

## **Appendix 1**

### **SAR distribution comparisons for System Accuracy Verifications**

## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Head SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 3/29/2012 10:36:53 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-29-2012 835 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421TR; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421TR; Input Power = 200 mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.5; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.5; Room Temp @ SPC = 22.2

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.13 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

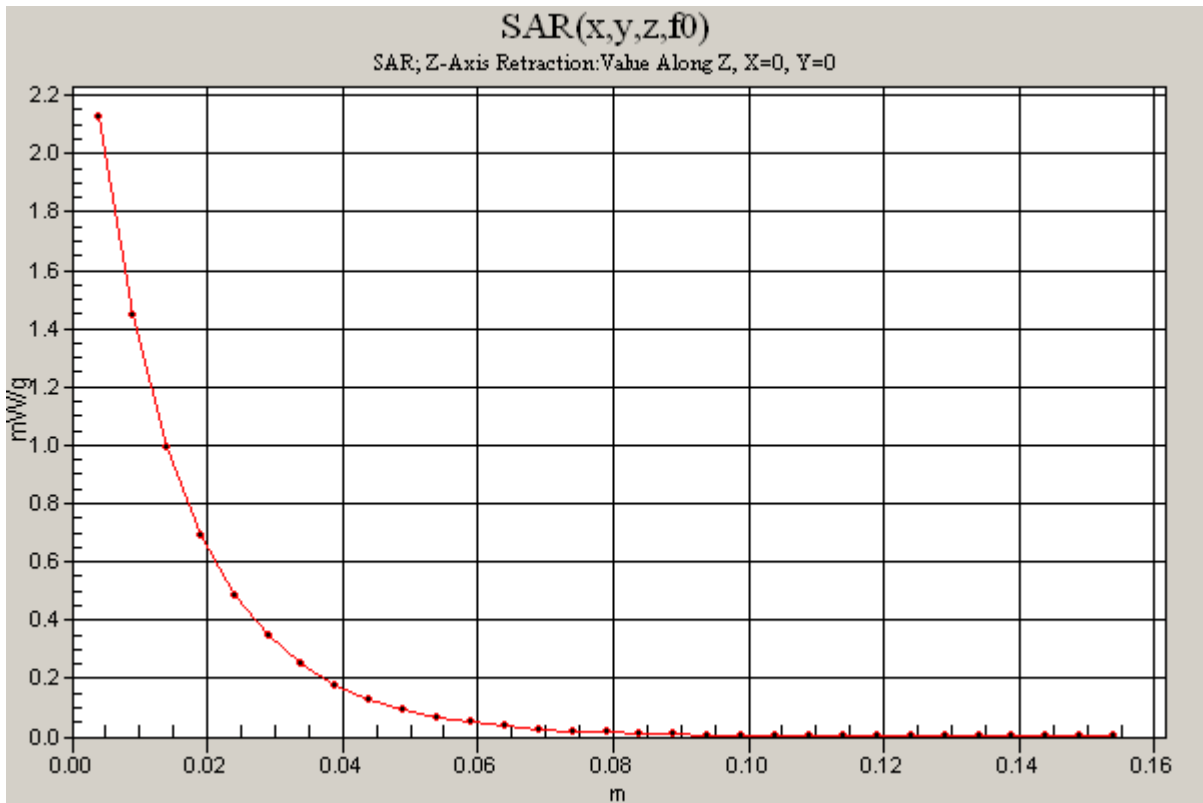
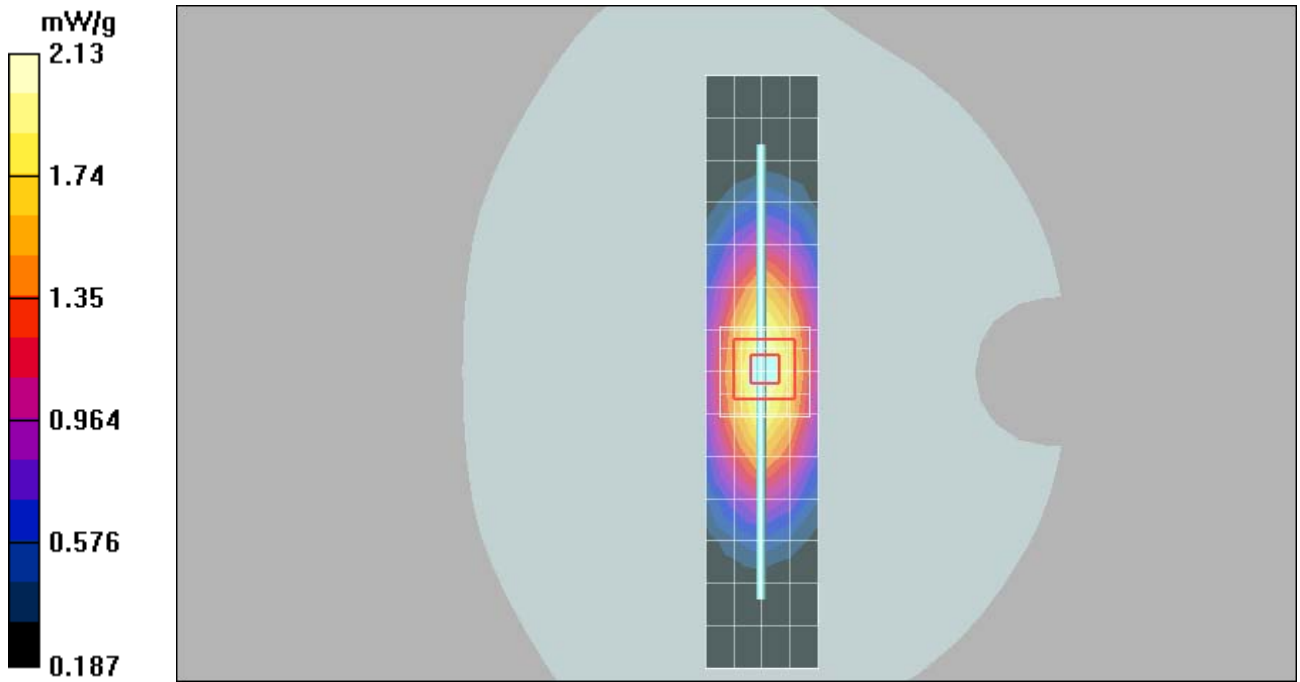
**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.078 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.84 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.29 mW/g**



Date/Time: 3/30/2012 11:37:58 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-30-2012 835 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421TR; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421TR; Input Power = 200 mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.2; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.2; Room Temp @ SPC = 22.2

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.15 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

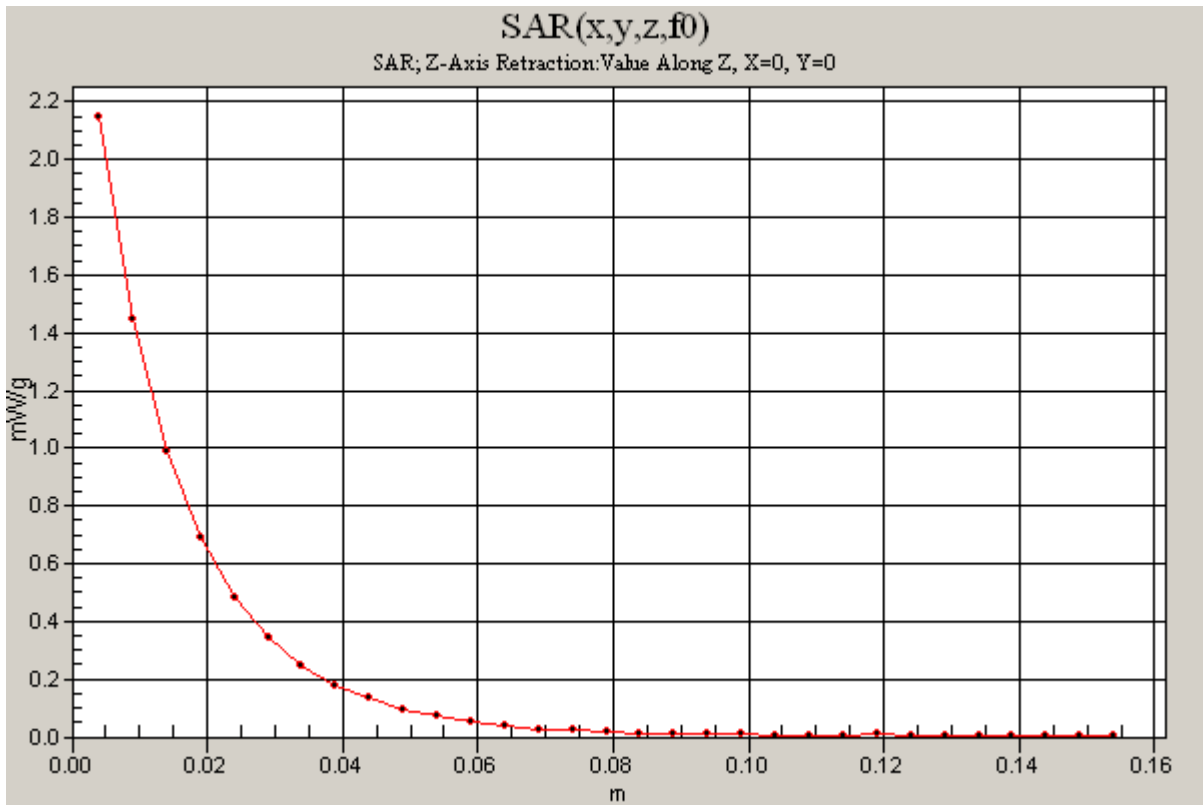
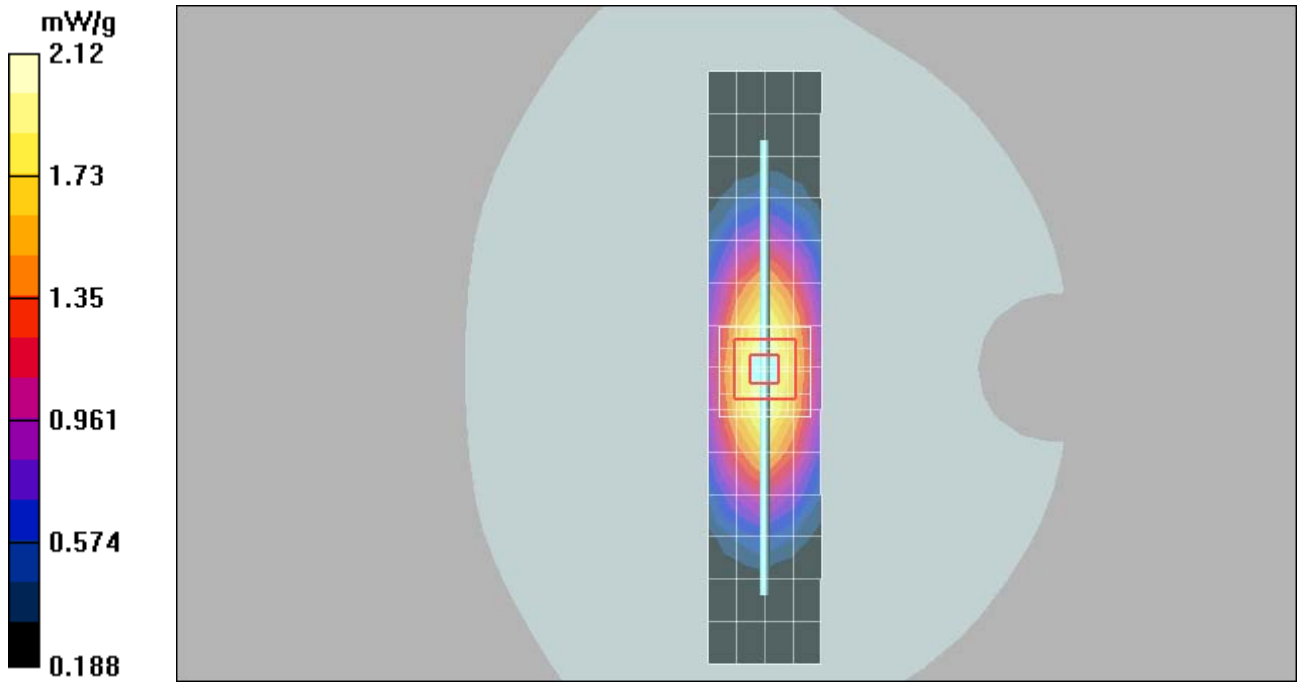
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.84 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.28 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.12 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/28/2012 5:31:00 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-28-2012 1800 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.7; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.3; Room Temp @ SPC = 22

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.36$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.05 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.030 dB

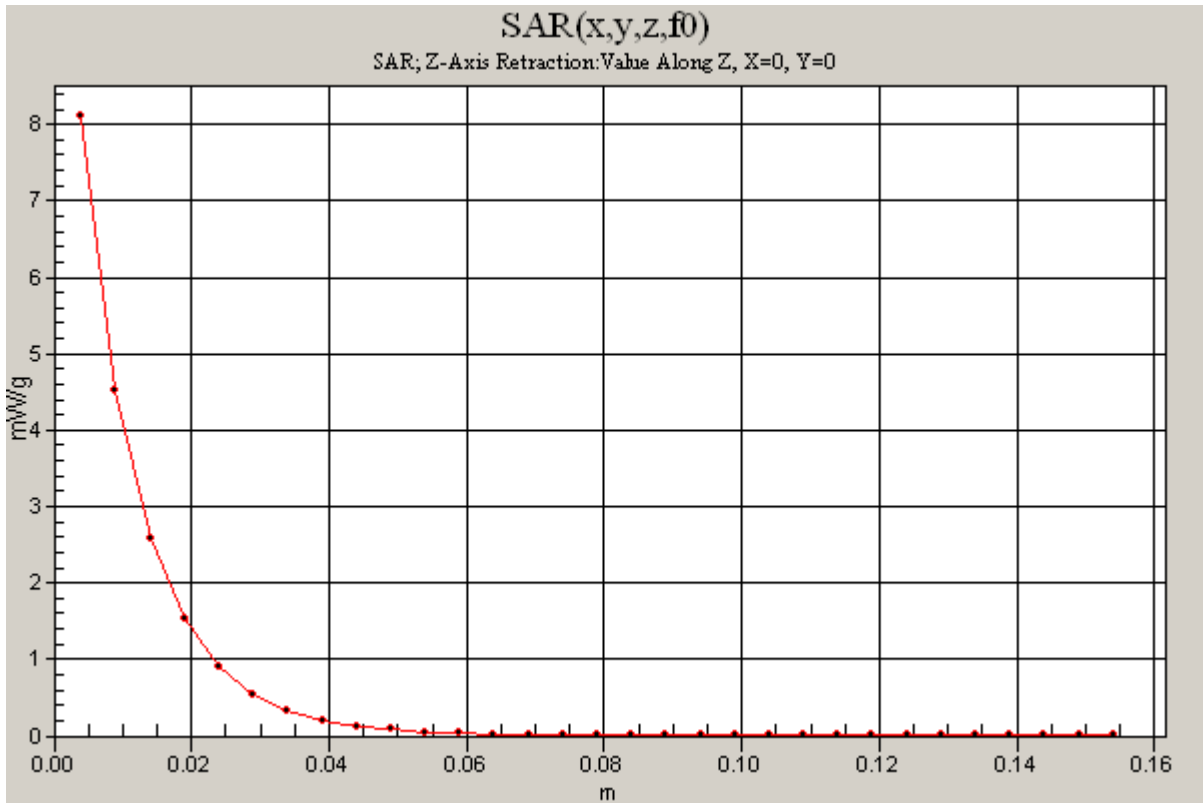
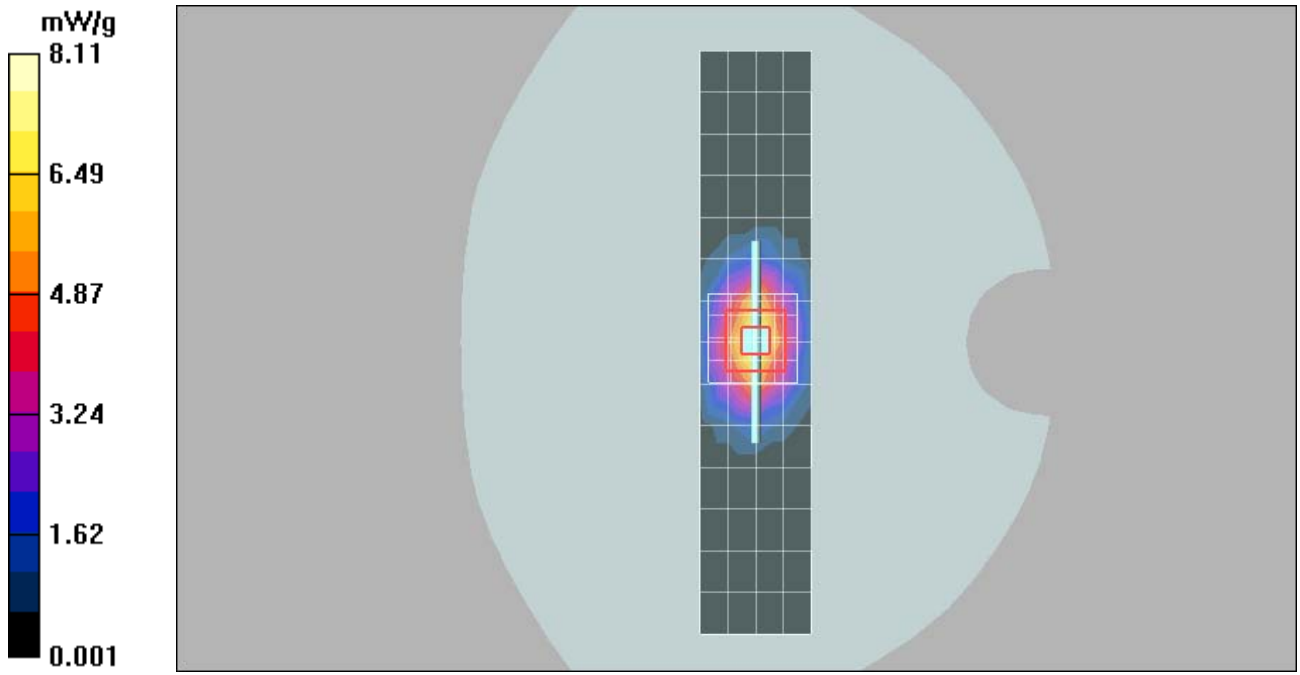
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.8 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.11 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm



Date/Time: 3/30/2012 8:28:43 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-30-2012 1800 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 21.6; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.6; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.40 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.7 W/kg

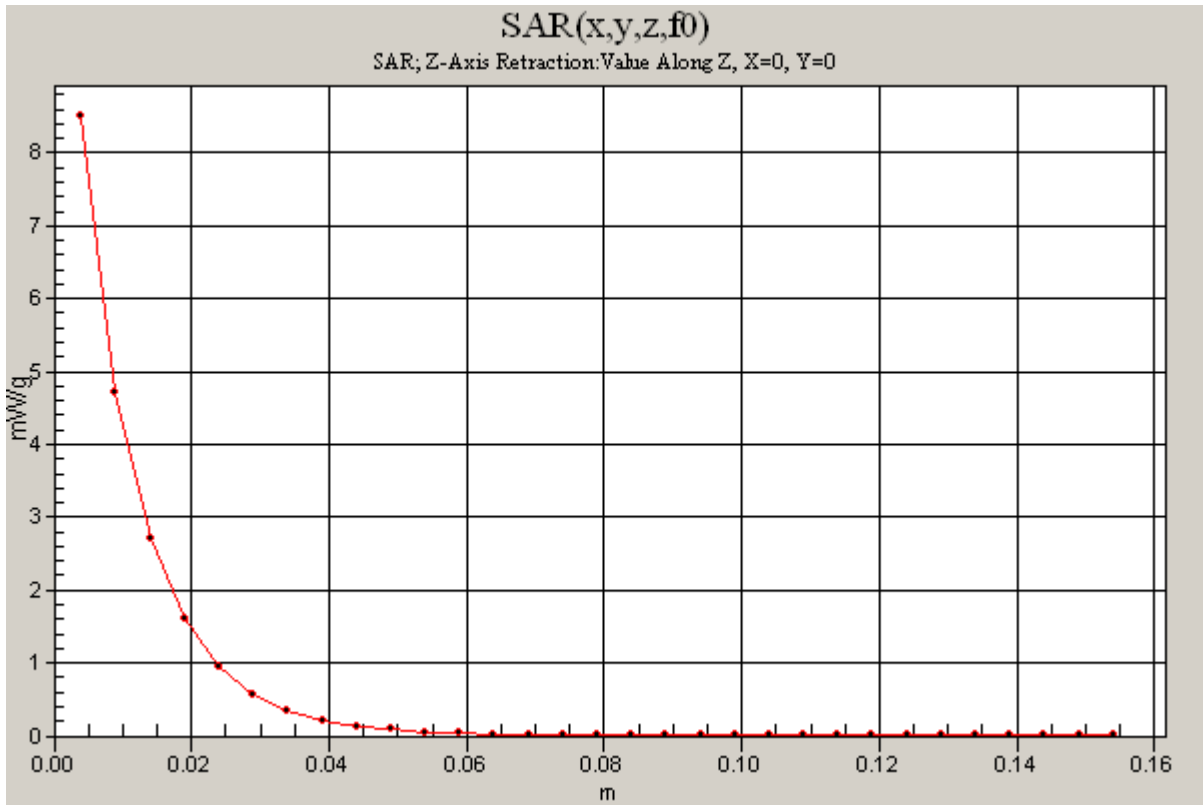
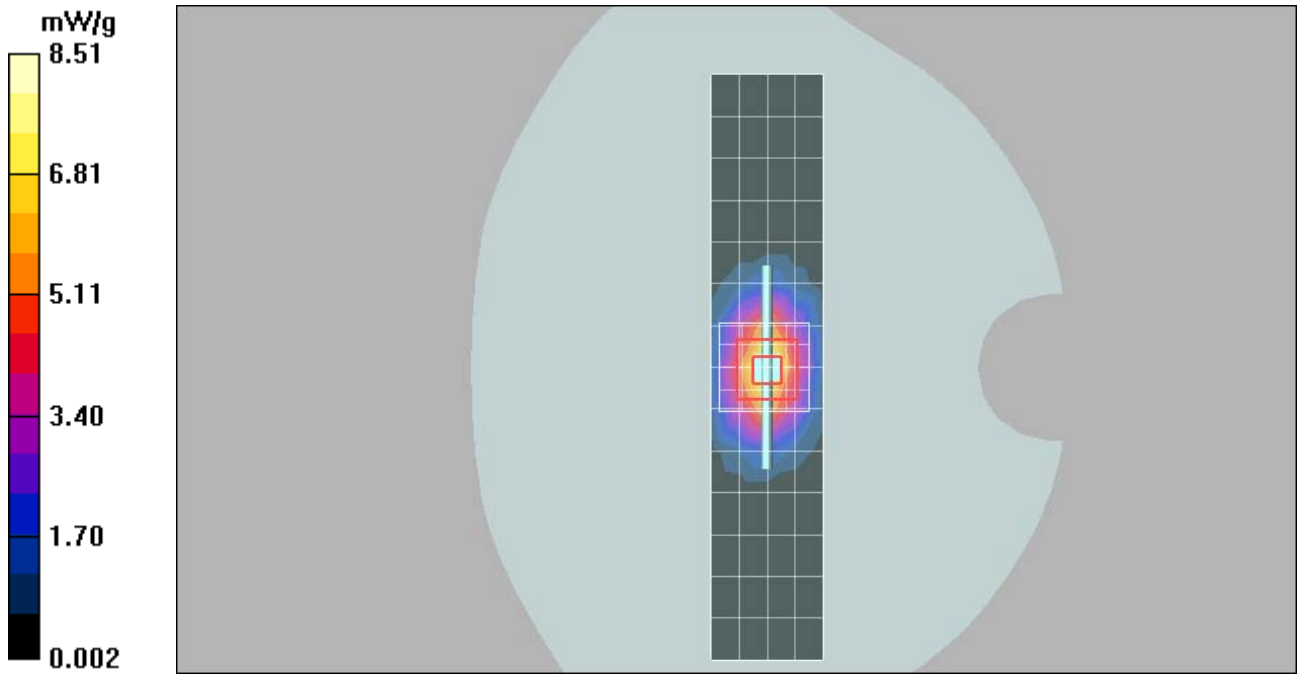
**SAR(1 g) = 7.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.95 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.38 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.51 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/1/2012 3:39:03 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-1-2012 1800 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 21.6; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.5; Room Temp @ SPC = 22

