

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparisons for System Accuracy Verifications

System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Head SAR Measurements

Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - 835 MHz System Performance Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:436TR;

Procedure Notes: Input Power = 200 mW; Refl.Pwr = -24.60 dB;

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.1C Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.1C Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation *HEAD Tissue*; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.6$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole

Area Scan (5x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.21 mW/g

DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-

Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

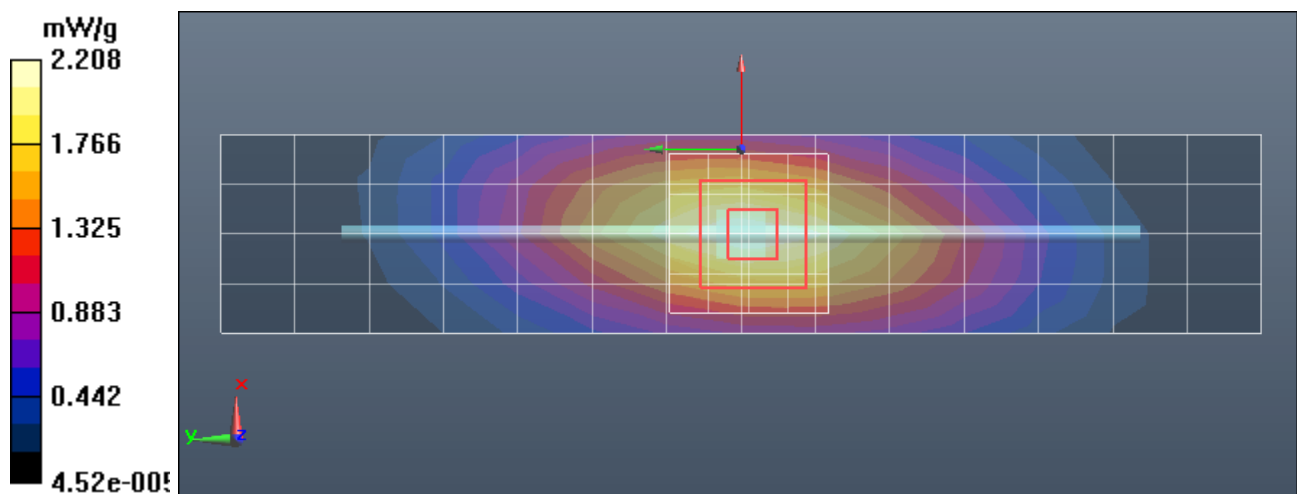
Reference Value = 50.029 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.024 mW/g

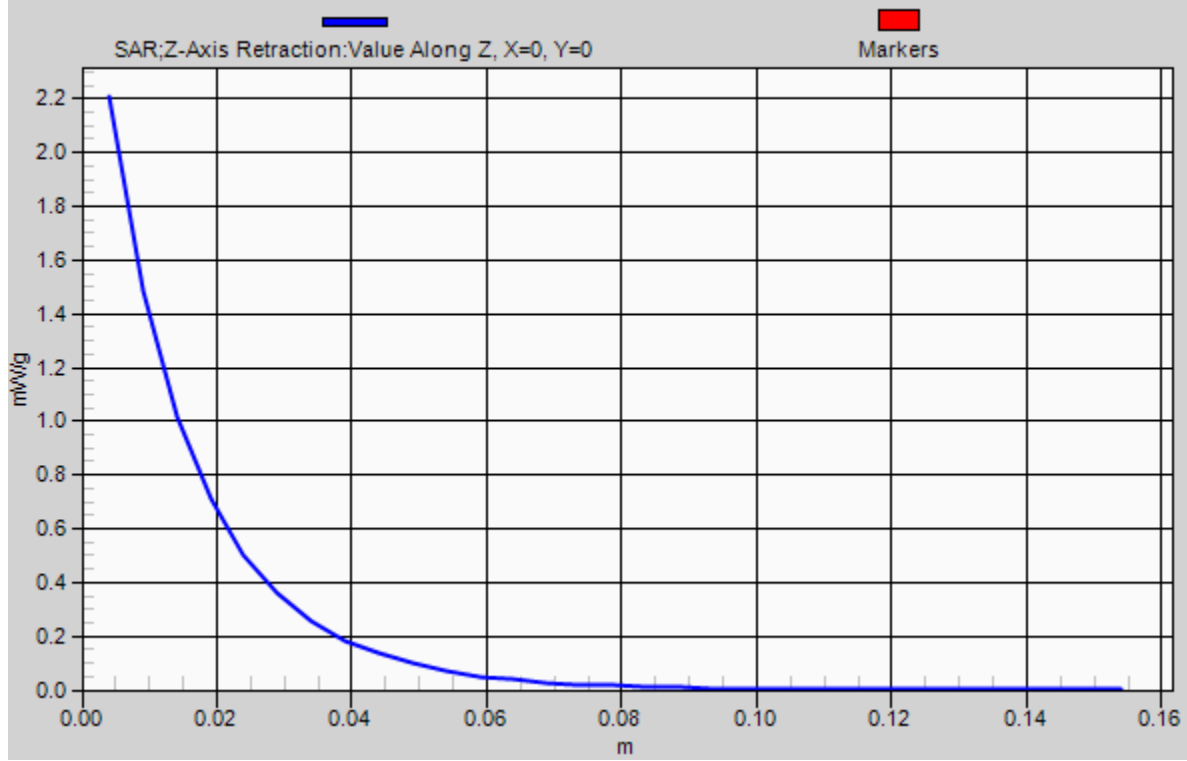
SAR(1 g) = 2.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 mW/g

DASY5, SAM - System Performance Check Template, Rev.2 (12-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis

Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm



SAR(x,y,z,f0)



System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Body SAR Measurements

Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - 835 MHz System Performance Check

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:436tr;

Procedure Notes: Input Power = 200 mW; Refl.Pwr = -27.35 dB

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.3 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.1 Room Temp @ SPC = 21.2

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* ; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.01 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$

kg/m^3

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3124; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 8/23/2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 8/31/2011
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC

Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.11 mW/g

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-

Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 47.039 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

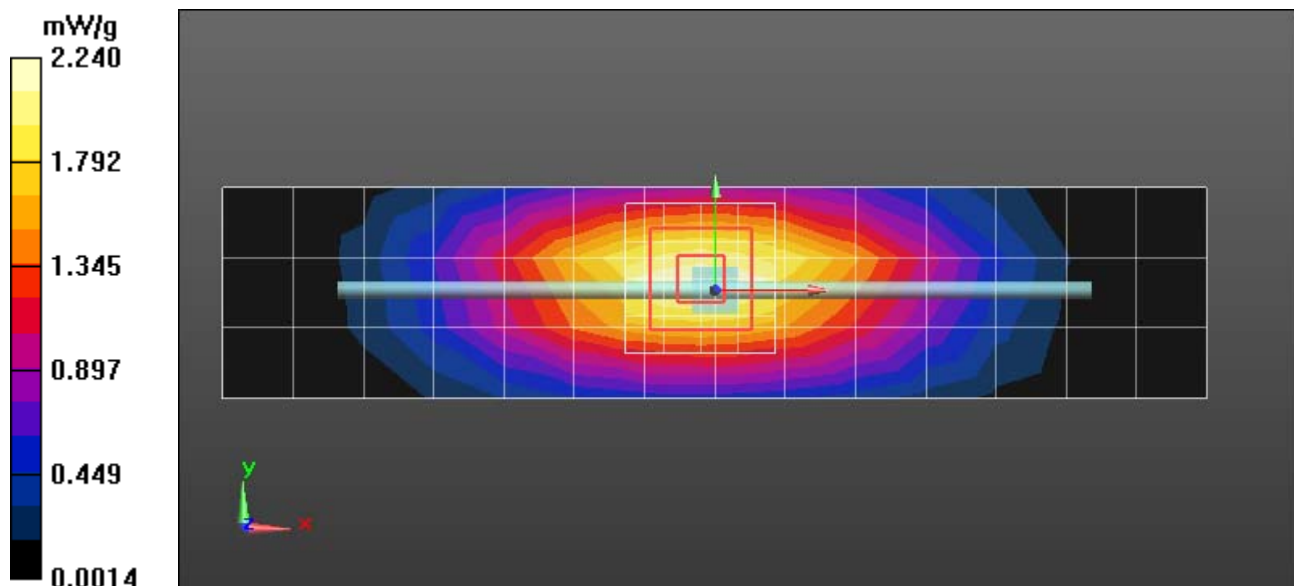
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.070 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 2.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.37 mW/g

