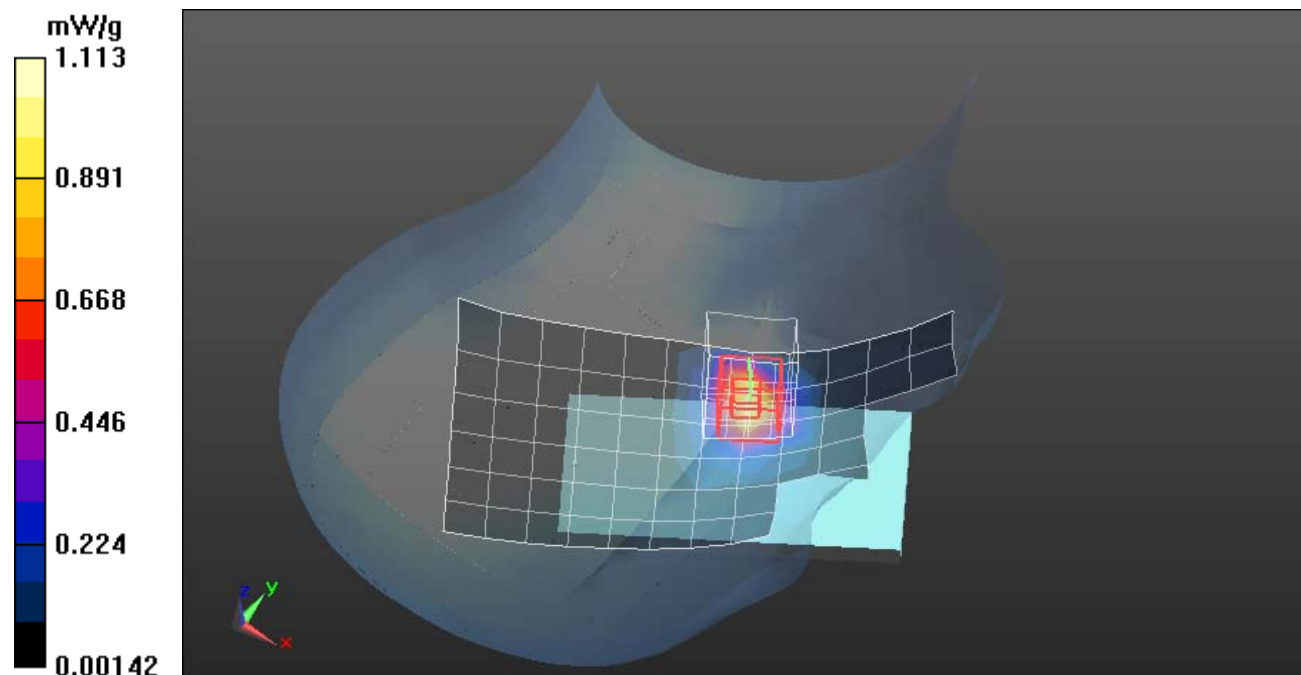
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.556 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.4950

**SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.113 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/25/2012 12:51:44 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM1900 Tilt

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: tilted

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 mW/g

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

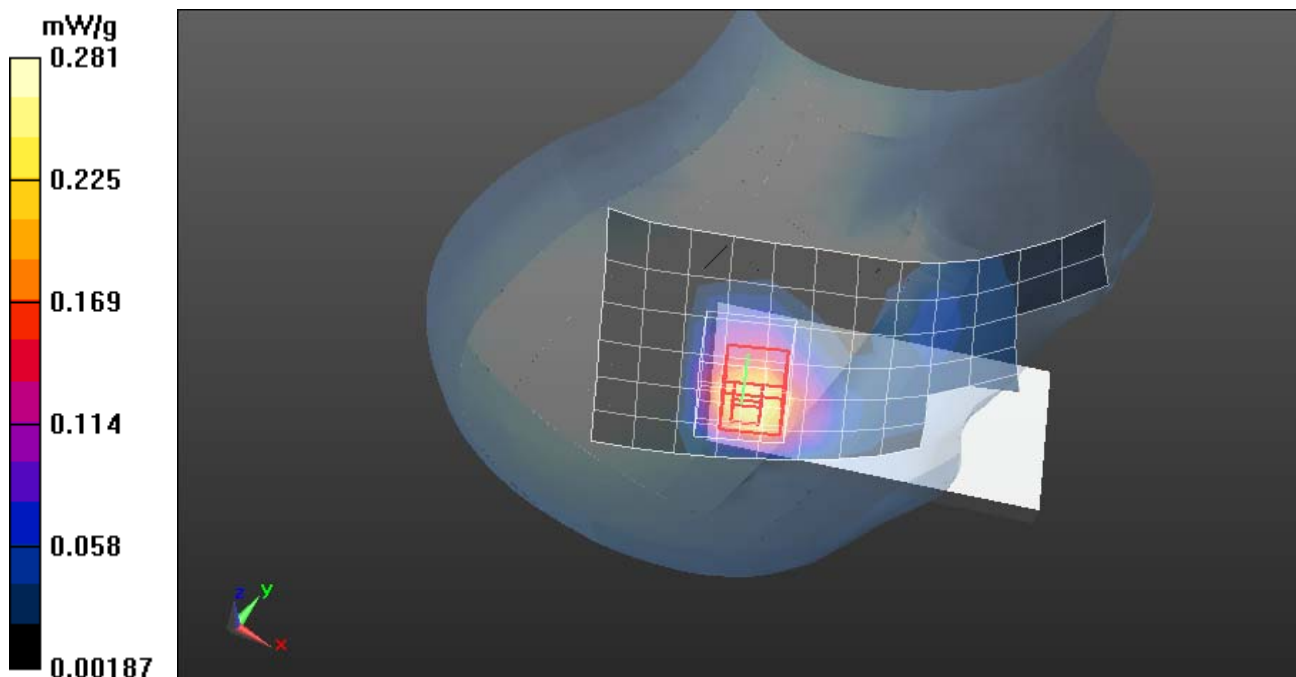
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.815 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4240

**SAR(1 g) = 0.264 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 mW/g



Date/Time: 7/30/2012 1:44:23 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM850 Tilt

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal;  
DEVICE POSITION: rotated

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1154;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 mW/g

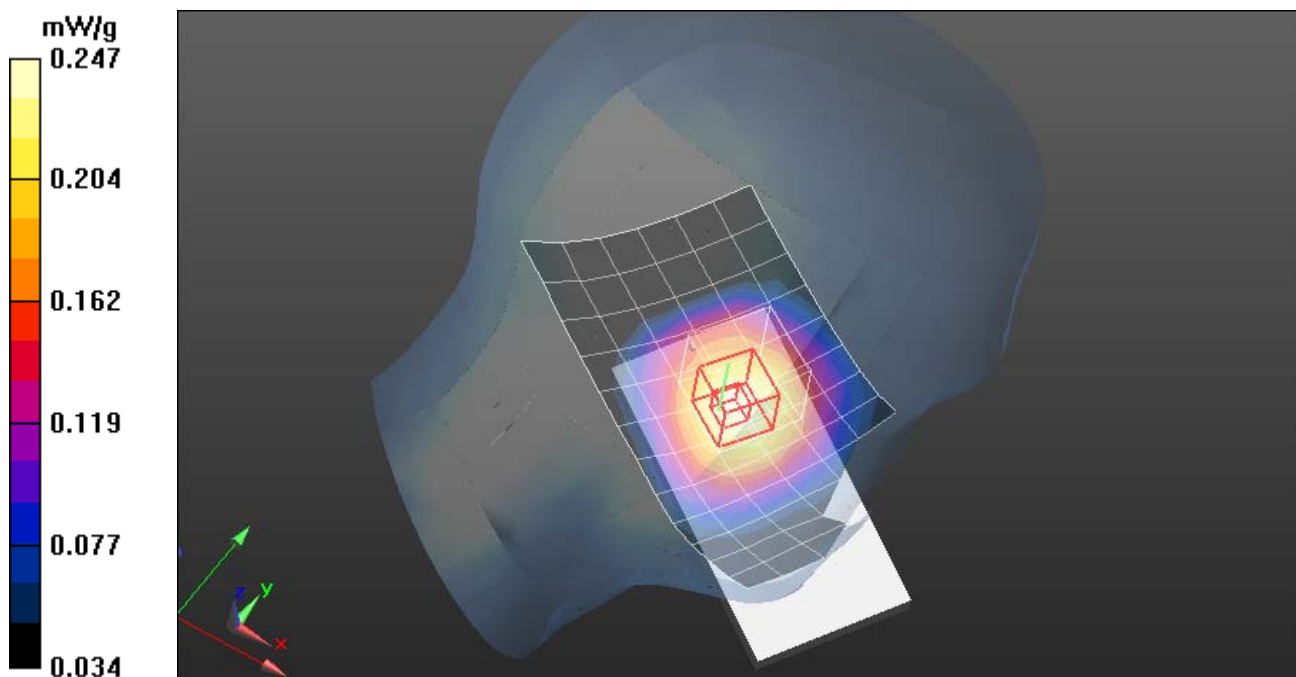
**DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.4 (20-July-12)/Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.653 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2870

