



HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDT56JM1

Date of test: 03/03/2008 and 03/04/2008
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Laboratory: Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory
11F, Hibrand Building
215, Yangjae-dong, Seocho-gu,
Seoul 137-924, Korea

Test Responsible: DH Moon
RF Engineer

Statement of Compliance: Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC IHDT56JM1 to which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2006. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Results Summary: M Category = M4

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56JM1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with ANSI PC63.19-2006 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for near field emissions only and not for the T-coil performance compliance.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test

FCC ID Number	IHDT56JM1		
Serial number	8014A581		
Mode(s) of Operation	800 CDMA	1900 CDMA	BlueTooth
Modulation Mode(s)	QPSK	QPSK	GFSK
Maximum Output Power Setting	25.00 dBm	25.00 dBm	4.00dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.70-848.31 MHz	1851.25-1908.75 MHz	2400-2483.5MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)	Identical Prototype		
Device Category	Portable		

Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the HAC measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Table 2: Dosimetric System Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
E-Field Probe ER3DV6R	2247	04/18/2008
H-Field Probe H3DV6	6063	04/18/2008
DAE3 (E Field)	398	11/20/2008
DAE4 (H Field)	656	07/04/2008
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	1103	01/21/2009
1880 MHz Dipole CD1880V3	1071	01/22/2009

Table 3: Additional Test Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Power Supply 6632B	MY43002724	01/28/2009
Signal Generator E4438C	MY45093832	01/28/2009
Amplifier ZHL-42-SMA	1046	Not required
3db Attenuator 8491A	MY39263438	Not required
Directional Coupler 778D	20076	01/29/2009
Power Meter E4417A	MY45100675	01/29/2009
Power Sensor #1 – E9323A	MY44421065	01/29/2009
Power Sensor #2 - E9323A	MY44421009	01/29/2009
10db attenuator 8491A	MY39263627	Not required
Spectrum Analyzer E4403B	MY45110615	01/29/2009

4. Validation

Validations of the DASY4 v4.7 test system were performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. All validations occur in free space using the DASY4 test arch. Note that the 10mm probe to dipole separation is measured from the top edge of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the probe. SPEAG uses the center point of the probe sensor(s) as the reference point when establishing targets for their dipoles. Therefore, because SPEAG's dipoles and targets are used, it is appropriate to measure the 10mm separation distance to the center of the sensors as they do. This reference point was used for validation only. Validations were performed at 835 MHz and/or 1880 MHz. These frequencies are within each operating band and are within 2MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. The obtained results from the validations are displayed in the table below. The field contour plots are included in Appendix 2.

Validations were performed to verify that measured E-field and H-field values are within +/- 25% from the target reference values provided by the manufacturer (Ref: Appendix 7). Per Section 4.3.2.1 of the C63.19 standard, "Values within +/-25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty." Therefore, the E- and H-Field dipole verification results, shown in Table 4, are in accordance with the acceptable parameters defined by the standard.

Table 4: Dipole Measurement Summary

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	E-Field Results (V/m)	Target for Dipole (V/m)	% Deviation
SN 1013	835	CW	100	168.6	159.0	6.0
SN 1071	1880	CW	100	135.0	139.2	-3.0

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	H-Field Results (A/m)	Target for Dipole (A/m)	% Deviation
SN 1013	835	CW	100	0.479	0.443	8.1
SN 1071	1880	CW	100	0.465	0.467	-0.4

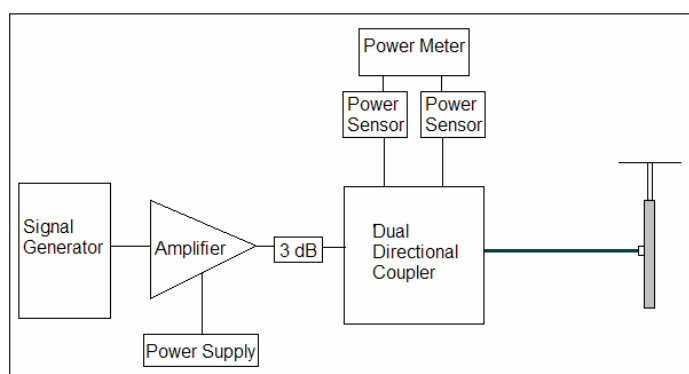


Figure 1: Setup for Validation

5. Probe Modulation Factor

After every probe calibration, the response of the probe to each applicable modulated signal (CDMA, GSM, etc) must be assessed at both 835 MHz and 1880 MHz. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency(s) of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude. For each PMF assessment, a Signal Generator was used to replace the original CW signal with the desired modulated signal. The PMF results applicable to this test document are shown in Tables 5.

RF Field Probe Modulation Response was measured with the field probe and associated measurement equipment. The PMF was measured using a signal generator as follows:

1. Illuminate a dipole with a CW signal at the intended measured frequency.
2. Fix the probe at a set location relative to the dipole; typically located at the field reference point.
3. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal.
4. Substitute a modulated signal of the same amplitude, using the same modulation as that used by the intended WD for the CW signal.
5. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the modulated signal.
6. The ratio of the CW to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor.

Using dual directional coupler, the forward power and reverse power are measured and adjusted when connected to the dipole.

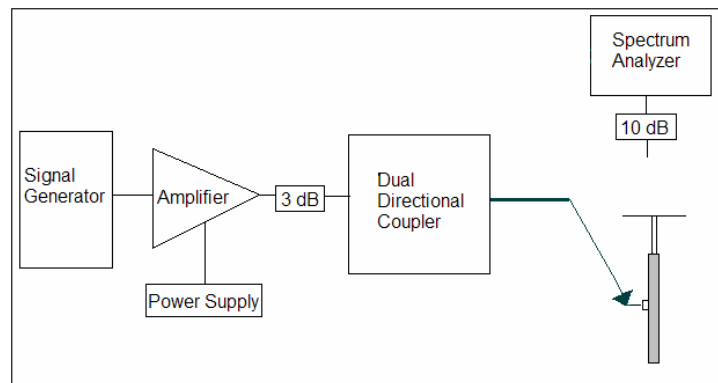


Figure 2a: Setup to Dipole

A spectrum analyzer is used to set the peak amplitude of the modulated signal equal to the amplitude of the CW signal. The procedure, used to ensure that the amplitude is the same, is shown in Appendix 1. The 0 span spectrum plots are also provided in Appendix 1.

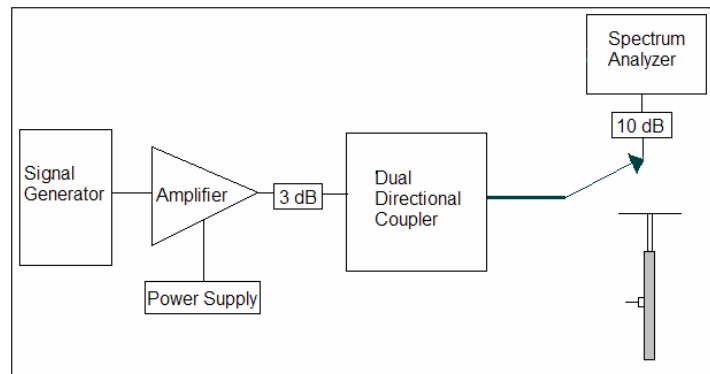


Figure 2b: Setup for Desired Peak Power using Spectrum Analyzer

When measuring PMFs, the signal is injected into the dipole. When peak power level produces the field strength less or around M3 limit, the peak power level is used. When peak power level produces the field strength much greater than M3 limit, the power level which gives the field strength around M3 limit is used.

Table 5: PMF Measurement Summary

f (MHz)	Protocol	E-Field Probe SN 2247		H-Field Probe SN 6063	
		E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	CW	218.9		0.896	
	CDMA	215.3	1.02	0.874	1.03
	CW	220.0		0.883	
	CDMA 1/8	80.39	2.74	0.388	2.27
1880	CW	97.7		0.351	
	CDMA	90.5	1.08	0.343	1.03
	CW	97.8		0.351	
	CDMA 1/8	34.9	2.80	0.144	2.45

f (MHz)	Protocol	E-Field Probe SN 2247		H-Field Probe SN 6063	
		E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor
835	CW	121.7		0.486	
	AM	73.7	1.65	0.323	1.50
1880	CW	136.3		0.493	
	AM	86.3	1.58	0.342	1.44

6. Test Results

The phone was tested in all normal configurations for the ear use. When applicable, configurations are tested with the antenna in its fully extended position. These test configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable operating mode; for example, GSM, CDMA, and TDMA.

The signal was setup by creating and maintaining an over the air connection between the DUT and an Agilent 8960 Wireless Communications Test Set. The CDMA radio is available on CDMA 2000(1X) and IS-95. The test equipment was configured to use "all up bits" for RC1 / SO2 on J-STD-008 for CDMA 1900 and TSB-84 for CDMA 800 MHz.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

Battery #1 – SNN5813A is 910 mAH Battery

Battery #2 – SNN5804A is 910 mAH Battery

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The default settings for the grid spacing of the scan were set to 5mm as shown in the Field plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. The 5cm x 5cm area measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device. The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. After positioning is complete, the Test Arch is removed during the near field measurement. The pictures for both positioning and measurement are included in Appendix 5. The removal of the Test Arch (during near field measurement stage) does not change the uncertainty budget, which is provided in Appendix 4.

The WD reference plane is parallel to the device and contains the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. The measurement plane contains the nearest point on the probe sensor(s) relative to the WD. The device is positioned such that the WD reference plane is located 10mm from, and parallel to, the measurement plane. This is in accordance with section 4.4 of the standard, which states that "The WD reference plane is a plane parallel with the front "face" of the WD and containing the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear."

The following figure shows the position of the measurement grid with respect to the device under test.

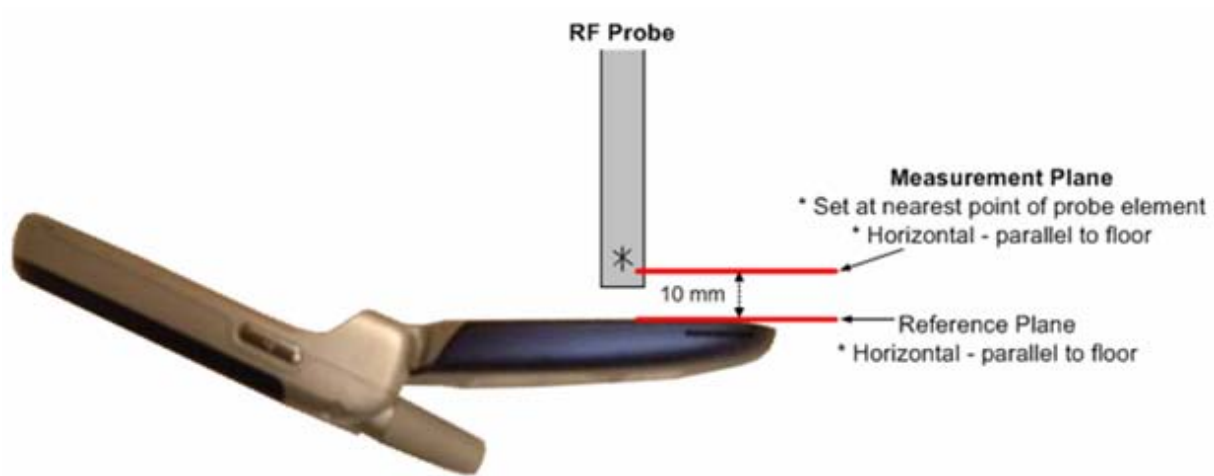


Figure 4: Clarification of Figure A-2 from the Standard

The HAC Rating results for E-Field and H-field are shown in Tables 6 and 9. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the measured drifts, excluded areas, and the peak fields. PMF measurements are taken from Section 5. The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 3: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

Drift was measured using the typical DASY4 v4.7 measurement routines. The field is measured at the reference location (center of the ear piece) at the beginning of the test. Then after completion of the E or H field measurement, the probe returns to the same reference location and takes another measurement. The drift is the delta between these two values and is included in the test report scans.

Per SPEAG's recommendation, the phone plots in Appendix 3 use the standard GSM transmitter ratio 1:8 and standard CDMA transmitter ratio 1:1 as "Duty Cycle." Per SPEAG's recommendation, in order to account for probe modulation response, PMF is applied during the SEMCAD (post-processing) portion. PMF also appears in the phone plots in Appendix 3.

CDMA 800 Emissions Limits		CDMA 1900 Emissions Limits	
Rating	E-Field	Rating	E-Field
M3	199.5 – 354.8 V/m	M3	63.1 – 112.2 V/m
M4	< 199.5 V/m	M4	< 63.1 V/m

Table 6: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
CDMA 800MHz	Internal	1013	1.02	0.13	2,3	99.7	M4
		384		-0.05	2,3	105.6	M4
		777		0.11	2,3	105.0	M4
		384 w/ Batt2		0.09	2,3	110.1	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Internal	25	1.08	0.21	2,3,6	32.9	M4
		600		0.09	2,3,6	36.1	M4
		1175		0.02	2,3,6	41.7	M4
		1175 w/ Bat2		0.22	1,4,7	41.7	M4

Table 7: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
CDMA 800MHz	Internal	1013	2.74	-0.09	2,3	97.0	M4
		384		0.07	2,3	106.9	M4
		777		0.15	2,3	107.0	M4
		777 w/ Batt2		-0.22	2,3	110.2	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Internal	25	2.80	-0.21	2,3,6	30.8	M4
		600		-0.07	2,3	33.8	M4
		1175		-0.09	2,3	39.3	M4
		1175 w/ Bat2		0.13	1, 4, 7	38.2	M4

CDMA 800 Emissions Limits	
Rating	H-Field
M3	0.60 – 1.07 A/m
M4	< 0.60 A/m

CDMA 1900 Emissions Limits	
Rating	H-Field
M3	0.19 – 0.34 A/m
M4	< 0.19 A/m

Table 8: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (Full Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
CDMA 800MHz	Internal	1013	1.03	-0.16	1,4,7	0.154	M4
		384		0.03	1,4,7	0.168	M4
		777		-0.15	1,4,7	0.164	M4
		384 w/ Batt2		0.01	1,4,7	0.162	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Internal	25	1.03	0.23	1,2,4	0.087	M4
		600		-0.33	1,7	0.107	M4
		1175		0.20	7,8	0.107	M4
		600 w/ Bat2		0.19	1,4,7	0.107	M4

Table 9: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1/8 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Channel Setting	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
CDMA 800MHz	Internal	1013	2.27	-0.24	1,4,7	0.122	M4
		384		-0.20	1,4,7	0.137	M4
		777		-0.32	1,4,7	0.133	M4
		384 w/ Batt2		-0.06	1,4,7	0.131	M4
CDMA 1900MHz	Internal	25	2.45	0.19	1,2,4	0.076	M4
		600		0.16	1,4,7	0.093	M4
		1175		0.08	7,8,9	0.087	M4
		600 w/ Bat2		-0.04	1,4,7	0.089	M4

7. Measurements for Certification of 3G Devices

For CDMA devices, RC1 and RC3 CDMA modes are considered in S055 service option. In addition, RC1 and RC3 modes are considered in S02 service option. The conducted power measurements for each mode are shown in the table below.

Conducted Power (dBm) for CDMA modes					
	Channel	RC1		RC3	
		S02	S055	S02	S055
800CDMA	1013	25.09	25.10	25.08	25.07
	384	24.98	24.97	24.94	24.96
	777	25.04	25.05	25.04	25.02
1900CDMA	25	24.97	24.93	24.92	24.94
	600	25.00	24.99	24.95	24.96
	1175	25.03	25.01	24.99	24.98

Appendix 1

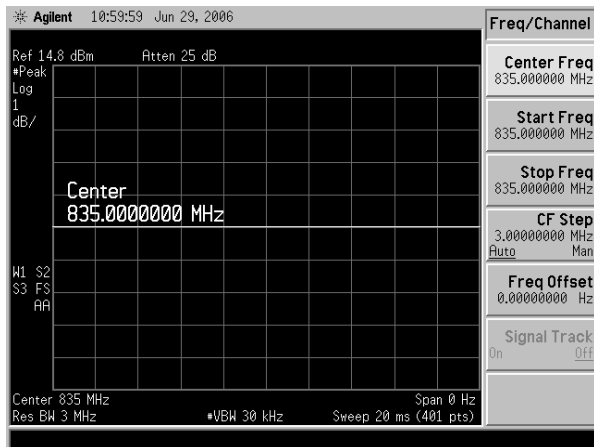
Details justifying the conversion to peak

A1.1 Procedure for PMF measurements

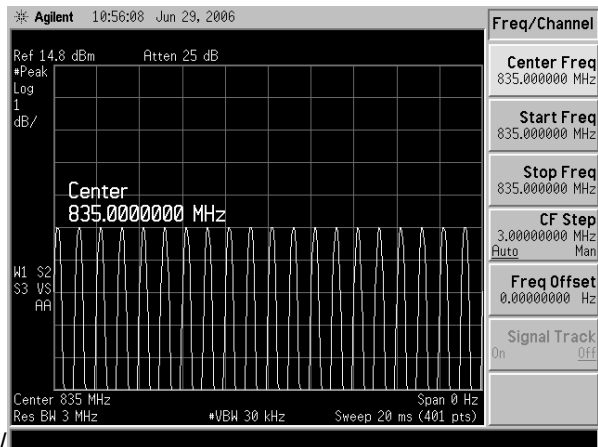
1. Setup the HAC validation rack as you would for a normal CW HAC validation with forward power = 100mW
2. Setup the dipole and phantom as you would for a normal CW HAC validation.
3. Open the "HAC Probe Mod Factor" template and verify the following parameters:
Medium = "Air";
Communication System = "HAC – Dipole";
Ensure the proper probe & DAE are installed and laser aligned
4. **MEASURE CW:** Using the original CW signal, run the jobs in the "CW Measurement" procedure.
5. Do **not** turn off the signal generator power
6. **Setting the CW Reference Level on the Spectrum Analyzer:** To set the Reference level on the Spectrum Analyzer, remove the Validation Rack's Main Cable from the dipole and connect to the Spectrum Analyzer INPUT using a 10 dB attenuator and an adapter.
7. Set-Up the Spectrum Analyzer for the following Settings:
Frequency: Freq. being tested (EX: 835/1880)
Span: Zero Span
Res BW: iDEN – 100 kHz; GSM – 300 kHz; CDMA – 3 MHz; WCDMA – 5 MHz;
Video BW: iDEN – 300 kHz; GSM – 1MHz; CDMA and WCDMA – 30 kHz**;
Sweep Time: 20 ms; 120 ms for iDEN
Scale: 1dB
Detector: PEAK / Manual
8. Adjust REF level until the CW signal is aligned with the Center Line (approx. 15dB). NOTE: After this point, the Reference Line must remain fixed. Do not change it.
9. **MEASURE THE MODULATED SIGNAL(S):**
 - 9.1. Change the signal generator to the desired modulation.
 - 9.2. Set the Spectrum Analyzer Sweep Time to 20ms.
 - 9.3. With the Main cable still connected to the Spectrum Analyzer, adjust the amplitude of the power on the signal generator so that the PEAK of the modulated signal is at the CW Reference Line:
 - 9.3.1 On the Spectrum Analyzer, press the [View Trace] button and then select (Max Hold), this will show only the Peak output.
 - 9.3.2 Press (Clear Write) and then (Max Hold) each time an amplitude adjustment is made.
 - 9.4. Allow the Max Hold line to stabilize. Then check that the highest peak of the Max Hold line corresponds with the CW Reference Line (without going over). If not correct, repeat section 6.
 - 9.5. Remove the validation main cable from the spectrum analyzer and re-connect it to the Dipole.
10. Repeat 9 until all remaining modulation(S) have been completed.

** The use of 30 kHz VBW is validated. The power measurements are verified using an average power meter.

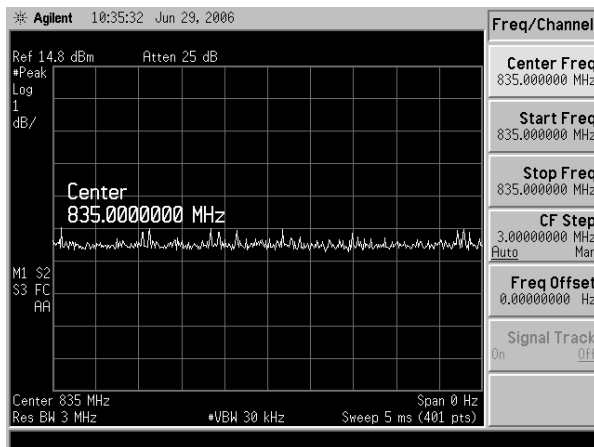
A1.2 0 Span Spectrum Plots for PMF measurements



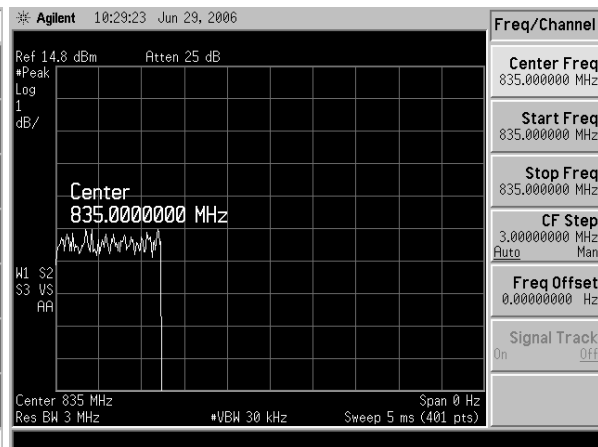
CW 835 MHz



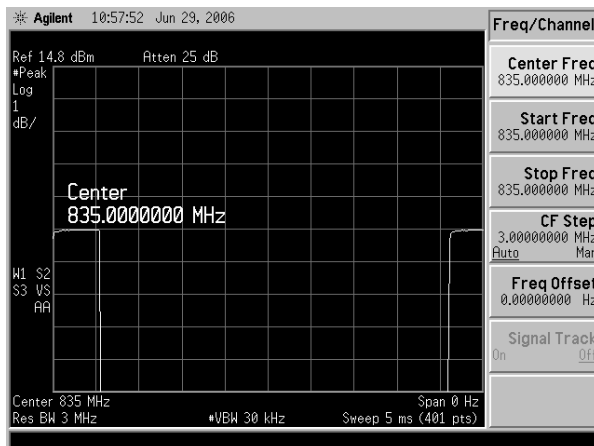
80% AM 835 MHz



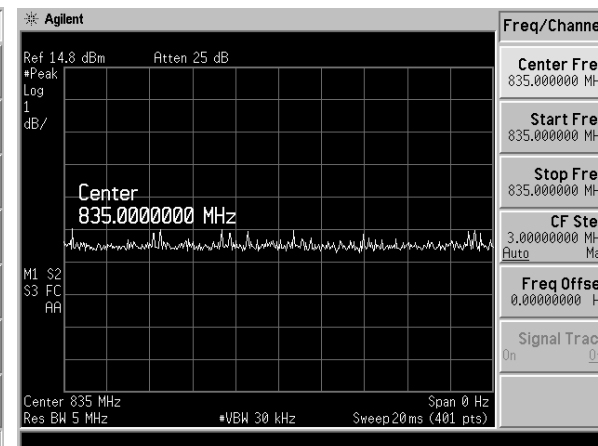
CDMA 835 MHz (full rate)



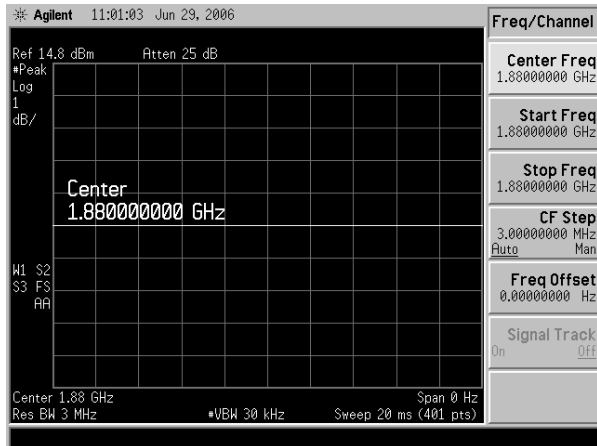
CDMA 835 MHz (1/8 rate)



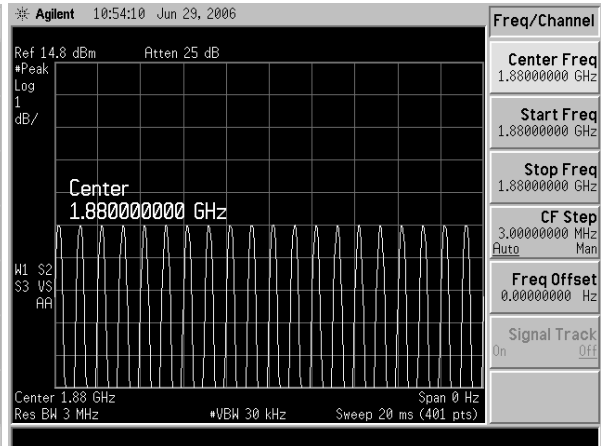
GSM 835 MHz



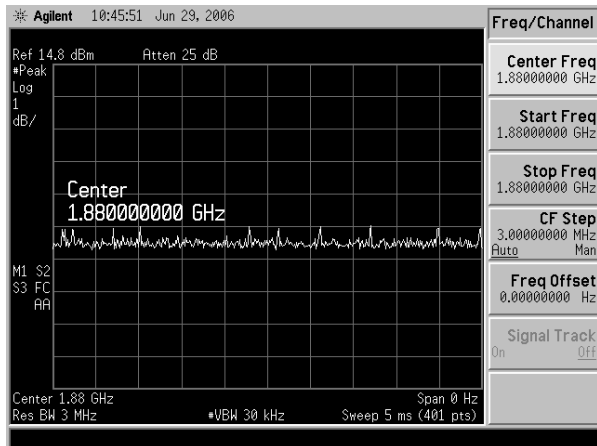
WCDMA 835 MHz



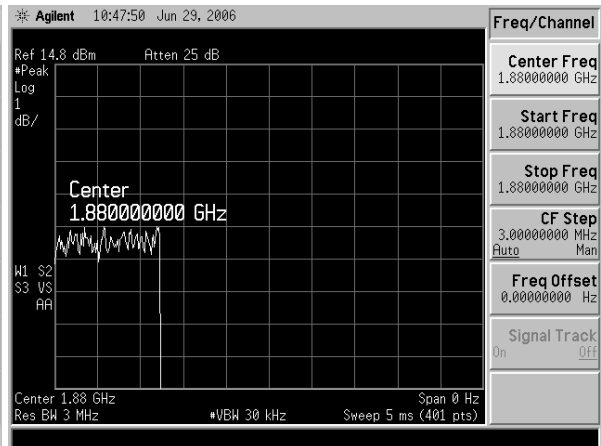
CW 1880 MHz



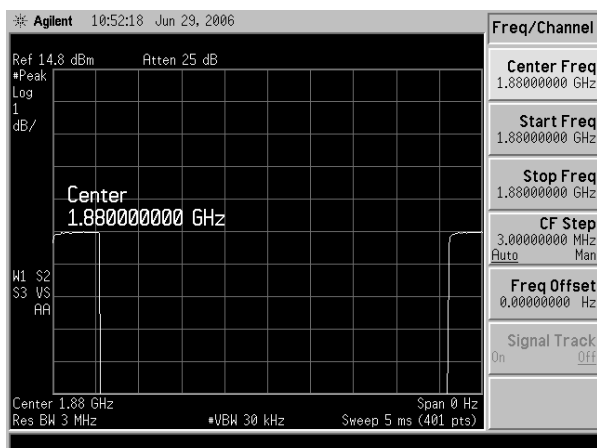
80% AM 1880 MHz



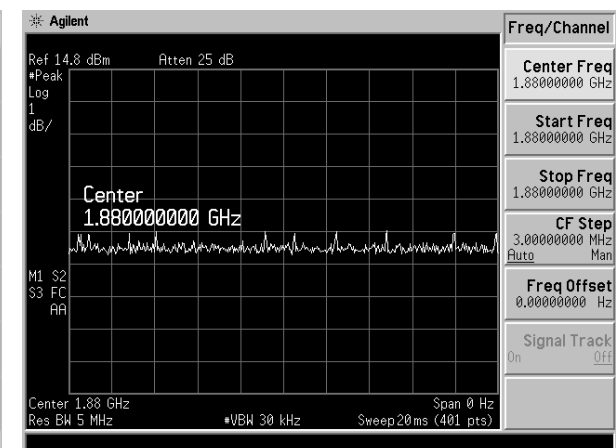
CDMA 1880 MHz (full rate)



CDMA 1880 MHz (1/8 rate)



GSM 1880 MHz



WCDMA 1880 MHz

Appendix 2

HAC distribution plots for Validation

Test Laboratory: Motorola FCC ID : IHDT56JM1

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1103 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - ER probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 171.7 V/m

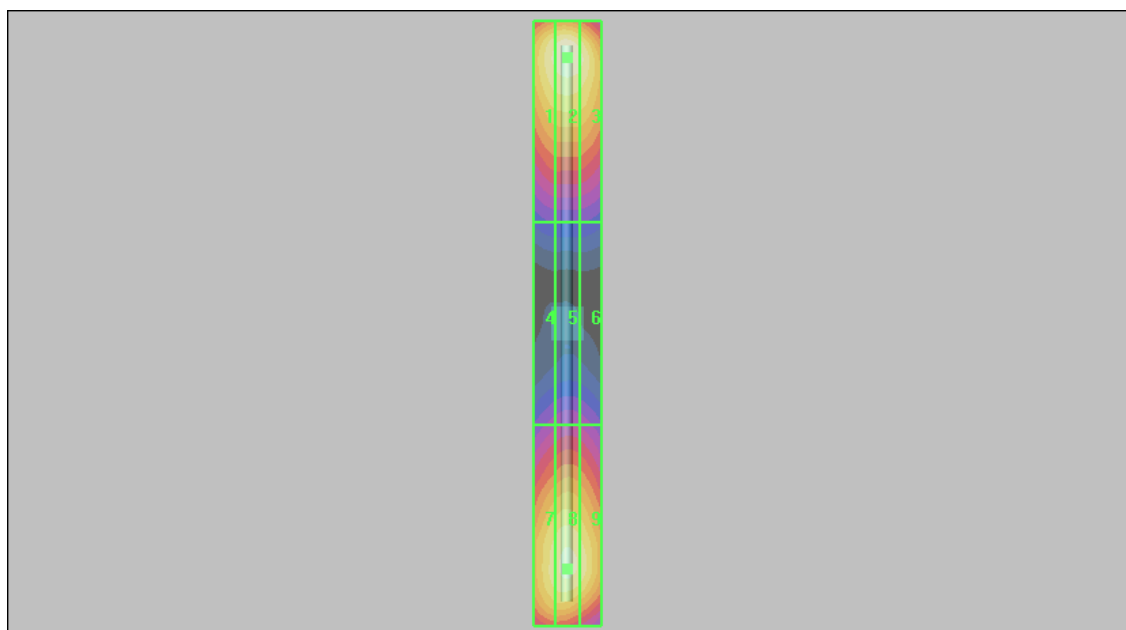
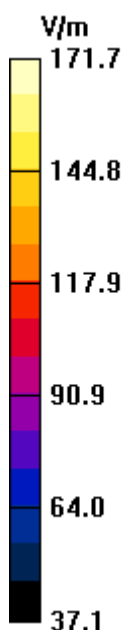
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 126.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.024 dB