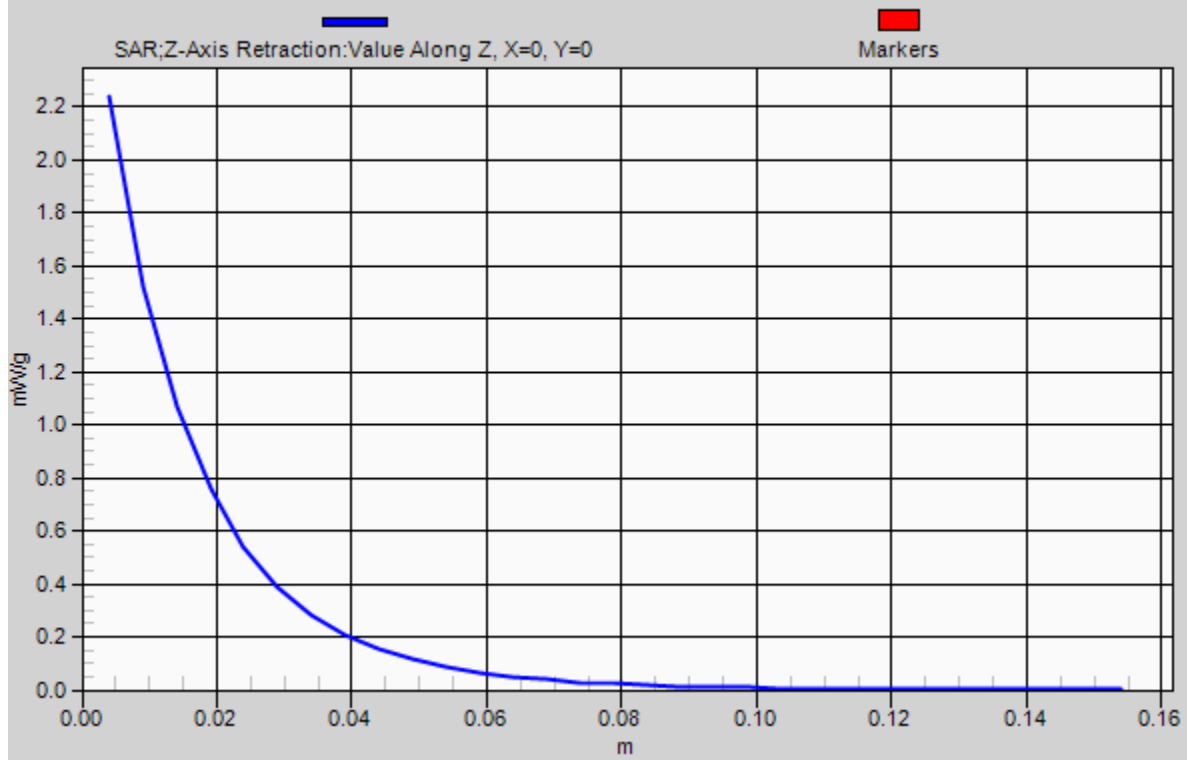
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.24 mW/g

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-

Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$



SAR(x,y,z,f0)



Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Head Adjacent Test Results

Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 800 Cheek Touch

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A DEVICE POSITION: CHEEK

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 815.51 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 815 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.696 mW/g

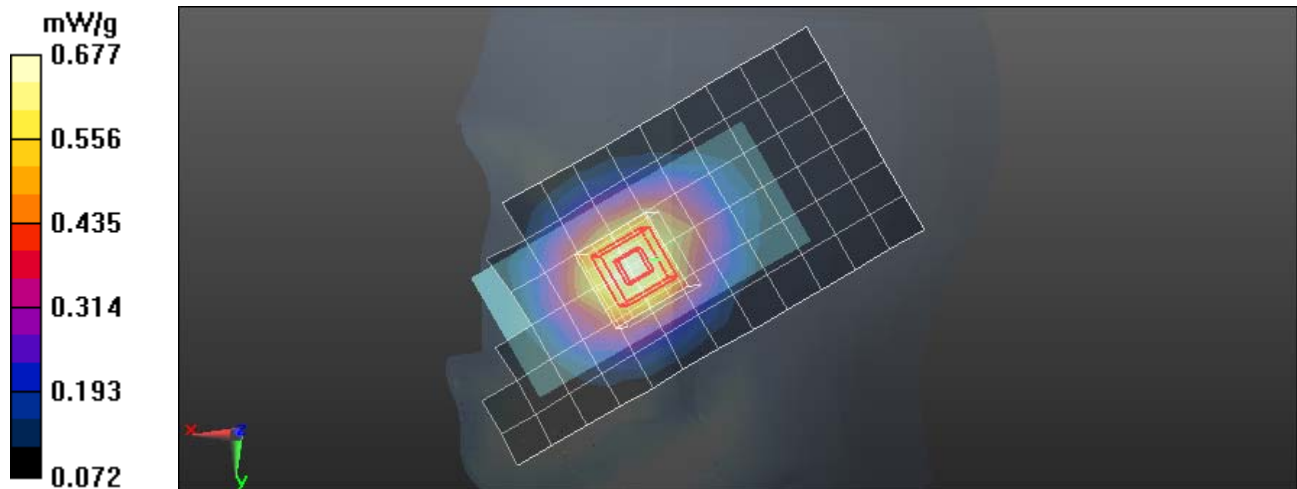
DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ($\leq 3\text{GHz}$) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 25.899 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.807 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.643 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.677 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 900 Cheek Touch

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A DEVICE POSITION: CHEEK

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 901.98 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 3;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 899$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.22 mW/g

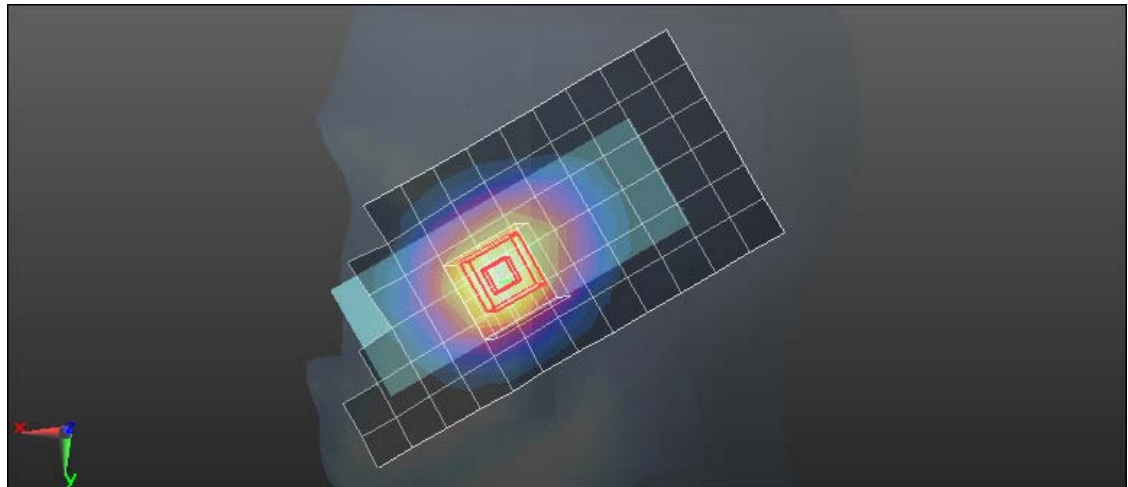
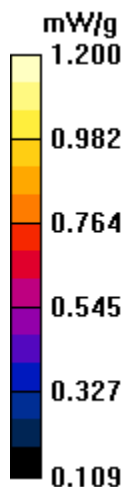
DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 34.732 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.446 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.841 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 800 15 Degree Tilt

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 815.51 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 815 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.3 (29-Sept-11)/Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g

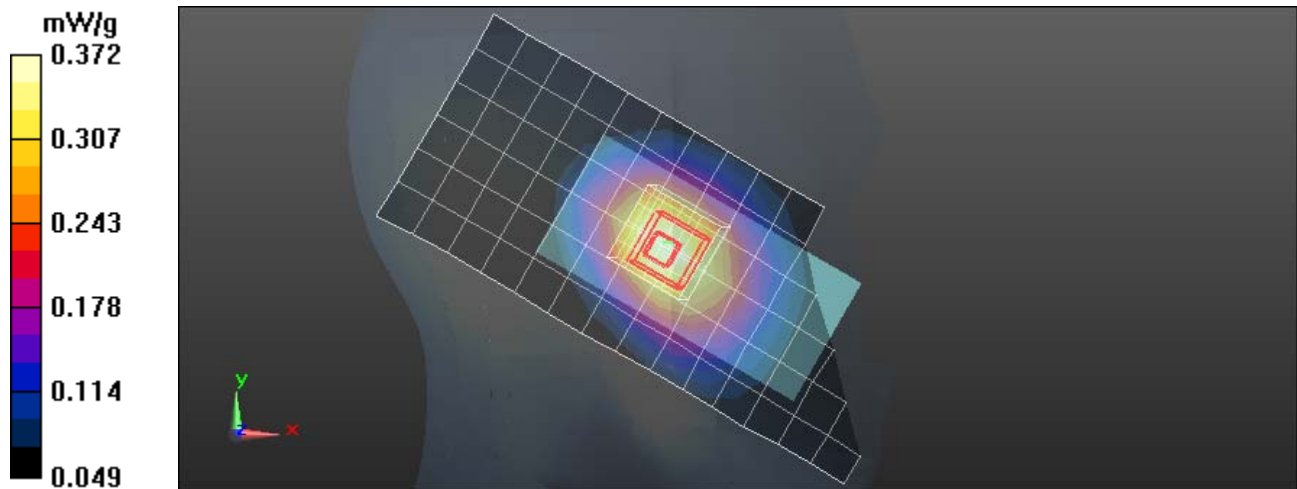
DASY5, SAM - Phone against Left Head Template, Rev.3 (29-Sept-11)/Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ($\leq 3\text{GHz}$) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.898 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.465 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.372 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 900 15 Degree Tilt

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 898.99 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 899$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.580 mW/g

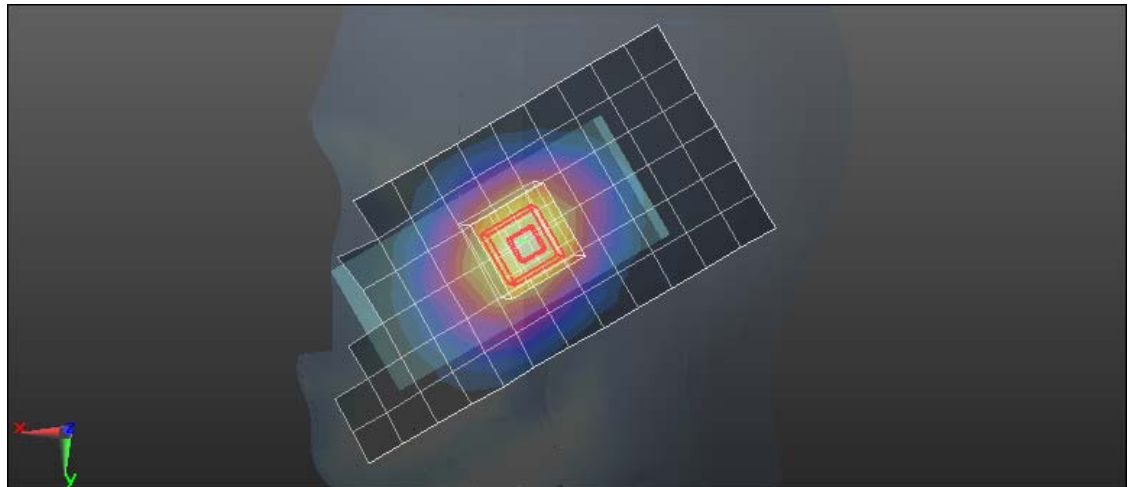
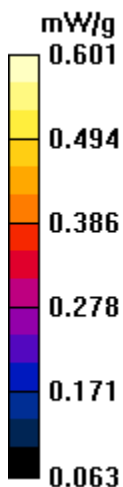
DASY5, SAM - Phone against RIGHT head template - Rev.2 (29-Sept-11)/Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.588 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.737 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.567 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.410 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.601 mW/g



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Dispatch/Push-to-Talk Test Results

Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 800 Push-To-Talk

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A Device Position: Push to talk, front 25mm

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 815.51 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 815 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM Flat Phone Template - Rev.1 (7-Sept-11)/SAM Phone Against Flat Section/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 mW/g

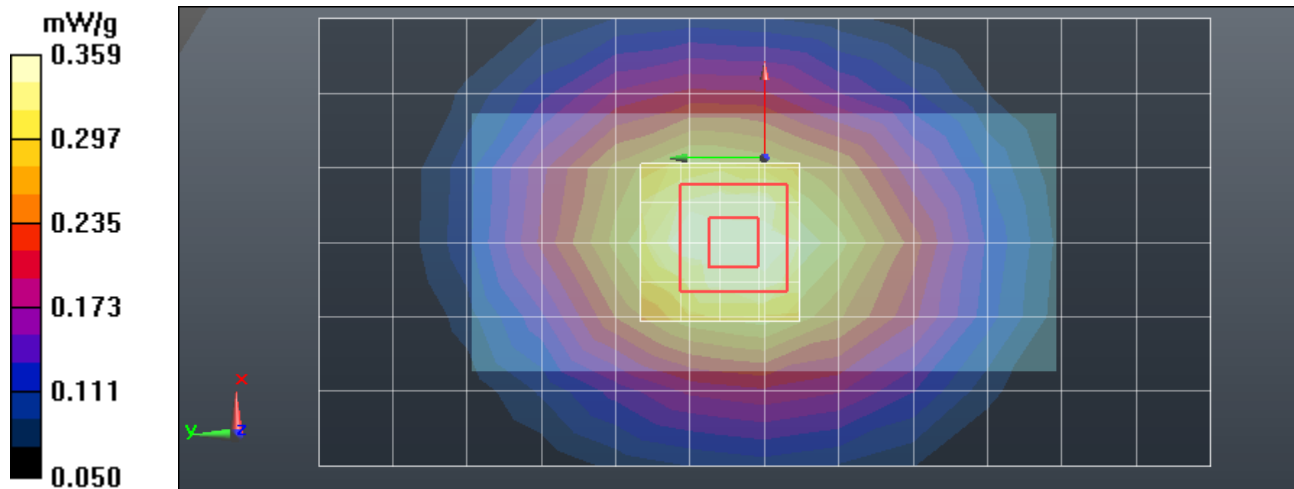
DASY5, SAM Flat Phone Template - Rev.1 (7-Sept-11)/SAM Phone Against Flat Section/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ($\leq 3\text{GHz}$) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.129 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.446 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 900 Push-To-Talk

Serial: 364BNJ18WX ; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Battery Model #: BN70 SNN5837A; Device Position: Push to talk, front 25mm

Communication System: _iDEN 1:3 or 2:6; Frequency: 898.99 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2;
Duty Cycle: 1:2.99985

Medium: iDEN Sugar Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 899$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3115; ConvF(5.83, 5.83, 5.83); Calibrated: 1/11/2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 9/22/2011
- Phantom: R#2 Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.2 (24-Feb-12); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1235;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, SAM Flat Phone Template - Rev.1 (7-Sept-11)/SAM Phone Against Flat Section/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.455 mW/g

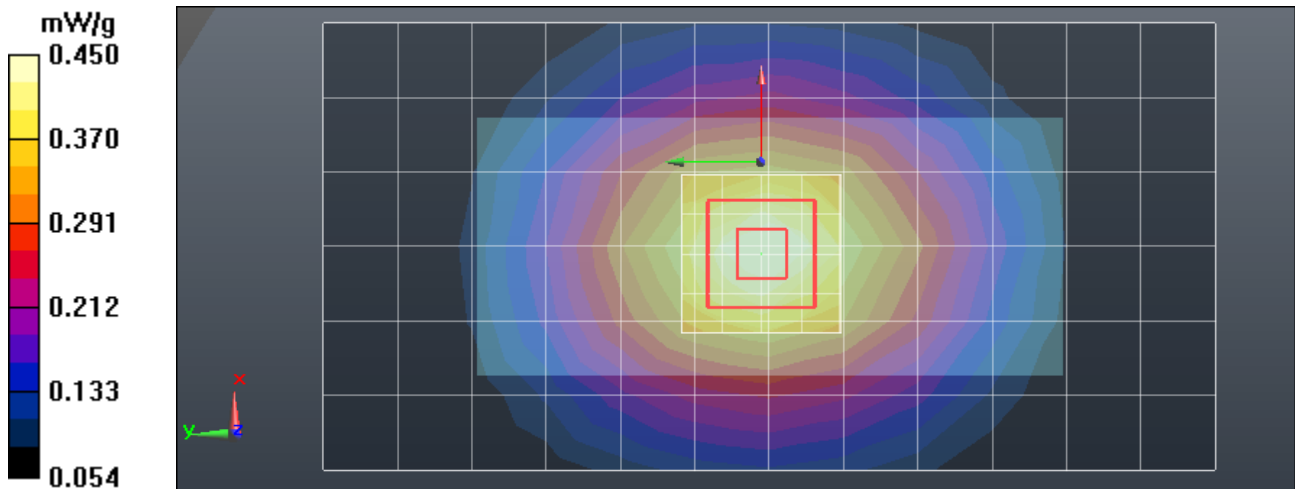
DASY5, SAM Flat Phone Template - Rev.1 (7-Sept-11)/SAM Phone Against Flat Section/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.869 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.565 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.424 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.450 mW/g



Appendix 4

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Test Results

Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 800 Body Worn

DUT: Serial: 364BNJ18WX; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: Battery Model #:BN70 SNN5837A Device Position: PACKET DATA MODE BODY WORN, BACK OF PHONE IN HOLSTER

Communication System: _iDEN Data; Frequency: 824.98 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1.50003

Medium: iDEN Sugar Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 815$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3124; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 8/23/2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 8/31/2011
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 mW/g

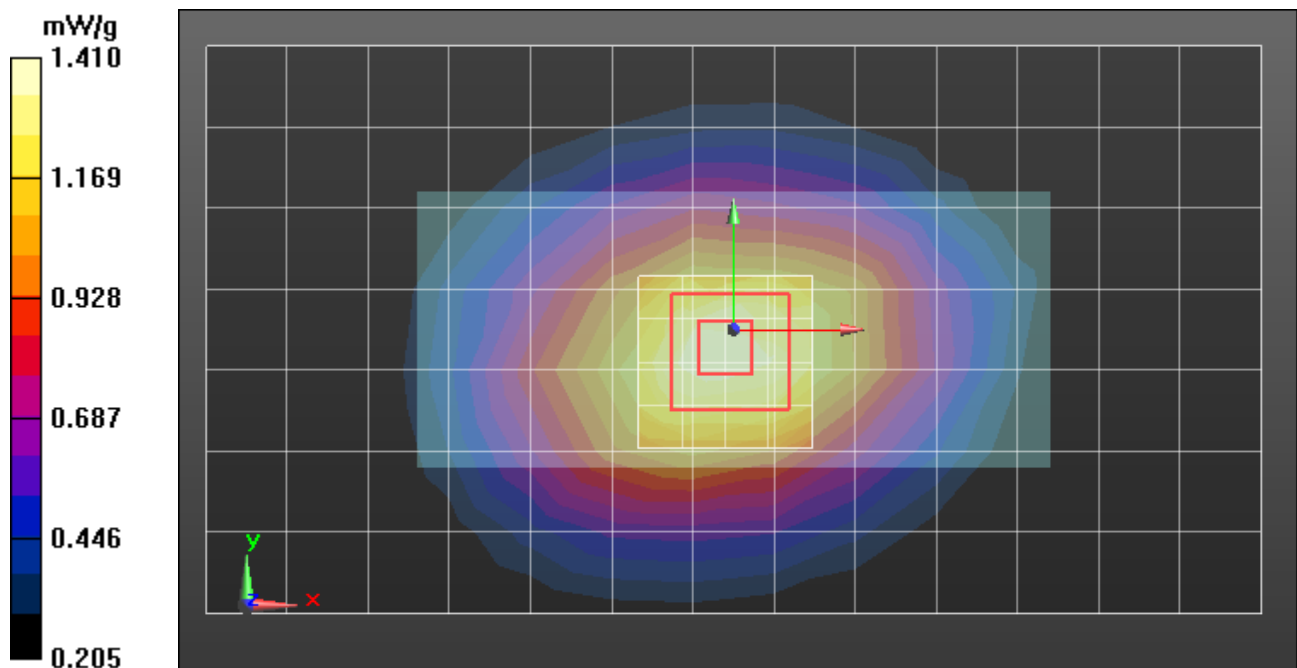
DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 36.798 V/m; Power Drift = -0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.653 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.980 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola Mobility - iDEN 900 Body Worn

DUT: Serial: 364BNJ18WX; FCC ID: IHDT56NP1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: Battery Model #:BN70 SNN5837A Device Position: PACKET DATA MODE BODY WORN, BACK OF PHONE IN HOLSTER

Communication System: _iDEN Data; Frequency: 898.99 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 2; Duty Cycle: 1:1.50003

Medium: iDEN Sugar Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 899$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.08$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3124; ConvF(6.04, 6.04, 6.04); Calibrated: 8/23/2011;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 8/31/2011
- Phantom: R#-1, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (14x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 mW/g

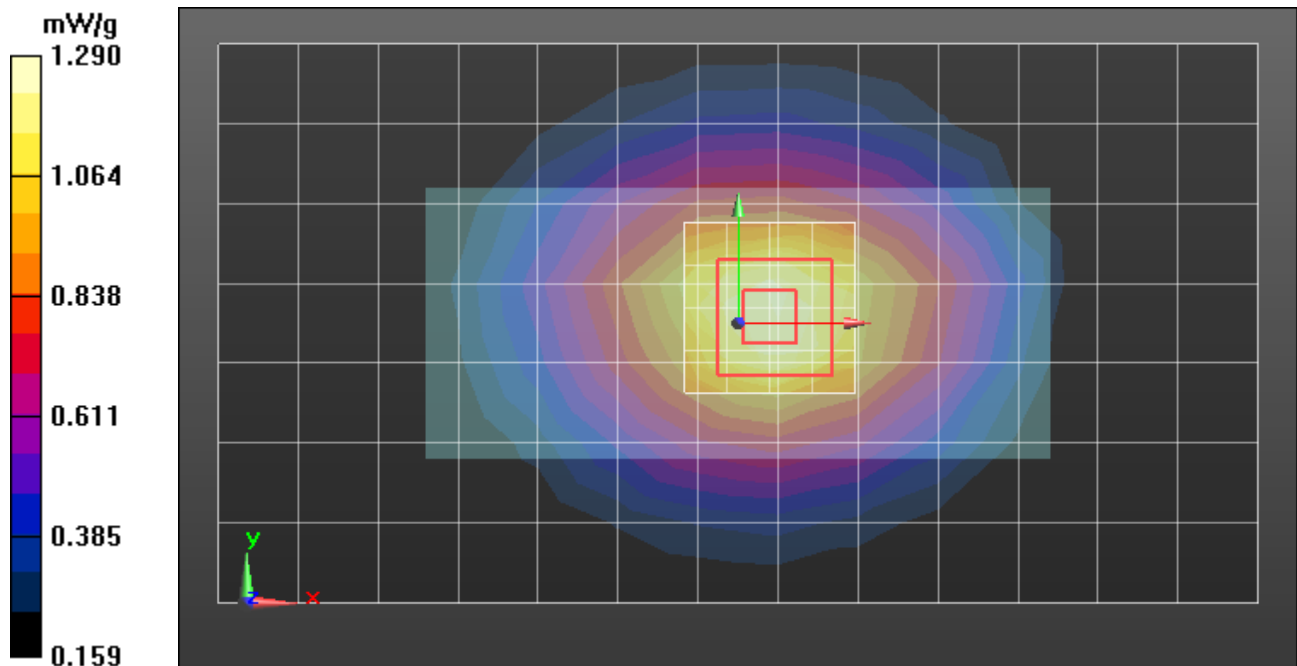
DASY5, Triple Flat Phone Template - Rev.5 (6-April-12)/Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 33.821 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.690 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.866 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 mW/g



Appendix 5

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 735 MHz to 3 GHz

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	$e = f(d,k)$	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	$h = c \times f / e$	$i = c \times g / e$	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	Description IEEE1528(2003) / IEC62209-1(2005)	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration [ES3DV3]	E.2.1 / 7.2.1	6.0	N	1.00	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3 / 7.2.1.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4 / 7.2.1.3	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5 / 7.2.1.4	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6 / 7.2.1.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7 / 7.2.1.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8 / 7.2.1.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2 / 7.2.2.1	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3 / 7.2.2.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5 / 7.2.4	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2 / 7.2.2.4	3.4	N	1.00	1	1	3.4	3.4	79
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1 / 7.2.2.4.2	4.5	N	1.00	1	1	4.5	4.5	11
SAR drift	6.6.2 / 7.2.3.5	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1 / 7.2.2.2	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3 / 7.2.3.3	2.5	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	6
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	2.3	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.4	1.1	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11	11	372
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				22	22	

Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDB**

Certificate No: **ES3-3115_Jan12**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3115**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 11, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: January 12, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}; A, B, C** are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3115

Manufactured: March 6, 2006
Calibrated: January 11, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3115

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	1.30	1.26	1.17	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	105.1	102.3	102.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	118.8	$\pm 3.0 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	107.0	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3115

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.05	6.05	6.05	0.35	1.73	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	5.83	5.83	5.83	0.69	1.20	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.17	5.17	5.17	0.80	1.19	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.81	4.81	4.81	0.72	1.26	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.35	4.35	4.35	0.80	1.32	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3115

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

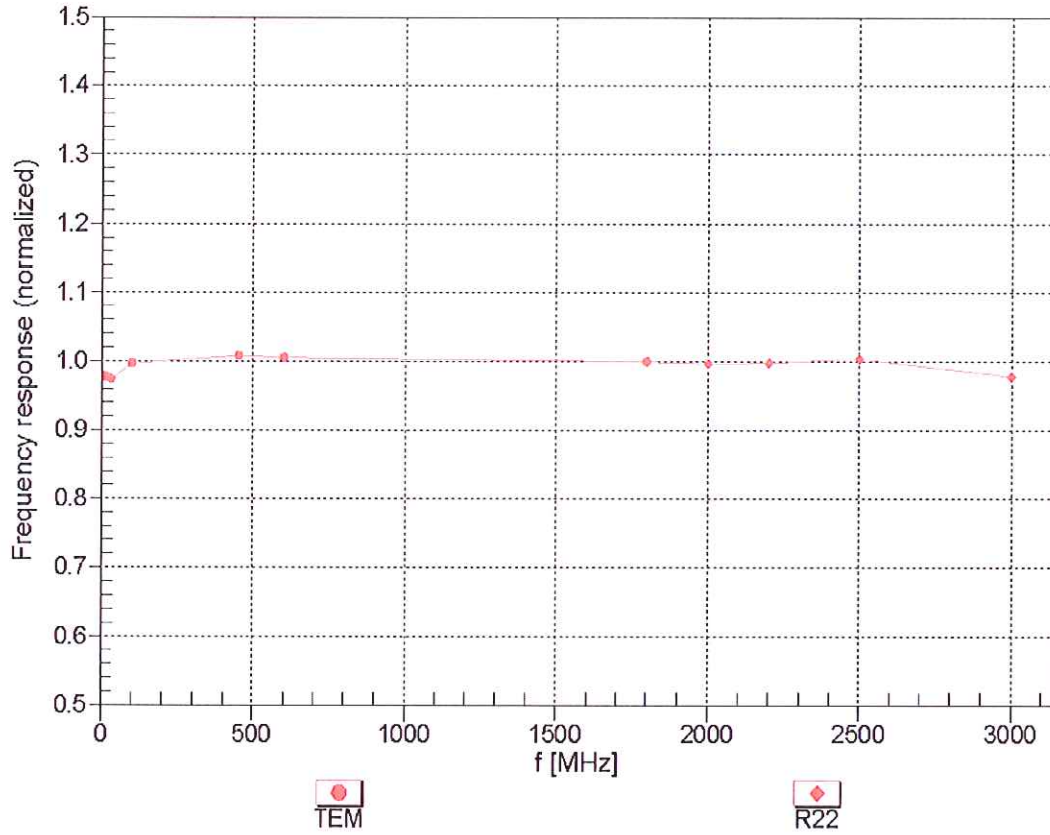
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	5.97	5.97	5.97	0.43	1.57	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.89	5.89	5.89	0.67	1.27	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.56	1.49	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.37	1.87	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.12	4.12	4.12	0.80	1.05	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

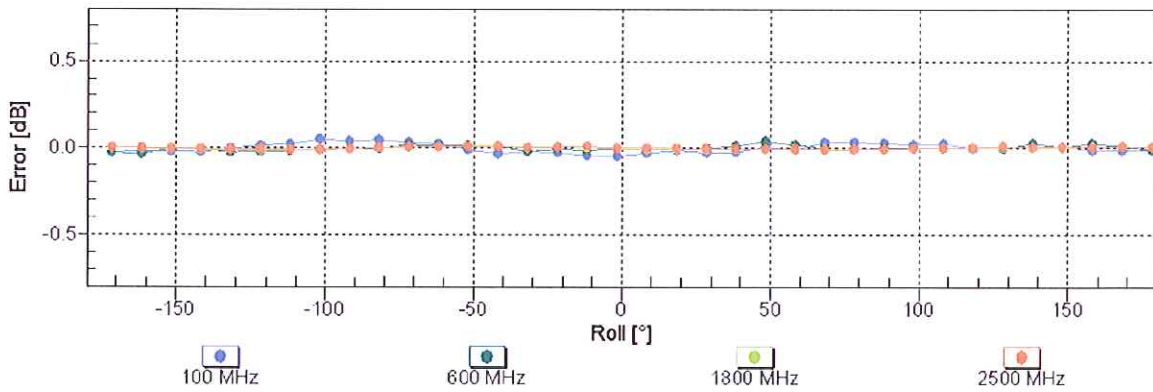
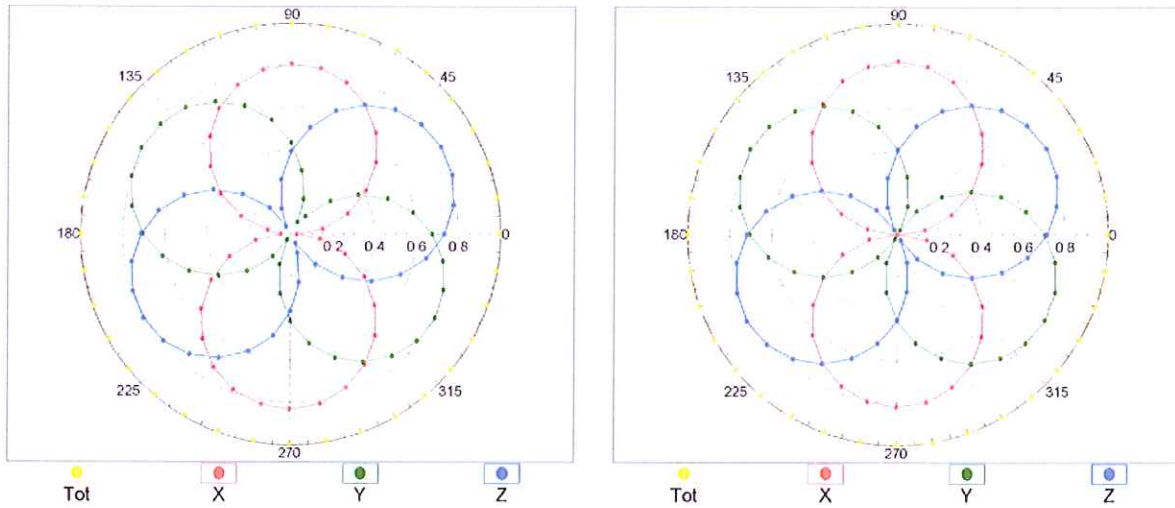


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

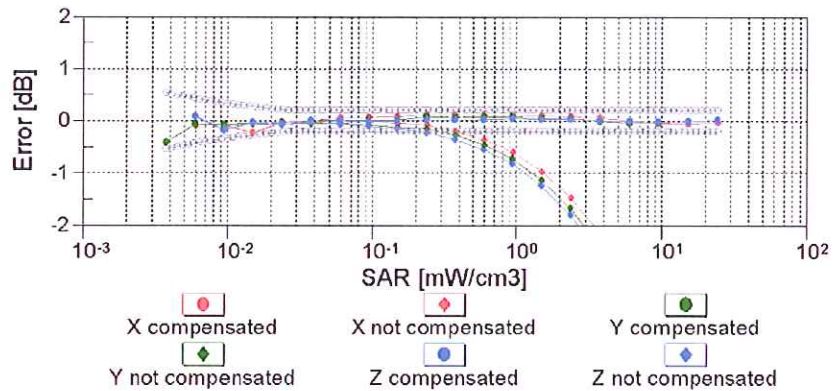
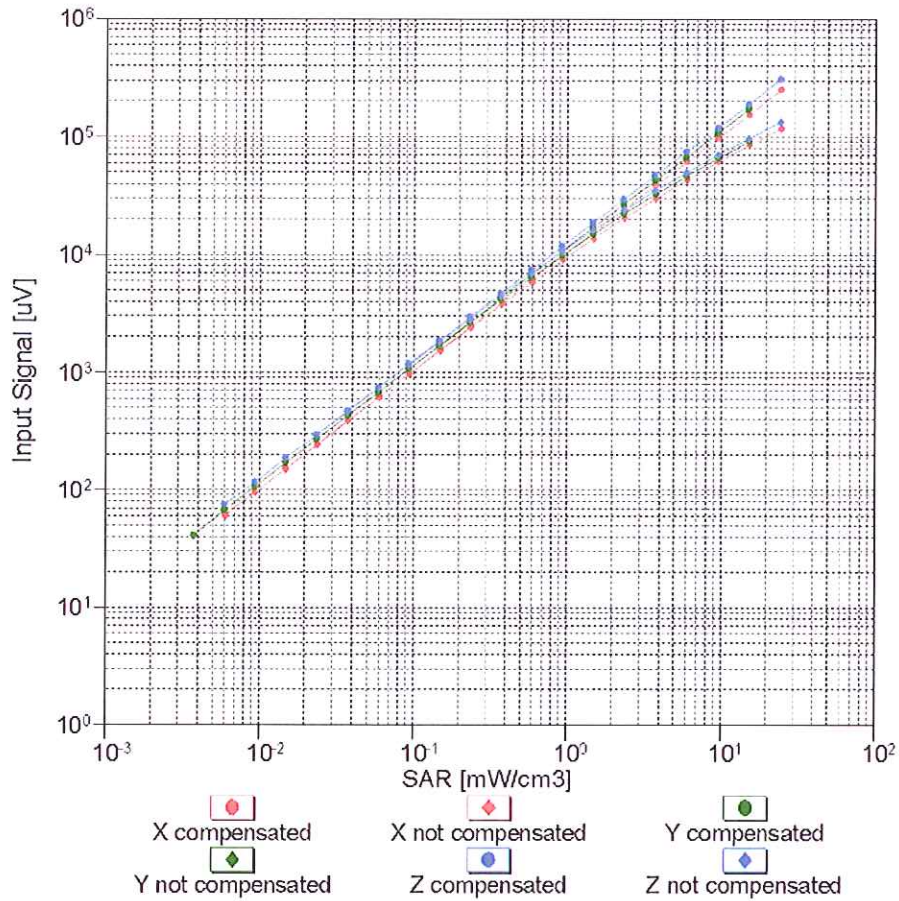
f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22



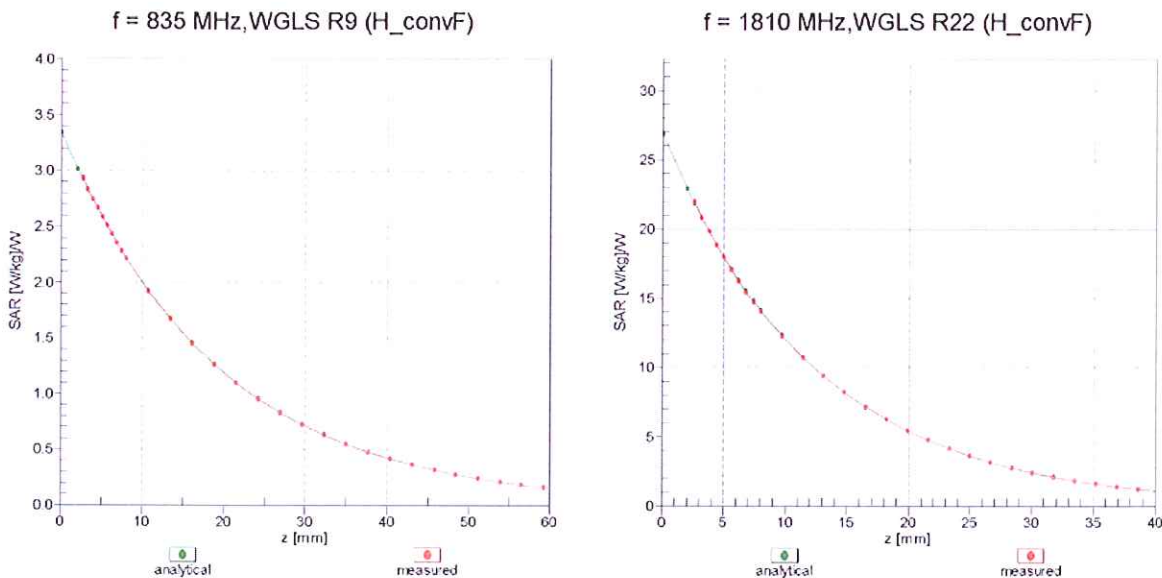
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)

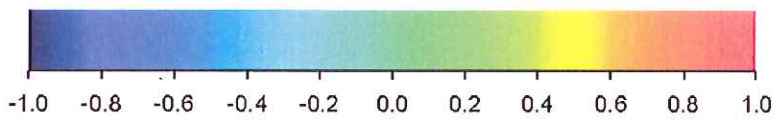
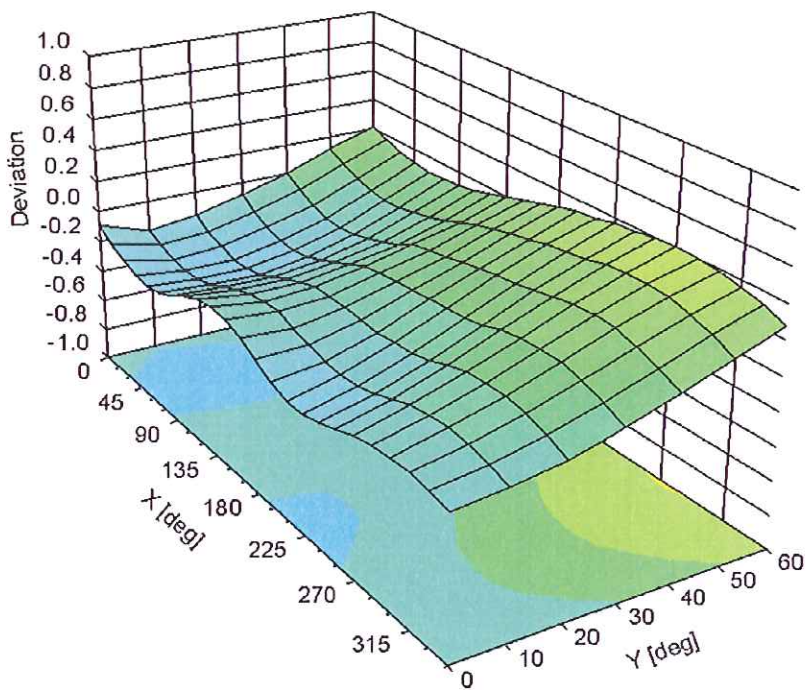


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3115

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **ES3-3124_Aug11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3124**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **August 23, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Kalja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: August 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}, VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3124

Manufactured: July 11, 2006
Calibrated: August 23, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3124

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$) ^A	1.26	1.30	1.30	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) ^B	100.9	98.2	100.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	116.0	$\pm 2.7 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	109.7	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	115.4	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3124

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.26	6.26	6.26	1.00	1.00	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.08	6.08	6.08	1.00	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.03	5.03	5.03	1.00	1.12	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.83	4.83	4.83	1.00	1.12	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.40	4.40	4.40	1.00	1.12	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3- SN:3124

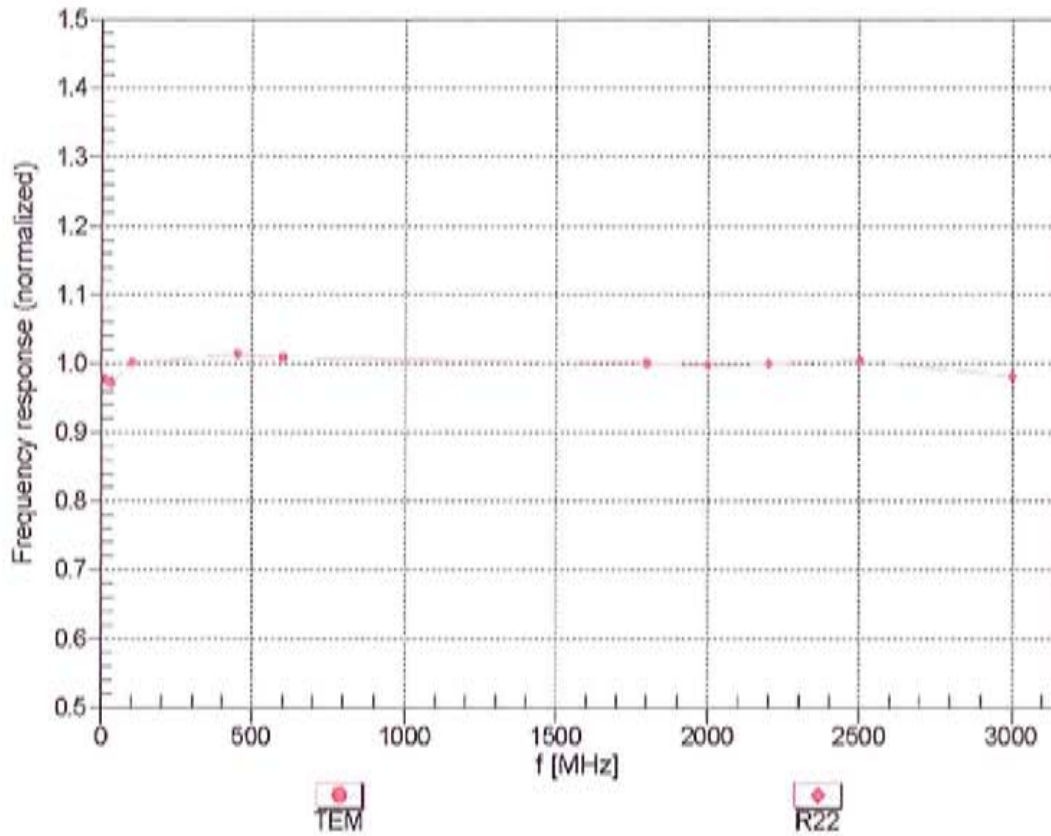
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^f	Conductivity (S/m) ^f	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.09	6.09	6.09	1.00	1.00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.04	6.04	6.04	1.00	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.69	4.69	4.69	1.00	1.18	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	1.00	1.16	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.21	4.21	4.21	1.00	1.00	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

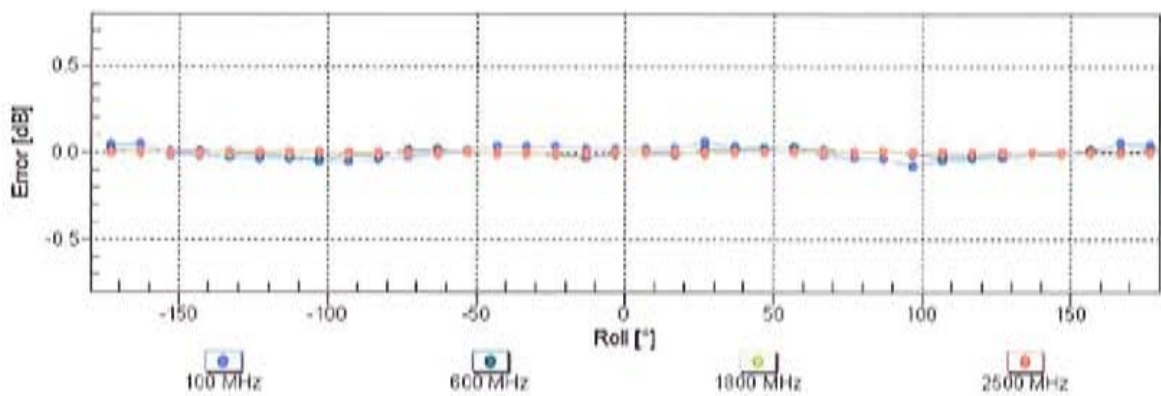
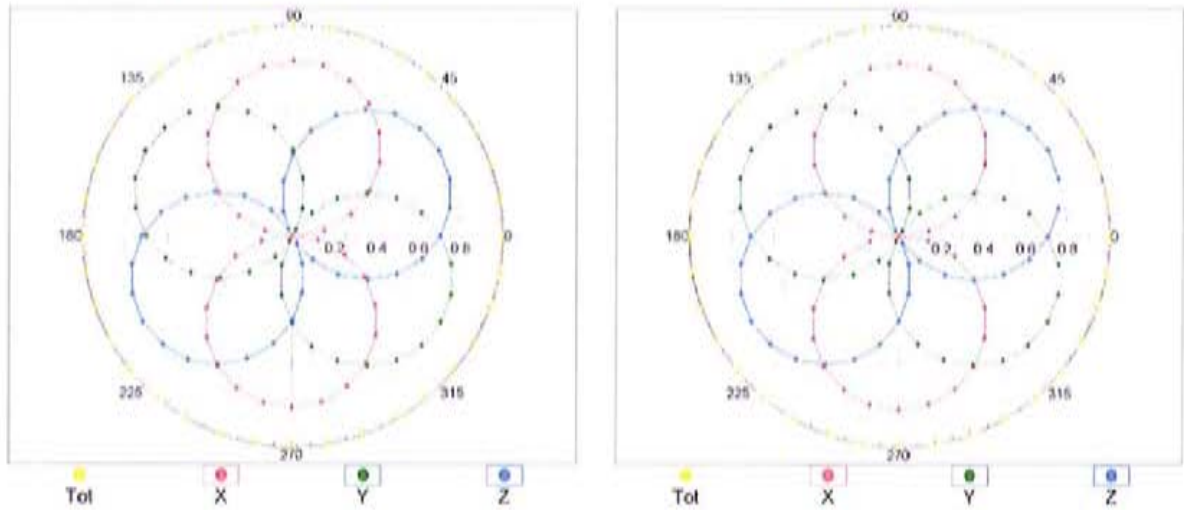


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

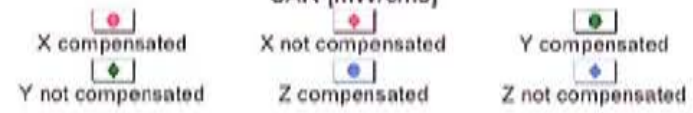
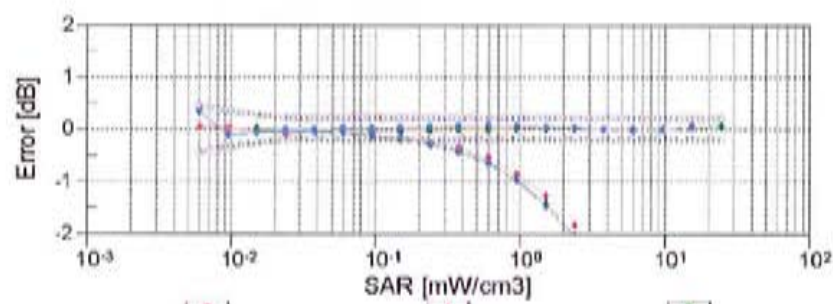
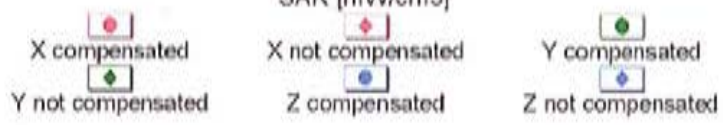
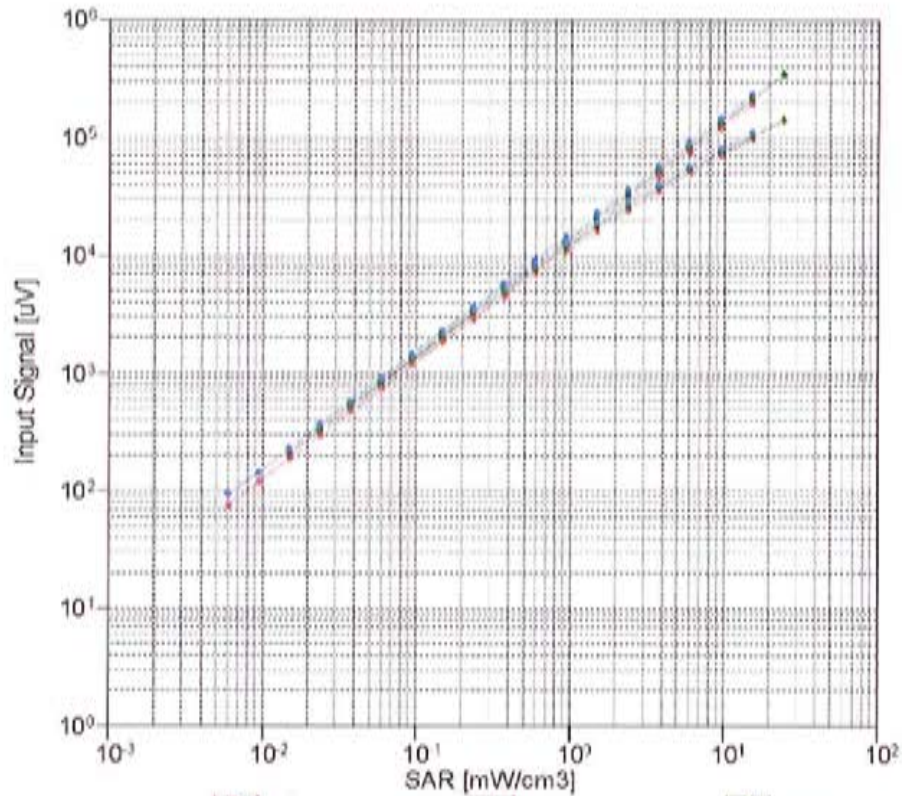
f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22



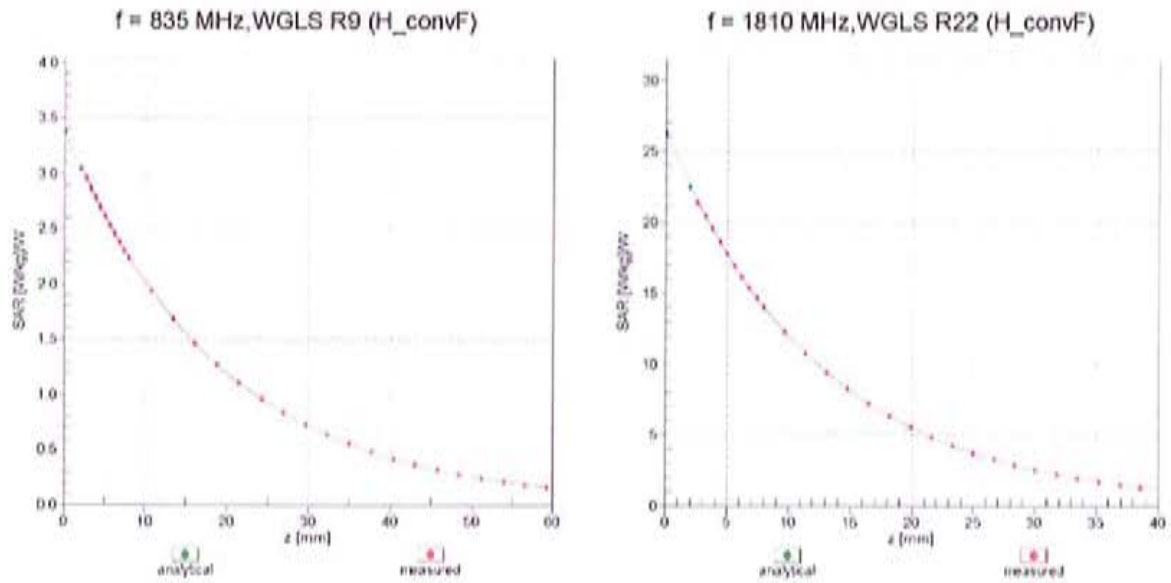
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



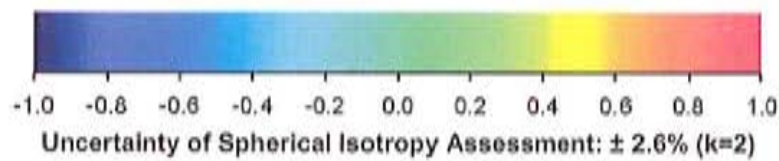
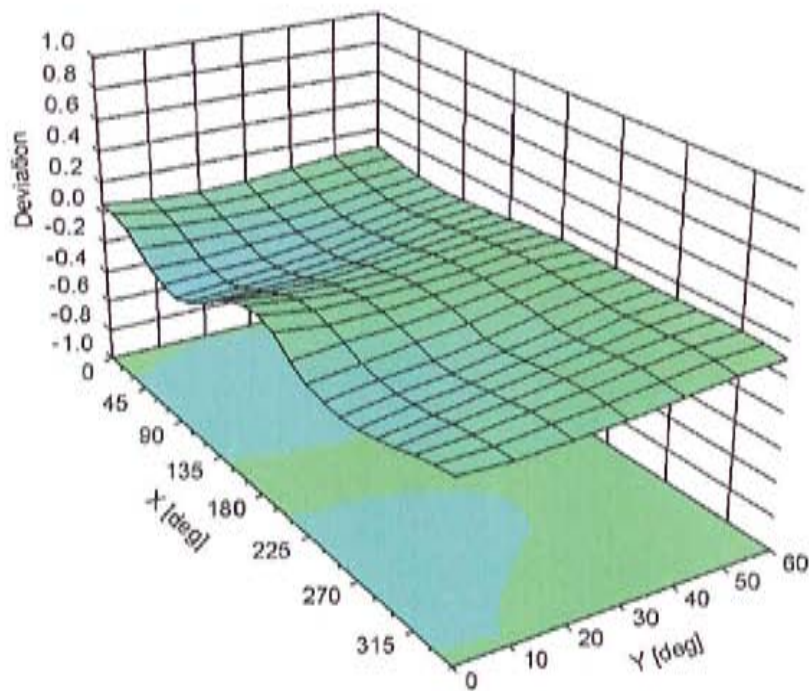
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3124

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDB**

Certificate No: **D835V2-436_Mar11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 436**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **March 18, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** Name: **Dimce Iliev** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature: *D. Iliev*

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager** Signature: *K. Pokovic*

Issued: March 18, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz \pm 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	41.0 \pm 6 %	0.89 mho/m \pm 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 \pm 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.73 mW / g \pm 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.32 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.35 mW / g \pm 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.3 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.2 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.56 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.72 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.63 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4 Ω - 2.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 31.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.5 Ω - 4.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.379 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 15, 2000

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 18.03.2011 10:48:36

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:436

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

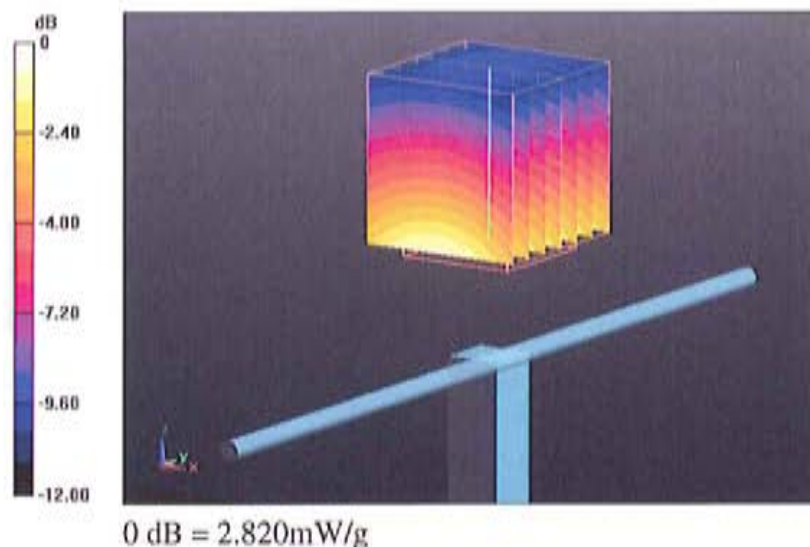
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.928 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.620 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 mW/g

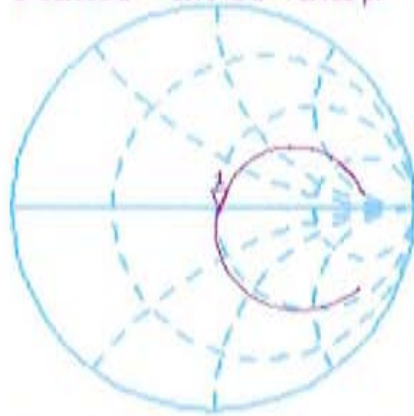
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.816 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

18 Mar 2011 10:25:19
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 51.352 Ω -2.4941 Ω 76.421 pF 835.000 000 MHz

*
Del
Cor



avg
16

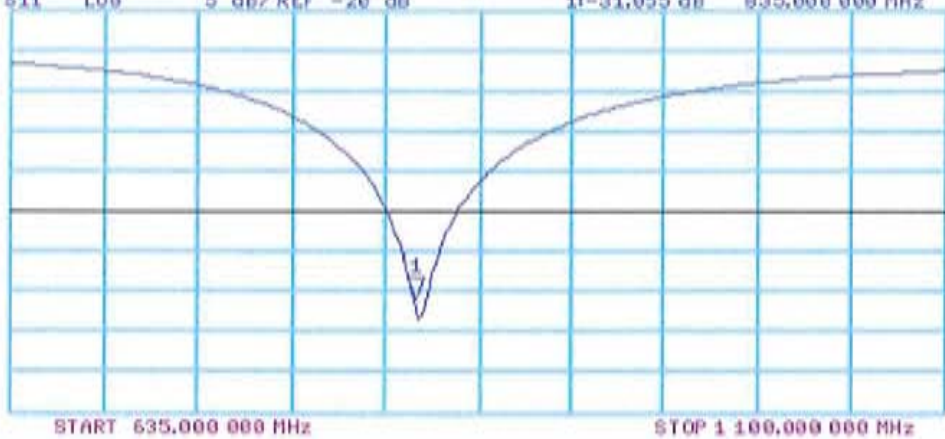
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -31.055 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

avg
16

↑



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 16.03.2011 16:11:52

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:436

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

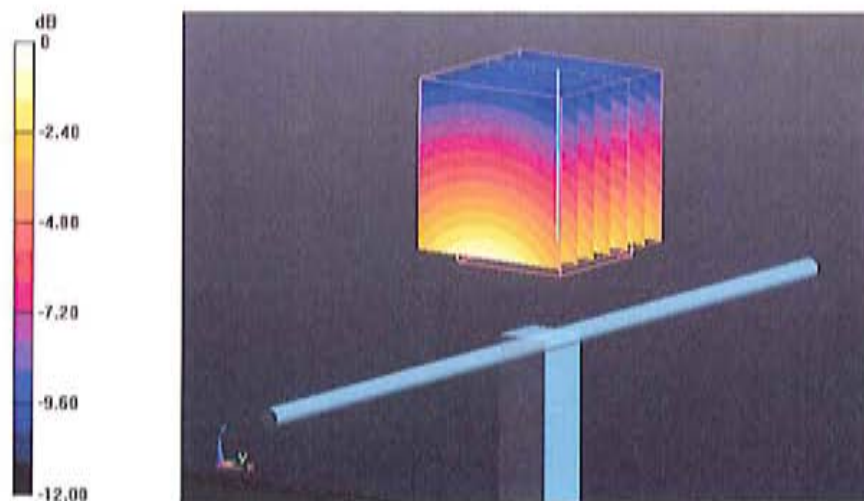
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.649 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.789 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.56 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.988 mW/g

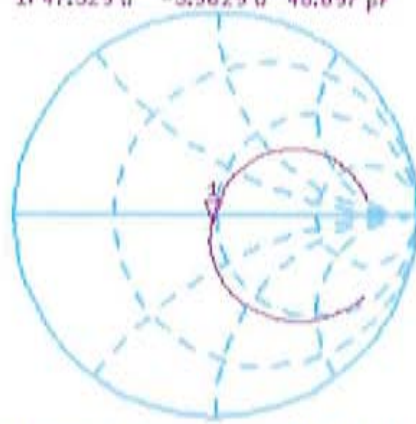


0 dB = 2.990mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

16 Mar 2011 16:17:09
[CH1] S11 1 U FS 1: 47.529 Ω -3.9629 Ω 48.097 μF 835.000 000 MHz

*
De1
Cor



avg
16

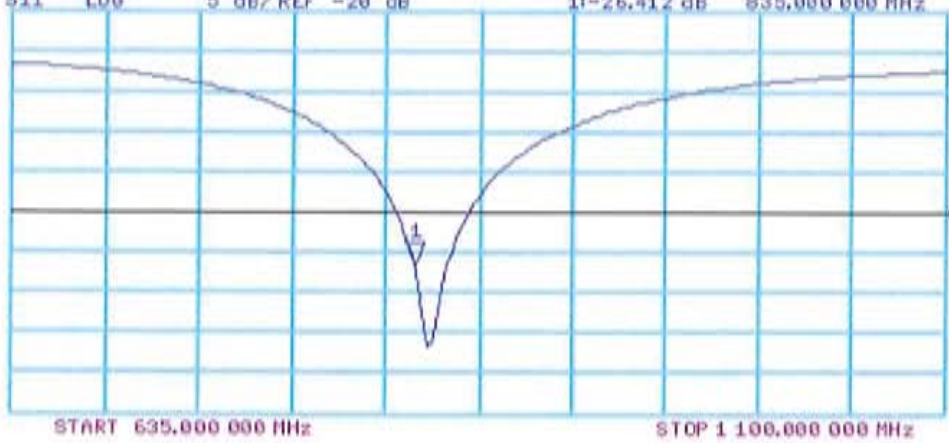
↑

CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -26.412 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

avg
16

↑



MOTOROLA MOBILITY, EME Laboratories

Extension of Dipole Calibration Interval

Dipole SN: 436tr

Date of last external calibration: 3/18/2011

External calibration performed by: SPEAG

	Original Calibration Data: <3/18/12>	Internal Verification: <3/8/12>		
Return loss (dB): <i>Verify < -20dB</i>	-31.1	Verified		
Impedance, Real (Ω): <i>Verify within +/-5 Ω of original</i>	51.4	50.4		
Impedance, Imaginary (Ω): <i>Verify within +/-5 Ω of original</i>	-2.5	-1.3		

END OF REPORT