**SAR(1 g) = 0.237 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/9/2012 2:59:00 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WiFi2450 Tilt

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 802.11b 1 Mbps; Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal  
DEVICE POSITION: rotated

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Diacetin Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.87$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 37.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(4.51, 4.51, 4.51); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R12\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1684;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 mW/g

**DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (6x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:

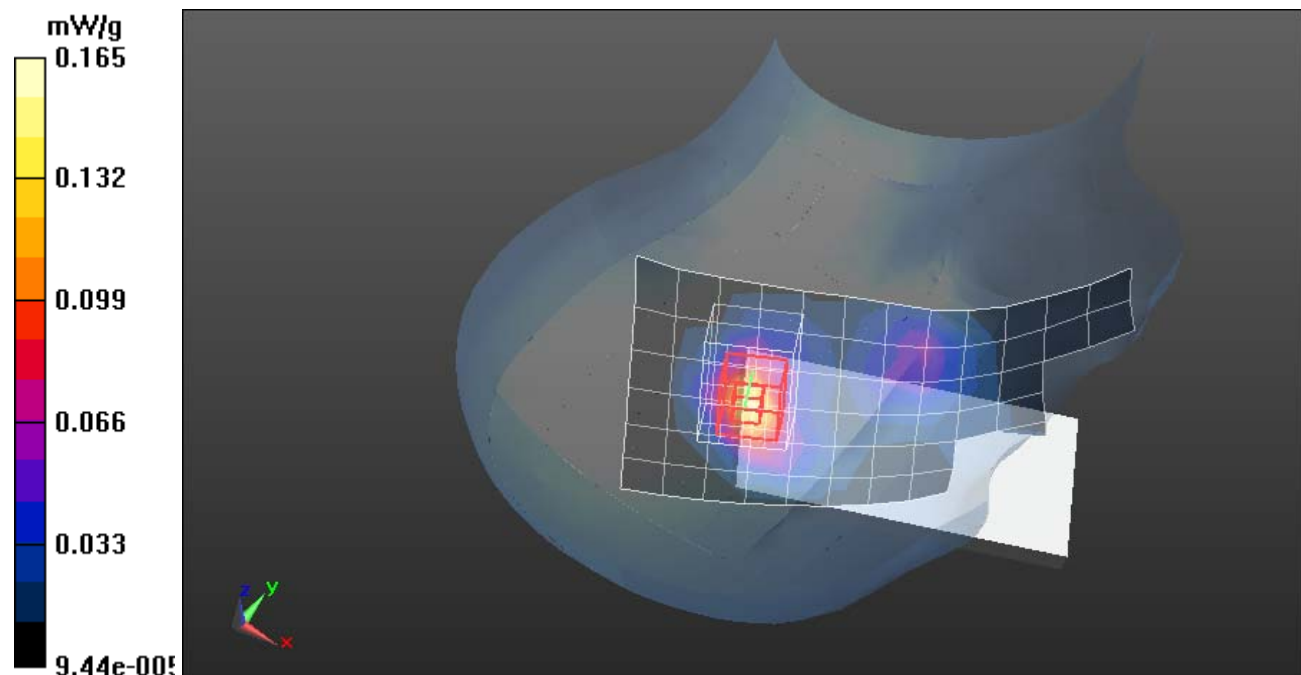
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.551 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.2960

**SAR(1 g) = 0.143 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.165 mW/g



## **Appendix 3**

### **SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Test Results**

Date/Time: 7/26/2012 1:10:24 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM1900 Body Worn

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID: IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: BACK OF PHONE 25MM FROM PHANTOM

Communication System: GPRS Class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.103 mW/g

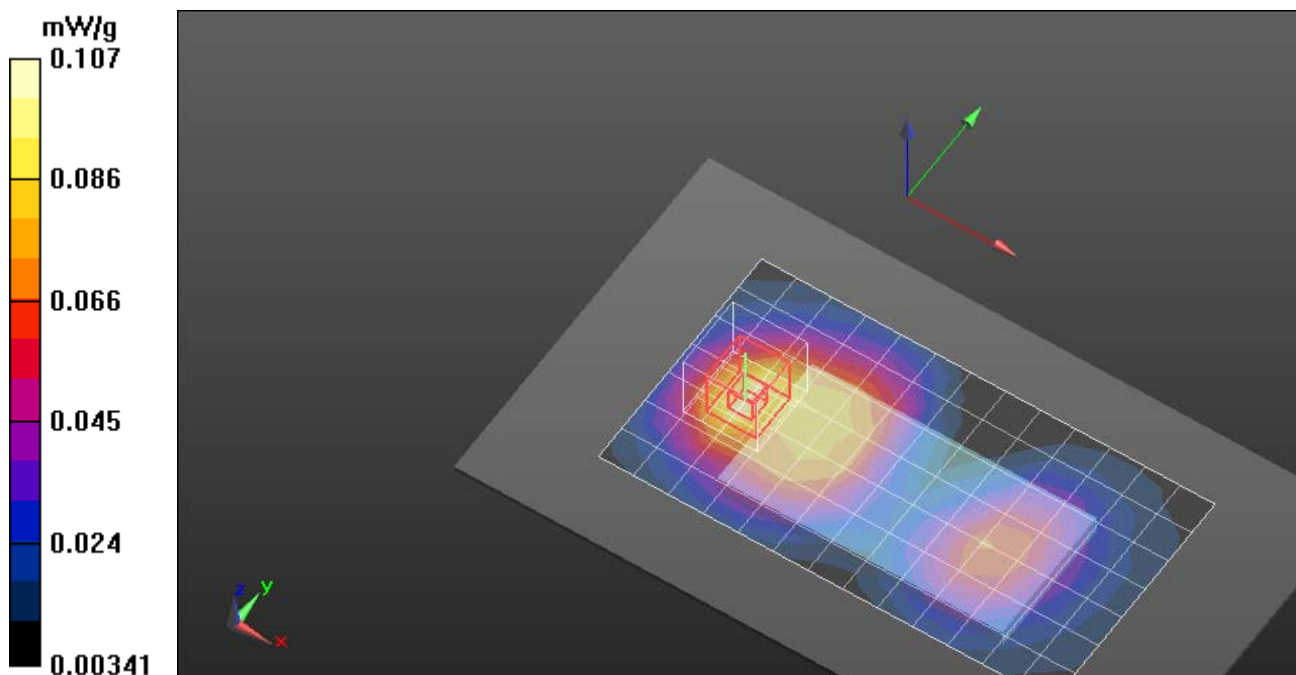
**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.985 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0055 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.1520

