



**MOTOROLA**

## Portable Cellular Phone SAR Test Report

**Tests Requested By:** Motorola Mobile Devices  
600 N. US Highway 45  
Libertyville, IL 60048

**Test Report #:** 23008-1F  
**Date of Report:** Jun-04-2009  
**Date of Test:** May-11-2009 to May-30-2009  
**FCC ID #:** IHDT56KP3  
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**Test Laboratory:** Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory  
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This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-2005 to perform the following tests:

**Accreditation:**



TESTING CERT #2518-02

Tests:  
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate

Procedures:  
IEC 62209-1  
RSS-102  
IEEE 1528 - 2003  
FCC OET Bulletin 65 (including Supplement C)  
Australian Communications Authority Radio  
Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human  
Exposure) Standard 2003  
CENELEC EN 50360  
ARIB Std. T-56 (2002)

On the following products or types of products:

Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

**Statement of Compliance:**

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that the portable cellular telephone model to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093) as well as with CENELEC en50360:2001 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with IEEE 1528 / CENELEC EN62209-1 (2006), as well as other appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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## Table of Contents

<b>1. Introduction</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>2. Description of the Device Under Test</b>	<b>4</b>
<i>2.1 Antenna description</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>2.2 Device description</i>	<i>4</i>
<b>3. Test Equipment Used</b>	<b>5</b>
<i>3.1 Dosimetric System</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>3.2 Additional Equipment</i>	<i>5</i>
<b>4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>5. System Accuracy Verification</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>6. Test Results</b>	<b>8</b>
<i>6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results</i>	<i>9</i>
<i>6.2 Body Worn Test Results</i>	<i>16</i>
<b>References</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Appendix 1: SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification</b>	
<b>Appendix 2: SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use</b>	
<b>Appendix 3: SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration</b>	
<b>Appendix 4: Probe Calibration Certificate</b>	
<b>Appendix 5: Measurement Uncertainty Budget</b>	
<b>Appendix 6: Dipole Characterization Certificate</b>	

## **1. Introduction**

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of the portable cellular phone covered by this test report. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with [1], [4] and [5]. The SAR values measured for the portable cellular phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg in a 1 g average set in [3] and 2.0 W/kg in a 10 g average set in [2].

For ICNIRP (10 g), the final SAR reading for this phone is 0.84 W/kg for head-adjacent use and 0.48 W/kg for body-worn use. For ANSI / IEEE C95.1 (1 g), the final SAR reading for this phone is 1.45 W/kg for head-adjacent use and 0.68 W/kg for body-worn use. These measurements were performed using a Dasy4™ v4.7 system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich Switzerland.

## 2. Description of the Device Under Test

### 2.1 Antenna description

<b>Type</b>	Internal	
<b>Location</b>	Bottom of the Phone	
<b>Dimensions</b>	Width (x)	42 mm
	Length (y)	14.5 mm
<b>Configuration</b>	PIFA monopole hybrid	

### 2.2 Device description

<b>Serial Number</b>	356911020005078, 356911020004972					
<b>Mode(s) of Operation</b>	GSM 850	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	WCDMA 850	WCDMA 1900	Bluetooth
<b>Modulation Mode(s)</b>	GSMK	GSMK	GSMK	QPSK	QPSK	GFSK
<b>Maximum Output Power Setting</b>	33.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	30.0 dBm	24.2 dBm	22.5 dBm	9.45 dBm
<b>Duty Cycle</b>	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:1	1:1	1:1
<b>Transmitting Frequency Range(s)</b>	824.2 - 848.8 MHz	1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz	1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz	826.4 - 846.6 MHz	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	2400 - 2484 MHz
<b>Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)</b>	Identical Prototype					
<b>Device Category</b>	Portable					
<b>RF Exposure Limits</b>	General Population / Uncontrolled					

<b>Mode(s) of Operation</b>	GPRS 850				GPRS 1800				GPRS 1900			
<b>Modulation</b>	GMSK				GMSK				GMSK			
<b>Maximum Output Power Setting</b>	33.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	<b>32.00 dBm</b>	30.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	<b>29.00 dBm</b>	27.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	<b>29.00 dBm</b>	27.00 dBm
<b>Duty Cycle</b>	1:8	2:8	<b>3:8</b>	4:8	1:8	2:8	<b>3:8</b>	4:8	1:8	2:8	<b>3:8</b>	4:8
<b>Transmitting Frequency Range(s)</b>	824.2 - 848.8 MHz				1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz				1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz			

<b>Mode(s) of Operation</b>	EDGE 850				EDGE 1800				EDGE 1900			
<b>Modulation</b>	8PSK				8PSK				8PSK			
<b>Maximum Output Power Setting</b>	28.00 dBm	<b>28.00 dBm</b>	26.00 dBm	24.00 dBm	27.00 dBm	<b>27.00 dBm</b>	25.00 dBm	23.00 dBm	27.00 dBm	<b>27.00 dBm</b>	25.00 dBm	23.00 dBm
<b>Duty Cycle</b>	1:8	<b>2:8</b>	3:8	4:8	1:8	<b>2:8</b>	3:8	4:8	1:8	<b>2:8</b>	3:8	4:8
<b>Transmitting Frequency Range(s)</b>	824.2 - 848.8 MHz				1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz				1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz			

Note: Bolded entries indicate data mode configuration of highest time-average power output per band and data mode type.

### 3. Test Equipment Used

#### 3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall 10 g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±10.8% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±21.6% (K=2). The overall 1 g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is ±11.1% (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of ±22.2% (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 5. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg.

The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in the following table.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY4™ DAE V1	387	Apr-01-2010
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1524	Feb-12-2010
DASY4™ DAE V1	434	Feb-09-2010
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	Sep-23-2009
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800/900 MHz	TP-1005	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450 MHz	TP-1250	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450 MHz	TP-1139	
Dipole Validation Kit, DV900V2	78	Apr-01-2010
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	259TR	Apr-01-2010
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	272TR	Apr-01-2010
Dipole Validation Kit, DV2450V2	740	Apr-01-2010

#### 3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04810	Jun-13-2009
Power Meter E4419B	GB39510961	Jan-24-2010
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39210915	Jul-07-2009
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39210916	Jul-07-2009
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04982	Jun-13-2009
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511084	Jun-17-2010
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39210929	Jun-02-2009
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39210930	Jun-02-2009
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04844	Jan-29-2010
Power Meter E4419B	US39250622	Jun-07-2009
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39211008	Jun-02-2009
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39211009	Jun-02-2009
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39171846	Jul-05-2009
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070C	US99360070	

**4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid**

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity,  $\epsilon_r$ , and the conductivity,  $\sigma$ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with a HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit. These values, along with the temperature of the simulated tissue are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity are also shown. A mass density of  $\rho = 1 \text{ g/cm}^3$  was entered into the system in all the cases. It can be seen that the measured parameters are within tolerance of the recommended limits specified in [1] and [5].

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	Measured, May-11-2009	41.1	0.91	19.2
		Measured, May-12-2009	40.7	0.90	19.4
		Measured, May-13-2009	41.3	0.91	19.1
		Measured, May-14-2009	41.3	0.91	19.4
		Recommended Limits	41.5 ±5%	0.90 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, May-12-2009	52.6	1.04	19.6
		Recommended Limits	55.2 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25
1880	Head	Measured, May-13-2009	38.3	1.44	19.3
		Measured, May-26-2009	38.3	1.45	19.1
		Measured, May-28-2009	38.5	1.46	19.5
		Measured, May-29-2009	38.1	1.46	19.5
		Recommended Limits	40.0 ±5%	1.40 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, May-14-2009	50.8	1.58	19.5
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25
2450	Body	Measured, May-29-2009	52.8	2.04	20.0
		Recommended Limits	52.7 ±10%	1.95 ±5%	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	835 MHz / 900 MHz Head	835 MHz / 900 MHz Body	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Head	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Body	2450 MHz Head	2450 MHz Body
Sugar	57	44.9	--	--	--	--
DGBE	--	--	47	30.8	--	30
Diacetin	--	--	--	--	51	--
Water	40.45	53.06	52.62	68.8	48.75	70
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.38	0.4	0.15	--
HEC	1	1	--	--	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--	0.1	--

### 5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4™ was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to verify the measured SAR was within ±10% from the target SAR indicated in Appendix 6. These frequencies are within ±10% of the compliance test mid-band frequency as required in [1] and [5]. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity, specified in [5], are shown in the table below. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are also displayed in the table below. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0 cm ± 0.5 cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1 gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma$ (S/m)		
900	Measured, May-11-2009	11.35	40.4	0.97	20.2	19.2
	Measured, May-12-2009	11.425	39.9	0.96	20.1	19.4
	Measured, May-13-2009	11.375	40.5	0.97	20.1	19.1
	Measured, May-14-2009	11.20	40.4	0.97	19.9	19.4
	Recommended Limits	11.19	41.5 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25	18-25
1800	Measured, May-13-2009	37.275	38.7	1.35	19.7	18.7
	Measured, May-14-2009	37.725	39.6	1.38	19.8	19.4
	Measured, May-26-2009	37.775	38.7	1.37	19.7	18.7
	Measured, May-28-2009	38.975	38.9	1.37	19.7	19.3
	Measured, May-29-2009	39.725	38.5	1.37	19.6	19.5
	Recommended Limits	37.91	40.0 ±5%	1.4 ±5%	18-25	18-25
2450	Measured, May-29-2009	53.25	39.4	1.86	19.7	20.0
	Recommended Limits	56.68	39.2 ±10%	1.80 ±5%	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1524	900	5.23	8 of 9
		1810	4.43	8 of 9
		2450	3.89	8 of 9
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.30	8 of 9
		1810	5.14	8 of 9

## 6. Test Results

The test sample was operated using an actual transmission through a base station simulator. The base station simulator was set up to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in [1], [4] and [5]. The phone was positioned into these configurations using the device holder supplied with the DASY4™ SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the device holder is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (± 30%) at 850 MHz. The default settings for the “coarse” and “cube” scans were chosen and used for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15 mm as shown in the SAR plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY4™ manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

SNN5804A - 910 mAH Battery

SNN5814A - 910 mAH Battery

SNN5804A battery was used to do most of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery. The configuration that resulted in the highest SAR values were tested using the other battery listed above.

Per the “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices” released in October, 2007, 12.2 kbps RMC, 12.2 kbps AMR, HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4, and E-DCH Sub-test 1-5 modes were considered. The conducted power measurements (per section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121) for each mode are shown in the table below.

Conducted power (dBm) for WCDMA modes			
Band	Channel	RMC	AMR
WCDMA 850	4132	24.14	23.98
	4180	24.04	23.91
	4233	24.08	23.96
WCDMA 1900	9262	22.47	22.30
	9400	22.41	22.35
	9538	22.37	22.28

## 6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 12 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the simulated tissue after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The left head and right head SAR contour distributions are similar. Because of this similarity, the cheek/touch and 15° tilt test conditions with the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 2. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2.

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since the same phantoms and simulated tissue were used for the system accuracy verification and the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of simulated tissue depth to be 15.0 cm ± 0.5 cm.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for head-adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1524	900	5.23	8 of 9
		1810	4.43	8 of 9
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.30	8 of 9
		1810	5.14	8 of 9

Left Head Cheek Position, Slider Extended								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.2	0.001	0.414	0.41	0.563	0.56
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.9	-0.061	0.305	0.31	0.536	0.54
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.6	-0.056	0.501	0.51	0.693	0.70
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47	19.5	-0.018	0.503	0.51	0.870	0.87
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	0.100	0.483	0.48	0.840	0.84
	Channel 9538	22.37	19.6	0.033	0.427	0.43	0.759	0.76

Table 1: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Left Head Cheek Position, Slider Retracted								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02	19.2	-0.022	0.537	0.54	0.753	0.76
	Channel 190	33.05	19.2	0.014	0.681	0.68	0.956	0.96
	Channel 251	32.96	19.2	-0.048	0.834	0.84	1.19	1.20
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96	18.7	-0.021	0.460	0.46	0.804	0.81
	Channel 661	30.20	19.8	-0.014	0.606	0.51	1.06	1.06
	Channel 810	29.96	19.5	-0.074	0.654	0.67	1.14	1.16
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14	19.2	-0.134	0.788	0.81	1.12	1.16
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.2	-0.370	0.582	0.63	0.826	0.90
	Channel 4233	24.08	19.2	-0.155	0.685	0.71	0.982	1.02
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47	19.8	0.303	0.546	0.55	0.923	0.92
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	0.192	0.591	0.59	1.02	1.02
	Channel 9538	22.37	20.0	-0.043	0.566	0.57	0.987	1.00

Table 2: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head Cheek Position, Slider Extended								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.2	-0.011	0.385	0.39	0.521	0.52
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.9	-0.043	0.240	0.24	0.383	0.39
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.2	-0.127	0.474	0.49	0.639	0.66
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.0	-0.009	0.365	0.37	0.588	0.59
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 3: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head Cheek Position, Slider Retracted								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02	19.5	0.015	0.531	0.53	0.772	0.77
	Channel 190	33.05	19.4	-0.101	0.683	0.70	0.979	1.00
	Channel 251	32.96	19.5	-0.016	0.771	0.77	1.10	1.10
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96	19.1	0.049	0.511	0.51	0.983	0.98
	Channel 661	30.20	19.7	0.352	0.656	0.66	1.27	1.27
	Channel 810	29.96	18.8	-0.041	0.731	0.74	1.42	1.43
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14	19.2	-0.120	0.729	0.75	1.02	1.05
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.2	-0.295	0.551	0.59	0.77	0.82
	Channel 4233	24.08	19.3	-0.058	0.632	0.64	0.89	0.90
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47	19.8	0.448	0.567	0.57	1.08	1.08
	Channel 9400	22.41	<b>19.1</b>	<b>0.048</b>	<b>0.718</b>	<b>0.72</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>1.38</b>
	Channel 9538	22.37	20.0	-0.017	0.634	0.64	1.21	1.21

Table 4: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Head Cheek Position, Slider Extended, with Battery SNN5814A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.5	-0.059	0.409	0.41	0.553	0.56
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.9	-0.019	0.312	0.31	0.547	0.55
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.4	-0.170	0.441	0.46	0.599	0.62
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47	19.4	0.066	0.477	0.48	0.826	0.83
	Channel 9400	22.41						
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 5: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Head Cheek Position, Slider Retracted, with Battery SNN5814A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05						
	Channel 251	32.96	19.5	-0.048	0.835	0.84	1.20	1.21
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20						
	Channel 810	29.96	18.7	0.142	0.745	0.75	1.45	1.45
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14	20.0	-0.094	0.636	0.65	0.865	0.88
	Channel 4180	24.04						
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	18.9	0.276	0.599	0.60	1.14	1.14
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 6: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Left Head Tilt Position, Slider Extended								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.2	0.162	0.225	0.23	0.314	0.31
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.2	-0.113	0.144	0.15	0.238	0.24
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.5	-0.196	0.271	0.28	0.378	0.40
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	-0.033	0.235	0.24	0.387	0.29
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 7: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Left Head Tilt Position, Slider Retracted								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.4	-0.075	0.313	0.32	0.433	0.44
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.0	-0.038	0.202	0.20	0.346	0.35
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.2	-0.056	0.275	0.28	0.377	0.38
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	0.064	0.280	0.28	0.476	0.48
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 8: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head Tilt Position, Slider Extended								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.2	-0.024	0.225	0.23	0.313	0.31
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.9	-0.030	0.188	0.19	0.320	0.32
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.4	-0.003	0.265	0.67	0.368	0.37
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.7	0.088	0.299	0.30	0.506	0.51
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 9: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head Tilt Position, Slider Retracted								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.5	-0.031	0.315	0.32	0.435	0.44
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.8	-0.035	0.211	0.21	0.351	0.35
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.2	-0.033	0.270	0.27	0.372	0.37
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.4	0.141	0.268	0.27	0.439	0.44
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 10: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Head Tilt Position, Slider Extended, with Battery SNN5814A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.4	-0.017	0.214	0.21	0.297	0.30
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.0	-0.005	0.188	0.19	0.317	0.32
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.5	-0.319	0.285	0.31	0.396	0.43
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	18.9	0.099	0.293	0.29	0.495	0.50
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 11: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Head Tilt Position, Slider Retracted, with Battery SNN5814A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.5	-0.056	0.355	0.36	0.490	0.50
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	18.9	-0.027	0.213	0.21	0.358	0.36
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.5	-0.087	0.279	0.28	0.385	0.39
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.2	-0.081	0.270	0.28	0.457	0.47
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 12: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

## 6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 13 through 18 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is  $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$ . The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 3. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3. The tables below also include SAR value summations for primary and secondary co-located transmitters, with the results indicated in italics.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0 mm. It measures 52.7 cm(long) x 26.7 cm(wide) x 21.2 cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184 GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0 cm ± 0.5 cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories’, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone at the time of testing hence the device was tested per the supplement C testing guidelines for devices that do not have body worn accessories. A separation distance of 15 mm between the device and the flat phantom was used for testing body-worn SAR. The device was tested with the front and back of the device facing the phantom.

The cellular phone was tested in data mode operations in the worst-case position from the tests noted above. For these tests, a separation distance of 25 mm between the device and the flat phantom was used.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for body-worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1524	900	5.14	8 of 9
		1810	4.03	8 of 9
		2450	3.40	8 of 9
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.24	8 of 9
		1810	4.91	8 of 9

Body-Worn; Front of Phone 15 mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.6	-0.139	0.290	0.30	0.404	0.42
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.6	-0.025	0.0647	0.07	0.108	0.11
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.6	-0.264	0.222	0.24	0.306	0.33
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	-0.040	0.0818	0.08	0.143	0.14
	Channel 9538	22.37						

Table 13: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.6	-0.059	0.458	0.46	0.646	0.65
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.5	-0.020	0.162	0.16	0.287	0.29
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.6	-0.248	0.390	0.41	0.540	0.57
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	0.065	0.238	0.24	0.432	0.43
	Channel 9538	22.37						
Bluetooth 2450	Channel 0							
	Channel 39	9.205	20.0	-0.376	0.00279	0.00	0.00602	0.01
	Channel 78							
GSM 850 + Bluetooth						0.46		0.66
GSM 1900 + Bluetooth						0.16		0.30
WCDMA 850 + Bluetooth						0.41		0.58
WCDMA 1900 + Bluetooth						0.24		0.44

Table 14: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Bluetooth Body-Worn, Back of Phone 25 mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
Bluetooth 2450	Channel 0							
	Channel 39	9.205	20.0	1.56	0.000845	0.00	0.00195	0.00
	Channel 78							

Table 15: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

GPRS Mode Body-Worn in Class 11 (3 Uplink Slots) Configuration; Back of Phone 25 mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GPRS 850	Channel 128	32.42						
	Channel 190	32.21	19.6	0.009	0.352	0.35	0.482	0.48
	Channel 251	31.88						
GPRS 1900	Channel 512	29.02						
	Channel 661	29.21	19.5	-0.032	0.140	0.14	0.229	0.23
	Channel 810	28.98						
GPRS 850 + Bluetooth						0.35		0.48
GPRS 1900 + Bluetooth						0.14		0.23

Table 16: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

EDGE Mode Body-Worn in Class 10 (2 Uplink Slots) Configuration; Back of Phone 25 mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
EDGE 850	Channel 128	28.40						
	Channel 190	28.23	19.6	-0.038	0.142	0.14	0.194	0.20
	Channel 251	27.92						
EDGE 1900	Channel 512	26.99						
	Channel 661	27.18	19.8	-0.047	0.0388	0.04	0.0636	0.06
	Channel 810	26.94						
EDGE 850 + Bluetooth						0.14		0.20
EDGE 1900 + Bluetooth						0.04		0.06

Table 17: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom with Battery SNN5814A								
f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	33.02						
	Channel 190	33.05	19.6	-0.045	0.471	0.48	0.664	0.67
	Channel 251	32.96						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.96						
	Channel 661	30.20	19.8	-0.037	0.119	0.12	0.211	0.21
	Channel 810	29.96						
WCDMA 850	Channel 4132	24.14						
	Channel 4180	24.04	19.6	-0.236	0.388	0.41	0.541	0.57
	Channel 4233	24.08						
WCDMA 1900	Channel 9262	22.47						
	Channel 9400	22.41	19.6	0.032	0.230	0.23	0.418	0.42
	Channel 9538	22.37						
Bluetooth 2450	Channel 0							
	Channel 39	9.205	20.0	-0.463	0.00283	0.00	0.0062	0.01
	Channel 78							
GSM 850 + Bluetooth						0.48		0.68
GSM 1900 + Bluetooth						0.12		0.22
WCDMA 850 + Bluetooth						0.41		0.58
WCDMA 1900 + Bluetooth						0.23		0.43

Table 18: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

## References

- [1] CENELEC, en62209-1:2006 “Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields From Hand - Held and Body - Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human Models, Instrumentation, and Procedures”
- [2] CENELEC, en50360:2001 “Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)”.
- [3] ANSI / IEEE, C95.1 1999 Edition “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01
- [5] IEEE 1528 2003 Edition “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”
- [6] ICNIRP Guidelines “Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz)”

## **Appendix 1**

### **SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification**

Date/Time: 5/11/2009 10:36:55 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051109 900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 78; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 078; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.2°C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.2°C; Room Temp @ SPC = 20.2°C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.29 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.063 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.40 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