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.39$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.21 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.24 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

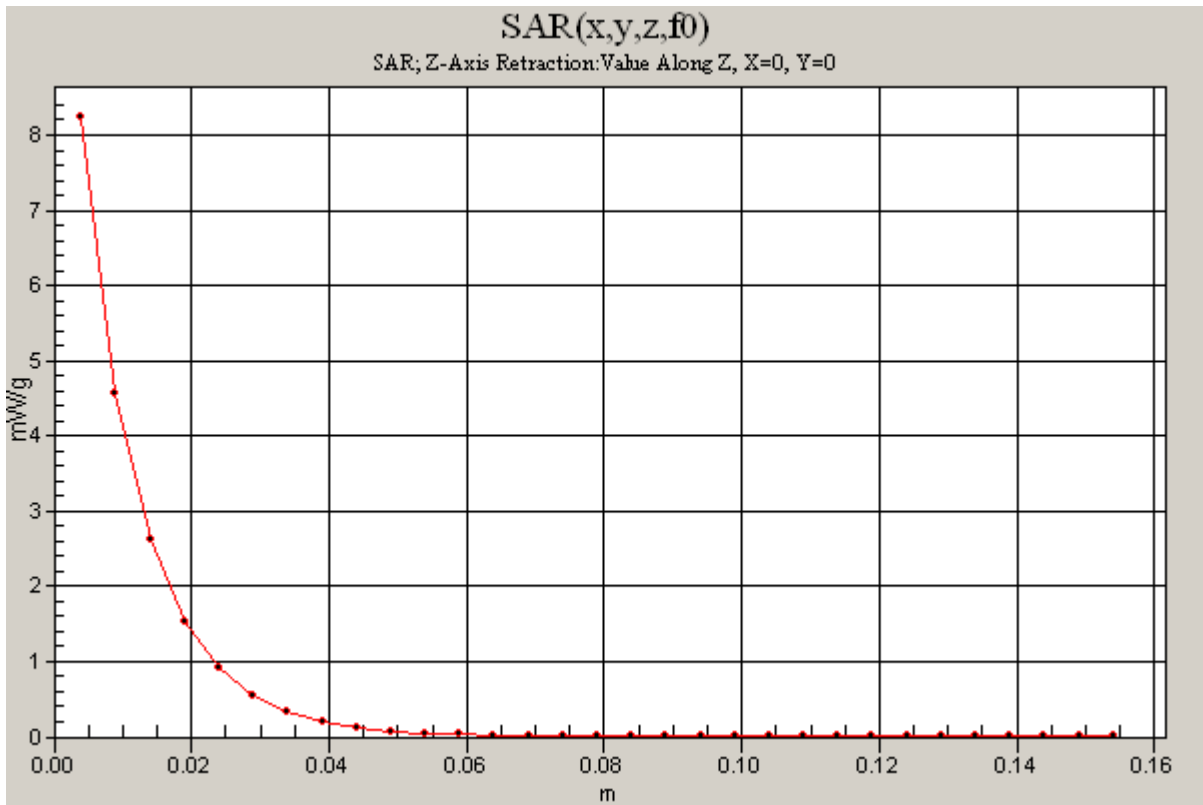
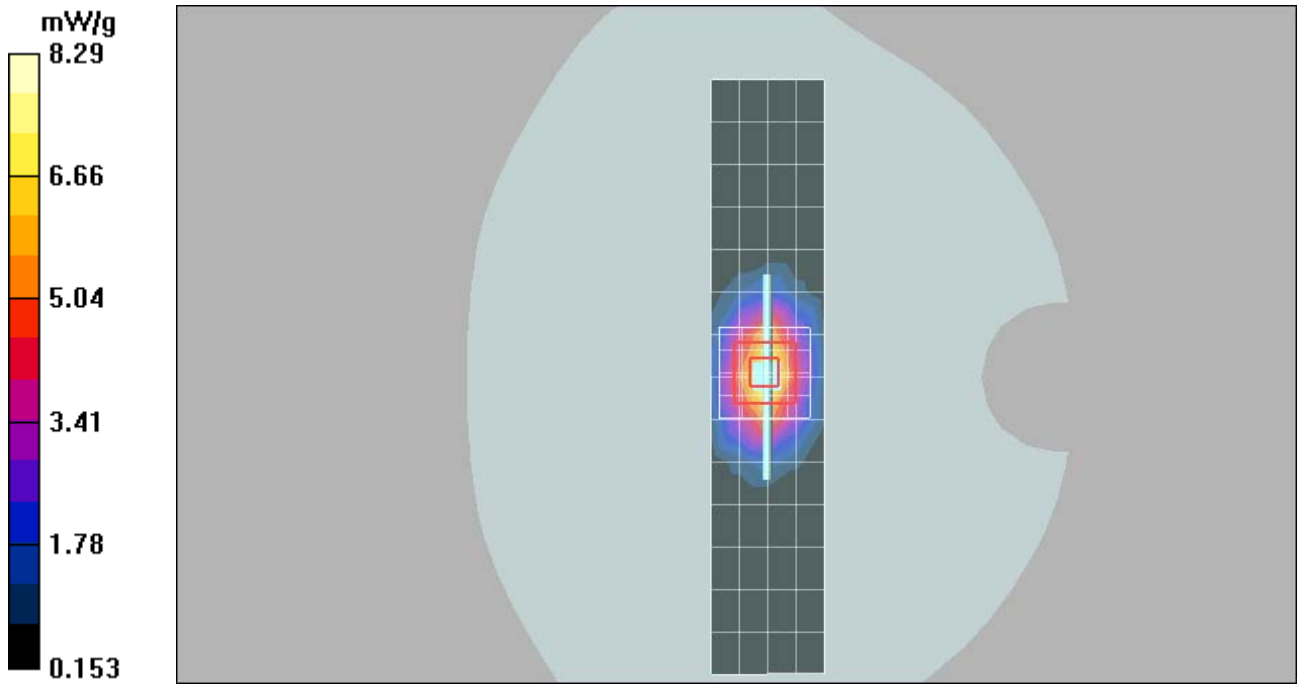
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.84 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.29 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/13/2012 3:41:53 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-13-2012 1800 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.8; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.6; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.3

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.75 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.69 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

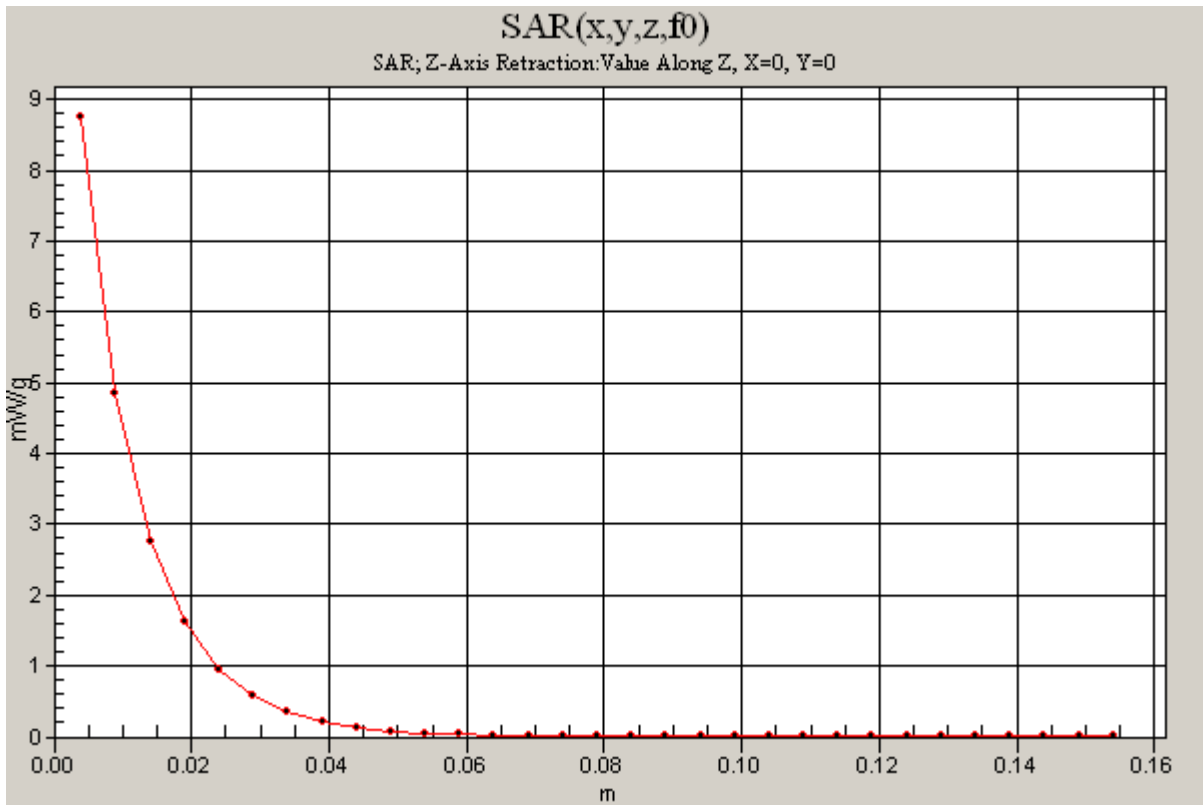
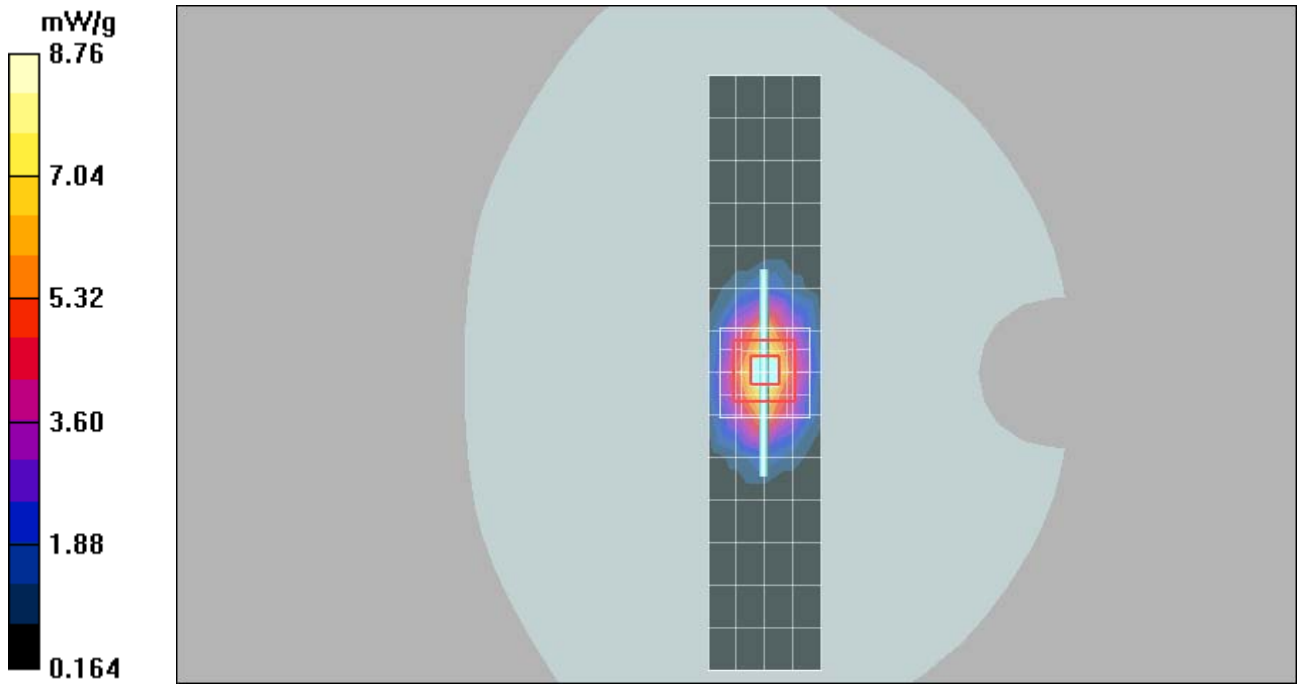
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.06 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.76 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/9/2012 10:09:07 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-12-2012 2450 MHz Head****DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:788; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 2450MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 788; Input Power =200mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.9; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.5; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*HEAD Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (5x15x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

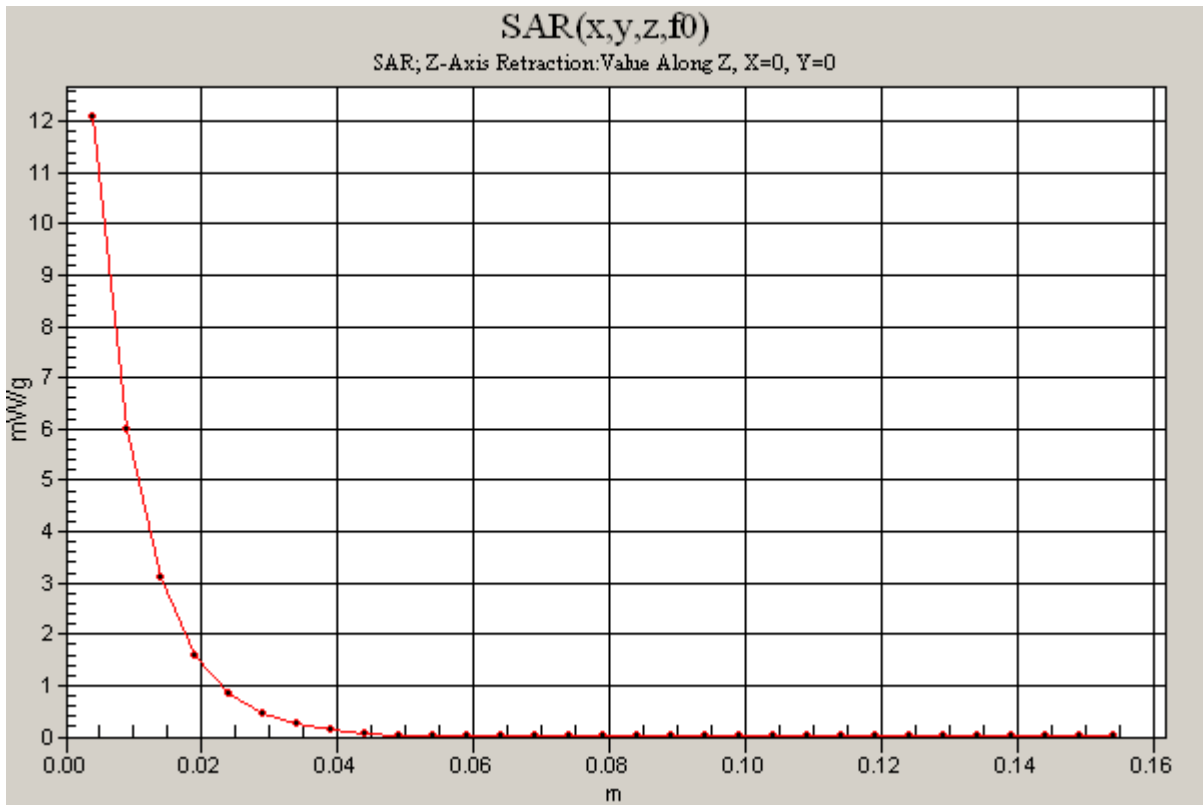
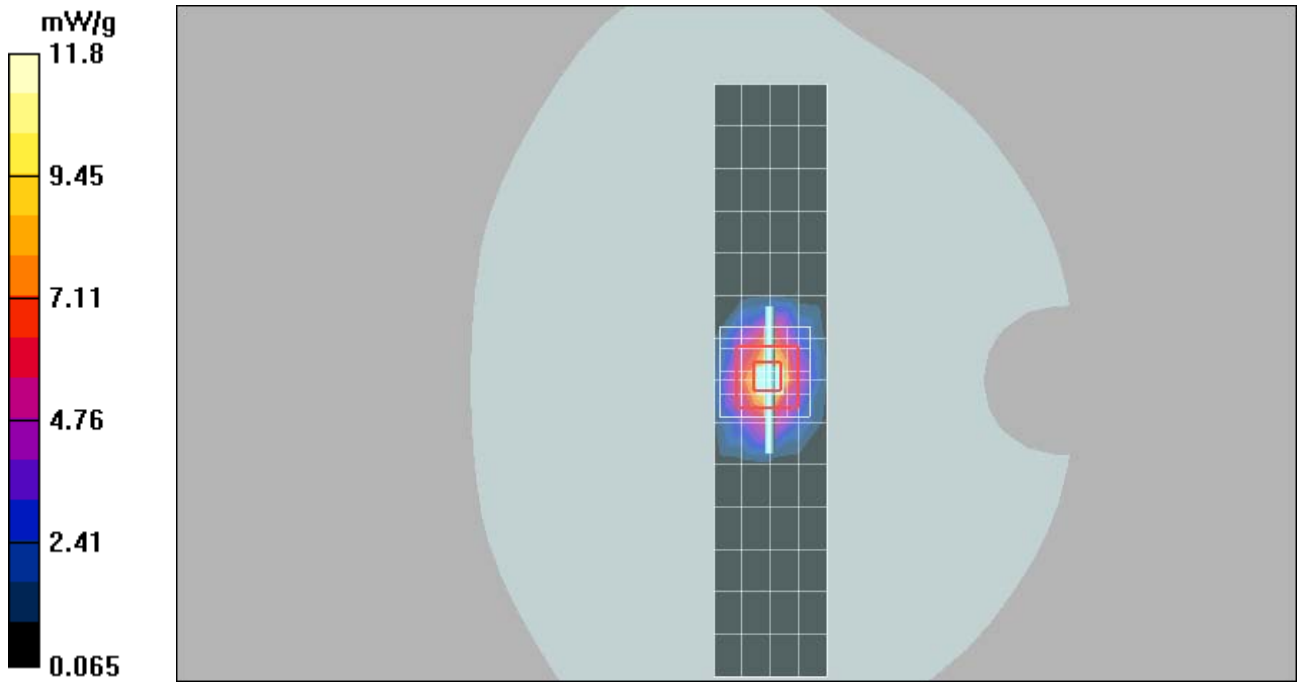
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



## **System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Body SAR Measurements**

Date/Time: 3/31/2012 5:58:21 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-31-2012 835 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421TR; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421TR; Input Power = 200 mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.5; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.3; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.76 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

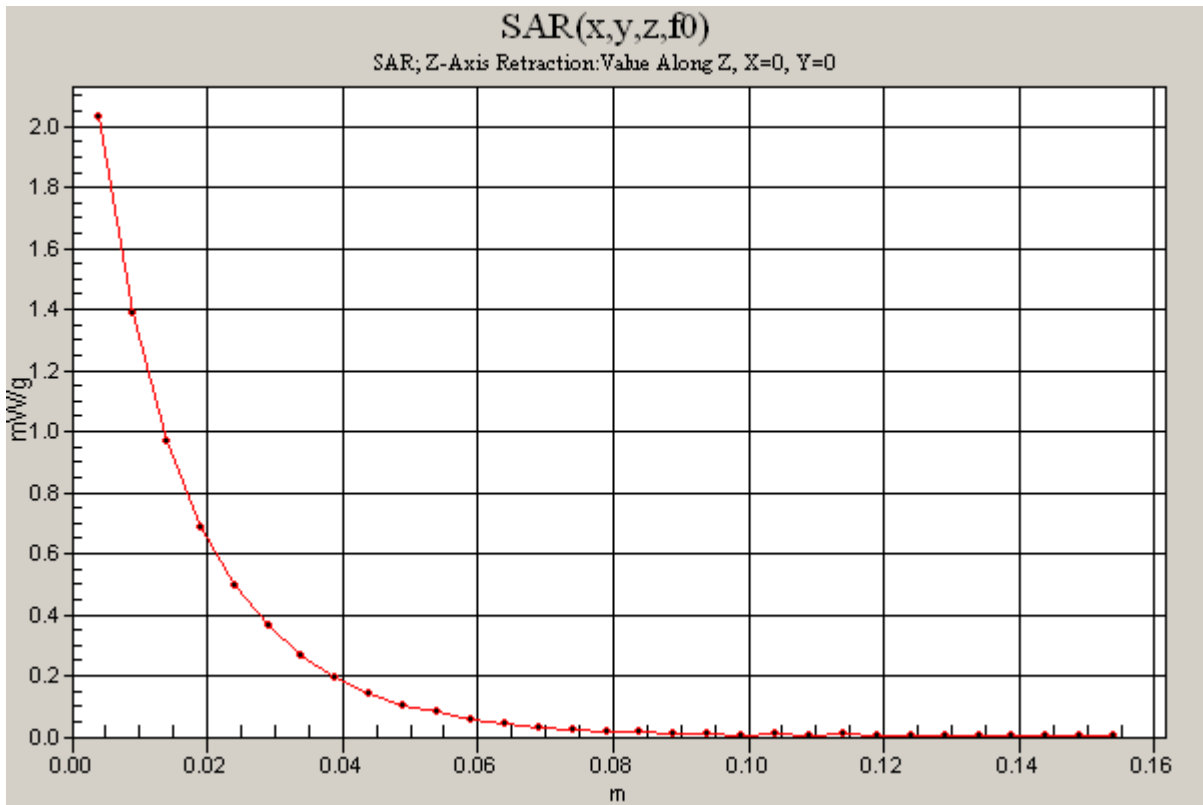
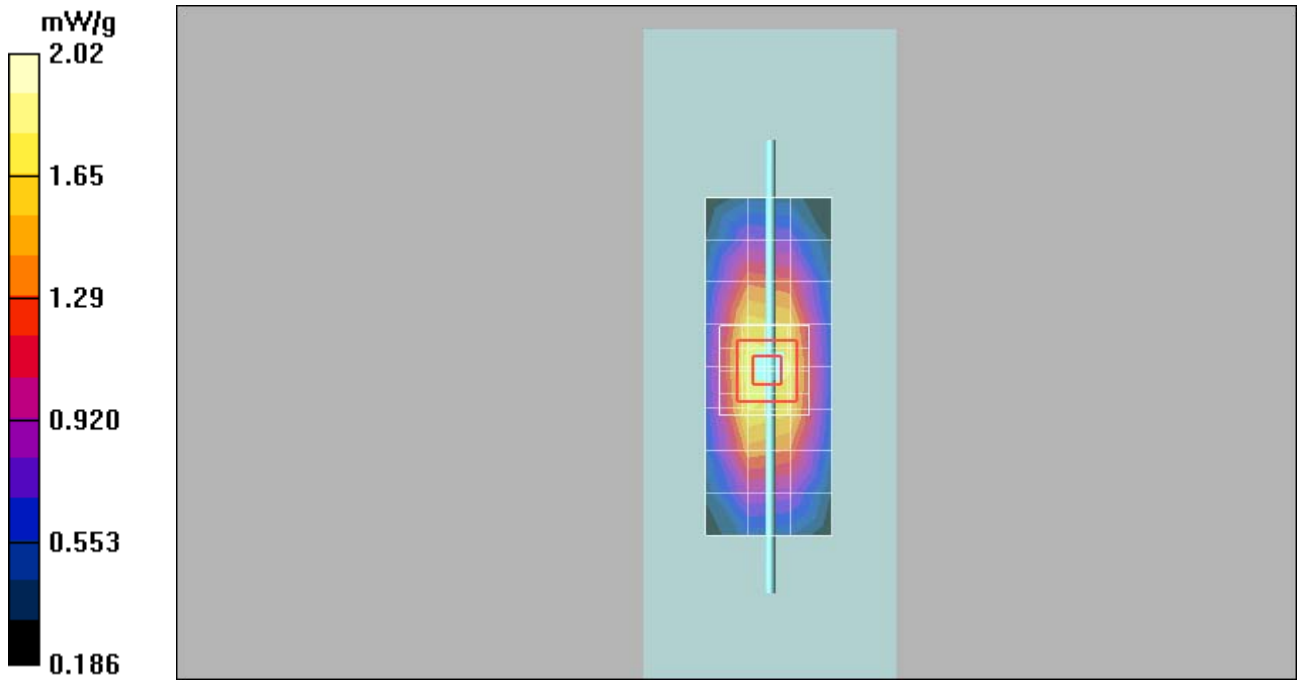
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.74 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.88 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.24 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.02 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/19/2012 7:56:34 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-19-2012 835 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421TR; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 421TR; Input Power = 200 mW;

Sim.Temp@meas = 21.8; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.8; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.04 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.71 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

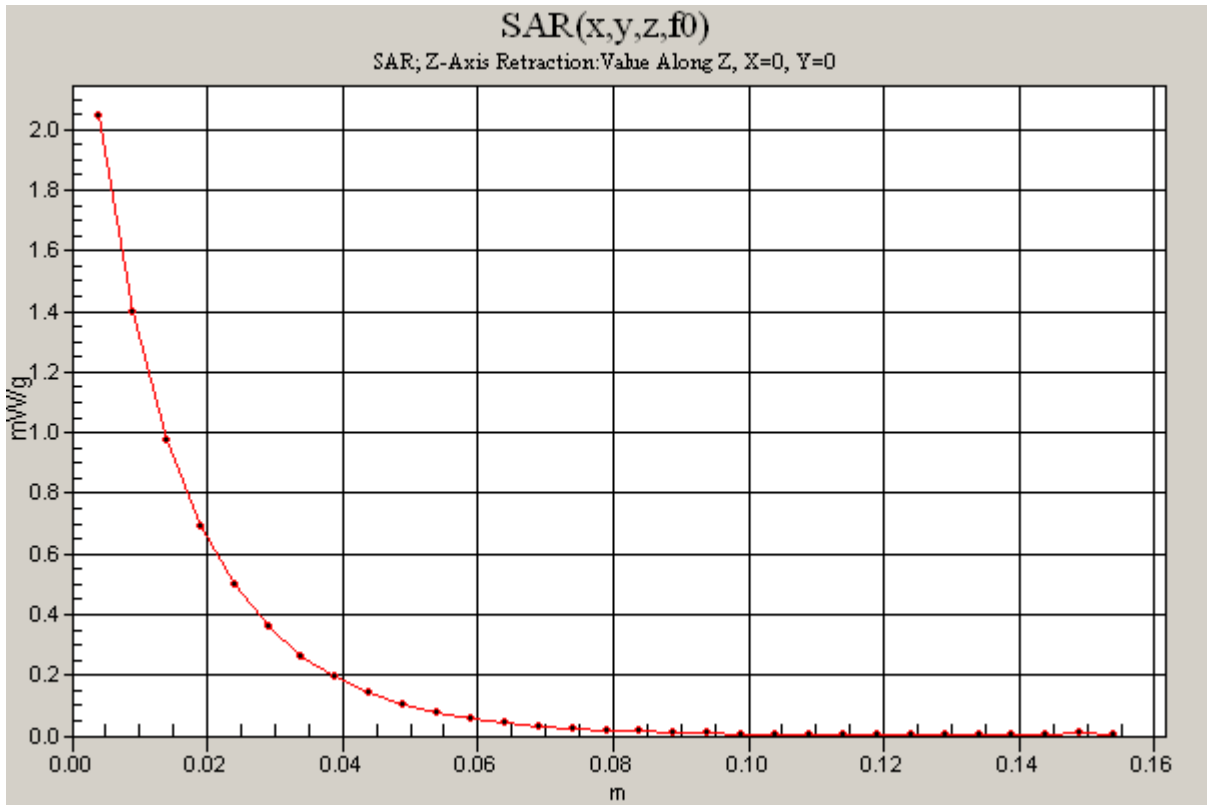
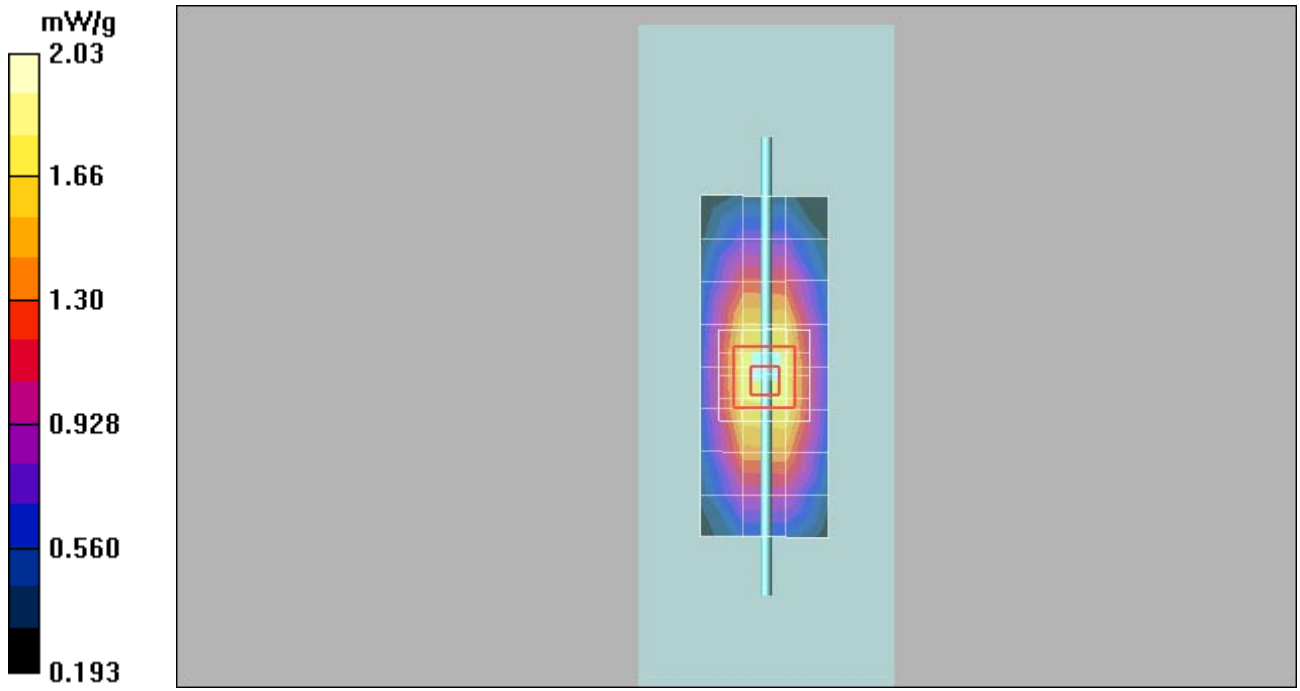
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.74 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.87 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.23 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.03 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/31/2012 7:05:26 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Mar-31-2012 1800 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 21.7; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.3; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.48$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.33 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.65 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

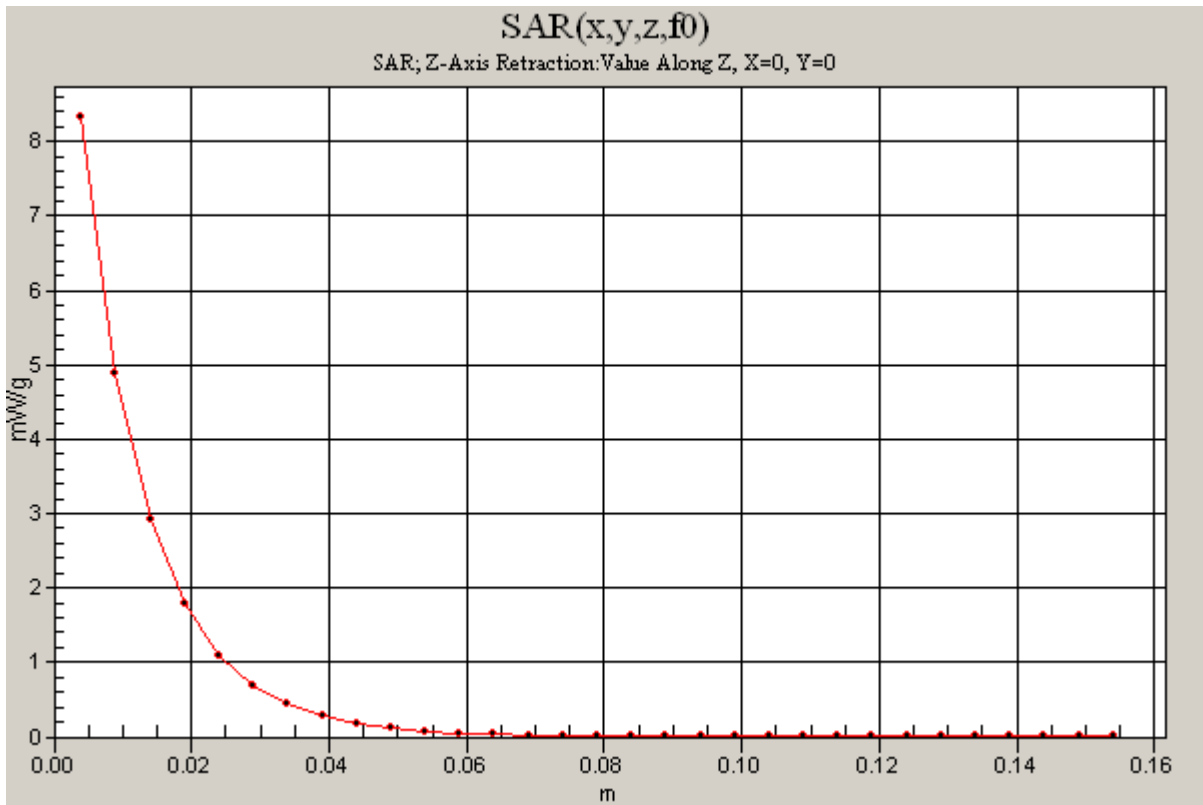
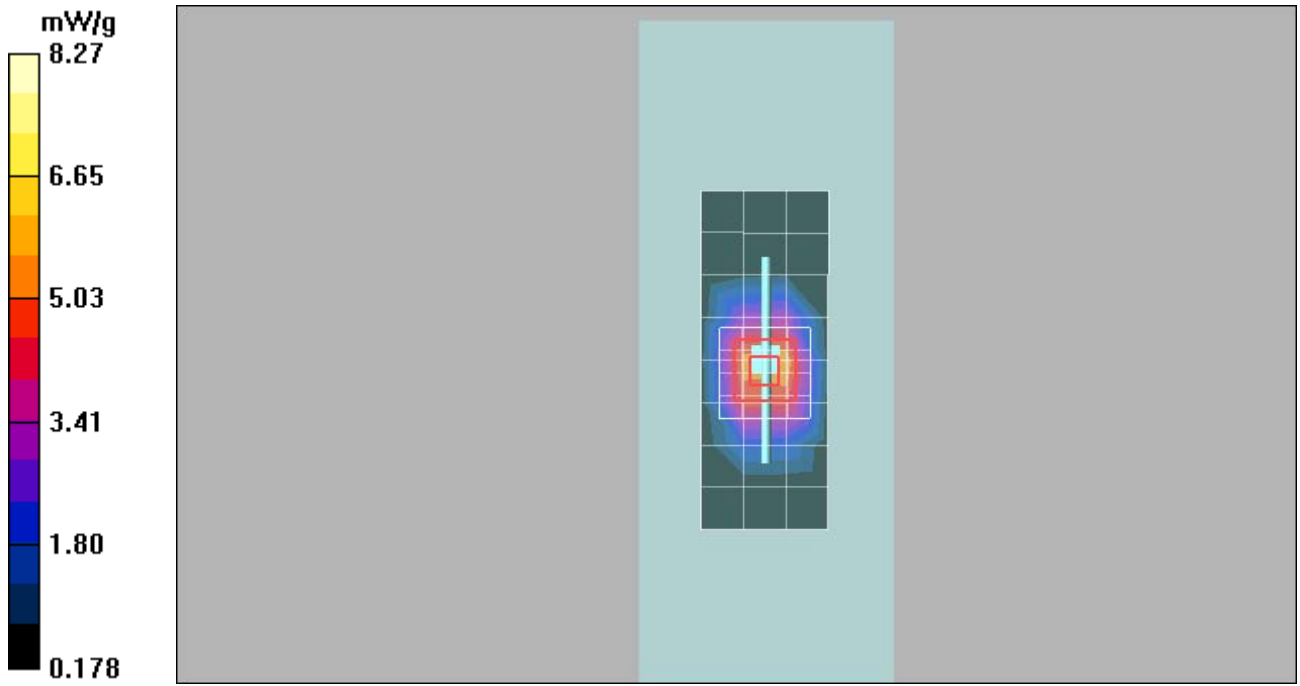
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 75.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.88 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.27 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/2/2012 11:20:10 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-2-2012 1800 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 21.9; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.8; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.15 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.17 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

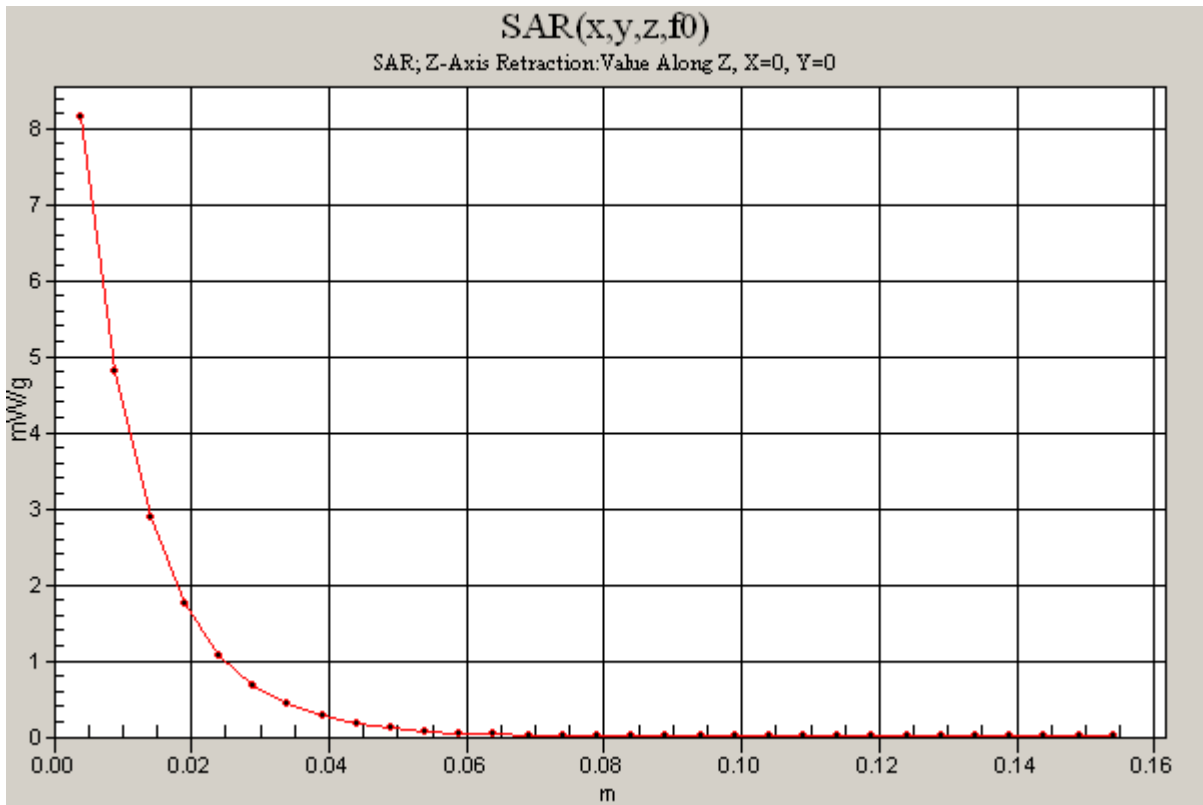
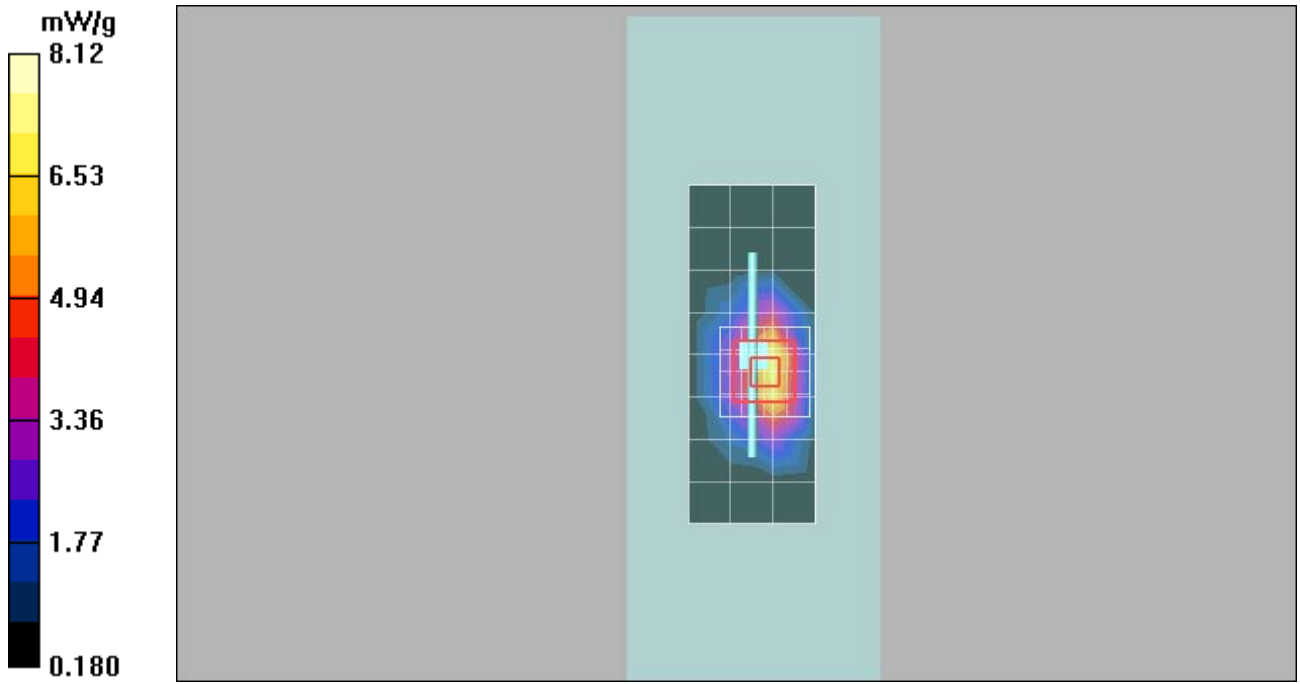
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 69.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.187 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.5 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.82 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.12 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/17/2012 10:23:12 AM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-17-2012 1800 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 20.5; Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.7; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.23 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.71 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

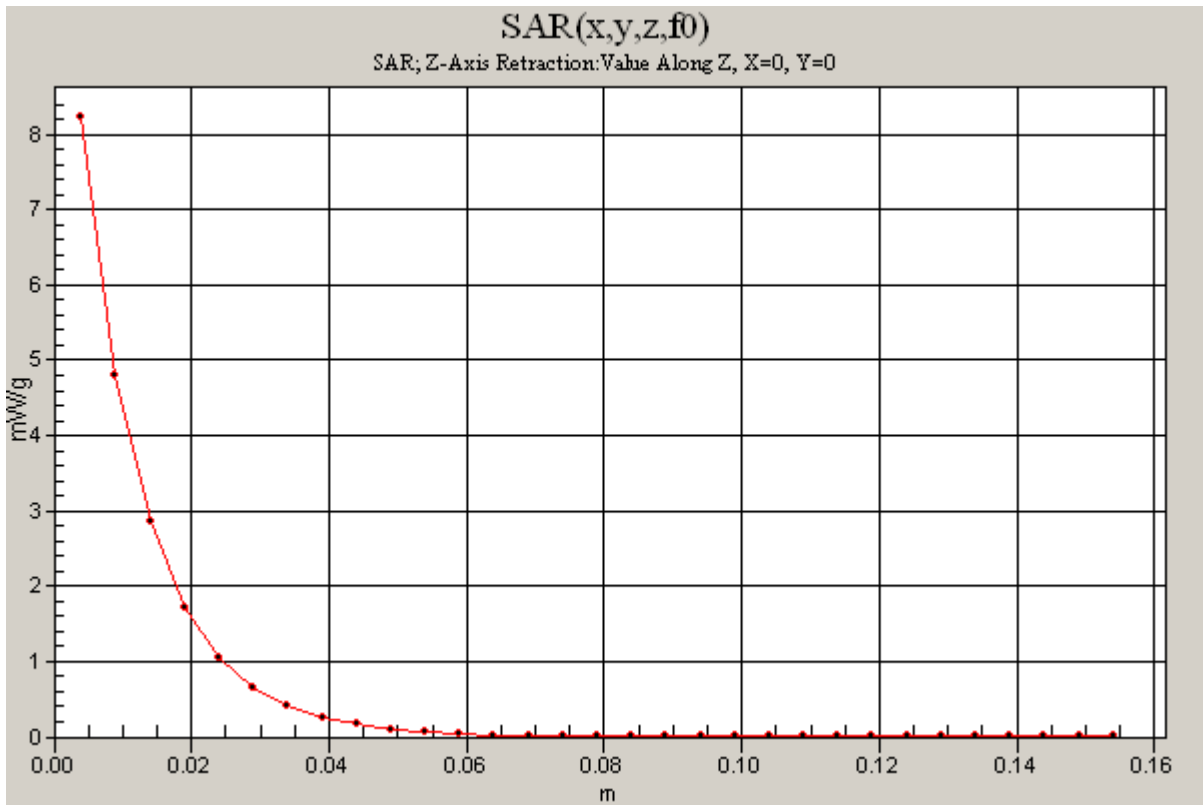
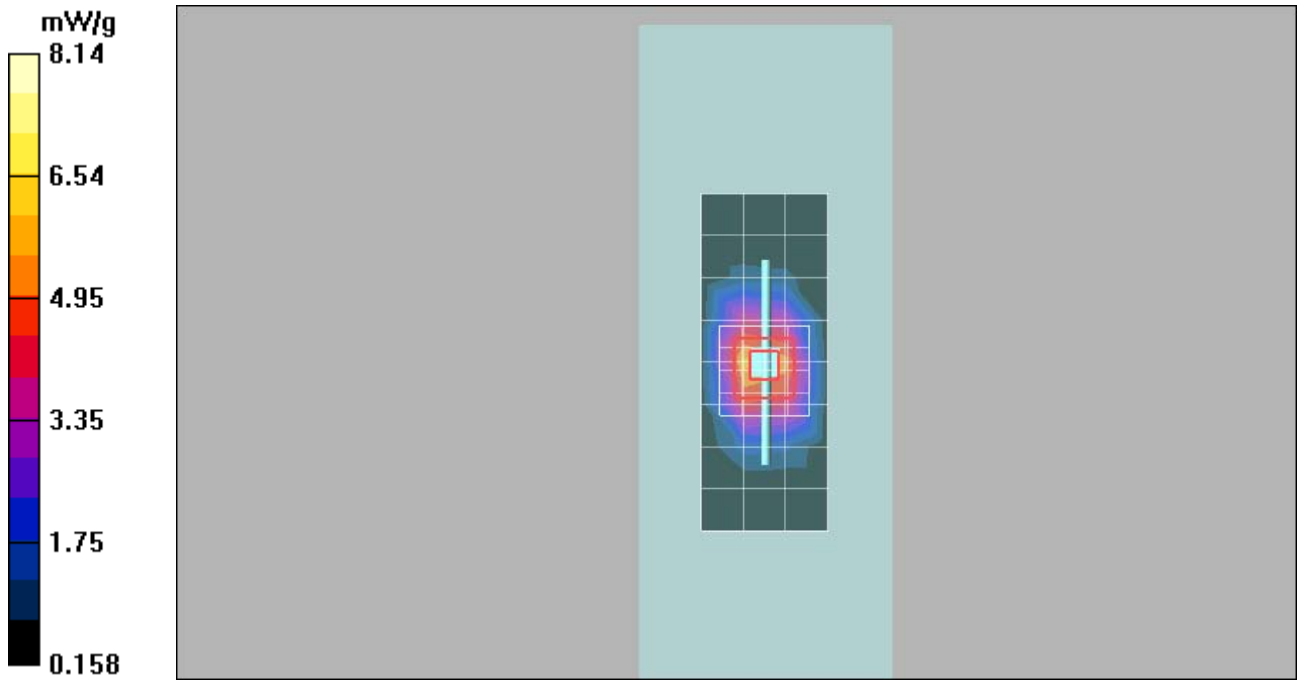
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.81 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.14 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/18/2012 4:02:28 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-18-2012 1800 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 1800MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 2d128; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 20.5; Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.7; Room Temp @ SPC = 21.7

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.05 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.68 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

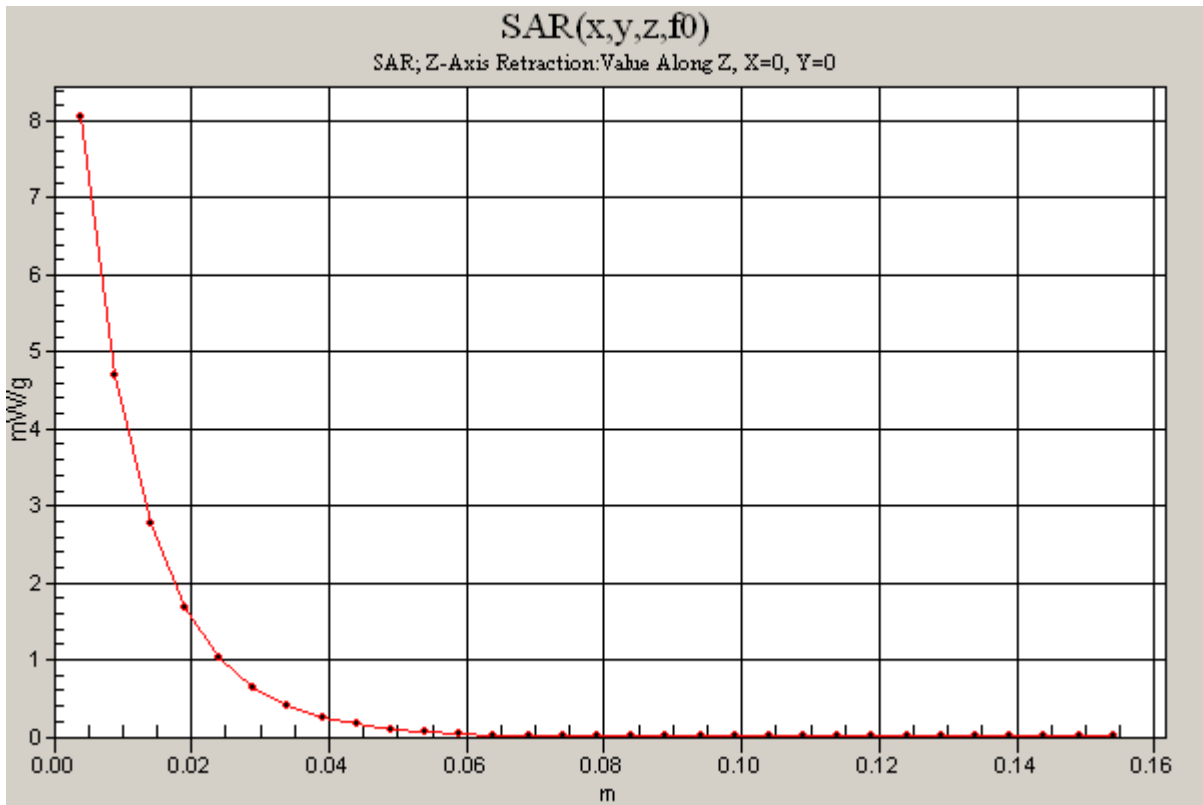
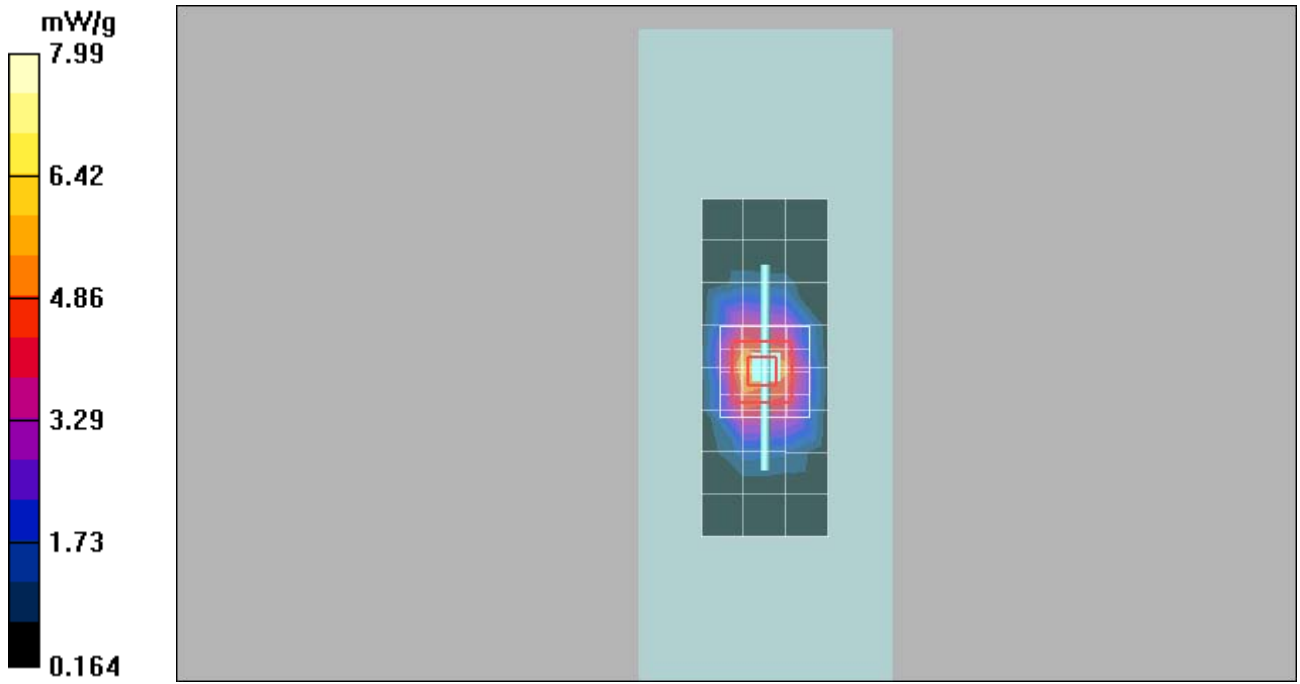
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.73 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.99 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/12/2012 3:43:17 PM

**Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - Apr-12-2012 2450 MHz Body****DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:788; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3**Procedure Notes: 2450MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 788; Input Power =200mW;  
Sim.Temp@meas = 22; Sim.Temp@SPC = 21.1; Room Temp @ SPC = 22.1

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation \*BODY Tissue\* ;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.94$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

## DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

**Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):**

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):**

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.91 mW/g

**Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

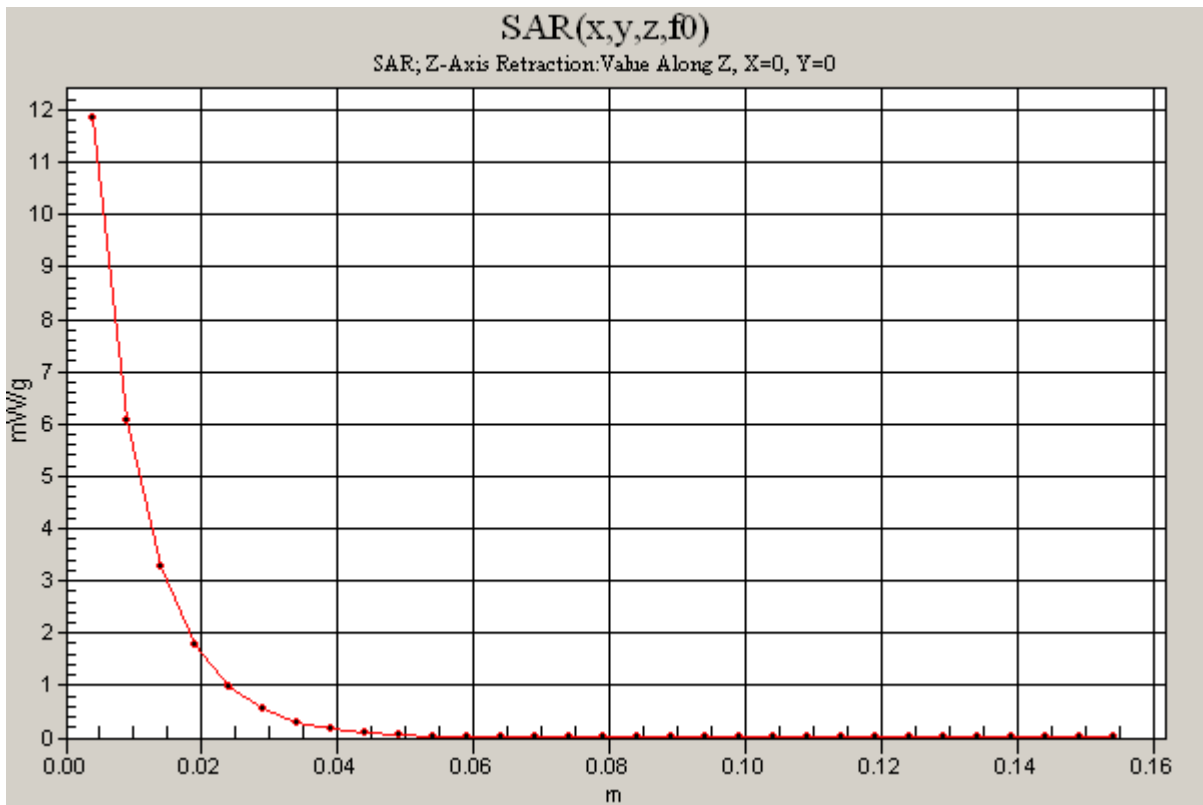
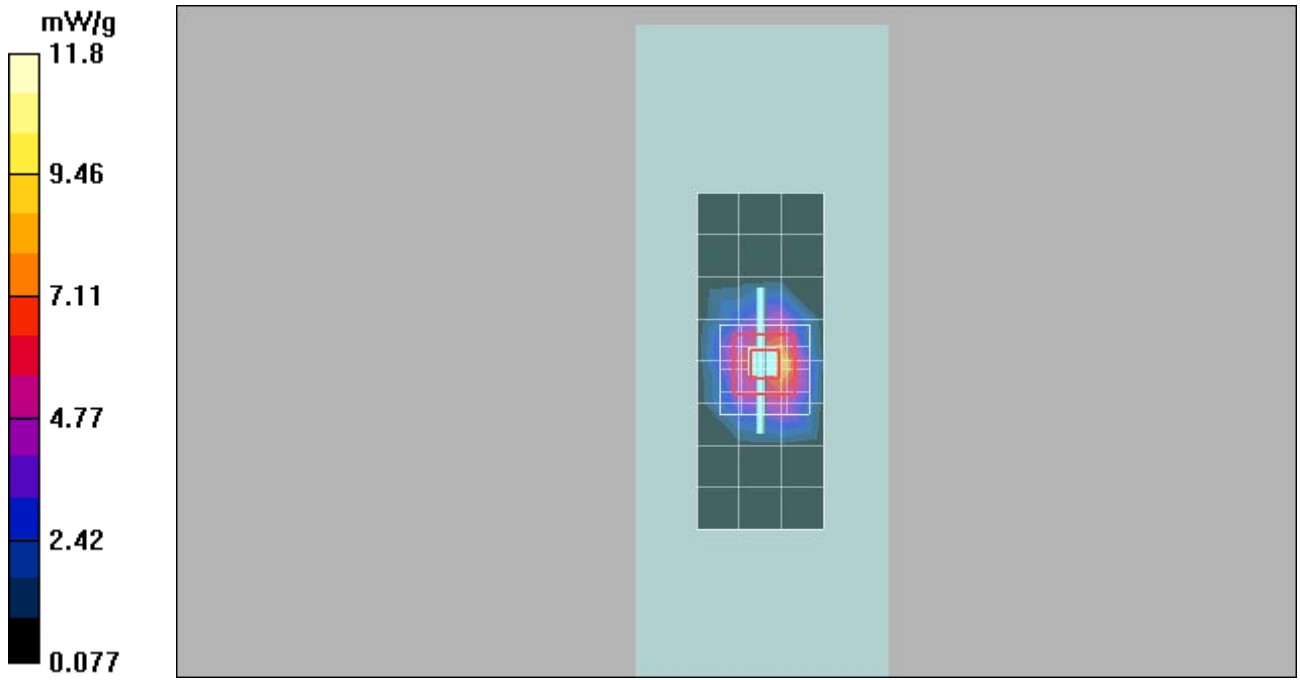
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.1 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.84 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 mW/g



## **Appendix 2**

### **SAR distribution plots for Head Adjacent Test Results**

Date/Time: 3/30/2012 4:21:45 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 850 Cheek

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Intenal;

Device Position: Cheek

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.692 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

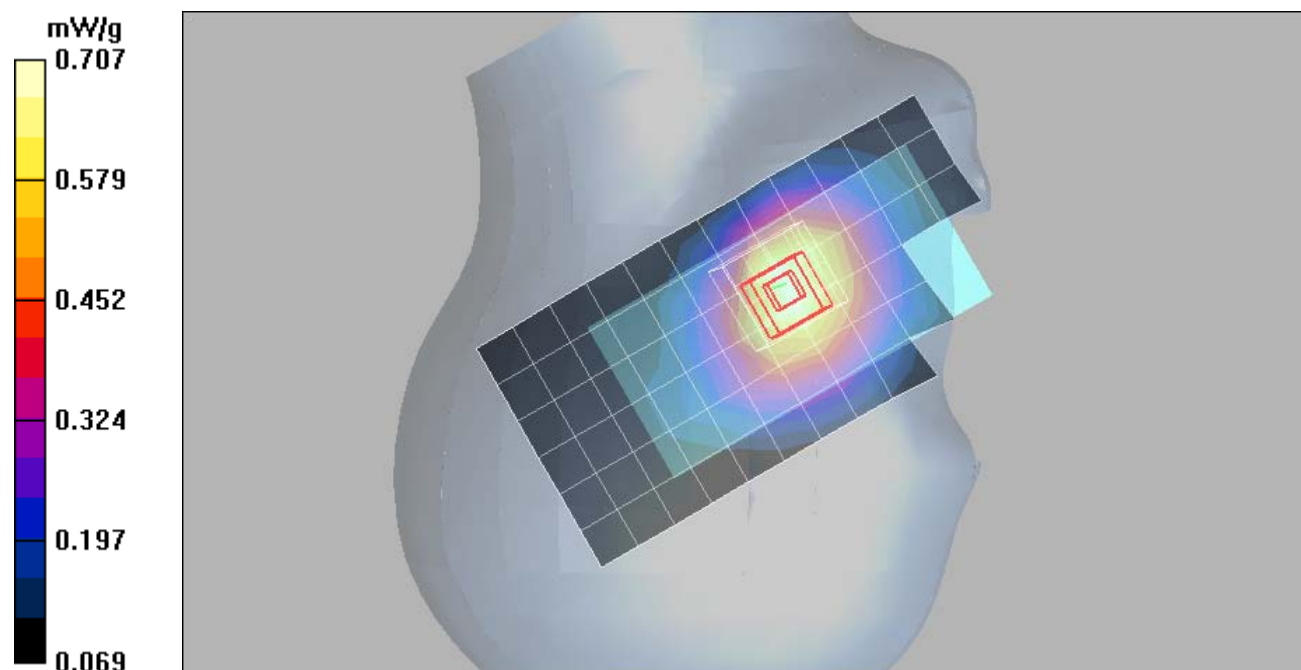
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.859 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.674 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.707 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/30/2012 5:23:11 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 850 Cheek

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Cheek

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

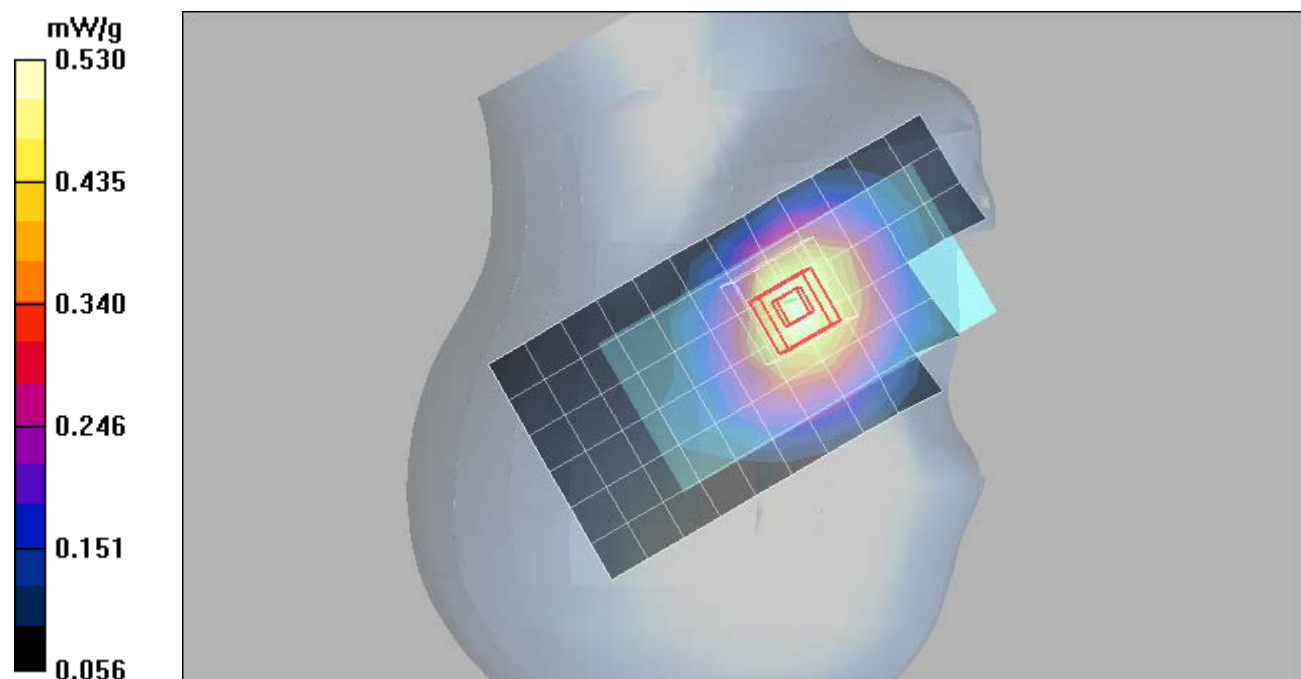
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.646 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.505 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.530 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/28/2012 8:15:34 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 1900 Cheek

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;  
Device Position: Cheek

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

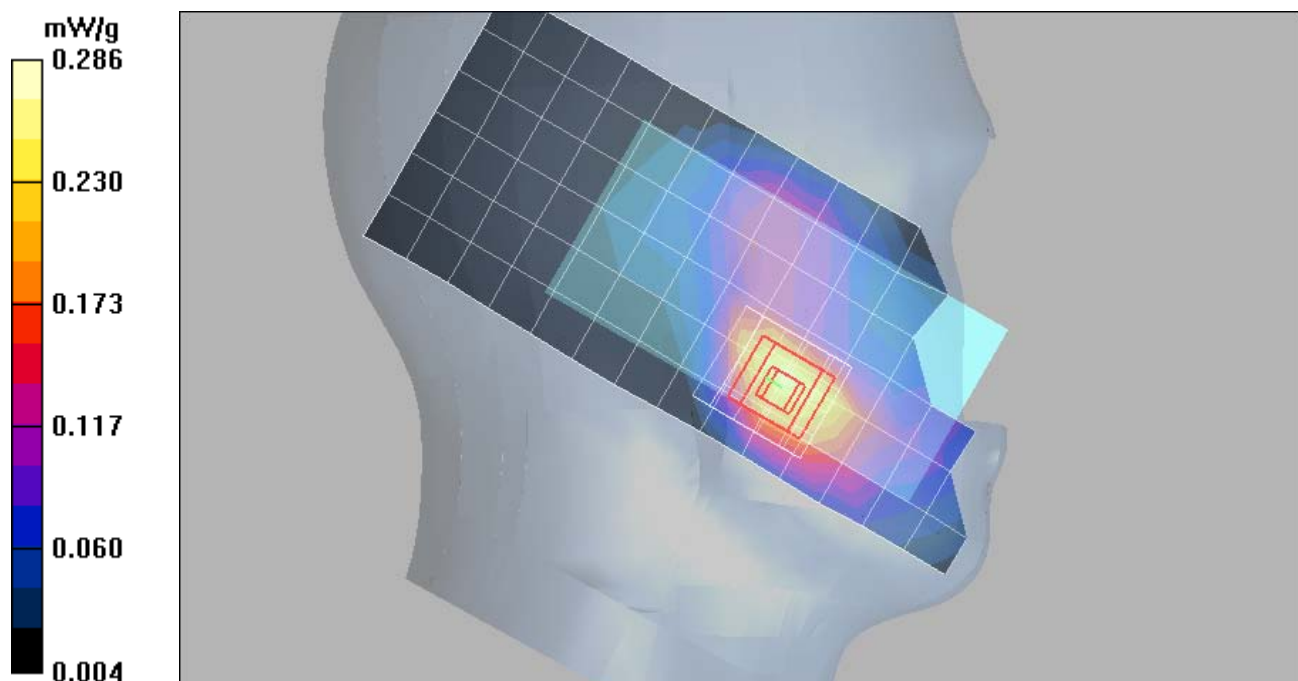
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.260 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.286 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/1/2012 4:41:31 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 1900 Cheek

