



MOTOROLA

Portable Cellular Phone SAR Test Report

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This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests:
Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate

Procedures:
IEC 62209-1
RSS-102
IEEE 1528 - 2003
FCC OET Bulletin 65 (including Supplement C)
Australian Communications Authority Radio
Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human
Exposure) Standard 2003
CENELEC EN 50360 (2001)
CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
ARIB Std. T-56 (2002)

Accreditation:



On the following products or types of products:

On the following products or types of products: Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate # 2518-02

Statement of Compliance:

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that the portable cellular telephone model to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093) as well as with CENELEC en50360:2001 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with IEEE 1528 / CENELEC EN62209-1 (2006), as well as other appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of the portable cellular phone covered by this test report. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with [1], [4] and [5]. The SAR values measured for the portable cellular phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg in a 1g average set in [3] and 2.0W/kg in a 10g average set in [2].

For ANSI / IEEE C95.1 (1g), the final SAR reading for this phone is 1.29 W/kg for head adjacent use and 1.53 W/kg for body worn use. These measurements were performed using a Dasy4™ v4.7 system manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG), of Zurich Switzerland.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Antenna description

Type	Internal	
Location	Bottom of Transceiver	
Dimensions	Length	61.3 mm
	Width	15.6 mm
Configuration	FICA	

2.2 Device description

Serial Number	1NR0890114						
Mode(s) of Operation	UMTS 800	UMTS 1900	GSM 850	GSM 900	GSM 1800	GSM 1900	Bluetooth
Modulation Mode(s)	QPSK	QPSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GFSK
Maximum Output Power Setting	24.00 dBm	24.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	33.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	30.00 dBm	4.0 dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:8	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	826.4-846.6 MHz	1852.4-1907.6 MHz	824.2-848.8 MHz	880.2 - 914.8 MHz	1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz	1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz	2400.0 - 2483.5 MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)	Identical Prototype						
Device Category	Portable						
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled						

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Mode(s) of Operation	GPRS 850				GPRS 900				GPRS 1800				GPRS 1900			
Modulation Mode(s)	GMSK				GMSK				GMSK				GMSK			
Maximum Output Power Setting	33.00 dBm	31.00 dBm	29.50 dBm	27.50 dBm	33.00 dBm	31.00 dBm	29.50 dBm	27.50 dBm	30.00 dBm	28.00 dBm	26.50 dBm	24.50 dBm	30.00 dBm	28.00 dBm	26.50 dBm	24.50 dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.2 - 848.8 MHz				880.2 - 914.8 MHz				1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz				1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz			

Mode(s) of Operation	EDGE 850				EDGE 900				EDGE 1800				EDGE 1900			
Modulation Mode(s)	8PSK				8PSK				8PSK				8PSK			
Maximum Output Power Setting	27.50 dBm	25.80 dBm	24.00 dBm	22.30 dBm	27.50 dBm	25.80 dBm	24.00 dBm	22.30 dBm	26.50 dBm	24.70 dBm	23.00 dBm	21.20 dBm	26.50 dBm	24.70 dBm	23.00 dBm	21.20 dBm
Duty Cycle	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8	1:8	2:8	3:8	4:8
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	824.2 - 848.8 MHz				880.2 - 914.8 MHz				1710.2 - 1784.8 MHz				1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz			

Note: Highest time-average power per band in bold type.

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall 10g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 10.8\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 21.6\%$ (K=2). The overall 1g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 11.1\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 22.2\%$ (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4W/kg to 10W/kg.

The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in the following table.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY4™ DAE4	661	9/1/2007
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	11/23/2007
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	091	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800/900MHz	TP-1005	
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	259TR	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900	TP-1139	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04822	6/30/2007
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04832	6/30/2007
Power Meter E4419B	GB39510961	7/5/2007
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511084	12/27/2007
Power Sensor #1 - 9301A	US39211008	6/28/2007
Power Sensor #2 - 9301A	US39211009	6/28/2007
Power Sensor #1 - 9301A	US39210929	9/7/2007
Power Sensor #2 - 9301A	US39210930	8/17/2007
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172529	9/26/2007
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US99360070	

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with a HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit. These values, along with the temperature of the simulated tissue are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity are also shown. A mass density of $\rho=1\text{g/cm}^3$ was entered into the system in all the cases. It can be seen that the measured parameters are within tolerance of the recommended limits specified in [1] and [5].

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	Measured, 5/16/2007	42.8	0.92	19.6
		Measured, 5/17/2007	42.8	0.93	19.8
		Measured, 5/21/2007	42.1	0.91	19.0
		Recommended Limits	41.5 ±5%	0.90 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, 5/16/2007	53.6	0.98	19.3
		Recommended Limits	55.2 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25
900	Head	Measured, 5/16/2006	42.1	0.99	19.6
		Measured, 5/21/2006	41.3	0.98	19.6
		Recommended Limits	41.5 ±5%	0.97 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, 5/16/2007	52.9	1.05	19.3
		Recommended Limits	55.0 ±5%	1.05 ±5%	18-25
1750	Head	Measured, 5/13/2007	38.7	1.33	19.0
		Measured, 5/16/2007	38.8	1.31	18.8
		Recommended Limits	40.1 ±5%	1.35 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, 5/17/2007	51.4	1.42	19.1
		Recommended Limits	53.4 ±5%	1.49 ±5%	18-25
1880	Head	Measured, 5/13/2007	38.1	1.47	18.6
		Measured, 5/17/2007	39.1	1.47	19.5
		Recommended Limits	40.0 ±5%	1.40 ±5%	18-25
	Body	Measured, 5/17/2007	50.9	1.58	19.1
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	835MHz / 900 MHz Head	835MHz / 900 MHz Body	1800MHz / 1900 MHz Head	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Body	2450MHz Head	2450 MHz Body
	Sugar	57	44.9	--	--	--
DGBE	--	--	47	30.8	--	30
Diacetin	--	--	--	--	51	
Water	40.45	53.06	52.62	68.8	48.75	70
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.38	0.4	0.15	--
HEC	1	1	--	--	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--	0.1	--

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4™ was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to verify the measured SAR was within $\pm 10\%$ from the target SAR indicated in Section 8.3.7 Reference SAR Values in [5] or Appendix 7 for the 900MHz target reference SAR value. These tests were done at 900MHz, 1800MHz. These frequencies are within $\pm 10\%$ of the compliance test mid-band frequency as required in [1] and [5]. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity, specified in [5], are shown in the table below. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are also displayed in the table below. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ± 0.5 cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1.

f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
900	Measured, 5/16/2007	11.2	42.1	0.99	19.6	19.6
	Measured, 5/17/2007	10.7	42.0	0.99	19.8	19.8
	Measured, 5/21/2007	10.7	41.3	0.98	20.0	19.4
	Recommended Limits	11.2	41.5 $\pm 5\%$	0.97 $\pm 5\%$	18-25	18-25
1800	Measured, 5/12/2007	37.1	38.7	1.35	20.0	20.5
	Measured, 5/16/2007	39.6	38.6	1.36	19.6	19.9
	Measured, 5/17/2007	40.1	39.5	1.39	19.8	19.5
	Recommended Limits	38.1	40.0 $\pm 5\%$	1.4 $\pm 5\%$	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.25	8 of 9
		1810	5.17	8 of 9

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated using an actual transmission through a base station simulator. The base station simulator was setup to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in [1], [4] and [5]. The phone was positioned into these configurations using the device holder supplied with the DASY4™ SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the device holder is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 ($\pm 30\%$) at 850MHz. The default settings for the “coarse” and “cube” scans were chosen and used for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY4™ manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

Model SNN5759A – 1640 mAH Battery

Model SNN5771A – 850 mAH Battery

Model SNN5782A – 1100 mAH Battery

The battery with the highest capacity is the SNN5759A. This battery was used to do most of the SAR testing. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery.

Per the “Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certifications of 3G Devices” released on May 9, 2006, 12.2 kbps RMC and 12.2 kbps AMR modes were considered. The conducted power measurements (per 3GPP TS 34.121) for each mode are shown in the table below.

	Channel	RB Test Mode	AMR Voice
WCDMA 850	4132	23.94	23.93
	4180	24.02	24.03
	4233	23.92	23.94
WCDMA 1900	9262	24.00	23.99
	9400	24.01	23.99
	9538	23.98	23.94

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 8 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the simulated tissue after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The left head and right head SAR contour distributions are similar. Because of this similarity, the cheek/touch and 15° tilt test conditions with the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 2. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2.

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since the same phantoms and simulated tissue were used for the system accuracy verification and the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of simulated tissue depth to be 15.0cm ± 0.5 cm.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.25	8 of 9
		1810	5.17	8 of 9

Left Head Cheek Position								
f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	-0.16	0.43	0.45	0.59	0.61
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.6	0.16	0.39	0.39	0.65	0.65
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	-0.21	0.47	0.50	0.65	0.68
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99	19.5	-0.03	0.54	0.54	0.86	0.86
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.5	-0.04	0.55	0.55	0.88	0.89
	Channel 9538	23.94	19.5	-0.05	0.55	0.56	0.89	0.90

Table 1: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head Cheek Position								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	0.13	0.44	0.44	0.60	0.60
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.7	0.24	0.37	0.37	0.58	0.58
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	0.05	0.47	0.47	0.64	0.64
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99	19.5	-0.13	0.56	0.58	0.86	0.88
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.5	0.15	0.53	0.53	0.83	0.83
	Channel 9538	23.94	19.5	-0.23	0.77	0.81	1.16	1.22

Table 2: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Cheek Configuration with Battery SNN5771A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850 Left Head	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.6	-0.24	0.45	0.47	0.60	0.64
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900 Left Head	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.8	0.07	0.32	0.32	0.51	0.51
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800 Left Head	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.8	-0.54	0.47	0.53	0.63	0.71
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900 Right Head	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99						
	Channel 9538	23.94	19.5	-0.1	0.81	0.83	1.26	1.29

Table 3: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Cheek Configuration with Battery SNN5782A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850 Left Head	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.6	-0.12	0.44	0.45	0.60	0.61
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900 Left Head	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.8	0.15	0.31	0.31	0.51	0.51
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800 Left Head	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.8	-0.04	0.46	0.47	0.63	0.64
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900 Right Head	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99						
	Channel 9538	23.94	19.5	-0.1	0.80	0.81	1.24	1.27

Table 4: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head cheek position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Left Head 15° Tilt Position								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	0	0.16	0.16	0.21	0.21
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.6	0.04	0.15	0.15	0.23	0.23
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	-0.16	0.15	0.16	0.20	0.21
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.5	-0.01	0.27	0.27	0.43	0.43
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 5: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Right Head 15° Tilt Position								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	-0.07	0.16	0.17	0.21	0.21
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.7	-0.06	0.14	0.14	0.23	0.23
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	0.19	0.09	0.09	0.18	0.18
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.0	0.07	0.25	0.25	0.41	0.41
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 6: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Tilt Configuration with Battery SNN5771A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850 Right Head	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.6	-0.1	0.16	0.16	0.21	0.21
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900 Left Head	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.8	0.01	0.13	0.13	0.22	0.22
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800 Left Head	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.8	0.02	0.16	0.16	0.21	0.21
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900 Left Head	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.5	-0.09	0.32	0.33	0.52	0.53
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 7: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Highest Tilt Configuration with Battery SNN5782A								
f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850 Right Head	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.6	-0.03	0.08	0.08	0.17	0.17
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900 Left Head	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	18.8	-0.1	0.14	0.14	0.23	0.23
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800 Left Head	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.8	-0.03	0.15	0.15	0.20	0.20
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900 Left Head	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.5	-0.06	0.30	0.30	0.47	0.48
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 8: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a head 15° Tilt position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit

6.2 Body Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in tables 9 through 15 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to [3] and also over 10 grams of phantom tissue, to demonstrate compliance to the [6]. Also shown are the measured conducted output power levels, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $New\ SAR = Old\ SAR * 10^{(-drift/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The test conditions that produced the highest SAR values in each band are indicated as bold numbers in the following tables and are included in Appendix 3. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm ±0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories, testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body

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was tested. In addition to accessory testing, the cellular phone was tested with the front and back of the phone facing the phantom. For voice mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 15mm from the phantom. For data mode operation, the phone was placed as a distance of 25mm from the phantom. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone:

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3037	900	6.07	8 of 9
		1810	4.73	8 of 9

Body-Worn; Front of Phone 15mm from Phantom								
f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	10 g SAR value		1 g SAR value	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	-0.18	0.26	0.27	0.35	0.37
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.9	0.01	0.16	0.16	0.25	0.25
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	-0.02	0.25	0.25	0.35	0.35
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.9	-0.11	0.34	0.35	0.55	0.56
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 9: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 15mm from Phantom								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	0	0.37	0.37	0.50	0.50
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.9	0.03	0.18	0.18	0.30	0.30
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.0	0	0.37	0.37	0.50	0.50
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.9	-0.02	0.38	0.38	0.62	0.62
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 10: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom with Bluetooth Mode Enabled								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.0	-0.01	0.43	0.43	0.58	0.58
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.9	-0.01	0.24	0.24	0.39	0.39
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	18.9	-0.06	0.47	0.48	0.64	0.65
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.9	-0.03	0.46	0.46	0.76	0.77
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 11: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 25 mm from Phantom with GPRS Class 11 Mode Enabled								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128							
	Channel 190	29.42	19.0	-0.06	0.17	0.17	0.22	0.23
	Channel 251							
GSM 1900	Channel 512							
	Channel 661	26.47	19.2	-0.04	0.12	0.12	0.18	0.18
	Channel 810							

Table 12: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn; Back of Phone 25 mm from Phantom with EDGE Class 10 Mode Enabled								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128							
	Channel 190	25.70	19.0	-0.02	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06
	Channel 251							
GSM 1900	Channel 512							
	Channel 661	24.65	20.0	0	0.04	0.04	0.07	0.07
	Channel 810							

Table 13: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn Configuration with Bluetooth Mode Enabled; Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom with Battery SNN5771A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.3	-0.02	0.53	0.53	0.71	0.72
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.1	0.02	0.45	0.45	0.80	0.80
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.3	-0.09	0.59	0.60	0.80	0.81
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.1	-0.09	0.77	0.78	1.37	1.40
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 14: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

Body-Worn Configuration with Bluetooth Mode Enabled; Back of Phone 15 mm from Phantom with Battery SNN5782A								
<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Temp (°C)	Drift (dB)	<i>10 g SAR value</i>		<i>1 g SAR value</i>	
					Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)
GSM 850	Channel 128	32.96						
	Channel 190	32.90	19.3	0	0.55	0.55	0.74	0.74
	Channel 251	32.98						
GSM 1900	Channel 512	29.92						
	Channel 661	29.96	19.1	-0.03	0.43	0.43	0.76	0.77
	Channel 810	29.82						
UMTS 800	Channel 4132	23.93						
	Channel 4180	24.03	19.3	-0.06	0.60	0.61	0.82	0.83
	Channel 4233	23.94						
UMTS 1900	Channel 9262	23.99						
	Channel 9400	23.99	19.1	-0.12	0.84	0.86	1.49	1.53
	Channel 9538	23.94						

Table 15: SAR measurement results at the highest possible output power, measured in a body-worn position against the ICNIRP and ANSI SAR Limit.