**SAR(1 g) = 0.099 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/1/2012 3:59:57 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM850 Body Worn

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: BACK OF PHONE 25MM FROM PHANTOM

Communication System: GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 mW/g

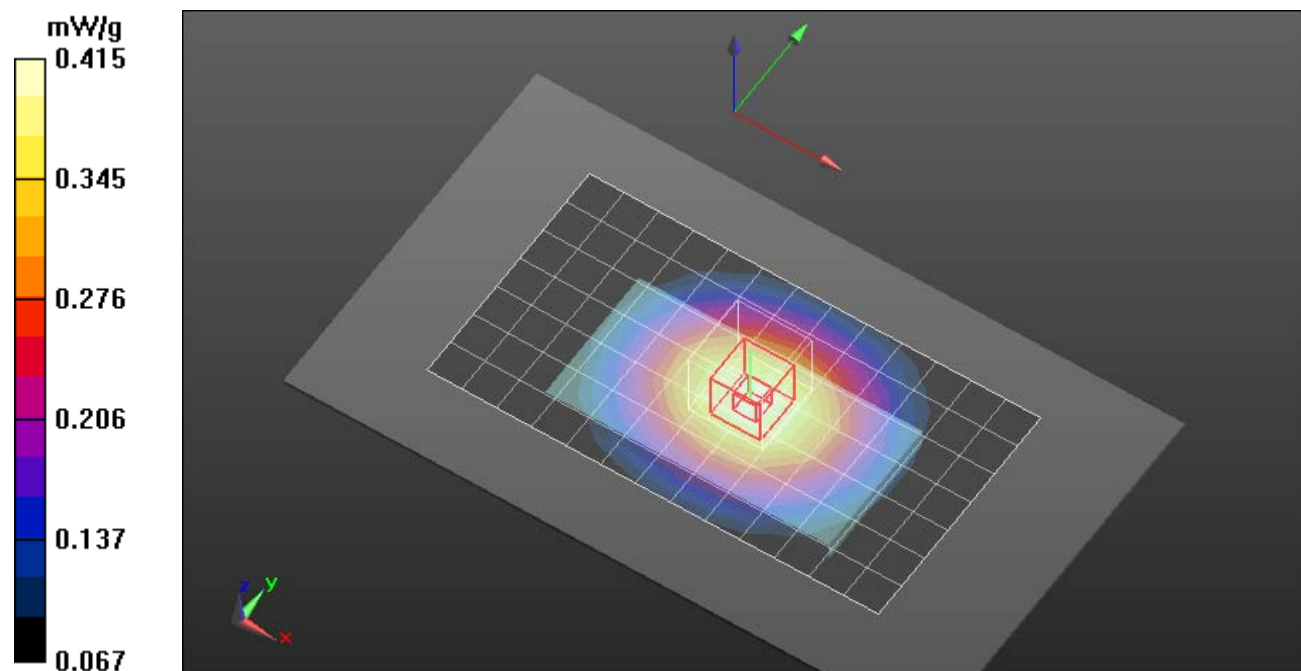
**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.600 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.5050

**SAR(1 g) = 0.394 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.293 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.415 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/11/2012 12:14:00 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WiFi2450 Body Worn

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 802.11b 5.5 Mbps; Antenna Position: intetnal; Battery Model #: intetnal  
 DEVICE POSITION: BACK OF PHONE 25MM FROM PHONE

Communication System: \_Wi-Fi 2450MHz; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Diacetin Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.039 mW/g

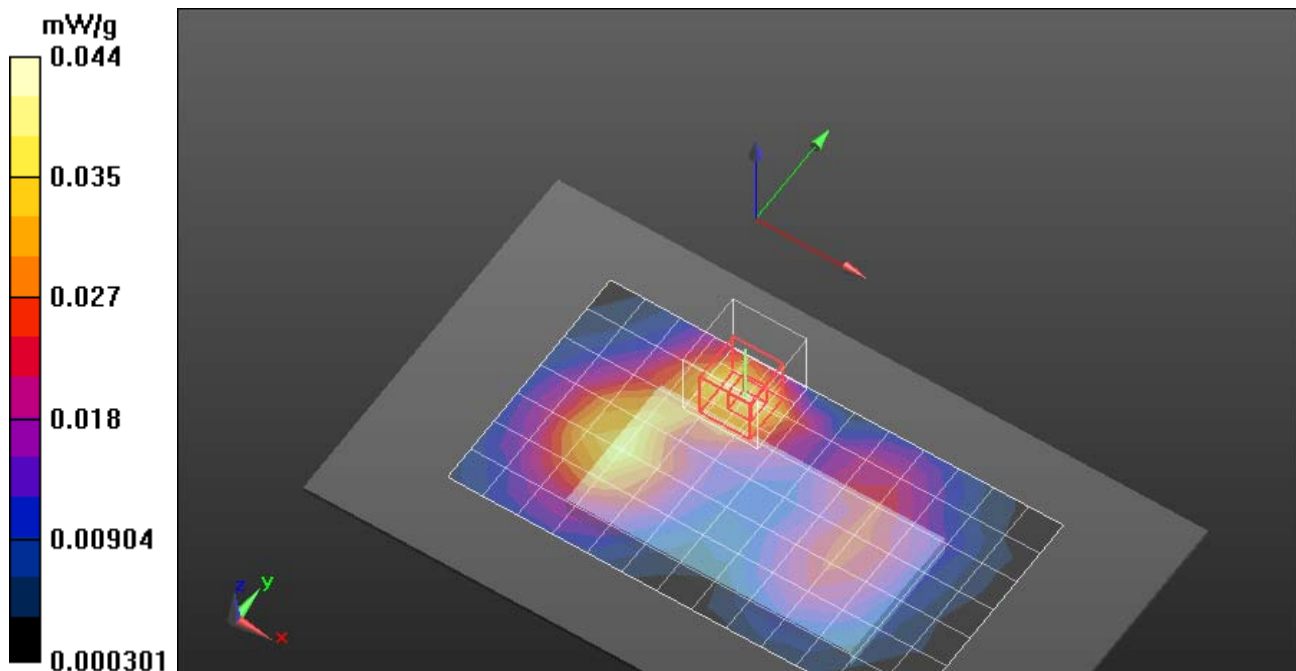
**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.252 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0730

**SAR(1 g) = 0.040 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.022 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.044 mW/g



## **Appendix 4**

### **SAR distribution plots for Mobile Hotspot Test Results**

Date/Time: 8/2/2012 9:57:36 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WiFi Hotspot Body Worn Back

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: Body Worn, Back of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: GPRS Class 12; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.97, 5.97, 5.97); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 mW/g