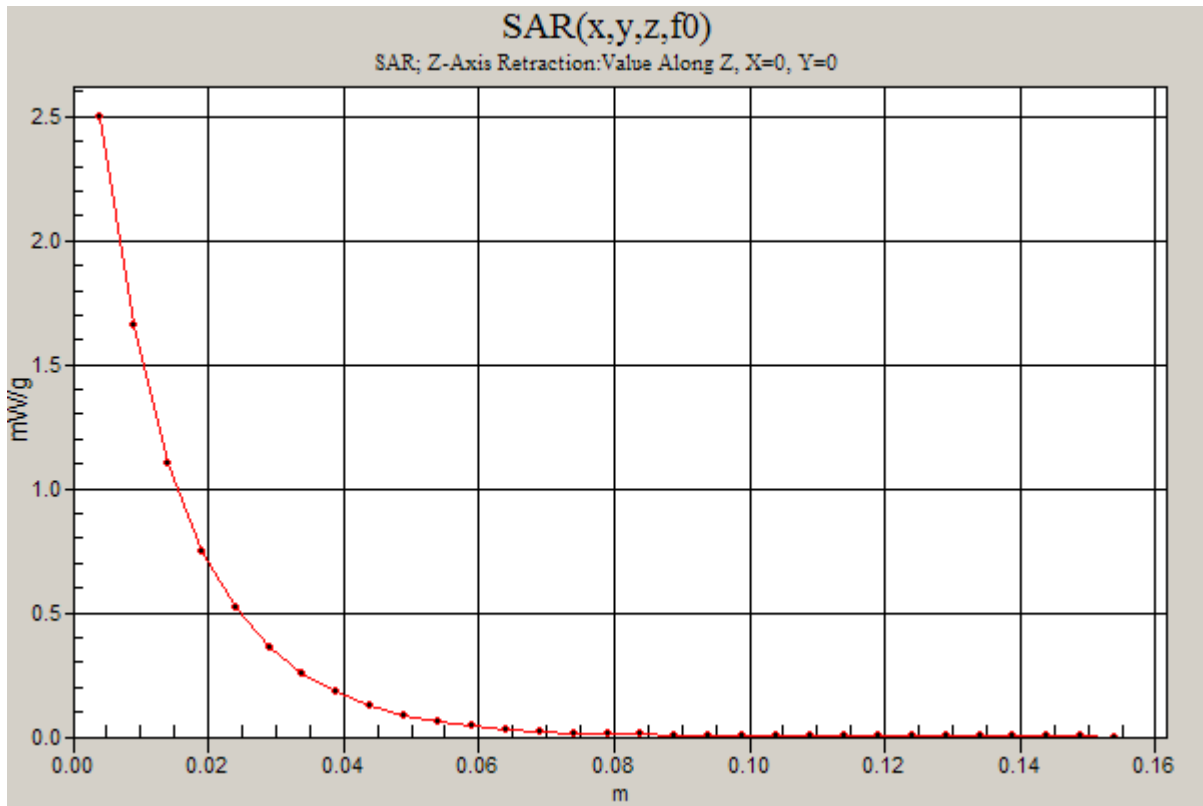
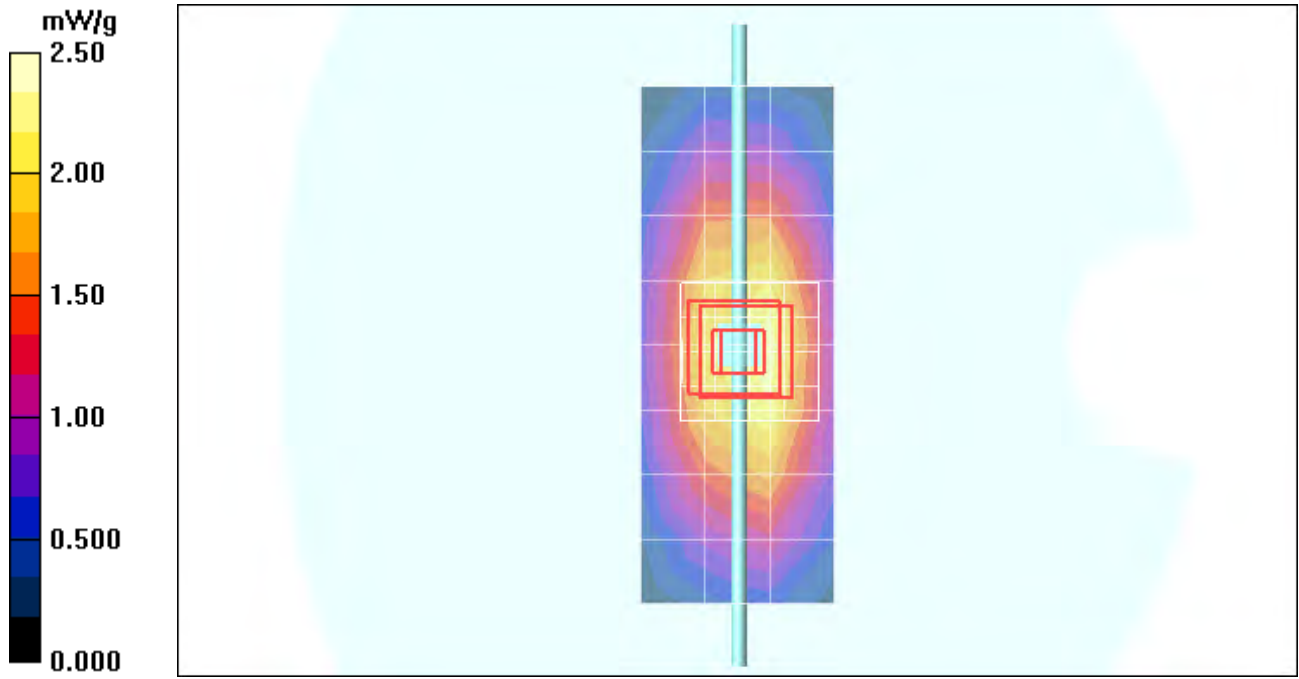
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.063 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.25 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.44 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.34 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/12/2009 8:49:32 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051209 900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 78; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 078; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.4°C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.4°C; Room Temp @ SPC = 20.1°C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.96$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.43 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.40 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.48 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

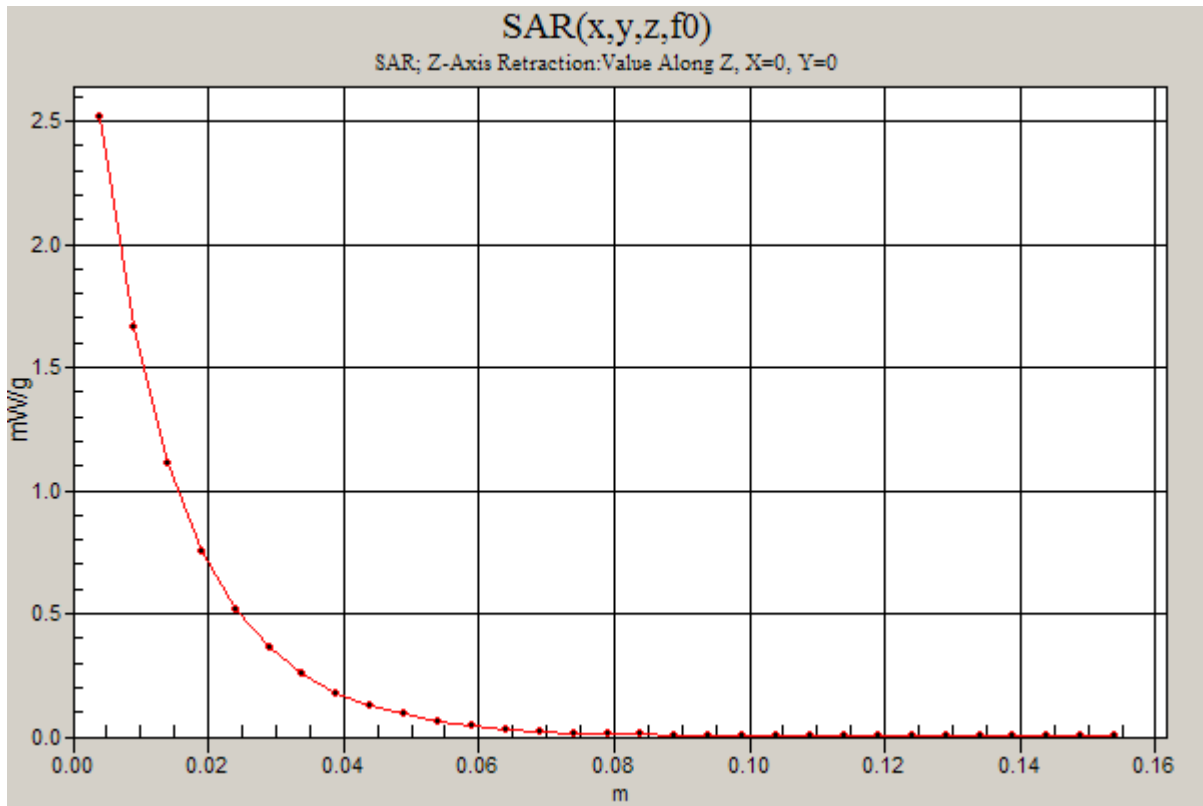
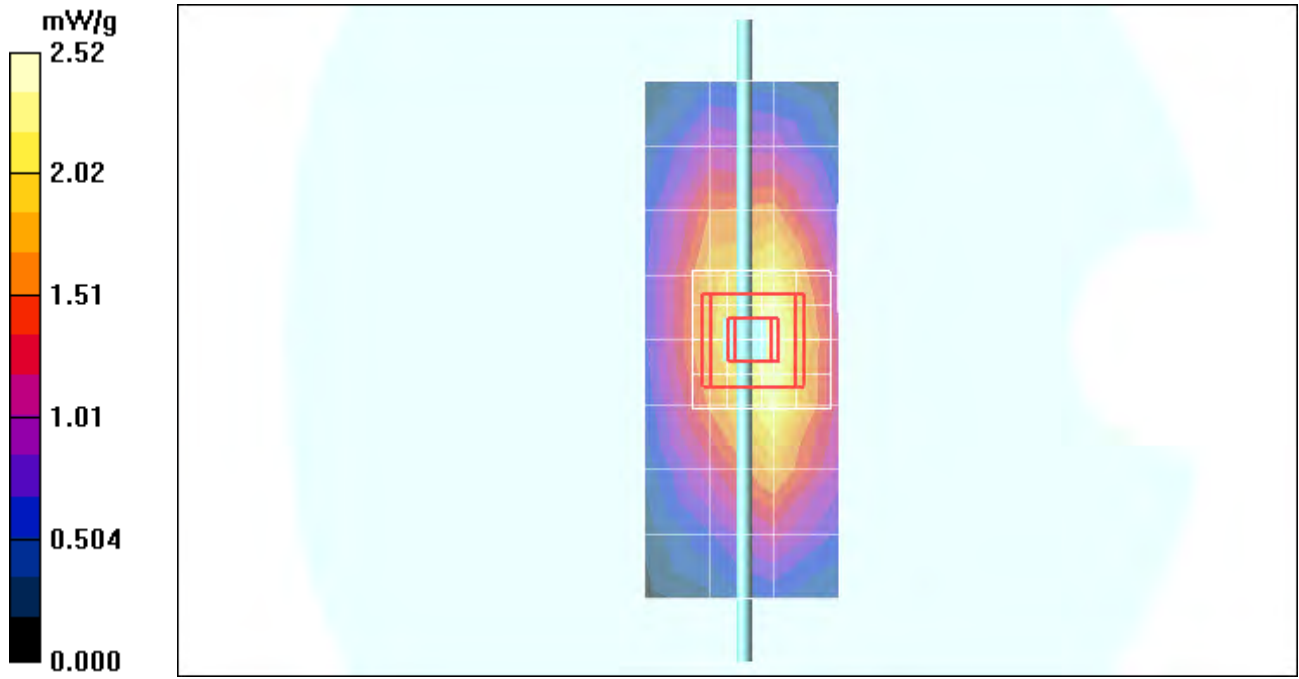
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.064 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.39 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 8:09:45 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051309 900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 78; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 78; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.1 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.1 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 20.1 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.39 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.39 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.48 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

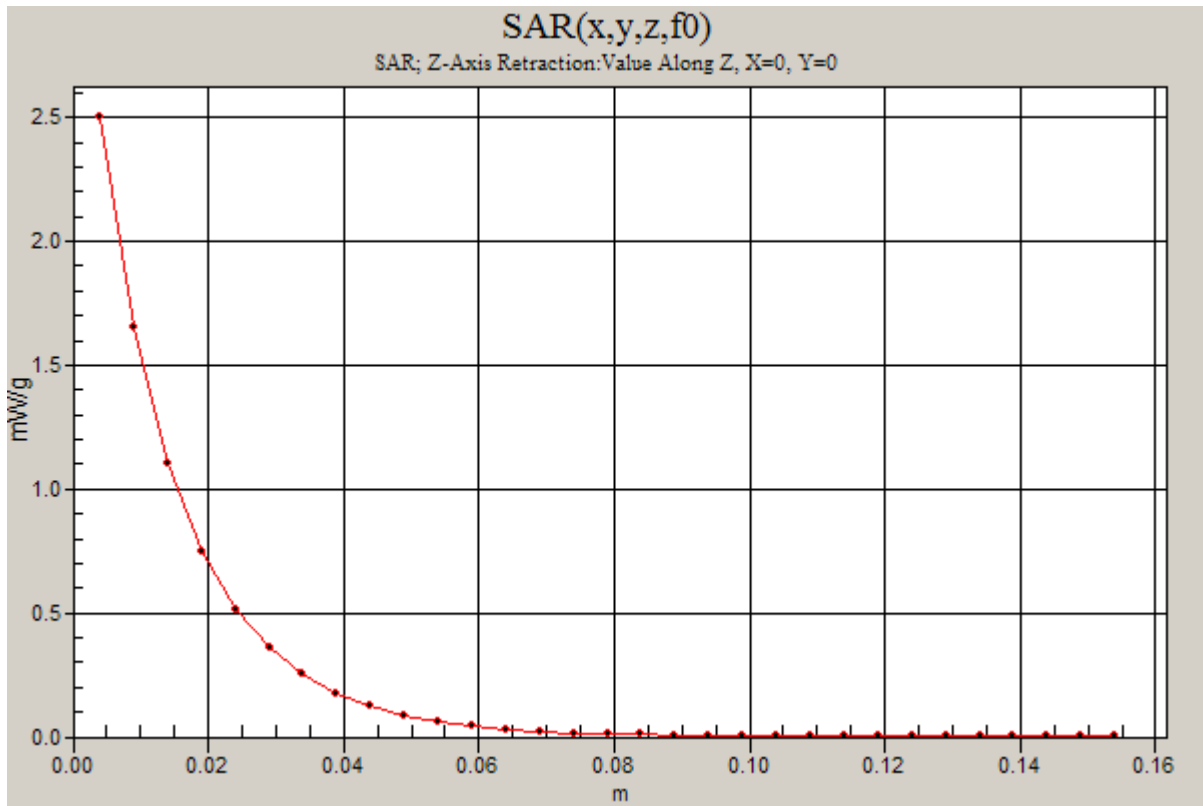
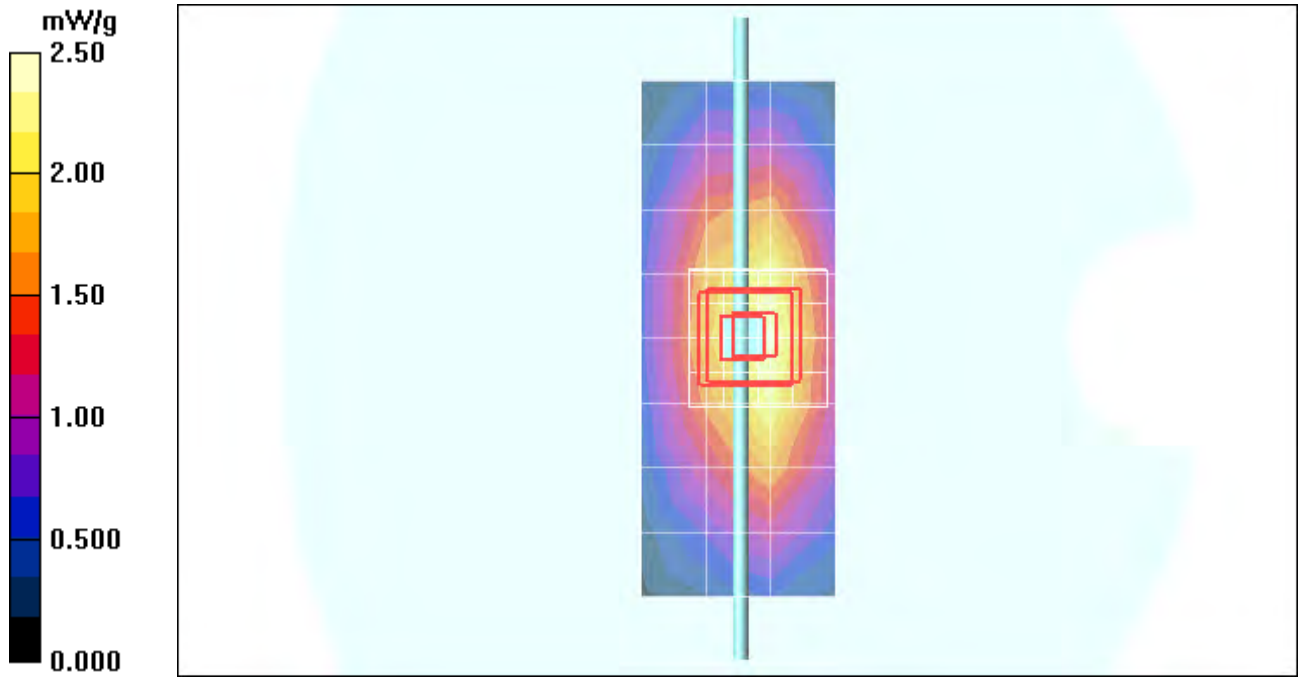
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.50 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 7:51:00 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051409 900MHz

**DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN: 78; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 78; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.4 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.4 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.9 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 900$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.97$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.38 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.34 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.45 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

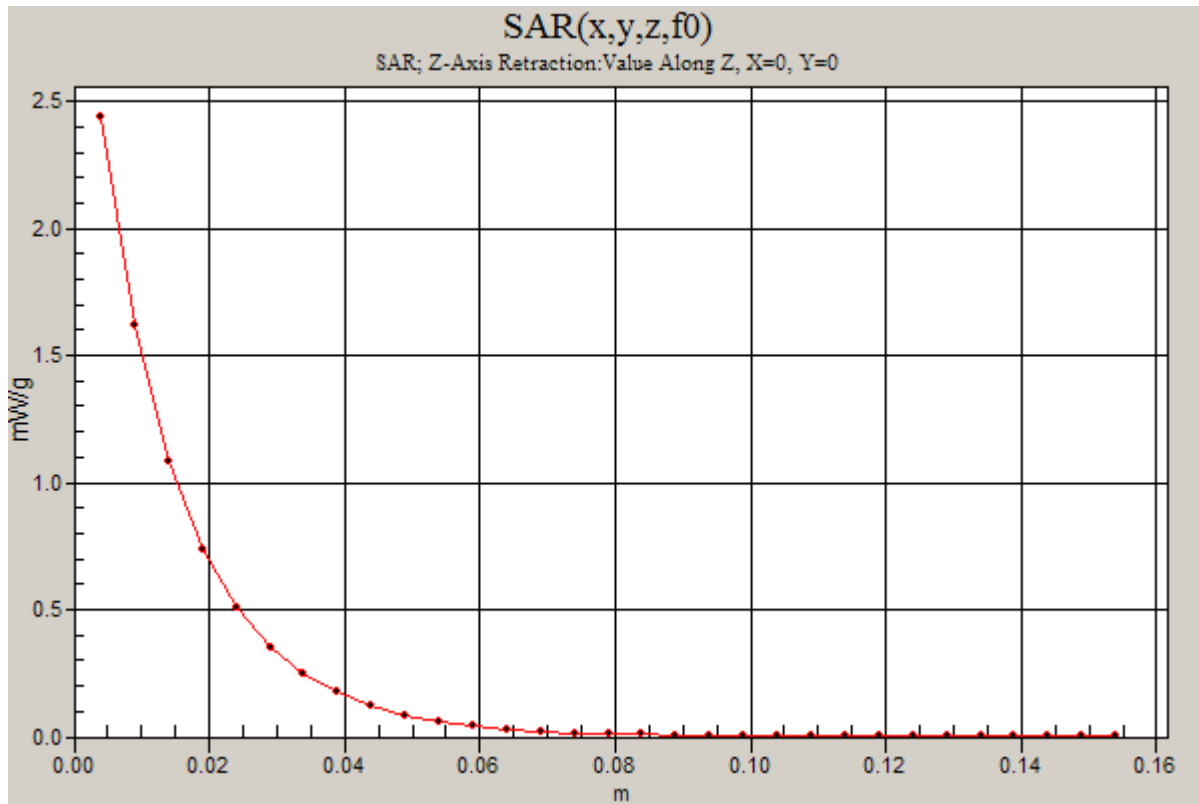
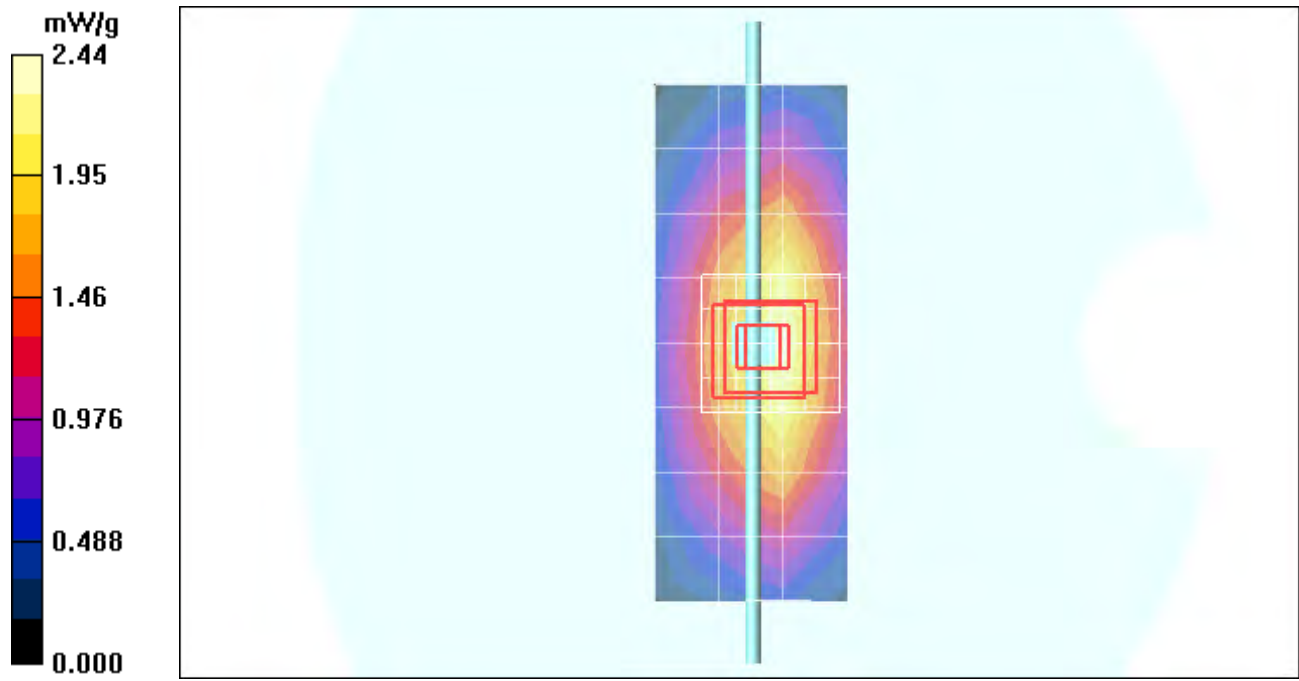
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.28 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 2.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.36 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.44 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 6:35:23 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051309 1800MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 259TR; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 259tr; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.3 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 18.7 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.7 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.35$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.27 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4 mW/g;** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.48 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

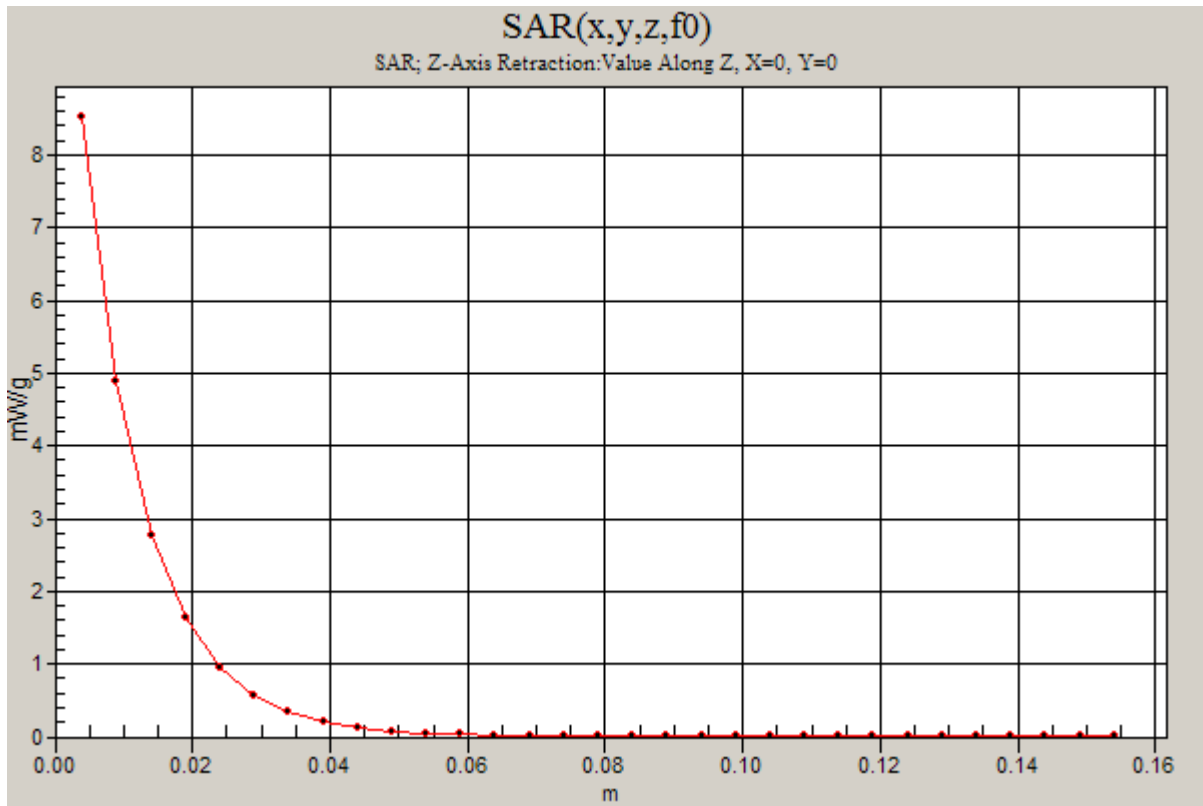
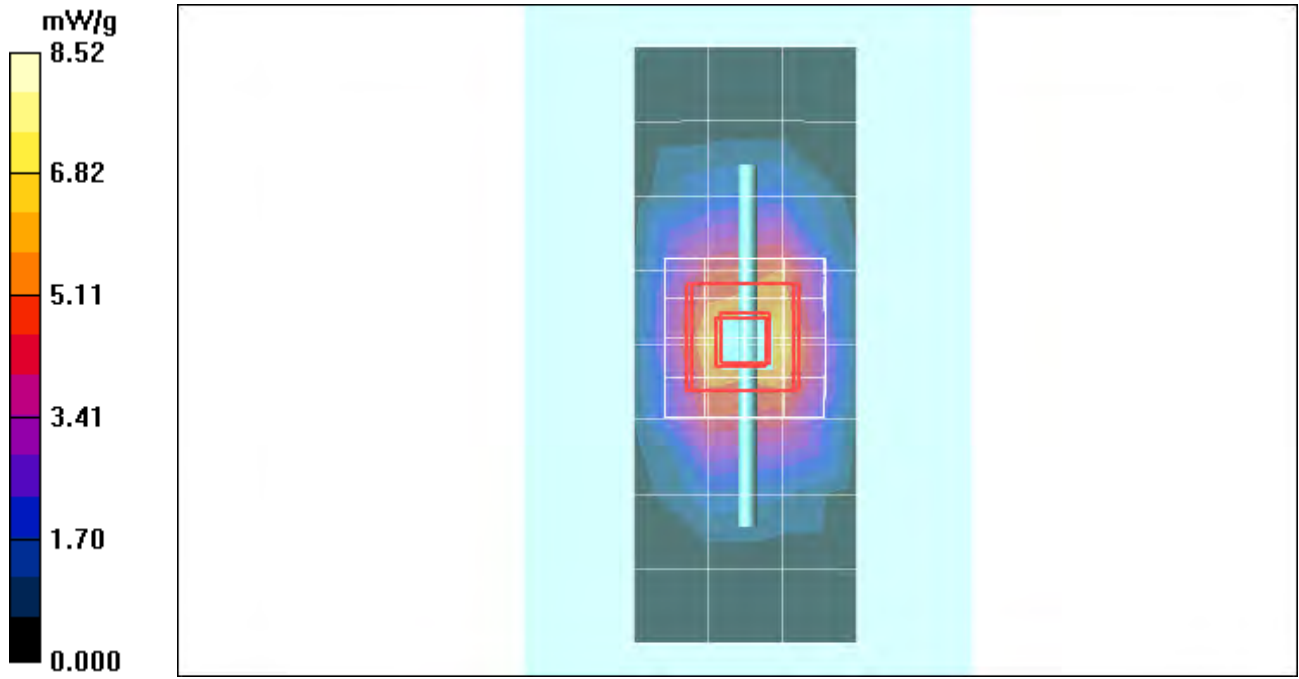
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.95 mW/g;** Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.33 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.52 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 6:29:45 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051409 1800MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 259TR; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 259tr; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.7 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.4 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.8 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.87 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.58 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.05 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.56 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

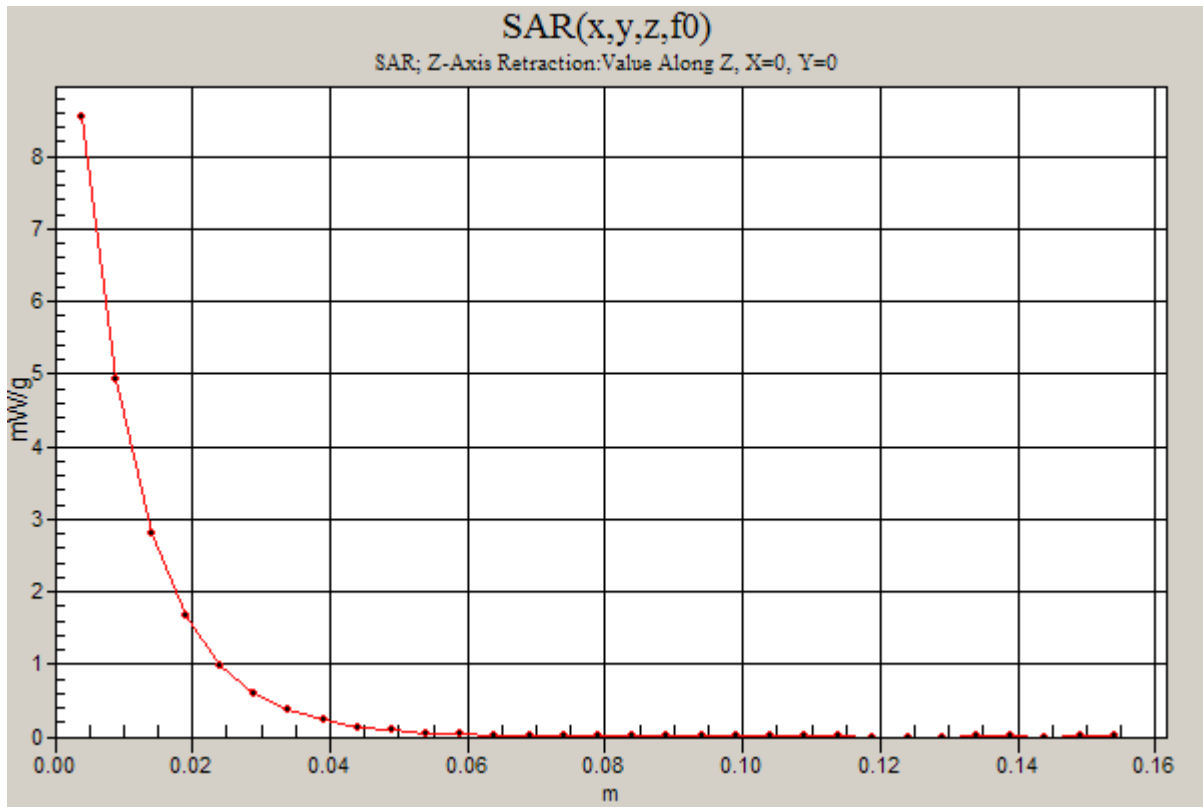
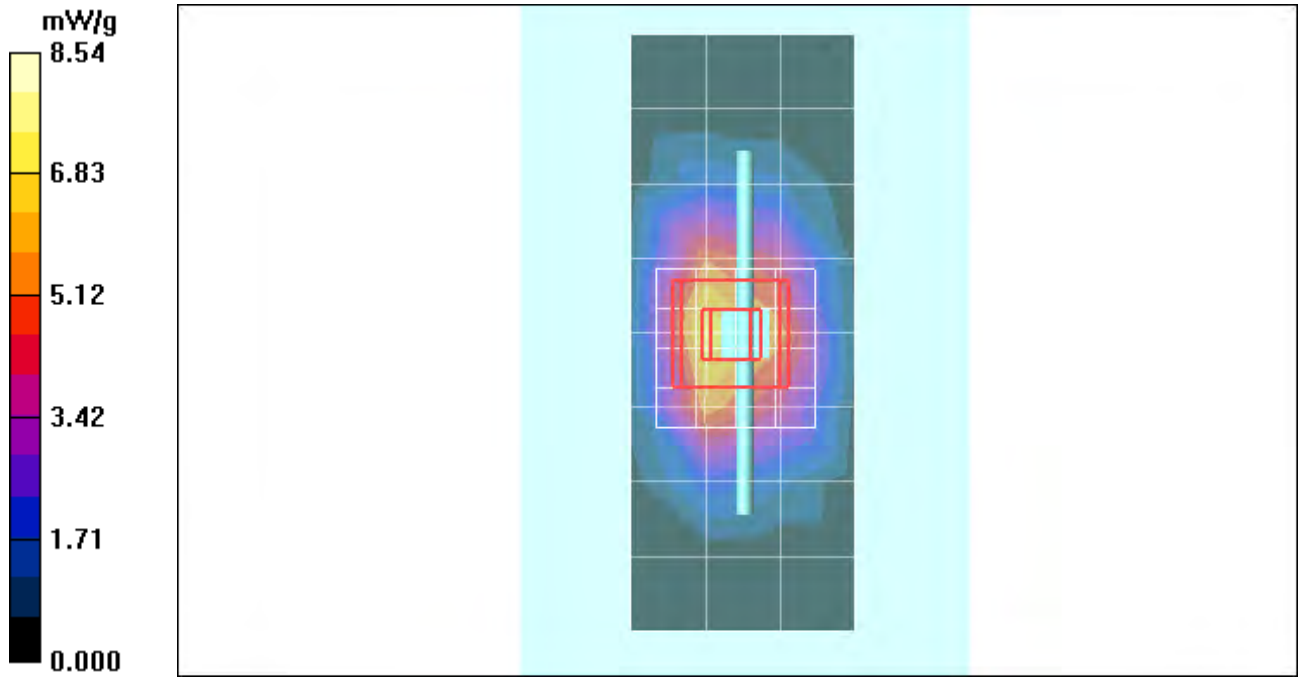
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.51 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.02 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.28 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.54 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/26/2009 7:14:37 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 052609 1800MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 259TR; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 259tr; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 18.7 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 18.7 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.7 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.74 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.09 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.52 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

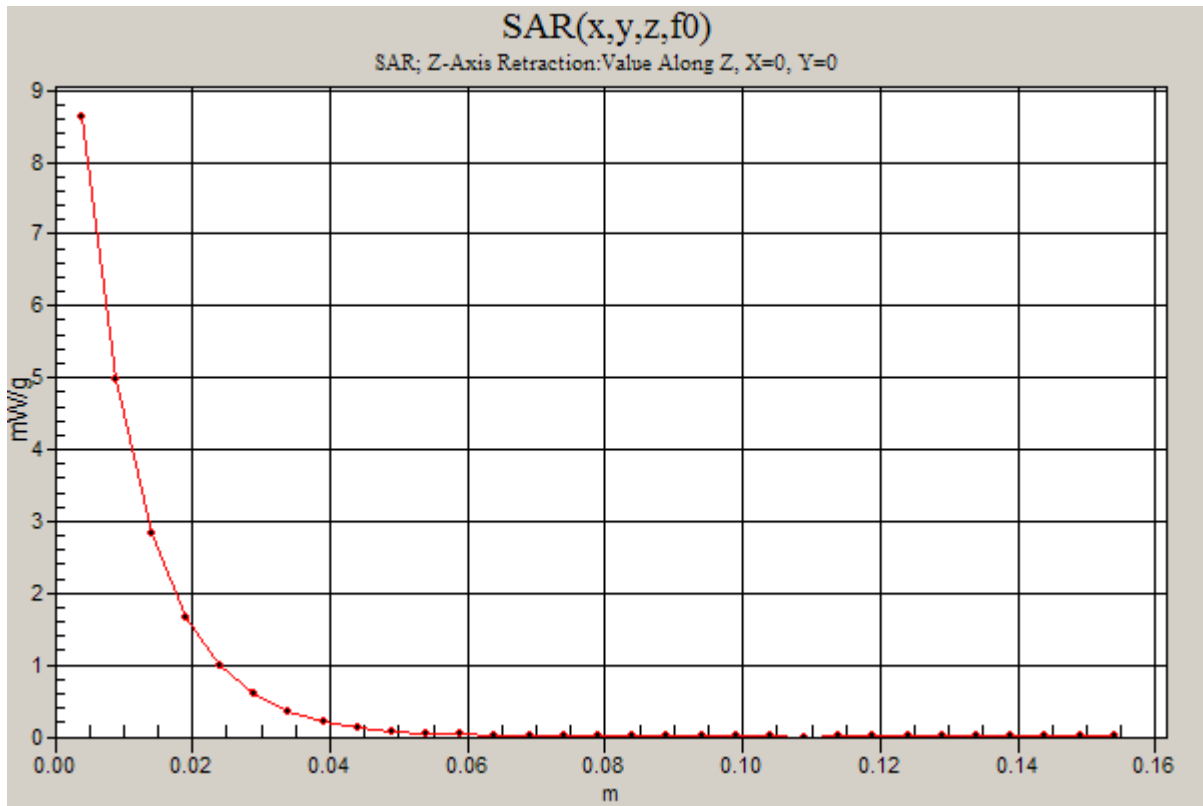
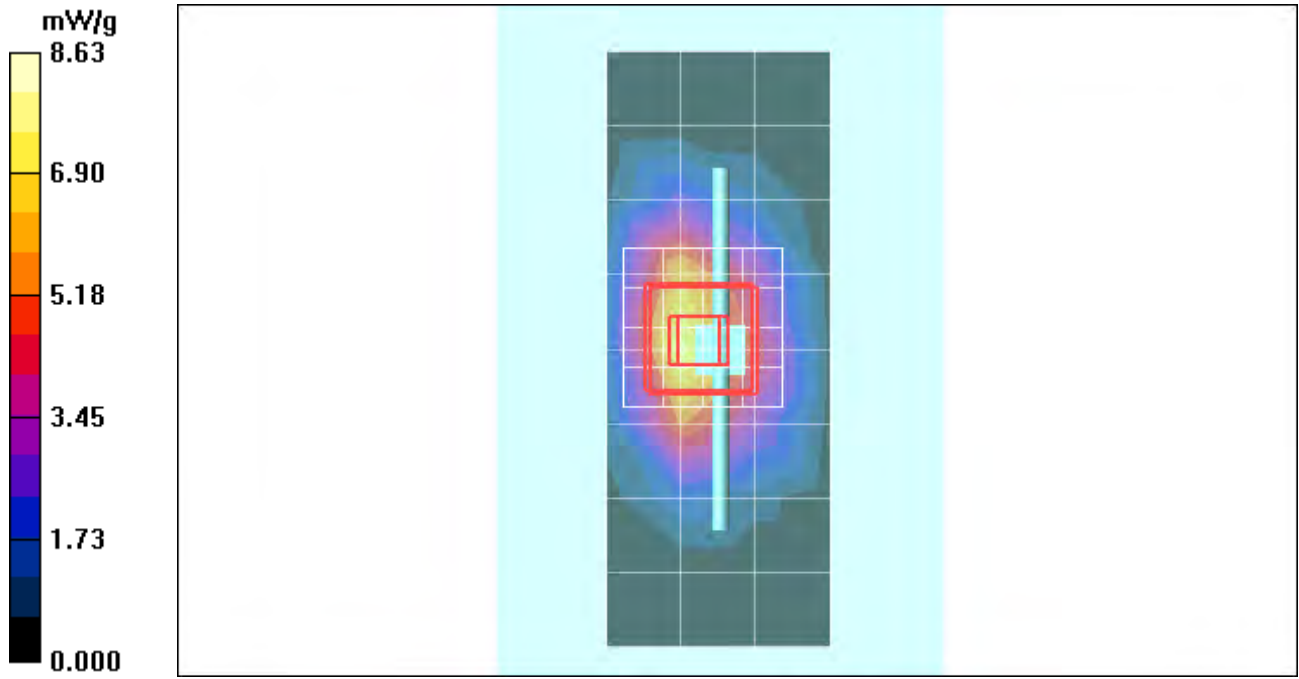
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.03 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.24 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.63 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/28/2009 6:47:28 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 052809 1800MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 272TR; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 272TR; Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.4 °C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.3 °C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.7 °C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.18 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.86 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.15 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.83 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

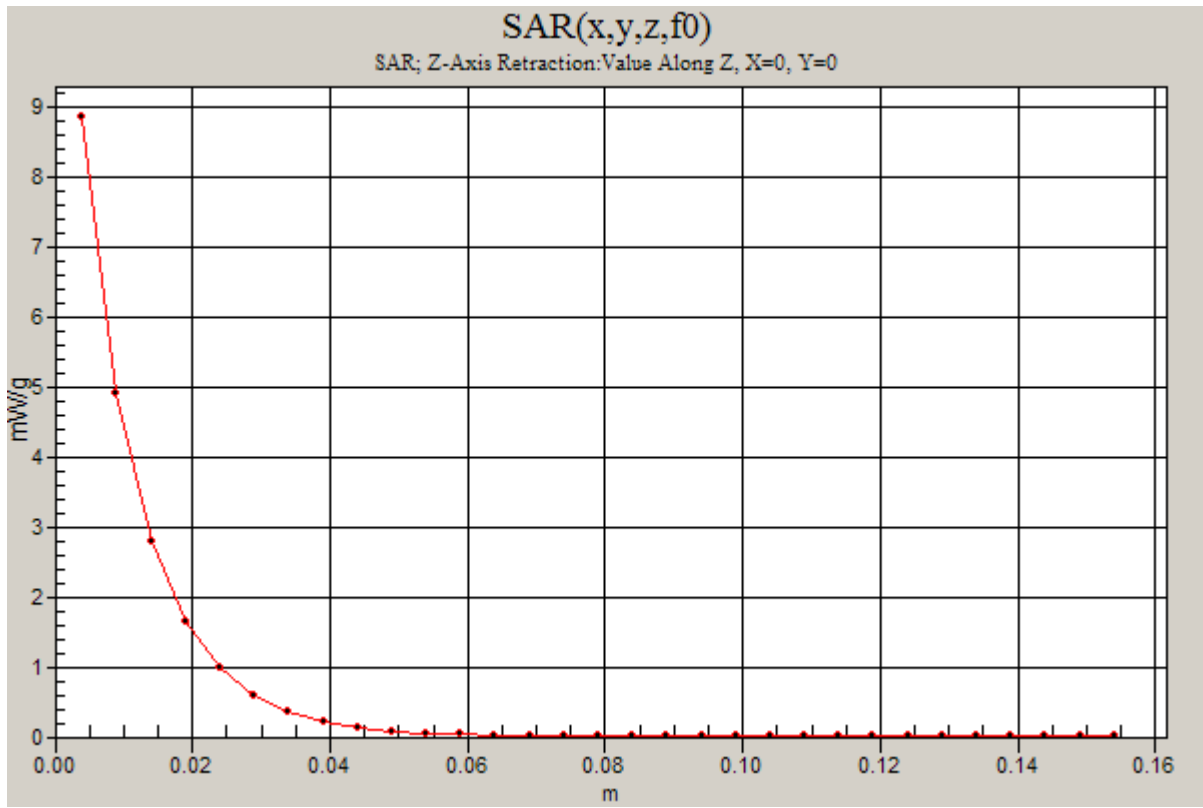
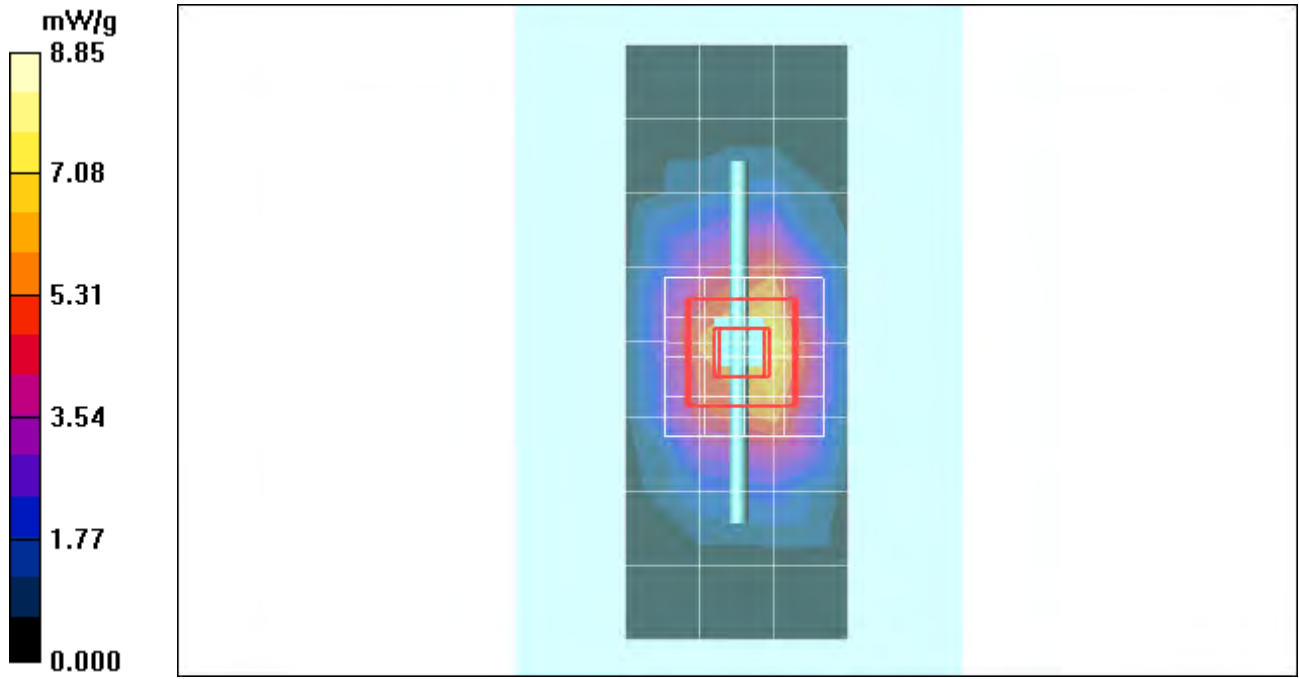
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.73 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.08 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.66 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.85 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/29/2009 6:14:18 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 052909 1800MHz

**DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 272TR; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 272(TR); Input Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.5°C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5°C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.6°C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.37$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (9x4x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.50 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.89 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.27 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

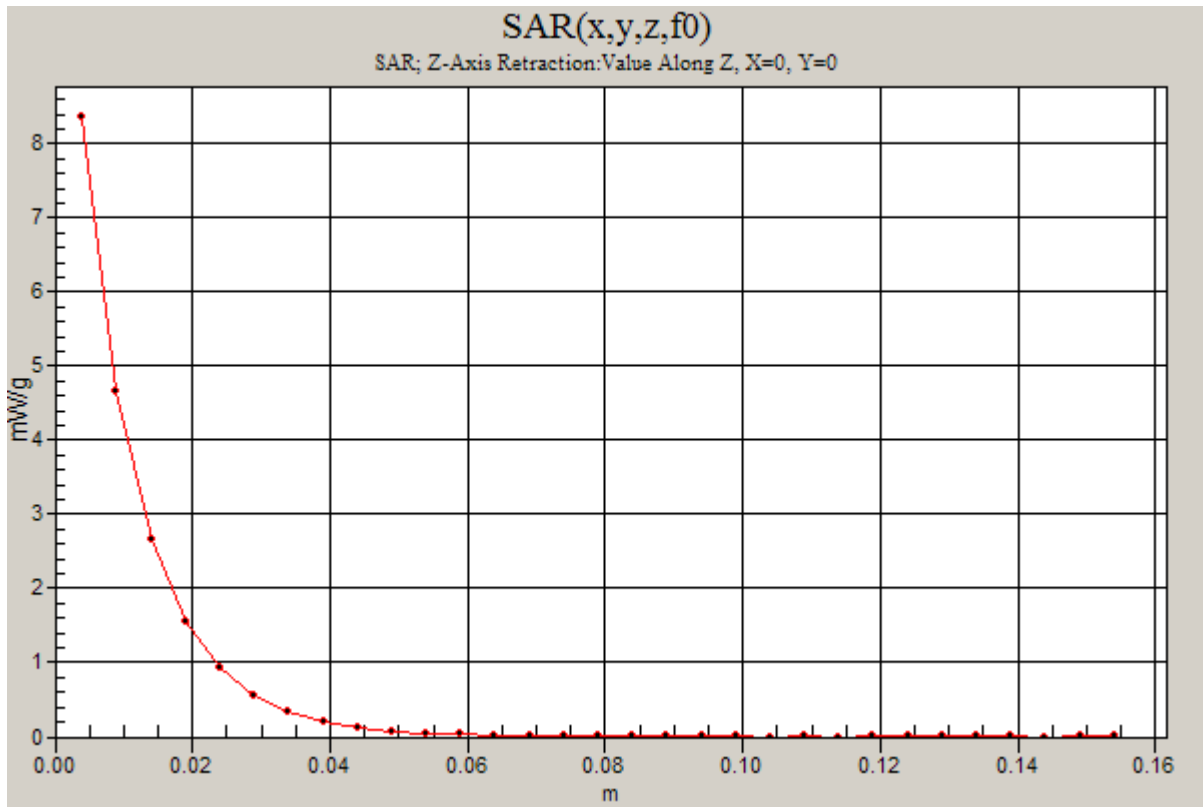
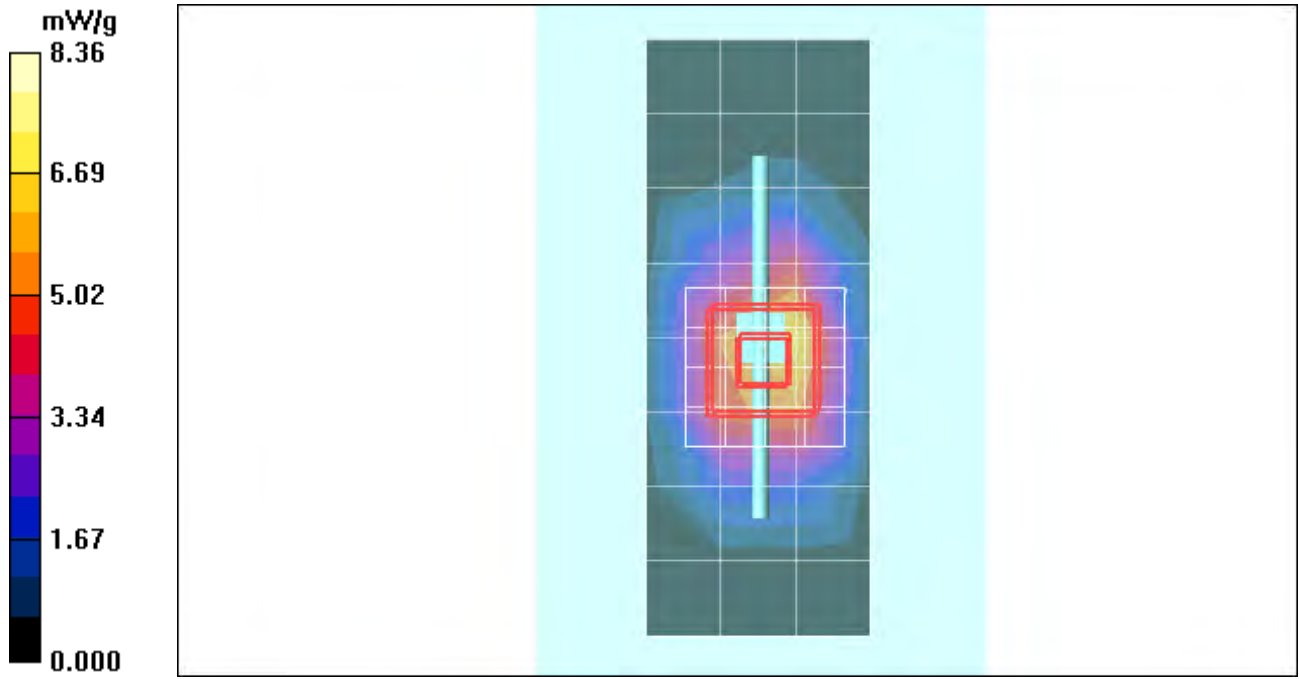
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.070 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.4 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.83 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.19 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.36 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/29/2009 8:20:09 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - 052909 2450MHz

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 740; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3**

Procedure Notes: 2450 MHz System Performance Check; Dipole Sn# 740; Inpu Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 20°C; Sim.Temp@SPC = 20°C; Room Temp @ SPC = 19.7°C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 39.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(3.89, 3.89, 3.89); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.99 mW/g

### Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

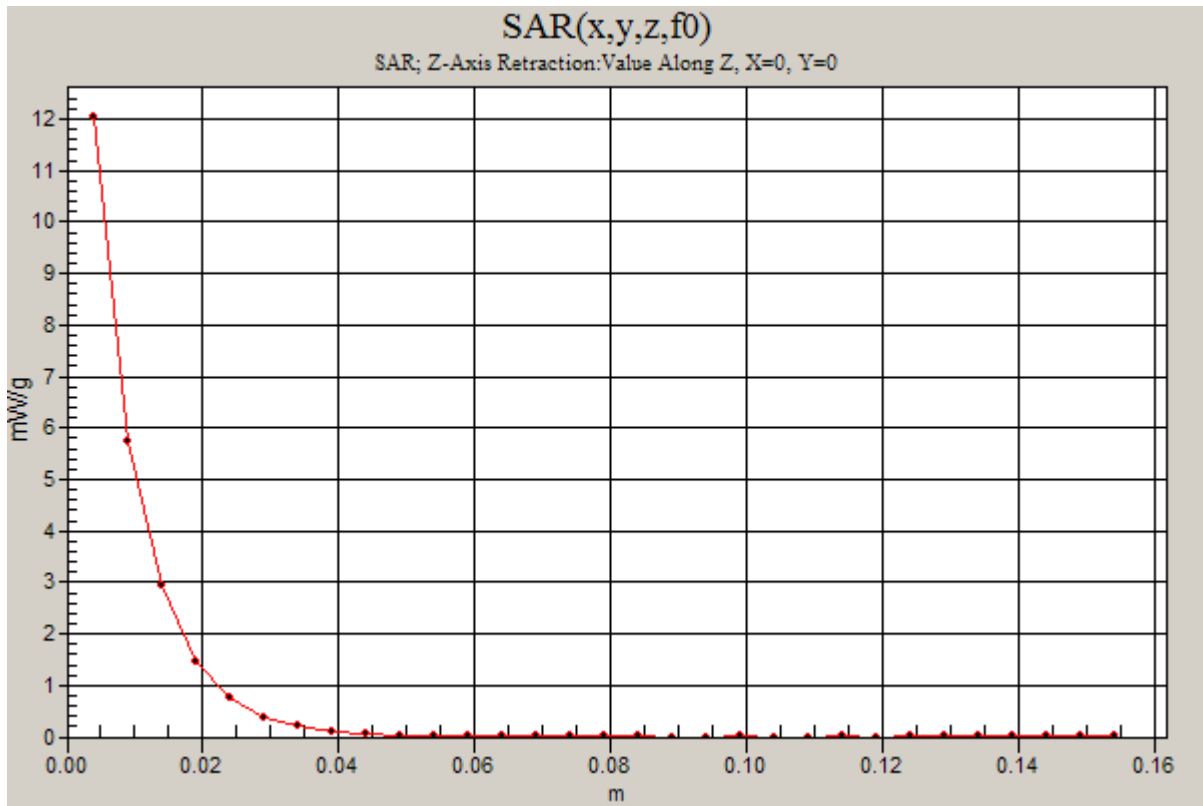
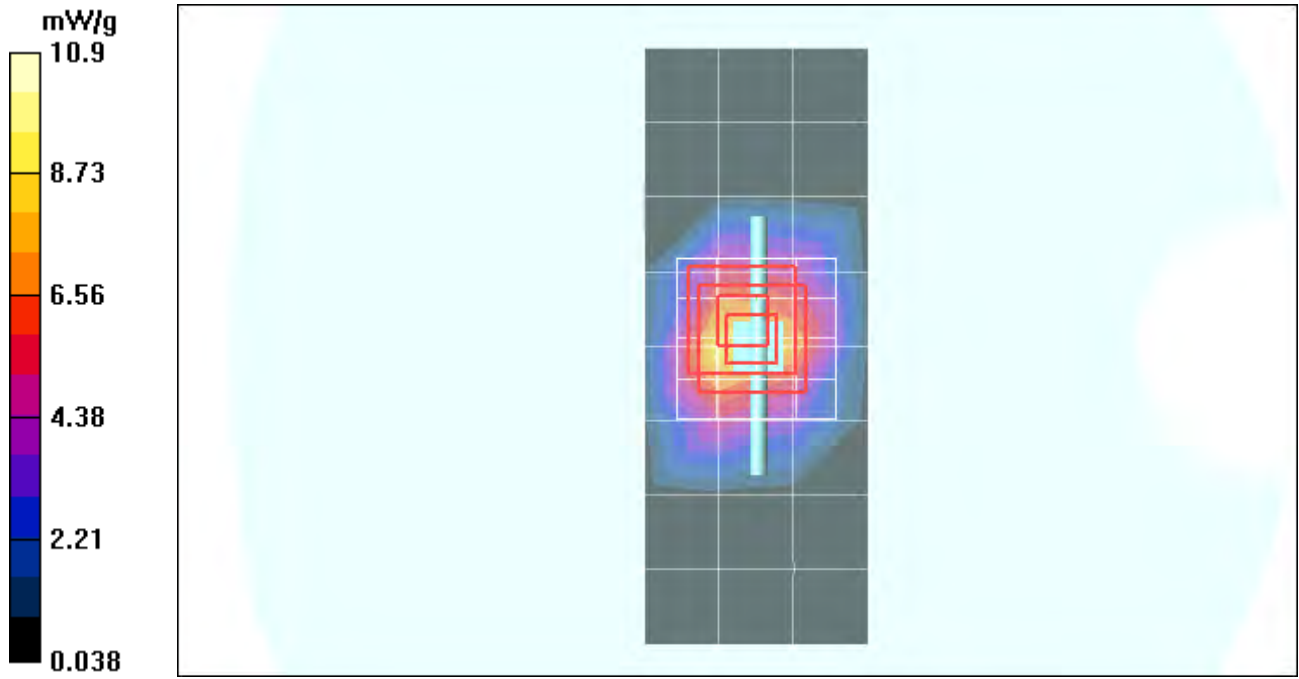
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.025 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.7 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g**

### Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 mW/g



## **Appendix 2**

### **SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use**

Date/Time: 5/11/2009 12:37:12 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 850 Cheek, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

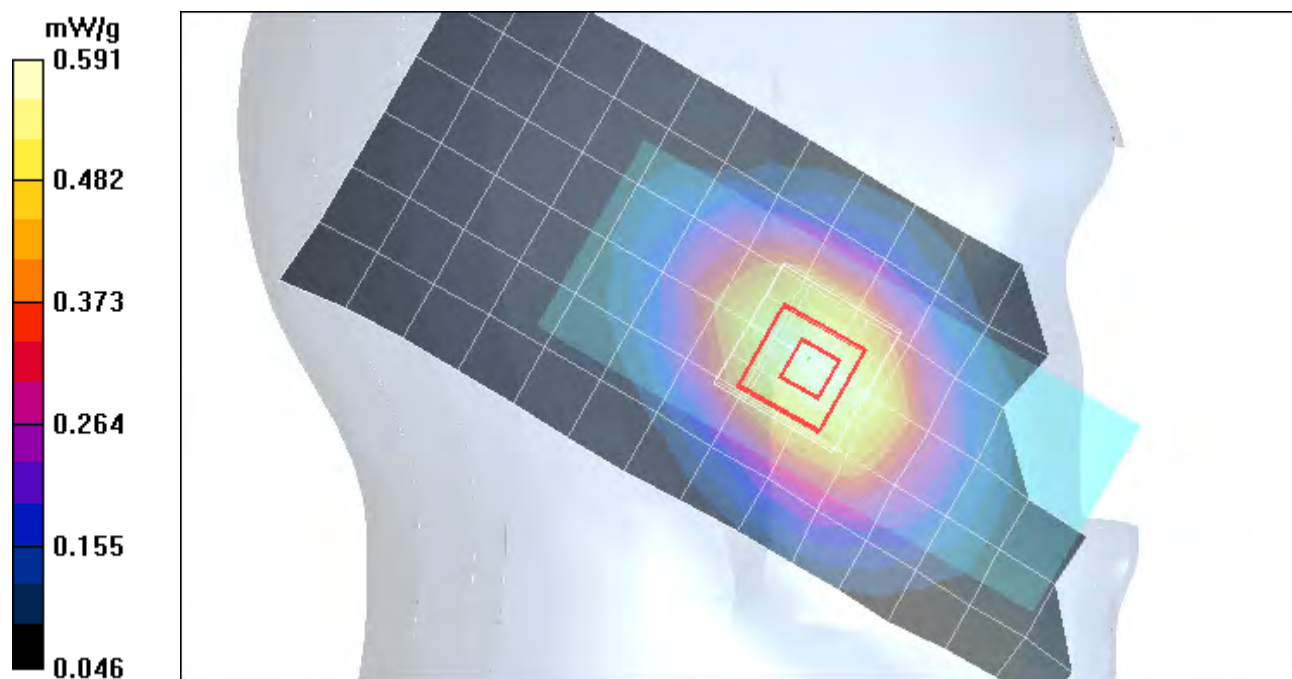
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.598 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.695 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.563 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.591 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 11:23:22 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 850 Cheek, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Channel Number: 251; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

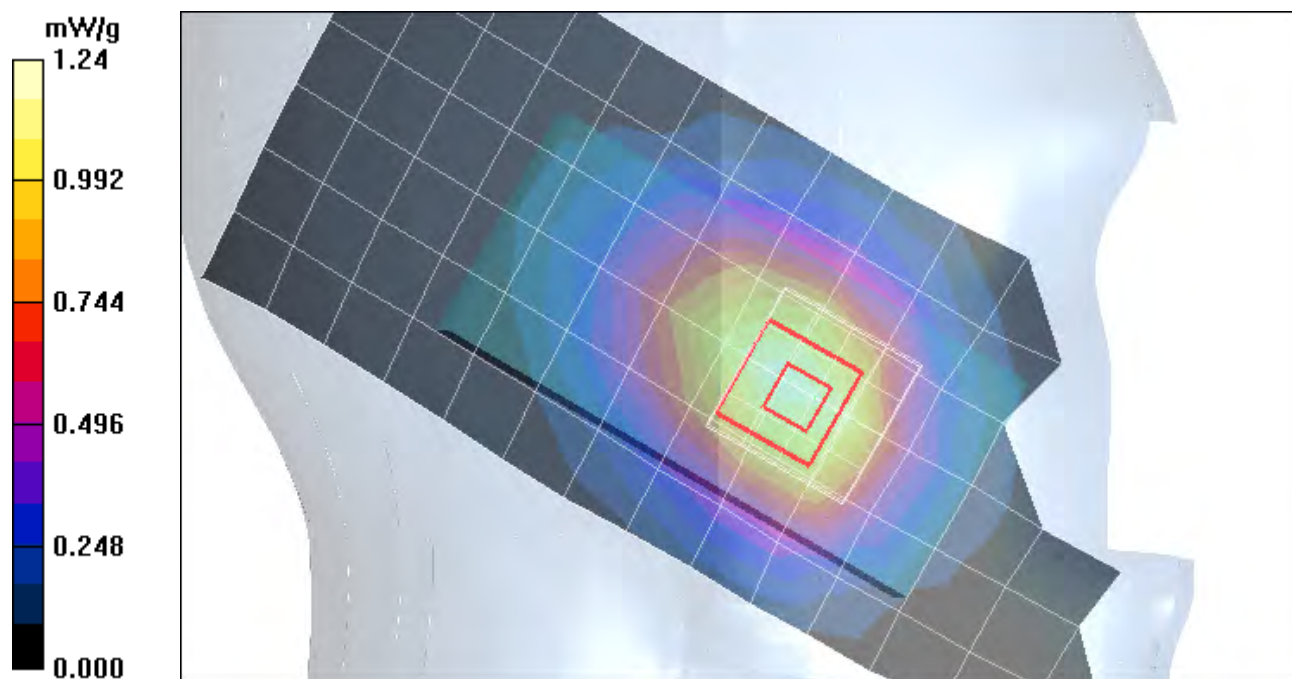
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 37.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.835 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 10:31:25 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 1900 Cheek, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Cheek

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

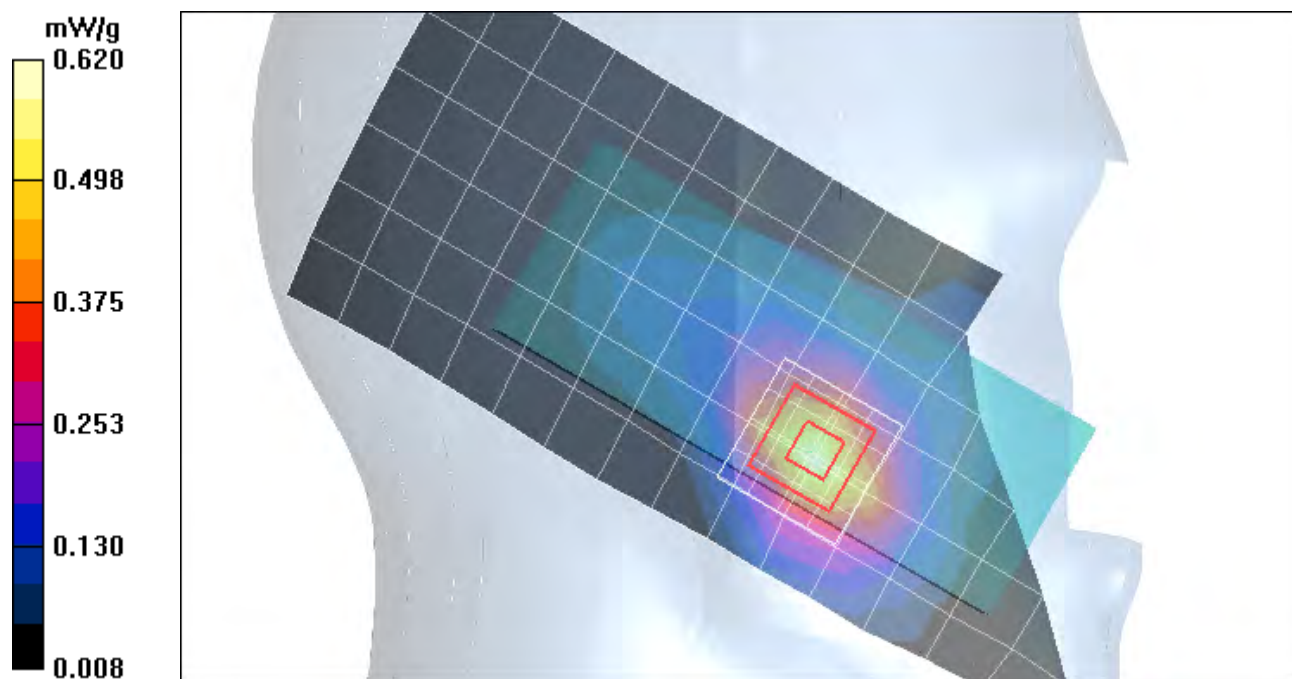
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.600 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.874 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.547 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.312 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.620 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 11:08:46 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 1900 Cheek, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Cheek

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Channel Number: 810; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

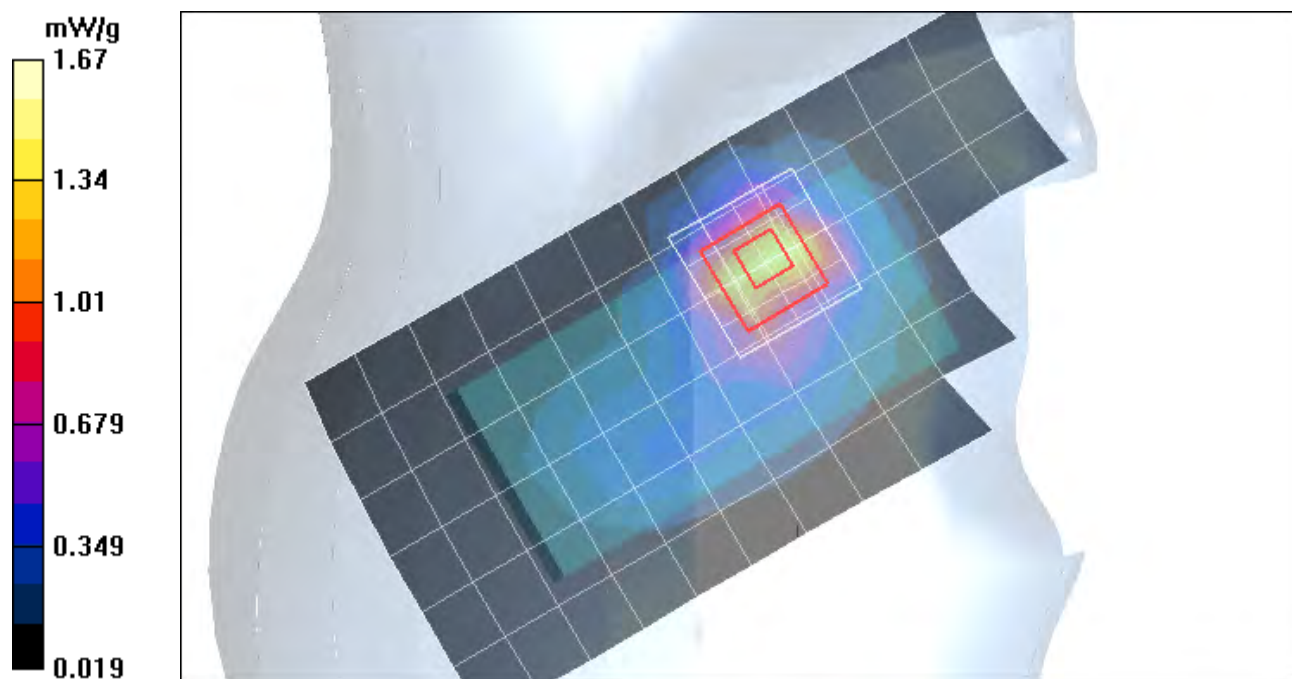
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.142 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.745 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/12/2009 3:38:04 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 850 Cheek, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.9$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

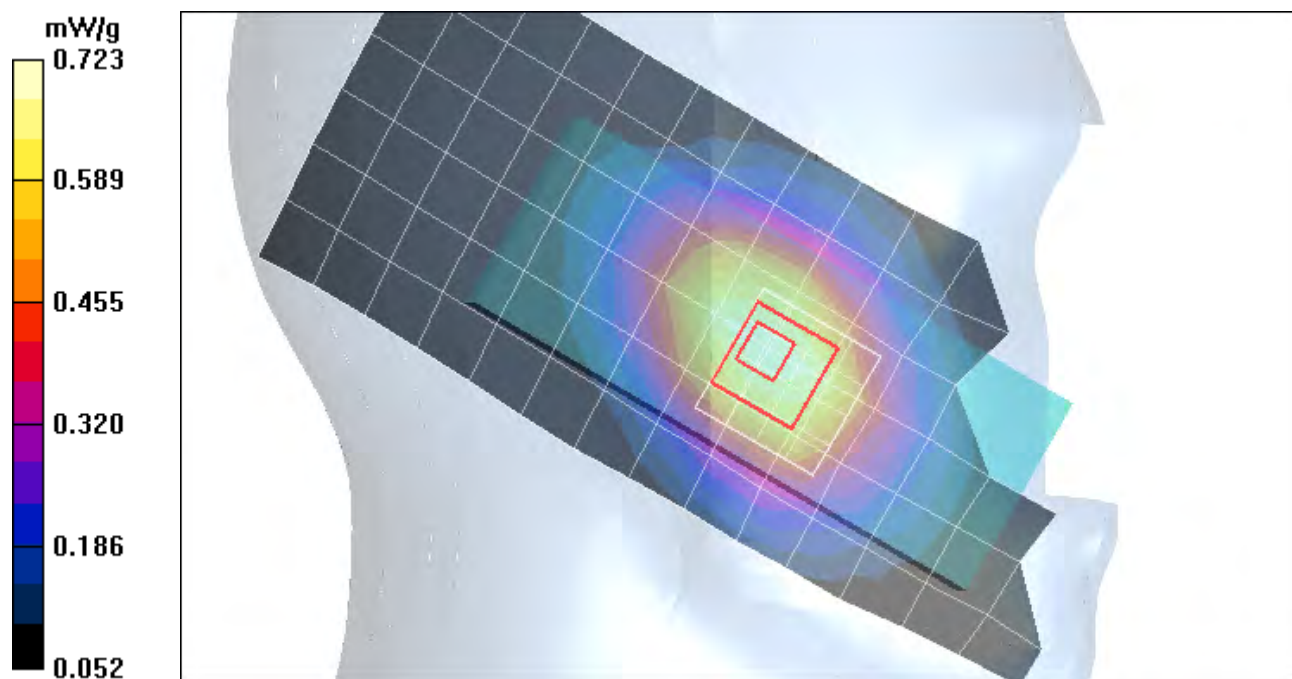
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.737 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.881 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.693 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.501 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.723 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 3:09:27 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 850 Cheek, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 826.4 MHz; Channel Number: 4132; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

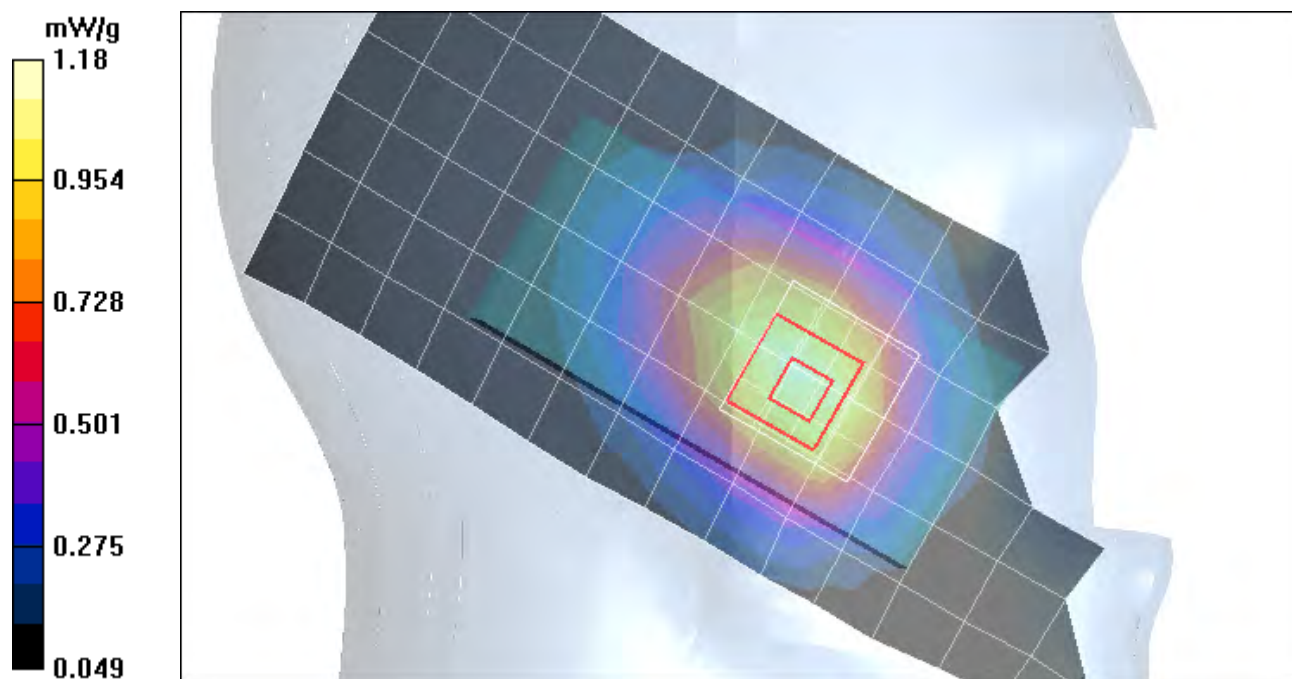
Measurement grid:  $dx=15$ mm,  $dy=15$ mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ( $\leq 3$ GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 36.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.134 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 1.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.788 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/28/2009 3:08:37 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 1900 Cheek, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020004972; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Channel Number: 9262; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R#4 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1250;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

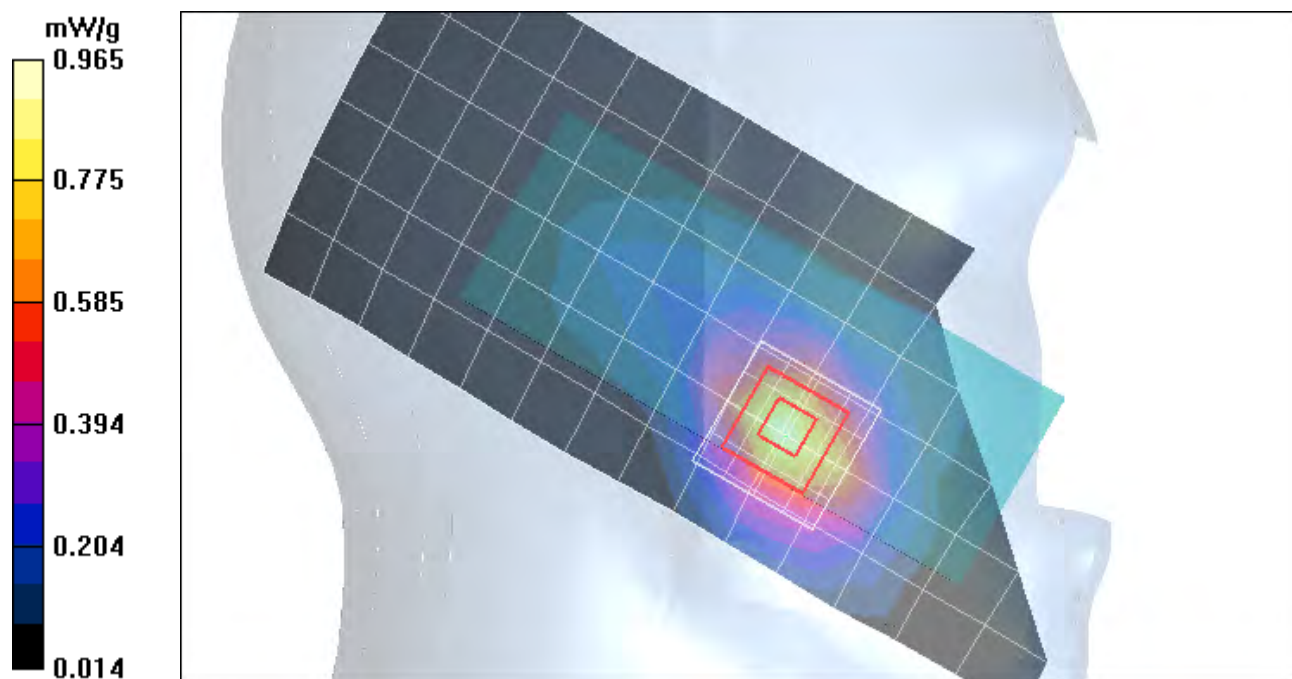
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.954 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.018 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.870 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.503 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/26/2009 7:21:21 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 1900 Cheek, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020004972; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Cheek

Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.45$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

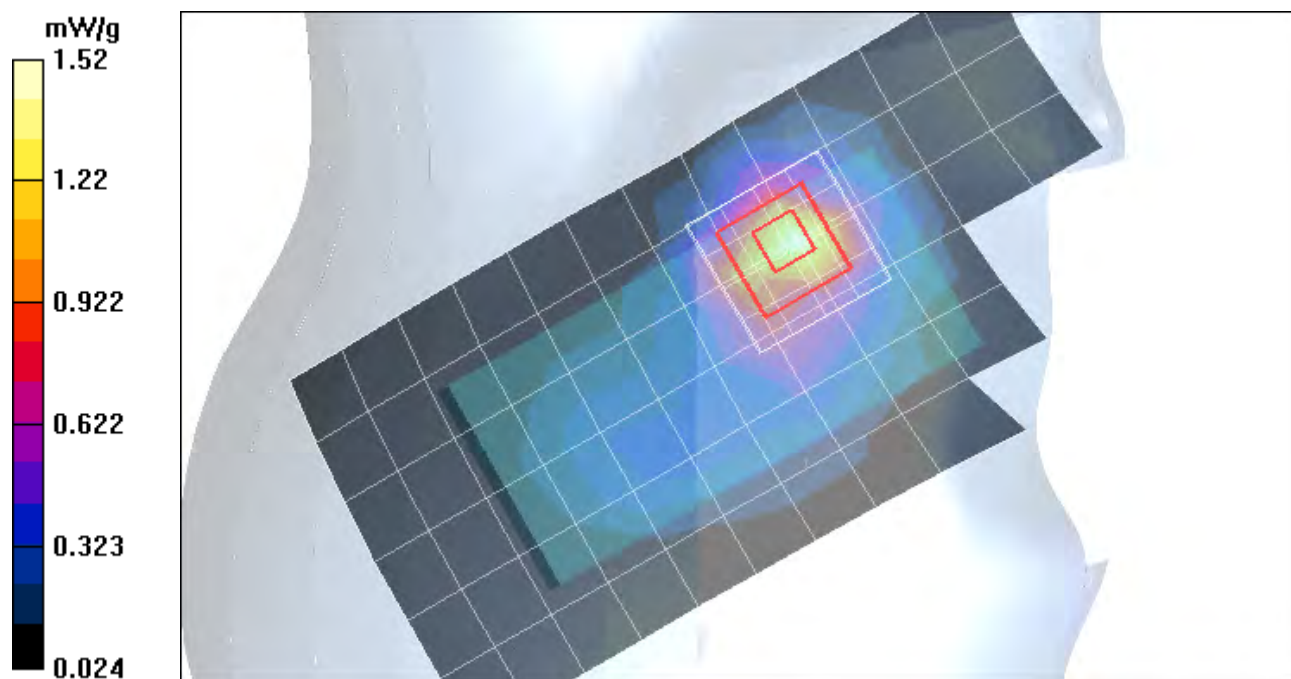
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.048 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.38 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.718 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/11/2009 1:05:29 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 850 Tilt, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

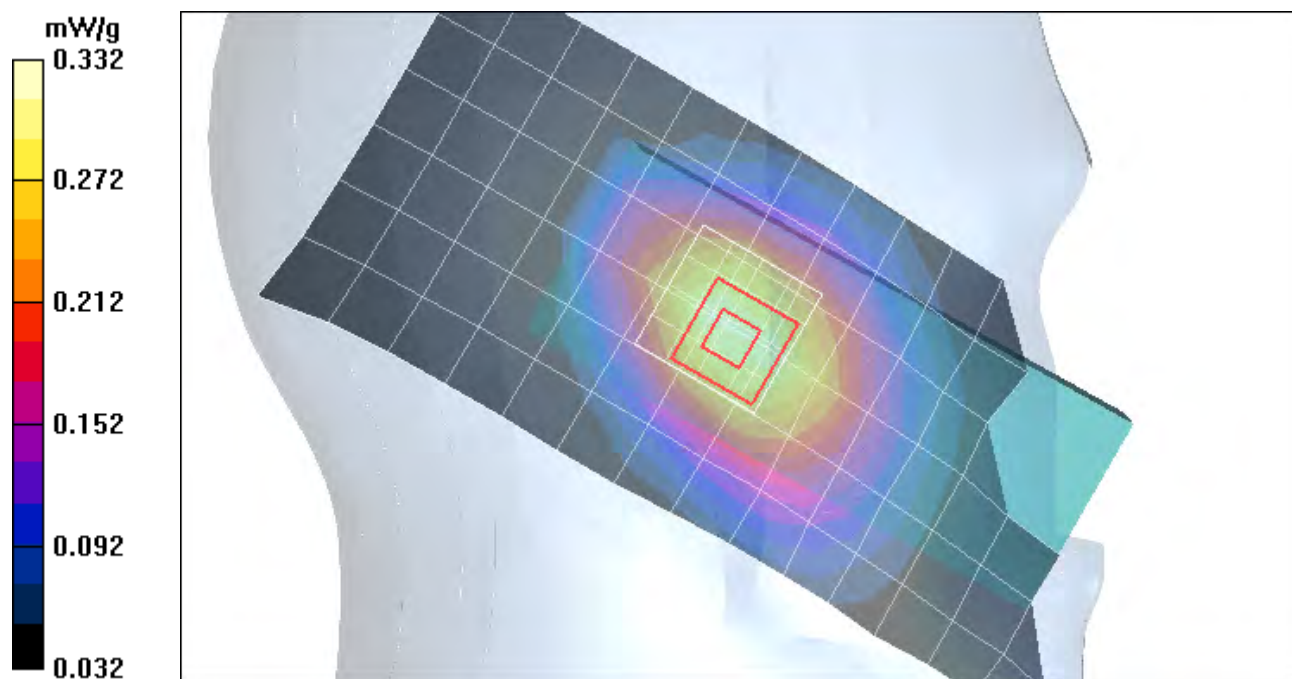
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.162 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.405 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.314 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.332 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 11:53:39 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 850 Tilt, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

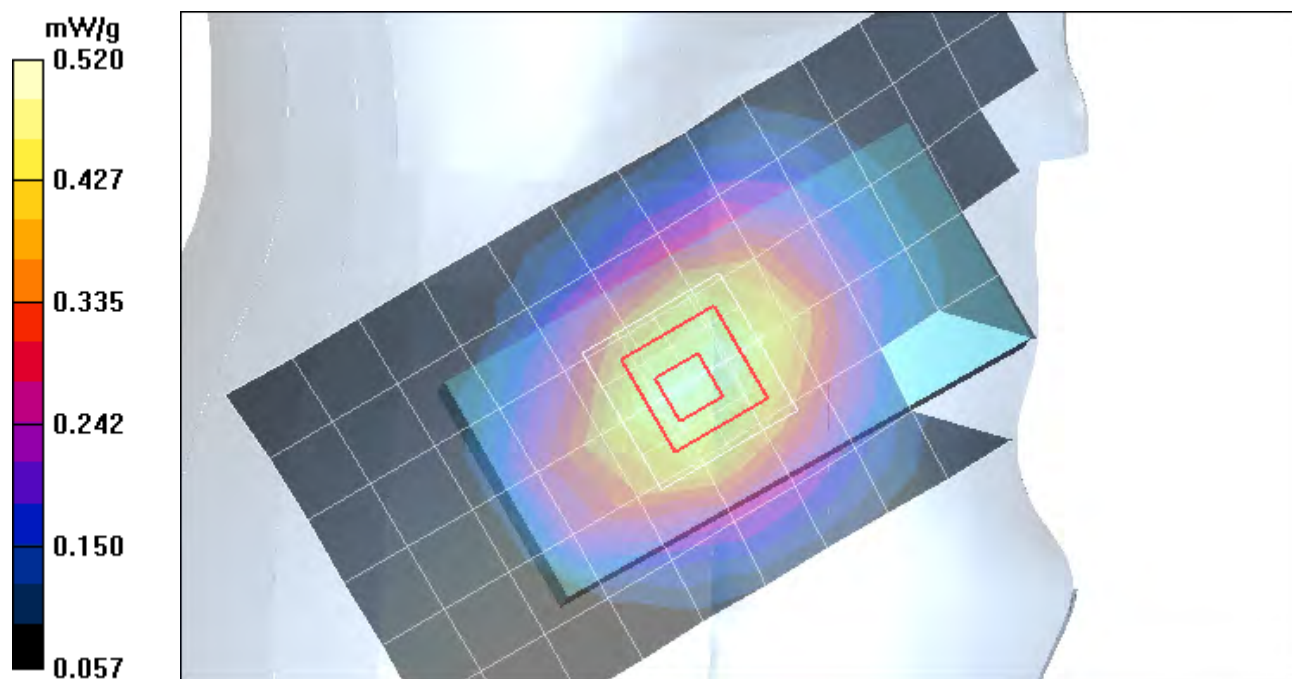
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.621 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.490 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.355 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.520 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 9:05:19 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 1900 Tilt, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Rotated

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

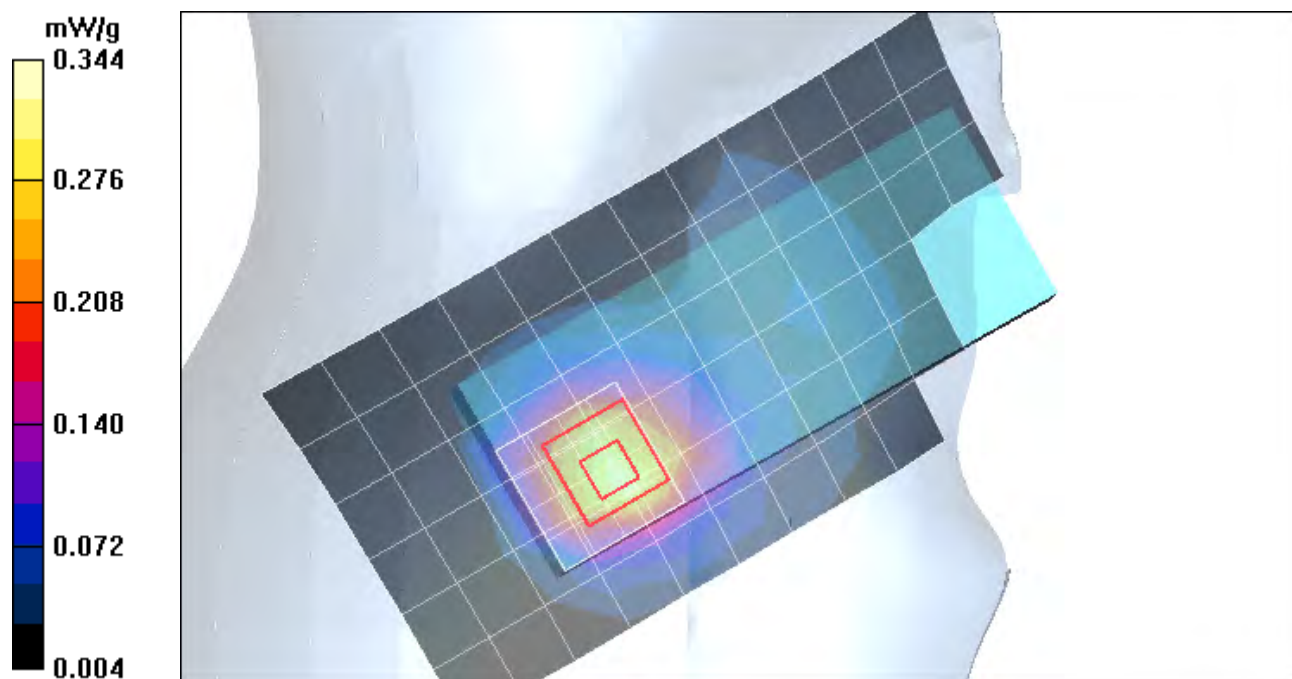
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.030 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.344 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/13/2009 11:46:51 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 1900 Tilt, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Rotated

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.44$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Glycol, SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

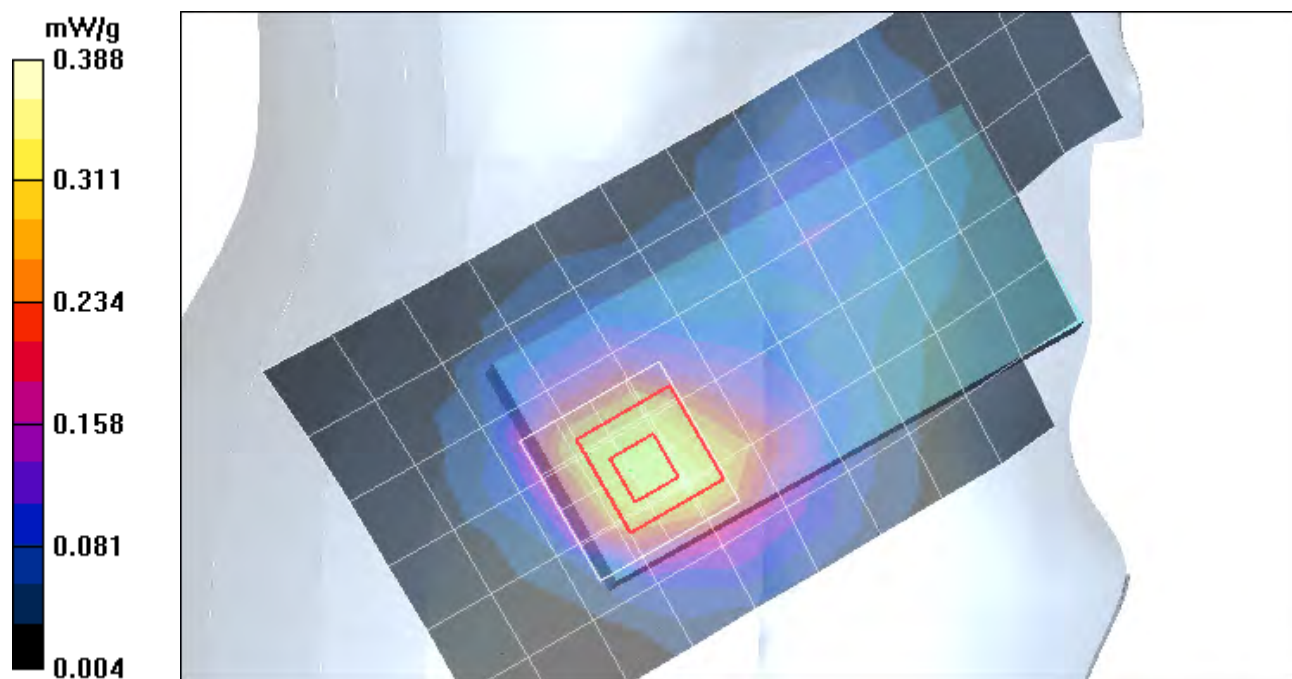
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.560 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.213 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.388 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 1:05:08 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 850 Tilt, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

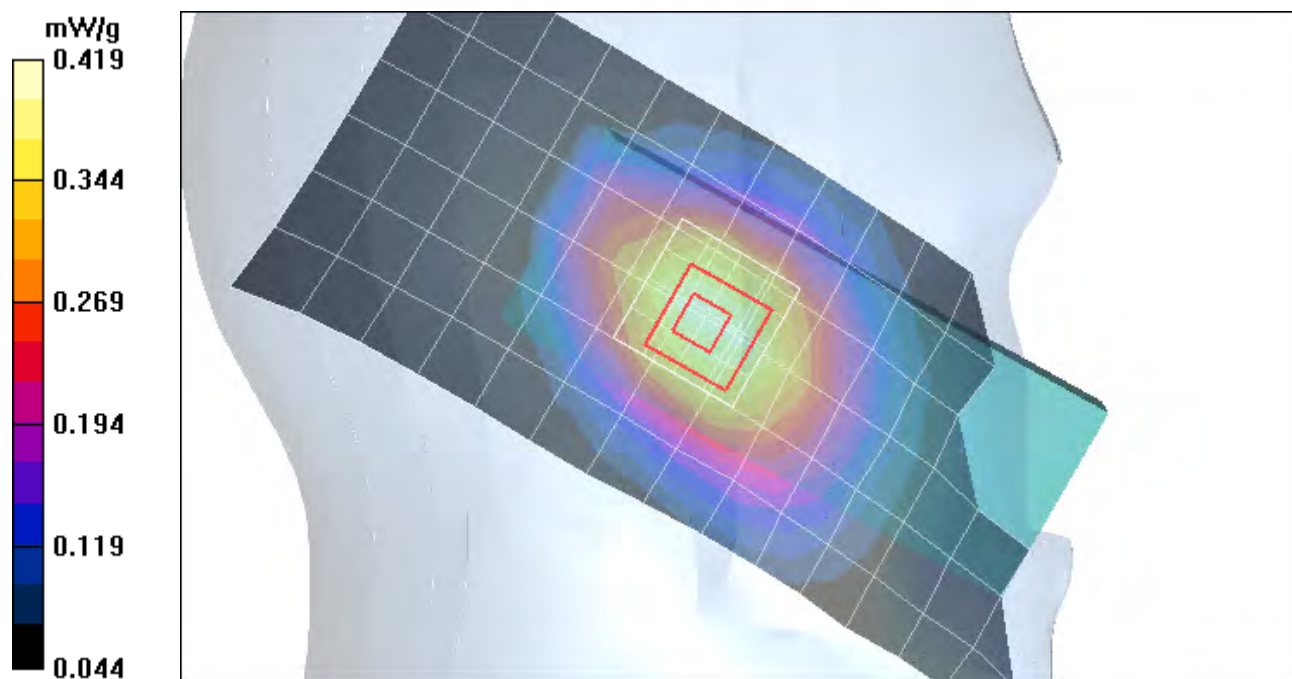
Measurement grid:  $dx=15$ mm,  $dy=15$ mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.410 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ( $\leq 3$ GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 21.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.319 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.419 mW/g



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 1:24:02 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 850 Tilt, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5814A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Head

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 0.91$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 41.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_Sugar SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

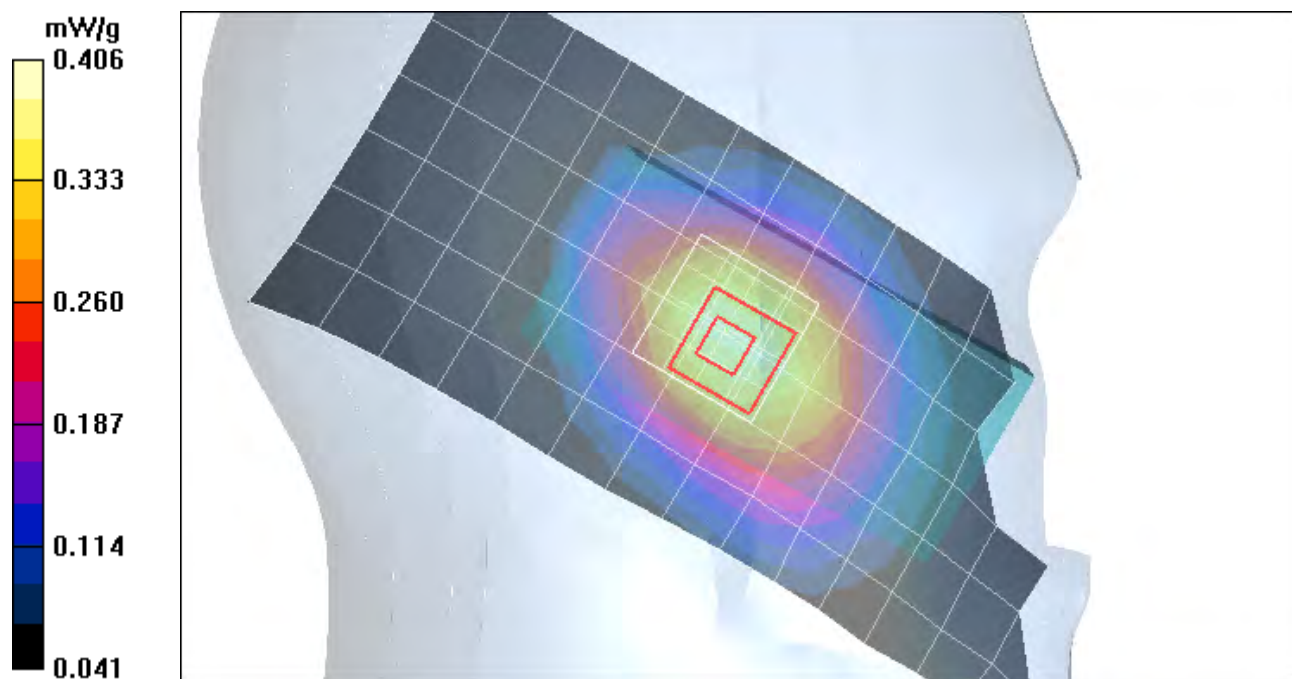
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.394 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.087 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.491 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.385 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.406 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/30/2009 12:22:12 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 1900 Tilt, Slider Extended

Serial: 356911020004972; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Bits Up; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION (check or rotated): Rotated

Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.1$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R#4 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1250;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

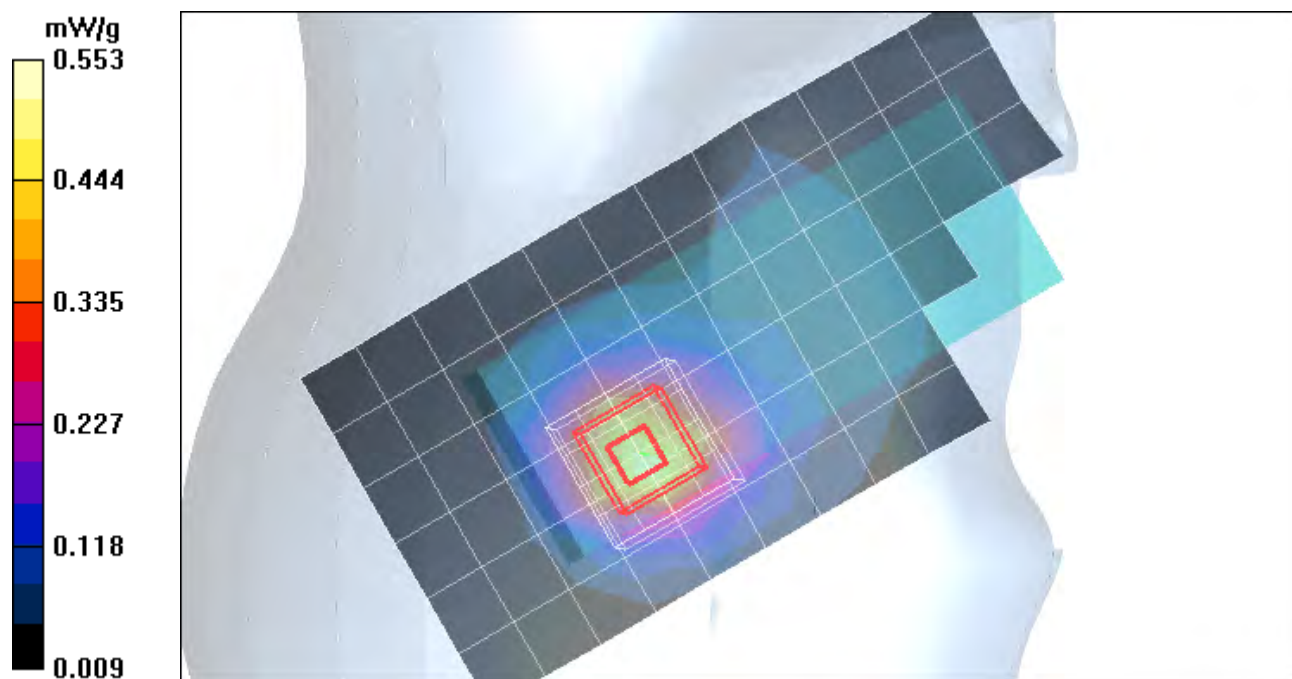
Measurement grid:  $dx=15$ mm,  $dy=15$ mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g

### Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan ( $\leq 3$ GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid:  $dx=8$ mm,  $dy=8$ mm,  $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 19.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.088 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.781 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.506 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.553 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/28/2009 2:44:09 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 1900 Tilt, Slider Retracted

Serial: 356911020004972; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Accessory Model #: N/A

Battery Model #: SNN5804A; DEVICE POSITION: Tilt

Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Head 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.46$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R#4 Glycol SAM (extended range), Rev.1 (25-Mar-05); Type: SAM v4.0; Serial: TP-1250;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

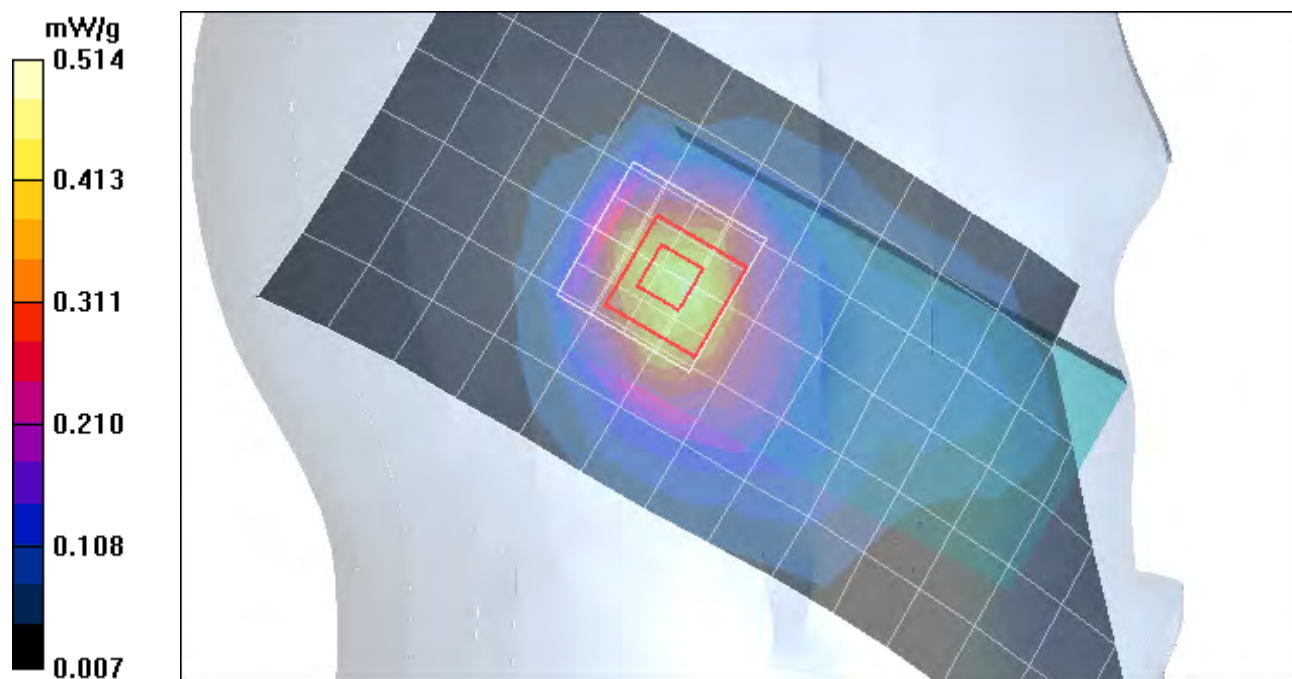
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.475 mW/g

### Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.064 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.746 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.280 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.514 mW/g



## **Appendix 3**

### **SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration**

Date/Time: 5/12/2009 2:03:41 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 850 Body-Worn

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5814A

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Body

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.04$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

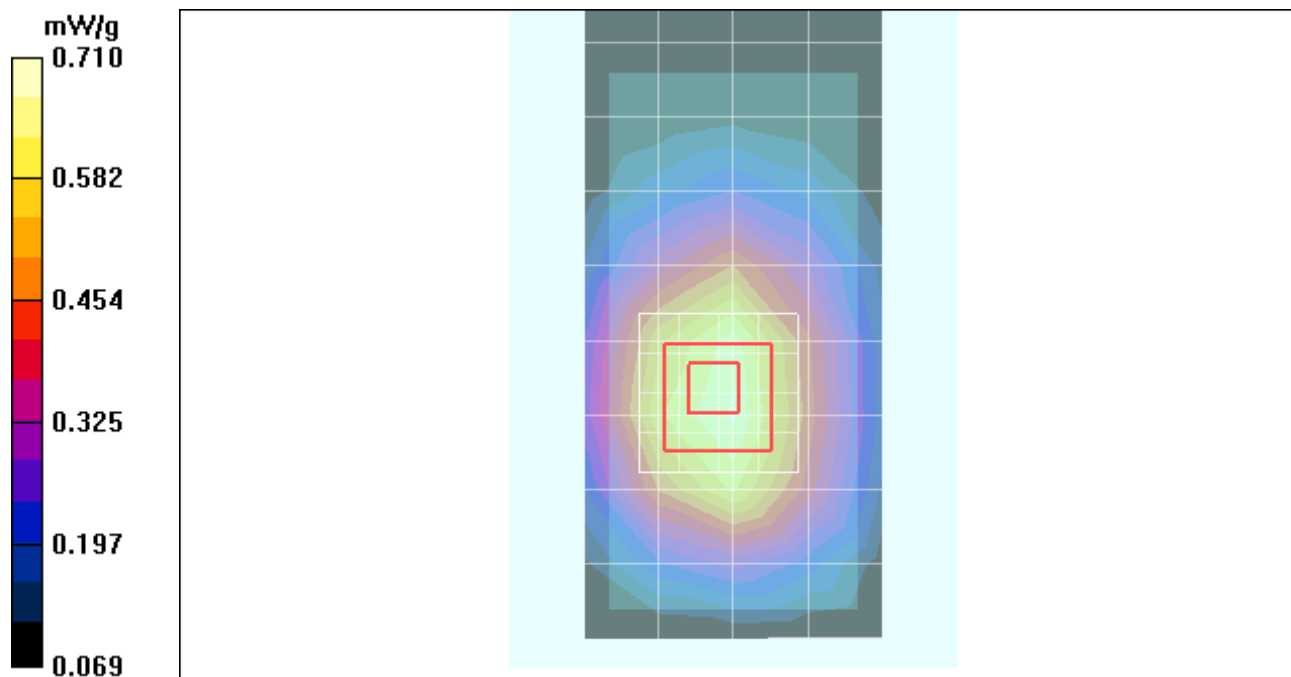
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.045 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.869 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.664 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.471 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.710 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/14/2009 2:23:16 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - GSM 1900 Body-Worn

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5804A

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.58$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 50.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(4.03, 4.03, 4.03); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 1, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

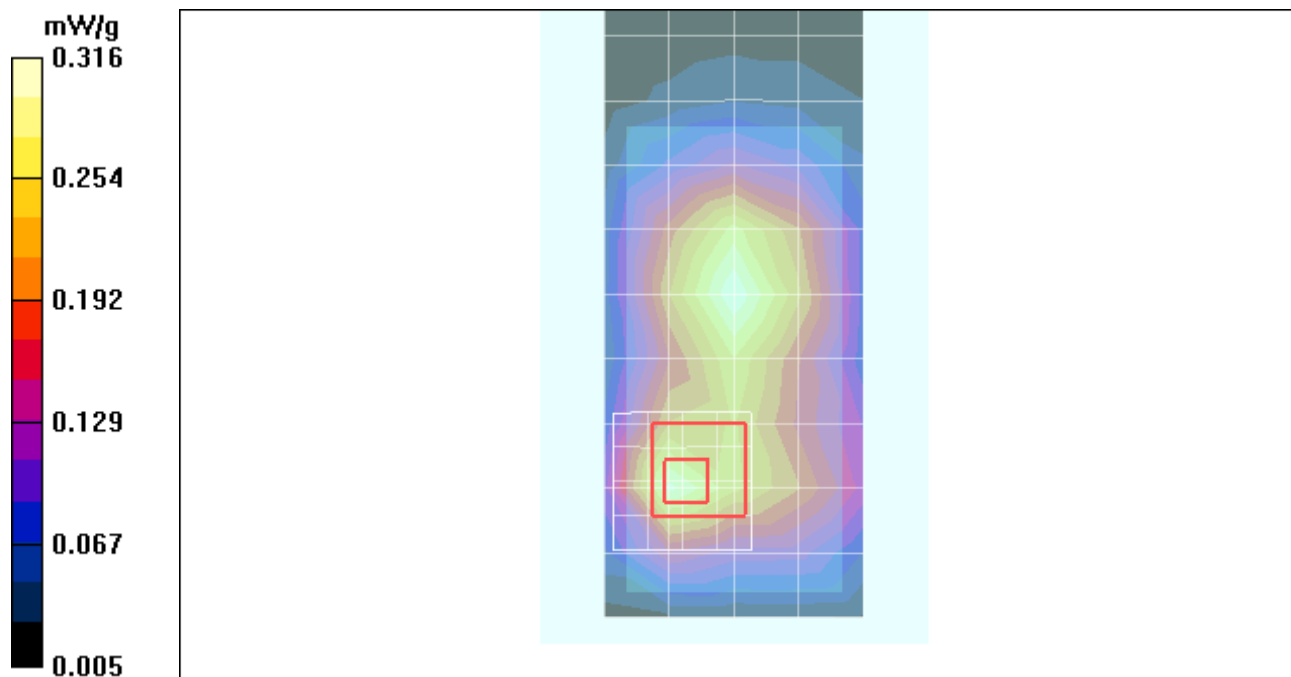
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.317 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg;

**SAR(1 g) = 0.287 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/12/2009 3:12:17 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 850 Body-Worn

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5814A

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

Communication System: WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Low Freq Body

Medium parameters used:  $f = 835$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.04$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(5.14, 5.14, 5.14); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

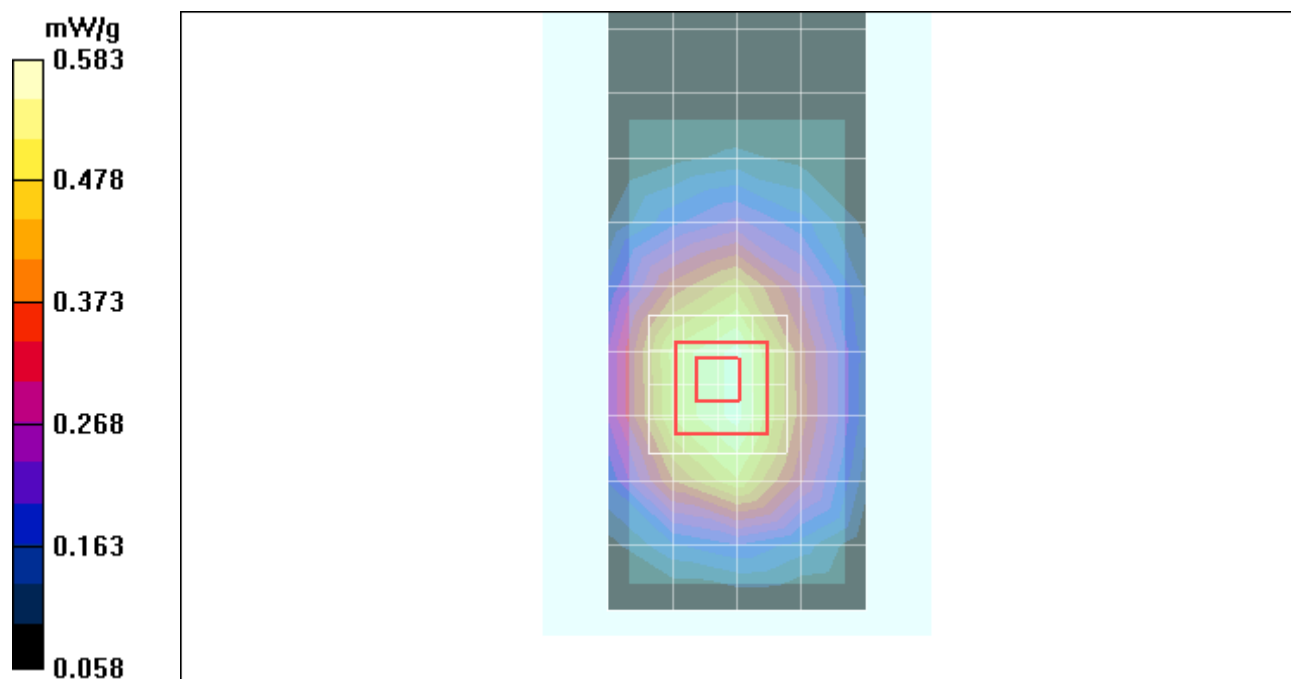
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.563 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.236 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.698 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.541 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.388 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/28/2009 12:28:44 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - WCDMA 1900 Body-Worn

Serial: 356911020004972; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up Bits; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5804A

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

Communication System: WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880

Medium parameters used:  $f = 1880$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.59$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 51.2$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 9/23/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn434; Calibrated: 2/9/2009
- Phantom: R4 : Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

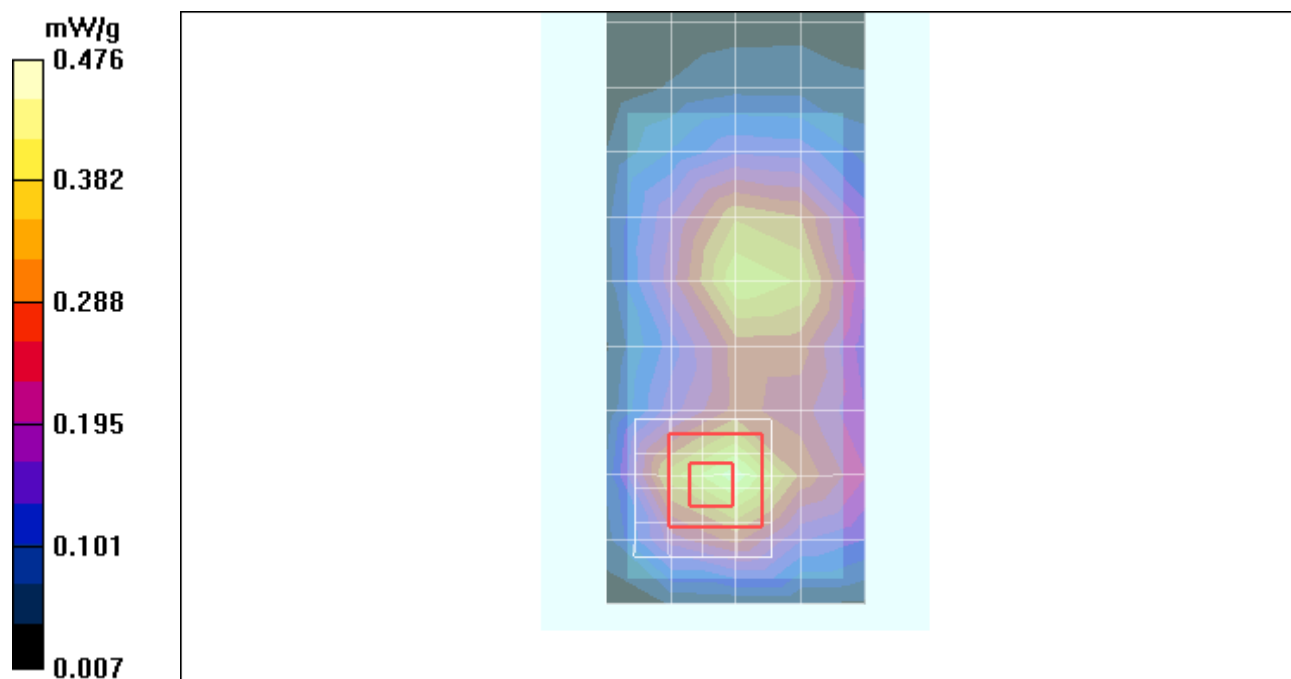
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.065 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.744 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.432 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.238 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.476 mW/g**



Date/Time: 5/29/2009 2:59:46 PM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola - Bluetooth Body-Worn

Serial: 356911020005078; FCC ID: IHDT56KP3

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: N/A; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5814A

Device Position: Body Worn, Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Channel Number: 39; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Glycol Body

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 2.04$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1524; ConvF(3.4, 3.4, 3.4); Calibrated: 2/12/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn387; Calibrated: 4/1/2009
- Phantom: R1\_ Section 2, Amy Twin, Rev2 (23-June-04); Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

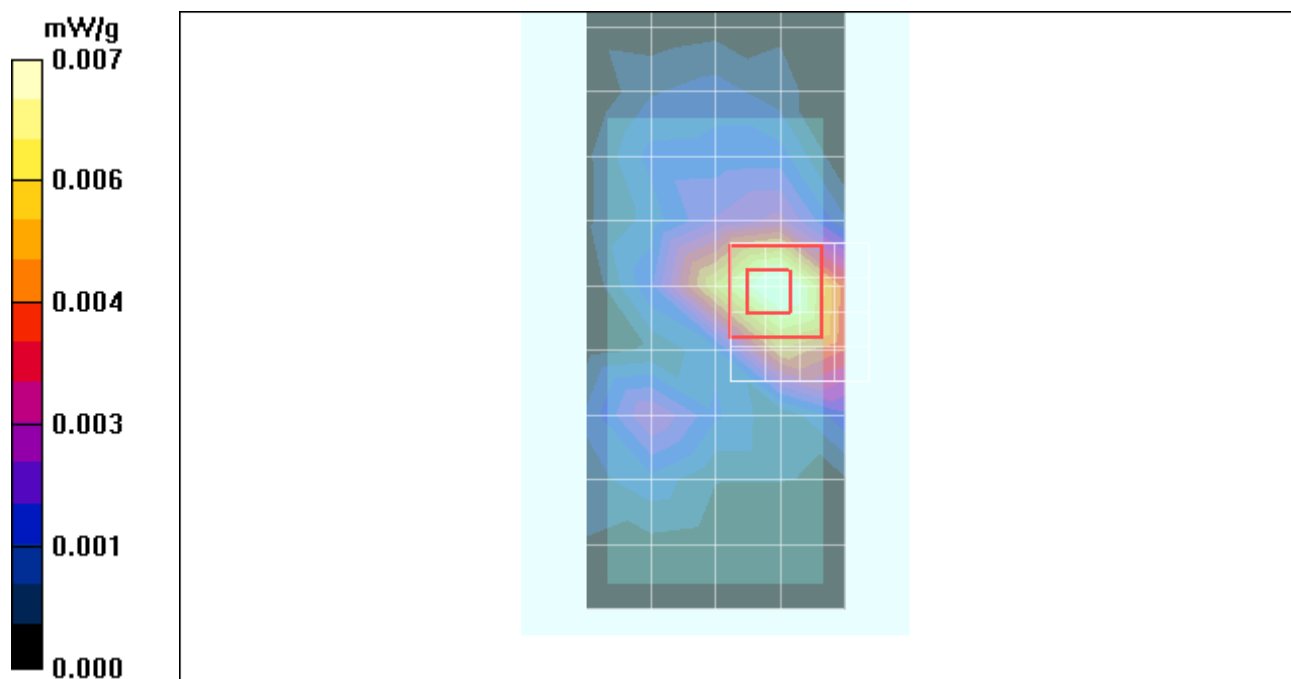
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.008 mW/g

### Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.463 dB; Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.012 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.0062 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00283 mW/g; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.007 mW/g**



**Appendix 4**  
**Probe Calibration Certificate**



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **ET3-1524\_Feb09**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: **ET3DV6 - SN:1524**

Calibration procedure(s): **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 12, 2009**

Condition of the calibrated item: **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09)	Jan-10
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08)	In house check: Oct-09

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: February 12, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ET3DV6

## SN:1524

Manufactured:	March 21, 2000
Last calibrated:	May 31, 2007
Recalibrated:	February 12, 2009

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

**DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1524****Sensitivity in Free Space<sup>A</sup>****Diode Compression<sup>B</sup>**

NormX	<b>2.16</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	<b>93</b> mV
NormY	<b>2.44</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	<b>91</b> mV
NormZ	<b>2.36</b> ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	<b>90</b> mV

**Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)**

Please see Page 8.

**Boundary Effect****TSL                    900 MHz        Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>3.7 mm</b>	<b>4.7 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.5	7.1
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.6

**TSL                    1810 MHz        Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		<b>3.7 mm</b>	<b>4.7 mm</b>
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.6	5.9
SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.5

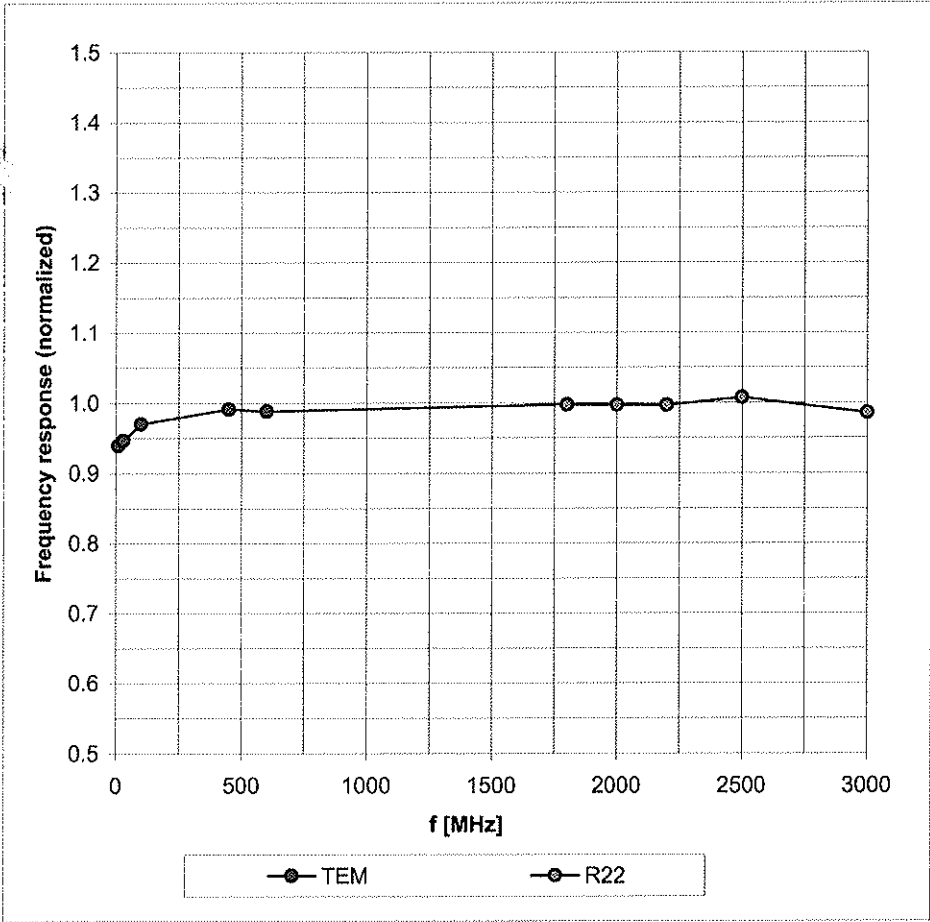
**Sensor Offset**Probe Tip to Sensor Center                    **2.7 mm**

**The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.**

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

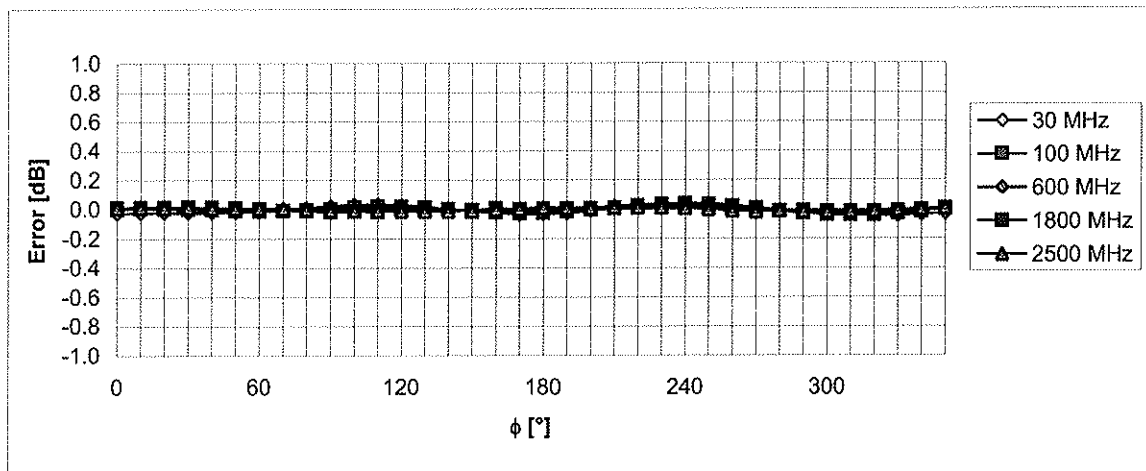
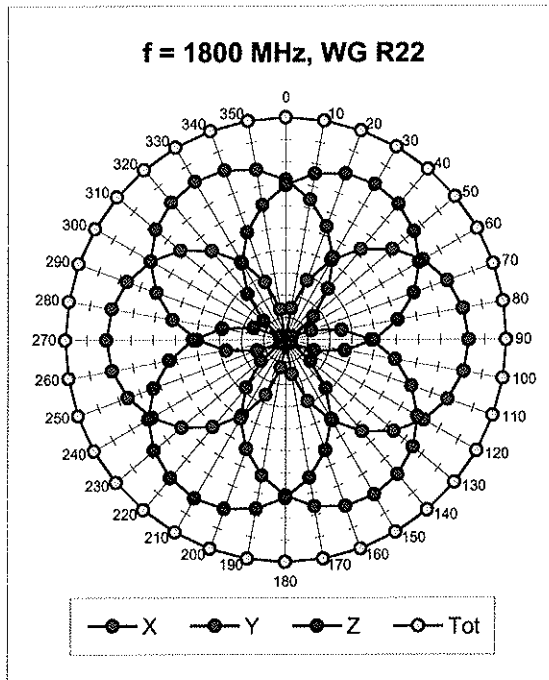
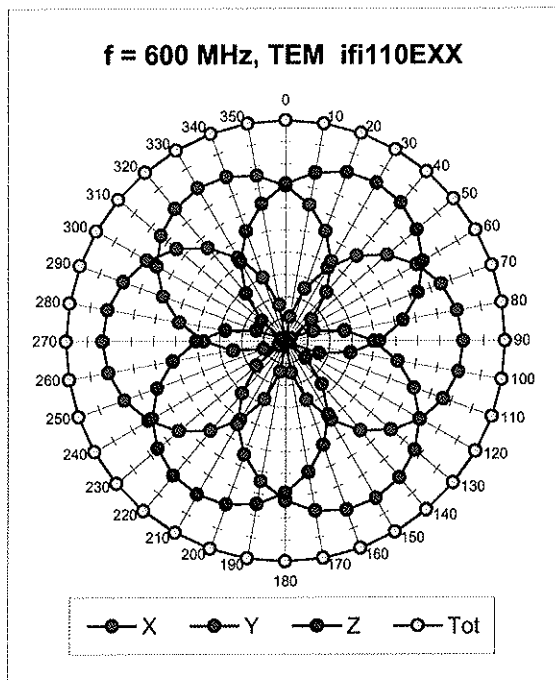
# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



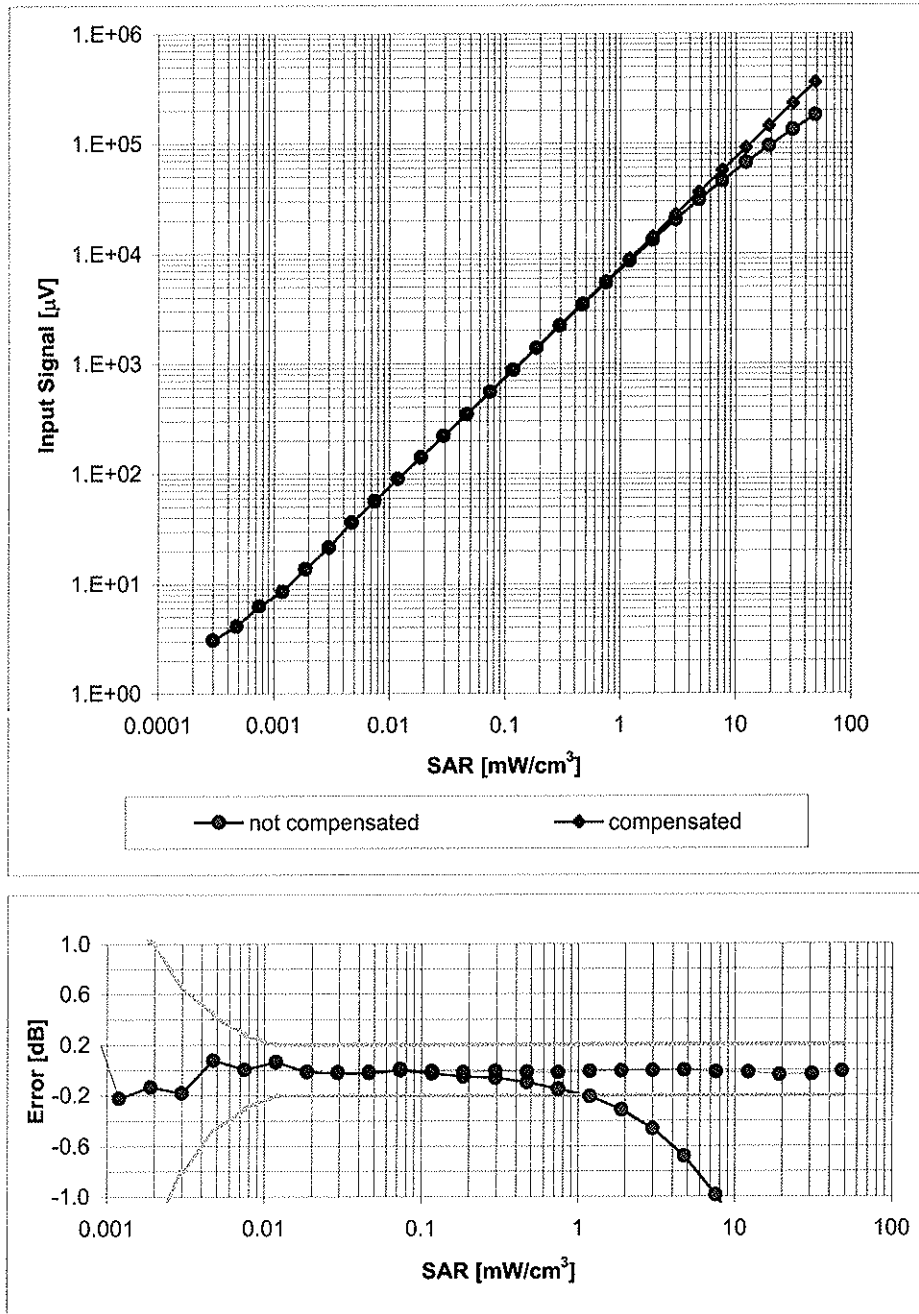
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



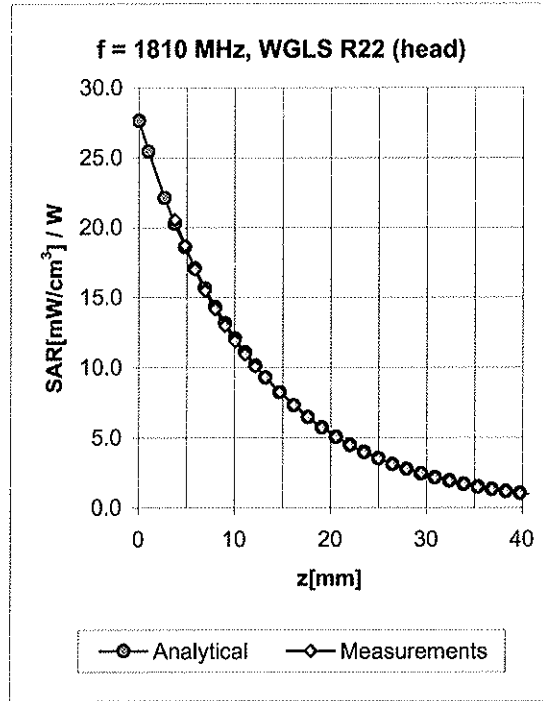
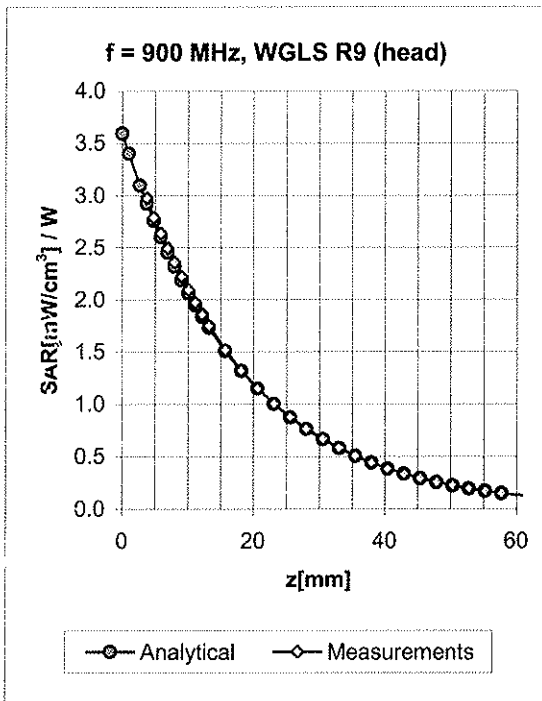
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )



**Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )**

## Conversion Factor Assessment

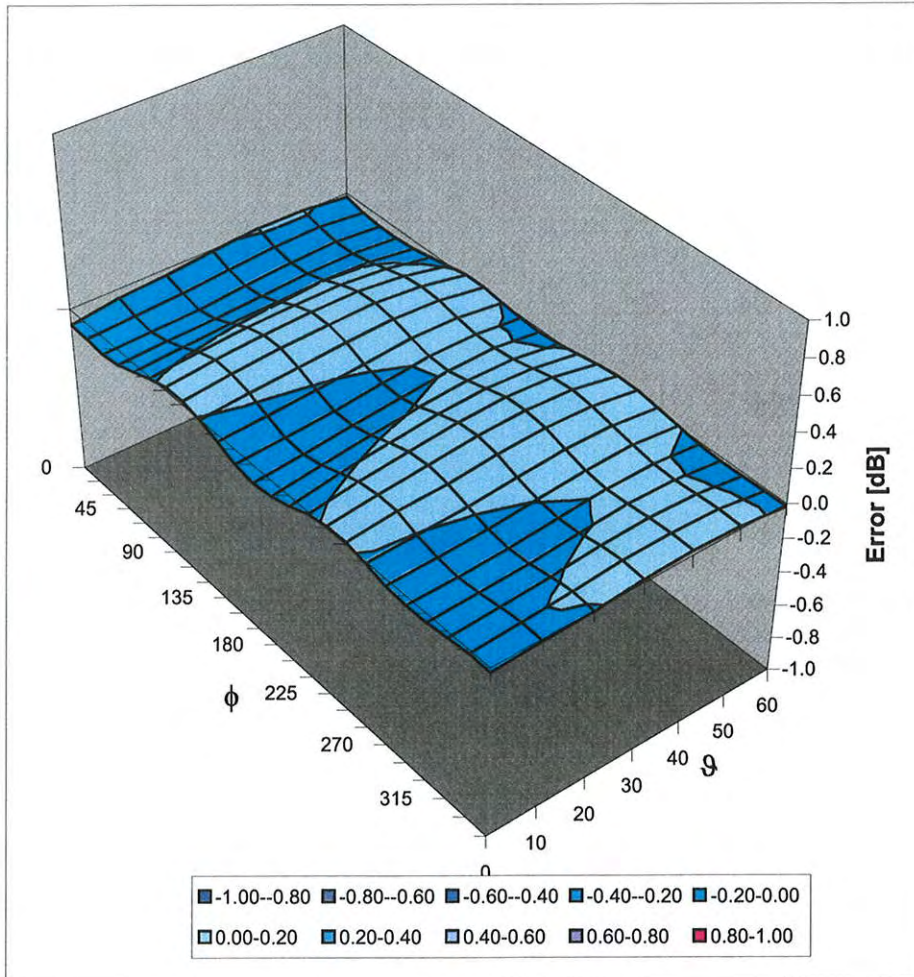


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.41	2.41	5.23 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.61	2.40	4.43 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.81	2.03	4.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.99	1.65	3.89 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.41	2.62	5.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.90	2.02	4.03 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.99	1.75	4.00 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.99	1.30	3.40 ± 11.0% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi$ ,  $\theta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **ES3-3037\_Sep08**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3037**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 23, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Fin Bornholt	R&D Director	

Issued: September 24, 2008

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization $\varphi$	$\varphi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not effect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)<sub>x,y,z</sub>** = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

# Probe ES3DV3

## SN:3037

Manufactured:	August 21, 2003
Last calibrated:	August 29, 2007
Recalibrated:	September 23, 2008

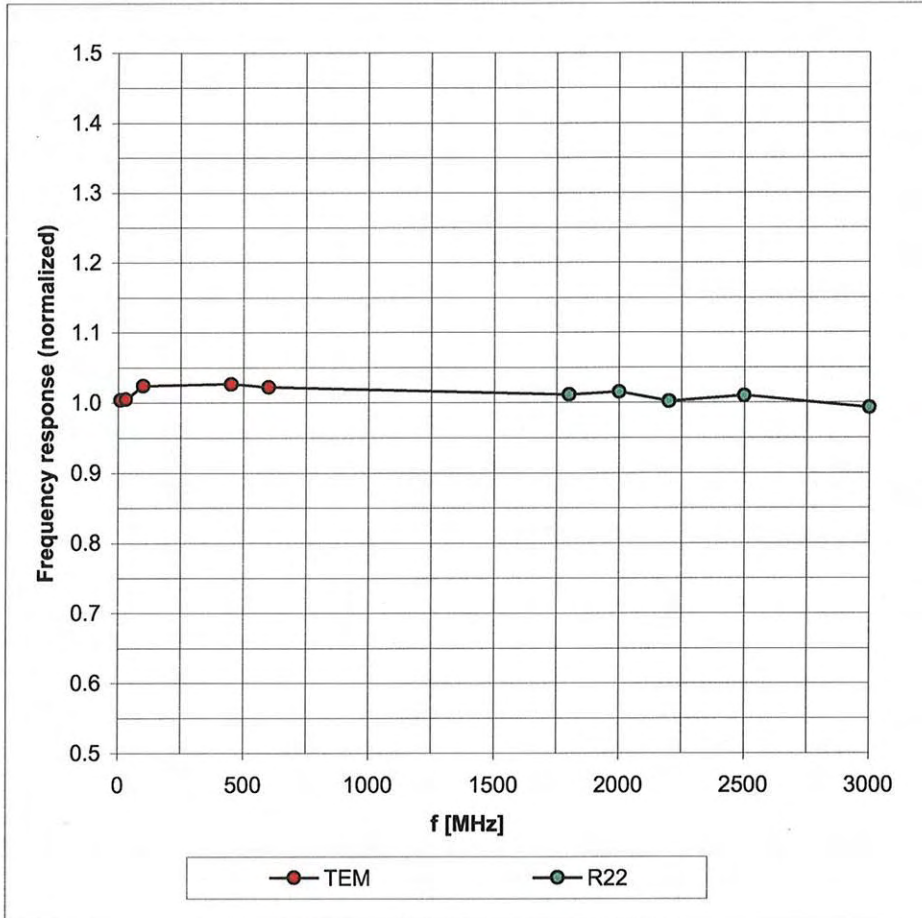
Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)



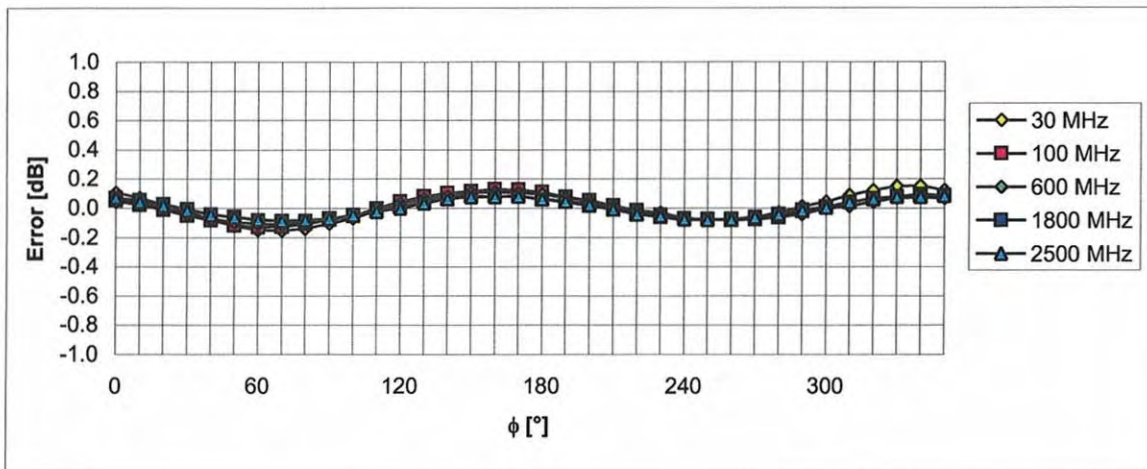
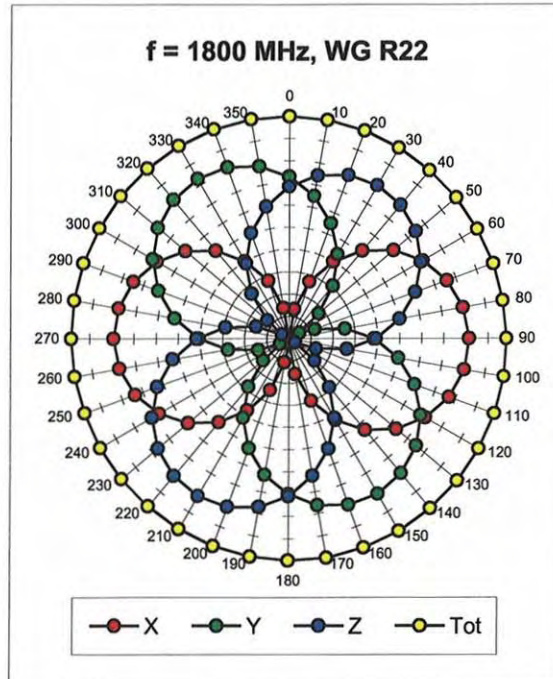
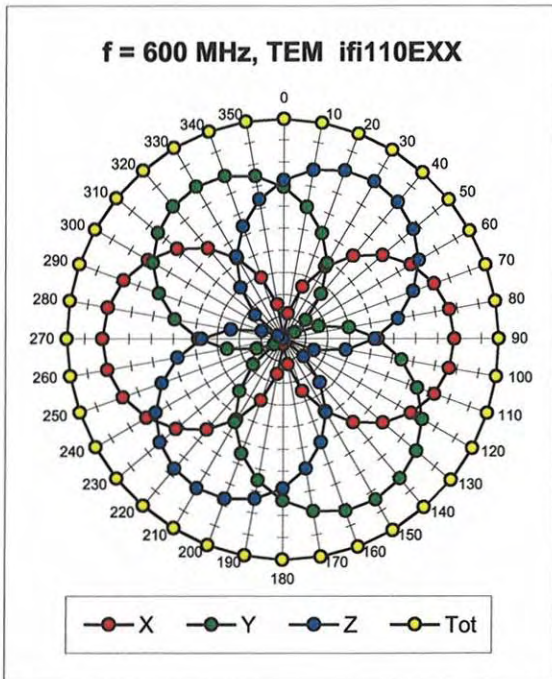
# Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



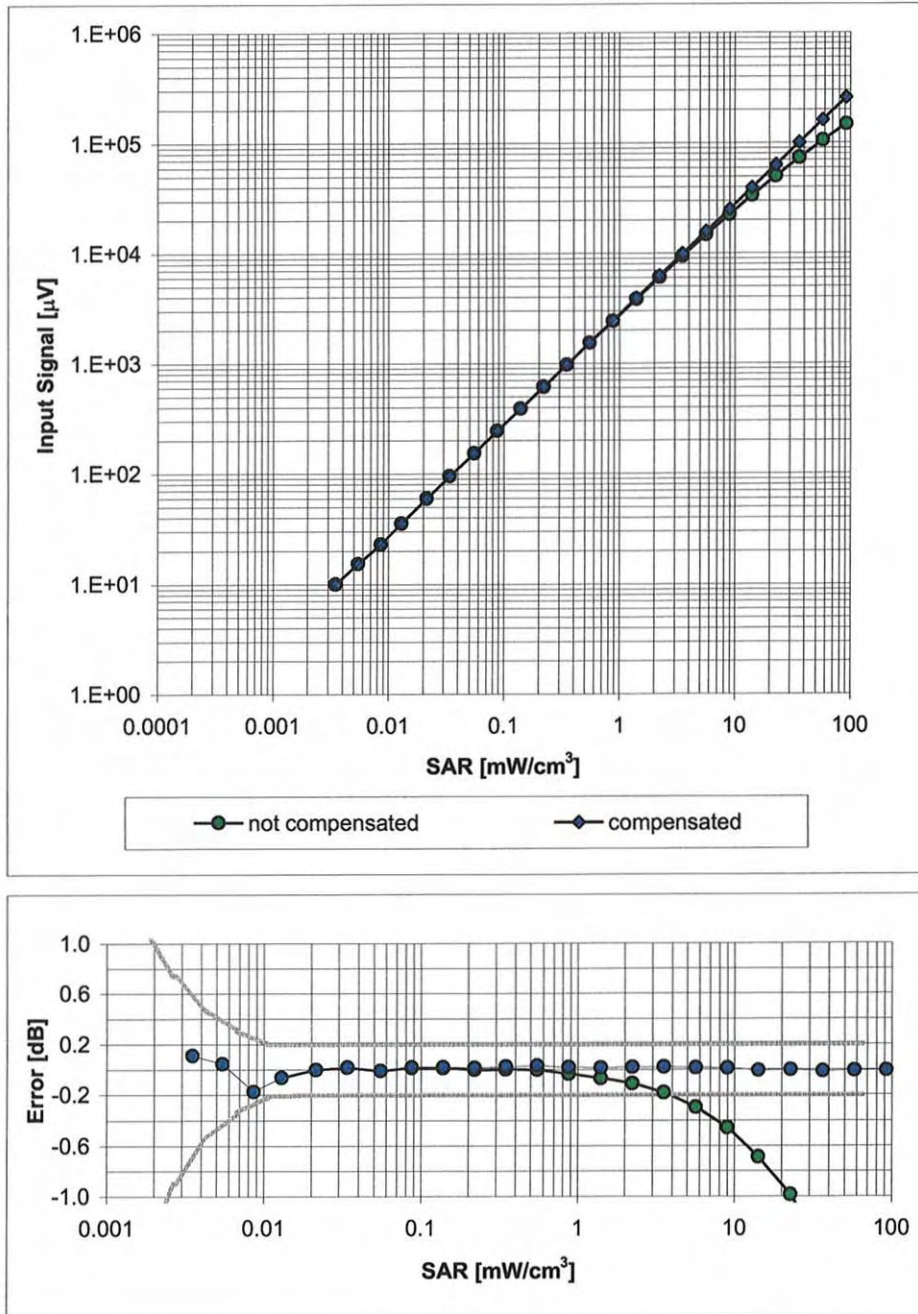
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



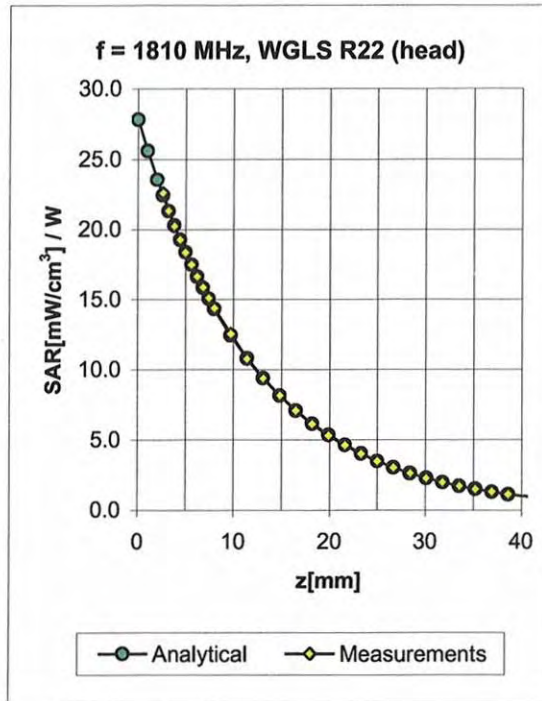
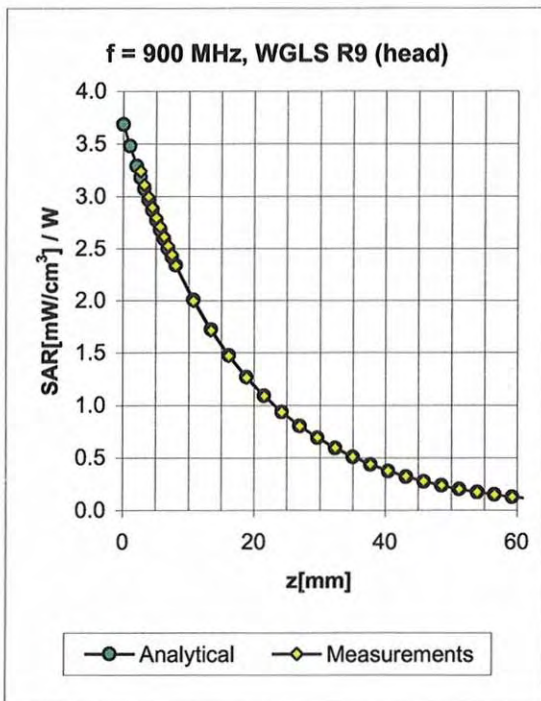
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  ( $k=2$ )

### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$ )



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

## Conversion Factor Assessment

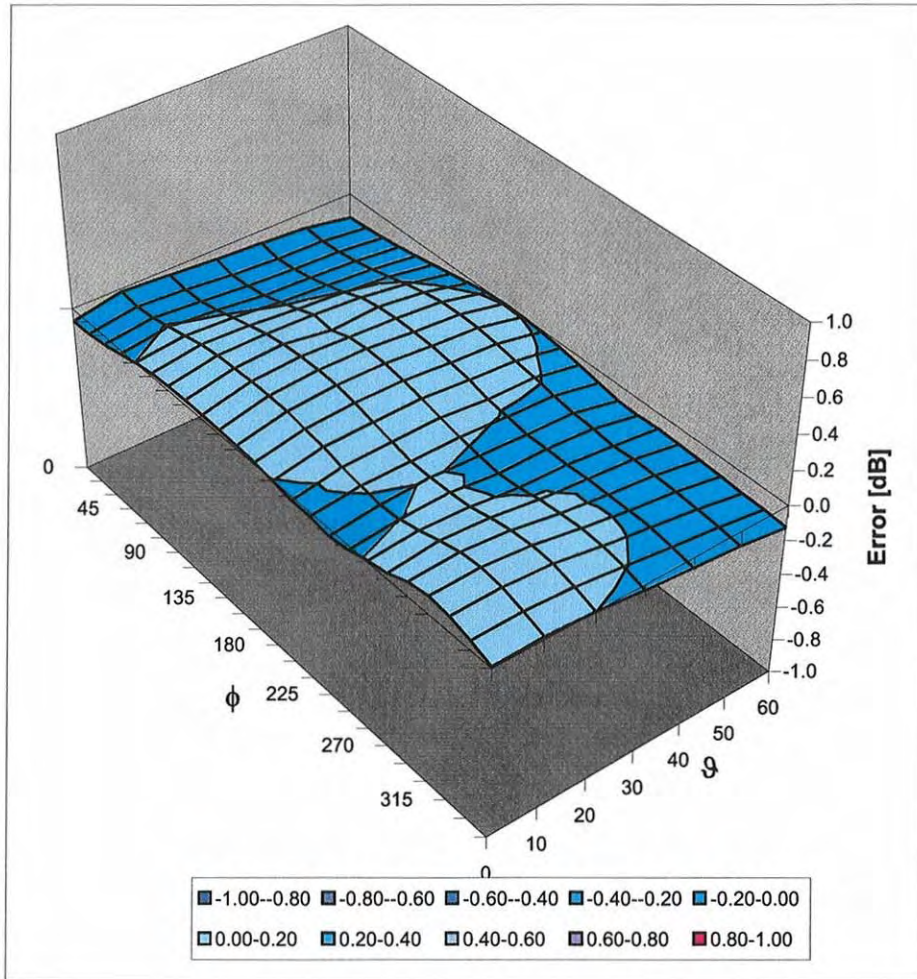


f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] <sup>c</sup>	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.50	1.20	6.30 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.35	1.73	5.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.48	1.43	4.98 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.39	1.75	4.51 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.50	1.28	6.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.32	2.10	4.91 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.28	2.56	4.80 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.51	1.70	4.11 ± 11.0% (k=2)

<sup>c</sup> The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ( $\phi, \vartheta$ ),  $f = 900$  MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 2.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

**Appendix 5**  
**Measurement Uncertainty Budget**

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	$e = f(d,k)$	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	$h = c \times f / e$	$i = c \times g / e$	<i>k</i>
<b>Uncertainty Component</b>	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. ( $\pm$ %)	Prob Dist	Div.	$c_i$ (1 g)	$c_i$ (10 g)	1 g $u_i$ ( $\pm$ %)	10 g $u_i$ ( $\pm$ %)	$v_i$
<b>Measurement System</b>									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	$\infty$
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	$\infty$
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	$\infty$
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	$\infty$
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	$\infty$
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	$\infty$
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	$\infty$
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	$\infty$
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	$\infty$
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	$\infty$
<b>Test sample Related</b>									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	$\infty$
<b>Phantom and Tissue Parameters</b>									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	$\infty$
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	$\infty$
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	$\infty$
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	$\infty$
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>			RSS				11.1	10.8	411
<b>Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)</b>			$k=2$				22.2	21.6	

## **Appendix 6**

### **Dipole Characterization Certificate**

# Certification of System Performance Check Targets

FCD-1806, rev-1

-Historical Data-

900 MHz	
Reference Target:	10.9 (W/kg)
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%
Measurement Period:	15April08 - 26March09
# of tests performed:	1,099
Grand Average:	11.19 (W/kg)
% Delta (Average - Reference Target)	2.7%
Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)?	Yes
Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target?	ACCEPT
<u>Applies to Dipole SN's:</u> 55, 69, 77, 78, 79, 80, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 1d034, 1d035	

-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity Target +/- %	Conductivity (S/m) Target +/- %
900 MHz	11.19	41.5 +/- 5%	0.97 +/- 5%

-Approvals-

Submitted by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

# Certification of System Performance Check Targets

FCD-1806, rev-1

-Historical Data-

1800 MHz	
Reference Target:	38.4 (W/kg)
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%
Measurement Period:	15April08 - 26March09
# of tests performed:	929
Grand Average:	37.91 (W/kg)
% Delta (Average - Reference Target)	-1.3%
Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)?	Yes
Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target?	ACCEPT
<u>Applies to Dipole SN's:</u> 246tr, 250tr, 251tr, 259tr, 263tr, 271tr, 272tr, 276tr, 277tr, 279tr, 280tr, 281tr, 283tr, 284tr, 2d128, 2d129	

-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity Target +/- %	Conductivity (S/m) Target +/- %
1800 MHz	37.91	40.0 +/- 5%	1.40 +/- 5%


-Approvals-

Submitted by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

# Certification of System Performance Check Targets

FCD-1806, rev-1

-Historical Data-

2450 MHz	
Reference Target:	52.4 (W/kg)
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%
Measurement Period:	15April08 - 26March09
# of tests performed:	150
Grand Average:	56.68 (W/kg)
% Delta (Average - Reference Target)	8.2%
Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)?	Yes
Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target?	ACCEPT
Applies to Dipole SN's:	
740, 766, 767, 788, 789	

**-New System Performance Check Targets-** per WI-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity Target +/- %	Conductivity (S/m) Target +/- %
2450 MHz	56.68	39.2 +/- 10%	1.80 +/- 5%


**-Approvals-**

Submitted by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by:  Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

**END OF REPORT**