

HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDT56JW1

Date of test: June 22, 2008 – June 23, 2008; July 15, 2008

Date of Report: July 22, 2008

Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory

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Engineer

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC IHDT56JW1 to

FCC ID: IHDT56JW1

which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines FCC 47 CFR

Statement of Compliance:

§20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2007. It

also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement

standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines

and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Results Summary: M Category = M4

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56JW1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with ANSI PC63.19-2007 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for near field emissions only and not for the T-coil performance compliance.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test

FCC ID Number		IHDT56JW1					
Serial number		A000002C6554A					
Mode(s) of	CDMA	CDMA	CDMA	EV-DO	EV-DO	EV-DO	Bluetooth
Operation	800	1700	1900	800	1700	1900	
Modulation	OPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	QPSK	GFSK
Mode(s)	VI SIX	QLSIX	QLSIX	QLSIX	QLSIX	QLSIX	Orbic
Maximum Output	25.00	25.00 25.00 25.00 25.00 25.00 5.0					5.07
Power Setting	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm	dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting	824.7-	1711.2-	1851.2-	824.70-	1711.2-	1851.2-	2400.0-
Frequency	848.31	1753.75	1908.75	848.31	1753.75	1908.75	2483.5
Rang(s)	MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz MHz						MHz
Production Unit							
or Identical	Identical Prototype						
Prototype (47	identical Flototype						
CFR §2908)							
Device Category		·		Portable	;	·	

Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

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3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4TM v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM), of Zurich Switzerland. All the HAC measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Table 2: Dosimetric System Equipment

	Table 2. Dosinietric System Equipment				
Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date			
E-Field Probe ER3DV6R	SN 2245	11/20/2008			
E-FIEIU FIOUE ERSD VOR	SN 2249	3/17/2009			
H-Field Probe H3DV6	SN 6075	11/20/2008			
H-Fleid Flobe H3D V0	SN 6209	1/28/2009			
	440	1/28/2009			
DAE3/4	398	11/20/2008			
DALS/4	639	11/13/2008			
	719	1/29/2009			
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	1076	3/11/2009			
1730 MHz Dipole CD1880V3	1071	1/22/2009			
1880 MHz Dipole CD1880V3	1034	3/11/2009			

Table 3: Additional Test Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Power Supply 6623A	US37360826	11/16/2008
Signal Generator E4438C	MY45090104	9/12/2009
Amplifier ZHL-42-SMA	1040	
3db Attenuator 8491A	50577	11/14/2008
Directional Coupler 778D	18625	11/8/2008
Power Meter E4417A	MY45100481	3/7/2009
Power Sensor #1 – E9323A	MY44420676	11/6/2008
Power Sensor #2 - E9323A	MY44420704	11/6/2008
10db attenuator 8491A	3929M50704	12/31/2008
Spectrum Analyzer E4403B	US39440480	1/29/2009

4. Validation

Validations of the DASY4 v4.7 test system were performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. All validations occur in free space using the DASY4 test arch. Note that the 10mm probe to dipole separation is measured from the top edge of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the probe. SPEAG uses the center point of the probe sensor(s) as the reference point when establishing targets for their dipoles. Therefore, because SPEAG's dipoles and targets are used, it is appropriate to measure the 10mm separation distance to the center of the sensors as they do. This reference point was used for validation only. Validations were performed at 835 MHz and/or 1880 MHz. These frequencies are within each operating band and are within 2MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. The obtained results from the validations are displayed in the table below. The field contour plots are included in Appendix 2.

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Validations were performed to verify that measured E-field and H-field values are within +/- 25% from the target reference values provided by the manufacturer (Ref: Appendix 7). Per Section 4.3.2.1 of the C63.19 standard, "Values within +/-25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty." Therefore, the E- and H-Field dipole verification results, shown in Table 4, are in accordance with the acceptable parameters defined by the standard.

Table 4: Dipole Measurement Summary

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	E-Field Results (V/m)	Target for Dipole (V/m)	% Deviation
SN 1076	835	CW	100	165.4	159.0	-4.0
SN 1071	1730	CW	100	147.3	149.3	1.3
SN 1034	1880	CW	100	132.6	136.6	2.9

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	H-Field Results (A/m)	Target for Dipole (A/m)	% Deviation
SN 1076	835	CW	100	0.463	0.445	-4.0
SN 1071	1730	CW	100	0.462	0.489	5.5
SN 1034	1880	CW	100	0.463	0.466	0.6

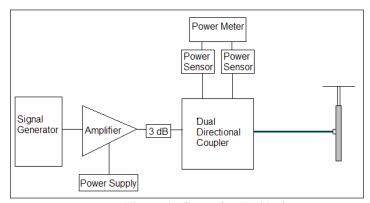


Figure 1: Setup for Validation

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5. Probe Modulation Factor

After every probe calibration, the response of the probe to each applicable modulated signal (CDMA, GSM, etc) must be assessed at both 835 MHz and 1880 MHz. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency(s) of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude. For each PMF assessment, a Signal Generator was used to replace the original CW signal with the desired modulated signal. The PMF results applicable to this test document are shown in Tables 5.

RF Field Probe Modulation Response was measured with the field probe and associated measurement equipment. The PMF was measured using a signal generator as follows:

- 1. Illuminate a dipole with a CW signal at the intended measured frequency.
- 2. Fix the probe at a set location relative to the dipole; typically located at the field reference point.

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- 3. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal.
- 4. Substitute a modulated signal of the same amplitude, using the same modulation as that used by the intended WD for the CW signal.
- 5. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the modulated signal.
- 6 The ratio of the CW to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor.

Using dual directional coupler, the forward power and reverse power are measured and adjusted when connected to the dipole.

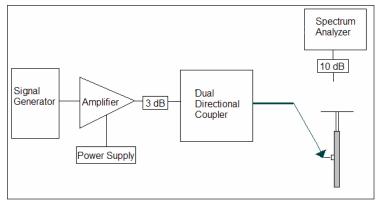


Figure 2a: Setup to Dipole

A spectrum analyzer is used to set the peak amplitude of the modulated signal equal to the amplitude of the CW signal. The procedure, used to ensure that the amplitude is the same, is shown in Appendix 1. The 0 span spectrum plots are also provided in Appendix 1.

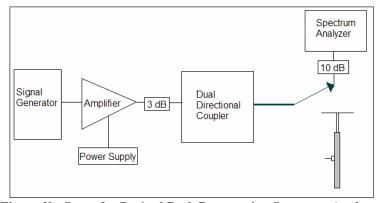


Figure 2b: Setup for Desired Peak Power using Spectrum Analyzer

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When measuring PMFs, the signal is injected into the dipole. When peak power level produces the field strength less or around M3 limit, the peak power level is used. When peak power level produces the field strength much greater than M3 limit, the power level which gives the field strength around M3 limit is used.

Table 5: PMF Measurement Summary

f	f		E-Field Probe SN 2245		H-Field Probe SN 6075	
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor	
	CW	198.7		0.8996		
835	CDMA	192.0	1.03	0.8746	1.03	
	CDMA 1/8	71.4	2.78	0.3544	2.54	
1730	CW	113.1		0.3698		
1730	CDMA 1/8	38.39	2.95	0.1449	2.55	
	CW	103.3		0.3411		
1880	CDMA	96.42	1.07	0.3391	1.01	
	CDMA 1/8	35.77	2.89	0.1343	2.54	

f			-Field SN 2249	H-Field Probe SN 6209	
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
1730	CW	120.9		0.3532	
1730	CDMA	112.5	1.07	0.339	1.04

f		E-Field Probe SN 2245		H-Field Probe SN 6075	
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	CW	106.8		0.499	
833	AM	66.37	1.61	0.3187	1.57
1730	CW	160.3		0.5264	
1730	AM	98.15	1.63	0.3515	1.50
1880	CW	145.7		0.484	
1000	AM	90.41	1.61	0.3193	1.52

f			-Field SN 2249	H-Field Probe SN 6209	
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
1730	CW	171.9		0.4981	
1730	AM	104.4	1.65	0.3277	1.52

6. Test Results

The phone was tested in normal configurations for the ear use. The slider phones are tested in the slide open position only because this configuration represents the optimum performance. When applicable, configurations are tested with the antenna in its fully extended position. These test configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable operating mode; for example, GSM, CDMA, and TDMA.

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The signal was setup by creating and maintaining an over the air connection between the DUT and an Agilent 8960 Wireless Communications Test Set. The CDMA radio is available on CDMA 2000(1X) and IS-95. The test equipment was configured to use "all up bits" for RC1 / SO2 on J-STD-008 for CDMA 1900 and TSB-84 for CDMA 800 MHz.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options: Battery #1 – SNN5782C is 1100 mAH Battery

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAGTM setup. The default settings for the grid spacing of the scan were set to 5mm as shown in the Field plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. The 5cm x 5cm area measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device.

The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. After positioning is complete, the Test Arch is removed during the near field measurement. The pictures for both positioning and measurement are included in Appendix 5. The removal of the Test Arch (during near field measurement stage) does not change the uncertainty budget, which is provided in Appendix 4.

The WD reference plane is parallel to the device and contains the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. The measurement plane contains the center point of the probe sensor(s). The device is positioned such that the WD reference plane is located 15mm from, and parallel to, the measurement plane. This is in accordance with section 4.4 of the standard, which states that "The WD reference plane is a plane parallel with the front "face" of the WD and containing the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear."

The HAC Rating results for E-Field and H-field are shown in Tables 6 and 9. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the measured drifts, excluded areas, and the peak fields. PMF measurements are taken from Section 5. The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 3: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

Drift was measured using the typical DASY4 v4.7 measurement routines. The field is measured at the reference location (center of the ear piece) at the beginning of the test. Then after completion of the E or H field measurement, the probe returns to the same reference location and takes another measurement. The drift is the delta between these two values and is included in the test report scans.

Per SPEAG's recommendation, the phone plots in Appendix 3 use the standard GSM transmitter ratio 1:8 and standard CDMA transmitter ratio 1:1 as "Duty Cycle." Per SPEAG's recommendation, in order to account for probe modulation response, PMF is applied during the SEMCAD (post-processing) portion. PMF also appears in the phone plots in Appendix 3.