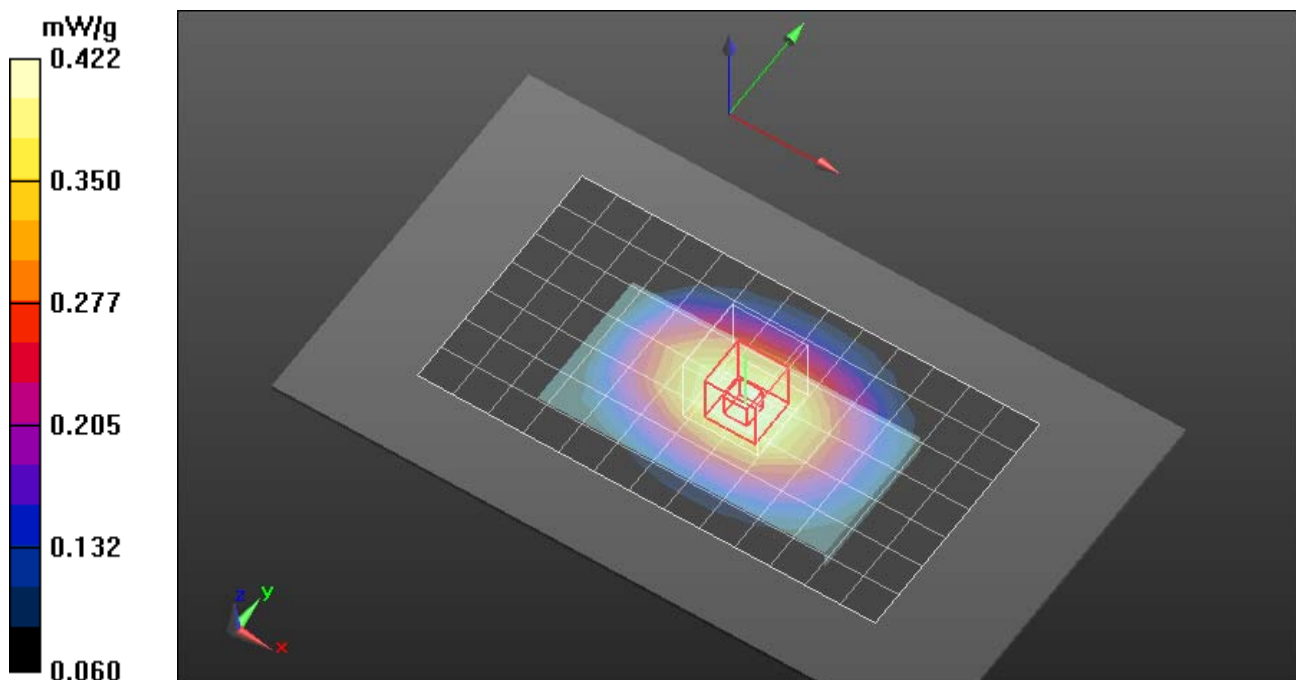
**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.449 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.4990

**SAR(1 g) = 0.401 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.422 mW/g



Date/Time: 8/3/2012 7:14:18 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WiFi Hotspot Bottom Edge

Serial: 352524050007569; FCC ID:IHDT56NS8

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00 Antenna Position: internal; Battery Model #: internal

DEVICE POSITION: Body Worn, Bottom Edge of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: GPRS Class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3180; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1313; Calibrated: 1/20/2012
- Phantom: R#-12, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.3); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 mW/g

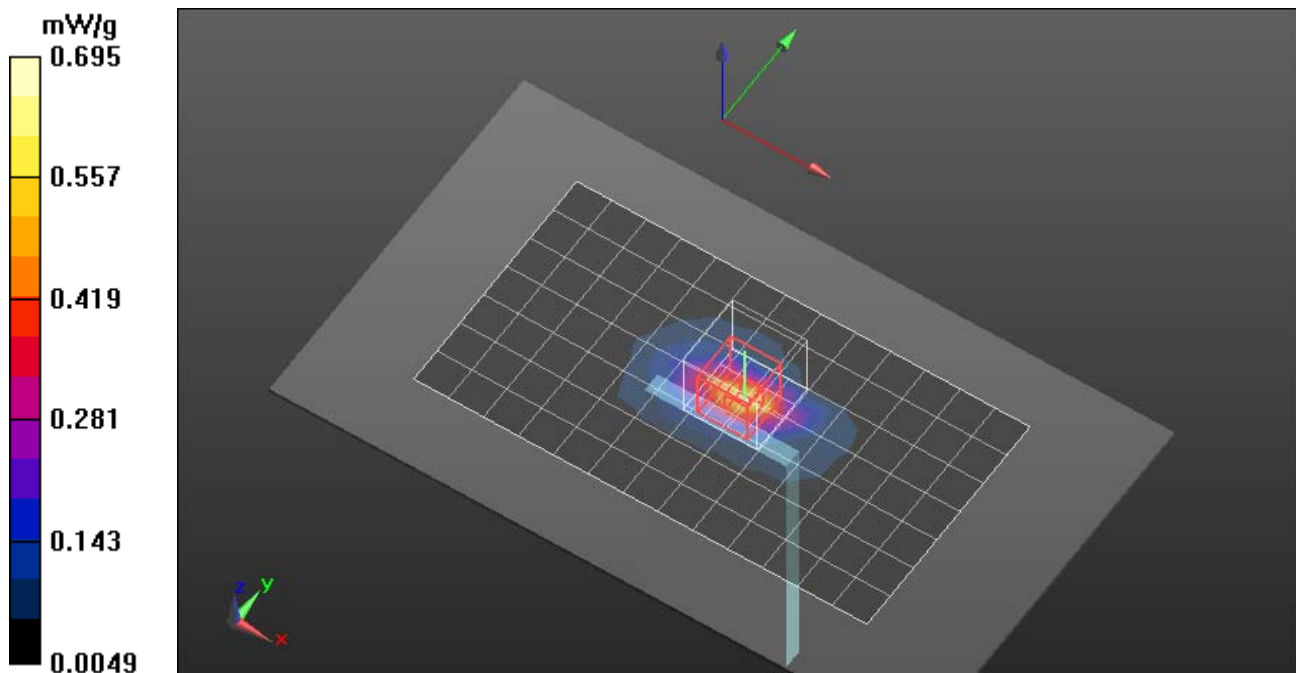
**DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.831 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.1170

**SAR(1 g) = 0.590 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.280 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 mW/g



## **Appendix 5**

### **Measurement Uncertainty Budget**

### Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 735 MHz to 3 GHz

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Description IEEE1528(2003) / IEC62209-1(2005)	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (1 g)	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	10 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	<i>v<sub>i</sub></i>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration [ES3DV3]	E.2.1 / 7.2.1	6.0	N	1.00	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3 / 7.2.1.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4 / 7.2.1.3	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5 / 7.2.1.4	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6 / 7.2.1.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7 / 7.2.1.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8 / 7.2.1.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2 / 7.2.2.1	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3 / 7.2.2.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5 / 7.2.4	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2 / 7.2.2.4	3.4	N	1.00	1	1	3.4	3.4	79
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1 / 7.2.2.4.2	4.5	N	1.00	1	1	4.5	4.5	11
SAR drift	6.6.2 / 7.2.3.5	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1 / 7.2.2.2	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3 / 7.2.3.3	2.5	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	6
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	2.3	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.4	1.1	6
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS				11	11	372
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)</b>			<i>k</i> =2				22	22	

## **Appendix 6**

### **Probe Calibration Certificate**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **ES3-3180\_Jan12**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3180
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	January 11, 2012
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity &lt; 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&amp;TE critical for calibration)</p>	

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
			Issued: January 13, 2012
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3180

Manufactured: March 25, 2008  
Calibrated: January 11, 2012

Calibrated for DASYS/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3180

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.21	1.05	1.01	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.4	103.7	103.5	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	107.7	$\pm 3.0\%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	103.4	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	92.6	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3180

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.30	6.30	6.30	0.26	1.99	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.07	6.07	6.07	0.41	1.56	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.43	1.56	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.97	4.97	4.97	0.72	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.77	1.33	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3180