References

- [1] CENELEC, en62209-1:2006 “Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields From Hand - Held and Body - Mounted Wireless Communication Devices – Human Models, Instrumentation, and Procedures”
- [2] CENELEC, en50360:2001 “Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300MHz – 3GHz)”.
- [3] ANSI / IEEE, C95.1 1999 Edition “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300GHz”
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01
- [5] IEEE 1528 2003 Edition “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”
- [6] ICNIRP Guidelines “Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz)”

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Test Laboratory: Motorola

051207 1800MHz Good at -2.9%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:259TR**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 259tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 20.5 Sim.Temp@SPC = 20.5 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.0

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.35$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.97 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.16 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.7 W/kg

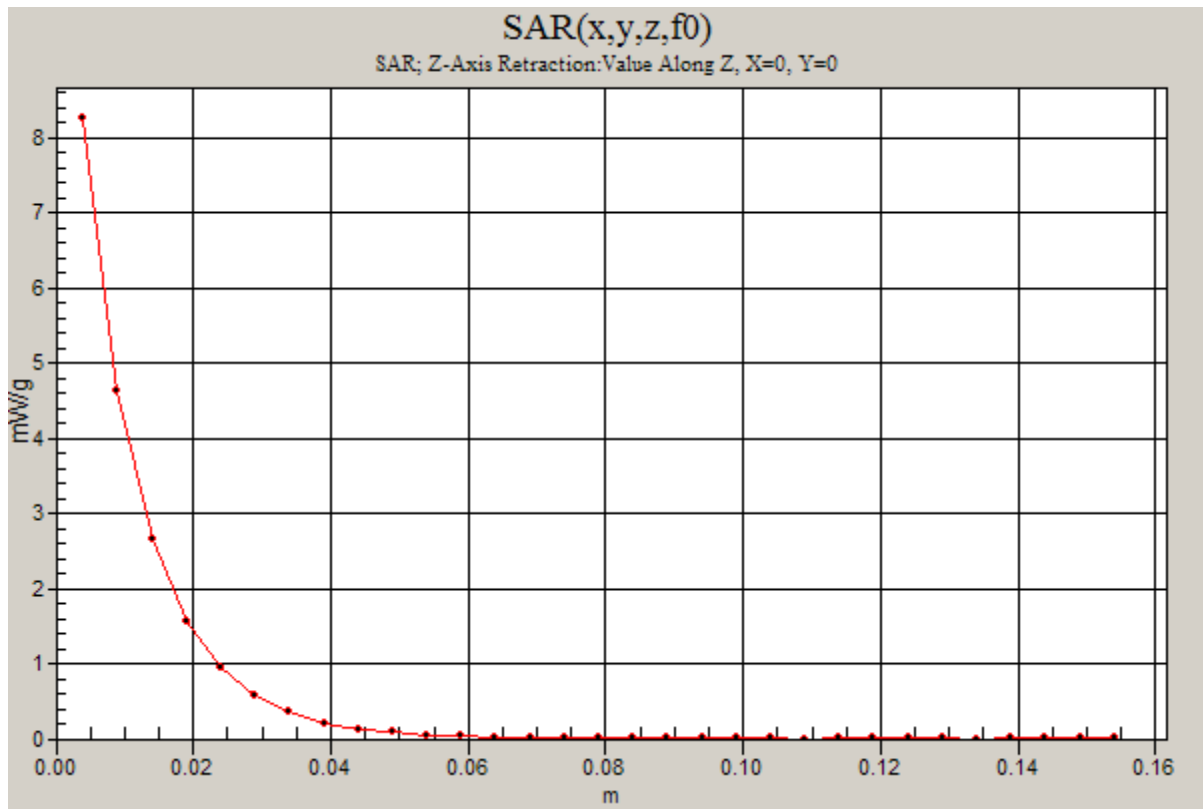
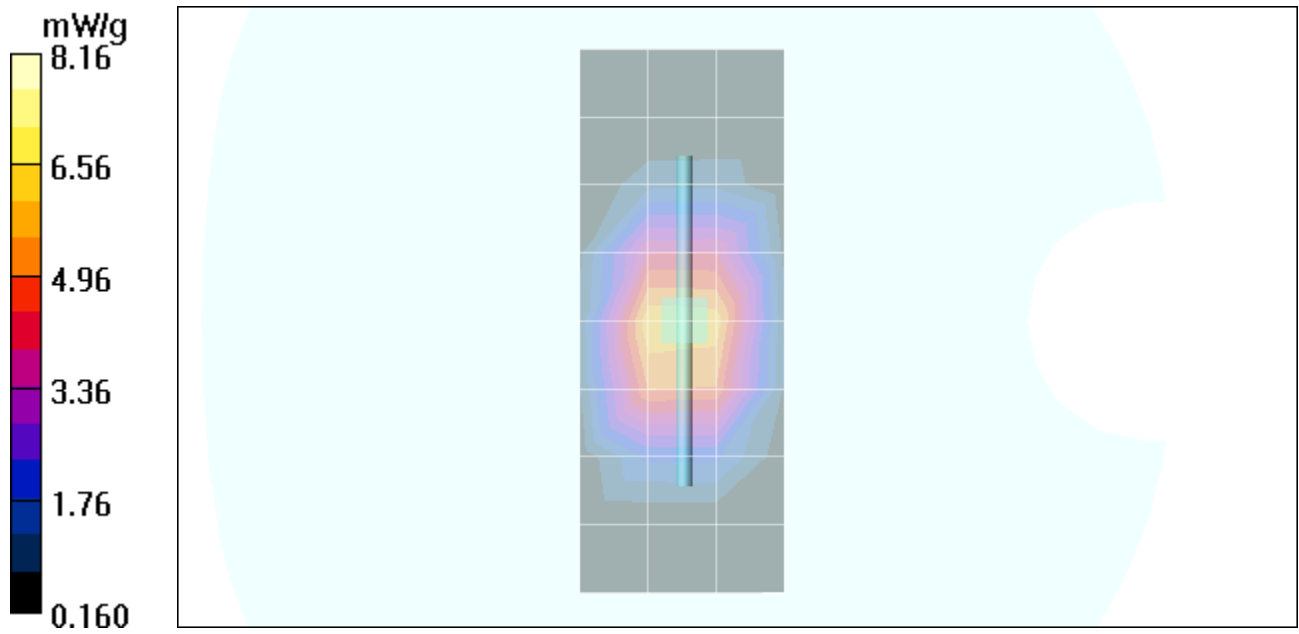
SAR(1 g) = 7.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.23 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.26 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

051607 900MHz Good at -.1%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:091**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 91 PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.6 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.6 Room Temp @ SPC = 19.6

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.33 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.46 W/kg

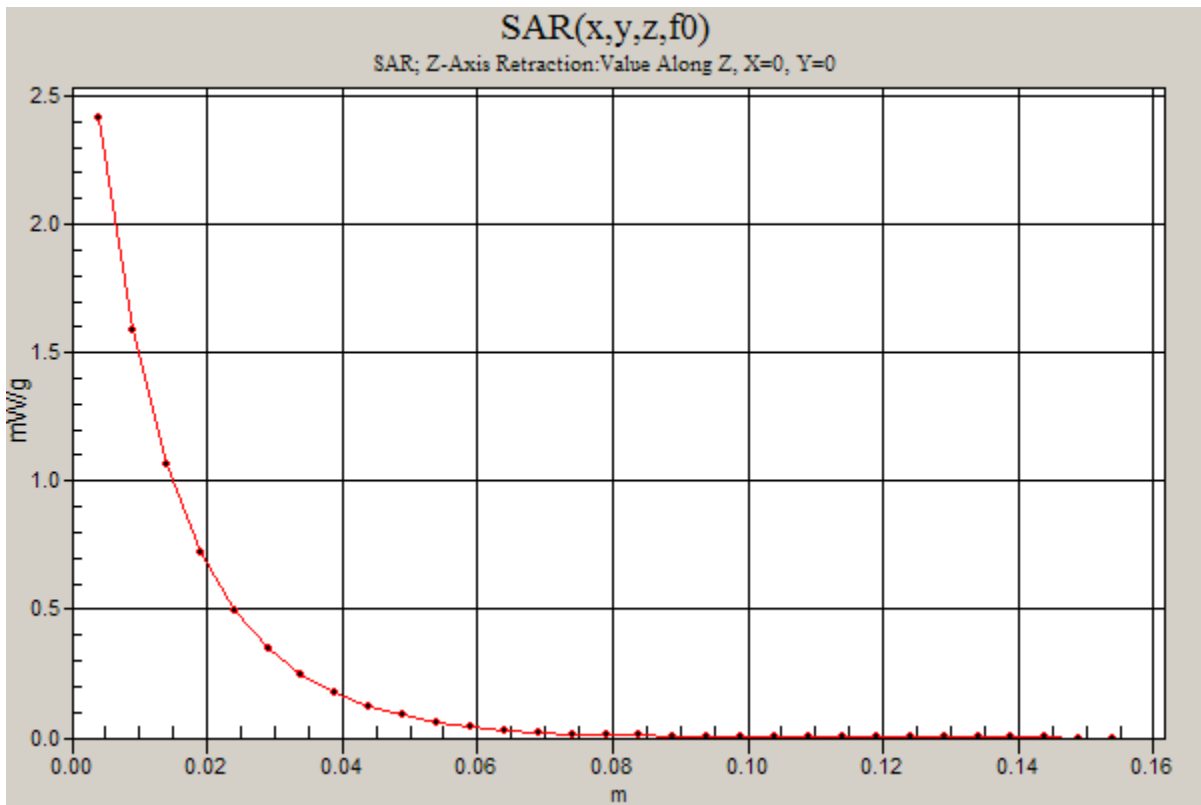
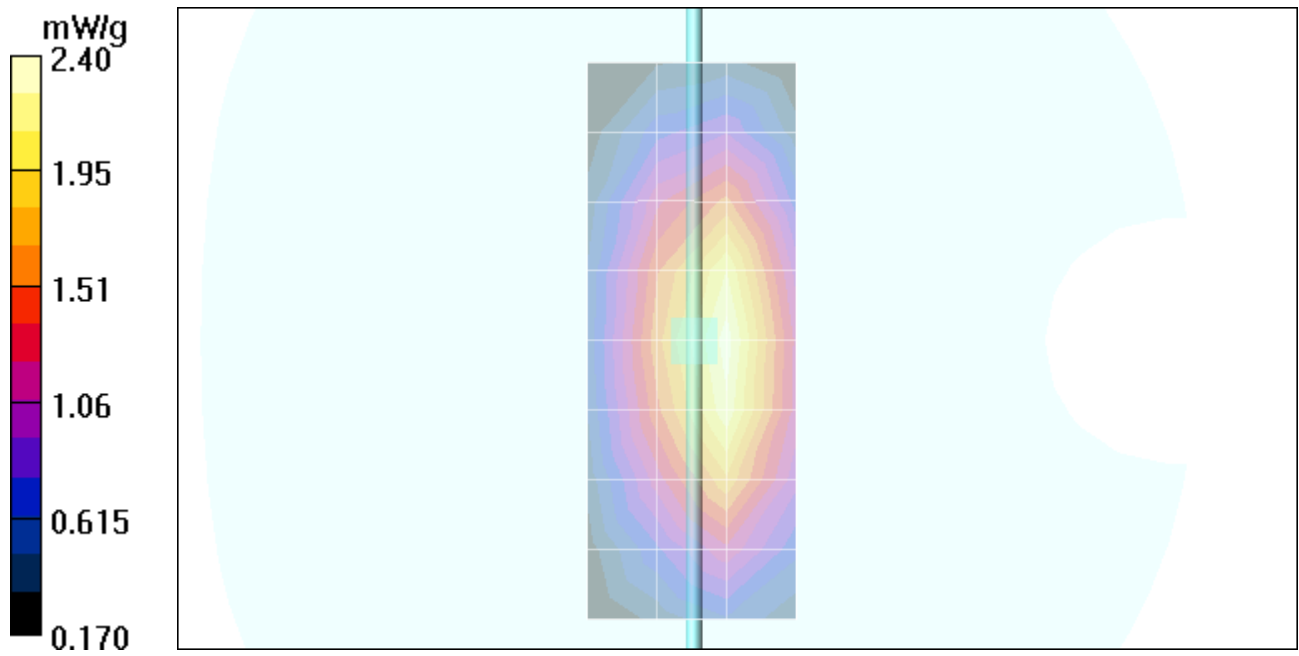
SAR(1 g) = 2.27 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.46 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.41 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

051607 1800MHz Good at 3.8%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:259TR**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 259tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.8 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.9 Room Temp @ SPC = 19.6

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.17 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.78 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