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CDMA 800 Emissions Limits			
Rating	E-Field		
МЗ	199.5 – 354.8 V/m		
M4	< 199.5 V/m		

CDMA 1900 Emissions Limits			
Rating	E-Field		
М3	63.1 – 112.2 V/m		
M4	< 63.1 V/m		

Table 6: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone

at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Slider position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
CDM		1013		-0.10	6,9	106.2	M4
CDMA 800MHz	Open	384	1.03	-0.01	2,3	130.1	M4
00011112	00014112	777		0.01	1,2	118.2	M4
CDM		25		-0.06	6,8,9	47.0	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Open	450	1.07	0.09	6,8,9	42.3	M4
1,001,111		875		0.00	6,8,9	48.5	M4
CDM		25		-0.19	6,8,9	55.9	M4
CDMA 1700MHz	Open	600	1.07	0.03	6,8,9	58.0	M4
1,0011112		1175		0.00	6,8,9	62.6	M4

Table 7: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone

at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

at ingliest possible output power (1/0 Rate).							
Frequency Band (MHz)	Slider position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
GD144		1013		-0.04	3,6	100.9	M4
CDMA 800MHz	Open	384	2.78	-0.02	6,9	147.8	M4
00011112		777		0.05	8,9	102.5	M4
CDM		25		-0.18	6,8,9	54.5	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Open	450	2.89	-0.11	6,8,9	59.5	M4
190011112		875		0.21	6,8,9	59.0	M4
GD144		25		-0.03	6,8,9	48.6	M4
CDMA 1700MHz	Open	600	2.95	-0.11	6,8,9	51.0	M4
1,0311112		1175		0.20	6,8,9	54.6	M4

CDMA 800 Emissions Limits				
Rating	Rating H-Field			
M3	0.60 – 1.07 A/m			
M4	< 0.60 A/m			

CDMA 1900 Emissions Limits				
Rating	Rating H-Field			
М3	0.19 – 0.34 A/m			
M4	M4 < 0.19 A/m			

Table 8: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

at inglest possible output power (1 un Rate).							
Frequency Band (MHz)	Slider position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
an i		1013		-0.01	1,4,7	0.141	M4
CDMA 800MHz	Open	384	1.03	0.04	1,4,7	0.177	M4
0001/1112	00014112	777		-0.17	1,4,7	0.138	M4
GD) ()		25		-0.06	7,8	0.109	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Open	450	1.01	0.01	4,7	0.127	M4
17001/1112		875		-0.10	1,2	0.115	M4
GD) ()		25		-0.23	7,8	0.116	M4
CDMA 1700MHz	Open	600	1.04	-0.18	7,8	0.122	M4
		1175		0.06	7,8	0.135	M4

Table 9: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Slider position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
CD) ()		1013		-0.27	1,4,7	0.120	M4
CDMA 800MHz	Open	384	2.54	-0.09	1,4,7	0.156	M4
0001/1112	OOOIVIIIZ	777		0.02	1,4,7	0.122	M4
CDMA		25		-0.07	1,2	0.122	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Open	450	2.54	0.04	1,2	0.129	M4
17001/1112		875		0.08	4,7	0.122	M4
CD) ()		25		0.26	1,2	0.090	M4
CDMA 1700MHz	Open	600	2.55	0.09	1,2	0.104	M4
- , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1175		0.03	1,2	0.120	M4

7. Measurements for Certification of 3G Devices

For CDMA devices, RC1 and RC3 CDMA modes are considered in S055 service option. In addition, RC1 and RC3 modes are considered in S02 service option. The conducted power measurements for each mode are shown in the table below.

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Conducted Power (dBm) for CDMA modes						
		R	C1	RC3		
	Channel	SO2	SO55	SO2	SO55	
CDMA	1013	24.98	24.89	24.91	24.94	
800	384	24.83	24.82	24.88	24.87	
800	777	24.83	24.90	24.84	24.84	
CDMA	25	24.82	24.80	24.78	24.76	
1700	450	24.80	24.82	24.88	24.89	
1700	875	24.73	24.72	24.73	24.70	
CDMA	25	24.85	24.85	24.90	24.89	
1900	600	24.90	24.95	24.90	24.90	
1900	1175	24.78	24.79	24.84	24.82	

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Appendix 1

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Details justifying the conversion to peak

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A1.1 Procedure for PMF measurements

1. Setup the HAC validation rack as you would for a normal CW HAC validation with forward power = 100mW

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- 2. Setup the dipole and phantom as you would for a normal CW HAC validation.
- **3.** Open the "HAC Probe Mod Factor" template and verify the following parameters:

Medium = "Air";

Communication System = "HAC – Dipole";

Ensure the proper probe & DAE are installed and laser aligned

- 4. MEASURE CW: Using the original CW signal, run the jobs in the "CW Measurement" procedure.
- **5.** Do **not** turn off the signal generator power
- **6. Setting the CW Reference Level on the Spectrum Analyzer:** To set the Reference level on the Spectrum Analyzer, remove the Validation Rack's Main Cable from the dipole and connect to the Spectrum Analyzer INPUT using a 10 dB attenuator and an adapter.
- 7. Set-Up the Spectrum Analyzer for the following Settings:

Frequency: Freq. being tested (EX: 835/1880)

Span: Zero Span

Res BW: iDEN-100 kHz; GSM-300 kHz; CDMA-3 MHz; WCDMA-5 MHz; Video BW: iDEN-300 kHz; GSM-1MHz; CDMA and WCDMA-30 kHz**;

Sweep Time: 20 ms; 120 ms for iDEN

Scale: 1dB

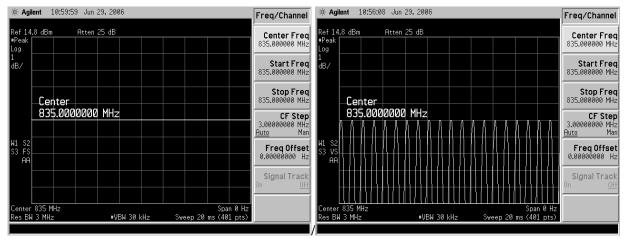
Detector: PEAK / Manual

- **8.** Adjust REF level until the CW signal is aligned with the Center Line (approx. 15dB). NOTE: After this point, the Reference Line must remain fixed. Do not change it.
- 9. MEASURE THE MODULATED SIGNAL(S):
 - 9.1. Change the signal generator to the desired modulation.
 - 9.2. Set the Spectrum Analyzer Sweep Time to 20ms.
 - 9.3. With the Main cable still connected to the Spectrum Analyzer, adjust the amplitude of the power on the signal generator so that the PEAK of the modulated signal is at the CW Reference Line:
 - 9.3.1 On the Spectrum Analyzer, press the [View Trace] button and then select (Max Hold), this will show only the Peak output.
 - 9.3.2 Press (Clear Write) and then (Max Hold) each time an amplitude adjustment is made.
 - 9.4. Allow the Max Hold line to stabilize. Then check that the highest peak of the Max Hold line corresponds with the CW Reference Line (without going over). If not correct, repeat section 6.
 - 9.5. Remove the validation main cable from the spectrum analyzer and re-connect it to the Dipole.
- **10.** Repeat 9 until all remaining modulation(S) have been completed.

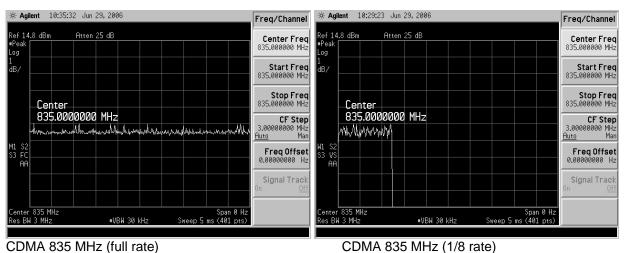
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^{**} The use of 30 kHz VBW is validated. The power measurements are verified using an average power meter.

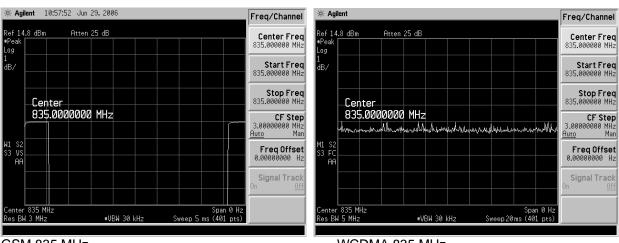
A1.2 0 Span Spectrum Plots for PMF measurements



CW 835 MHz 80% AM 835 MHz

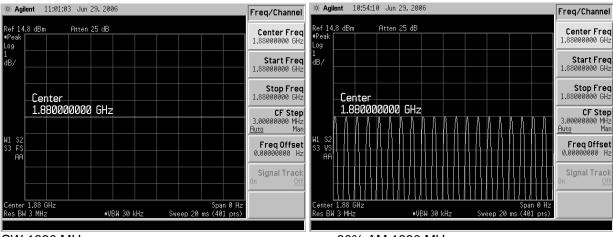


CDMA 835 MHz (full rate)

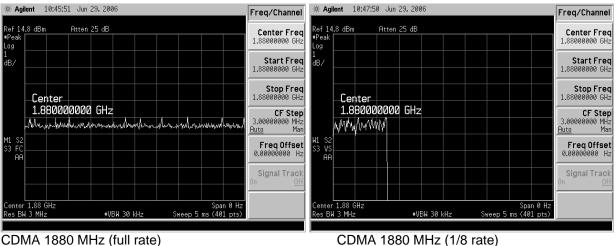


GSM 835 MHz WCDMA 835 MHz

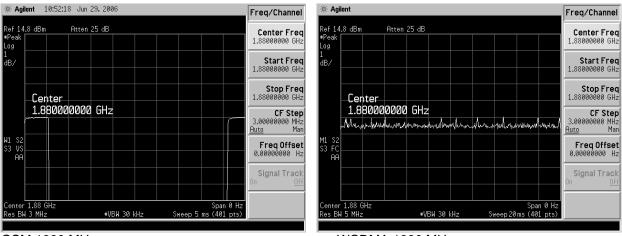
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CW 1880 MHz 80% AM 1880 MHz



CDMA 1880 MHz (full rate)



GSM 1880 MHz WCDMA 1880 MHz

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Span 0 Hz Sweep 20 ms (401 pts)

Span 0 Hz Sweep 20 ms (401 pts)