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (171.7 + 165.4) / 2 = 168.6 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
166.3	171.7	167.0
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
88.7	92.3	90.2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
160.4	165.4	161.4



Test Laboratory: Motorola FCC ID : IHDT56JM1

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - ER probe center 10mm above CD1880 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(41x181x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 139.1 V/m

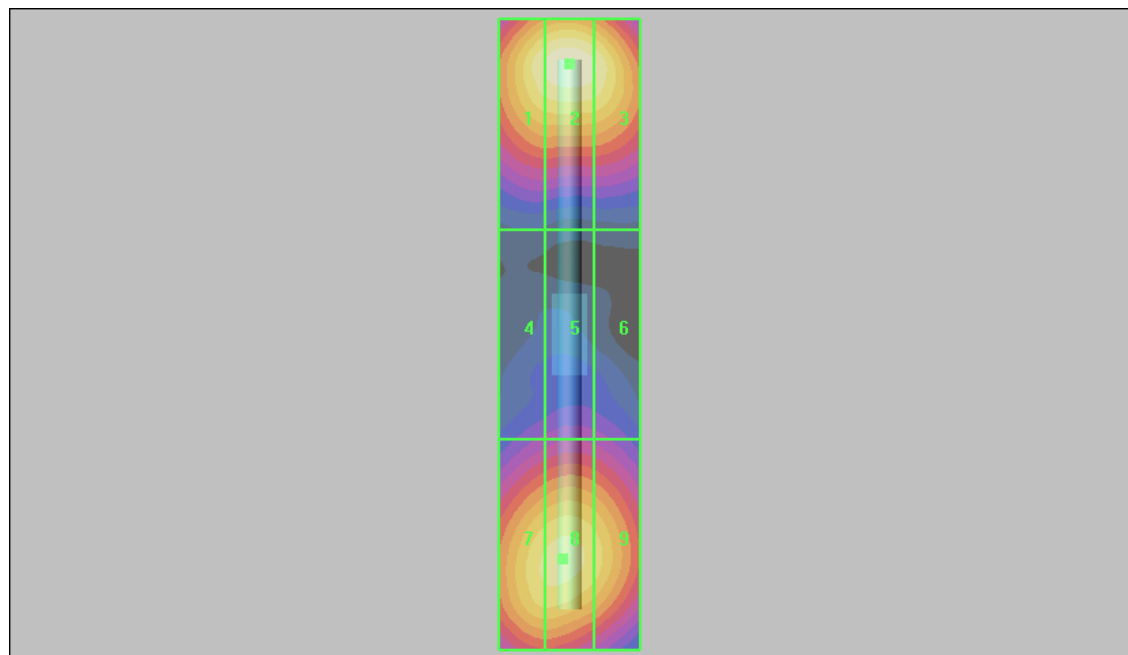
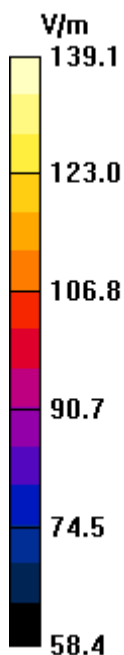
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 130.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.034 dB

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (139.1 + 130.8) / 2 = 135.0 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
134.5	139.1	134.7
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
87.6	91.2	89.2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
129.6	130.8	126.2



Test Laboratory: Motorola FCC : IHDT56JM1

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3;

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1103 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6063; ; Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn656; Calibrated: 07/04/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - H3DV6 probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

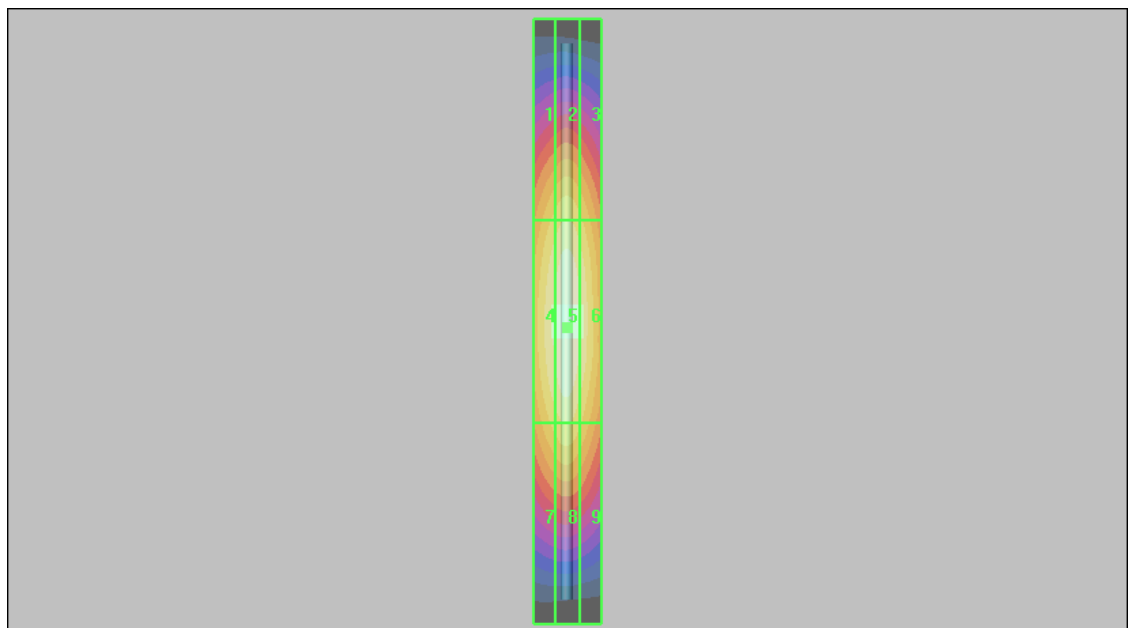
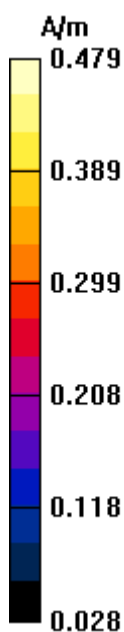
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.479 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.514 A/m; Power Drift = -0.109 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.403	0.421	0.400
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.458	0.479	0.456
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.405	0.421	0.396



Test Laboratory: Motorola FCC ID : IHDT56JM1

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3

Procedure Notes: 1880 MHz HAC Validation / Dipole Sn# 1071 PM1(A) Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6063; ; Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn656; Calibrated: 07/04/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - H3DV6 probe center 10mm above CD1880 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

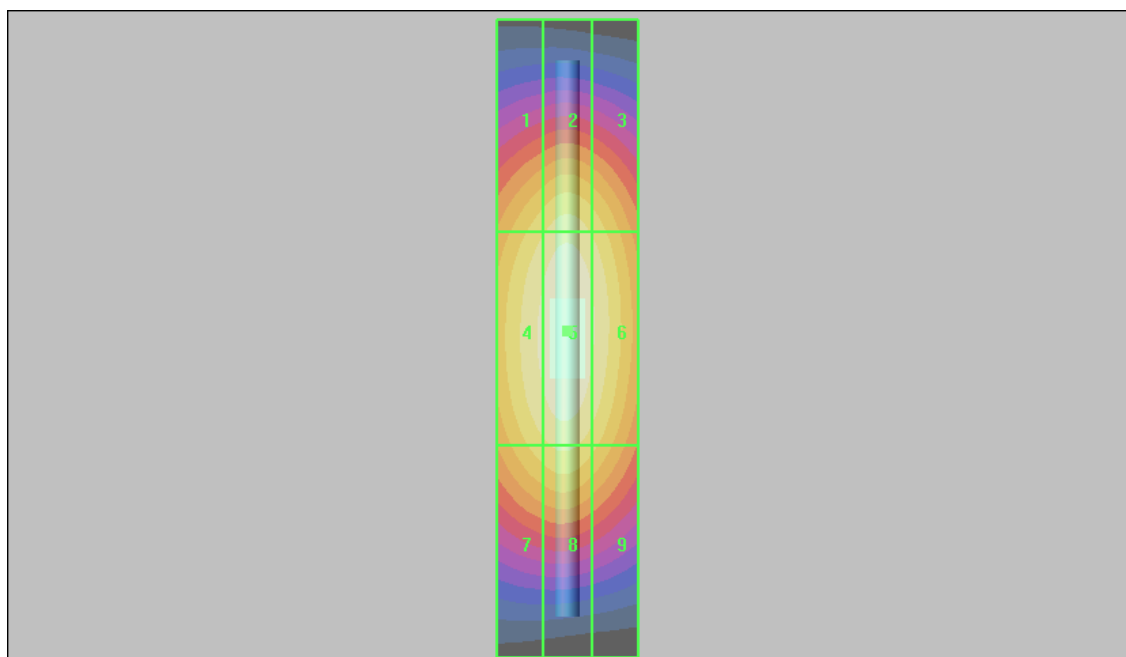
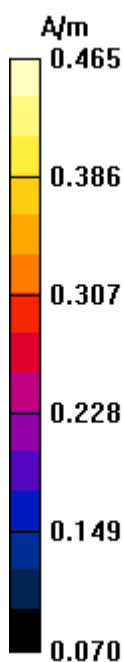
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.465 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.491 A/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.409	0.430	0.409
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.446	0.465	0.443
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.405	0.419	0.395



Appendix 3

HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field

Test Laboratory: Motorola CDMA800 E-Field (1/8 Rate)

Serial: 8014A581 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up (OTA) : Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5804A

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 848.31 MHz; Channel Number: 777; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - ER sensor tip 10mm above WD , Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 110.2 V/m

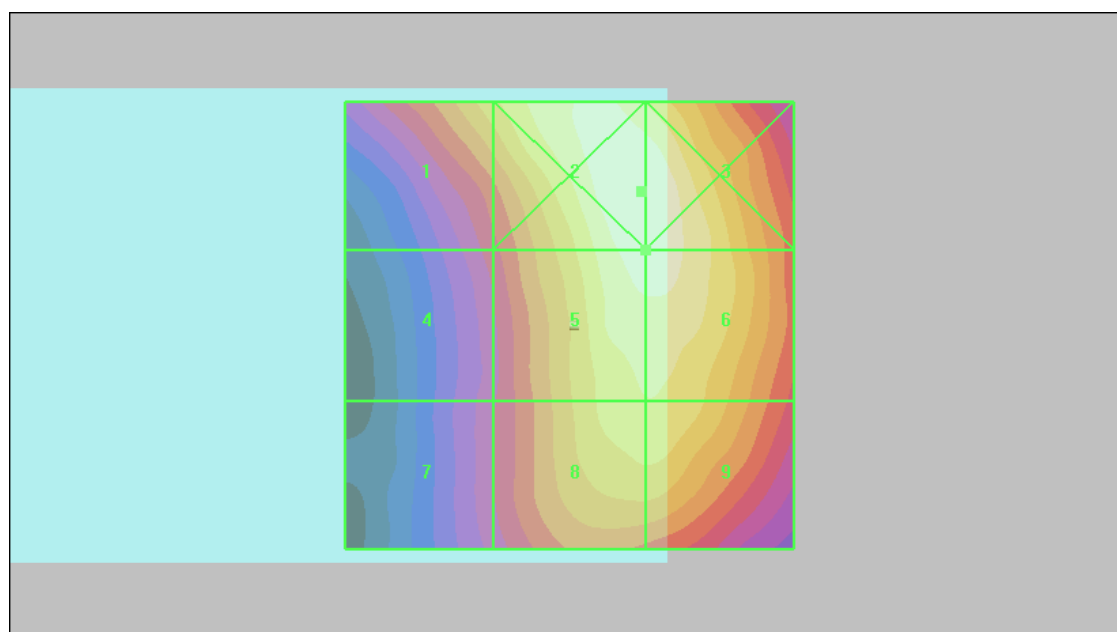
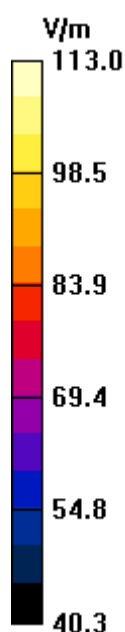
Probe Modulation Factor = 2.74

Reference Value = 35.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.220 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
97.3	113.0	112.9
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
77.6	110.2	110.2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
74.1	103.2	103.2



Test Laboratory: Motorola CDMA1900 E-Field (Full Rate)

Serial: 8014A581 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up (OTA) : Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5804A

Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Channel Number: 1175;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn398; Calibrated: 11/20/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - ER sensor tip 10mm above WD , Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 41.7 V/m

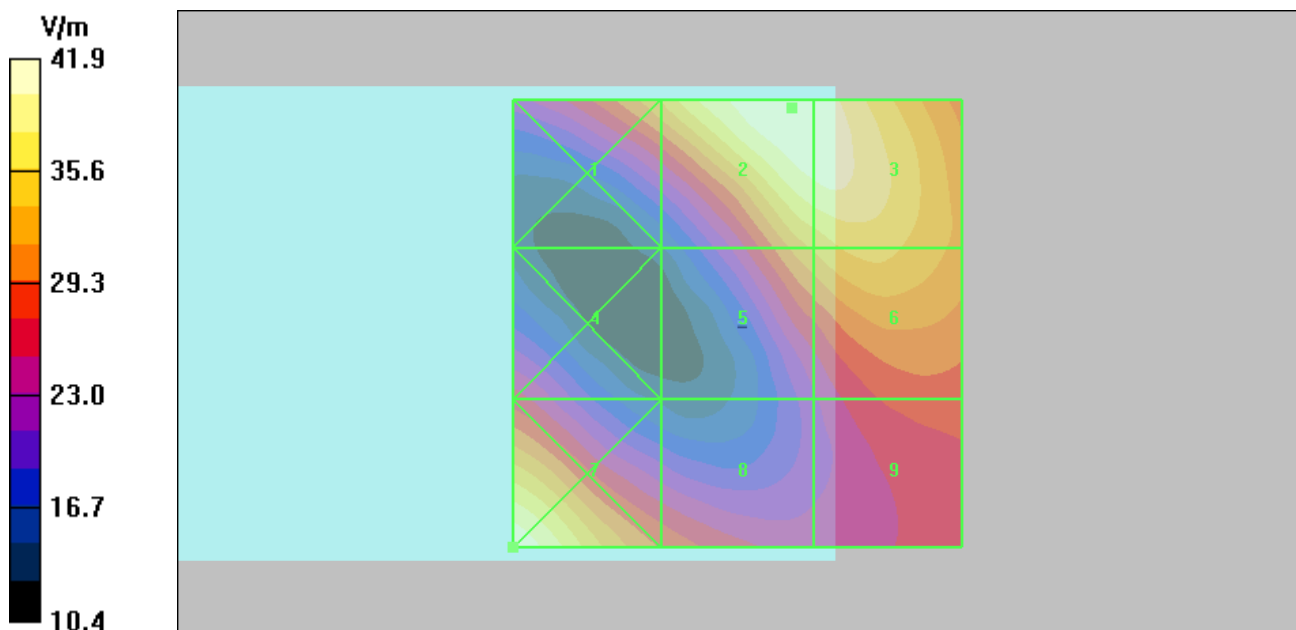
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.08

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.218 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 33.8	Grid 2 41.7	Grid 3 41.5
Grid 4 26.3	Grid 5 33.9	Grid 6 36.4
Grid 7 41.9	Grid 8 29.2	Grid 9 28.3



Test Laboratory: Motorola CDMA800 H-Field (Full Rate)

Serial: 8014A581 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up (OTA) Antenna Position: Internal Battery Model#: SNN5813A

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Channel Number: 384; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6063; ; Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn656; Calibrated: 07/04/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - H3DV6 sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref 2/MID CH, Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

(101x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.168 A/m

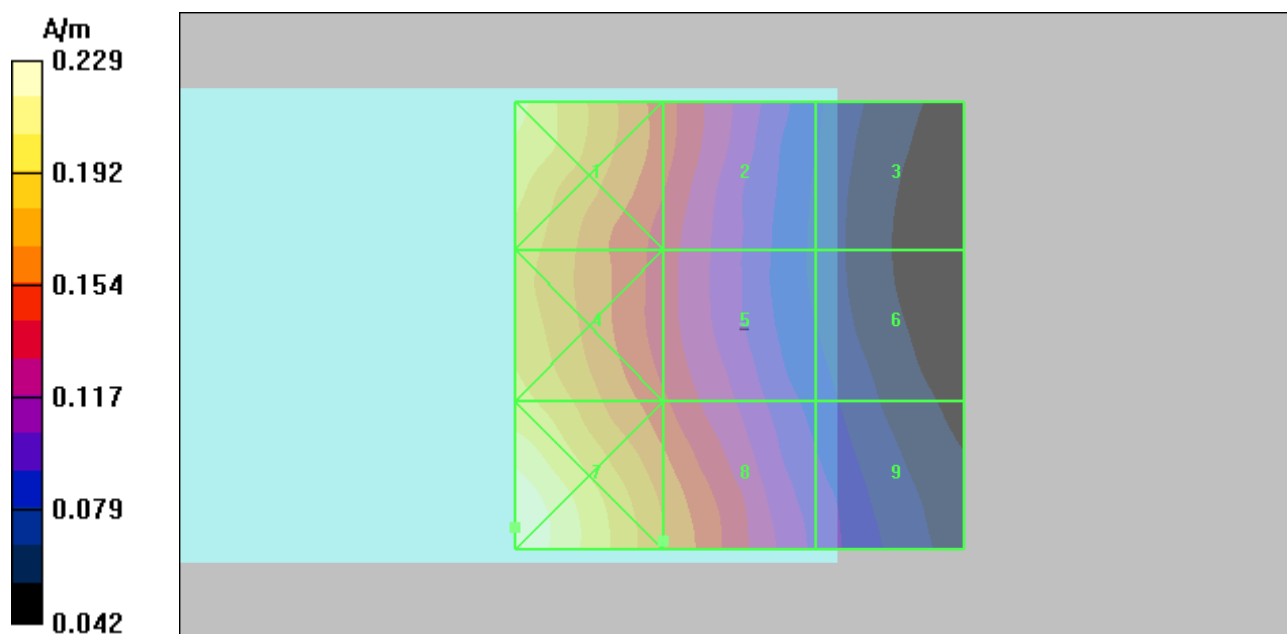
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.03

Reference Value = 0.104 A/m; Power Drift = 0.026 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.210	Grid 2 0.148	Grid 3 0.083
Grid 4 0.197	Grid 5 0.145	Grid 6 0.088
Grid 7 0.229	Grid 8 0.168	Grid 9 0.102



Test Laboratory: Motorola CDMA1900 H-Field (Full Rate)

Serial: 8014A581 ;

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up (OTA) : Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5813A

Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 600; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6063; ; Calibrated: 04/18/2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn656; Calibrated: 07/04/2007
- Phantom: PCS-8, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BB; Serial: 1072;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 55; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - H3DV6 sensor tip 10mm above WD , Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.107 A/m

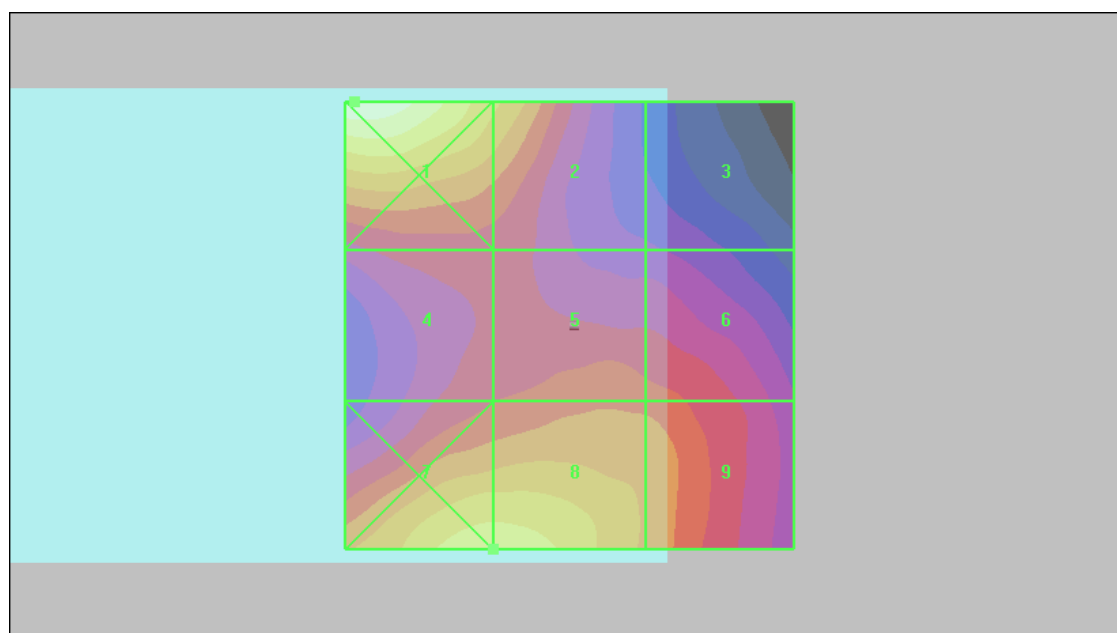
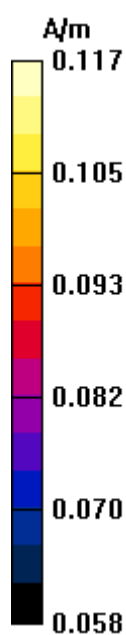
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.03

Reference Value = 0.085 A/m; Power Drift = -0.326 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.117	Grid 2 0.102	Grid 3 0.079
Grid 4 0.090	Grid 5 0.093	Grid 6 0.092
Grid 7 0.107	Grid 8 0.107	Grid 9 0.097



Appendix 4

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

A4.1 Motorola Uncertainty Budget for RF HAC Testing**TABLE A4.1: Motorola Uncertainty Budget**

UNCERTAINTY DESCRIPTION	Uncertainty Value (+/- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) E	(ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							
Probe Calibration	5.1%	N	1.0000	1	1	5.1%	5.1%
Axial Isotropy	7.8%	R	1.7321	1	0.786	4.5%	3.5%
Sensor Displacement	16.5%	R	1.7321	1	0.145	9.5%	1.4%
Boundary Effects	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Linearity	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.7%	2.7%
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.2%	1.2%
System Detection Limit	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
Readout Electronics	0.3%	N	1.0000	1	1	0.3%	0.3%
Response Time	0.8%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.5%	0.5%
Integration Time	2.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.5%	1.5%
RF Reflections	5.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	3.2%	3.2%
Probe Positioner	1.2%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	0.7%	0.5%
Probe Positioning	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	2.7%	1.8%
Extrap. & Interpolation	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
TEST SAMPLE RELATED							
Total Device Positioning	3.2%	R	1.7321	1	1.306	1.8%	2.4%
Device Holder & Phantom	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Power Drift	5.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.9%	2.9%
PHANTOM AND SETUP RELATED							
Phantom Thickness	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	1.4%	0.9%
Combined Std.Uncertainty						13.6%	9.2%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power						27.2%	18.4%

A4.2 Probe Rotation Contributions to Isotropy Error

Probe rotation data was taken “for special focus on spherical isotropicity in measurement uncertainty and perturbation of EM fields.” This data was taken at the interpolated maximum and directly accounted for in the uncertainty budget as “Axial Isotropy.” Thirteen mobile devices were used to determine the probe isotropy uncertainty factors in section A4.1. Based on the resulting 82 E-Field probe rotations and 82 H-Field probe rotations, the upper 95% confidence interval value was calculated for each. These values represent a conservative assessment of the effect of the probe isotropy and have been appropriately included in the respective E- and H-uncertainty budgets.

TABLE A4.2: Probe Rotation Data Summary

	AVE	ST.DEV	Sample Size (n)	2 σ	(ci)	Standard Uncertainty
E-field	4.4%	1.7%	82	7.8%	1	4.5%
H-field	3.8%	1.2%	82	6.1%	0.786	3.5%

Isotropy error measurements were taken for 13 products across the respective frequency bands. The +2 σ values of all measurements was used as a worst case value for the uncertainty budget. Any significant differences between bands were also evaluated.

Appendix 5

Pictures of Test Setup

Please refer to 7A-1

Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificates



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **ER3-2247_Apr07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ER3DV6R - SN:2247**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-02.v5**
Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date: **April 18, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	2-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN: 907	20-Jul-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-907_Jul06)	Jul-07
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: April 21, 2007

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 90$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- **NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- **DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- **Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- **Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- **Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2247

Manufactured:	February 1, 2000
Last calibrated:	April 28, 2006
Recalibrated:	April 18, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2247Sensitivity in Free Space [$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$]Diode Compression^A

NormX	1.75 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)
NormY	1.50 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)
NormZ	1.47 $\pm$ 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP X	97 mV
DCP Y	97 mV
DCP Z	96 mV

Frequency Correction

X	0.0
Y	0.0
Z	0.0

Sensor Offset

(Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	2.5 mm
Y	2.5 mm
Z	2.5 mm

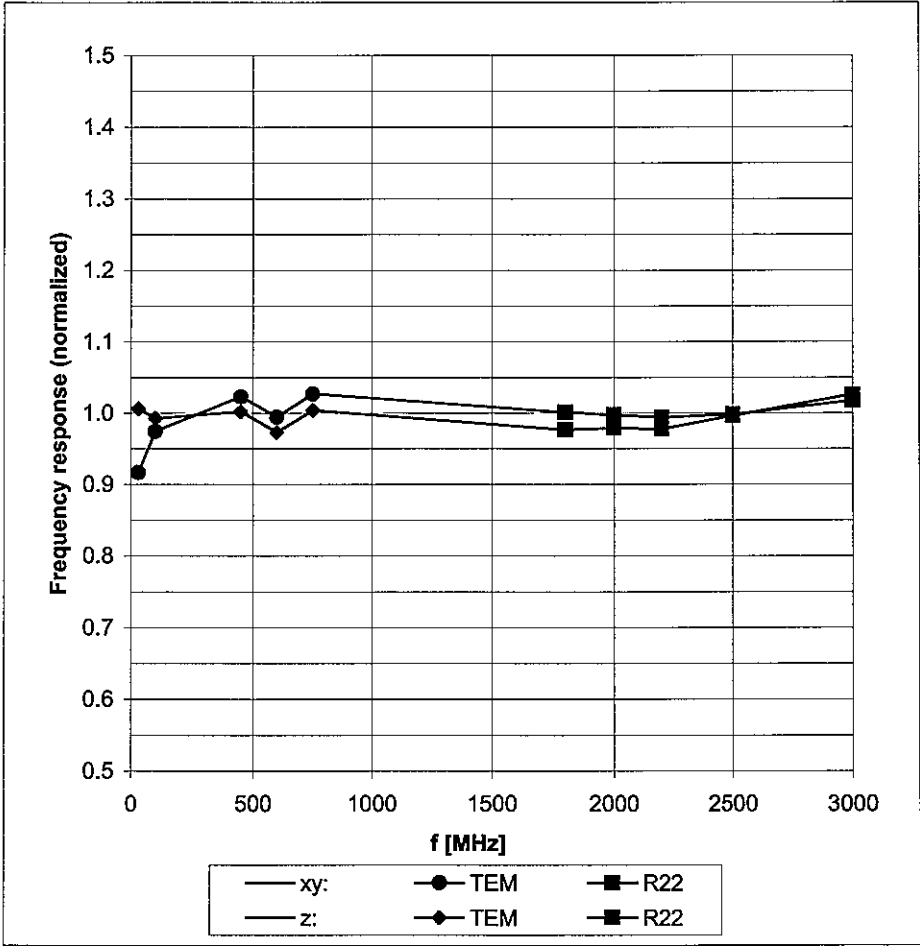
Connector Angle

-146 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

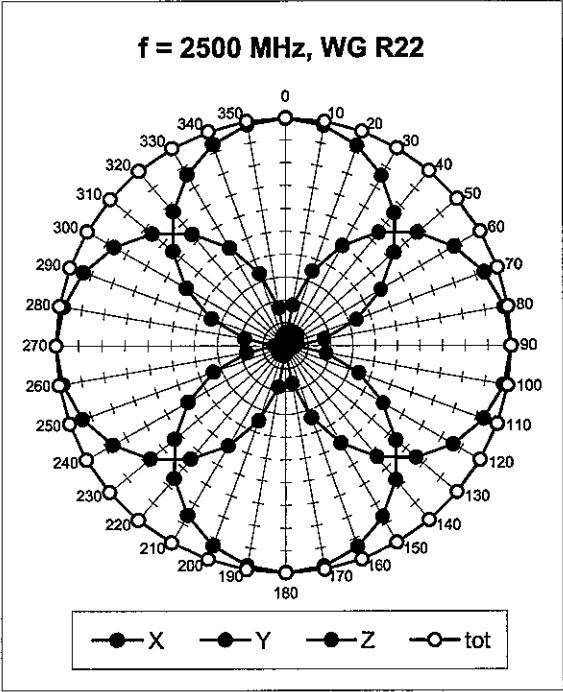
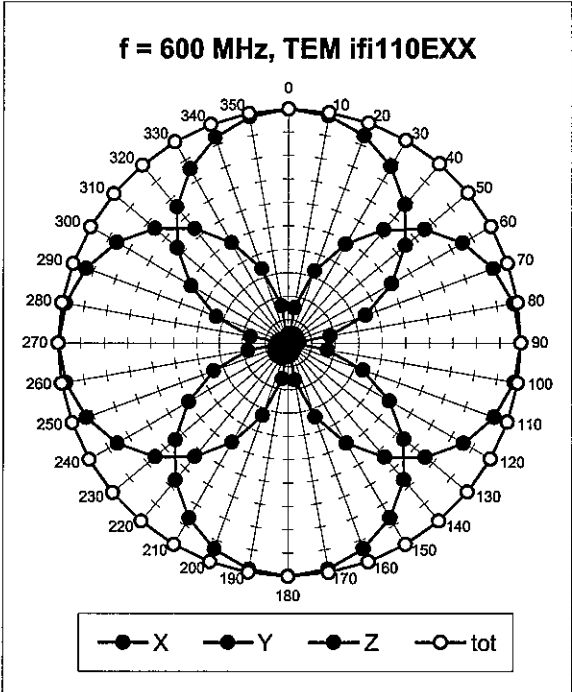
^A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)

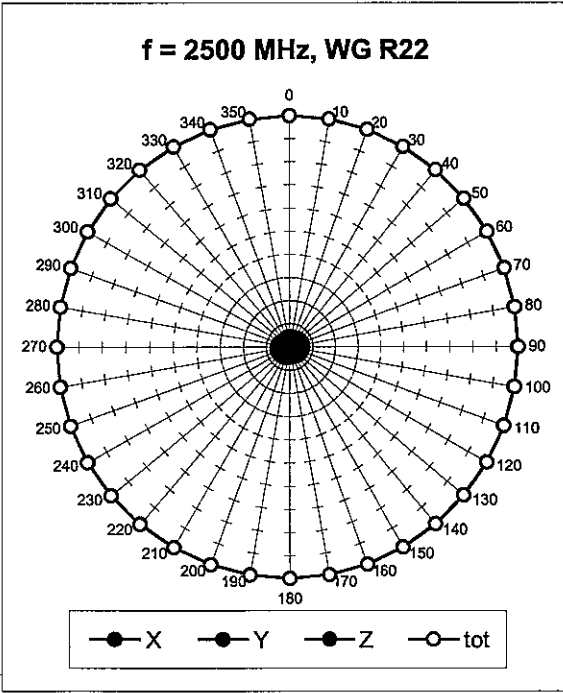
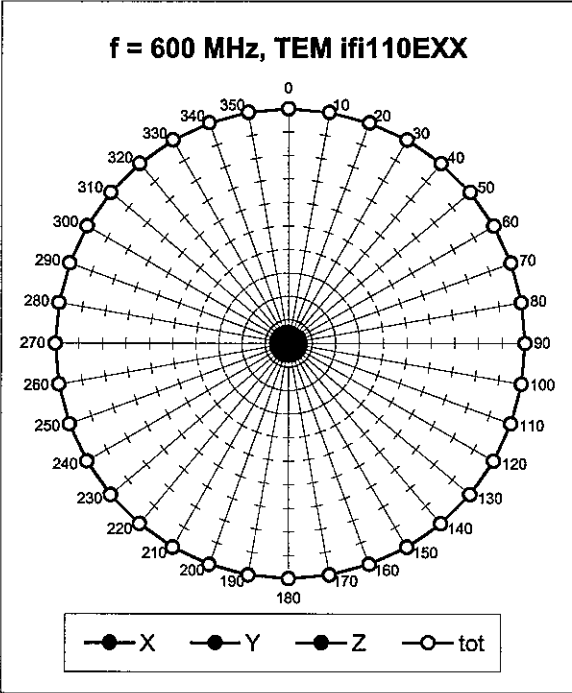


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

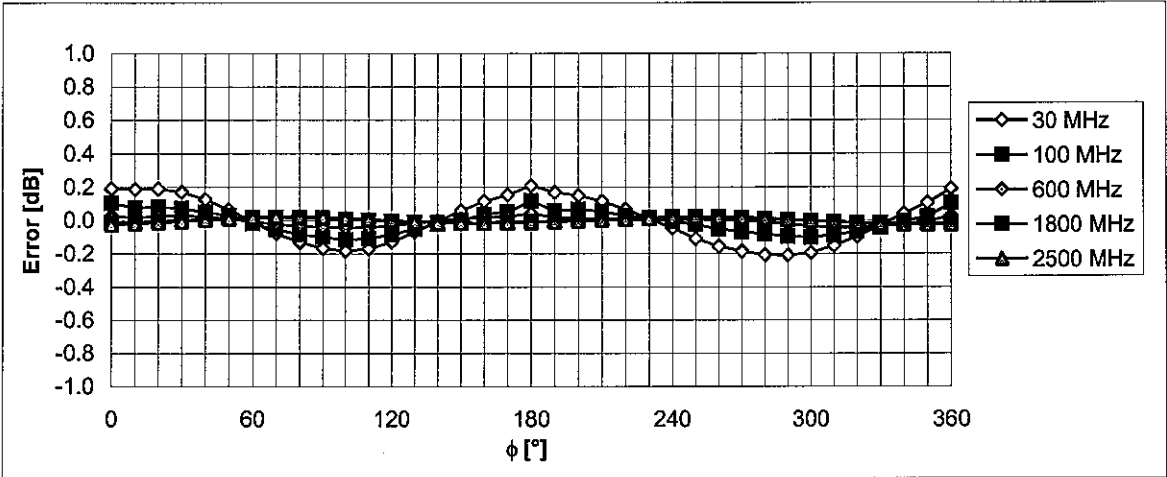
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$

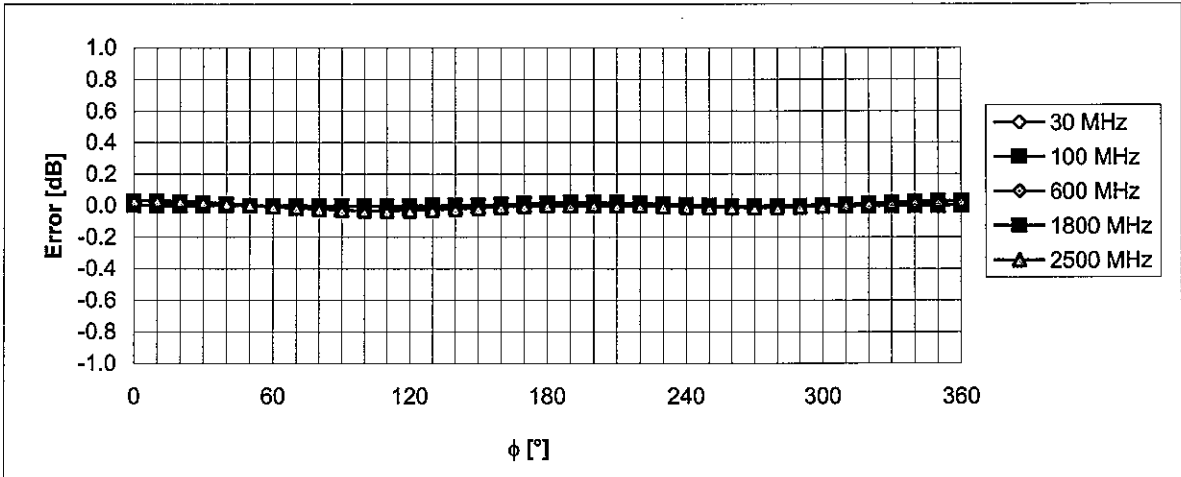


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

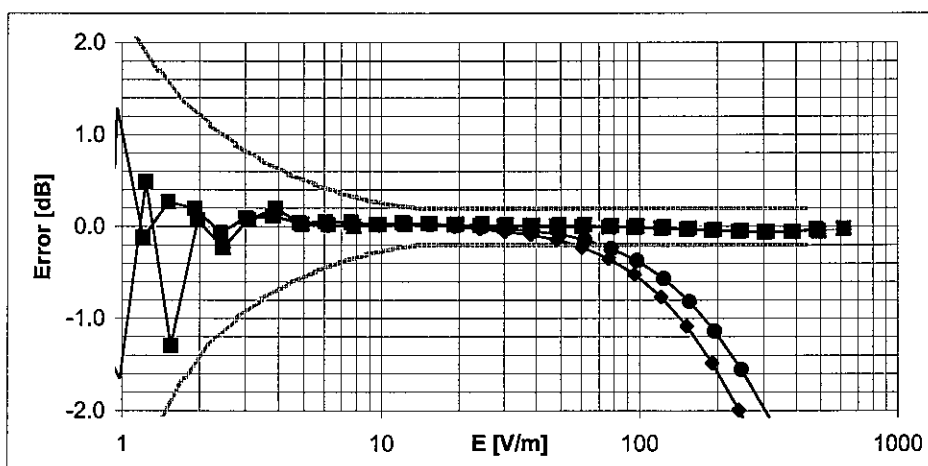
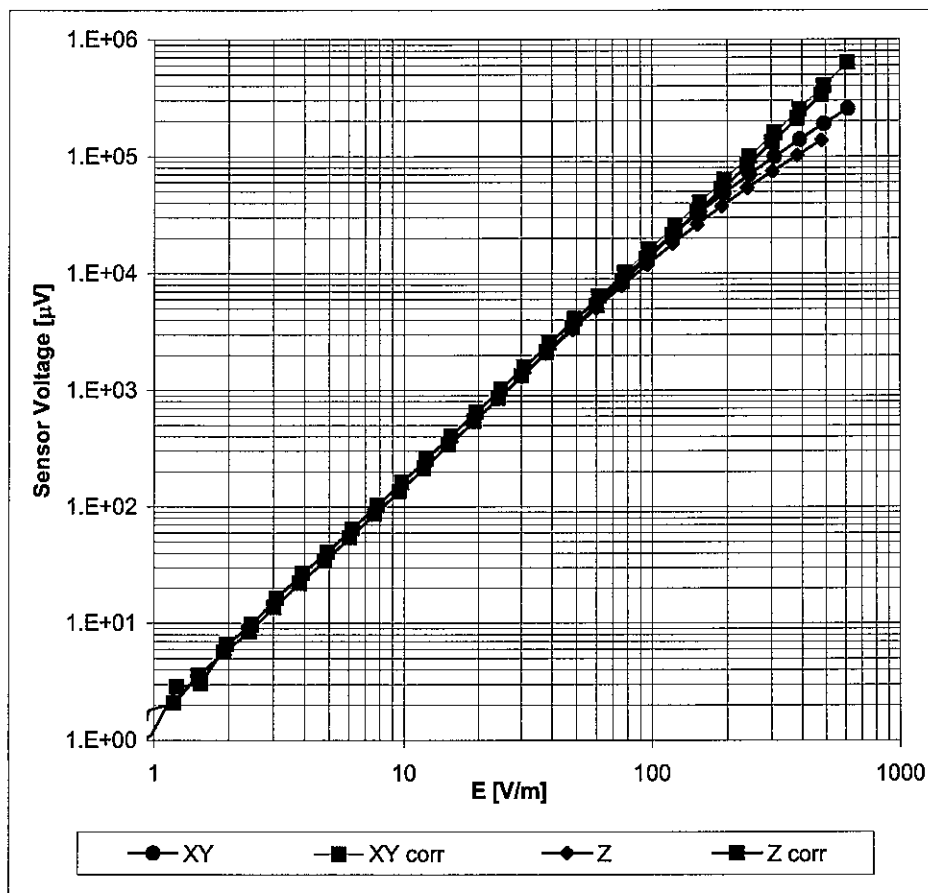
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(E-field)

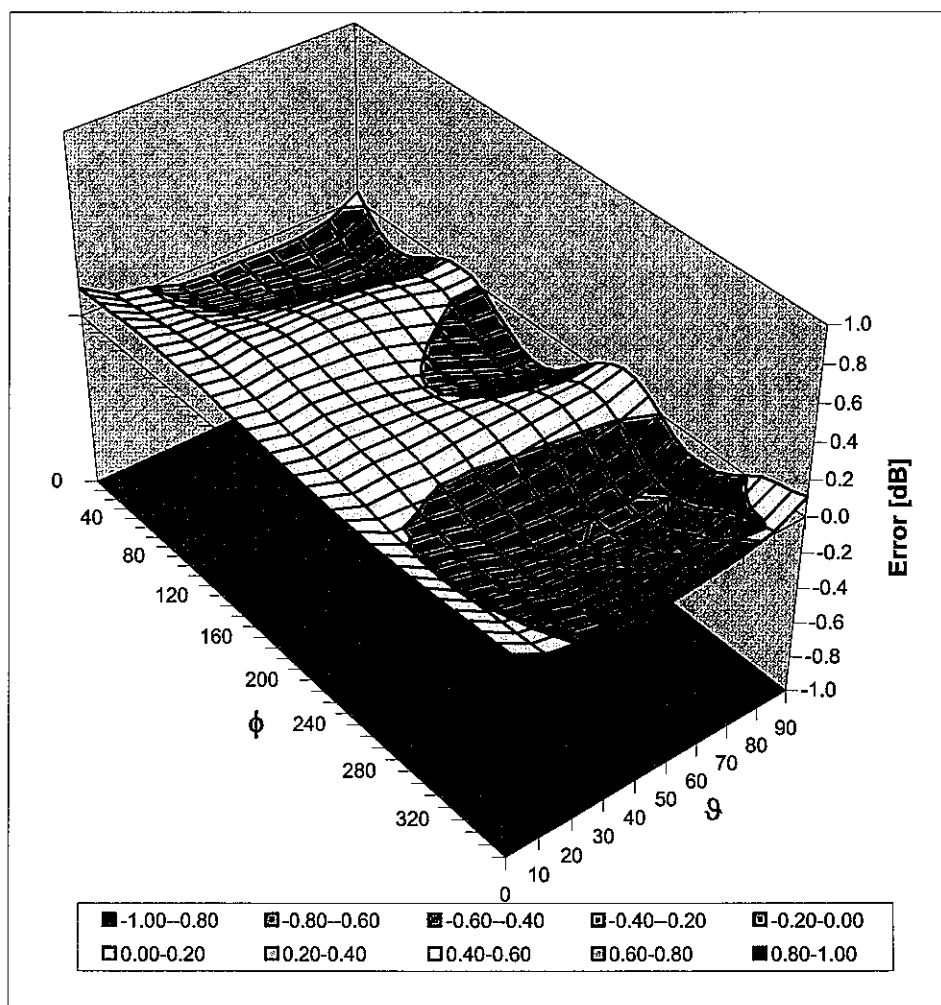
(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: **H3-6063_Apr07**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **H3DV6 - SN:6063**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-03.v5**
Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

Calibration date: **April 18, 2007**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	2-Oct-06 (SPEAG, No. H3-6182_Oct06)	Oct-07
DAE4	SN: 907	20-Jul-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-907_Jul06)	Jul-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: April 21, 2007

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2} : Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 90$ for XY sensors and $\vartheta = 0$ for Z sensor ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide).
- $X, Y, Z(f)_{a0a1a2} = X, Y, Z_{a0a1a2} \cdot \text{frequency_response}$ (see Frequency Response Chart).
- $DCP_{x,y,z}$: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X_{a0a1a2} (no uncertainty required).

Probe H3DV6

SN:6063

Manufactured:	October 19, 1999
Last calibrated:	May 31, 2006
Recalibrated:	April 18, 2007

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6063Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{\mu\text{V}}$]

	a0	a1	a2
X	2.689E-03	-5.143E-5	1.647E-5 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)
Y	2.644E-03	-2.082E-4	9.725E-5 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)
Z	2.985E-03	-2.641E-4	4.096E-6 $\pm$ 5.1 % (k=2)

Diode Compression¹

DCP X	85 mV
DCP Y	85 mV
DCP Z	85 mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X	3.0 mm
Y	3.0 mm
Z	3.0 mm

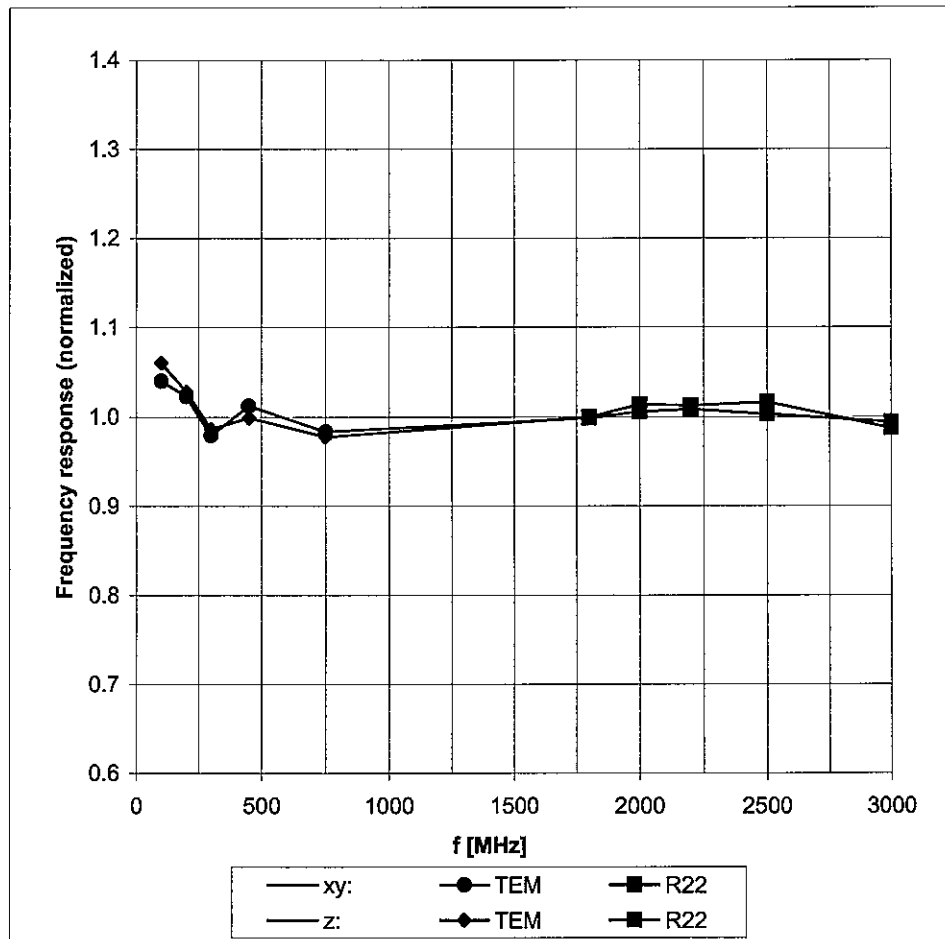
Connector Angle -95 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

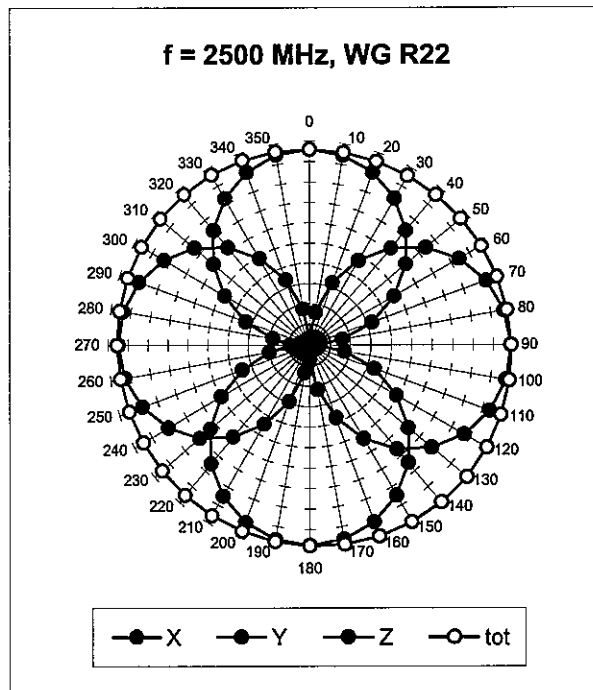
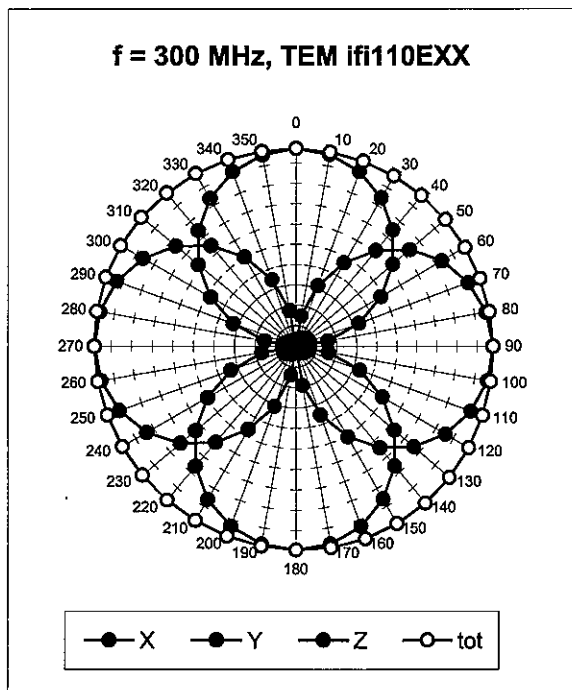
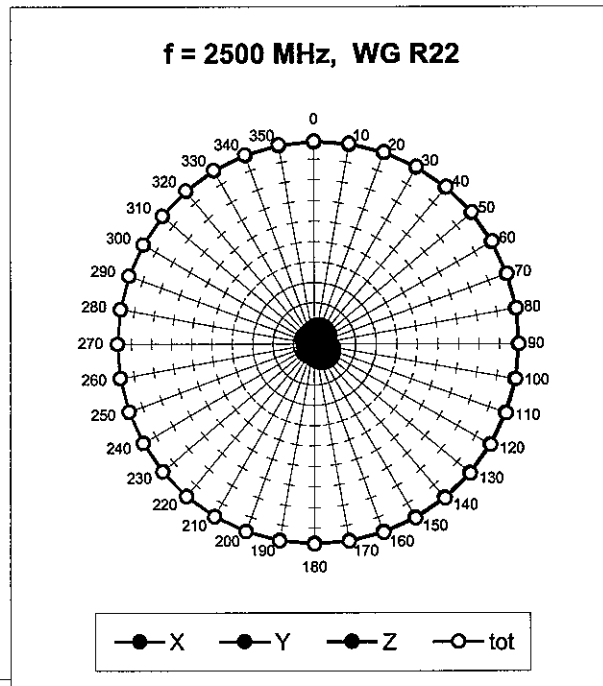
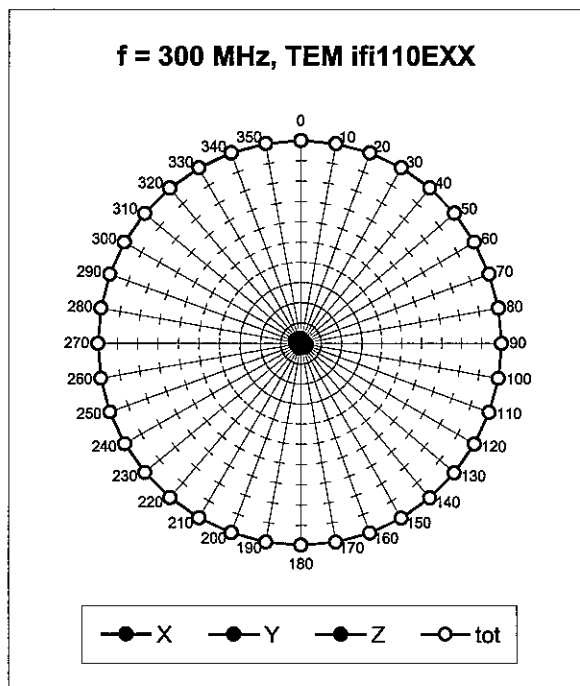
¹ numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

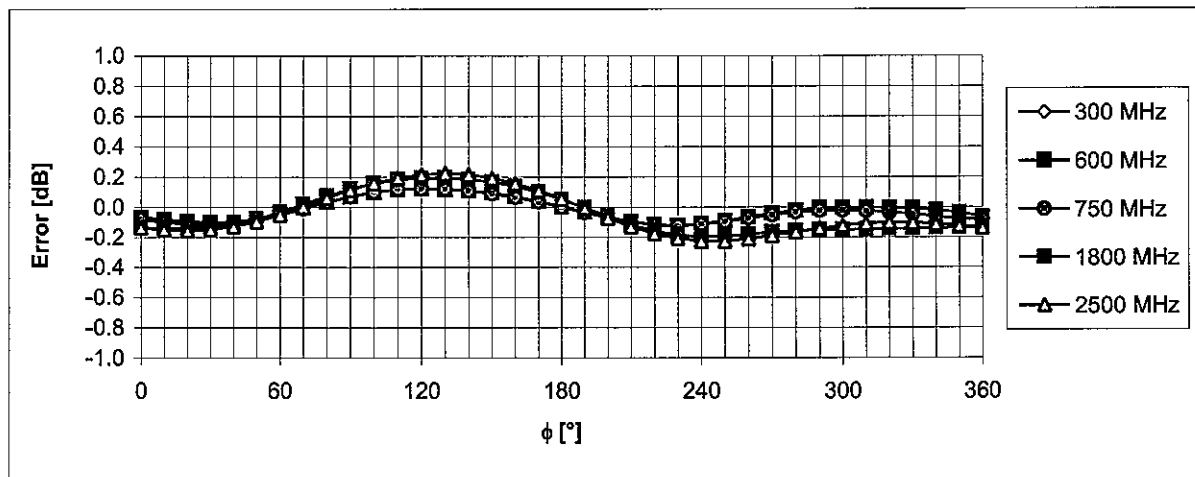
Frequency Response of H-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)

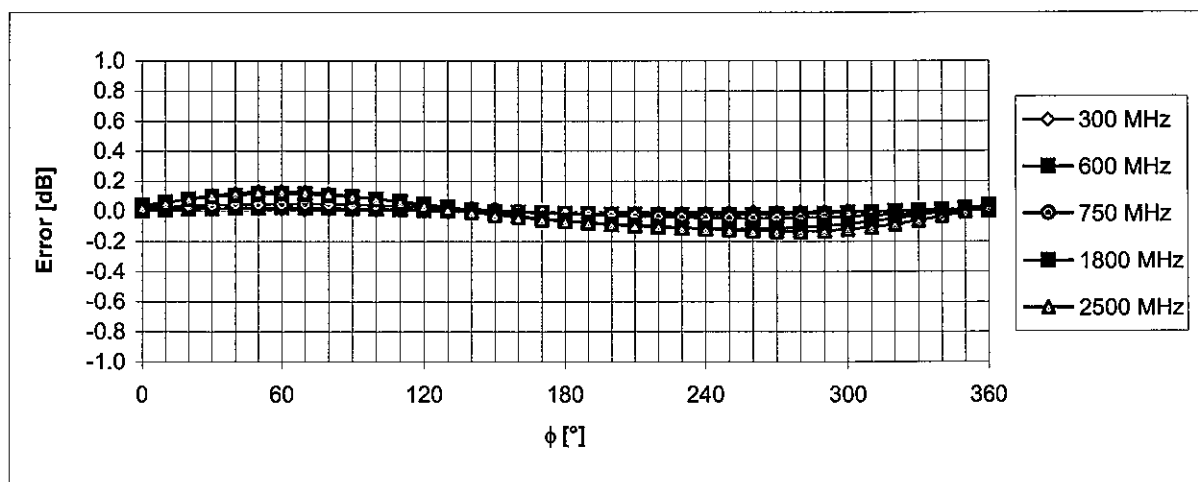


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$ Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ 

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^\circ$ 

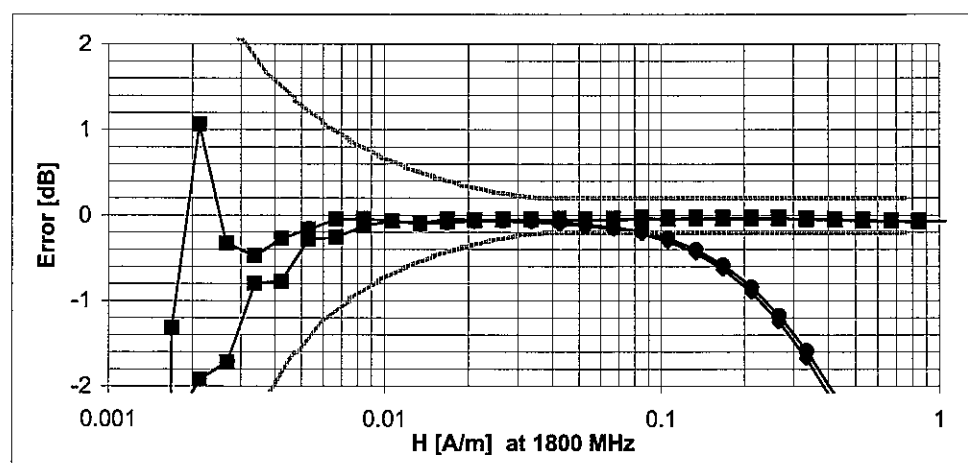
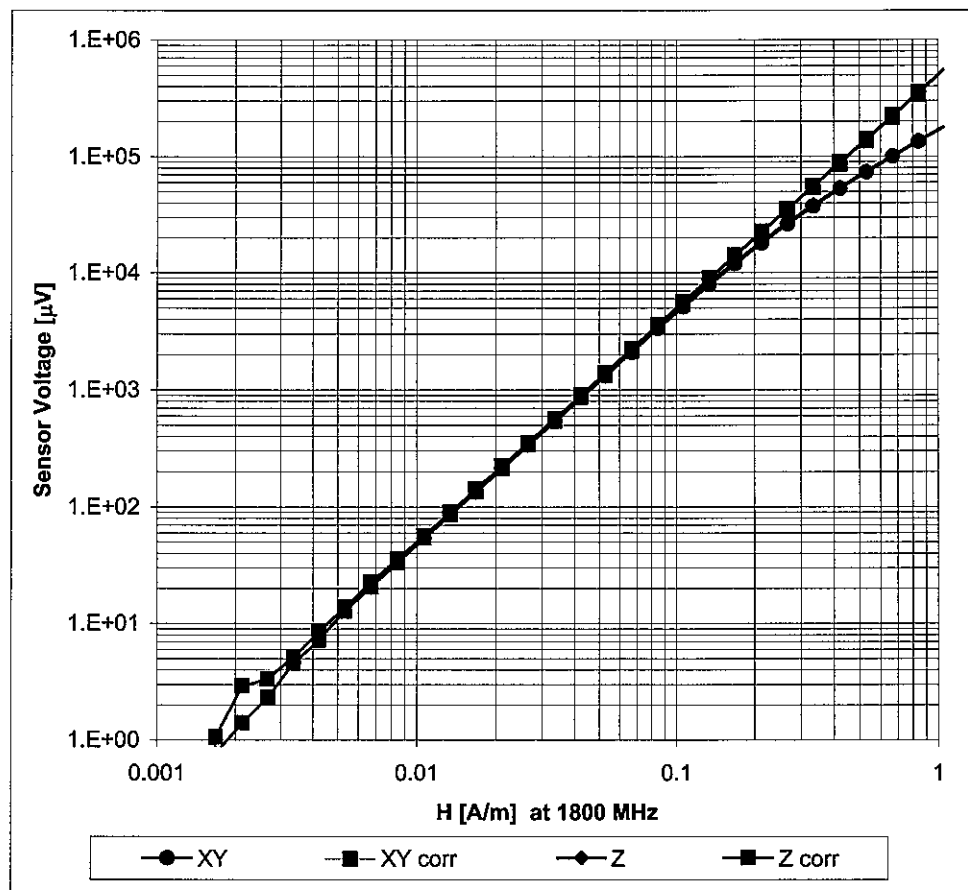
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$ 

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range f(H-field)

(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800$ MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No: **CD1880V3-1071_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD1880V3 - SN: 1071

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v4
Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date:

January 22, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065_Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

Calibrated by:

Name: **Claudio Leubler** Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by:

Name: **Fin Bornholt** Technical Director

Issued: January 29, 2008

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1880 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.467 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	139.1 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	139.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1710 MHz	19.0 dB	(49.7 + j11.2) Ohm
1880 MHz	22.5 dB	(51.0 + j7.6) Ohm
1900 MHz	21.9 dB	(53.7 + j7.5) Ohm
1950 MHz	32.4 dB	(52.4 – j0.0) Ohm
2000 MHz	20.8 dB	(42.0 + j2.8) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

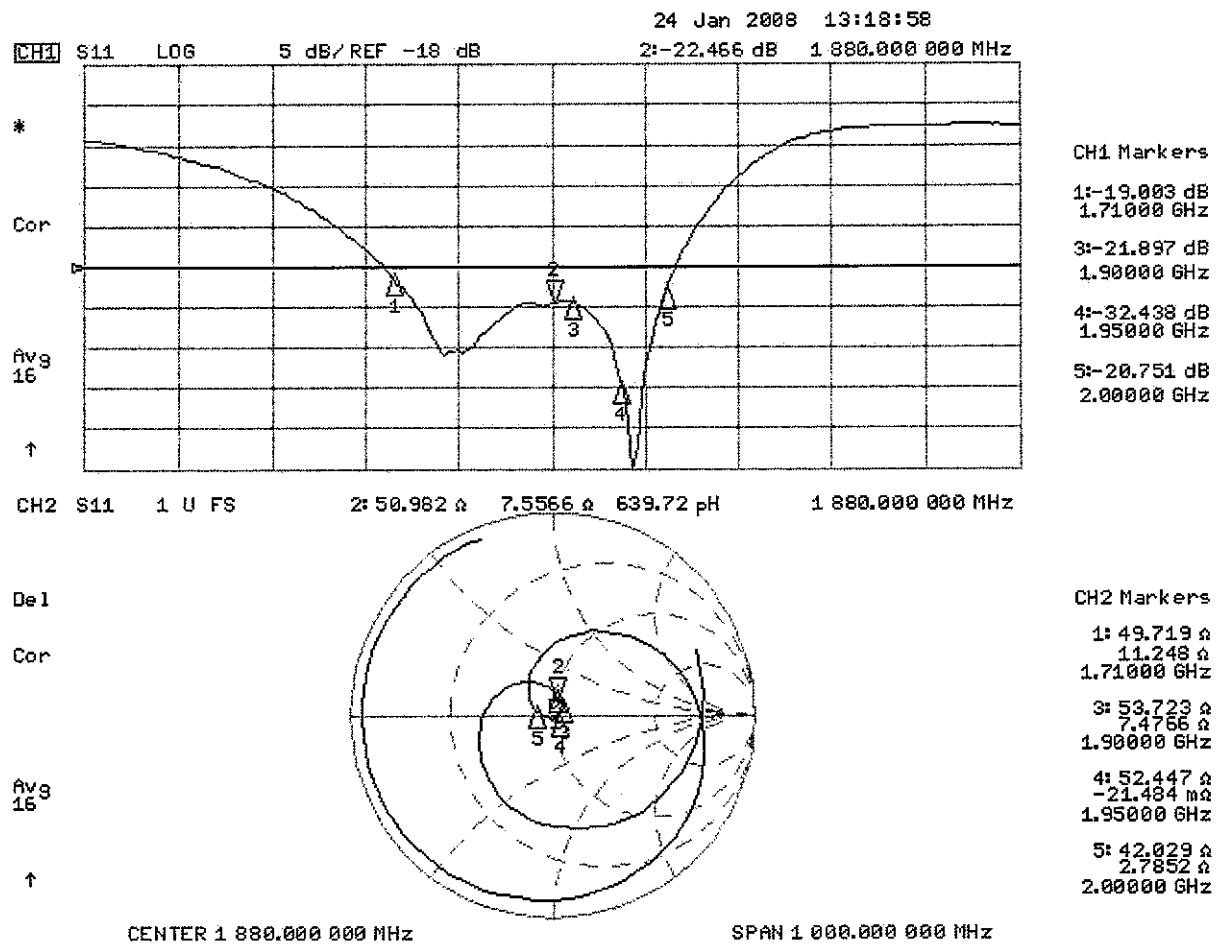
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 12:49:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.467 A/m

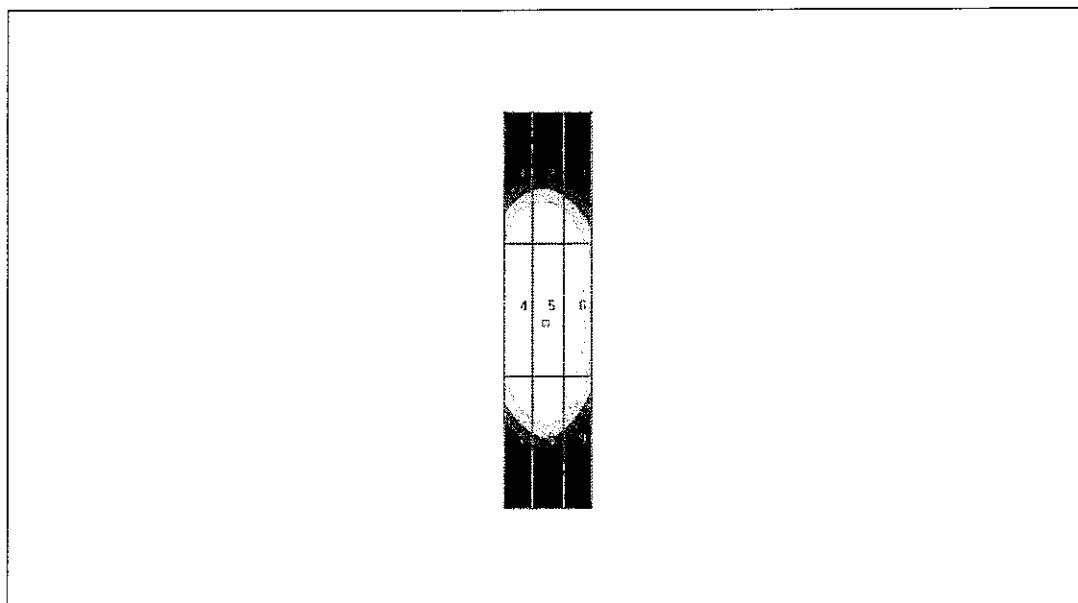
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.493 A/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.408 M2	Grid 2 0.421 M2	Grid 3 0.394 M2
Grid 4 0.450 M2	Grid 5 0.467 M2	Grid 6 0.439 M2
Grid 7 0.414 M2	Grid 8 0.434 M2	Grid 9 0.405 M2



0 dB = 0.467A/m

3.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 22.01.2008 13:59:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD1880_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 139.2 V/m

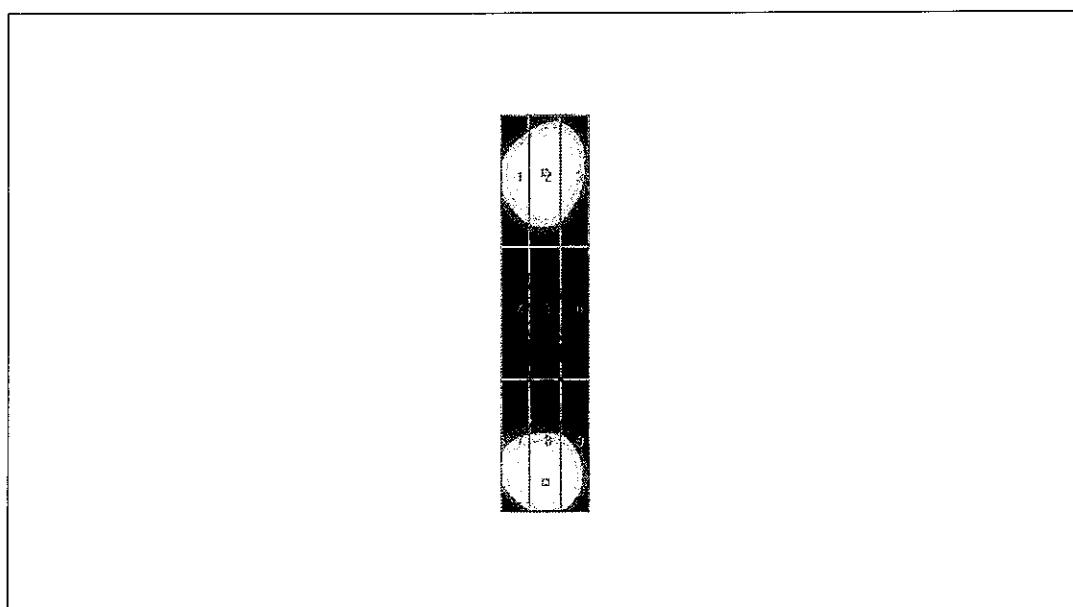
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 157.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 134.6 M2	Grid 2 139.1 M2	Grid 3 135.0 M2
Grid 4 91.4 M3	Grid 5 93.6 M3	Grid 6 89.4 M3
Grid 7 133.5 M2	Grid 8 139.2 M2	Grid 9 133.4 M2



0 dB = 139.2V/m

4 Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 90 mm
Frequency	1730 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.489 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	150.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	148.0 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	149.3 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.3.1 DASY4 H-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:39:10

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD1730_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.489 A/m

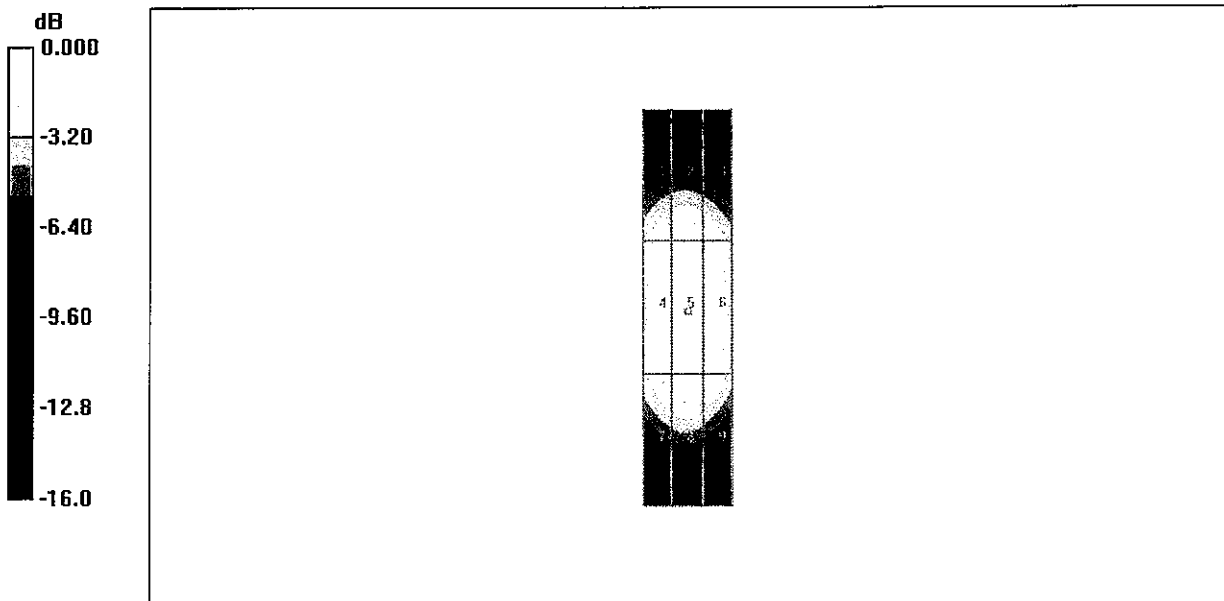
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.520 A/m; Power Drift = -0.003 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.405 M2	Grid 2 0.423 M2	Grid 3 0.400 M2
Grid 4 0.465 M2	Grid 5 0.489 M2	Grid 6 0.464 M2
Grid 7 0.416 M2	Grid 8 0.439 M2	Grid 9 0.414 M2



0 dB = 0.489A/m

4.3.2 DASY4 E-Field Result

Date/Time: 24.01.2008 11:20:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD1730_1071_080122

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: 1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1730 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD1880V3 Dipole 2/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 150.5 V/m

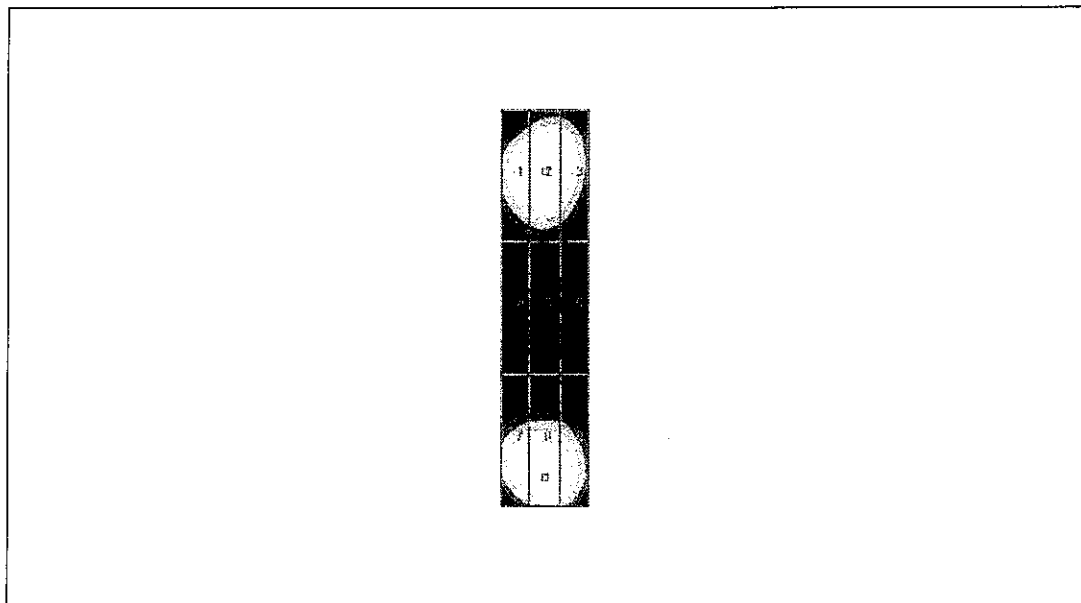
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 170.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 143.6 M2	Grid 2 148.0 M2	Grid 3 143.1 M2
Grid 4 103.5 M3	Grid 5 106.0 M3	Grid 6 101.5 M3
Grid 7 143.3 M2	Grid 8 150.5 M2	Grid 9 145.1 M2



0 dB = 150.5V/m



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola Korea**

Certificate No.: **CD835V3-1103_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1103

Calibration procedure(s)

**QA CAL-20-v4
 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air**

Calibration date:

January 21, 2008

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-07 (METAS, No. 217-00736)	Oct-08
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec07)	Dec-08
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-07 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065_-Dec07)	Dec-08
DAE4	SN: 781	2-Oct-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-781_Oct07)	Oct-08
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB42420191	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482A	US37295597	11-May-05 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Power sensor HP 8482H	3318A09450	08-Jan-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct -07)	In house check: Nov-08
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09
RF generator E4433B	MY 41310391	22-Nov-04 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Nov-09

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** Function: **Laboratory Technician** Signature:

Approved by: **Fin Bomholt** Technical Director

Issued: January 29, 2008

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

References

- [1] ANSI-C63.19-2006
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- **Coordinate System:** y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- **Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- **Antenna Positioning:** The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- **Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- **E-field distribution:** E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- **H-field distribution:** H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the feed point.

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.443 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end-	100 mW forward power	159.5 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	158.5 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	159.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.8 dB	(42.1 – j12.9) Ohm
835 MHz	26.0 dB	(49.3 + j4.9) Ohm
900 MHz	17.3 dB	(54.6 – j13.7) Ohm
950 MHz	19.1 dB	(45.3 + j9.6) Ohm
960 MHz	15.2 dB	(53.7 + j17.9) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

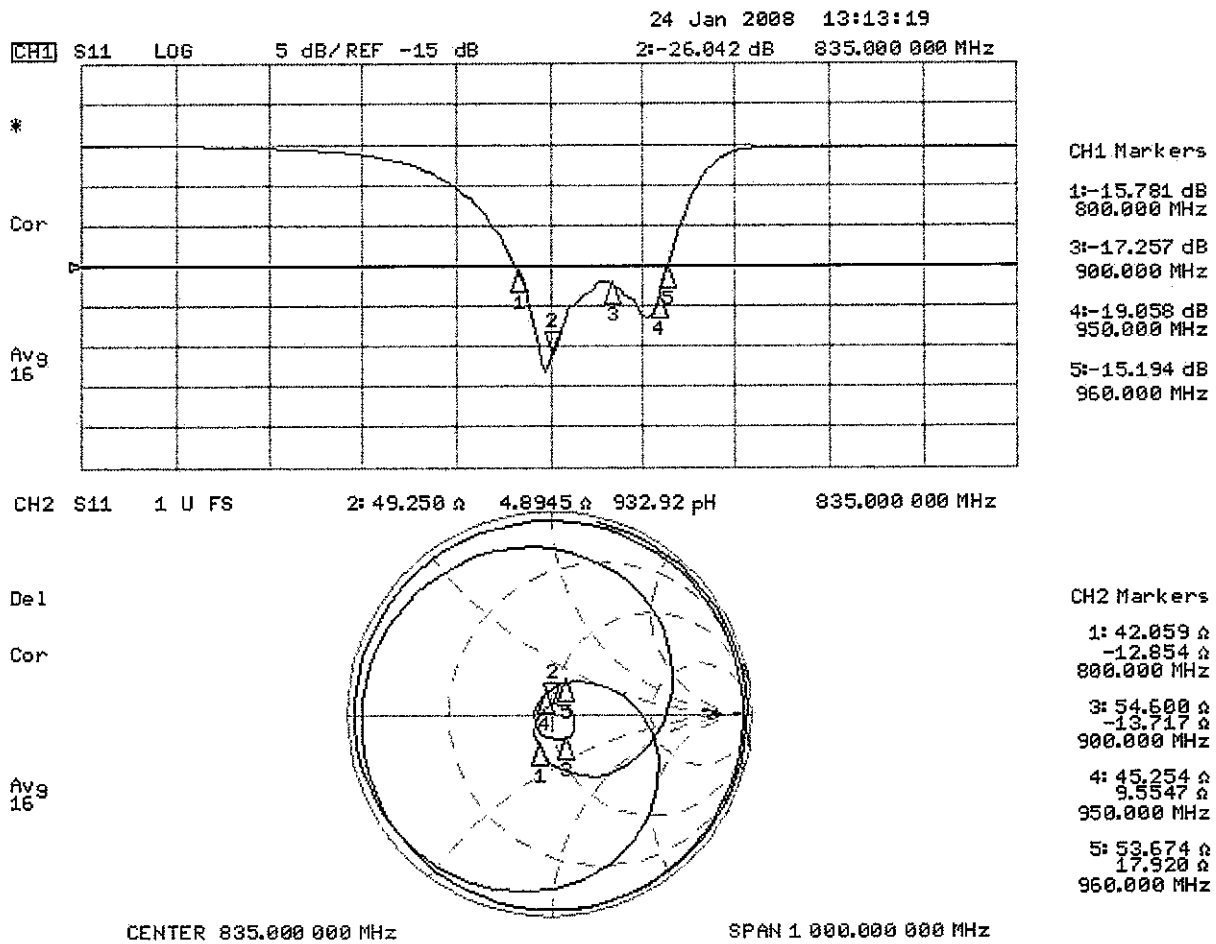
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:40:51

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.443 A/m

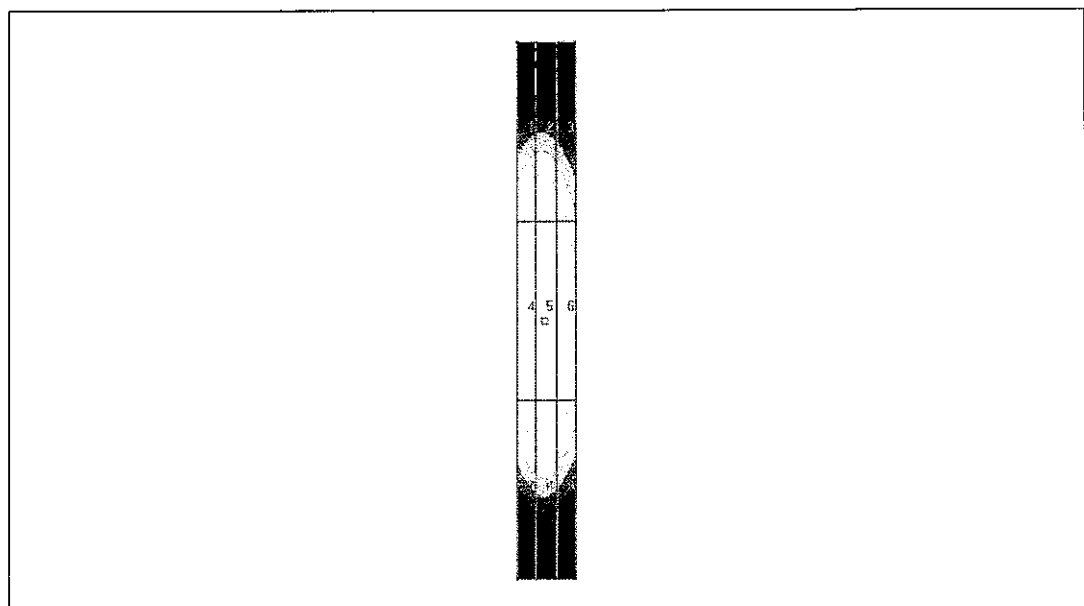
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.471 A/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.377 M4	Grid 2 0.387 M4	Grid 3 0.354 M4
Grid 4 0.426 M4	Grid 5 0.443 M4	Grid 6 0.411 M4
Grid 7 0.381 M4	Grid 8 0.398 M4	Grid 9 0.369 M4



0 dB = 0.443A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 15:42:00

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 159.5 V/m

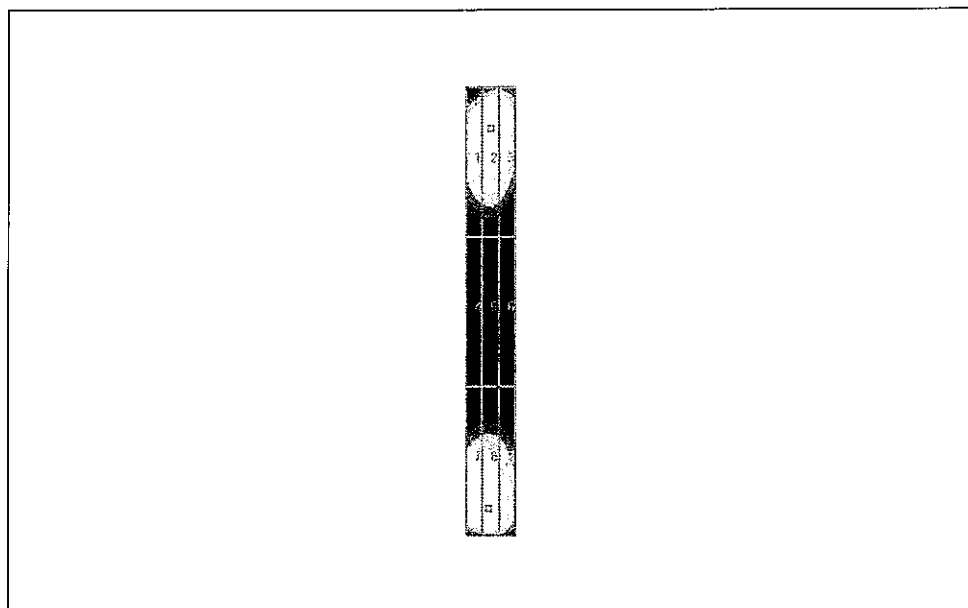
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 103.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 154.8 M4	Grid 2 159.5 M4	Grid 3 155.7 M4
Grid 4 84.0 M4	Grid 5 85.8 M4	Grid 6 82.8 M4
Grid 7 155.5 M4	Grid 8 158.5 M4	Grid 9 149.9 M4



0 dB = 159.5V/m

4. Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	813 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.1.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.454 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	165.3 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	162.6 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	164.0 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.1.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 12:56:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 813 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.454 A/m

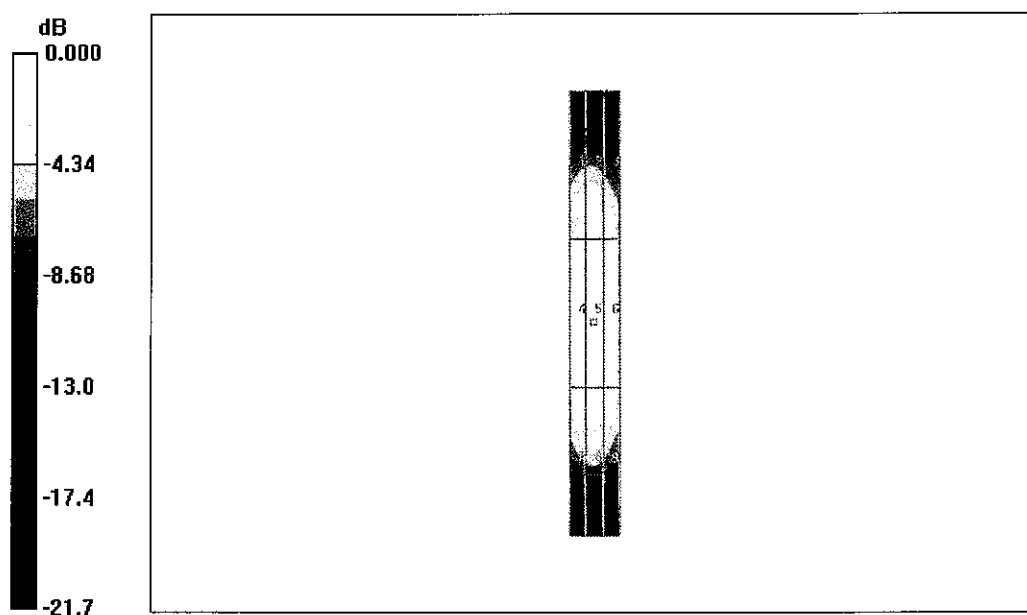
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.482 A/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.387 M4	Grid 2 0.397 M4	Grid 3 0.362 M4
Grid 4 0.436 M4	Grid 5 0.454 M4	Grid 6 0.421 M4
Grid 7 0.388 M4	Grid 8 0.405 M4	Grid 9 0.375 M4



0 dB = 0.454A/m

4.1.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 16:01:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 813 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 165.3 V/m

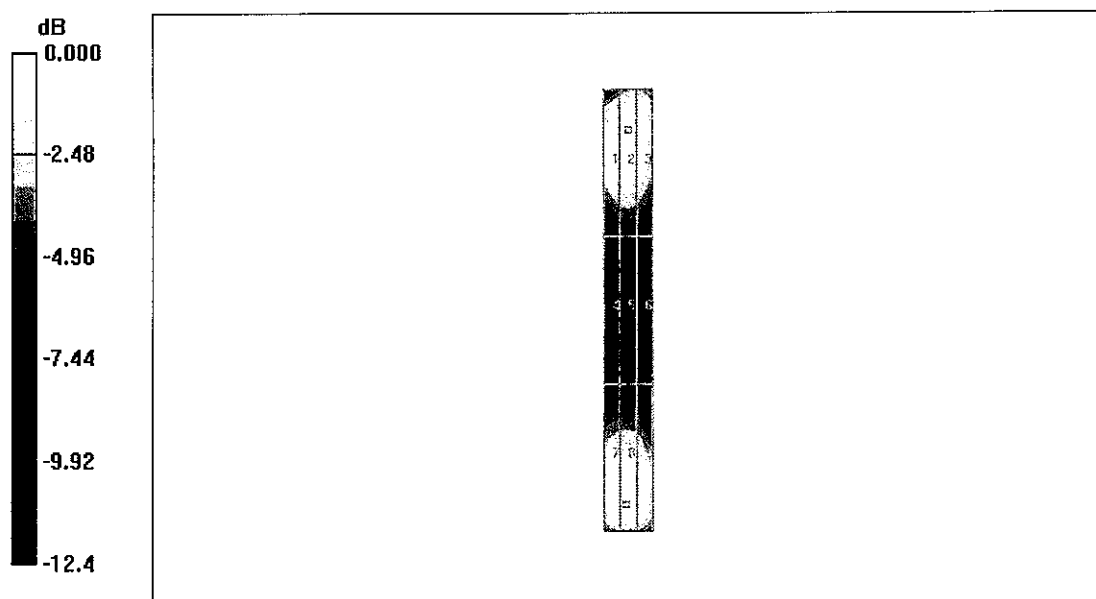
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 106.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 160.1 M4	Grid 2 165.3 M4	Grid 3 161.3 M4
Grid 4 86.1 M4	Grid 5 88.2 M4	Grid 6 85.4 M4
Grid 7 159.4 M4	Grid 8 162.6 M4	Grid 9 154.1 M4



0 dB = 165.3V/m

4.2 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B55
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B176
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1070
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	898 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.440 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	158.1 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	158.0 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	158.1 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.2.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 13:07:11

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

H_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.440 A/m

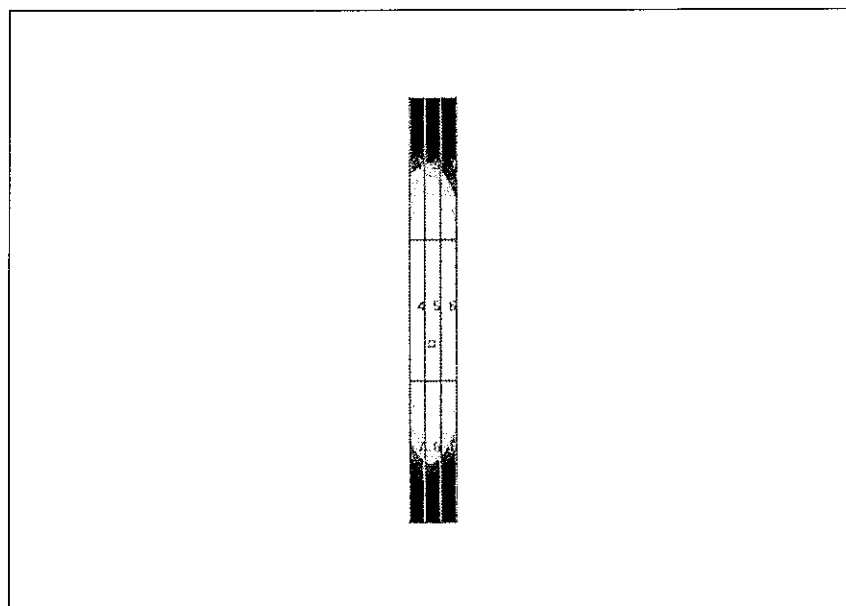
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.459 A/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1 0.396 M4	Grid 2 0.405 M4	Grid 3 0.367 M4
Grid 4 0.424 M4	Grid 5 0.440 M4	Grid 6 0.405 M4
Grid 7 0.398 M4	Grid 8 0.415 M4	Grid 9 0.381 M4



0 dB = 0.440A/m

4.2.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 21.01.2008 16:11:50

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab 2

E_CD835_1103_080121

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1103

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2007
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 02.10.2007
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 174

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 158.1 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 94.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.008 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 153.9 M4	Grid 2 158.1 M4	Grid 3 154.3 M4
Grid 4 75.1 M4	Grid 5 76.7 M4	Grid 6 74.1 M4
Grid 7 155.2 M4	Grid 8 158.0 M4	Grid 9 149.1 M4