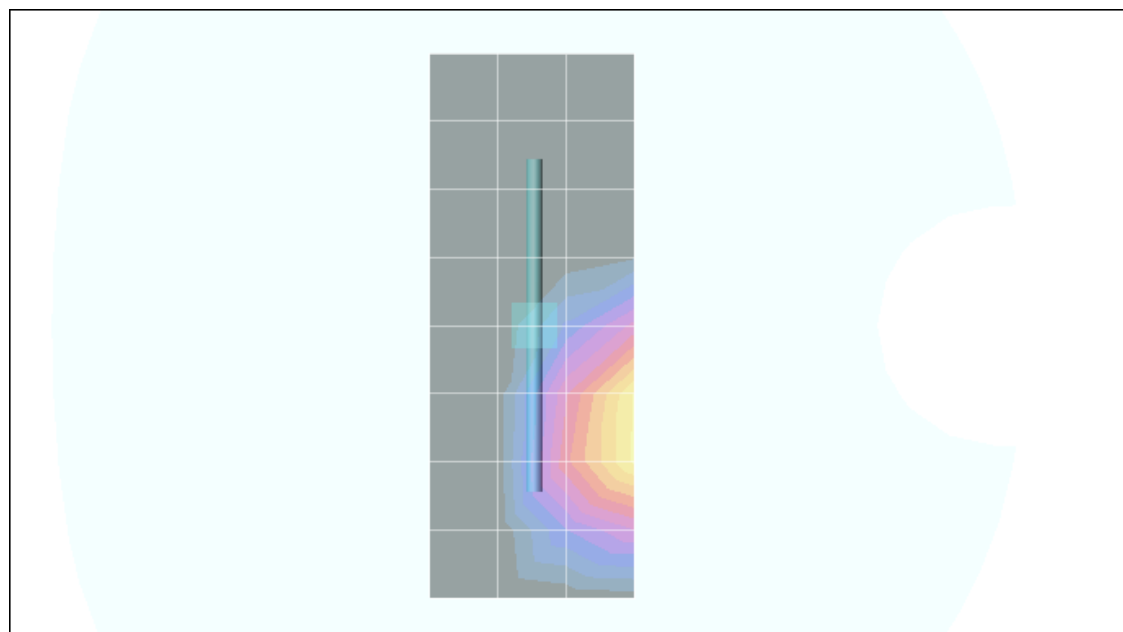
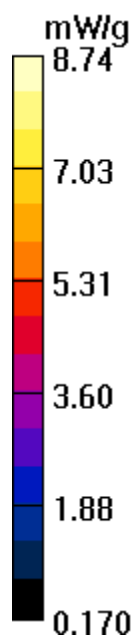
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.22 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.74 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

051707 900MHz Good at -4.8%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:091**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 91 PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.8 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.8 Room Temp @ SPC = 19.8

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.19 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.29 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

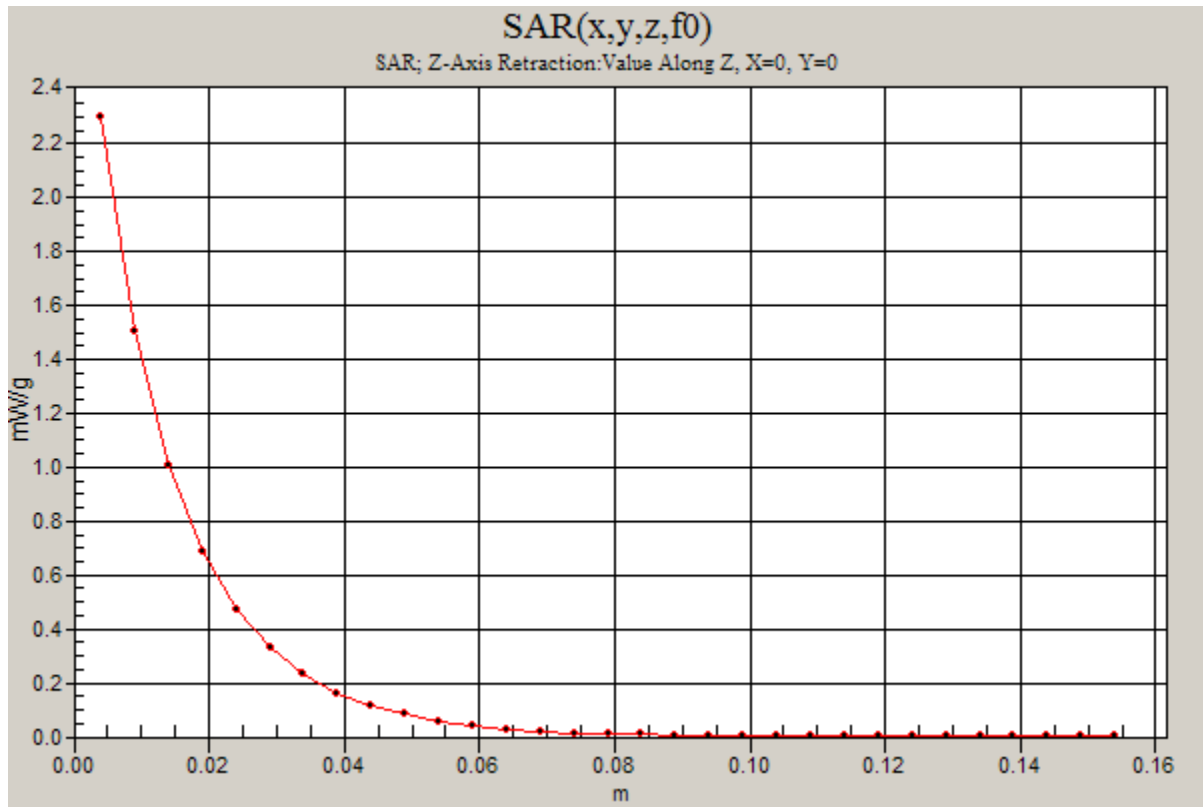
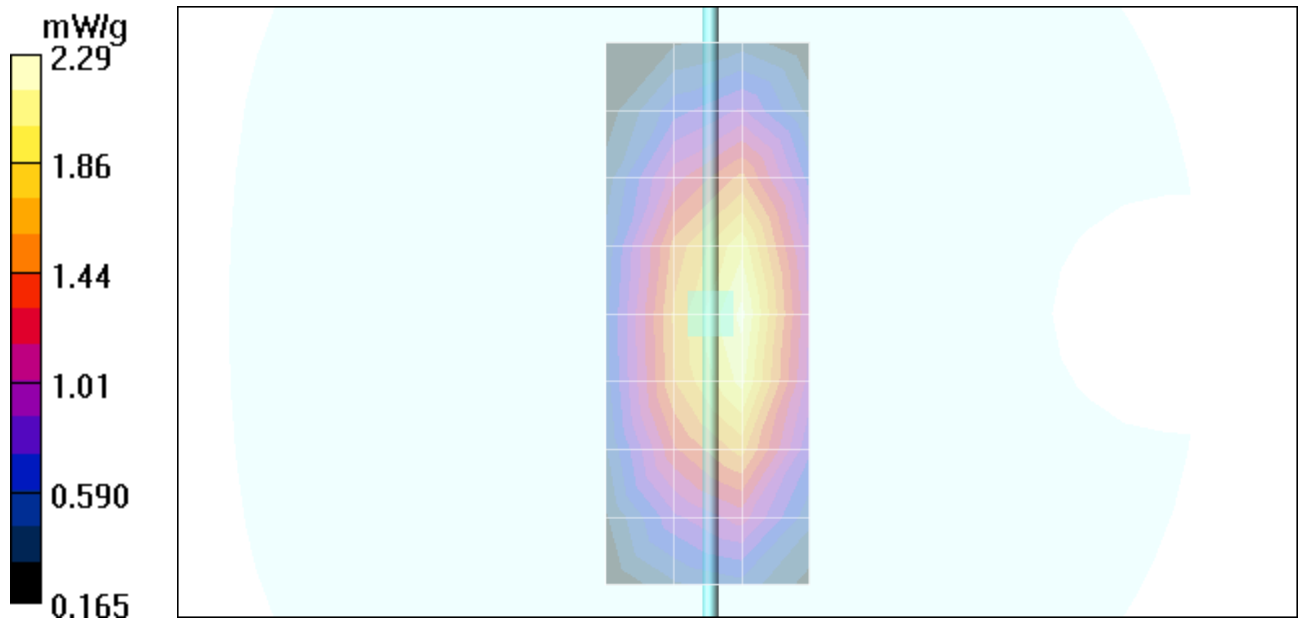
SAR(1 g) = 2.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.27 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.30 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

051707 1800MHz Good at 5.3%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:259TR**

Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 259tr PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 18.7 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.5 Room Temp @ SPC = 19.8

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 1800$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.07 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.2 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.82 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.9 W/kg

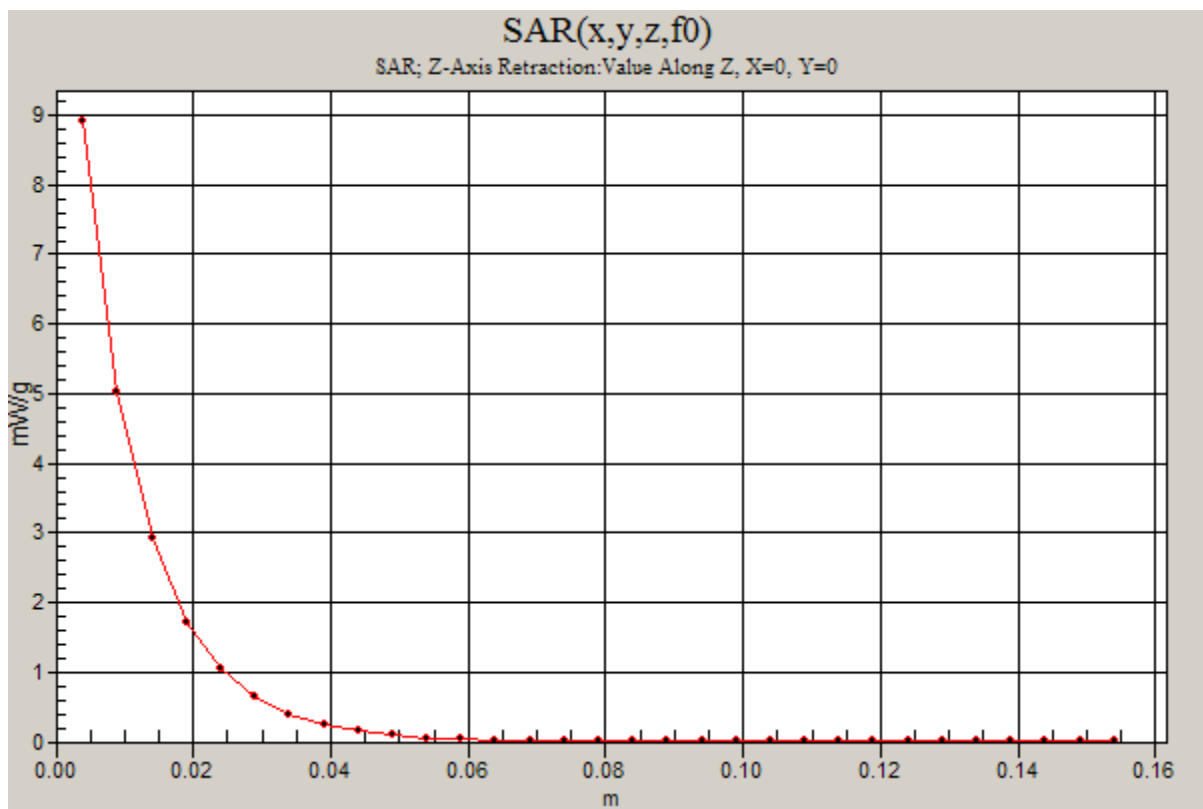
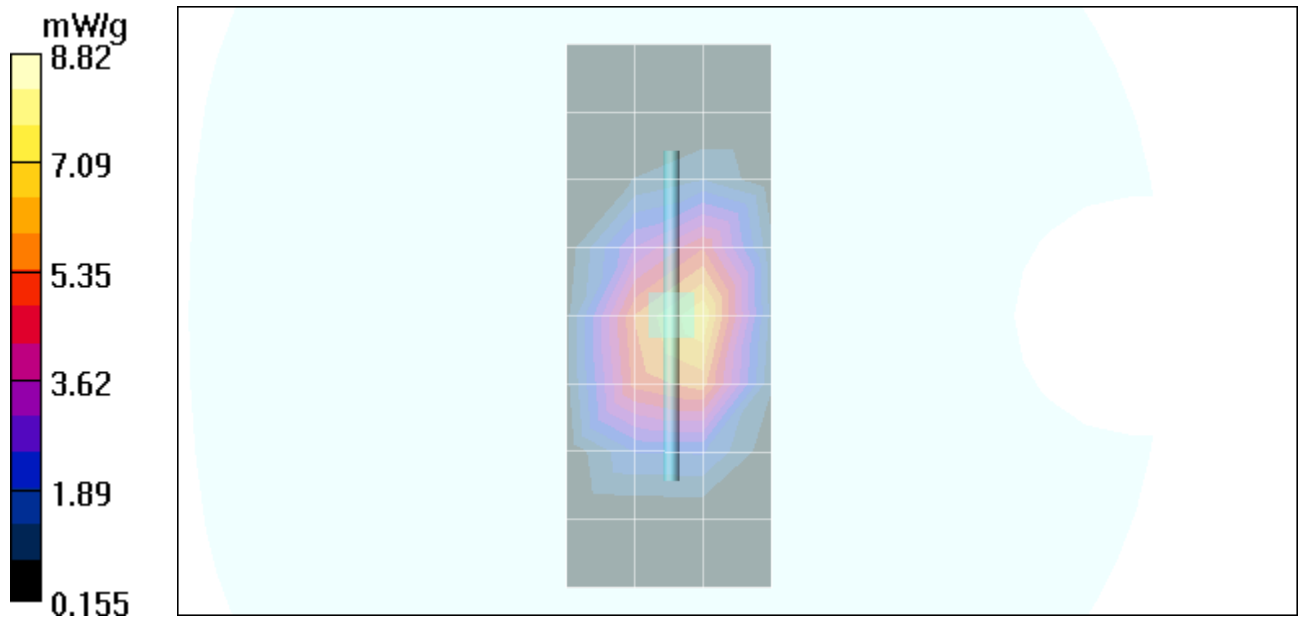
SAR(1 g) = 8.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.57 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.92 mW/g



Test Laboratory: Motorola

052107 900MHz Good at -5.0%**FCC ID # IHDT56HW1****DUT: Dipole 900 MHz; Type: D900V2; Serial: D900V2 - SN:091**

Procedure Notes: 900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 91 PM1 Power = 200mW

Sim.Temp@meas = 19.4 Sim.Temp@SPC = 19.4 Room Temp @ SPC = 20.0

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 900 MHz; Channel Number: 4; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: VALIDATION Only; Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x9x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.22 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree, 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.28 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/90-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.048 dB

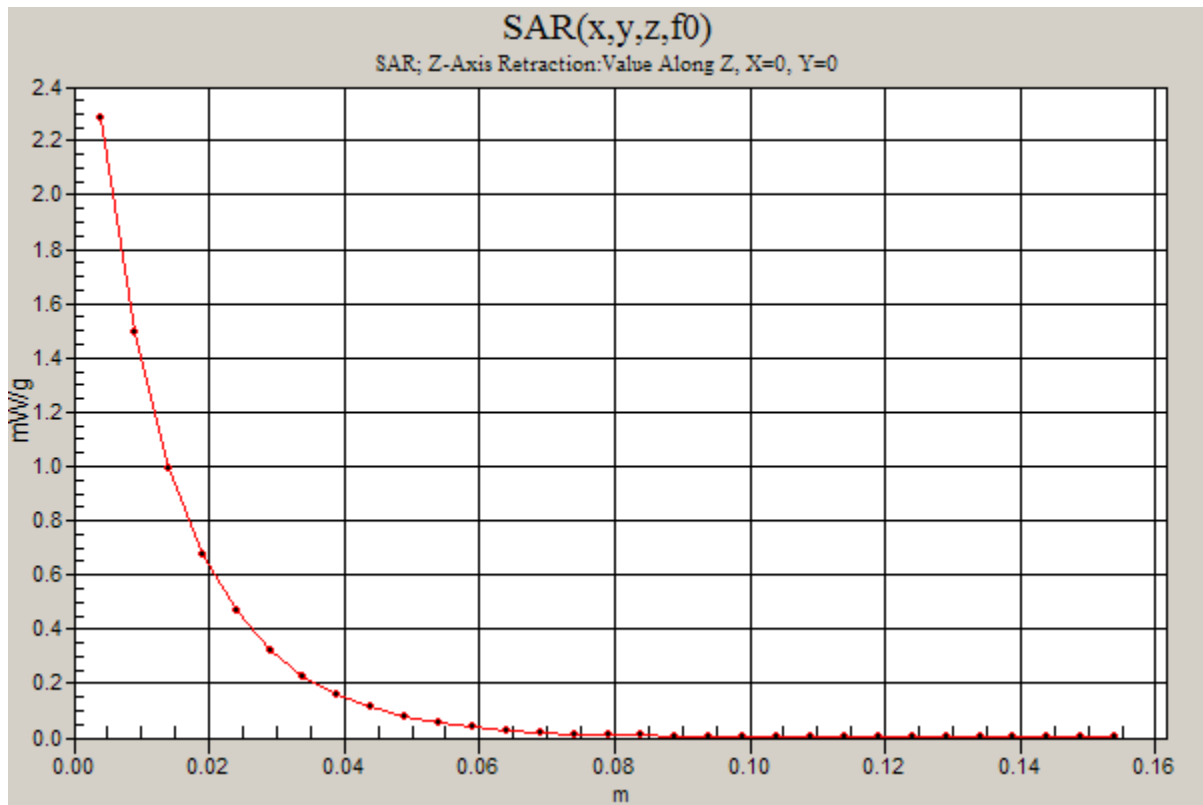
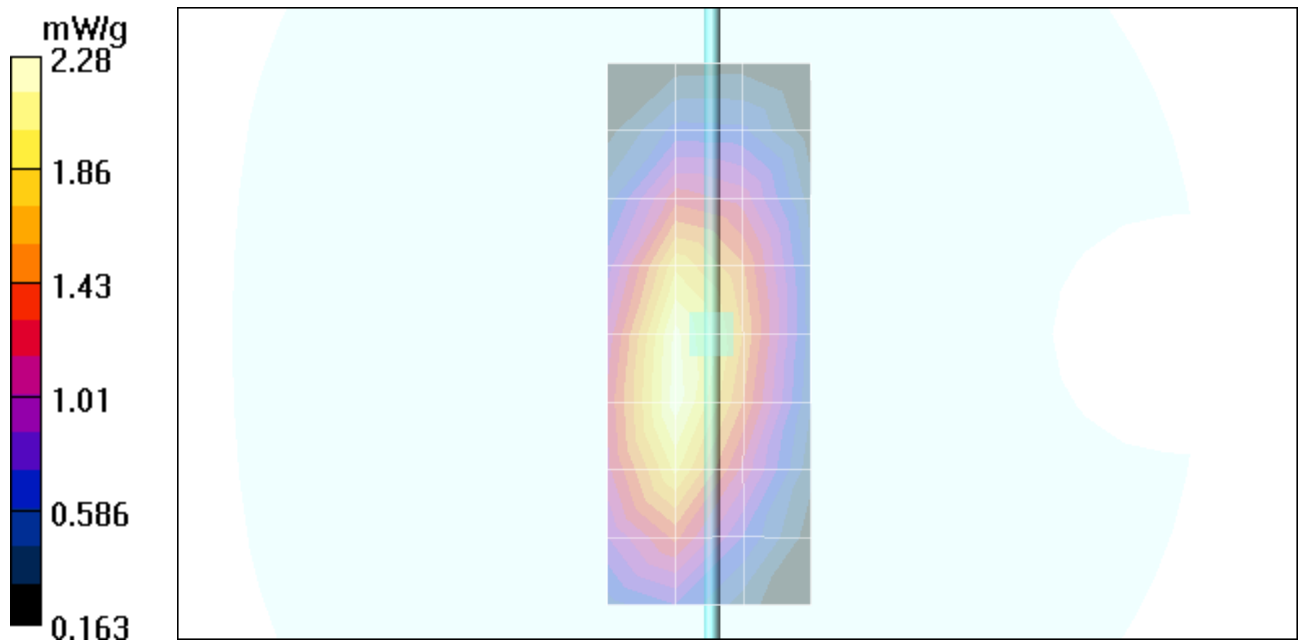
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.16 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.38 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.33 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm



Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

850 Cheek

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05 Antenna Position: internal**LEFT HEAD CHEEK with SNN5771A Battery****DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.626 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

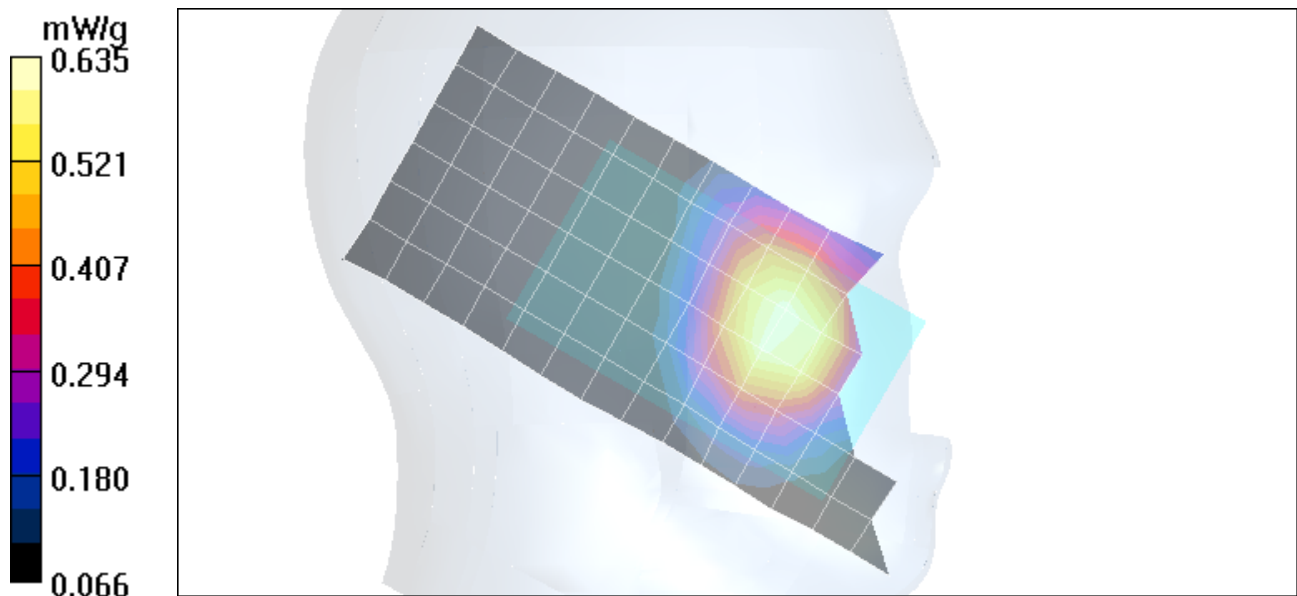
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.237 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.778 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.635 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola**850 Tilt**

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5 Antenna Position: internal**Battery Model #: SNN5759A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): tilted**

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

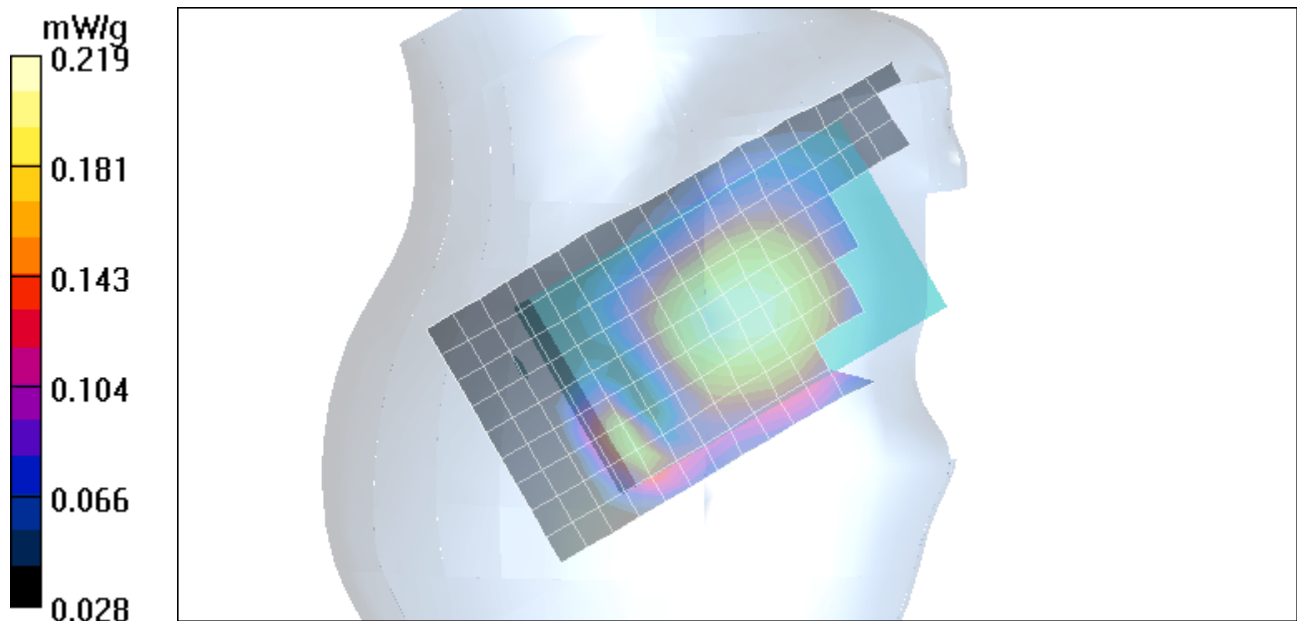
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.209 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.219 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

900 Cheek

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 05 Antenna Position: internal

Right Head CHEEK Configuration with SNN5771A Battery

Communication System: GSM 900; Frequency: 880.2 MHz; Channel Number: 975; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.595 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

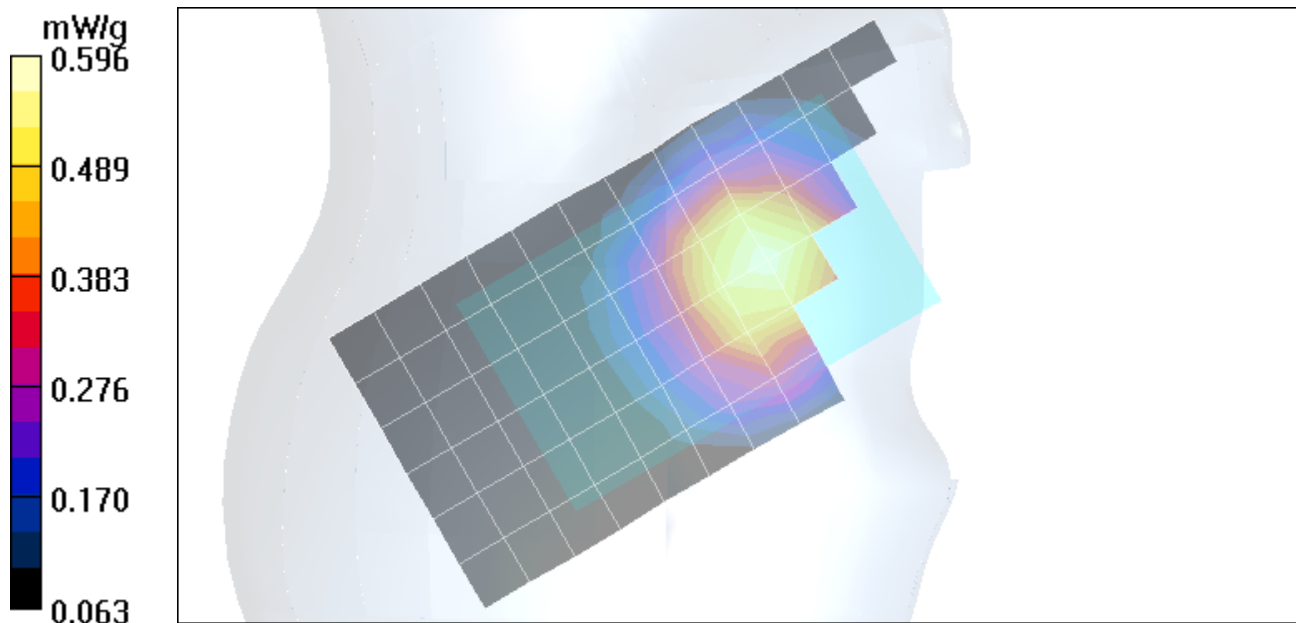
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.714 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.564 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.416 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.596 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola**900 Tilt**