Freq/Channel

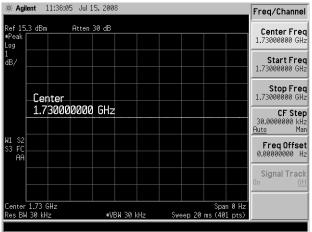
Center Freq

Start Freq 1.73000000 GHz

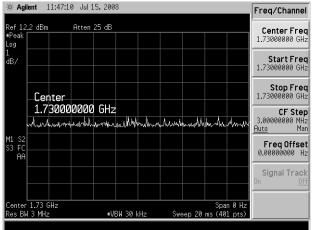
Stop Freq 1.73000000 GHz

CF Step 30.00000000 kHz Auto Man

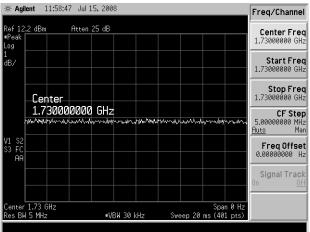
Freq Offset 0.000000000 Hz Signal Track



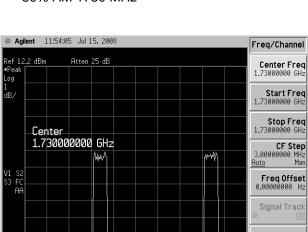
CW 1730 MHz 80% AM 1730 MHz



CDMA 1730 MHz (full rate)



WCDMA 1730 MHz



∗VBW 30 kHz

CDMA 1730 MHz (1/8 rate)

∗VBW 30 kHz

Center 1.73 GHz Res BW 3 MHz

* Agilent 12:11:25 Jul 15, 2008

Center

1.730000000 GHz

Atten 30 dB

Ref 15.3 dBm

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Appendix 2

FCC ID: IHDT56JW1

HAC distribution plots for Validation

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Date/Time: 7/15/2008 1:30:01 PM

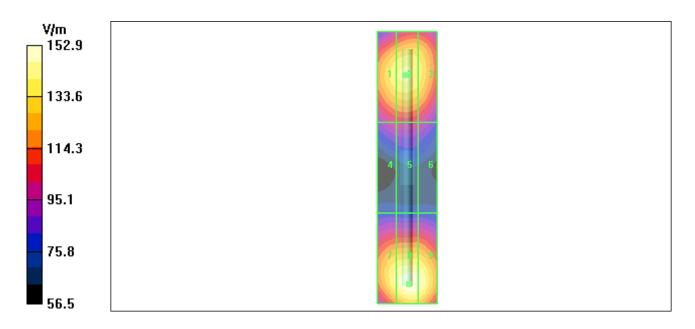
DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Procedure Notes: 1730 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071; Input Power = 100 mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 3/17/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 171.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 152.9 V/m Average value of Total (interpolated) = (141.7 + 152.9) / 2 = 147.3 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
139.5 M2	141.7 M2	137.7 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
101.9 M3	103.4 M3	99.9 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
144.0 M2	152.9 M2	150.2 M2



Date/Time: 6/23/2008 7:29:14 AM

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1076; Input Power = 100 mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2245; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

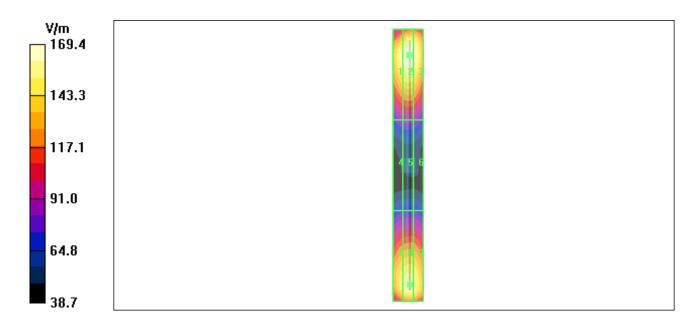
Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm; Reference Value = 104.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 169.4 V/m

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (169.4 + 161.4) / 2 = 165.4 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
160.7 M4	169.4 M4	165.9 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
86.1 M4	89.3 M4	87.0 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
153.9 M4	161.4 M4	158.8 M4



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Date/Time: 6/23/2008 8:28:17 AM

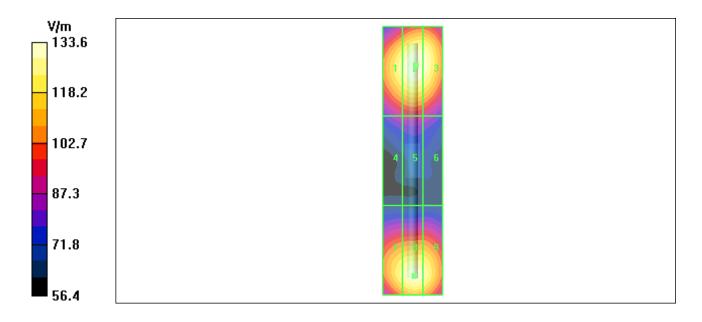
DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1034; Input Power = 100 mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2245; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 148.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.020 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 133.6 V/m Average value of Total (interpolated) = (133.6+131.5)/2 = 132.6 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
127.5 M2	133.6 M2	132.1 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
89.2 M3	92.8 M3	89.6 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
125.4 M2	131.5 M2	128.5 M2

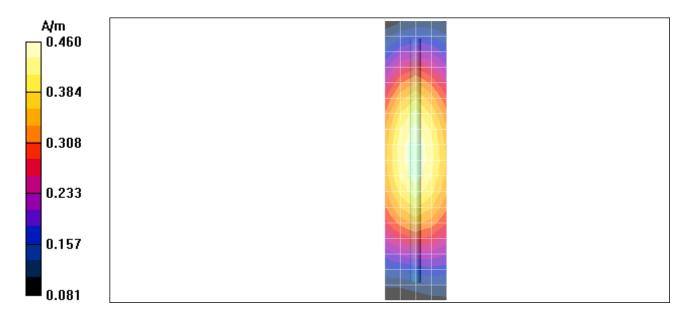


Date/Time: 7/15/2008 12:46:31 PM

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Procedure Notes: 1730 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071; Input Power = 100 mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6209; ; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn719; Calibrated: 1/29/2008
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 0.490 A/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.462 A/m

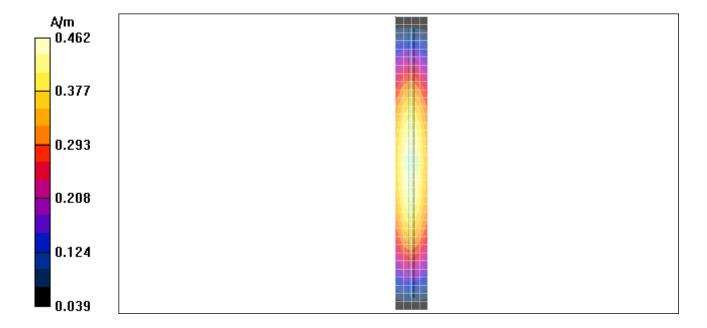


Date/Time: 6/22/2008 6:58:06 PM

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1076; Input Power = 100mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6075; ; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/13/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm; Reference Value = 0.493 A/m; Power Drift = -0.006 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.463 A/m



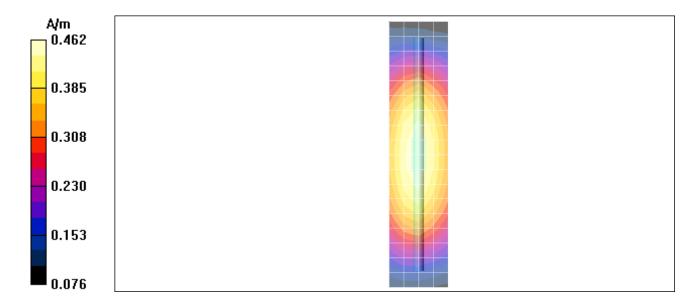
835MHz - H-Field - Val Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 6/22/2008 7:22:29 PM

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1034; Input Power = 100 mW; Modulation: CW; Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6075; ; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/13/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 0.491 A/m; Power Drift = -0.032 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.463 A/m



Appendix 3

HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field

Date/Time: 7/15/2008 4:01:14 PM

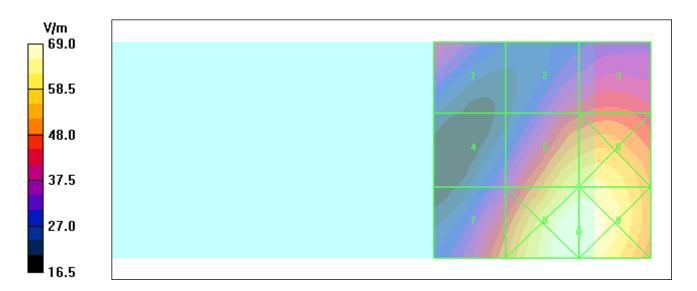
Serial: A0000002C64EF4; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: Full; Communication System: CDMA 1700; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 875; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2249; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 3/17/2008
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 62.6 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.07; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 46.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.001 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
42.0 M4	43.9 M4	46.2 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
36.6 M4	62.6 M4	63.3 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
50.9 M4	69.0 M3	69.0 M3



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Date/Time: 6/23/2008 6:56:28 PM

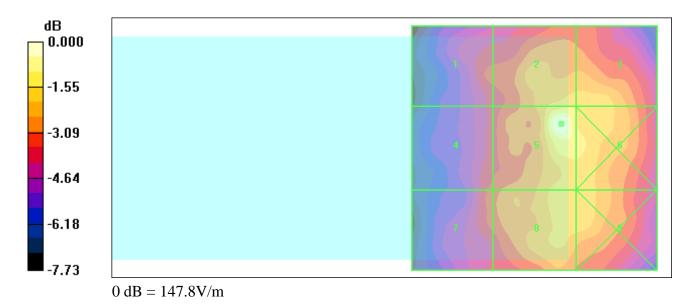
Serial: A0000002C6554A; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: 1/8; Communication System: CDMA 835, 1/8 Vocoder (HAC); Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 384; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2245; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 147.8 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.78; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 47.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.023 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
99.8 M4	123.3 M4	122.7 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
100.3 M4	147.8 M4	127.7 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
101.7 M4	123.5 M4	123.0 M4



CDMA 800 E-Field Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 6/23/2008 9:14:23 PM