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

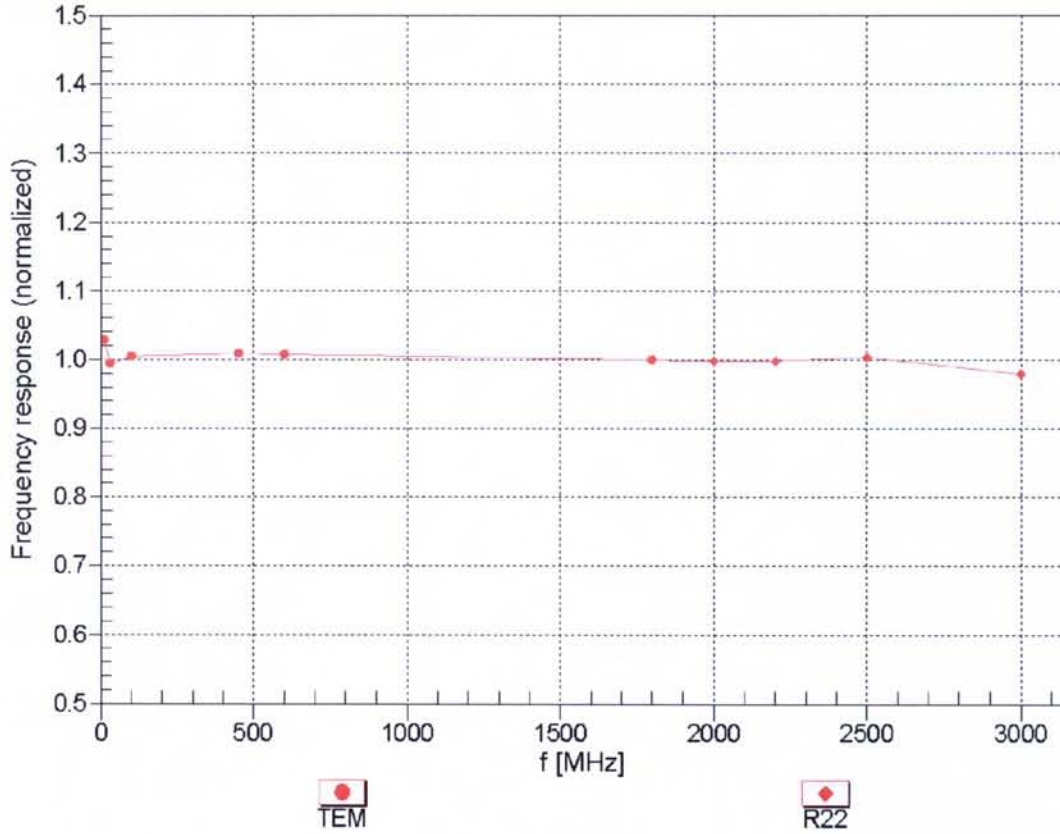
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.06	6.06	6.06	0.35	1.71	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.52	1.36	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	5.09	5.09	5.09	0.65	1.58	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	5.03	5.03	5.03	0.64	1.52	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.46	4.46	4.46	0.80	1.21	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

# Frequency Response of E-Field

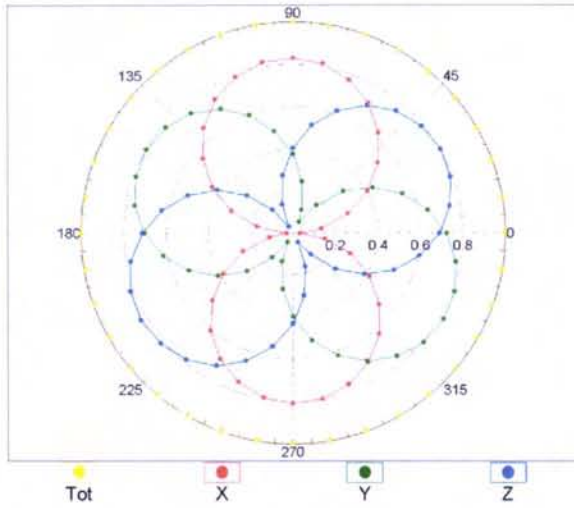
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



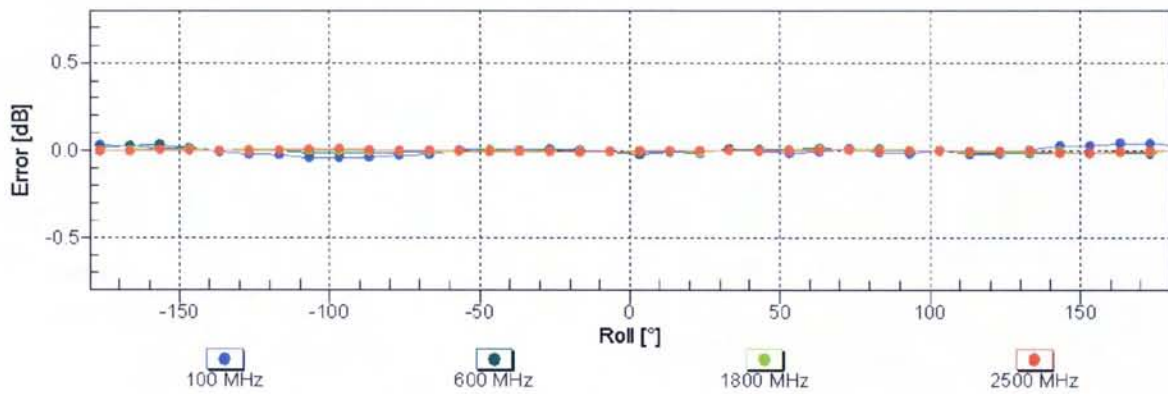
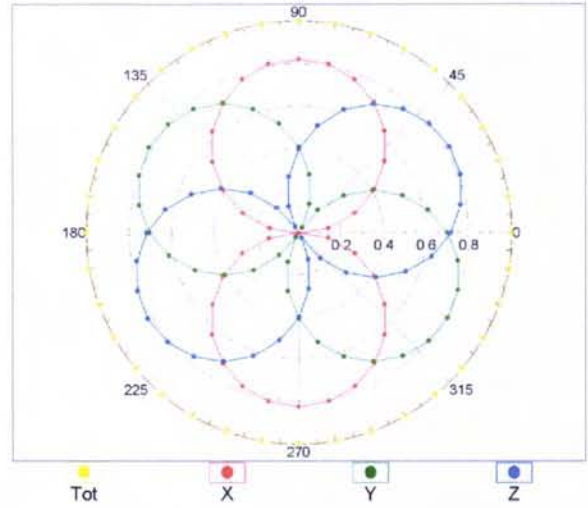
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

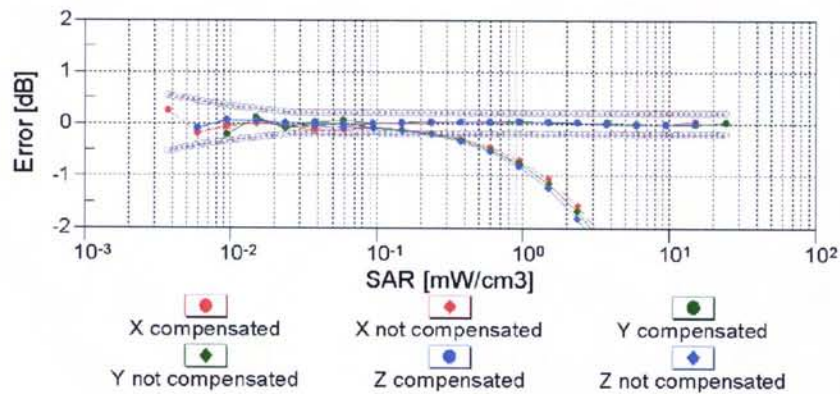
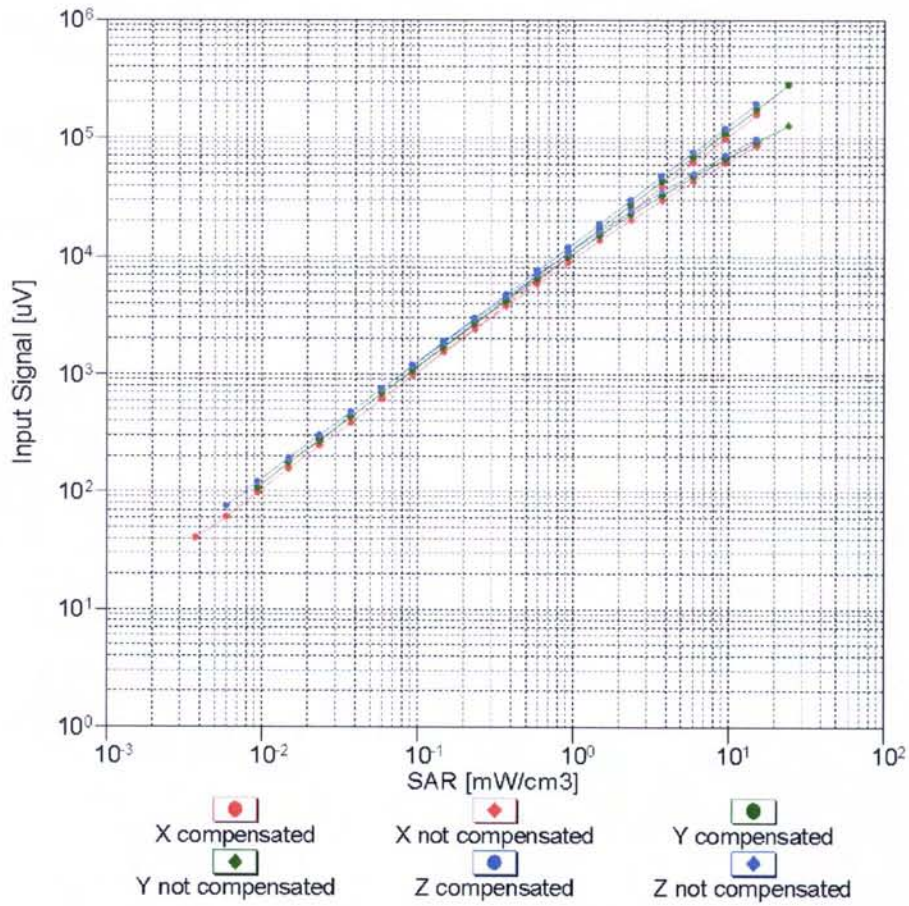


f=1800 MHz,R22



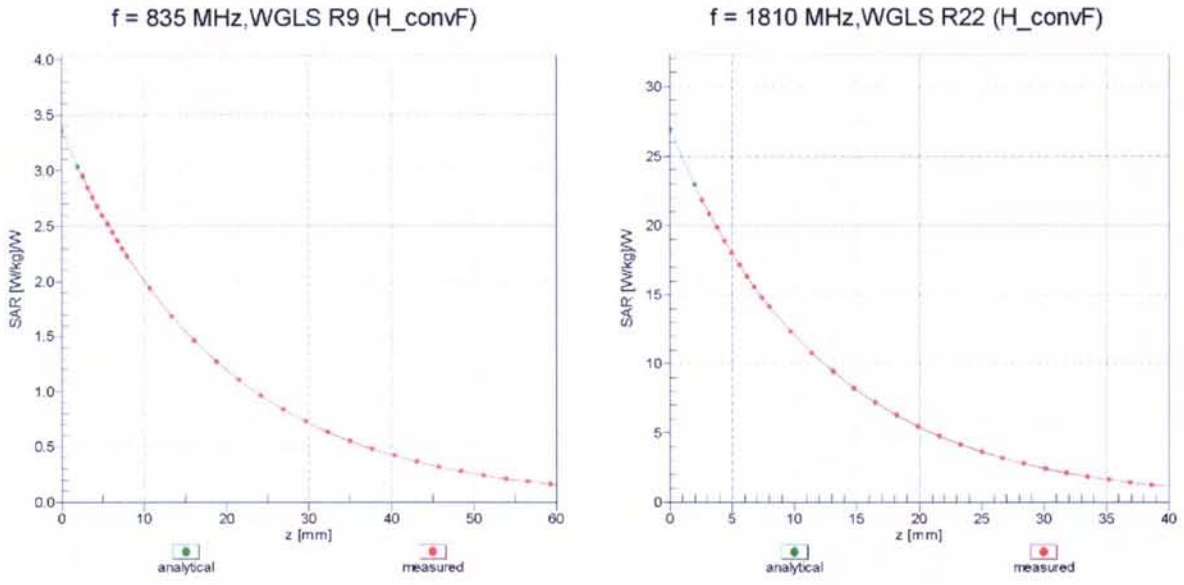
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )

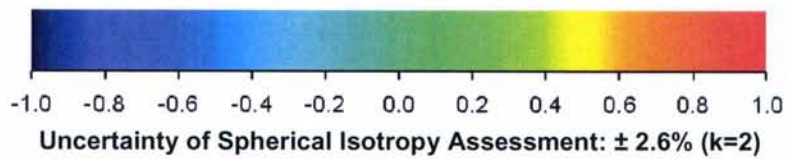
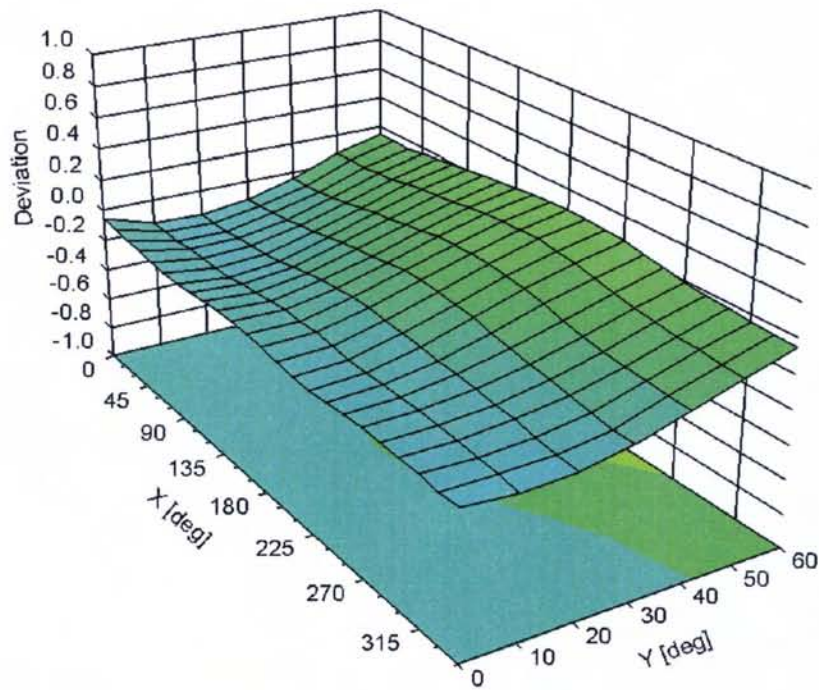


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3180

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

## **Appendix 6**

### **Dipole Characterization Certificate**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **D835V2-425\_Jul11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 425**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 08, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Name: Jeton Kastrati** **Function: Laboratory Technician**

**Signature:**

Approved by: **Name: Katja Pokovic** **Function: Technical Manager**

**Signature:**

Issued: July 12, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	15 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.0 $\pm$ 6 %	0.88 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.25 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.13 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.47 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>5.94 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	53.8 $\pm$ 6 %	0.98 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.37 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.35 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>6.18 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.0 $\Omega$ + 2.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.2 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1 $\Omega$ + 2.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 32.4 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.401 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 24, 2000

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 08.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 425**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

**Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

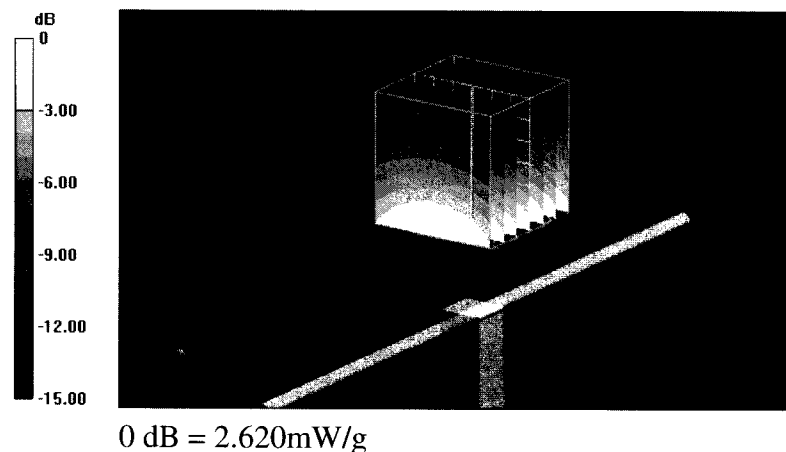
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.396 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.296 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.624 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