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5 Antenna Position: internal**Left Head Tilt Configuration with SNN5782A Battery**

Communication System: GSM 900; Frequency: 902.4 MHz; Channel Number: 62; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 900$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.391 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

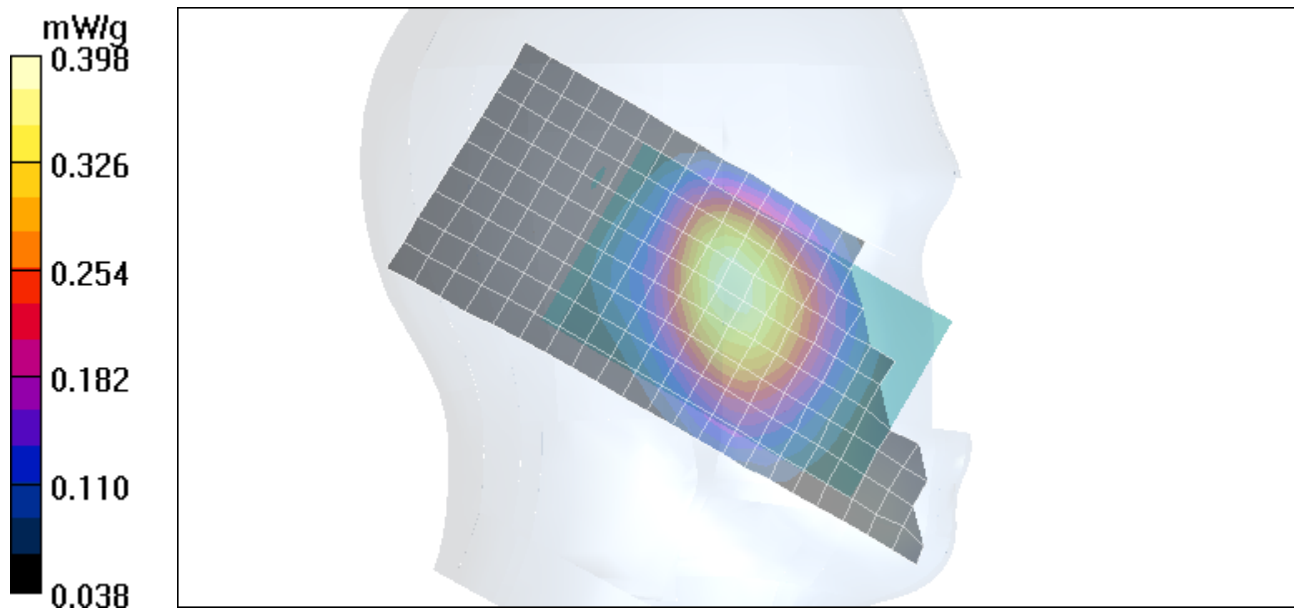
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.071 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.382 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.283 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.398 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola**1800 Cheek**

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0**Antenna Position: internal****Battery Model #: SNN5759A****DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek**

Communication System: GSM 1800; Frequency: 1747.8 MHz; Channel Number: 700; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Backup Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.33$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.460 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

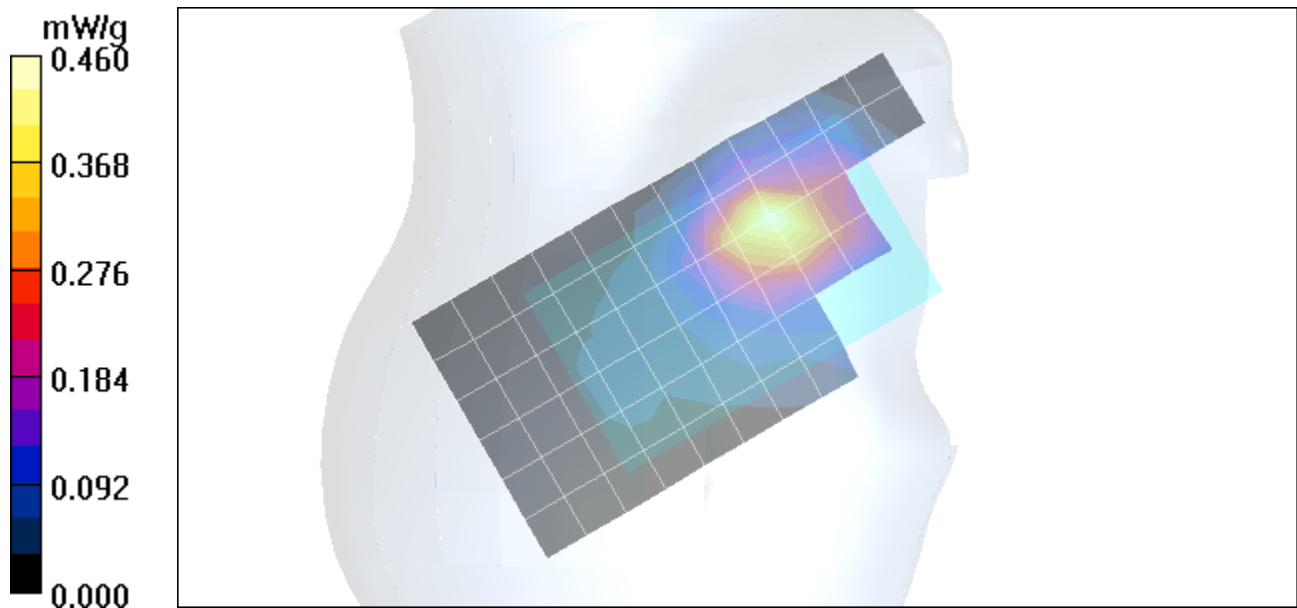
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.058 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.435 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.473 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

1800 Tilt

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0 Antenna Position: internal

Battery Model #: SNN5771A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): rotated

Communication System: GSM 1800; Frequency: 1747.8 MHz; Channel Number: 700; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Backup Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.31$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

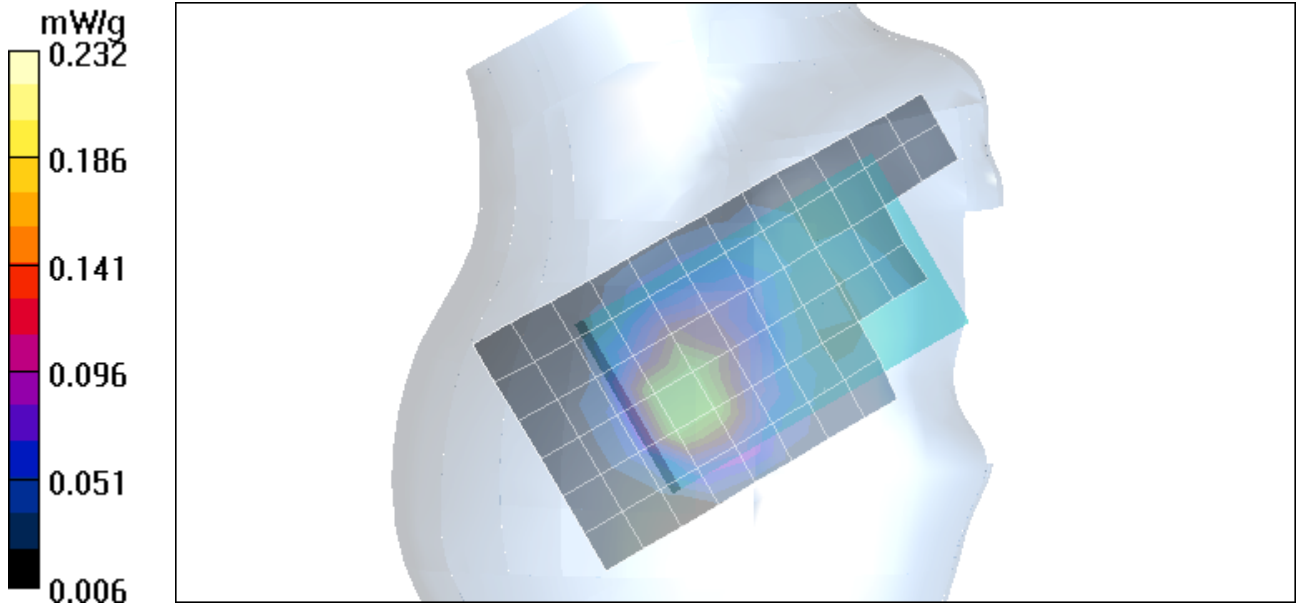
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

1900 Cheek

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0

Antenna Position: internal

Battery Model #: SNN5759A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): cheek

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Backup Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.701 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

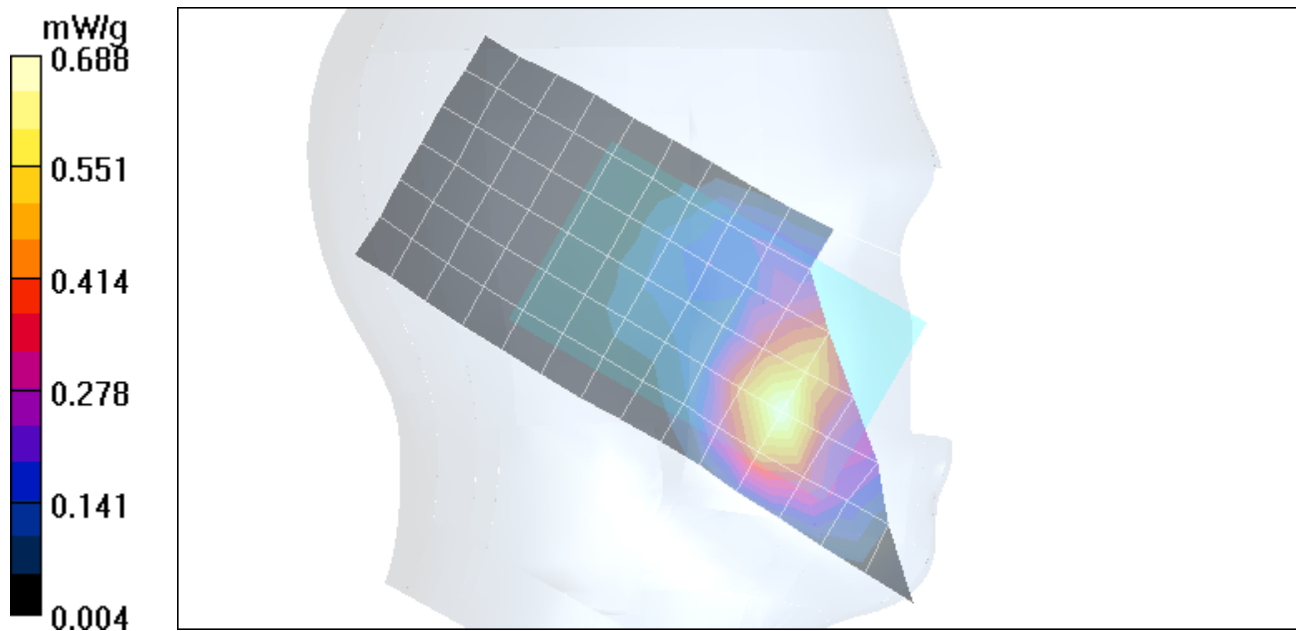
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.156 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.951 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.649 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.394 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.688 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

1900 Tilt

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0 Antenna Position: internal

Battery Model #: SNN5759A DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): tilted

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Backup Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.231 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

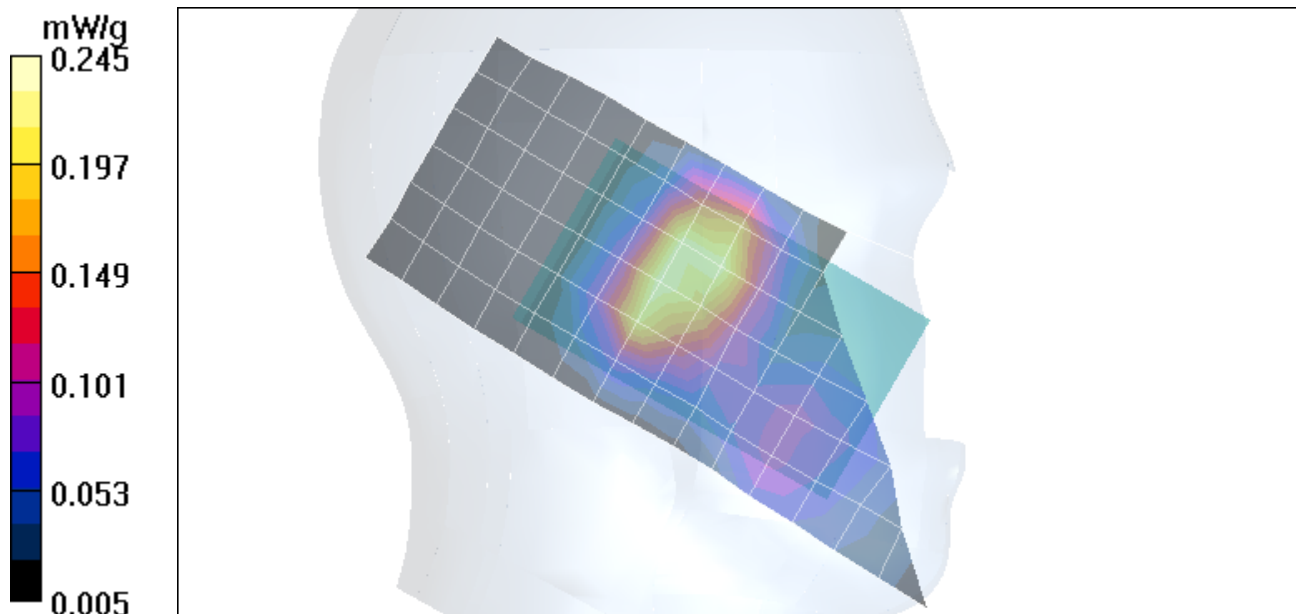
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.351 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola**WCDMA 850 Cheek**

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: all bits up Antenna Position: internal**Left Head Cheek Configuration with SNN5771A Battery**

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.697 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

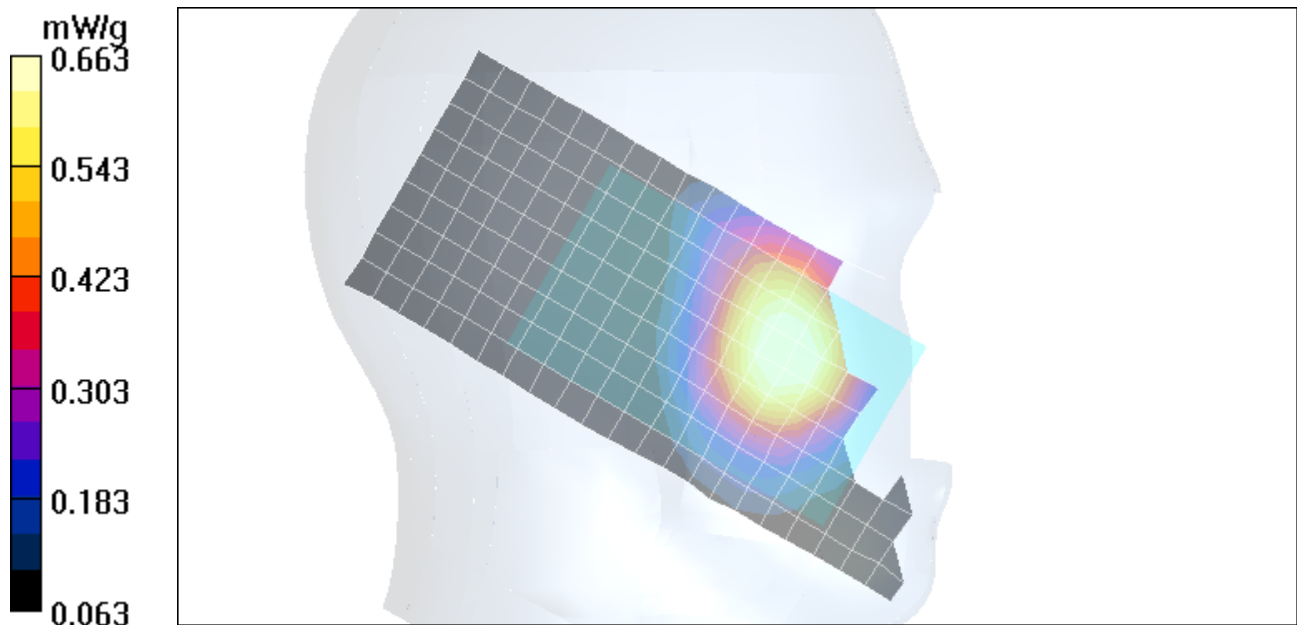
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.541 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.812 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.631 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola**WCDMA 850 Tilt**

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: all bits up Antenna Position: internal**Left Head Tilt Configuration with SNN5771A Battery**

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: Low Freq Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.25, 6.25, 6.25); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sugar SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1005;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

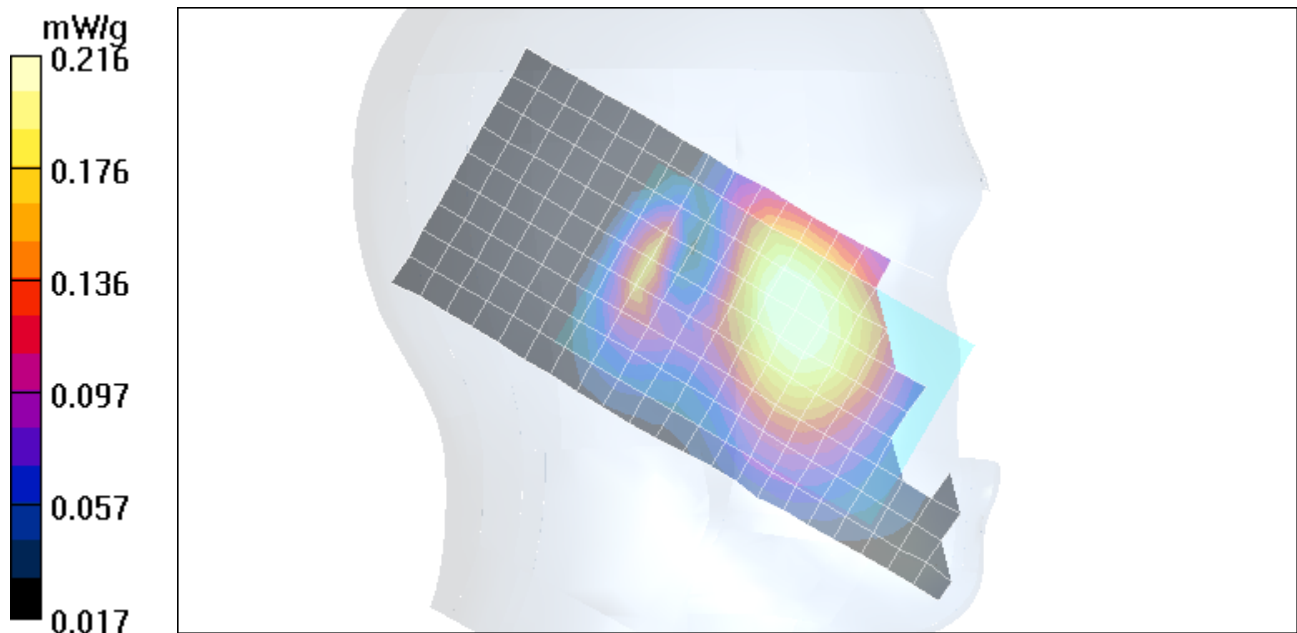
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.251 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.206 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

WCDMA 1900 Cheek

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: all bits up Antenna Position: Internal

Right Head Cheek Configuration with SNN5771A Battery

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1907.5 MHz; Channel Number: 9538; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

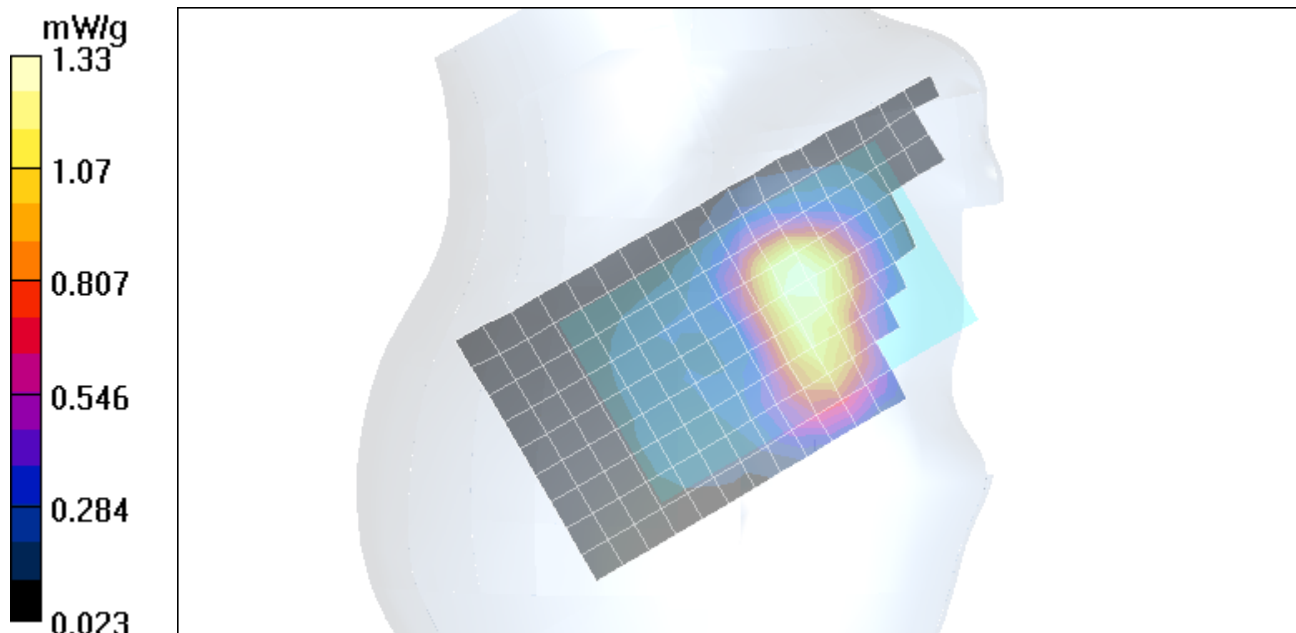
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Right Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (10mm) (10x25x1):

Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 mW/g

Right Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.104 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.78 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.808 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

WCDMA 1900 Tilt

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: all bits up Antenna Position: Internal**Left Head Tilt Configuration with SNN5771A Battery**

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: Regular Glycol Head; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Glycol SAM; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1139;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Left Head Template/Area Scan - Normal (15mm) (7x17x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.525 mW/g

Left Head Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

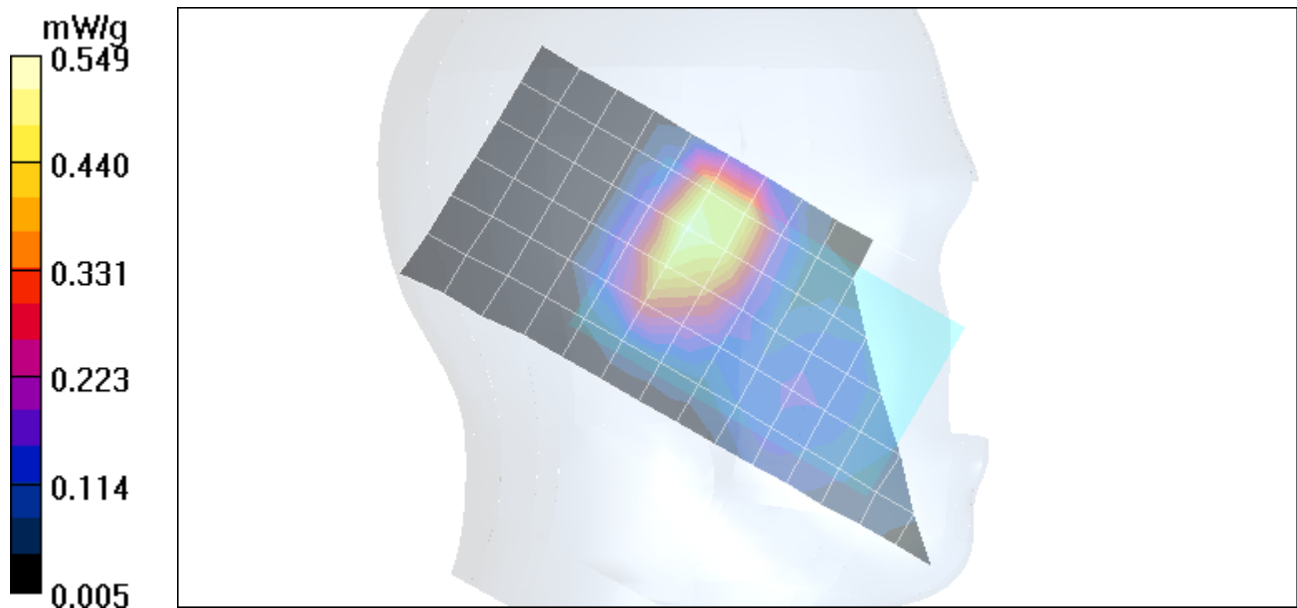
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.086 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.785 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.521 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.319 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 mW/g



Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

850 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5 Antenna Position: internal

Bluetooth Back of Phone 15mm Bodyworn Configuration with SNN5782A Battery

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Channel Number: 190; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.782 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

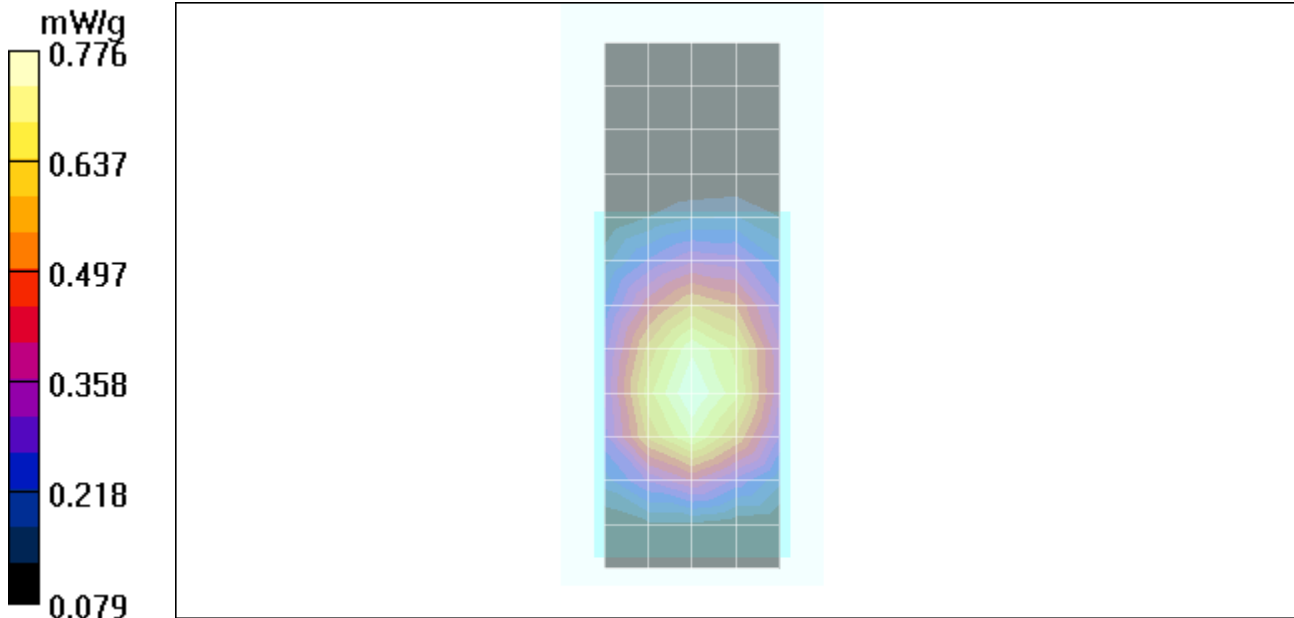
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 28.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.940 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.737 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.776 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

900 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 5 Antenna Position: internal

Bluetooth Back of Phone 15mm Bodyworn Configuration with SNN5782A Battery

Communication System: GSM 900; Frequency: 902.4 MHz; Channel Number: 62; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Low Freq Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.05 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

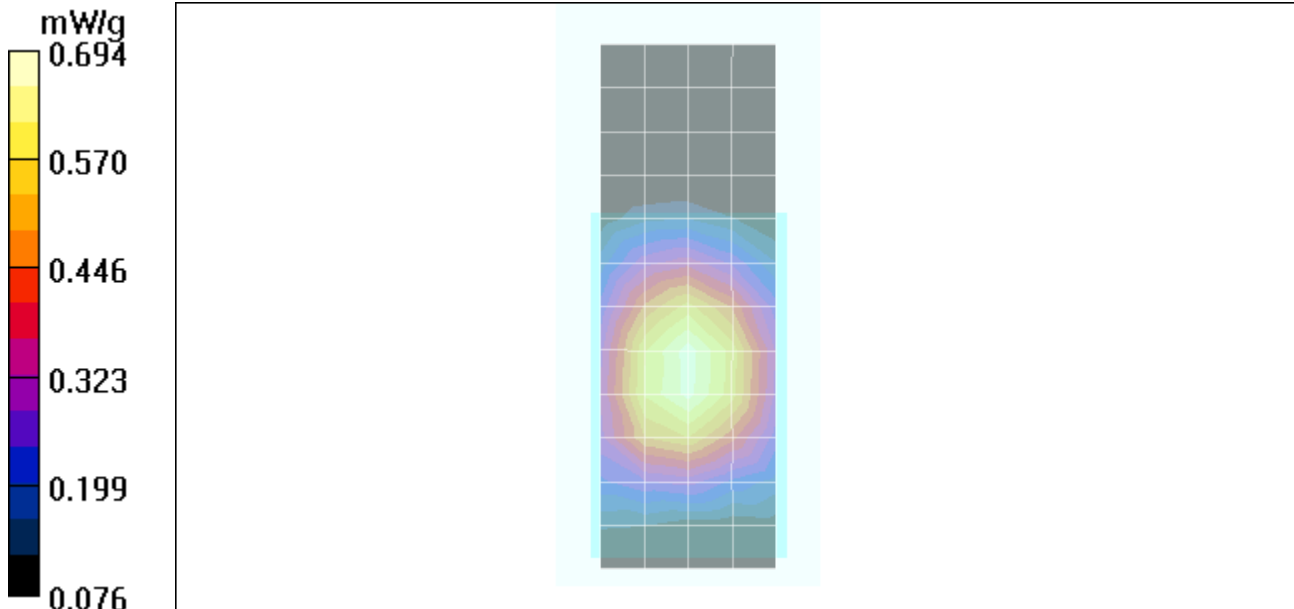
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 26.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.842 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.655 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.481 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

1800 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0 Antenna Position: internal

Bodyworn Back 15mm Configuration with SNN5782A Battery

Communication System: GSM 1800; Frequency: 1747.8 MHz; Channel Number: 700; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.42$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

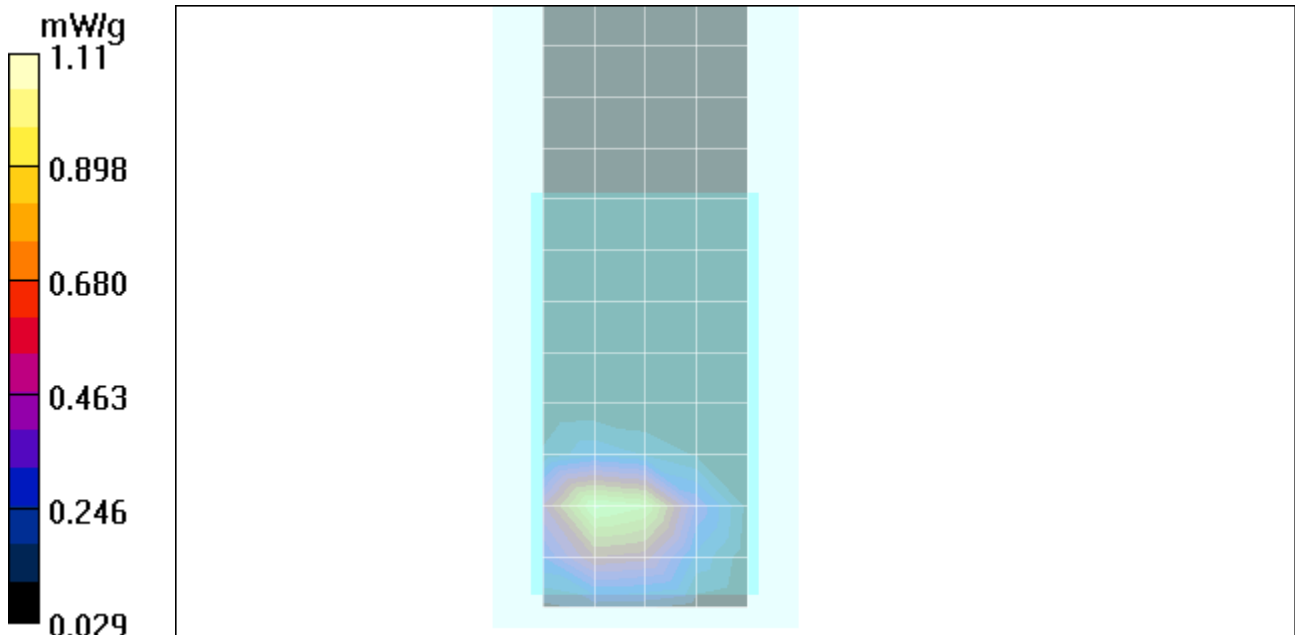
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.582 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

1900 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0 Antenna Position: internal

Bluetooth Back of Phone 15mm Configuration with SNN5771A Battery

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 661; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

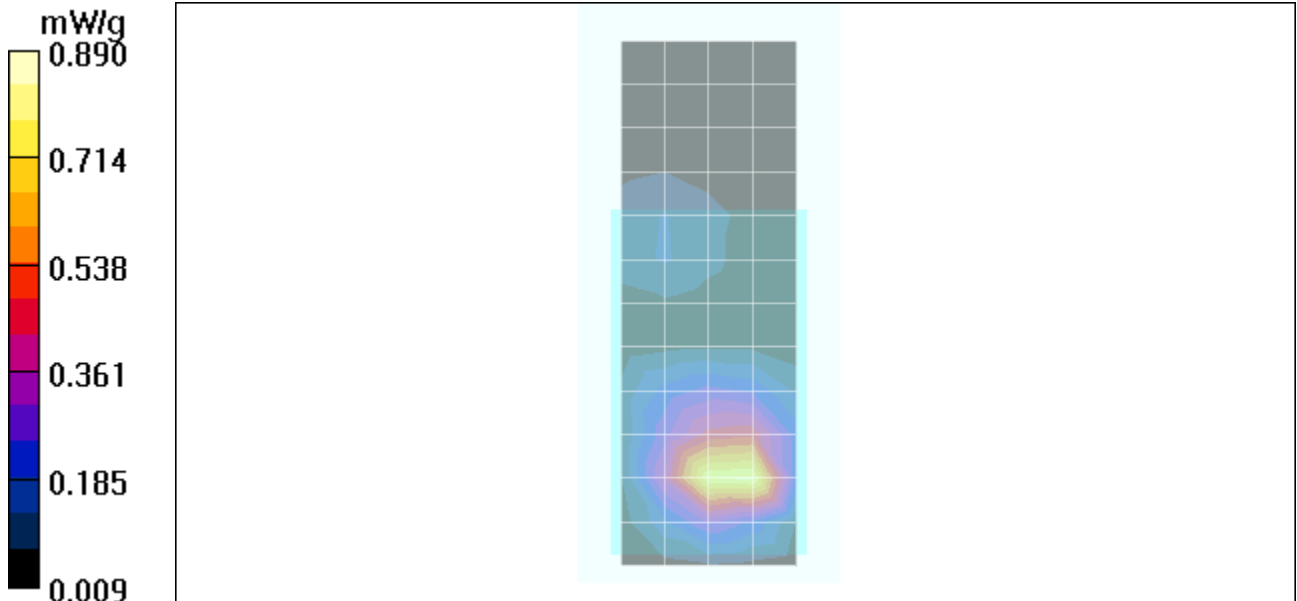
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.017 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.797 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.890 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

WCDMA 850 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: all up bits Antenna Position: internal

Bluetooth Back of Phone 15mm Bodyworn Configuration with SNN5782A Battery

Communication System: 3G-WCDMA 850; Frequency: 836 MHz; Channel Number: 4180; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Low Freq Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

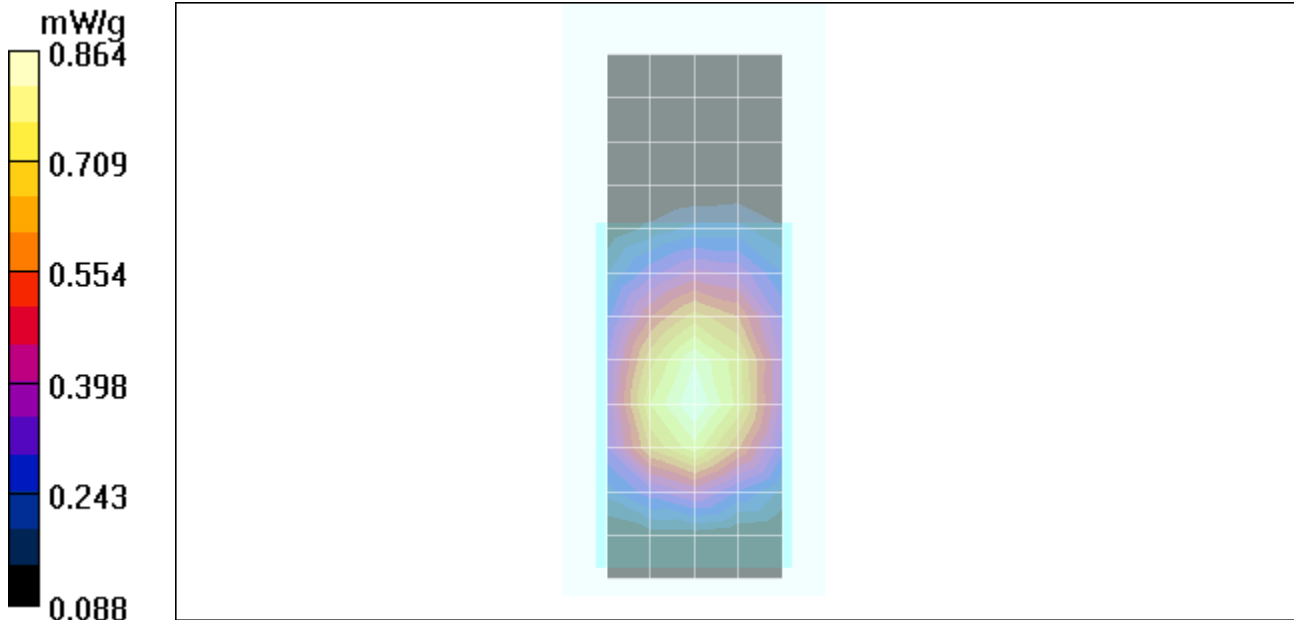
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(6.07, 6.07, 6.07); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.1, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.869 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 30.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.820 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.604 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.864 mW/g



FCC ID # IHDT56HW1

Test Laboratory: Motorola

WCDMA 1900 Bodyworn

Serial: 1NR0890114

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step:all up bits Antenna Position: internal

Bluetooth Back 15mm Bodyworn Configuration with SNN5782A Battery

Communication System: 3G/WCDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 9400; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Regular Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

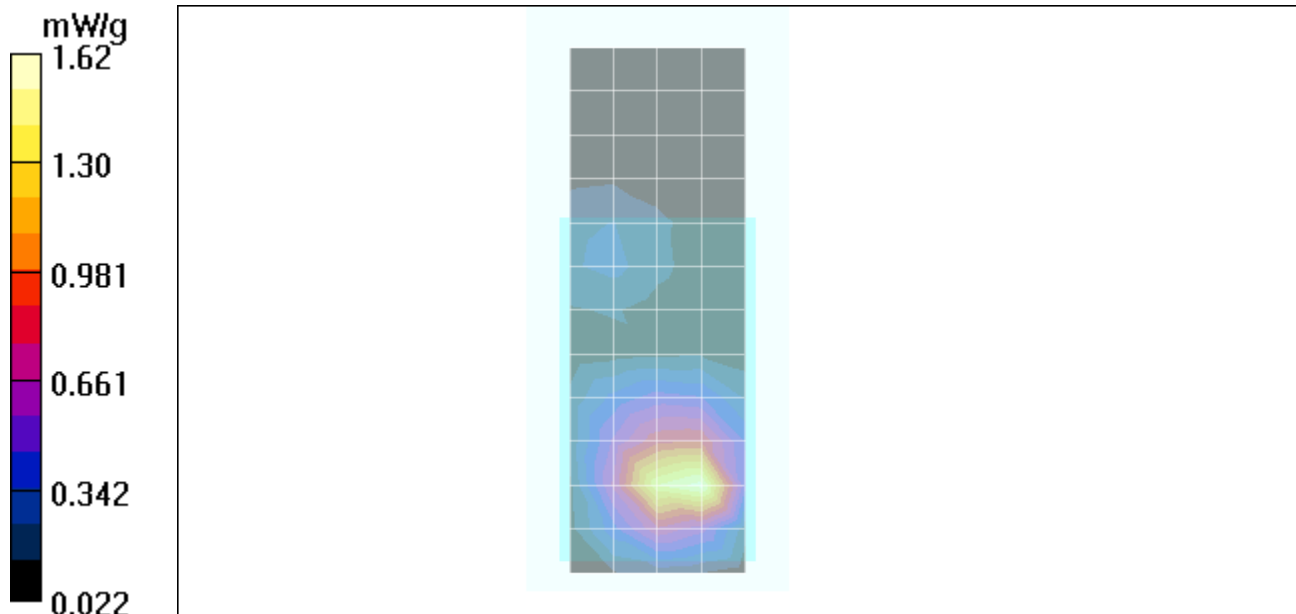
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3037; ConvF(4.73, 4.73, 4.73); Calibrated: 11/23/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn661; Calibrated: 9/1/2006
- Phantom: R1: Sect.2, Amy Twin; Type: Amy Twin Flat; Serial: n/a;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Amy Twin Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (13x7x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.57 mW/g

Amy Twin Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 28.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.118 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.841 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 mW/g



Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate



Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Motorola MDb**

Certificate No: ES3-3037_Nov06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ES3DV3 - SN:3037**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **November 23, 2006**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00592)	Aug-07
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-06 (METAS, No. 217-00593)	Aug-07
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-06 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan06)	Jan-07
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06)	In house check: Oct-07

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: November 23, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3037

Manufactured:	August 21, 2003
Last calibrated:	November 17, 2005
Recalibrated:	November 23, 2006

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3037**Sensitivity in Free Space^A****Diode Compression^B**

NormX	1.16 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	99 mV
NormY	0.82 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	101 mV
NormZ	0.96 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	98 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect**TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.1	2.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.0 mm	4.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	8.4	5.2
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.0	0.1

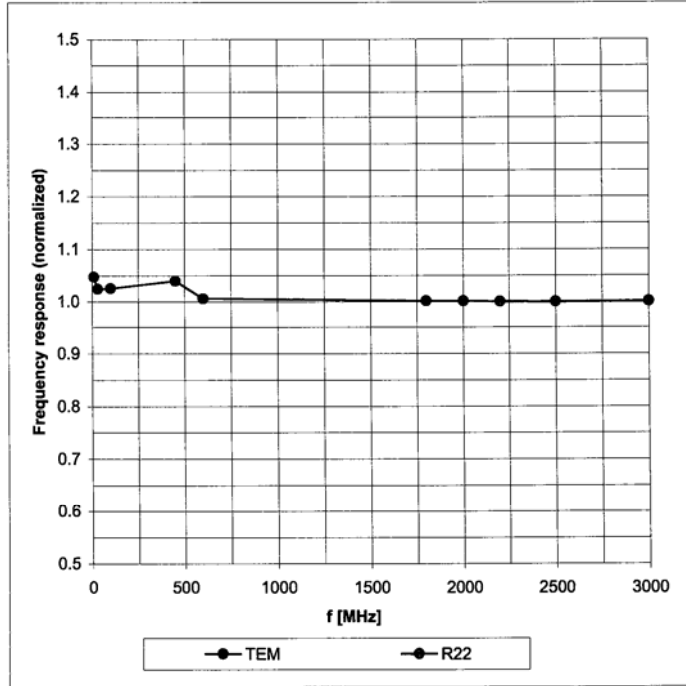
Sensor OffsetProbe Tip to Sensor Center **2.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

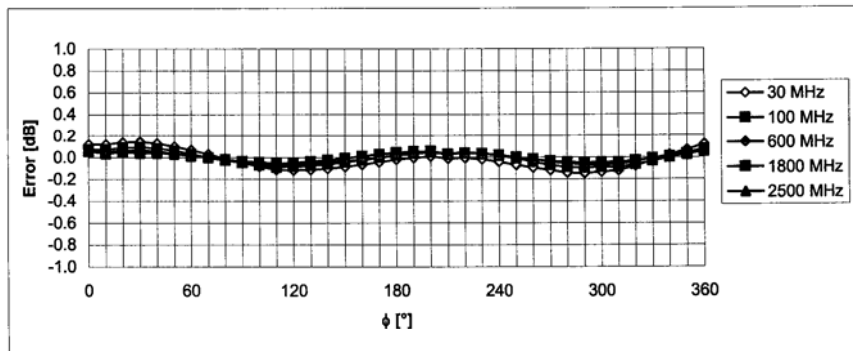
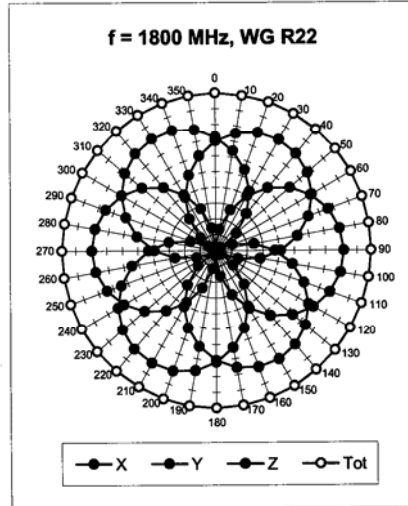
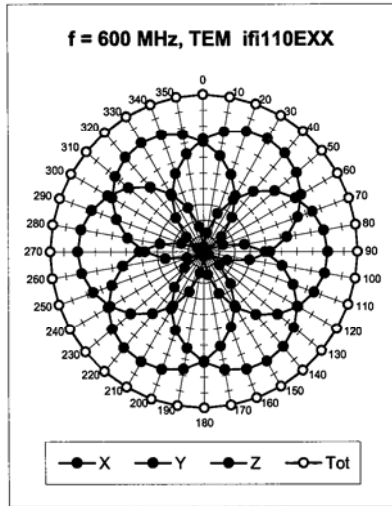
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



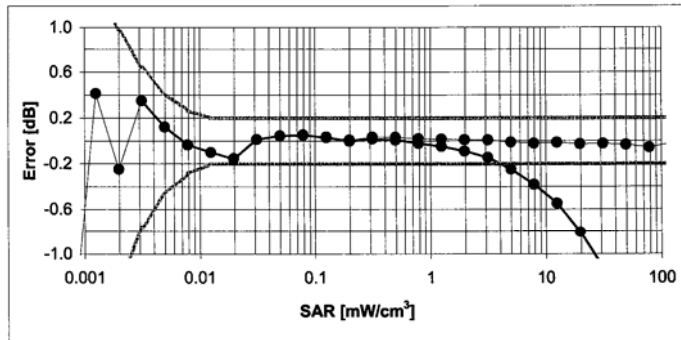
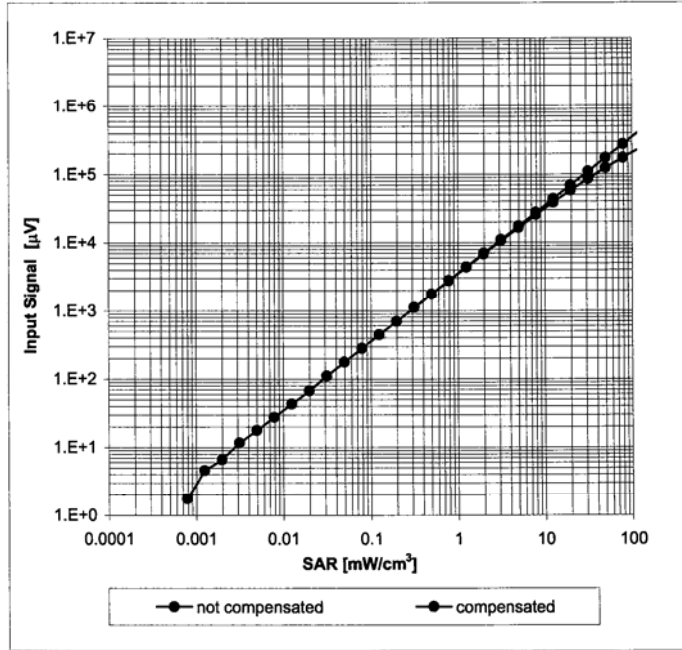
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



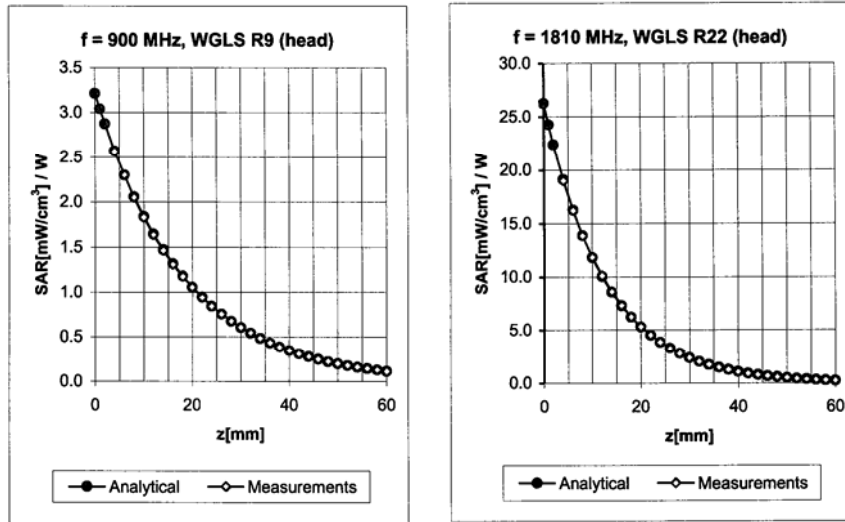
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

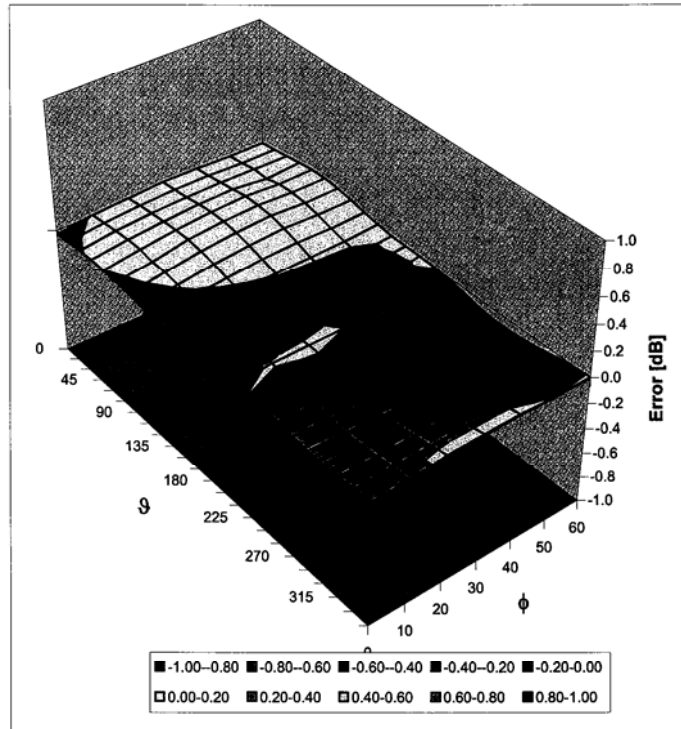
Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.00	1.07	6.25 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.73	1.26	5.17 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.76	1.23	4.81 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.4 ± 5%	1.71 ± 5%	0.62	1.40	4.45 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.71	1.25	4.39 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.0 ± 5%	1.96 ± 5%	0.82	1.09	4.31 ± 11.8% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.00	1.11	6.07 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.70	1.31	4.73 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.63	1.44	4.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2300	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.8 ± 5%	1.85 ± 5%	0.64	1.37	4.44 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.45	1.37	4.32 ± 11.8% (k=2)
2600	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.5 ± 5%	2.16 ± 5%	0.89	1.00	4.21 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Appendix 5

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	$e = f(d,k)$	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	$h = c \times f / e$	$i = c \times g / e$	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	c_i (1 g)	c_i (10 g)	1 g u_i (±%)	10 g u_i (±%)	v_i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.2	N	1.00	1	1	3.2	3.2	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	4.0	N	1.00	1	1	4.0	4.0	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.1	10.8	411
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			$k=2$				22.2	21.6	

Appendix 6

Photographs of the device under test

>>> PHOTOS WERE MOVED TO FCC EXHIBIT 7B <<<

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on WI-0396

-Historical Data-

900MHz	
IEEE/IEC Target:	10.8 (W/kg)
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	9.0%
Measurement Period:	10-May-06 to 18-April-07
# of tests performed:	1,562
Grand Average:	11.24 (W/kg)
% Delta (Average - IEEE1528 Target)	4.1%
Is % Delta <= Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k=2)?	Yes
Accept/Reject <u>Average</u> as new system performance check target?	ACCEPT
Applies to Dipole SN's: 55, 69, 77, 78, 79, 80, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 1d034, 1d035	

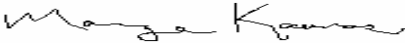
-New System Performance Check Targets- per WI-0396

(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)
900MHz	11.24	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%

-Approvals-

Submitted by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments:

Approved by: Date:

Signed: 

Comments: