

HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDT56LN1

Tests Requested

Motorola Mobile Devices 600 N. US Highway 45 Libertyville, IL 60048

By:

Jan-27-2010 - Jan-28-2010

Date of Tests: Date of Report:

Feb-18-2010

Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory

Test Laboratory:

600 N. US Highway 45 Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Report Author:

Thomas Knipple Senior RF Engineer

Statement of Compliance:

IHDT56LN1 to which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines per FCC 47 CFR §20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to ANSI C63.19-2007. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID

and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Results Summary: M Category = M3

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This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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APPLICANT: MOTOROLA, INC. FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56LN1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with the ANSI C63.19-2007 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance per FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for near-field emissions only and not for Telecoil HAC performance compliance.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test

Serial Number(s)	2684	268435458115086480, 268435458115085128						
Mode(s) of Operation	CDMA 800	CDMA 1900	EV-DO Rev. O 800	EV-DO Rev. O 1900	Bluetooth			
Modulation Mode(s)	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	GFSK			
Maximum Output Power Setting	25.0 dBm	25.0 dBm	25.0 dBm	25.0 dBm	4 dBm			
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1			
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	1851.20 - 1908.75 MHz	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	1851.20 - 1908.75 MHz	2402.0 - 2483.5 MHz			
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2908)	Identical Prototype							
Device Category	Portable							
RF Exposure Limits		General P	opulation / Un	controlled				

Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4TM v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM), of Zurich Switzerland. All the HAC measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Table 2: Dosimetric System Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
E-Field Probe ER3DV6R	2248	Jul-16-2010
DAE4	376	Mar-11-2010
H-Field Probe H3DV6	6074	Jul-16-2010
DAE4	699	Apr-27-2010
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	1042	May-14-2010
1880 MHz Dipole CD1880V3	1059	Jul-16-2010

Table 3: Additional Test Equipment

THOSE OF THE WILLIAM TOOK ENGINEERS							
Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date					
Power Supply 6623B	US37360826	Aug-22-2010					
Signal Generator E4438C	MY45090104	Aug-22-2011					
Amplifier ZHL-42-SMA	1040						
3 dB Attenuator 8491A	50581	Sep-04-2010					
Directional Coupler 778D	18621	Sep-05-2010					
Power Meter E4417A	MY45100481	Sep-01-2011					
Power Sensor #1 – E9323A	MY44420341	Aug-25-2010					
Power Sensor #2 - E9323A	MY44420342	Aug-25-2010					
10 dB Attenuator 8491A	3929M50702	Oct-17-2010					
Spectrum Analyzer E4403B	US39440480	Sep-12-2010					
Power Splitter ZAPD-21-S(+)	SU327300437						

4. Validation

Validations of the DASY4 v4.7 test system were performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. All validations occur in free space using the DASY4 test arch. Note that the 10 mm probe-to-dipole separation is measured from the top edge of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the probe. SPEAG uses the center point of the probe sensor(s) as the reference point when establishing targets for their dipoles. Therefore, because SPEAG's dipoles and targets are used, it is appropriate to measure the 10 mm separation distance to the center of the sensors as they do. This reference point was used for validation only. Validations were performed at 835 MHz and/or 1880 MHz. These frequencies are within each operating band and are within 2 MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. The results obtained from the validations are displayed in the table below. The field contour plots are included in Appendix 2.

Validations were performed to verify that measured E-field and H-field values are within $\pm 25\%$ from the target reference values provided by the manufacturer (Ref: Appendix 7). Per Section 4.3.2.1 of the C63.19 standard, "Values within $\pm 25\%$ are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty". Therefore, the E-field and H-field dipole verification results shown in Table 4 are in accordance with the acceptable parameters defined by the standard.

Table 4: Dipole Measurement Summary

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	E-Field Results (V/m)	Target for Dipole (V/m)	% Deviation
1042	835	CW	100	181.05	168.0	+7.8%
1059	1880	CW	100	147.85	141.7	+4.3%

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	H-Field Results (A/m)	Target for Dipole (A/m)	% Deviation
1042	835	CW	100	0.480	0.461	+4.1%
1059	1880	CW	100	0.470	0.471	-0.2%

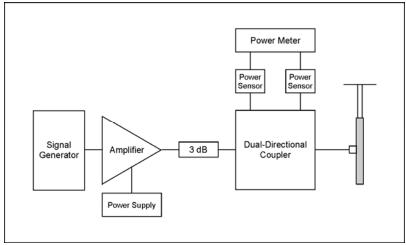


Figure 1: Setup for Validation measurements

5. Probe Modulation Factor

After every probe calibration, the response of the probe to each applicable modulated signal (CDMA, GSM, etc) must be assessed at the frequencies of operation. The response of the probe system to a CW field at each frequency of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude. For each PMF assessment, a signal generator was used to replace the original CW signal with the desired modulated signal. The PMF results applicable to this test document are shown in Table 5.

RF Field Probe Modulation Response was measured with the field probe and associated measurement equipment. The PMF was measured using a signal generator as follows:

- 1. Illuminate a dipole with a CW signal at the intended measured frequency.
- 2. Fix the probe at a set location relative to the dipole, typically located at the field reference point.
- 3. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal.
- 4. Substitute a modulated signal of the same amplitude, using the same modulation as that used by the intended WD for the CW signal.

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- 5. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the modulated signal.
- 6. The ratio of the CW to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor.

Using a dual-directional coupler, the forward power and reverse power are measured and adjusted when connected to the dipole and spectrum analyzer through a power splitter and matched cables. The spectrum analyzer is used to set the peak amplitude of the modulated signal equal to the amplitude of the CW signal. The procedure used to ensure that the amplitudes are the same is given in Appendix 1. 0-Span spectrum plots for each signal type measured are also provided in Appendix 1.

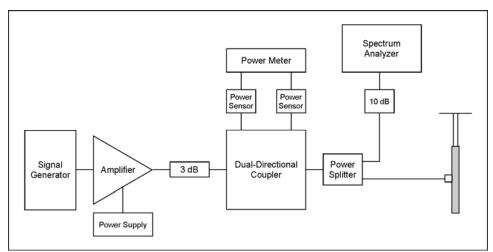


Figure 2: Setup for PMF measurements

To measure the PMF for a CDMA, WCDMA, or iDEN signal, the modulated signal is injected into the dipole. When the peak power level produces a field strength less than or equal to the M3 category limit, this power level is used. If this peak power level produces a field strength much greater than the M3 category limit, a power level which produces a field strength approximately equal to the M3 category limit is used instead.

Table 5: PMF Measurement Summary

f (MHz)			-Field e SN 2248	H-Field Probe SN 6074		
	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor	
	CW	229.4		0.9376		
835	CDMA, Full Rate	221.6	1.04	0.9197	1.02	
	CDMA, 1/8 th Rate	81.7	2.81	0.3904	2.40	
	CW	103.3		0.3584		
1880	CDMA, Full Rate	98.12	1.05	0.3508	1.02	
	CDMA, 1/8 th Rate	35.66	2.90	0.1454	2.46	

f			-Field e SN 2248	H-Field Probe SN 6074		
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor	
835	CW	129.4		0.5217		
833	80% AM	80.82	1.60	0.3439	1.52	
1880	CW	147.4		0.5088		
1000	80% AM	92.38	1.60	0.3520	1.45	

6. Test Results

The phone was tested in normal configurations for the ear use. When applicable, configurations are tested with the antenna in its fully-extended position. These test configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable operating band and mode; for example, GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, or iDEN.

The signal was set up by creating and maintaining an over-the-air connection between the DUT and an Agilent 8960 Wireless Communications Test Set. The CDMA radio is available on CDMA 2000(1X) and IS-95. The test equipment was configured to use "All up Bits" for RC1 / SO2 on J-STD-008 for CDMA 1900 and TSB-84 for CDMA 800 MHz.

The cellular phone model tested in this report uses the following default battery: Battery #1 - SNN5813B - 910 mAH Battery

The phone is placed in the HAC measurement system with a fully charged battery. At the end of each test the DASYTM system measures the drift of the field strength at a fixed reference point to ensure that the DUT has not changed in transmitter power.

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAGTM setup. The default settings for the grid spacing of the scan were set to 5mm as shown in the Field plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. The 5 cm x 5 cm area measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device. The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. The pictures of the setup are included in Appendix 5. The WD reference plane is parallel to the device and contains the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. The measurement plane contains the center point of the probe sensor(s). The device is positioned such that the WD reference plane is located 15 mm from, and parallel to, the measurement plane. This is in accordance with section 4.4 of the standard, which states that "The WD reference plane is a plane parallel with the front "face" of the WD and containing the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear."

During testing, the DUT is placed into a polystyrene block (3-pound expanded polystyrene) which is machined to precisely fit the DUT's shape. The test positioner, provided by SPEAG, is used to grip the block. This positioning conforms to the specifications given in the paragraph above. The addition of the block does not increase the uncertainty budget, which is provided in Appendix 4. The pictures of the measurement setup are included in Appendix 5.

The HAC Rating results for E-Field and H-field are shown in Tables 6 through 9. Also shown are the measured drifts, excluded areas, and the peak field values. PMF measurements are taken from Section 5. The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 3: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

Drift was measured using the typical DASY4 v4.7 measurement routines. The field is measured at the reference location (center of the ear piece) at the beginning of the test. After completion of the E-field or H-field measurement, the probe returns to the same reference location and takes another measurement. The drift is the delta between these two values and is included in the test report scans.

Per SPEAG's recommendation, the phone plots in Appendix 3 use the following standard transmitter ratios as "Duty Cycle": 1:8 for GSM transmitters; 1:1 for full-rate CDMA and 1:8 for 1/8th rate CDMA; 1:1 for WCDMA; 1:6 for 1:6th rate iDEN and 1:3 for 2:6th rate iDEN. Per SPEAG's recommendation, in order to account for probe modulation response, PMF is applied during post-processing of the measured data in SEMCAD. PMF also appears in the phone plots in Appendix 3.

DUT Emissions Limits $(AWF = 0)$ $f < 960 \text{ MHz}$			
Rating	E-Field		
М3	199.5 – 354.8 V/m		
M4	< 199.5 V/m		

DUT Emissions Limits (AWF = 0) f > 960 MHz			
Rating E-Field			
М3	63.1 – 112.2 V/m		
M4	< 63.1 V/m		

Table 6: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone

at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
CDM	1013		-0.175	2,3	72.9	M4
CDMA 800	384	1.04	-0.057	2,3	81.9	M4
	777		-0.228	2,3	82.3	M4
CDM	25		-0.092	2,3,6	63.8	М3
CDMA 1900	600	1.05	-0.060	2,3,6	62.5	M4
1,00	1175		-0.187	2,3,6	44.6	M4

Table 7: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
CDM	1013		0.004	2,3	70.3	M4
CDMA 800	384	2.81	0.124	1,2,3	78.3	M4
	777		-0.045	2,3	82.2	M4
CDM	25		0.087	2,3,6	60.3	M4
CDMA 1900	600	2.90	-0.033	2,3,6	59.6	M4
	1175		0.016	2,3,6	51.3	M4

DUT Emissions Limits (AWF = 0) f < 960 MHz		
Rating	H-Field	
М3	0.60 - 1.07 A/m	
M4	< 0.60 A/m	

DUT Emissions Limits (AWF = 0) f > 960 MHz		
Rating	H-Field	
М3	0.19 – 0.34 A/m	
M4	< 0.19 A/m	

Table 8: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

at nighest possible output power (Fun Kate).						
Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
CDM	1013		-0.207	1,4,7	0.101	M4
CDMA 800	384	1.02	0.040	1,4,7	0.117	M4
	777		-0.042	1,4,7	0.124	M4
CDMA	25		-0.225	1,2,4	0.188	M4
CDMA 1900	600	1.02	-0.037	1,2,4	0.194	М3
1,00	1175		-0.143	1,2,4	0.142	M4

Table 9: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
CD) ()	1013		-0.240	1,4,7	0.086	M4
CDMA 800	384	2.40	0.011	1,4,7	0.101	M4
	777		0.075	1,4,7	0.114	M4
CDMA	25		-0.028	1,2,4	0.161	M4
CDMA 1900	600	2.46	-0.065	1,2,4	0.171	M4
1,00	1175		0.039	1,2,4	0.153	M4

7. Measurements for Certification of 3G Devices

For CDMA devices, RC1 and RC3 CDMA modes are considered in S055 service option. In addition, RC1 and RC3 modes are considered in S02 service option. The conducted power measurements for each mode are shown in the table below.

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Conducted Power (dBm) for CDMA modes					
		RC1		RC3	
	Channel	SO2	SO55	SO2	SO55
	1013	24.91	24.90	24.96	24.86
CDMA 800	384	24.86	24.86	24.87	24.88
	777	24.69	24.71	24.84	24.88
	25	25.11	25.03	25.04	24.84
CDMA 1900	600	25.05	25.03	25.05	24.87
	1175	24.26	24.33	24.42	24.82

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Appendix 1

Details justifying the conversion to peak

A1.1 Procedure for PMF measurements

1. Set up and calibrate the HAC validation rack as noted in Figure 2; a power splitter is connected to the dual-directional coupler, which is then connected to both the spectrum analyzer and dipole on the output side of the splitter using matched cables. This cabling arrangement will remain in place throughout the following steps.

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- 2. Command the HAC validation rack as you would for a normal CW HAC validation with forward power per Table A1 for the mode, frequency, and field probe type of interest.
- 3. Set up the dipole and phantom as you would for a normal CW HAC validation.
- **4.** In the DASY software, open appropriate job template and verify the following parameters:

Medium = "Air";

Communication System = "HAC – Dipole";

Ensure the proper probe & DAE are installed and laser aligned

- **5. Measure the CW signal:** With the CW signal transmitting through the dipole, command the DASY system to run the appropriate field measurement job.
- **6.** Do <u>not</u> turn off the signal generator power.

7. Setting the CW Reference Level on the Spectrum Analyzer:

a. Set up the Spectrum Analyzer for the following Settings:

Frequency: Freq. being tested (EX: 835/1880)

Span: Zero Span

Res BW: iDEN – 100 kHz; GSM – 300 kHz; CDMA – 3 MHz; WCDMA – 5 MHz; Video BW: iDEN – 300 kHz; GSM – 1MHz; CDMA and WCDMA – 30 kHz**;

Sweep Time: 20 ms; 120 ms for iDEN

Scale: 1 dB

Detector: PEAK / Manual

b. Adjust the REF level until the CW signal is aligned with the Center Line (approx. 15 dB). NOTE: After this point, the Reference Line must remain fixed. Do not change it.

8. Measure the modulated signal(s):

- **a.** Command the signal generator to the desired modulation.
- **b.** Set the Spectrum Analyzer Sweep Time to 20 ms.
- c. Adjust the amplitude of the power on the signal generator so that the PEAK of the modulated signal is at the CW Reference Line:
 - i. On the Spectrum Analyzer, press the [View Trace] button and then select (Max Hold), this will show only the Peak output.
 - ii. Press (Clear Write) and then (Max Hold) each time an amplitude adjustment is made.
- **d.** Allow the Max Hold line to stabilize. Then check that the highest peak of the Max Hold line corresponds with the CW Reference Line (without going over). If not correct, repeat the steps beginning with step 8c.
- 9. Command the DASY system to run the appropriate field measurement job.
- 10. Repeat steps 2 through 9 until all PMF measurements have been completed.

^{**}The use of 30 kHz VBW is validated. The power measurements are verified using an average power meter.

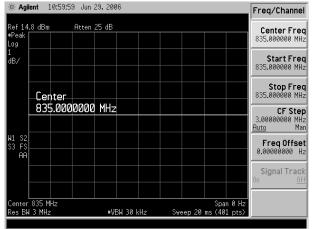
Table A1: PMF Measurement, CW Signal Dipole Input Power

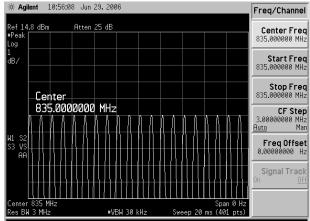
Mode	f (MHz)	Field Probe Type	Dipole Input Power	Notes
	813			
	835	E and H		
80% AM	898		100 mW	
	1730			
	1880			
	835		320 mW	1
CDMA (Full & 1/8 th)	1730	E and H	50 mW	2
(" ' ' ' ' ' '	1880		50 mW	2
	835		250 mW	1
WCDMA	1730	E and H	50 mW	2
	1880		50 mW	2
	835	E-Field	690 mW	2
GSM	633	H-Field	270 mW	2
GSM	1880	E-Field	35 mW	2
	1000	H-Field	27 mW	2
	012	E-Field	640 mW	1
iDEN	813	H-Field	460 mW	2
(1:6 & 2:6)		E-Field	640 mW	1
	898	H-Field	580 mW	2

Note 1: The power level shown represents the typical DUT peak power level for this configuration.

Note 2: The typical peak power level for this configuration results in a field strength significantly higher than the relevant M3 category limit field strength, and is therefore not realistic. The power level shown results in a field strength approximating the M3 category limit value.

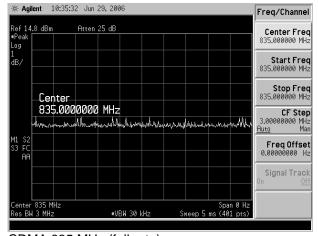
A1.2 0-Span Spectrum Plots for PMF measurements



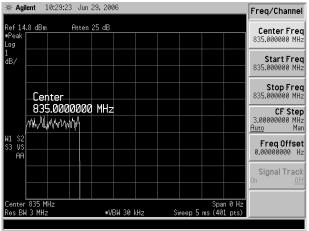


CW 835 MHz

80% AM 835 MHz



CDMA 835 MHz (full rate)



CDMA 835 MHz (1/8 rate)

Freq/Channel

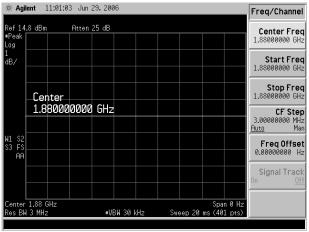
Center Freq 1.88000000 GHz

Start Freq 1.88000000 GHz

Stop Freq 1.88000000 GHz

CF Step 3.00000000 MHz <u>Auto</u> Man

Freq Offset 0.00000000 Hz Signal Track



80% AM 1880 MHz

Center 1.880000000 GHz

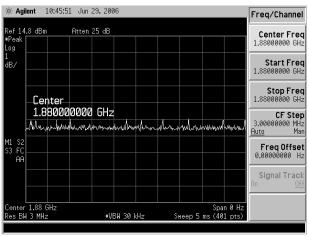
₩ **Agilent** 10:54:10 Jun 29, 2006

Ref 14.8 dBm

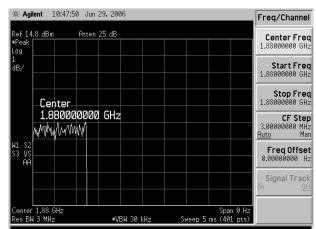
≢Pea Log

Atten 25 dB





CDMA 1880 MHz (full rate)



CDMA 1880 MHz (1/8 rate)

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Appendix 2

HAC distribution plots for Validation

Date/Time: 1/27/2010 7:20:52 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - Jan-27-2010 835 MHz E-Field

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1042; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1042; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Probe center 10mm above Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

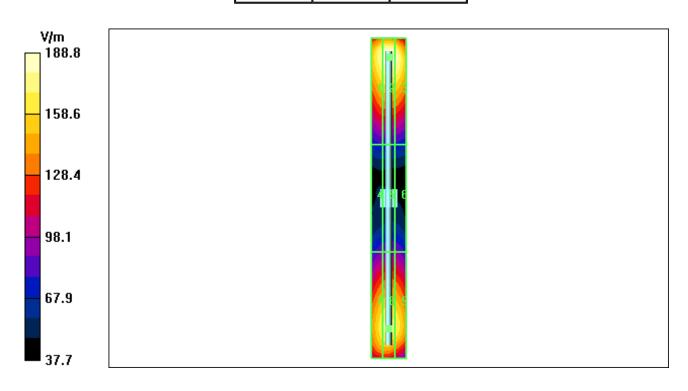
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 129.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.090 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 188.8 V/m

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (188.8 + 173.3) / 2 = 181.05 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
182.6 M4	188.8 M4	186.1 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
89.1 M4	93.3 M4	91.7 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
167.6 M4	173.3 M4	169.4 M4



Date/Time: 1/27/2010 9:25:53 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - Jan-27-2010 1880 MHz E-Field

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1059; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Probe center 10mm above Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

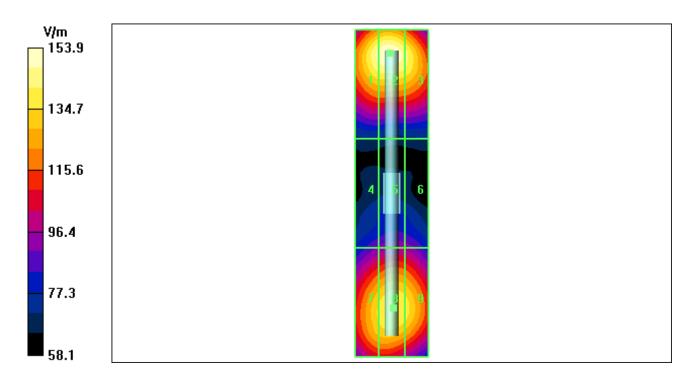
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 143.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.000 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 153.9 V/m

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (153.9 + 141.8) / 2 = 147.85 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
150.3 M2	153.9 M2	145.8 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
91.6 M3	96.8 M3	95.1 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
136.3 M2	141.8 M2	138.7 M2



Date/Time: 1/27/2010 8:09:30 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - Jan-27-2010 835 MHz H-Field

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1042; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1042; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009

• Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009

• Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

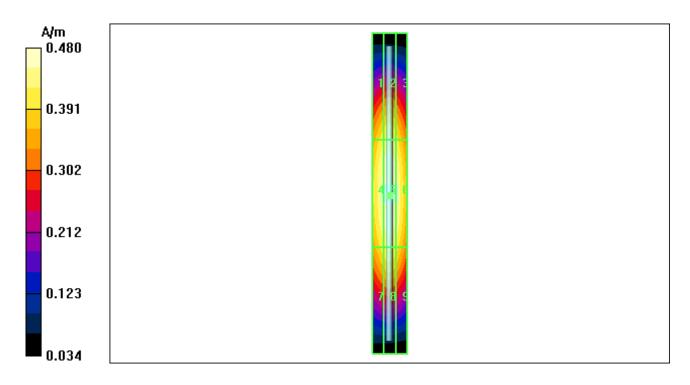
H Scan - Probe center 10mm above Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.511 A/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.480 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.416 M4	0.434 M4	0.408 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.459 M4	0.480 M4	0.457 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.411 M4	0.430 M4	0.407 M4



Date/Time: 1/27/2010 8:36:33 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - Jan-27-2010 1880 MHz H-Field

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1059; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009

• Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009

• Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

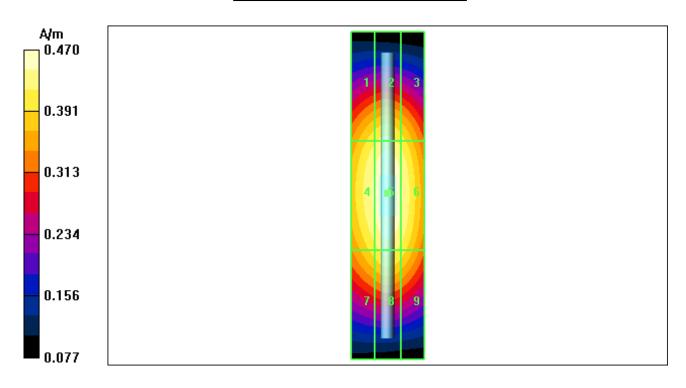
H Scan - Probe center 10mm above Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.498 A/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.470 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.413 M2	0.429 M2	0.408 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.451 M2	0.470 M2	0.450 M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.407 M2	0.429 M2	0.409 M2



FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Appendix 3

HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field

Date/Time: 1/27/2010 3:17:42 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 800 E-Field, Full Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: Full Rate; PMF Value: 1.04; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Channel Number: 777; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

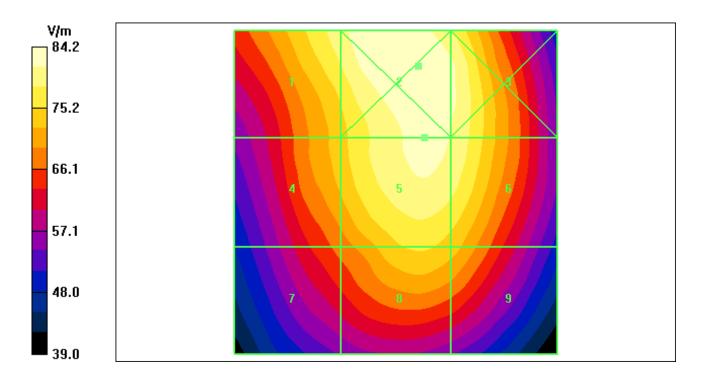
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 82.3 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.04

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 103.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.228 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

		Grid 3
80.2 M4	84.2 M4	82.0 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
74.1 M4	82.3 M4	81.0 M4
	0_00 1.11	0200 102 1
		Grid 9



Date/Time: 1/27/2010 4:08:44 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 1900 E-Field, Full Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: Full Rate; PMF Value: 1.05; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Channel Number: 25; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

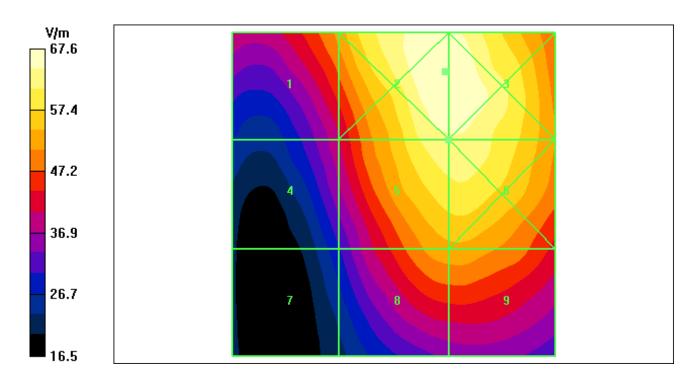
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 63.8 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.05

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 66.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 51.9 M4		Grid 3 67.5 M3
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
40.2 M4	63.8 M3	63.9 M3
		Grid 9
29.9 M4	52.9 M4	53.1 M4



Date/Time: 1/27/2010 3:43:52 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 800 E-Field, 1/8th Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: 1/8th Rate; PMF Value: 2.81; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Channel Number: 777; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

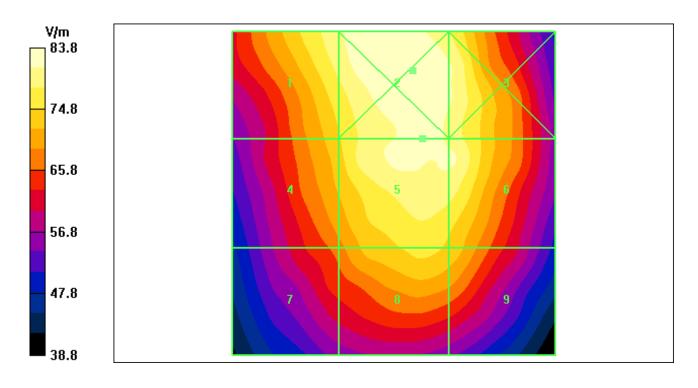
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 82.2 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.81

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 37.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 80.2 M4		Grid 3 81.3 M4
		Grid 6
74.5 M4	82.2 M4	81.4 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
		74.2 M4



Date/Time: 1/28/2010 9:11:04 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 1900 E-Field, 1/8th Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: 1/8th Rate; PMF Value: 2.90; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Channel Number: 25; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2248; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn376; Calibrated: 3/11/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

E Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

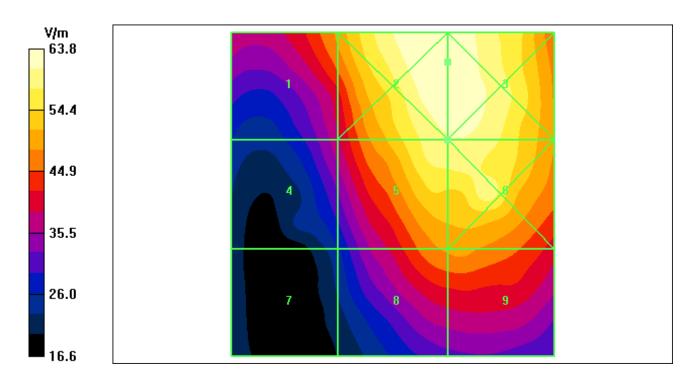
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 60.3 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.90

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 21.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.087 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

		Grid 3 63.8 M3
Grid 4 38.0 M4		Grid 6
		Grid 9
25.7 M4	48.7 M4	49.1 M4



Date/Time: 1/28/2010 10:15:53 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 800 H-Field, Full Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: Full Rate; PMF Value: 1.02; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Channel Number: 777; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

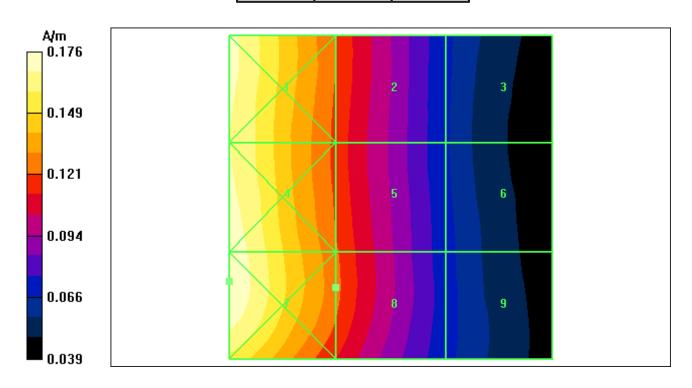
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.124 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.02

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.097 A/m; Power Drift = -0.042 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.171 M4		Grid 3 0.069 M4
		Grid 6
0.174 M4	0.123 M4	0.071 M4
		Grid 9
0 176 M4	0 124 M4	0.071 M4



Date/Time: 1/28/2010 1:00:00 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 1900 H-Field, Full Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: Full Rate; PMF Value: 1.02; Positioner: Polystyrene Block

Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009

• Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

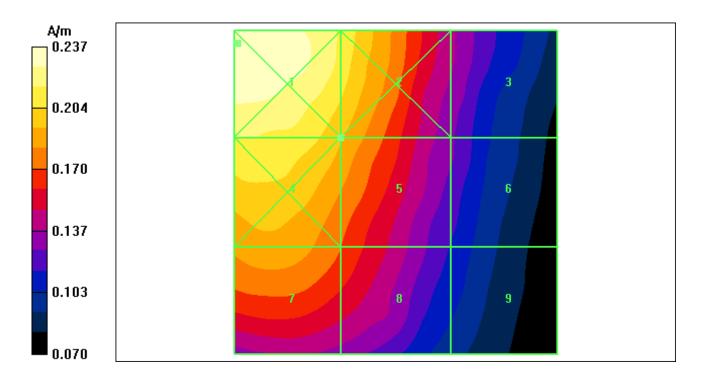
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.194 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.02

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.159 A/m; Power Drift = -0.037 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.237 M3		Grid 3 0.140 M4
Grid 4 0.215 M3		Grid 6 0.128 M4
	Grid 8	Grid 9



Date/Time: 1/28/2010 11:13:05 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - CDMA 800 H-Field, 1/8th Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: 1/8th Rate; PMF Value: 2.40; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 824.7 MHz; Channel Number: 1013; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

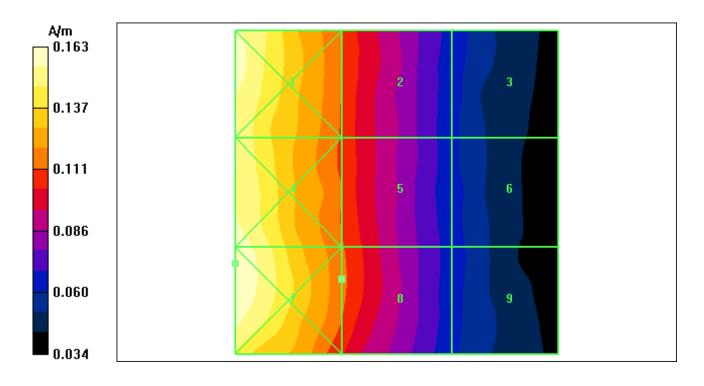
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.114 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.40

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.037 A/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.159 M4		Grid 3 0.066 M4
	Grid 5	Grid 6
Grid 7 0.163 M4		Grid 9 0.065 M4



Date/Time: 1/28/2010 12:41:33 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola- CDMA 1900 H-Field, 1/8th Rate Vocoder

Serial: 268435458115086480; FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A Battery Model #: SNN5813B; Vocoder Rate: 1/8th Rate; PMF Value: 2.46; Positioner: Polystyrene Block Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 600; Duty Cycle: 1:8 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6074; ; Calibrated: 7/16/2009
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn699; Calibrated: 4/27/2009
- Phantom: R-3, HAC Test Arch (rev.2); Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1071;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

H Scan - Sensor center 15mm above WD, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

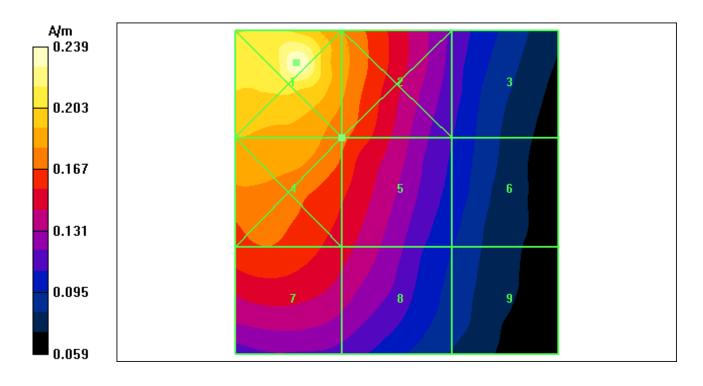
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.171 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.46

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm; Reference Value = 0.056 A/m; Power Drift = -0.065 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.239 M3		Grid 3
		Grid 6
0.192 M3	0.171 M4	0.108 M4
		Grid 9
0.167 M4	0.148 M4	0.096 M4



FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Appendix 4

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

A4.1 Motorola Uncertainty Budget for RF HAC Testing

TABLE A4.1: Motorola Uncertainty Budget

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

UNCERTAINTY DESCRIPTION	Uncertainty Value (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) E	(ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							•
Probe Calibration	5.1%	N	1.0000	1	1	5.1%	5.1%
Axial Isotropy	7.8%	R	1.7321	1	0.786	4.5%	3.5%
Sensor Displacement	16.5%	R	1.7321	1	0.145	9.5%	1.4%
Test Arch	7.2%	R	1.7321	1	0	4.2%	0.0%
Linearity	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.7%	2.7%
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.2%	1.2%
System Detection Limit	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
Readout Electronics	0.3%	N	1.0000	1	1	0.3%	0.3%
Response Time	0.8%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.5%	0.5%
Integration Time	2.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.5%	1.5%
RF Reflections	5.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	3.2%	3.2%
Probe Positioner	1.2%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	0.7%	0.5%
Probe Positioning	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	2.7%	1.8%
Extrap. & Interpolation	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
TEST SAMPLE RELATED							
Total Device Positioning	3.2%	R	1.7321	1	1.306	1.8%	2.4%
Device Holder & Phantom	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Power Drift	5.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.9%	2.9%
PHANTOM AND SETUP RELATED							
Phantom Thickness	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	1.4%	0.9%
Combined Std.Uncertainty on Power						14.1%	9.1%
Combined Std.Uncertainty on Field						7.1%	4.6%
							ı
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power						28.3%	18.2%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field						14.1%	9.1%

A4.2 Probe Rotation Contributions to Isotropy Error

Probe rotation data was taken "for special focus on spherical isotropicity in measurement uncertainty and perturbation of EM fields." This data was taken at the interpolated maximum and directly accounted for in the uncertainty budget as "Axial Isotropy." Thirteen mobile devices were used to determine the probe isotropy uncertainty factors in section A4.1. Based on the resulting 82 E-Field probe rotations and 82 H-Field probe rotations, the upper 95% confidence interval value was calculated for each. These values represent a conservative assessment of the effect of the probe isotropy and have been appropriately included in the respective E- and H-uncertainty budgets.

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

TABLE A4.2: Probe Rotation Data Summary

	AVE	ST. DEV	Sample Size (n)	2σ	(ci)	Standard Uncertaint y
E-field	4.4%	1.7%	82	7.8%	1	4.5%
H-field	3.8%	1.2%	82	6.1%	0.786	3.5%

Isotropy error measurements were taken for 13 products across the respective frequency bands. The $+2\sigma$ values of all measurements was used as a worst case value for the uncertainty budget. Any significant differences between bands were also evaluated.

Appendix 5

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Pictures of Test Setup

See Exhibit 7B

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificates

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ER3-2248 Jul09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6R - SN:2248

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v5 and QA CAL-25.v2

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: July 16, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	1-Oct-08 (No. ER3-2328_Oct08)	Oct-09
DAE4	SN: 789	19-Dec-08 (No. DAE4-789_Dec08)	Dec-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr Laboratory Technician		Many
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	de lle
			0-00

Issued: July 16, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2248_Jul09

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S wiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

DCP diode compression point

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2248_Jul09 Page 2 of 9

ER3DV6R SN:2248 July 16, 2009

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2248

Manufactured:

January 1, 2000

Last calibrated:

May 12, 2008

Recalibrated:

July 16, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2248 Jul09

ER3DV6R SN:2248 July 16, 2009

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2248

Sensitivity in Free Space $[\mu V/(V/m)^2]$

Diode Compression^A

NormX

2.04 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP X

94 mV

NormY

2.04 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Y

95 mV

NormZ

2.11 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Z

99 mV

Frequency Correction

Χ

0.0

Υ

0.0

Ζ

0.0

Sensor Offset

(Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

Χ

2.5 mm

Υ

2.5 mm

Ζ

2.5 mm

Connector Angle

21 °

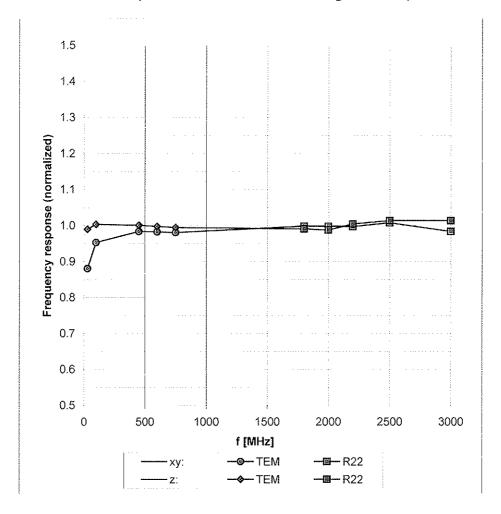
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ER3-2248_Jul09

A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

Frequency Response of E-Field

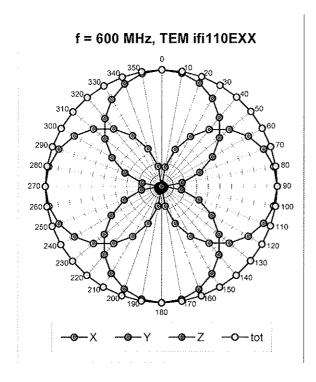
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)

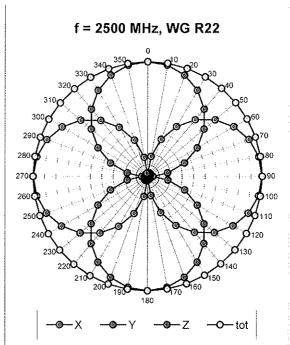


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

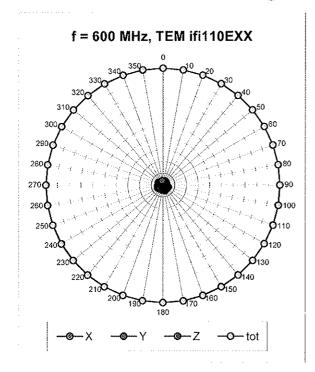
ER3DV6R SN:2248 July 16, 2009

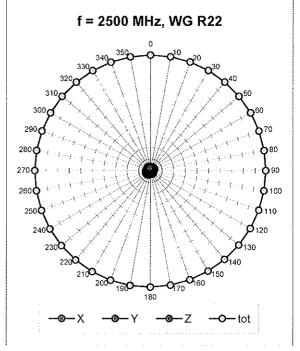
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





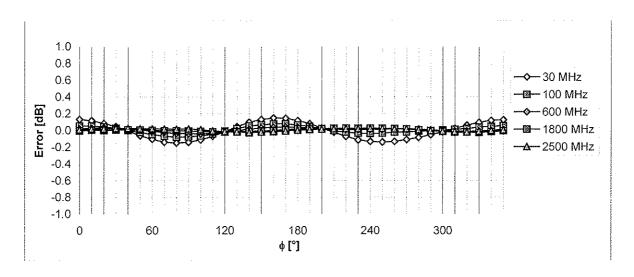
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°





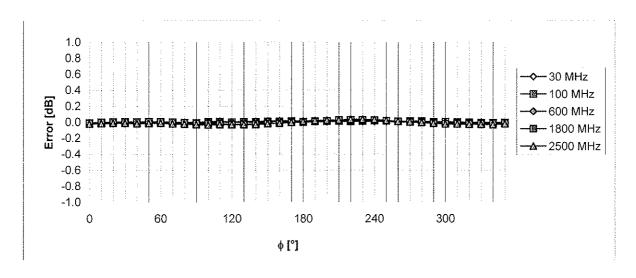
ER3DV6R SN:2248 July 16, 2009

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

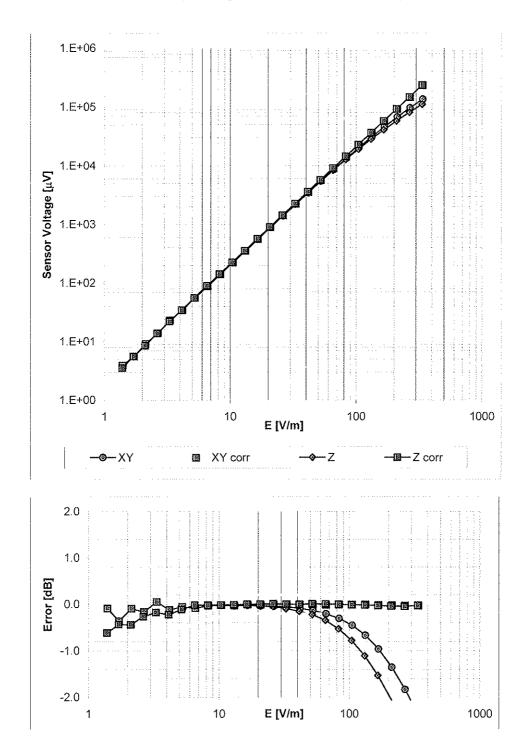
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

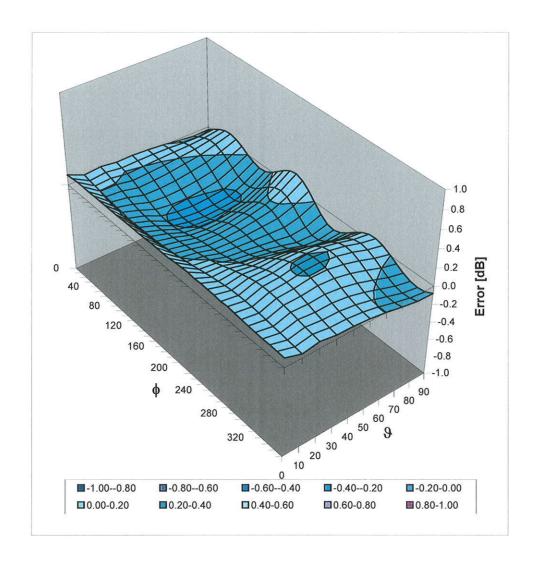
Dynamic Range f(E-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: H3-6074_Jul09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

H3DV6 - SN:6074

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-03.v5 and QA CAL-25.v2

Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date:

July 16, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027)	Mar-10
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	1-Oct-08 (No. H3-6182_Oct08)	Oct-09
DAE4	SN: 789	19-Dec-08 (No. DAE4-789_Dec08)	Dec-09
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Marcel Fehr	Laboratory Technician	Mille
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	10 10

Issued: July 16, 2009

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Certificate No: H3-6074_Jul09

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Glossary:

NORMx, v, z sensitivity in free space

DCP diode compression point

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X,Y,Z a0a1a2: Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta = 90$ for XY sensors and $\theta = 0$ for Z sensor ($f \le 900 \text{ MHz}$ in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X, Y, Z(f) a0a1a2= X, Y, Z a0a1a2* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X a0a1a2 (no uncertainty required).

Probe H3DV6

SN:6074

Manufactured:

October 2, 2000

Last calibrated:

May 12, 2008

Recalibrated:

July 16, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6074

Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{(\mu V)}$]

A = 1 A = 2 A =

Diode Compression¹

DCP X **82** mV DCP Y **93** mV DCP Z **82** mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X 3.0 mm Y 3.0 mm Z 3.0 mm

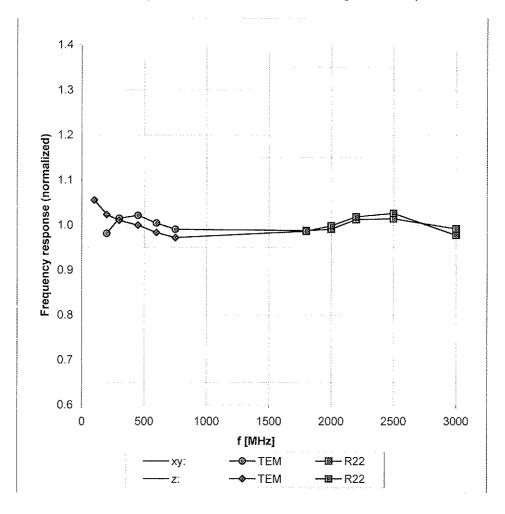
Connector Angle -171 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

¹ numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

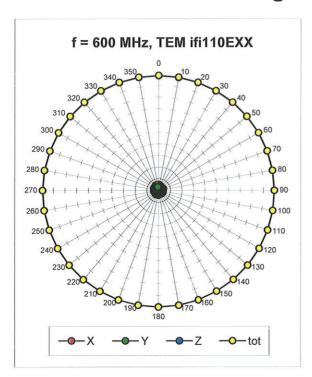
Frequency Response of H-Field

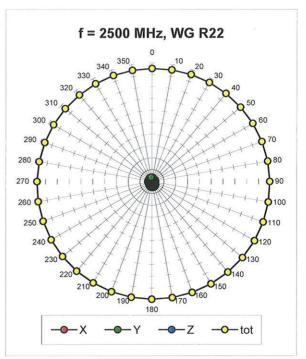
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



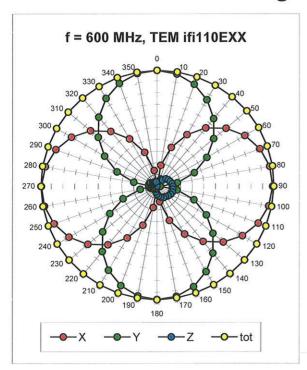
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

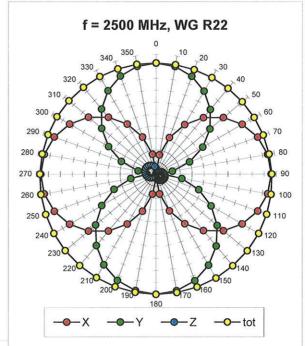
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



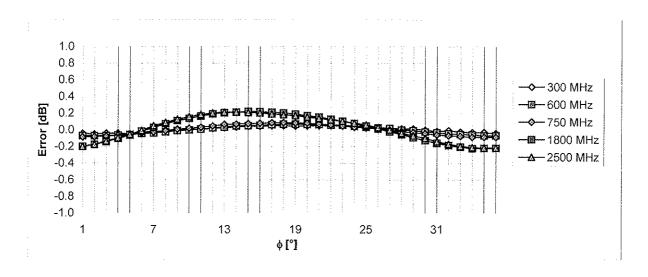


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



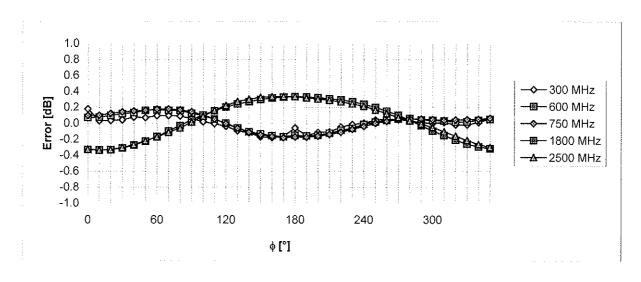


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

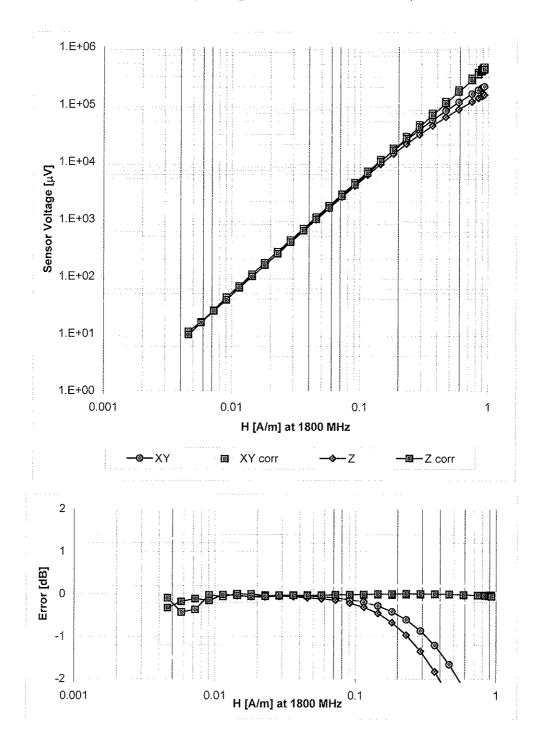
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

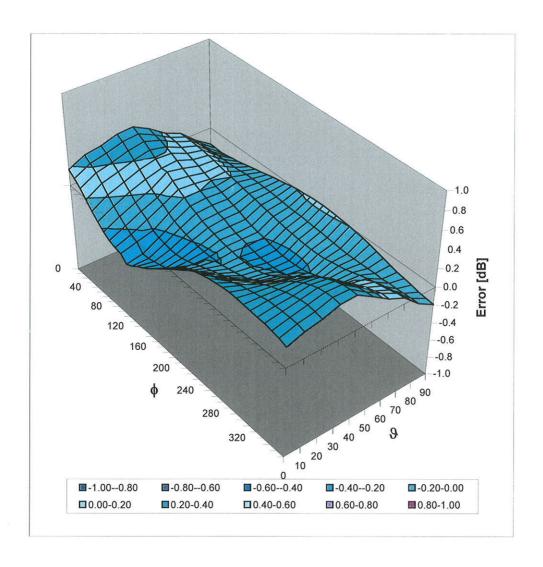
Dynamic Range f(H-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificates

23583-1 Exhibit 6B - 1

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Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD835V3 - SN: 1042 QA CAL-20.V4 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipoles in air May 14, 2008 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter EPM-442A GB37480704 04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736) Oct-08 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 31-Dec-07 (No. ER3-2336_Dec07) Dec-08 Probe H3DV6 SN: 6065 31-Dec-07 (No. H3-6065_-Dec07) Dec-08 SN: 781 DAE4 2-Oct-07 (No. DAE4-781_Oct07) Oct-08 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check In house check: Nov-08 Power meter EPM-4419B GB42420191 11-May-05 (in house check Oct -07) Power sensor HP 8482A US37295597 11-May-05 (in house check Oct -07) In house check: Nov-08 Power sensor HP 8482H 3318A09450 08-Jan-02 (in house check Oct -07) In house check: Nov-08 Network Analyzer HP 8753E US37390585 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Nov-09 RF generator E4433B MY 41310391 22-Nov-04 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Nov-09 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Mike Meili Laboratory Technician Fin Bomholt **Technical Director** Approved by:

Issued: May 19, 2008

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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2006

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole
 connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter
 connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to
 the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan.
 The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated
 as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at
 the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B71
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B184
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.461 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end-	100 mW forward power	171.0 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	164.9 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	168.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	14.7 dB	(46.5 – j17.7) Ohm
813 MHz	18.8 dB	(45.1 – j9.6) Ohm
835 MHz	40.0 dB	(49.0 – j0.0) Ohm
898 MHz	17.5 dB	(53.3 – j13.5) Ohm
960 MHz	15.2 dB	(47.7 + j17.1) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

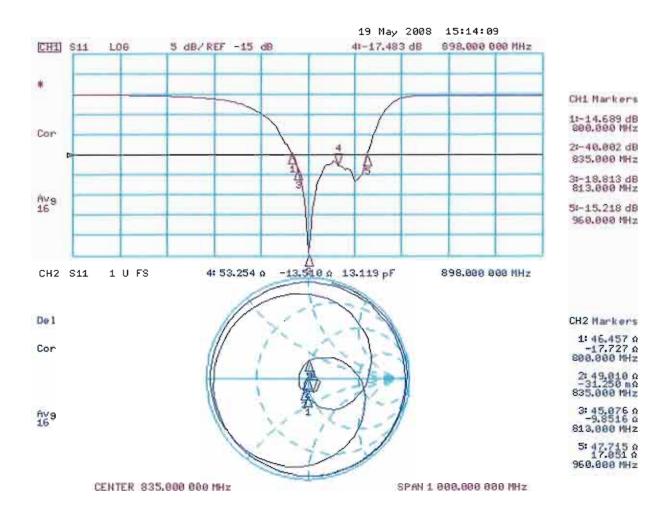
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08 Page 3 of 12

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

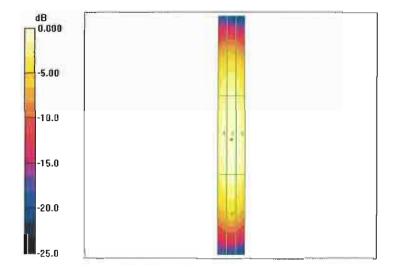
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.461 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 0.489 A/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.387	0.405	0.379
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.439	0.461	0.431
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.392	0.411	0.382
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 0.461 A/m

Date/Time: 14.05.2008 13:14:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

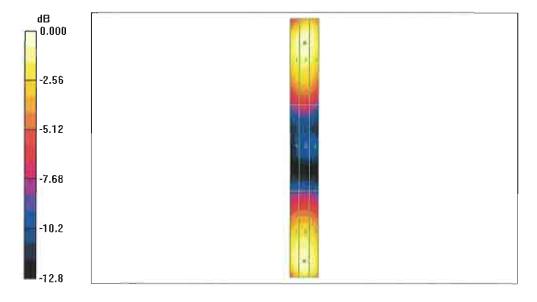
Maximum value of peak Total field = 171.0 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 107.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.012 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
160.0	164.9	160.6
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
86.2	88.8	86.5
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
164.2	171.0	165.1
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 171.0 V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08 Page 6 of 12

4. Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

	3	
DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B71
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B184
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	813 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.1.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.463 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	169.0 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	167.7V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	168.4 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 10mm @ 813 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

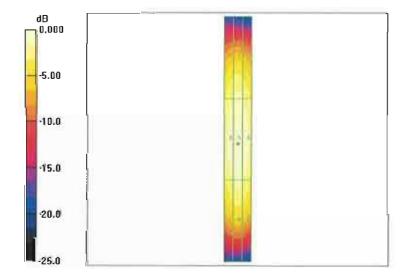
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.463 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 0.492 A/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.379	0.400	0.379
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid
0.439	0.463	0.434
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.387	0.405	0.375
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 0.461 A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042 May08

Date/Time: 14.05.2008 13:14:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

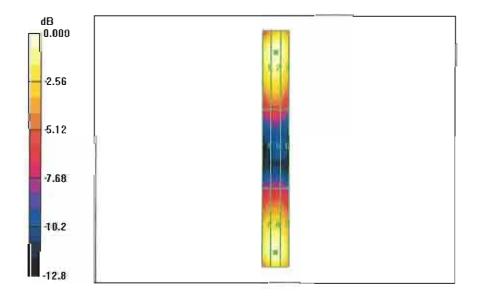
Maximum value of peak Total field = 169.0 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 110.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
162.9	167.7	163.7
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
90.3	92.9	90.7
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
162.3	169.0	163.2
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 171.0 V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08

4.2 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B71
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B184
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	898 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.438 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	160.6 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	158.4 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	159.5 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 Dipole = 10mm @ 898 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

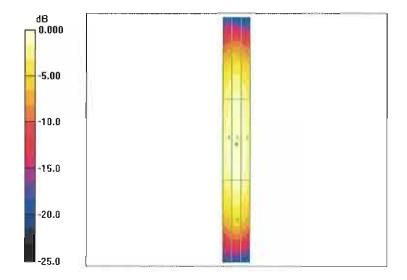
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.438 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 0.457 A/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.382	0.402	0.378
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.416	0.438	0.408
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.391	0.411	0.381
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 0.461 A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08

Date/Time: 14.05.2008 13:14:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1042

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

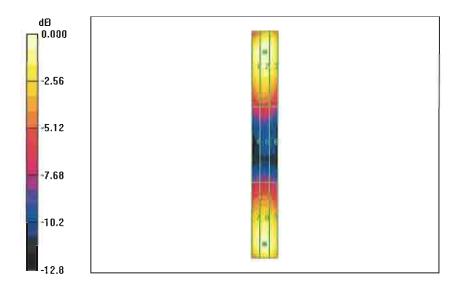
Maximum value of peak Total field = 160.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 92.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
153.4	158.4	154.9
M4	M4	M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
75.2	77.6	75.6
M4	M4	M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
154.3	160.6	155.0
M4	M4	M4



0 dB = 171.0 V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1042_May08

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schwelzerlscher Kallbrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1059_Jul08

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD1880V3 - SN: 1059

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v4

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

July 16, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (No. H3-6065Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08

Secondary Standards	1D #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09

Calibrated by:

Name Claudio Leubler Function

Laboratory Technician

Signature

F. Boundalle

Approved by:

Fin Bomholt

Technical Director

Issued: July 23, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1059_Jul08

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Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S

C

Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2006

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate.
 All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field
 scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field
 value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the
 dipole surface at the feed point.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1059_Jul08 Page 2 of 9

1. Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B71
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B184
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2. Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.471 A /m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	142.6 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	140.8 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	141.7 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3. Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1710 MHz	20.1 dB	(49.8 + j9.8) Ohm
1880 MHz	22.2 dB	(51.4 + j7.8) Ohm
1900 MHz	22.8 dB	(53.7 + j6.6) Ohm
1950 MHz	33.1 dB	(52.1 – j0.7) Ohm
2000 MHz	19.3 dB	(40.5 + j2.4) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

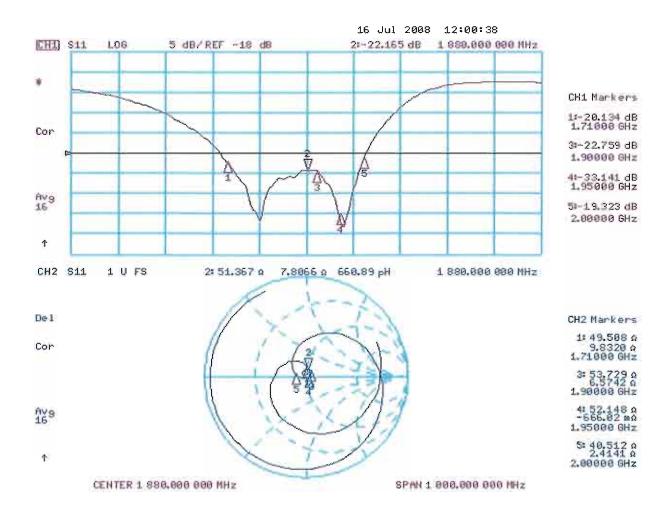
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



Date/Time: 15.07.2008 15:44:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

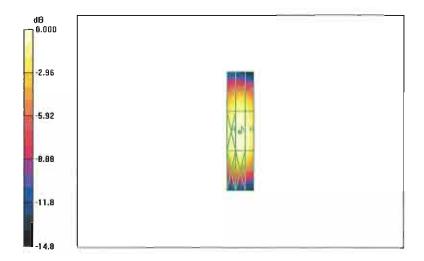
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.471 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 0.499 A/m; Power Drift = 0.011 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.411	0.428	0.406
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.453	0.471	0.445
M2	M2	M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.417	0.435	0.406
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 0.471 A/m

3.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 16.07.2008 17:26:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 10mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

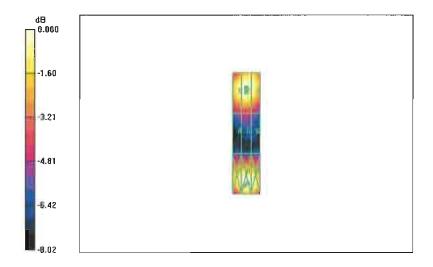
Maximum value of peak Total field = 142.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 156.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid I	Grid 2	Grid 3
136.1	140.8	137.5
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
86.7	88.8	85.2
M3	M3	M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
136.5	142.6	139.7
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 142.6 V/m

4 Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B71
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B184
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.492 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	154.4 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	148.2 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	151.3 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.3.1 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 15.07.2008 15:44:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

H Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 10mm @ 1730 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

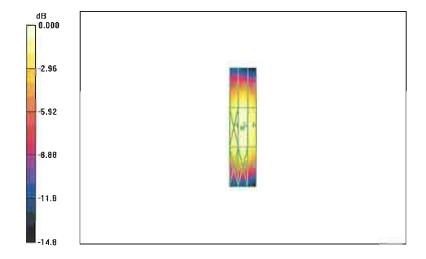
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.492 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm Reference Value = 0.523 A/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.413	0.428	0.403
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.475	0.492	0.459
M2	M2	M2
God 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0,422	0.436	0.400
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 0.471 A/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1059_Jul08

4.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 16.07.2008 17:26:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1059

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 Dipole = 10mm @ 1730 MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 148.2 V/m

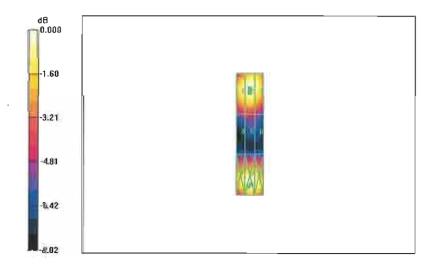
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, -6.30 mm

Reference Value = 176.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
144.1	148.2	143.0
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
106.5	108.4	102.5
M3	M3	M3
Cirid 7	Grid 8	Girid 9
151.3	154,4	142.8
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 142.6 V/m

FCC ID: IHDT56LN1

END OF REPORT

23583-1 Exhibit 6B - 1