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;  
Device Position: Cheek

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.348 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

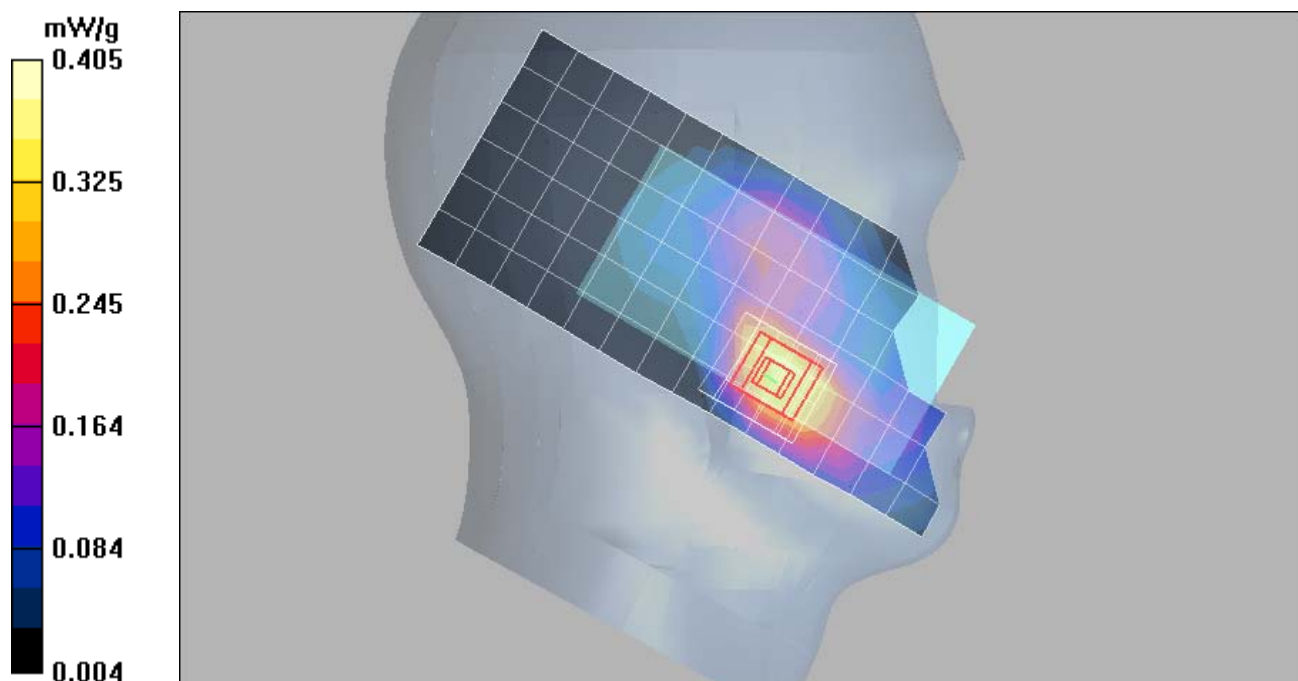
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.252 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.602 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.373 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.405 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/9/2012 10:33:29 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WiFi 2450 Cheek

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; WiFi Mode: 802.11b; Data Rate: 1Mbps;

Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Cheek

Communication System: Wi-Fi 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.275 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

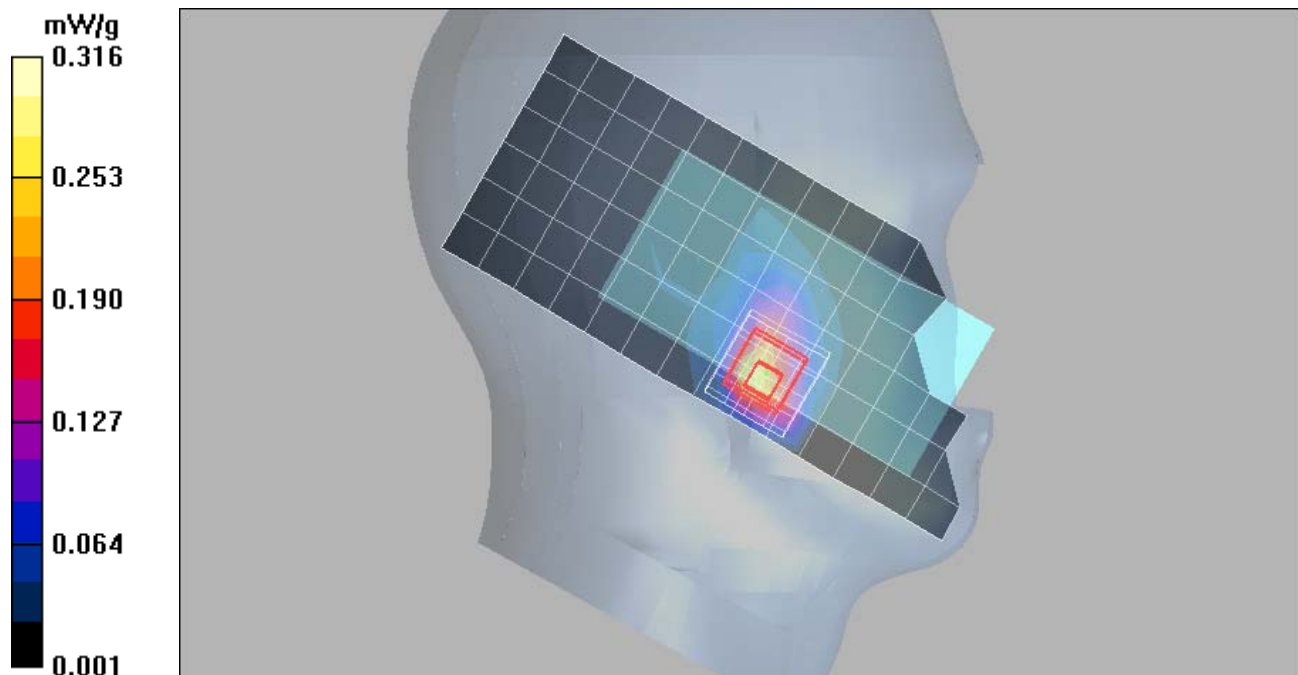
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.362 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.283 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/29/2012 9:48:51 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 850 Tilt

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Tilt

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.423 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

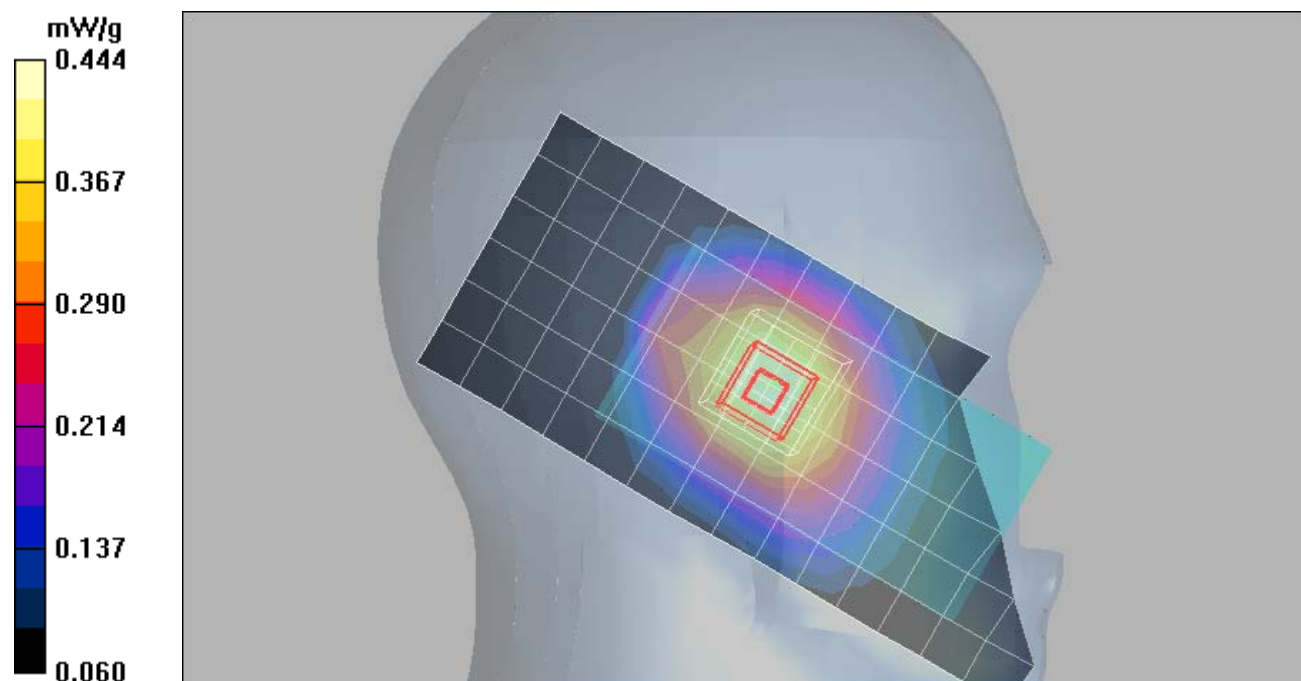
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.508 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.421 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/30/2012 10:04:25 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 850 Tilt

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;  
Device Position: Tilt

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.92$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.65, 5.65, 5.65); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1407;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.300 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

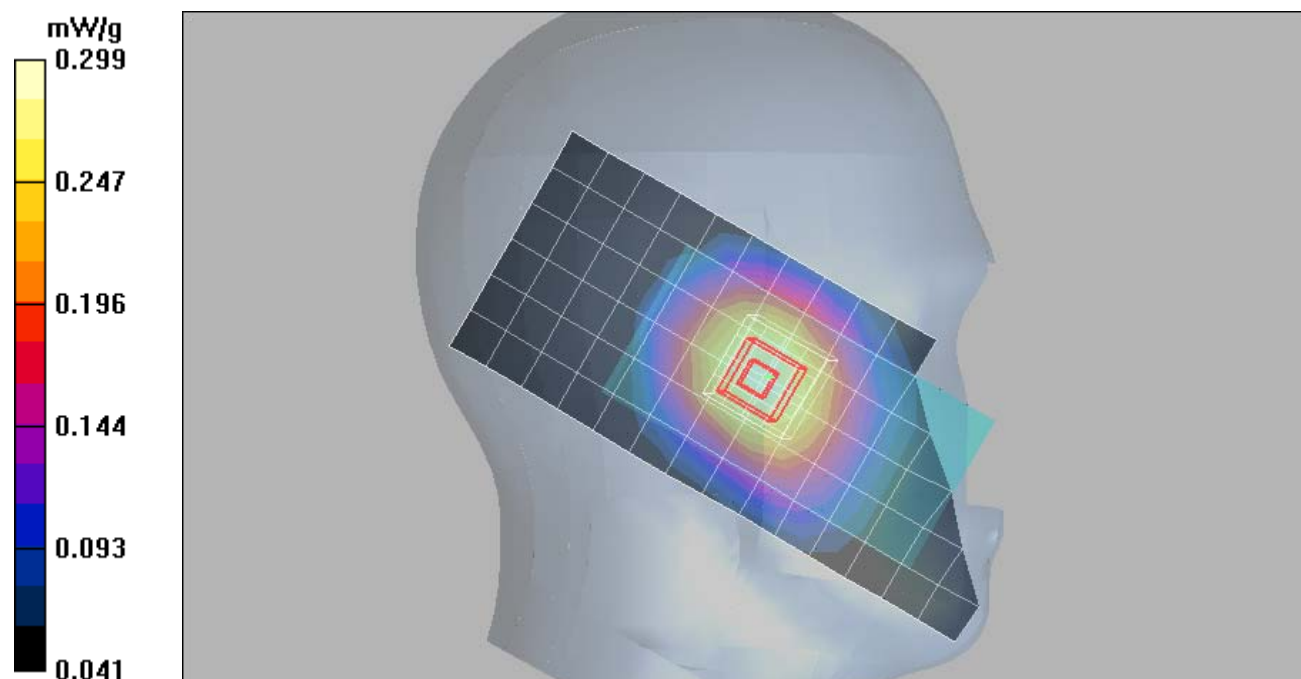
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.221 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/28/2012 9:00:08 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 1900 Tilt

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;  
Device Position: Tilt

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

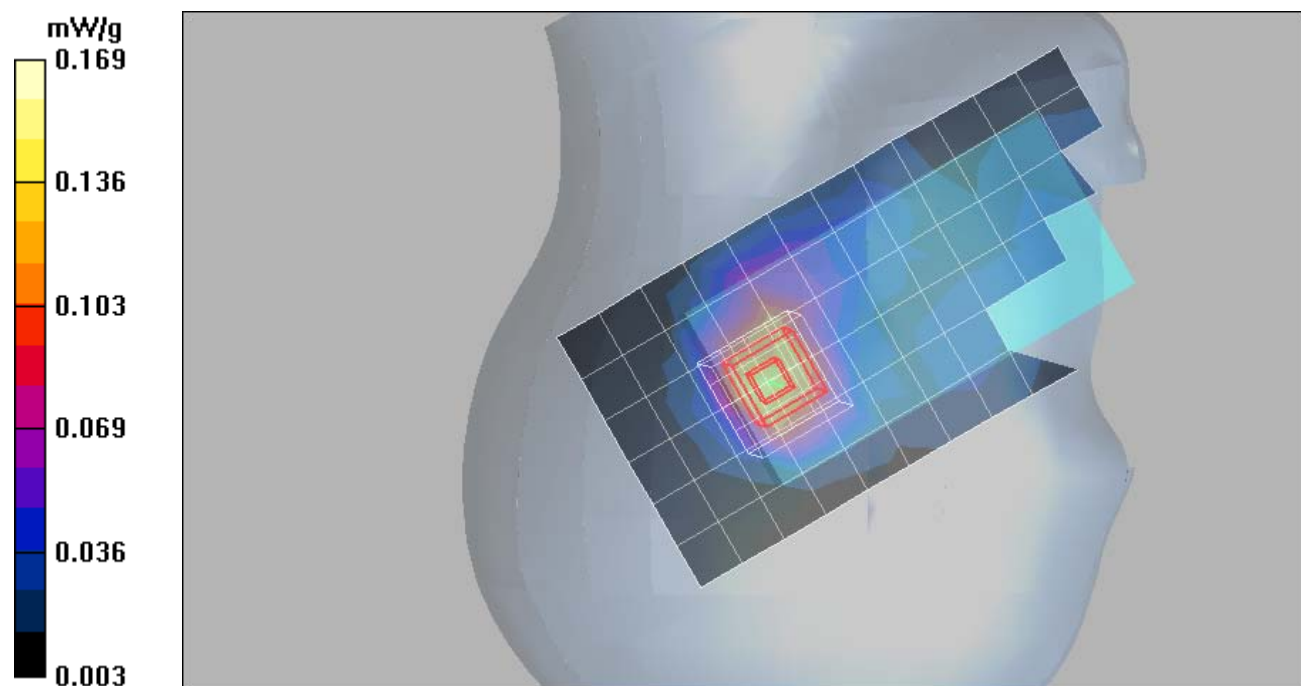
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/2/2012 10:05:05 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 1900 Tilt

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;  
Device Position: Tilt

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

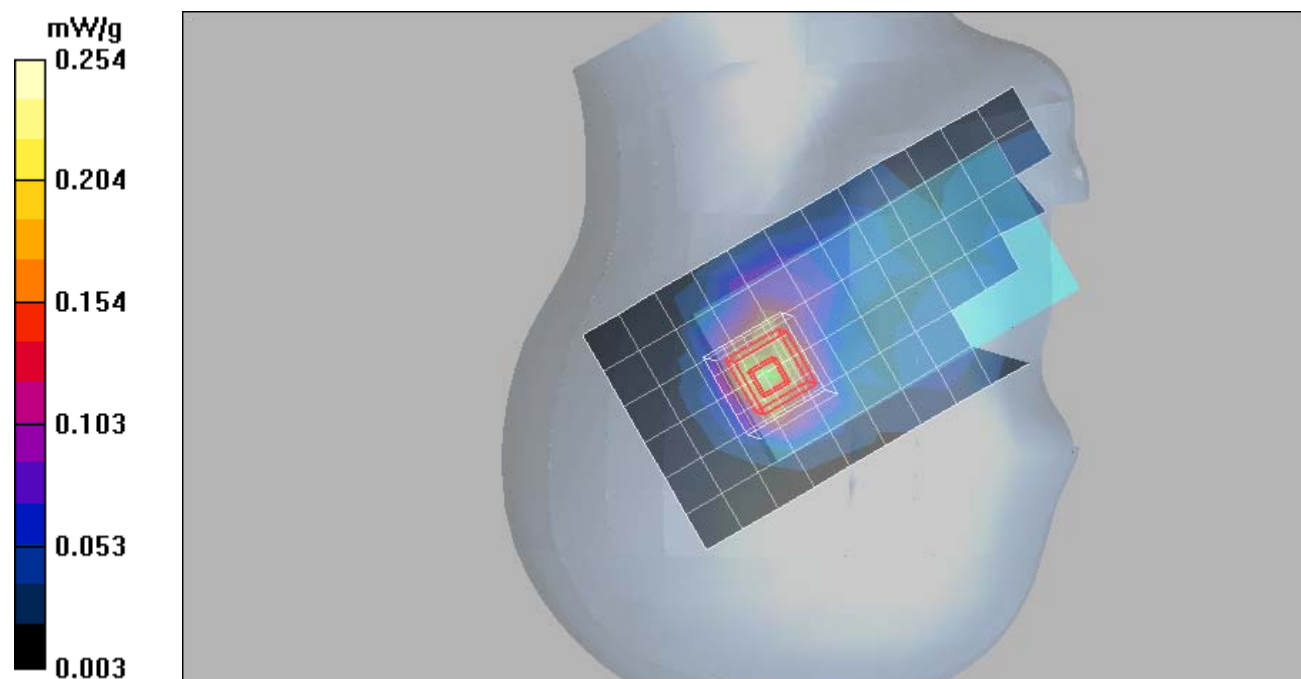
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.112 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.386 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.230 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.254 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/9/2012 12:00:41 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WiFi 2450 Tilt

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; WiFi Mode: 802.11b; Data Rate: 1Mbps;

Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Tilt

Communication System: Wi-Fi 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Head;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.83$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.29, 4.29, 4.29); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1160;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.093 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

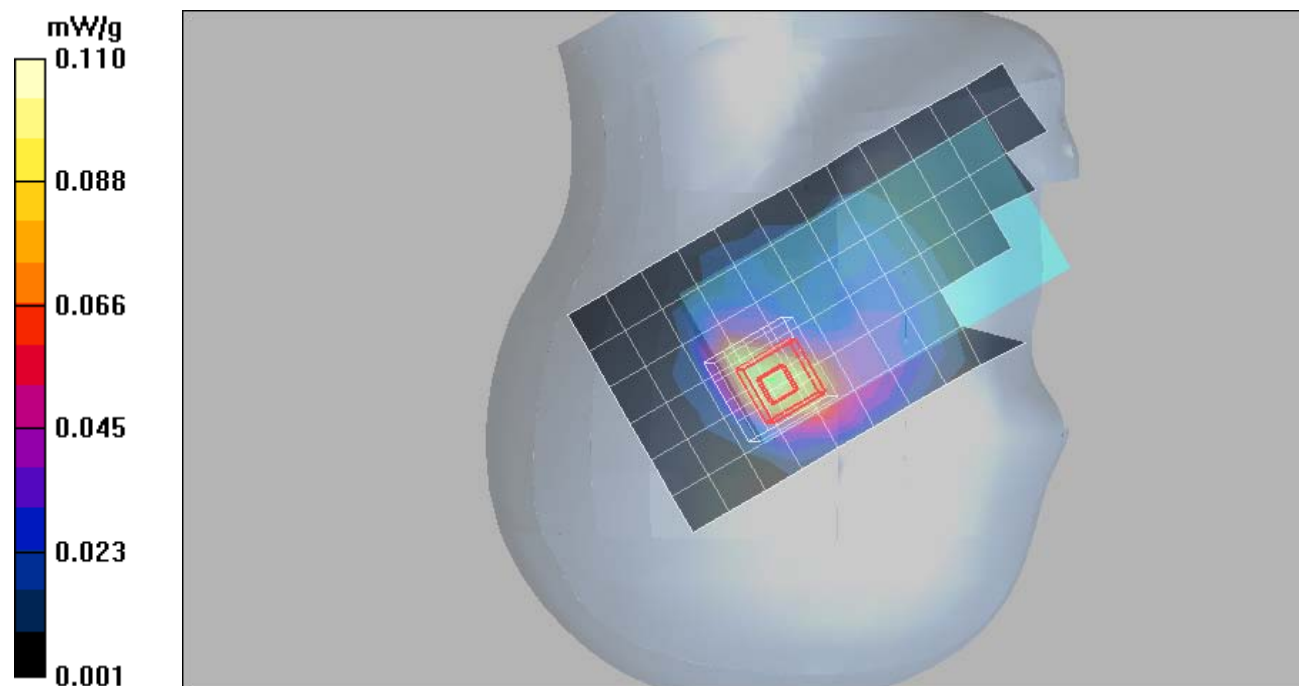
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.096 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.110 mW/g



## **Appendix 3**

### **SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Test Results**

Date/Time: 3/31/2012 9:41:57 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 850 Body Worn

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Intenal;

Device Position: Body worn, Front of phone 25mm from phantom

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.635 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

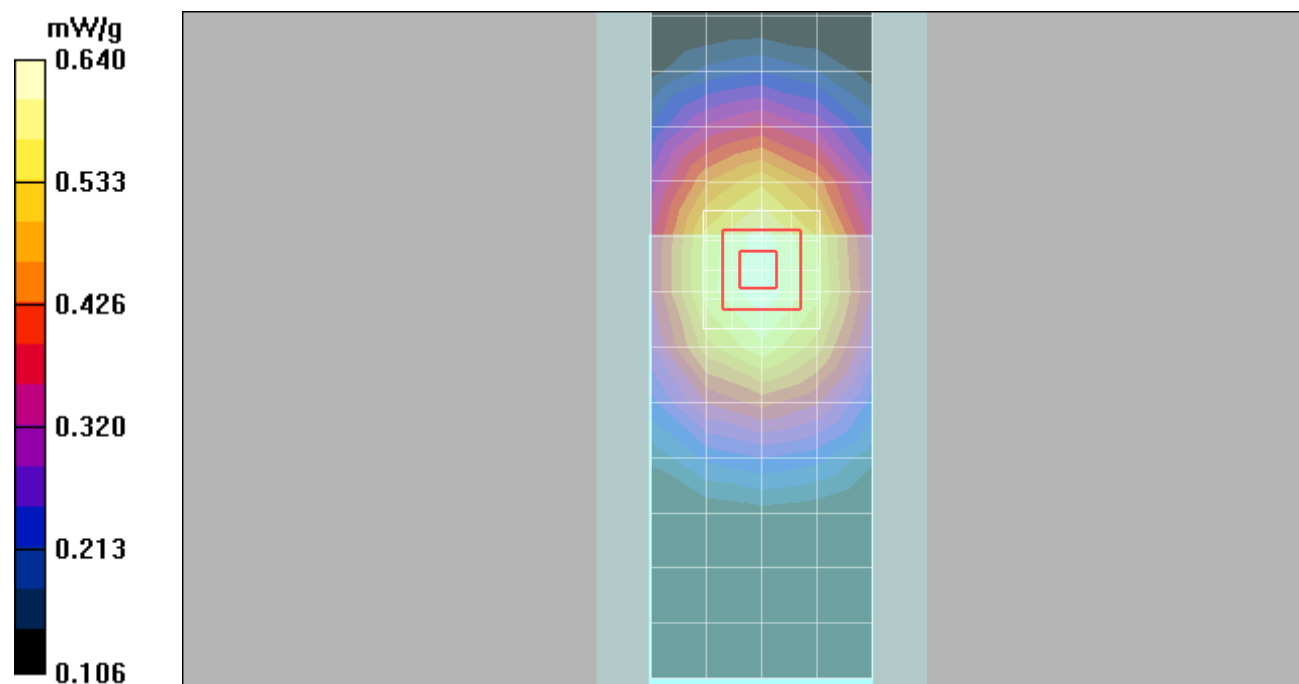
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.610 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.461 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.640 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/1/2012 7:24:31 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 850 Body Worn

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Front of Phone 25mm from Phantom

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.511 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

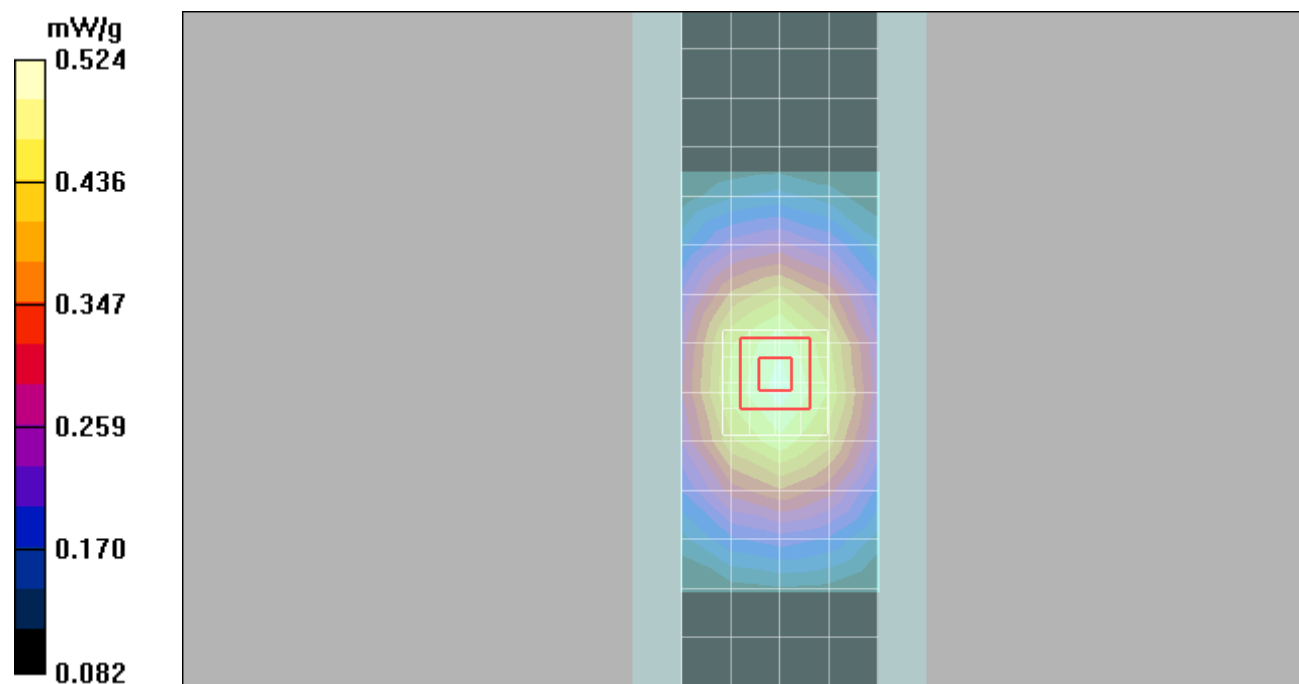
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.624 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.498 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.524 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/31/2012 8:53:36 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GSM 1900 Body Worn

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 25mm from Phantom

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.56$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.257 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

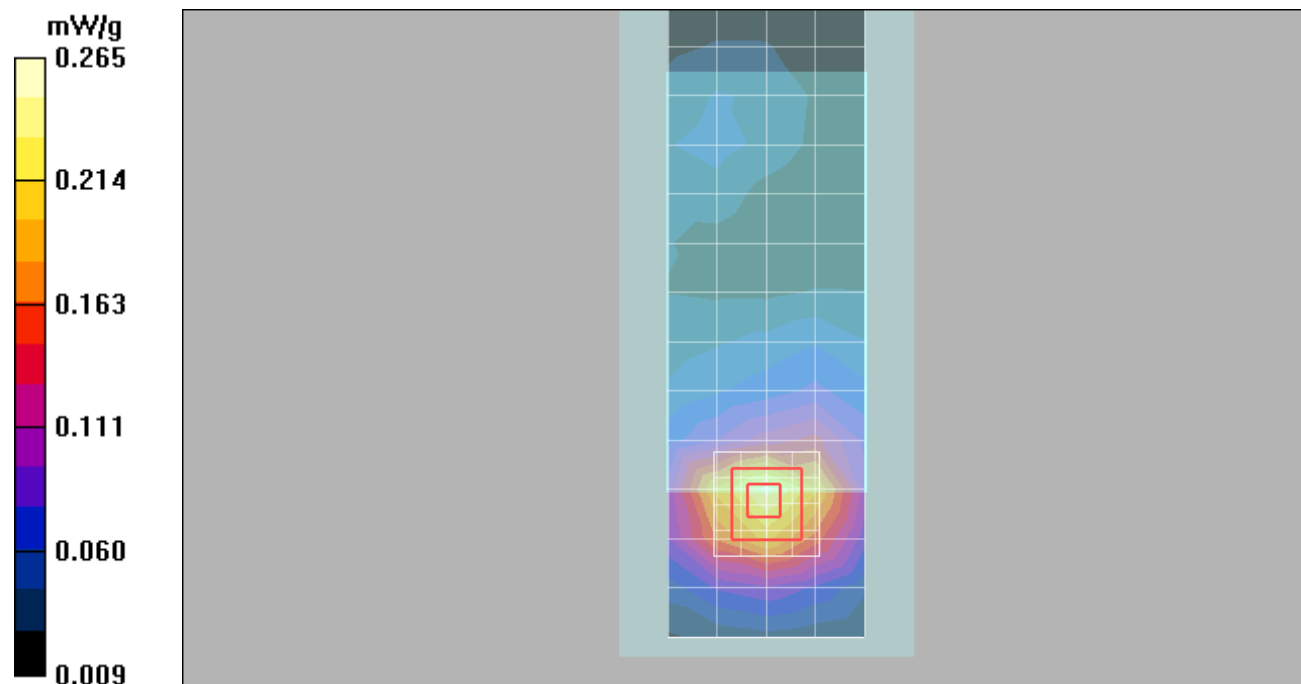
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.381 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.244 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/2/2012 12:01:32 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 1900 Body Worn

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 25mm from Phantom

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.59$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

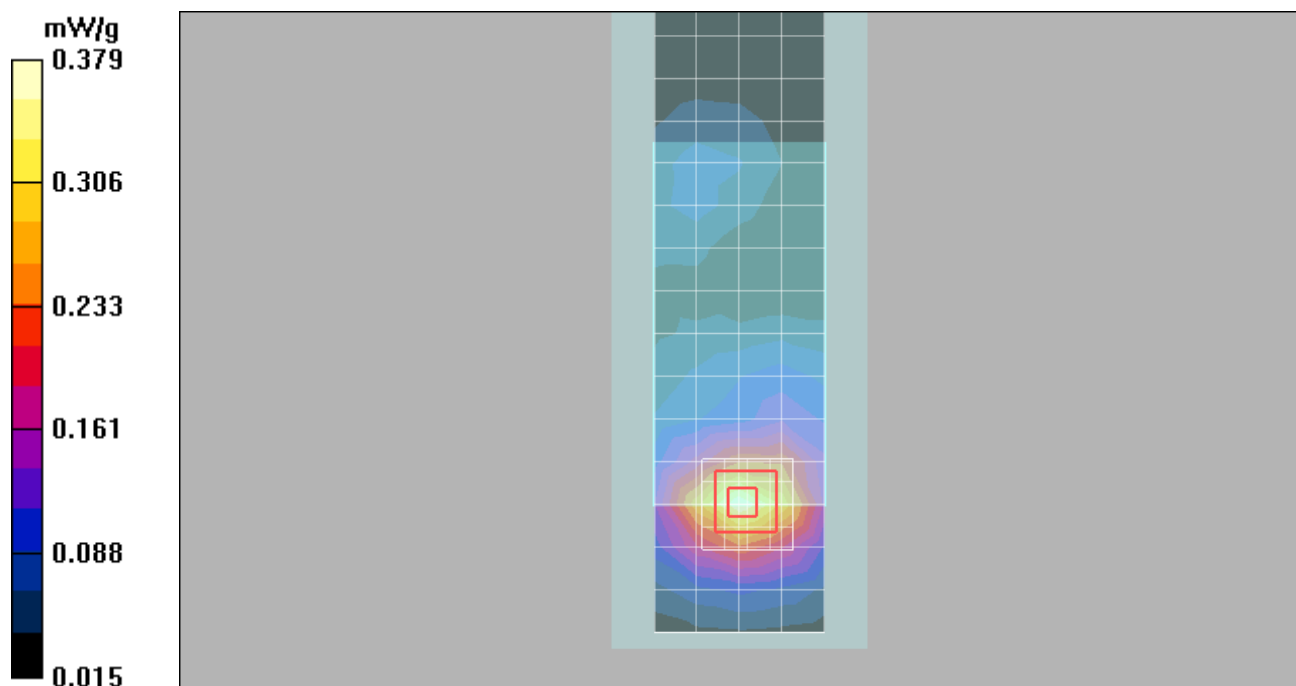
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.528 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.351 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/4/2012 11:00:23 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WiFi 2450 Body Worn

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; WiFi Mode: 802.11b; Data Rate: 1Mbps;

Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 25mm from Phantom

Communication System: Wi-Fi 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.011 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

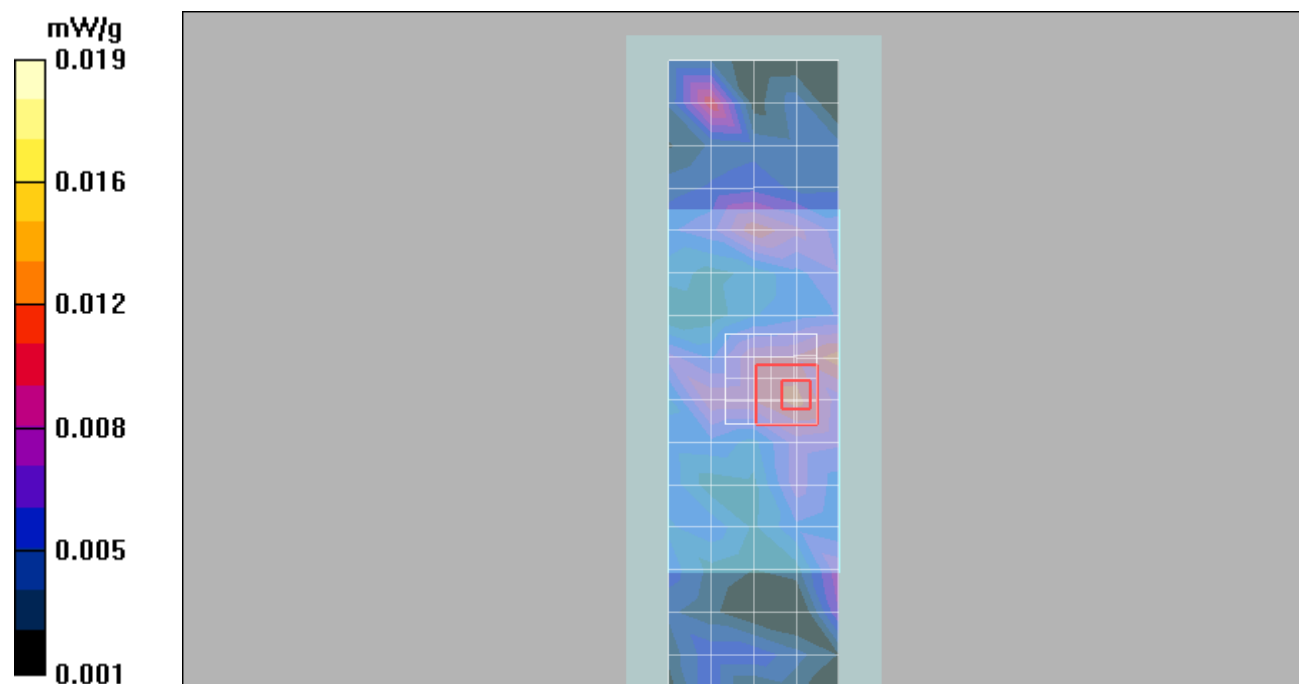
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.452 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.032 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0094 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00334 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g



## **Appendix 4**

### **SAR distribution plots for Mobile Hotspot Test Results**

Date/Time: 4/19/2012 9:01:54 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GPRS 850 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352205050010585; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Front of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: GPRS 850 - Class 12; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 53.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.446 mW/g

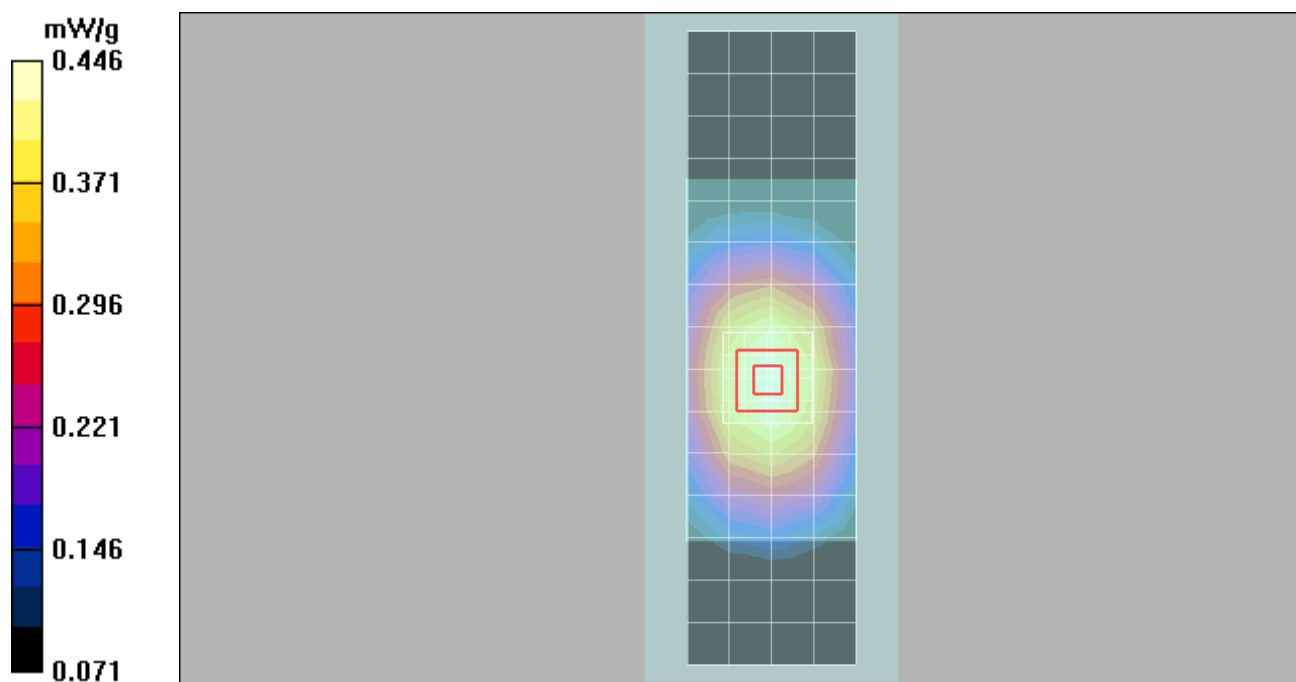
### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.426 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/19/2012 2:50:54 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 850 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.96 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 53.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(5.7, 5.7, 5.7); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.438 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

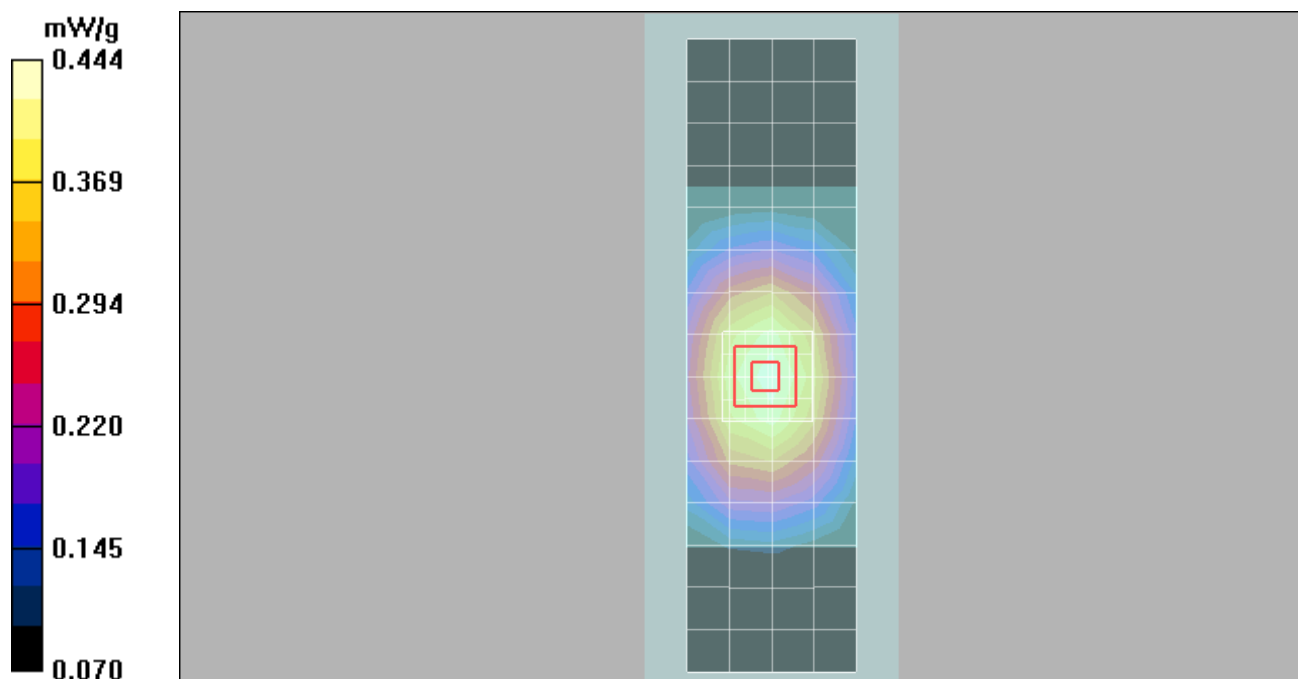
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.516 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.423 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.322 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/18/2012 4:19:59 PM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - GPRS 1900 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352205050010585; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 00; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Bottom edge of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: GPRS 1900 - Class 12; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.59$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

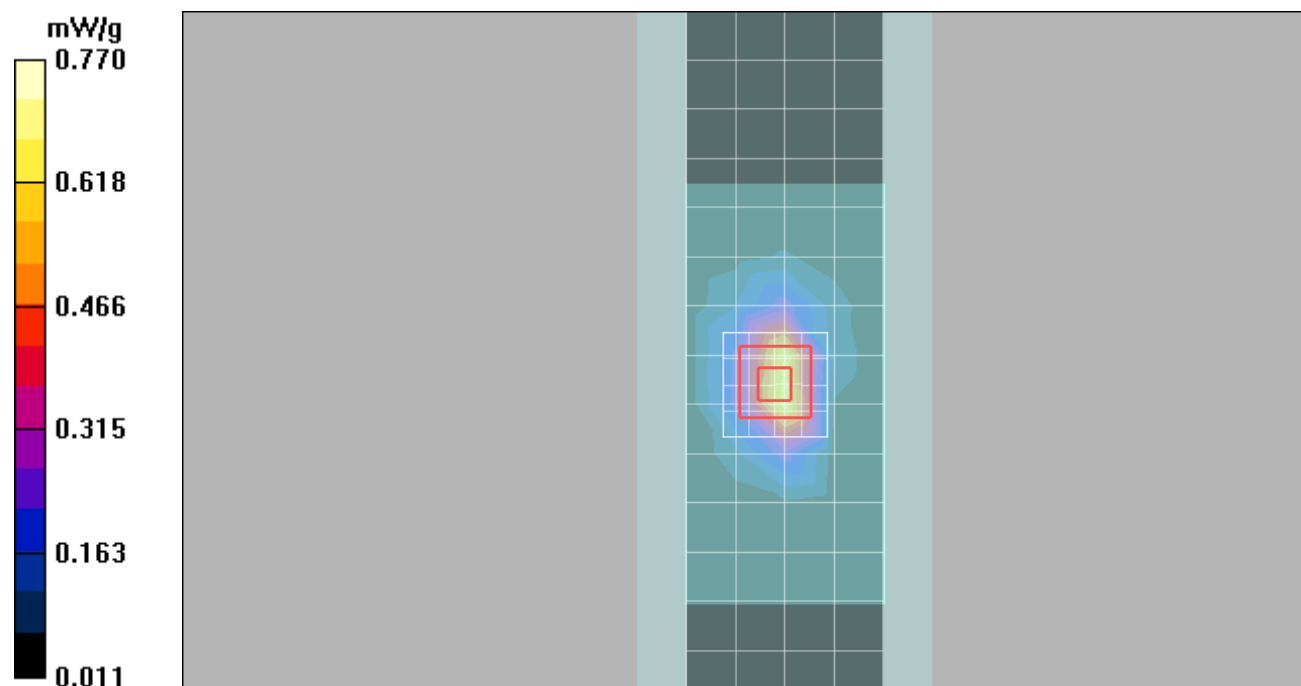
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.084 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.673 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.340 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.770 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/17/2012 11:00:55 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WCDMA 1900 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID: IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Bottom edge of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.72, 4.72, 4.72); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

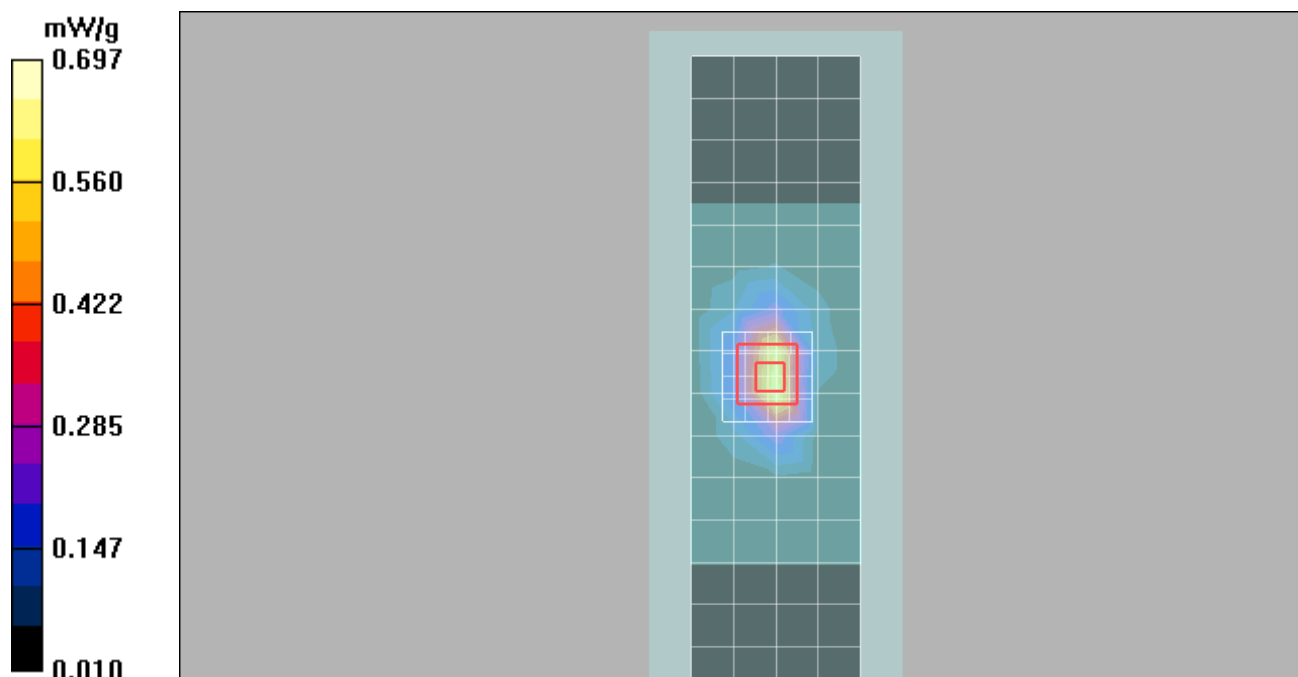
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.611 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.697 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/6/2012 8:01:43 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WiFi 2450 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; WiFi Mode: 802.11b; Data Rate: 1Mbps;

Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Left edge of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: Wi-Fi 2450; Frequency: 2412 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

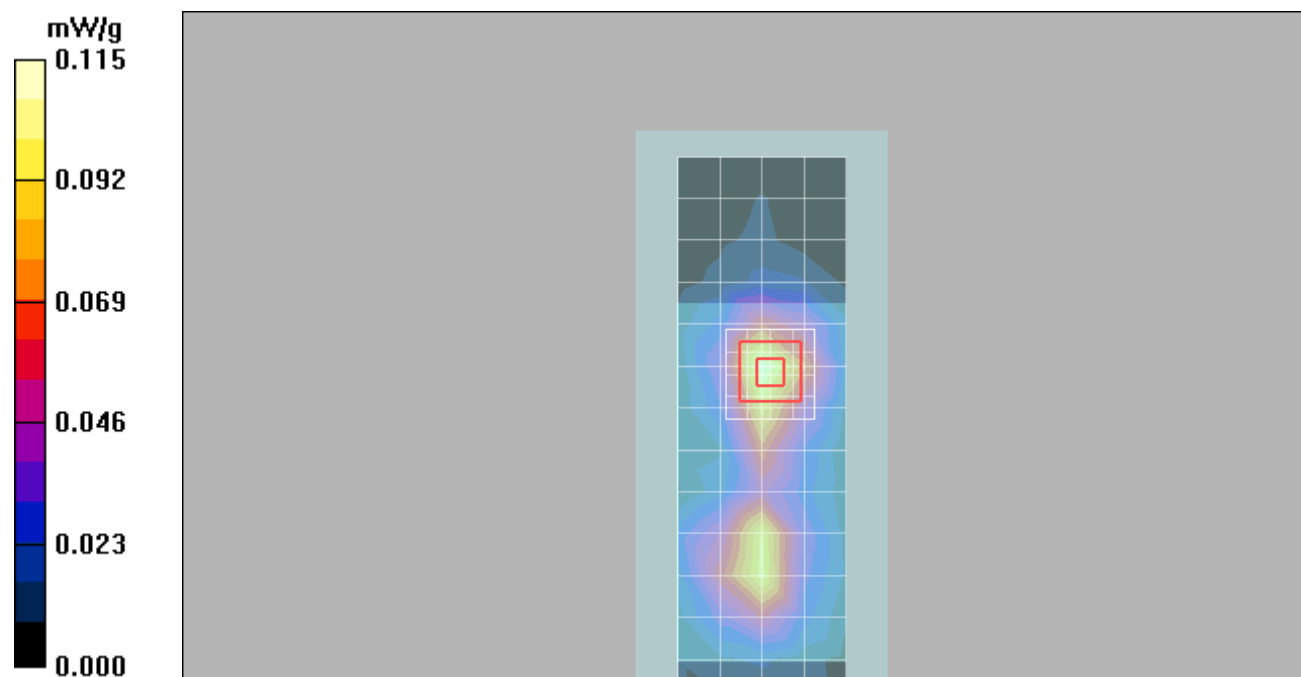
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/4/2012 11:28:16 AM

## Test Laboratory: MOTOROLA - WiFi 2450 Mobile Hotspot

Serial: 352206050003182; FCC ID:IHDT56NH3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; WiFi Mode: 802.11b; Data Rate: 1Mbps;

Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: Internal;

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 10mm from Phantom

Communication System: Wi-Fi 2450; Frequency: 2462 MHz;

Communication System Channel Number: 11; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Body;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.02$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3178; ConvF(4.13, 4.13, 4.13); Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn437; Calibrated: 2/9/2012
- Phantom: R11\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev3 (3-Feb-10); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Extended Body (15mm) (16x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.046 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

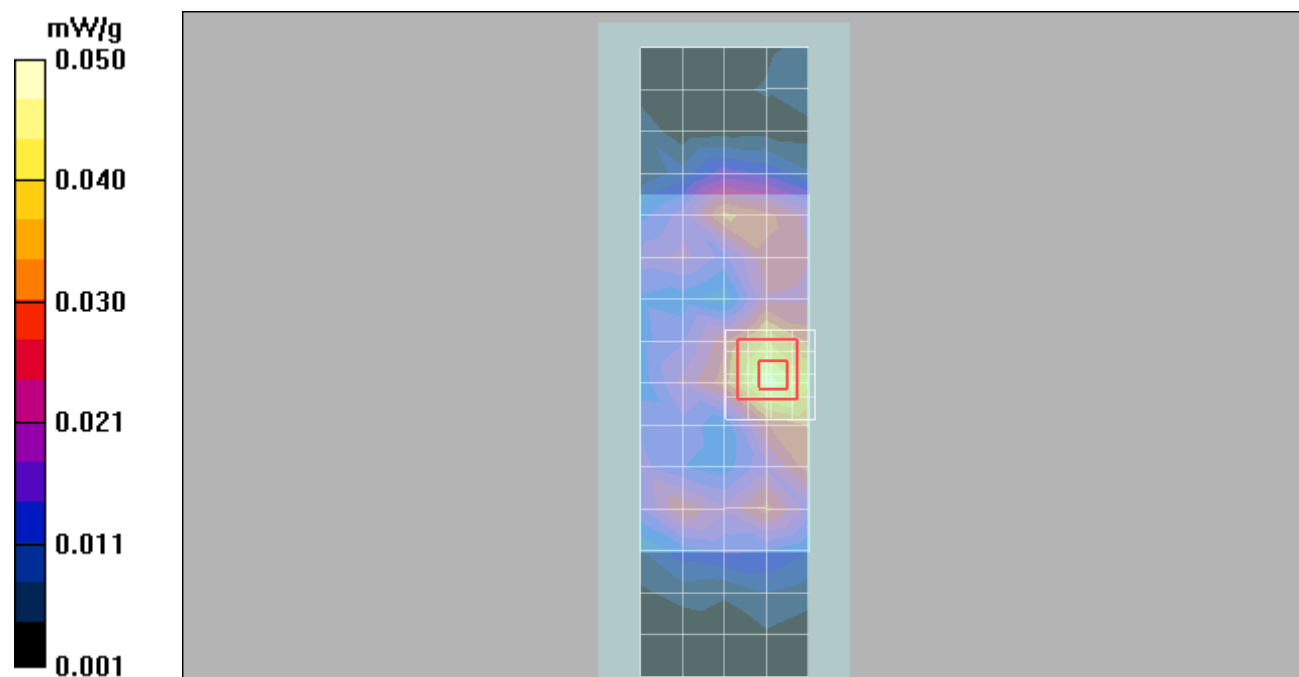
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.283 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.097 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.044 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.024 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.050 mW/g



## **Appendix 5**

### **Measurement Uncertainty Budget**

### Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 735 MHz to 3 GHz

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	Description IEEE1528(2003) / IEC62209-1(2005)	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (1 g)	<i>c<sub>i</sub></i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	10 g <i>u<sub>i</sub></i> (±%)	<i>v<sub>i</sub></i>
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration [ES3DV3]	E.2.1 / 7.2.1	6.0	N	1.00	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3 / 7.2.1.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4 / 7.2.1.3	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5 / 7.2.1.4	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6 / 7.2.1.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7 / 7.2.1.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8 / 7.2.1.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2 / 7.2.2.1	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3 / 7.2.2.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5 / 7.2.4	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2 / 7.2.2.4	3.4	N	1.00	1	1	3.4	3.4	79
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1 / 7.2.2.4.2	4.5	N	1.00	1	1	4.5	4.5	11
SAR drift	6.6.2 / 7.2.3.5	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1 / 7.2.2.2	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3 / 7.2.3.3	2.5	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	6
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	2.3	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.4	1.1	6
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS				11	11	372
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)</b>			<i>k</i> =2				22	22	

## **Appendix 6**

### **Probe Calibration Certificate**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **ES3-3178\_Jan12**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3178**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 11, 2012**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Jeton Kastrati</b>	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Function Technical Manager	Signature 

Issued: January 12, 2012

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3178

Manufactured: January 23, 2008  
Calibrated: January 11, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems  
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3178

### Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	1.31	1.24	1.36	$\pm 10.1 \%$
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	101.4	94.9	101.0	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	111.2	$\pm 2.2 \%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	114.8	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	112.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor  $k=2$ , which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3178

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	5.85	5.85	5.85	0.25	2.03	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	5.65	5.65	5.65	0.27	1.99	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.80	1.19	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	4.69	4.69	4.69	0.73	1.23	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.80	1.26	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3178

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

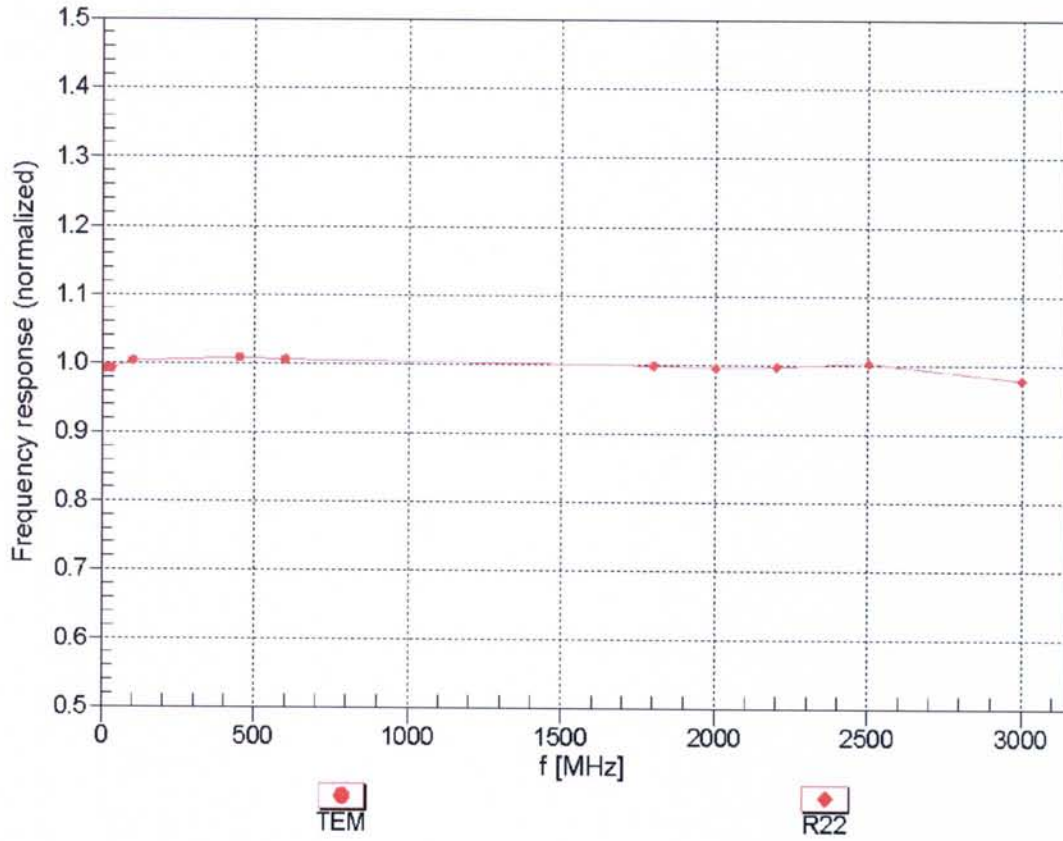
f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	5.73	5.73	5.73	0.29	1.89	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.57	1.34	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	4.72	4.72	4.72	0.66	1.53	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.46	1.77	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.13	4.13	4.13	0.68	1.13	± 12.0 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

# Frequency Response of E-Field

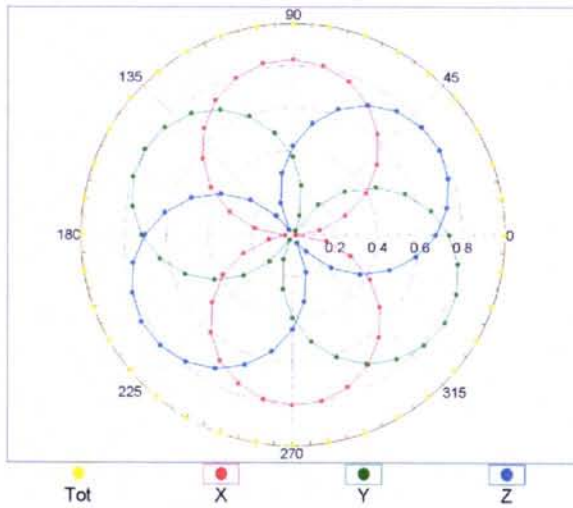
(TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



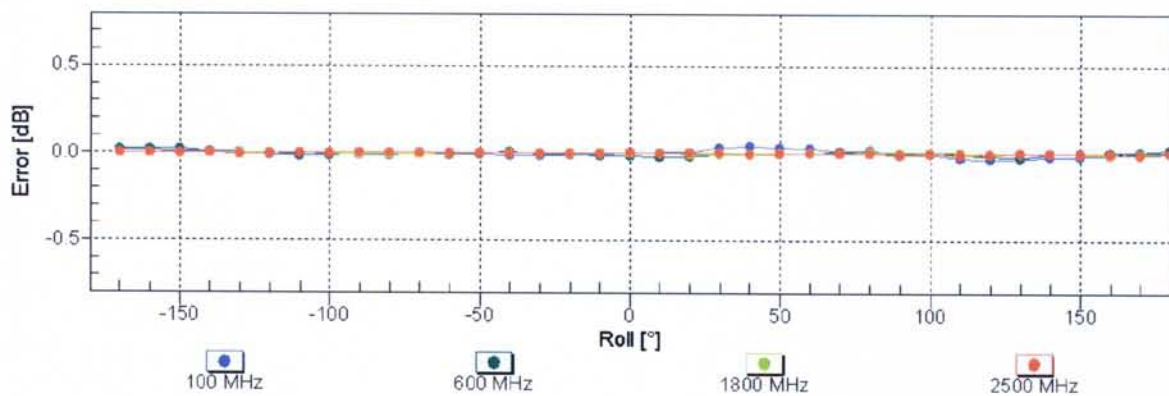
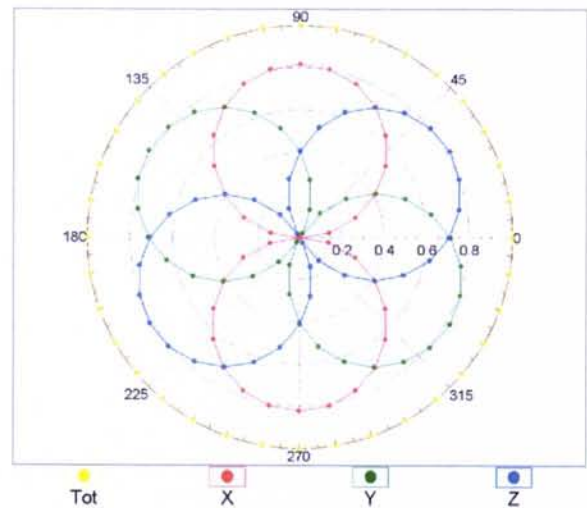
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM

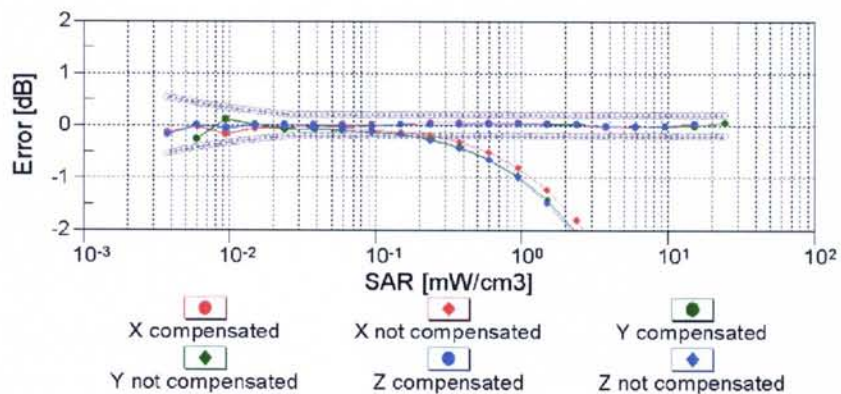
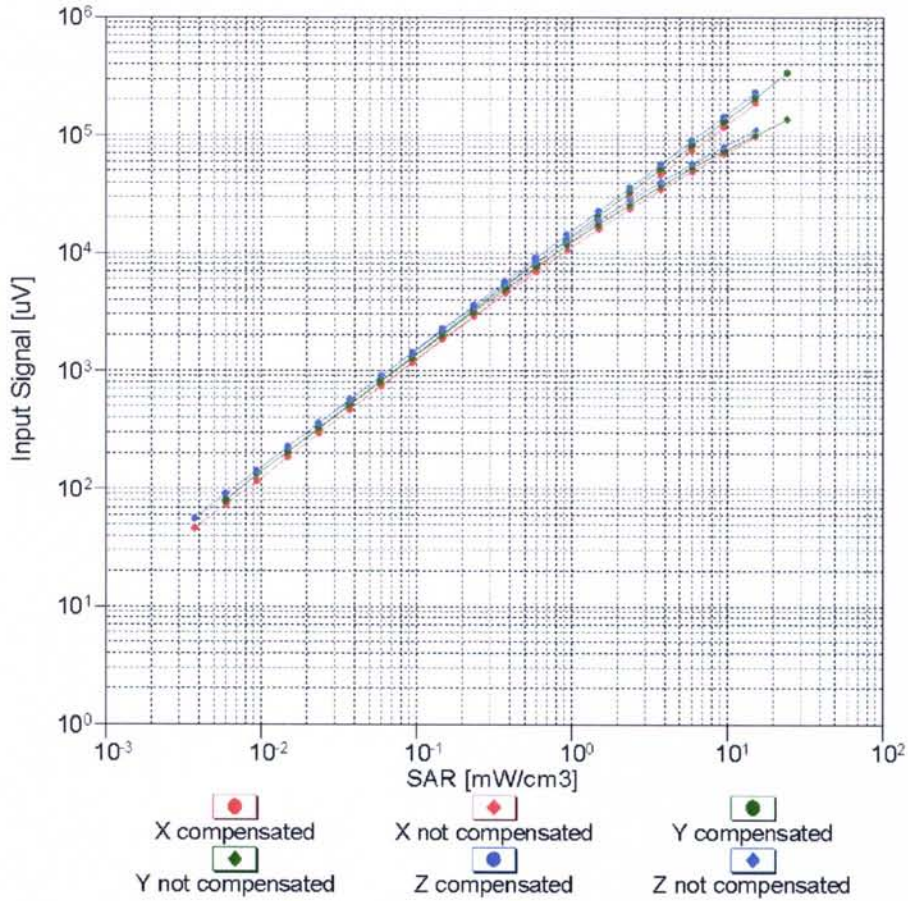


f=1800 MHz, R22



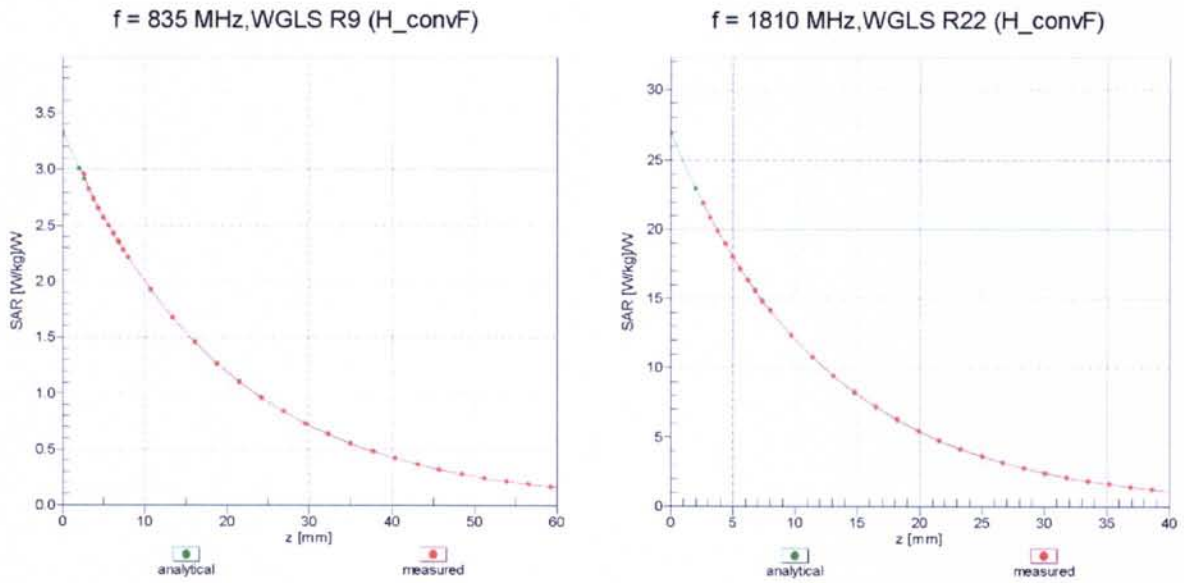
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ )

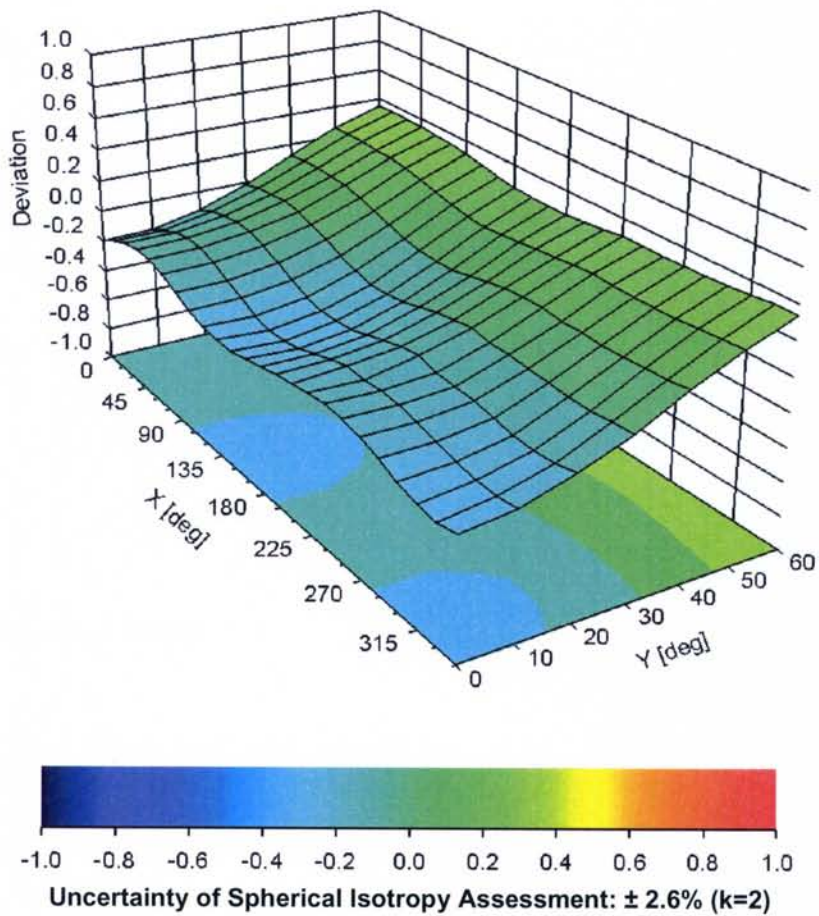


**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)**

# Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ), f = 900 MHz



## DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3178

### Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

## **Appendix 7**

### **Dipole Characterization Certificate**



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **D835V2-421\_Apr11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 421**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **April 04, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	<b>Dimce Iliev</b>	<b>Laboratory Technician</b>	
Approved by:	<b>Katja Pokovic</b>	<b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: April 5, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	15 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	0.88 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.7 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.31 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.34 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.51 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.04 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>6.10 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.1 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.49 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>9.76 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.63 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.52 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>6.43 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.3 $\Omega$ + 0.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 $\Omega$ - 1.0 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 36.7 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.424 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 24, 2000

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 04.04.2011 10:09:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.88 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:**

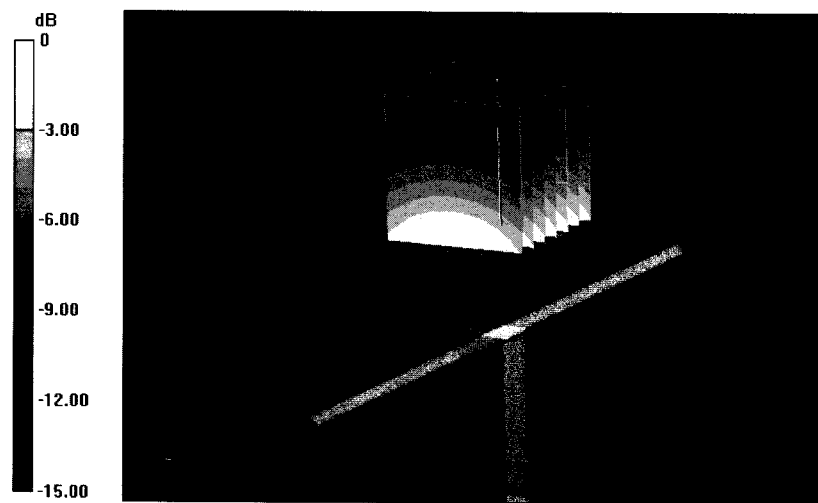
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 56.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.449 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.51 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.699 mW/g



0 dB = 2.700mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

4 Apr 2011 09:02:53

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 53.303  $\Omega$  0.6992  $\Omega$  133.27  $\mu$ H 835.000 000 MHz

\*

Del

Cor

Avg  
16

↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -29.705 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑

START 635.000 000 MHz

STOP 1 100.000 000 MHz

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 04.04.2011 13:48:48

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:421**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 54.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

**Pin=250 mW /d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0:**

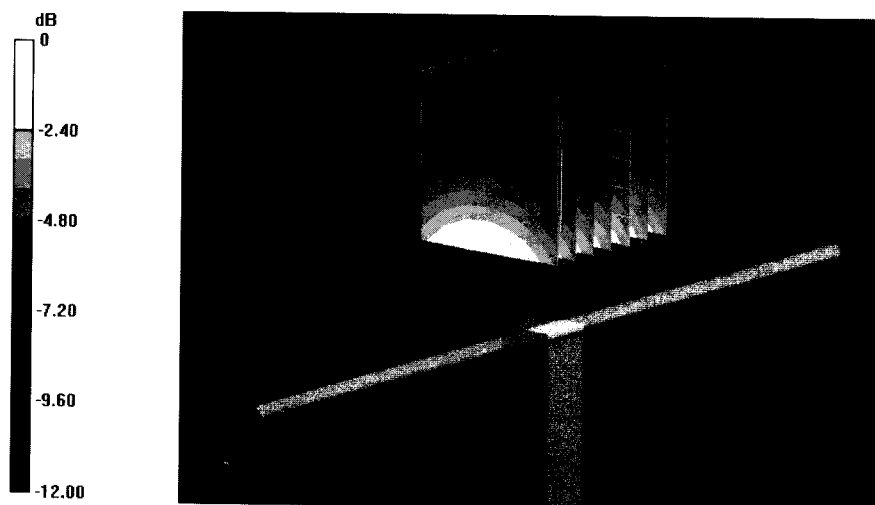
Measurement grid:  $dx=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=5\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 55.878 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.683 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.902 mW/g



0 dB = 2.900mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

4 Apr 2011 12:50:41

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 48.967  $\Omega$  -994.14 m $\Omega$  191.73 pF 835.000 000 MHz

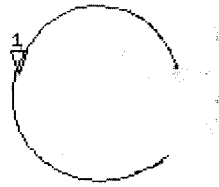
\*

De1

Cor

Avg  
16

↑

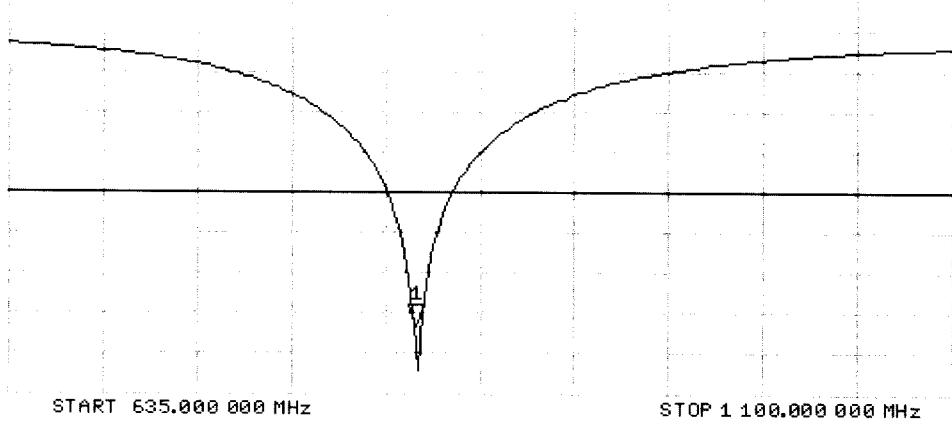


CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -36.732 dB 835.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **D1800V2-2d128\_Apr11**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1800V2 - SN: 2d128**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **April 6, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name <b>Mike Meili</b>	Function <b>Laboratory Technician</b>	Signature 
Approved by:	Name <b>Katja Pokovic</b>	Technical Manager <b>Technical Manager</b>	

Issued: April 6, 2011

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

**Glossary:**

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

**Additional Documentation:**

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	1800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.1 $\pm$ 6 %	1.36 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature during test</b>	(21.5 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.85 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	39.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>39.9 mW /g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.16 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.8 mW /g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.3 ± 6 %	1.47 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.8 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.58 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	38.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>38.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.08 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>20.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.6 $\Omega$ - 2.7 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 30.2 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.7 $\Omega$ - 3.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.210 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 27, 2005

# DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 05.04.2011 11:30:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.36$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

## Head / d=10mm, Pin=250 mW / Cube 0:

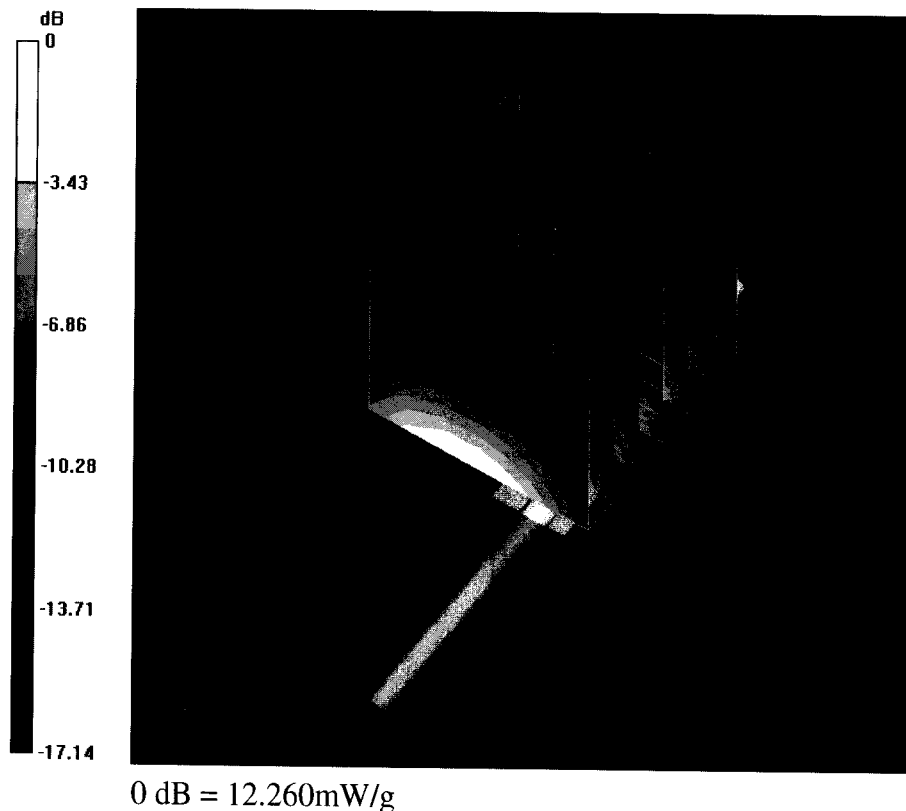
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 98.381 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.979 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.85 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.263 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

5 Apr 2011 08:57:32  
 [CH1] S11 1 U FS 2: 48.623  $\Omega$  -2.7051  $\Omega$  32.686 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

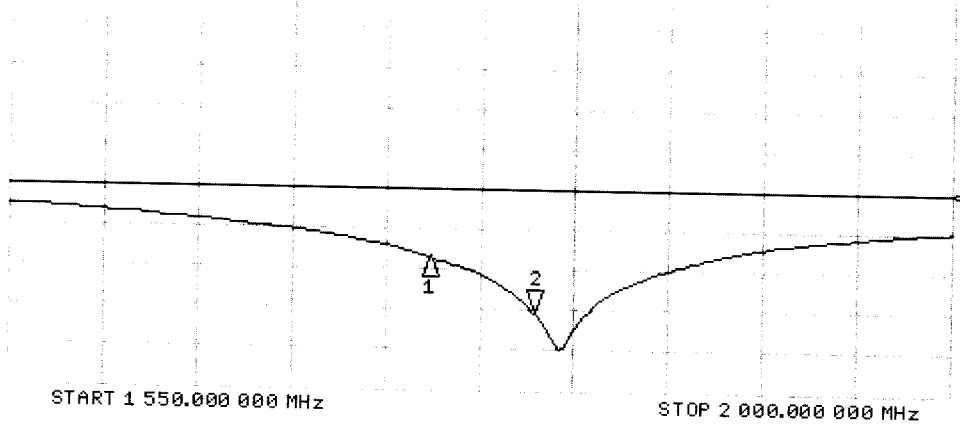
\*  
 De 1  
 Ca  
 Avg  
 16  
 ↑



CH1 Markers  
 1: 48.822  $\Omega$   
 -13.535  $\Omega$   
 1.75000 GHz

CH2 S11 L06 10 dB/REF 0 dB 2: -30.247 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

Ca  
 Avg  
 16  
 ↑



CH2 Markers  
 1: -16.940 dB  
 1.75000 GHz

# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 06.04.2011 11:16:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:2d128**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.47$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

**Body / d=10mm, Pin=250 mW / Cube 0:**

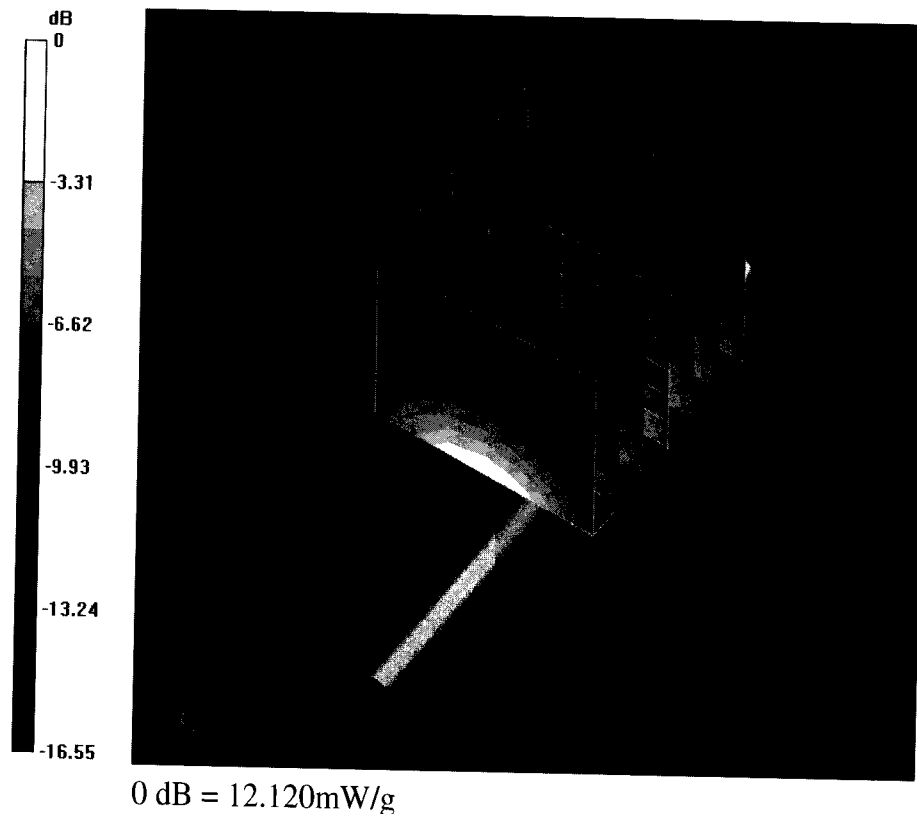
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.624 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.489 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 9.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.121 mW/g



# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

6 Apr 2011 08:45:35

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 44.744  $\Omega$  -3.3223  $\Omega$  26.614 pF 1 800.000 000 MHz

\*

De1

CA

Avg  
16

↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2: -23.665 dB 1 800.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
16

↑

START 1 550.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 000.000 000 MHz

CH1 Markers

1: 42.504  $\Omega$   
-13.381  $\Omega$   
1.75000 GHz

CH2 Markers

1: -15.699 dB  
1.75000 GHz



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Beijing**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-788\_Jul11**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz**

Calibration date: **July 12, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	29-Apr-11 (No. ES3-3205_Apr11)	Apr-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by: **Dimce Iliev** (Name), **Laboratory Technician** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** (Name), **Technical Manager** (Function), *[Signature]* (Signature)

Issued: July 12, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

<b>DASY Version</b>	DASY5	V52.6.2
<b>Extrapolation</b>	Advanced Extrapolation	
<b>Phantom</b>	Modular Flat Phantom	
<b>Distance Dipole Center - TSL</b>	10 mm	with Spacer
<b>Zoom Scan Resolution</b>	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
<b>Frequency</b>	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Head TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
<b>Measured Head TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.85 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Head TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>55.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.49 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>25.8 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
<b>Nominal Body TSL parameters</b>	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
<b>Measured Body TSL parameters</b>	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
<b>Body TSL temperature change during test</b>	< 0.5 °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL

<b>SAR averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL</b>	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>51.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

<b>SAR averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL</b>	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	<b>23.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.0 $\Omega$ + 4.3 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 $\Omega$ + 5.6 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.155 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

## DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 7/12/2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HBBL 1900-3800V3

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.85$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.45, 4.45, 4.45); Calibrated: 4/29/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 7/4/2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.6 (2)
- SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

### Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

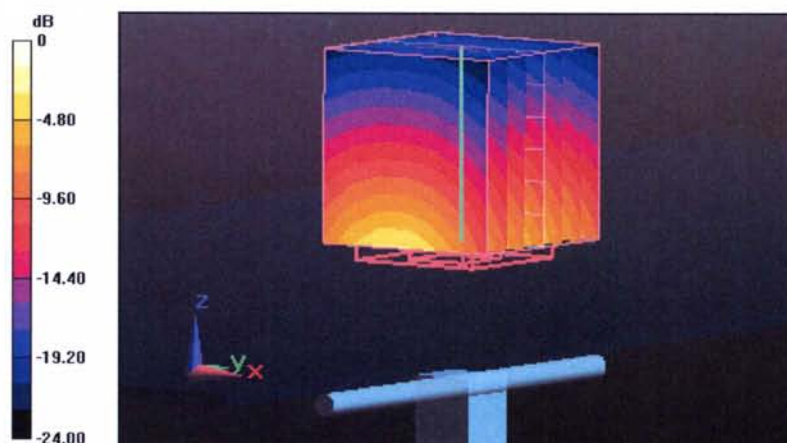
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.847 W/kg

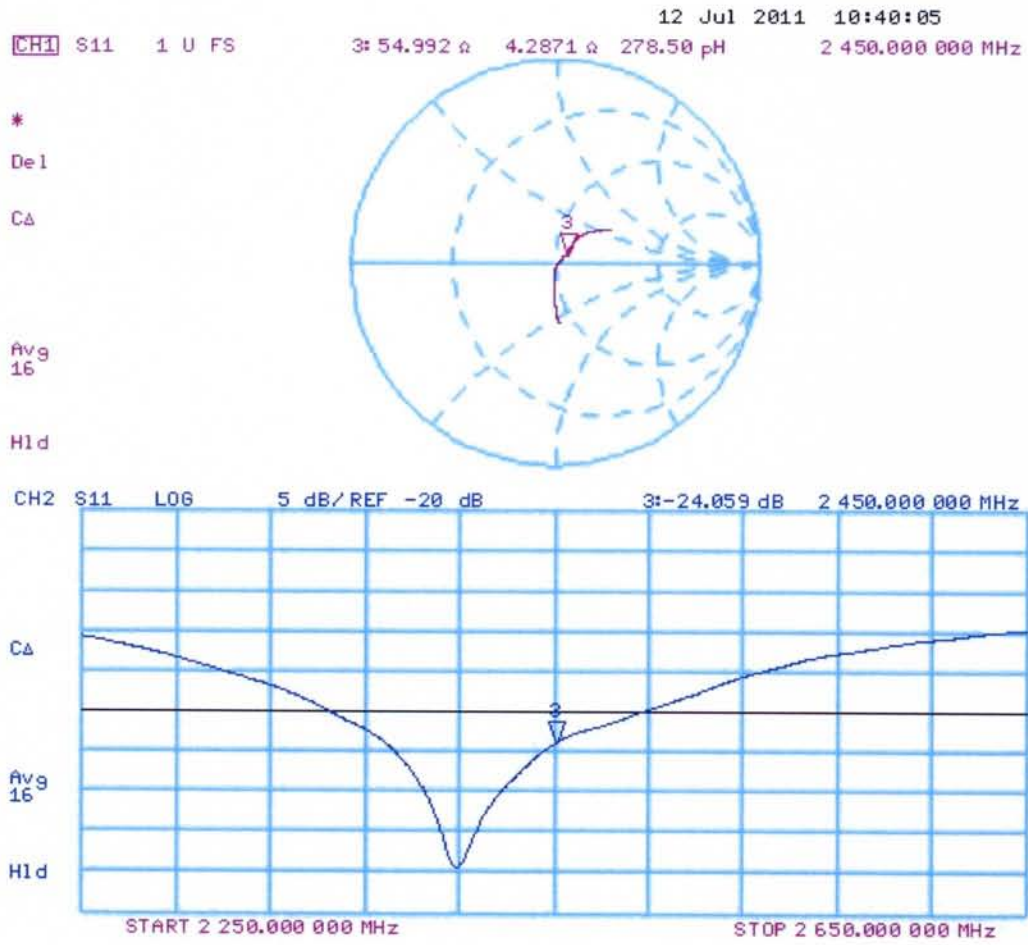
**SAR(1 g) = 14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.49 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.898 mW/g



0 dB = 17.900mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



# DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 12.07.2011

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 788**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.26, 4.26, 4.26); Calibrated: 29.04.2011
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.6.2(482); SEMCAD X 14.4.5(3634)

## Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

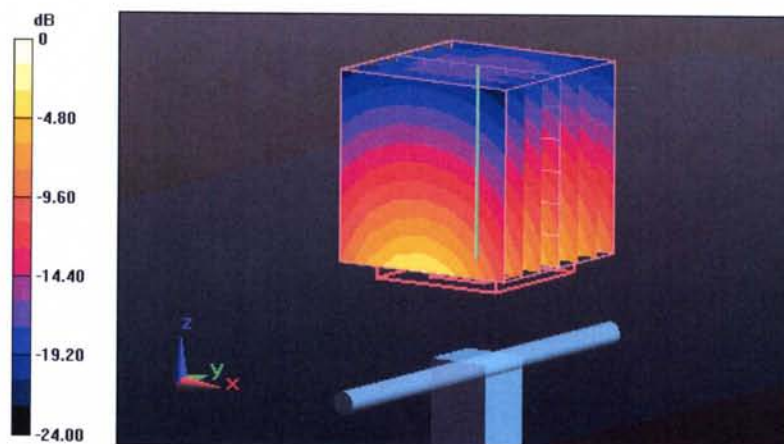
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.028 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.823 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.108 mW/g



0 dB = 17.110mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

12 Jul 2011 10:42:18

[CH1] S11 1 U FS 3: 49.928  $\Omega$  5.6094  $\Omega$  364.39 pF 2 450.000 000 MHz

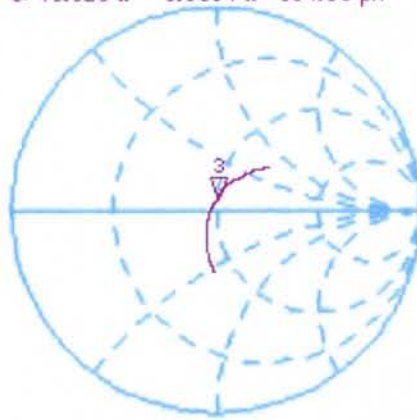
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De l

CA

Avg  
0

H1 d



CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 3:-25.025 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg  
0

H1 d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 650.000 000 MHz

**END OF REPORT**