8 Jul 2011 10:15:06

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 52.982  $\Omega$  2.7031  $\Omega$  515.23 pF 835.000 000 MHz

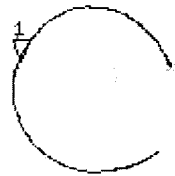
\*

De1

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d

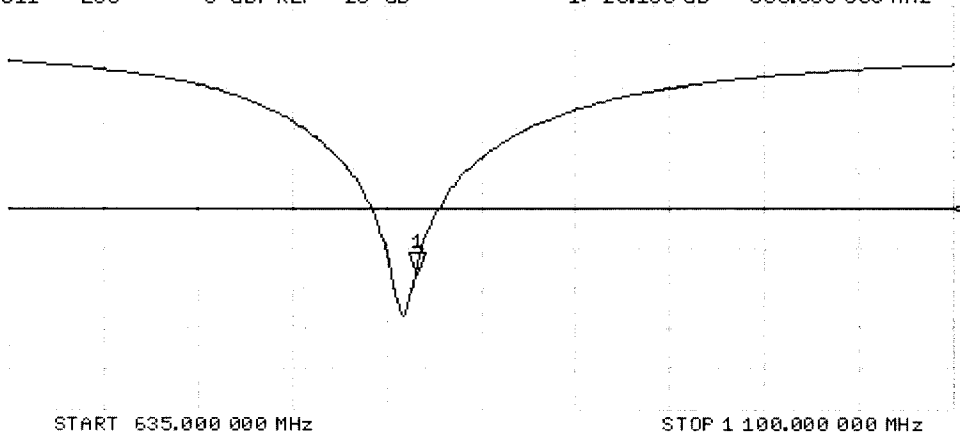


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -28.166 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

H1d



## DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 08.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 425**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.02, 6.02, 6.02); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### **Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

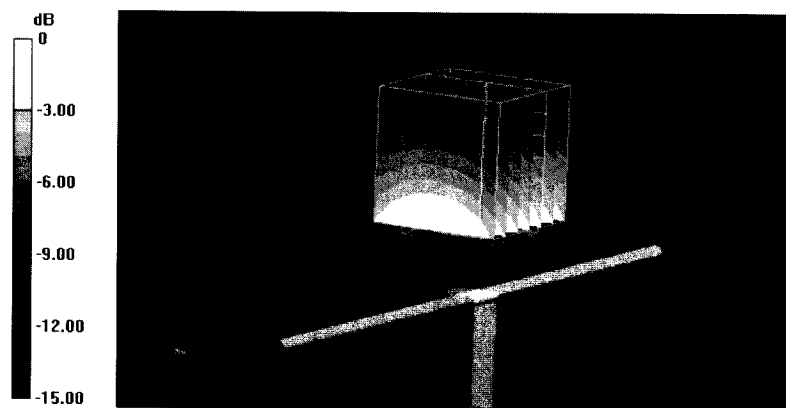
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.024 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.431 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.759 mW/g



0 dB = 2.760mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

8 Jul 2011 14:29:23

[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 49.143  $\Omega$  2: 2.2227  $\Omega$  423.65  $\mu\text{H}$  835.000 000 MHz

\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

H1 d



CH1 Markers

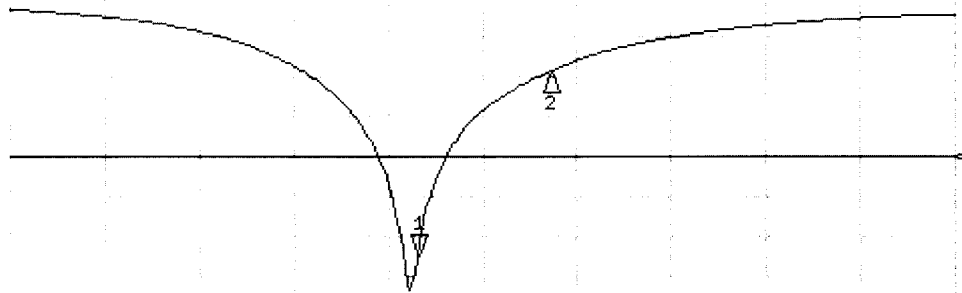
2: 61.988  $\Omega$   
37.531  $\Omega$   
900.000 MHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -32.392 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

H1 d



CH2 Markers

2: -9.5360 dB  
900.000 MHz

START 635.000 000 MHz

STOP 1 100.000 000 MHz



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **D1800V2-2d129\_Jul11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1800V2 - SN: 2d129**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 22, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Dimce Iliev</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function <b>Technical Manager</b>	Signature 

Issued: July 22, 2011

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.2 $\pm$ 6 %	1.37 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.55 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>38.5 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.2 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	52.2 $\pm$ 6 %	1.50 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.67 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>38.8 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.6 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 $\Omega$ - 2.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.8 $\Omega$ - 2.8 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.8 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.209 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 27, 2005

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d129**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

### **Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:**

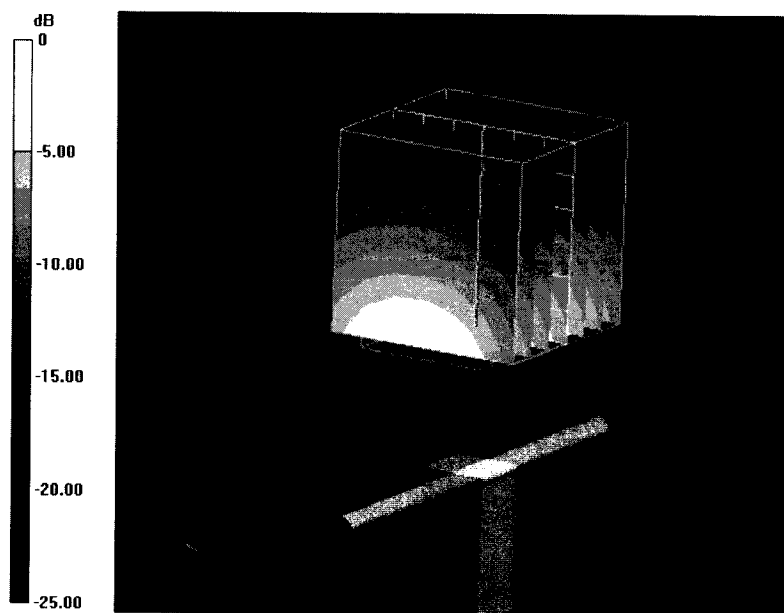
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.826 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.101 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.040 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

20 Jul 2011 09:33:37

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 48.383  $\Omega$  -2.2656  $\Omega$  39.027 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

H1 d

CH1 Markers

2: 58.375  $\Omega$   
16.438  $\Omega$   
1.90000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -30.954 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

H1 d

CH2 Markers

2: -15.478 dB  
1.90000 GHz

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 22.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d129**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.128 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.950 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.225 mW/g



0 dB = 12.220mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

22 Jul 2011 09:31:45

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 43.779  $\Omega$  -2.7537  $\Omega$  31.993 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
15

H1 d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-22.790 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

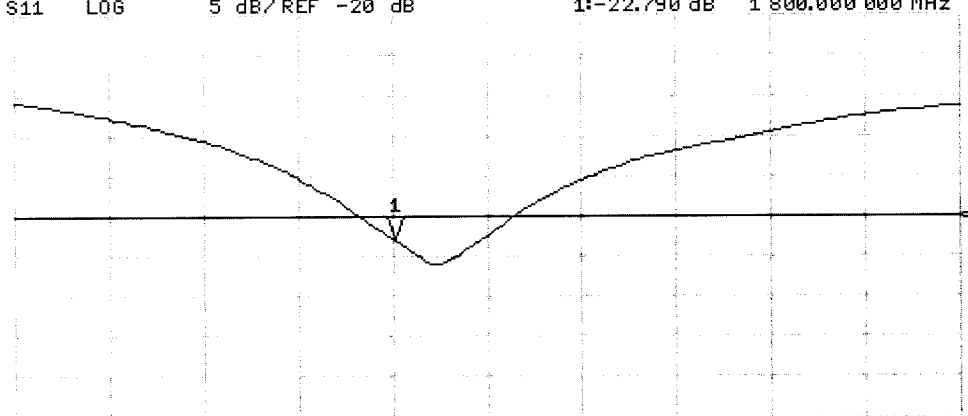
Cor

Avg  
15

H1 d

START 1 600.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 100.000 000 MHz





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-788\_Jul11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 12, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** (Name) / **Laboratory Technician** (Function) / *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name) / **Technical Manager** (Function) / *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: July 12, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>55.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.49 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>25.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>51.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.0 $\Omega$ + 4.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 $\Omega$ + 5.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 7/12/2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HBBL 1900-3800V3

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/29/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 7/4/2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2)
- SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

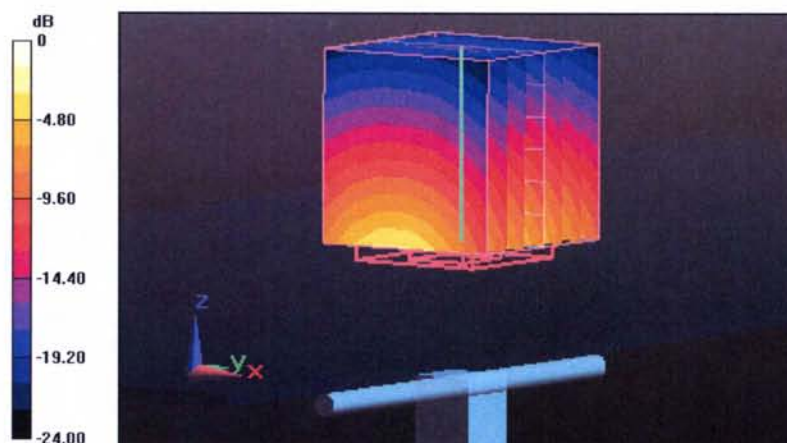
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.847 W/kg

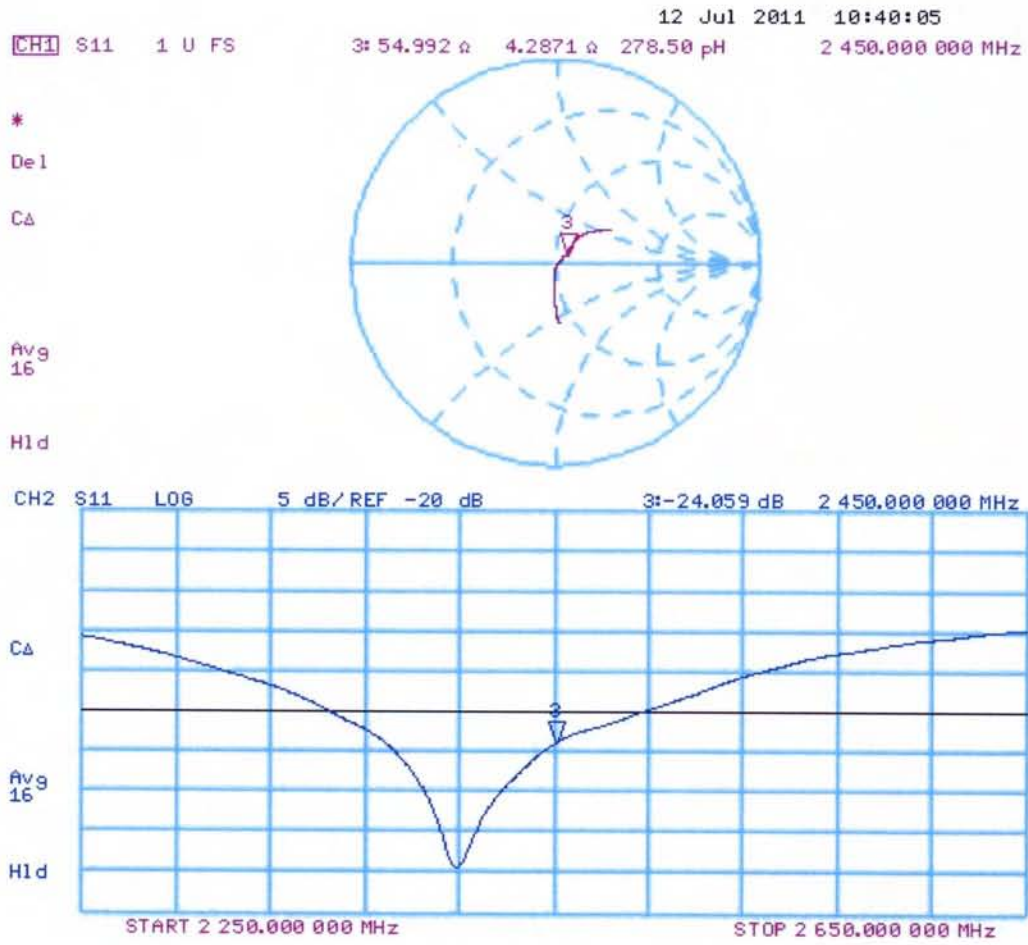
**SAR(1 g) = 14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.49 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.898 mW/g



0 dB = 17.900mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

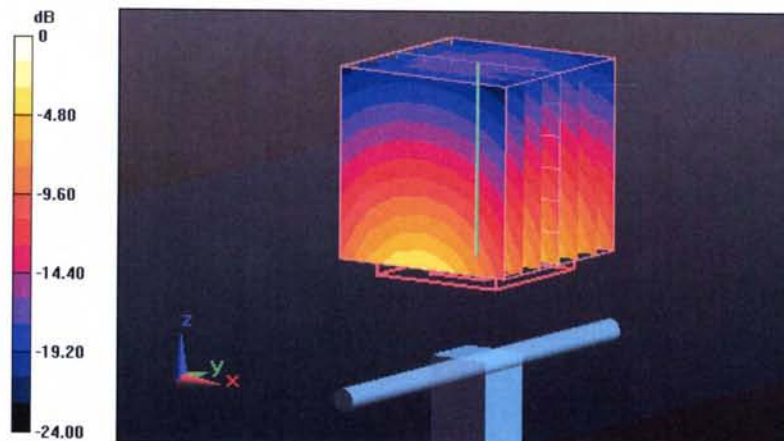
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.028 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.823 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.108 mW/g



0 dB = 17.110mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

12 Jul 2011 10:42:18

[CH1] S11 1 U FS 3: 49.928  $\Omega$  5.6094  $\Omega$  364.39 pF 2 450.000 000 MHz

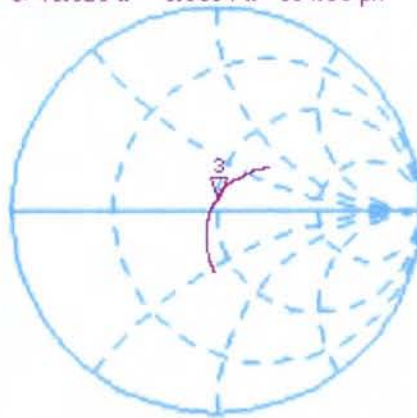
\*

De l

CA

Avg  
0

H1 d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3: -25.025 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
0

H1 d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

**END OF REPORT**