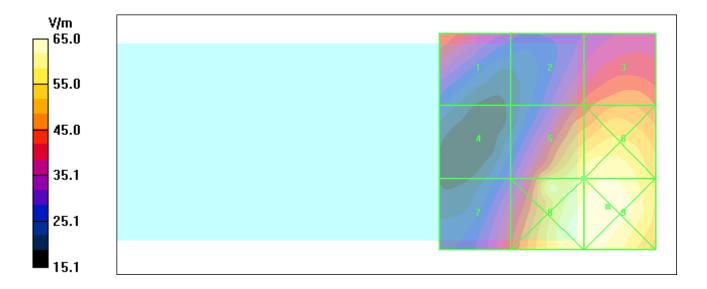
Serial: A0000002C6554A; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: 1/8; Communication System: CDMA 1900, 8th Vocoder; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 600; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2245; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 59.5 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.89; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
45.6 M4	43.2 M4	48.7 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
30.7 M4	59.5 M4	61.9 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
41.3 M4		



CDMA 1900 E-Field Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 7/16/2008 7:40:03 AM

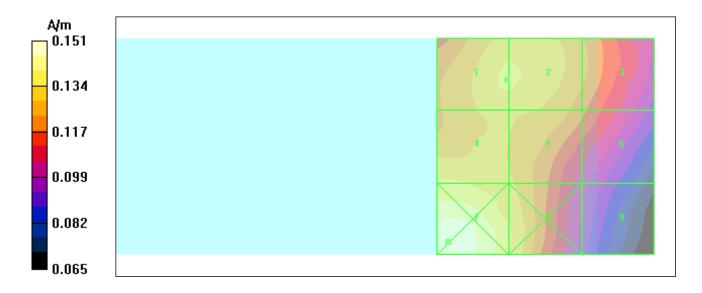
Serial: A0000002C64EF4; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: AllUp; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: FULL; Communication System: CDMA 1700; Frequency: 1753.75 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 875; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6209; ; Calibrated: 1/28/2008
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn719; Calibrated: 1/29/2008
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.135 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.04; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 0.122 A/m; Power Drift = 0.059 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.135 M4	0.135 M4	0.124 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.135 M4	0.131 M4	0.118 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.151 M4	0.135 M4	0.102 M4



CDMA 1700 H-Field Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 6/22/2008 3:10:03 AM

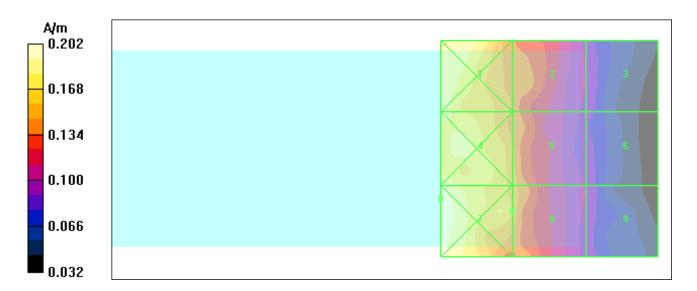
Serial: A0000002C6554A; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: 1/8; Communication System: CDMA 835, 1/8 Vocoder (HAC); Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 384; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6075; ; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/13/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.156 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.54; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 0.048 A/m; Power Drift = -0.090 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.194 M4	0.144 M4	0.089 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.195 M4	0.152 M4	0.088 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.202 M4	0.156 M4	0.089 M4



CDMA 800 H-Field Page 1 of 1

Date/Time: 6/22/2008 9:39:36 PM

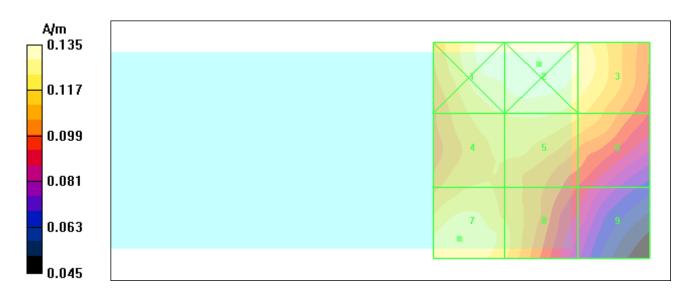
Serial: A0000002C6554A; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP; Battery Model #: SNN5782C; Vocoder Rate: 1/8; Communication System: CDMA 1900, 8th Vocoder; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 600; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6075; ; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/13/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, MOD HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.129 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.54; Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 353.7 mm; Reference Value = 0.047 A/m; Power Drift = 0.037 dB; **Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3	
0.134 M4	0.135 M4	0.129 M4	
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6	
0.123 M4	0.124 M4	0.119 M4	
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9	
0.127 M4	0.120 M4	0.093 M4	



CDMA 1900 H-Field Page 1 of 1

Appendix 4

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

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A4.1 Motorola Uncertainty Budget for RF HAC Testing

TABLE A4.1: Motorola Uncertainty Budget

UNCERTAINTY DESCRIPTION	Uncertainty Value (+/- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) E	(ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							
Probe Calibration	5.1%	N	1.0000	1	1	5.1%	5.1%
Axial Isotropy	7.8%	R	1.7321	1	0.786	4.5%	3.5%
Sensor Displacement	16.5%	R	1.7321	1	0.145	9.5%	1.4%
Boundary Effects	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Linearity	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.7%	2.7%
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.2%	1.2%
System Detection Limit	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
Readout Electronics	0.3%	N	1.0000	1	1	0.3%	0.3%
Response Time	0.8%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.5%	0.5%
Integration Time	2.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.5%	1.5%
RF Reflections	5.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	3.2%	3.2%
Probe Positioner	1.2%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	0.7%	0.5%
Probe Positioning	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	2.7%	1.8%
Extrap. & Interpolation	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
TEST SAMPLE RELATED							
Total Device Positioning	3.2%	R	1.7321	1	1.306	1.8%	2.4%
Device Holder & Phantom	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Power Drift	5.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.9%	2.9%
PHANTOM AND SETUP RELATED							
Phantom Thickness	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	1.4%	0.9%
Combined Std.Uncertainty						13.6%	9.2%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power						27.2%	18.4%

A4.2 Probe Rotation Contributions to Isotropy Error

Probe rotation data was taken "for special focus on spherical isotropicity in measurement uncertainty and perturbation of EM fields." This data was taken at the interpolated maximum and directly accounted for in the uncertainty budget as "Axial Isotropy." Thirteen mobile devices were used to determine the probe isotropy uncertainty factors in section A4.1. Based on the resulting 82 E-Field probe rotations and 82 H-Field probe rotations, the upper 95% confidence interval value was calculated for each. These values represent a conservative assessment of the effect of the probe isotropy and have been appropriately included in the respective E- and H-uncertainty budgets.

TABLE A4.2: Probe Rotation Data Summary

	AVE	ST.DE V	Sample Size (n)	2σ	(ci)	Standard Uncertaint y
E-field	4.4%	1.7%	82	7.8%	1	4.5%
H-field	3.8%	1.2%	82	6.1%	0.786	3.5%

Isotropy error measurements were taken for 13 products across the respective frequency bands. The $+2\sigma$ values of all measurements was used as a worst case value for the uncertainty budget. Any significant differences between bands were also evaluated.

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Appendix 5

Pictures of Test Setup

See Exhibit 7B

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Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificates

Page 23 Exhibit 6B - 1

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
 Service suisse d'étalonnage
 Servizio svizzero di taratura
 S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

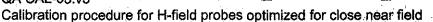
Certificate No: H3-6075_Nov07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object H3DV6 - SN:6075

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-03.v5



evaluations in air

Calibration date:

November 20, 2007

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6182_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
		AND COLOR	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	All Alexander
Approved by.	(Albia (Vuate)	Quality ividitagei	11-20
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Issued: November 20, 2007

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Certificate No: H3-6075_Nov07

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

DCP

NORMx,v,z

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X, Y, Z_a0a1a2: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 90 for XY sensors and θ = 0 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X,Y,Z(f) a0a1a2= X,Y,Z a0a1a2* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X a0a1a2 (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: H3-6075_Nov07 Page 2 of 8

Probe H3DV6

SN:6075

Manufactured: October 2, 2000

Last calibrated: September 20, 2006 Recalibrated: November 20, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: H3-6075_Nov07 Page 3 of 8

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6075

Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{(\mu V)}$]

a0 a1 a2 X 2.783E-03 7.531E-6 -1.972E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2) Y 2.610E-03 -1.024E-4 -1.923E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2) Z 2.981E-03 -2.312E-4 -1.796E-4 ± 5.1 % (k=2)

Diode Compression¹

DCP X **85** mV DCP Y **85** mV DCP Z **82** mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X 3.0 mm Y 3.0 mm Z 3.0 mm

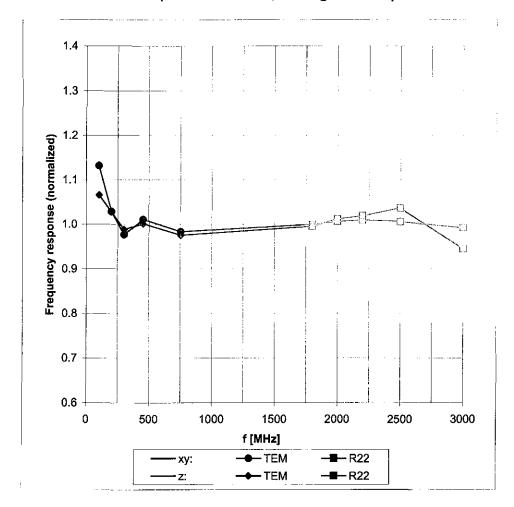
Connector Angle -201 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

¹ numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

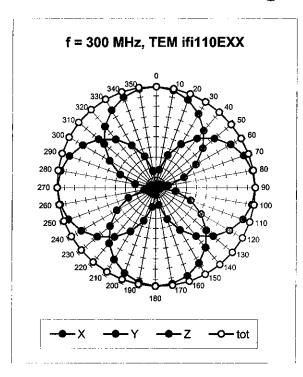
Frequency Response of H-Field

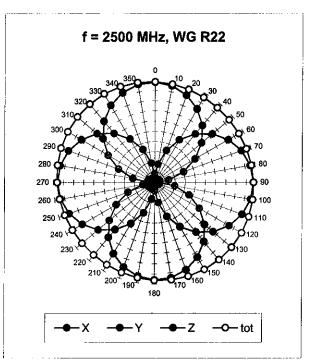
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



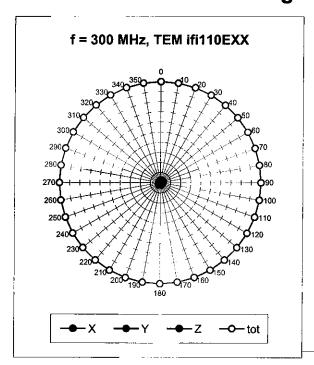
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

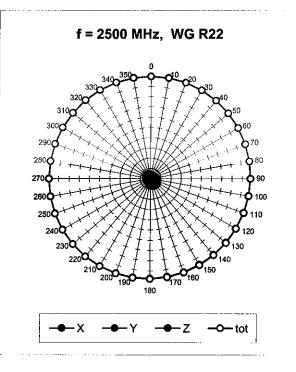
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



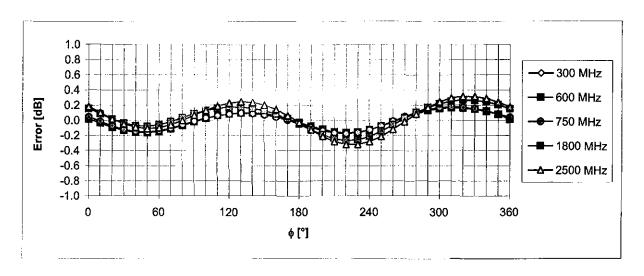


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



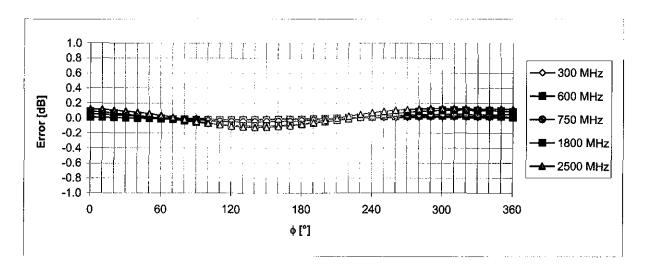


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

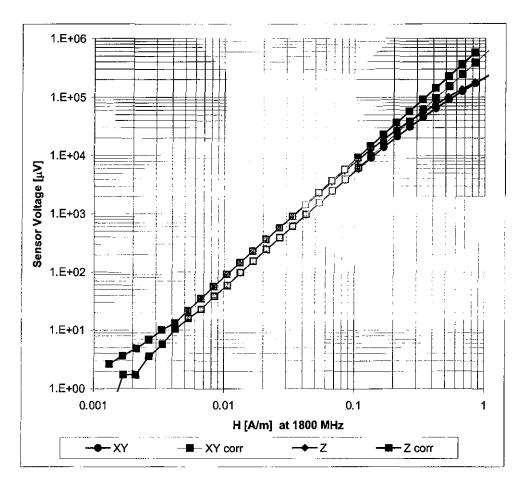
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

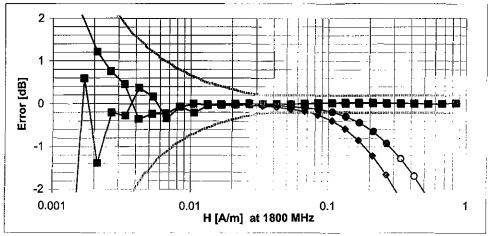


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(H-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: H3-6075_Nov07 Page 8 of 8

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Client

Motorola M D b

Certificate No: ER3-2249 Mar08

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

(Garelervaviloan	GERIJAGATI					
Object	ER3DV6R≅SN	2249				
Calibration procedure(s)	QA/CAL-02.v5 Galibration proc evaluations in a	edure for E-field probes optimized for	close near field			
Calibration date:	March 174, 2008					
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance					
This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.						
All calibrations have been condu	ucted in the closed laborate	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	d humidity < 70%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M8	TE critical for calibration)					
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration			
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08			
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08			
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08			
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08			
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08			
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08			
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct07)	Oct-08			
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08			
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check			
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09			
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	U\$37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08			
	Name	Function	Signature			
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	2Con-lig			
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	VIES			
			Issued: March 17, 2008			

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Certificate No: ER3-2249_Mar08

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

DCP Polarization φ diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization θ

3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

ER3DV6R SN:2249 March 17, 2008

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2249

Manufactured:

February 1, 2000

Last calibrated:

January 23, 2007

Recalibrated:

March 17, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2249_Mar08

ER3DV6R SN:2249 March 17, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2249

Sensitivity in Free Space $[\mu V/(V/m)^2]$

Diode Compression^A

NormX

1.70 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP X 94 mV

NormY

1.87 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Y 94 mV

NormZ

2.00 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Z

99 mV

Frequency Correction

Χ

0.0

Υ

0.0

Ζ

0.0

Sensor Offset

(Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

Х

2.5 mm

Υ

2.5 mm

Z

2.5 mm

Connector Angle

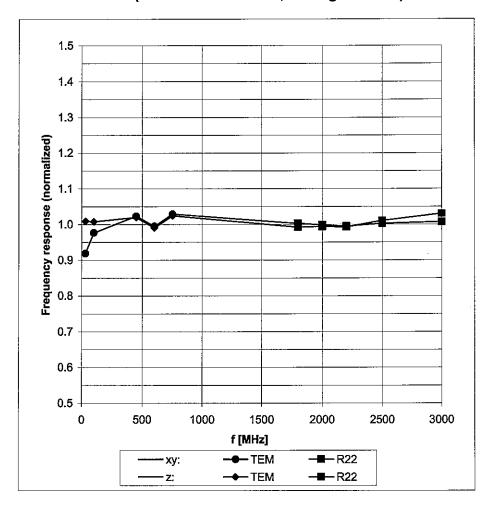
-324°

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

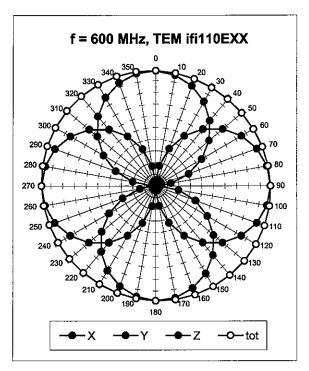
Frequency Response of E-Field

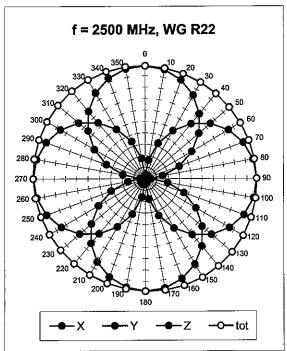
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



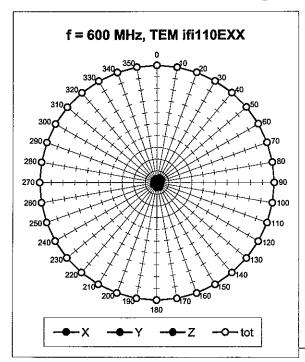
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

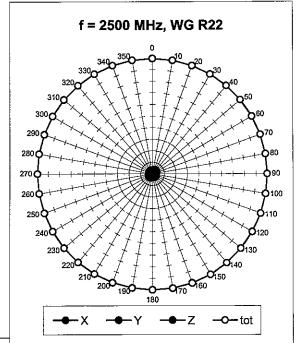
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$





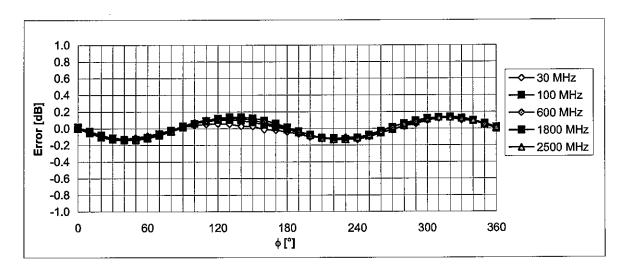
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°





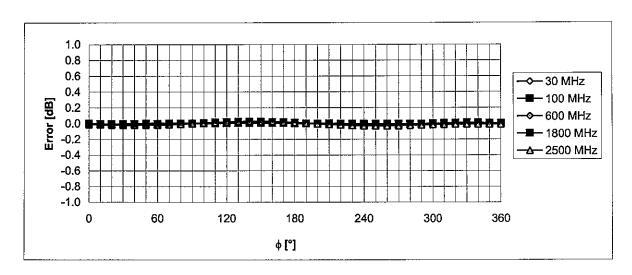
ER3DV6R SN:2249 March 17, 2008

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

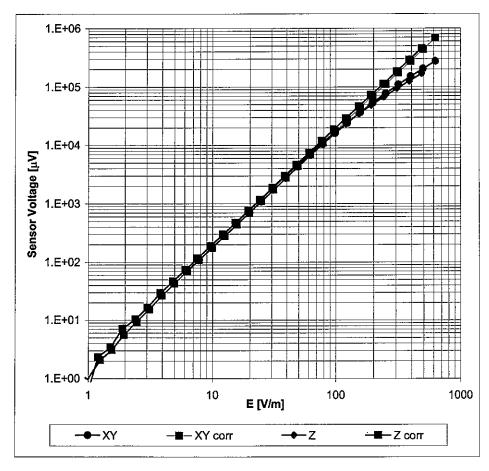


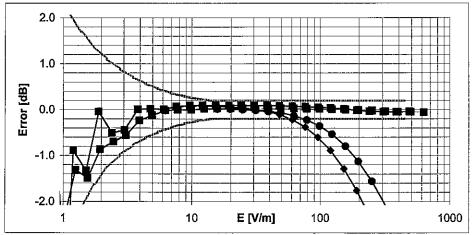
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

ER3DV6R SN:2249 March 17, 2008

Dynamic Range f(E-field)

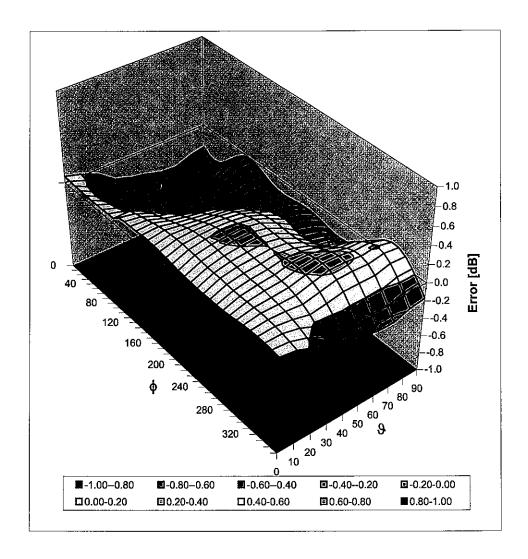
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Certificate No: ER3-2245 Nov07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6R - SN:2245

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v5

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: November 20, 2007

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration		
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08		
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08		
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08		
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08		
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct07)	Oct-08		
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check		
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09		
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08		
	Name	Function	Signature		
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager			
			Constant		
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager			
		/			

Issued: November 20, 2007

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Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

DCP

sensitivity in free space diode compression point

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2245_Nov07 Page 2 of 9

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2245

Manufactured:

February 1, 2000

Last calibrated:

September 20, 2006

Recalibrated:

November 20, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2245 Nov07

Page 3 of 9

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2245

Sensitivity in Free Space $[\mu V/(V/m)^2]$

Diode Compression^A

NormX

1.60 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP X

94 mV

NormY

1.53 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Y

94 mV

NormZ

2.01 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Z

97 mV

Frequency Correction

Χ

0.0

Υ

0.0

Z

0.0

Sensor Offset

(Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

Х

2.5 mm

Υ

2.5 mm

Ζ

2.5 mm

Connector Angle

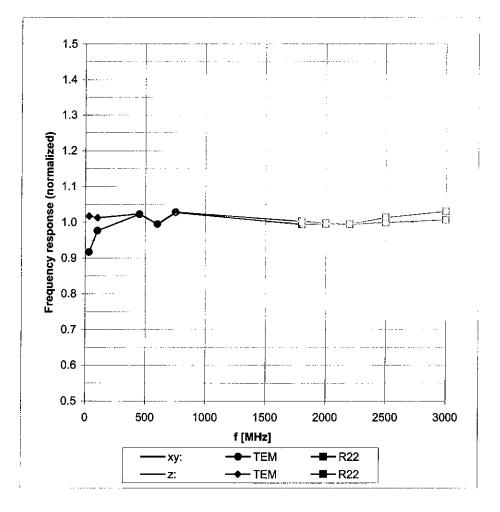
-323°

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

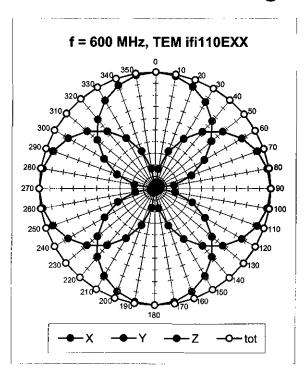
Frequency Response of E-Field

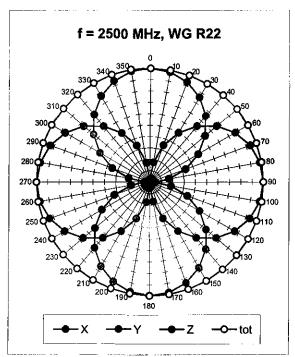
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



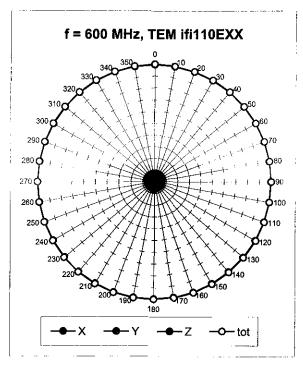
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

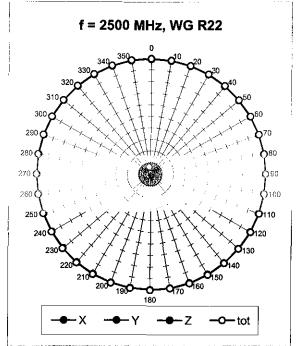
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



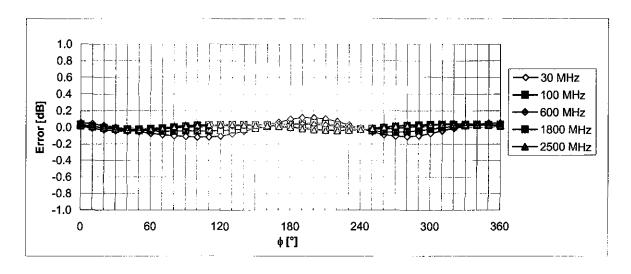


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



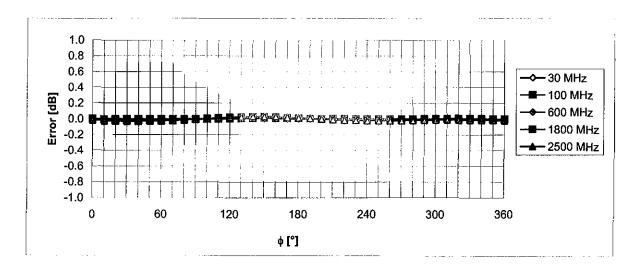


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°

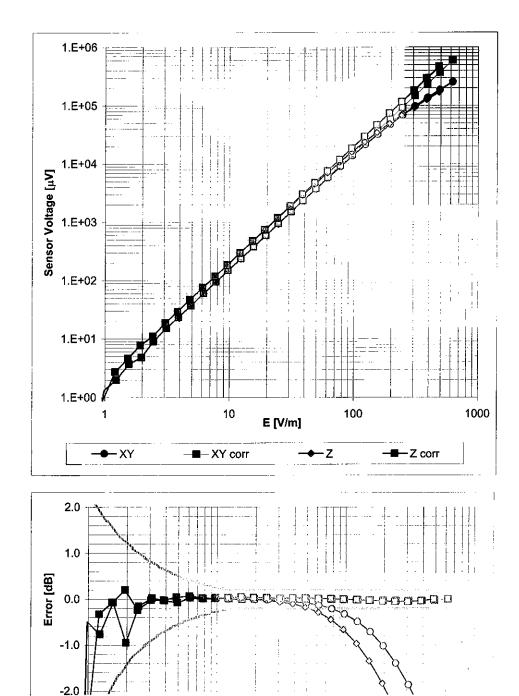


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

1000

Dynamic Range f(E-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



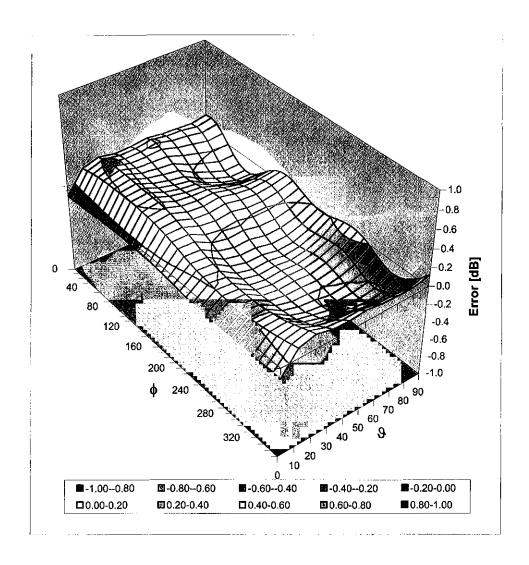
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

E [V/m]

100

10

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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S

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Client

Motorola Korea

Certificate No: H3=6209_Jan08

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Object	H3DV6SN:620	09.	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-03.v5		
		edure for H-field probes optimized for	close near field
	evaluations in a		
Calibration date:	January 28, 200	8	
			No week was trained and a many wife states of the descriptions and the information of
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
This calibration certificate document	ents the traceability to ne	tional standards, which realize the physical units of	measurements (SI).
		probability are given on the following pages and are	
All calibrations have been conduc	cted in the closed laborate	ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	humidity < 70%.
Calibration Equipment used (M&T	"E critical for calibration"		
oanoranon ⊏quipment useo (M& I	LE GRIDGALIOF CARDITATION)		
Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6182_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
		18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	10-Out-01 (OF EAG, III House Gleck Oct-07)	III HOUSE OHOUR. OUTOU
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	D-US
			716
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	1/1/1
-			
		•	Issued: January 28, 2008

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

DCP diode compression point

Polarization φ φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X,Y,Z_a0a1a2: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 90 for XY sensors and 9 = 0 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X,Y,Z(f)_a0a1a2= X,Y,Z_a0a1a2* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X a0a1a2 (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: H3-6209_Jan08 Page 2 of 8

H3DV6 SN:6209 January 28, 2008

Probe H3DV6

SN:6209

Manufactured:

June 12, 2006

Last calibrated:

June 14, 2007

Recalibrated:

January 28, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

H3DV6 SN:6209 January 28, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6209

Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{(\mu V)}$]

	a0	a1		a2				
Χ	2.277E-03		5.180E-4		1.721E-4	± 5.1	%	(k=2)
Υ	2.360E-03		2.945E-4		1.565E-4	± 5.1	%	(k=2)
Z	2.787E-03		2.951E-4		1.811E-4	± 5.1	%	(k=2)

Diode Compression¹

DCP X	85 mV
DCP Y	85 mV
DCP Z	85 mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	3.0 mm
Υ	3.0 mm
Z	3.0 mm

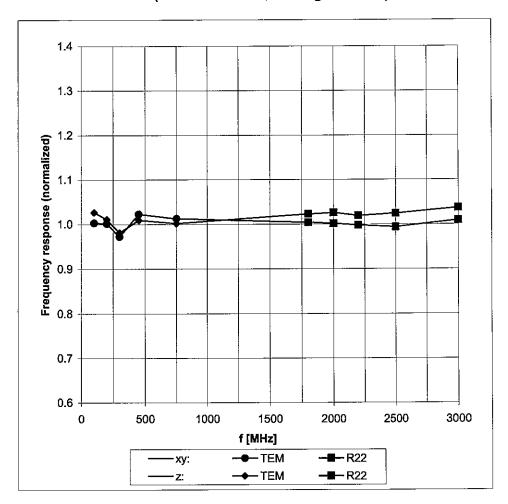
Connector Angle -311 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

¹ numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

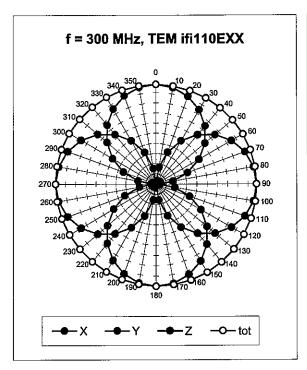
Frequency Response of H-Field

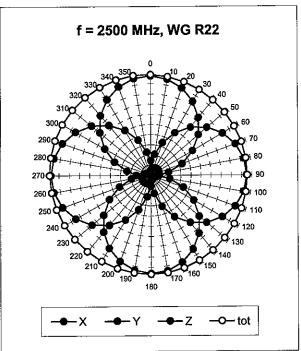
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



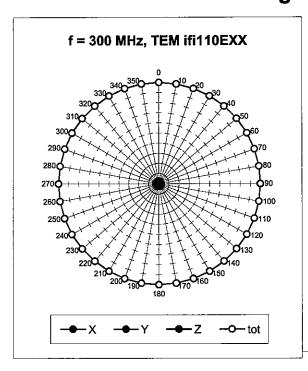
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

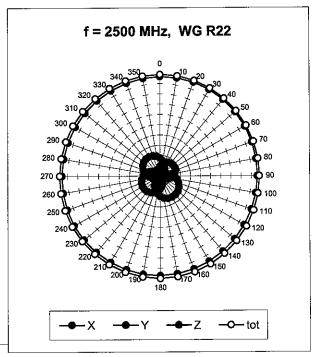
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



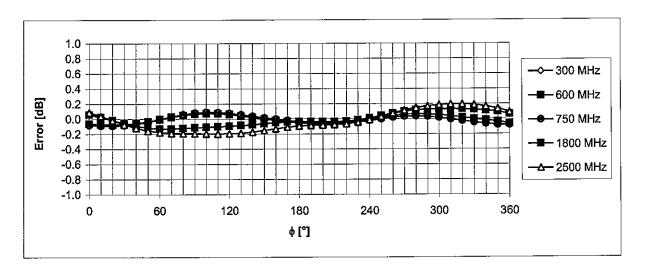


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



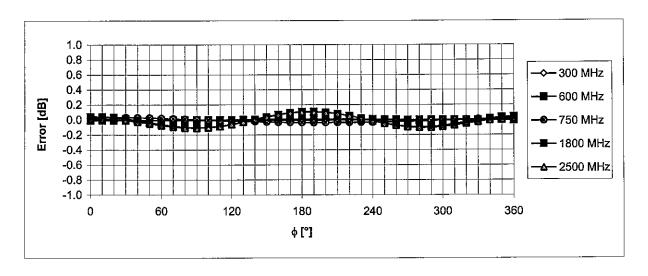


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

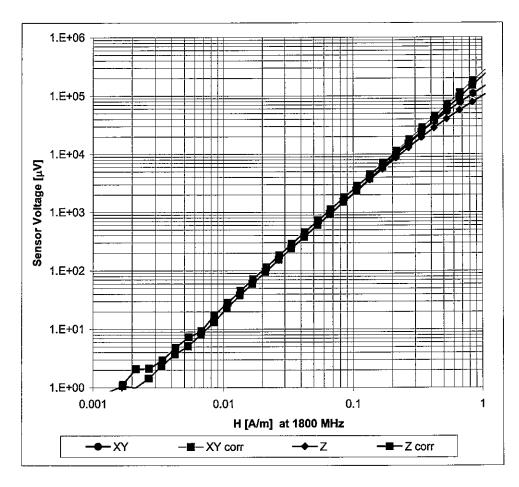
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

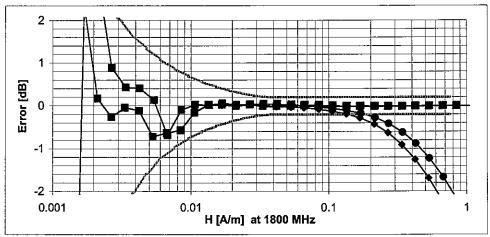


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(H-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Page 24 Exhibit 6B - 1

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Motorola Korea

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1071_Jan08

Galei Brannena			Janes Charles Alle Land Charles Colored
Object	©D1880V3≒SN		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20v4		
, , , ,	Calibration proc	edure for dipoles in air	
Calibration date:	January 22, 200)8	
.			
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance		
This calibration certificate docum	ents the traceability to na	itional standards, which realize the physical units of	measurements (SI).
		ory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and	
Calibration Equipment used (M&	TE critical for calibration)		
Division Oten dende	1,54	Cal Data (Calibrated by Contificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Primary Standards Power meter EPM-442A	ID # GB37480704	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power meter EPN-442A Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6		2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-00-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-761_0007)	OCI-08
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
			HO.
Approved by:	Fin Bomhelt	Technical Director	R 1 11
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		,	
			Issued: January 29, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2006

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other
 axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to
 be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate.
 All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field
 scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field
 value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the
 dipole surface at the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.467 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	139.1 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1710 MHz	19.0 dB	(49.7 + j11.2) Ohm
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	(51.0 + j7.6) Ohm
1900 MHz	21.9 dB	(53.7 + j7.5) Ohm
1950 MHz	32.4 dB	(52.4 – j0.0) Ohm
2000 MHz	20.8 dB	(42.0 + j2.8) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

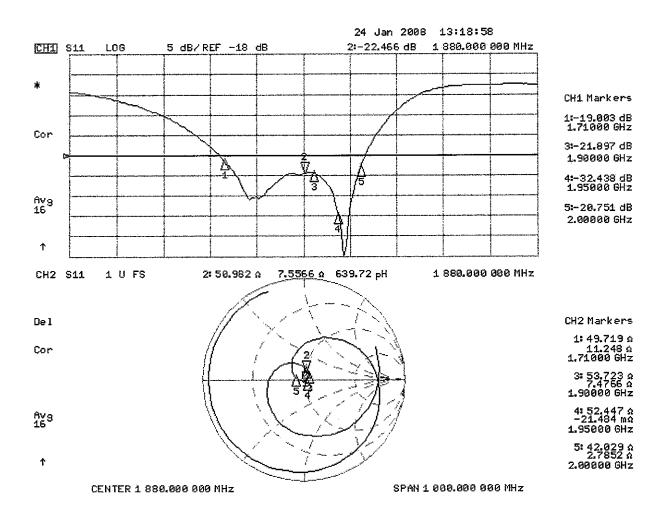
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1071_Jan08 Page 3 of 9

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 12:49:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2
H_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

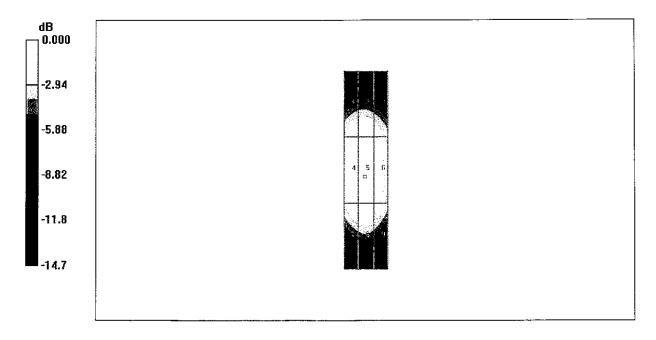
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.467 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.493 A/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.408 M2	0.421 M2	0.394 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.450 M2	0.467 M2	0.439 M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.414 M2	0.434 M2	0.405 M2



0 dB = 0.467 A/m

3.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 13:59:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2 E_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

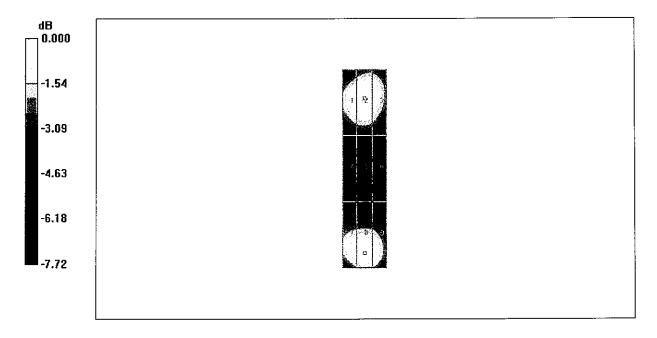
Maximum value of peak Total field = 139.2 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 157.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
134.6 M2	139.1 M2	135.0 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
91.4 M3	93.6 M3	89.4 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
133.5 M2	139.2 M2	133.4 M2



0 dB = 139.2V/m

4 Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1730 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.489 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	150.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	148.0 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	149.3 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.3.1 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:39:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2
H_CD1730_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

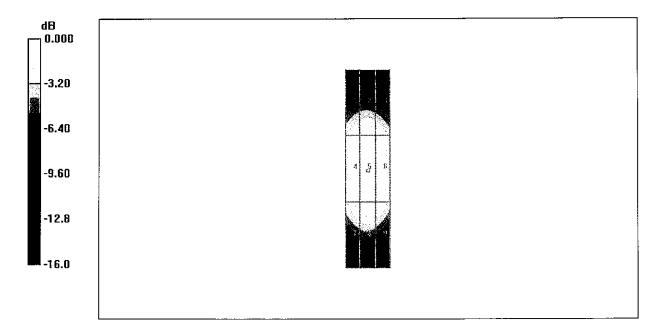
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.489 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.520 A/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.405 M2	0.423 M2	0.400 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.465 M2	0.489 M2	0.464 M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.416 M2	0.439 M2	0.414 M2



0 dB = 0.489 A/m

4.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:20:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2 **E_CD1730_1071_080122**

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

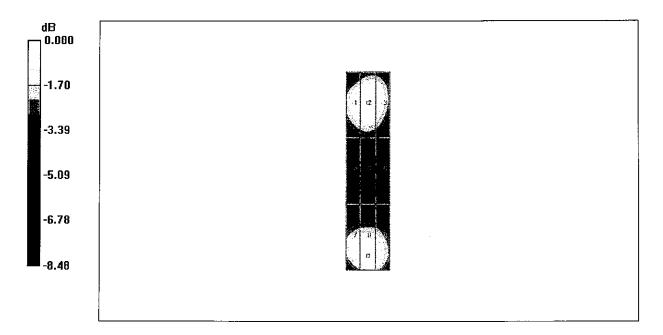
Maximum value of peak Total field = 150.5 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 170.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
143.6 M2	148.0 M2	143.1 M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
103.5 M3	106.0 M3	101.5 M3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
143.3 M2	150.5 M2	145.1 M2



0 dB = 150.5 V/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1071 Jan08

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

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Certificate No: CD1880V3-1034_Mar08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

CD1880V3 - SN: 1034 Object

QA CAL-20.v4 Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

March 11, 2008 Calibration date:

In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards

Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)

Name Function

Mike Meili Laboratory Technician Calibrated by:

F. Rombell Fin Bomholt **Technical Director** Approved by:

Issued: March 12, 2008

Scheduled Calibration

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1034_Mar08

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2006

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate.
 All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field
 scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field
 value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the
 dipole surface at the feed point.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1034_Mar08 Page 2 of 6

1. Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B61
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5 mm$	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2. Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.466 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	137.7 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	135.5 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	136.6 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3. Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1710 MHz	18.3 dB	(47.0 + j11.5) Ohm
1880 MHz	21.8 dB	(51.8 + 8.0) Ohm
1900 MHz	22.2 dB	(54.0 + j7.0) Ohm
1950 MHz	28.2 dB	(54.0 – j0.6) Ohm
2000 MHz	21.0 dB	(41.8 + j0.5) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

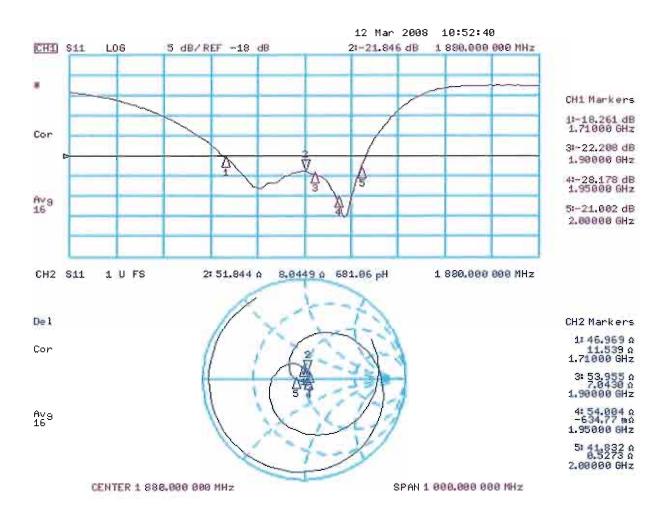
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1034_Mar08

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



Date/Time: 11.03.2008 14:51:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1034 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: [:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

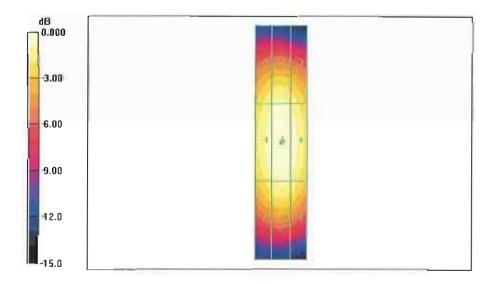
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.466 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 0.494 A/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.408	0.428	0.407
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.443	0.466	0.446
M2	M2	M2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.401	0.427	0.407
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 0.466 A/m

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1034_Mar08

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 16:09:38

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1034 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

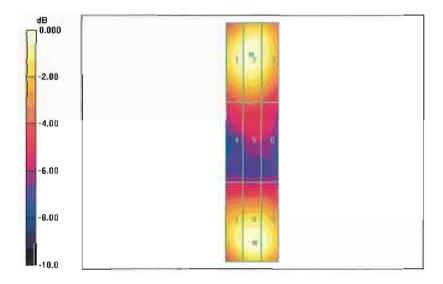
Maximum value of peak Total field = 137.7 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 153.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
132.6	135.5	129.7
M2	M2	M2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
88.2	89.6	85.4
M3	M3	M 3
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
129.7	137.7	135.1
M2	M2	M2



0 dB = 137.7 V/m

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

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Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076 Mar08

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1076

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v4

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: March 11, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	iD#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	in house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Mike Meill Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Fin Bomholt Technical Director

Issued: March 13, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2006

American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole
 connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter
 connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to
 the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08

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1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B61
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.445 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end-	100 mW forward power	160.4 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	157.6 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	159.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.7 dB	(42.7 – j11.6) Ohm
835 MHz	23.9 dB	(47.0 + j5.4) Ohm
900 MHz	18.6 dB	(58.8 – j9.4) Ohm
950 MHz	19.2 dB	(51.4 + j11.1) Ohm
960 MHz	14.0 dB	(60.4 + j19.7) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

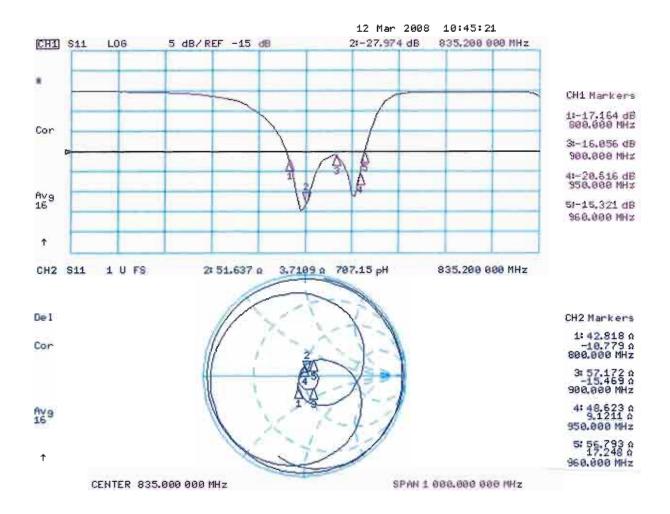
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08 Page 3 of 12

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

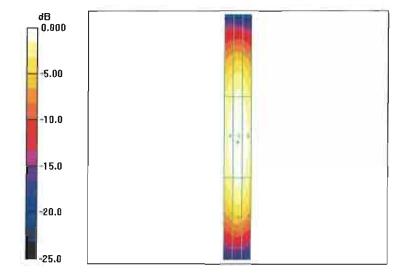
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.443 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 0.471 A/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.371 M4	0.391 M4	0.370 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.419 M4	0.443 M4	0.420 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.367 M4	0.391 M4	0.370 M4



0 dB = 0.443 A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 13:12:08

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

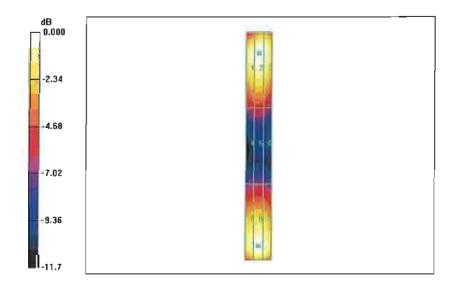
Maximum value of peak Total field = 157.2 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 101.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
152.8 M4	157.2 M4	152.8 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
83.9 M4	85.8 M4	82.5 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
149.0 M4	153.7 M4	149.6 M4



 $0 dB \approx 157.2 V/m$

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08

4. Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B53
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B172
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, $dy = 5 mm$	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	813 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.1.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.448 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	172.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	163.8V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	168.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.1.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

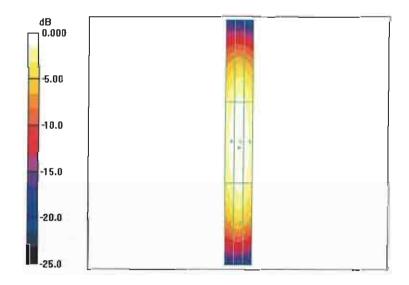
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.452 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.481 A/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid I 0.374 M4	Grid 2 0.395 M4	Grid 3 0.374 M4
Grid 4		Grid 6
	0.452 M4	
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.371 M4	0.395 M4	0.373 M4



0 dB = 0.452 A/m

4.1.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 13:12:08

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

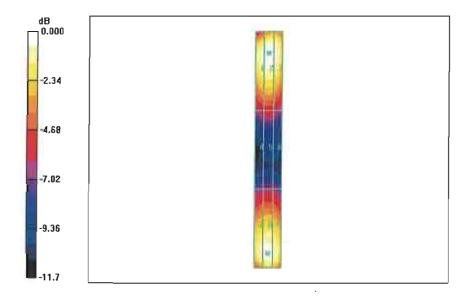
Maximum value of peak Total field = 161.6 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 104.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
157.3 M4	161.6 M4	157.1 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
86.3 M4	88.2 M4	85.2 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
151.8 M4	156.5 M4	152.3 M4



0 dB = 161.6 V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08 Page 9 of 12

4.2 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B53
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B172
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	898 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.416 A/m
1) (1) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-) (-		

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	158.8 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	143.9 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	151.4 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.2.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 11.03.2008 11:59:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 31.12.2007

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1): Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.425 A/m

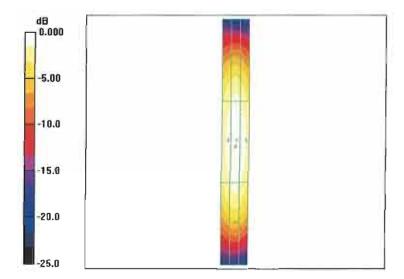
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm

Reference Value = 0.445 A/m; Power Drift = -0.036 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.373 M4	0.394 M4	0.372 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.402 M4	0.425 M4	0.403 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.372 M4	0.396 M4	0.375 M4



0 dB = 0.425 A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08

4.2.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 10.03.2008 13:12:08

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076 Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 61; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 176

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

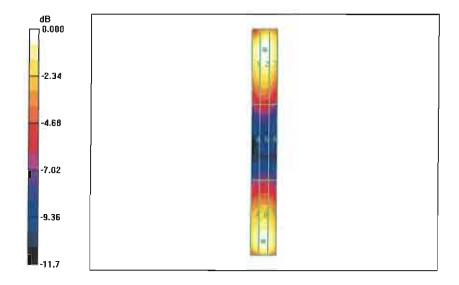
Maximum value of peak Total field = 154.8 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Device Reference Point: 0.000, 0.000, 354.7 mm Reference Value = 93.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.013 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
150.5 M4	154.8 M4	150.5 M4
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
74.3 M4	76.0 M4	73.2 M4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
148.9 M4	153.5 M4	149.5 M4



0 dB = 154.8 V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar08