

HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDT56HF1

Date of test: May-13-2007 May-18-2007 **Date of Report:**

Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory

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Laboratory: Room: MW113

Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Thomas Nipple **Test Responsible:**

RF Engineer

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC IHDT56HF1 to

FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2006. It

Statement of **Compliance:** also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement

standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines

and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

Results Summary: M Category = M3

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56HF1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with ANSI PC63.19-2006 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for near field emissions only and not for Telecoil performance compliance.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test

FCC ID Number	IHDT56HF1				
Serial number	364AHG00JZ				
Mode(s) of Operation	800 iDEN	900 iDEN	Bluetooth		
Modulation Mode(s)	QAM	QAM	GFSK		
Maximum Output Power Setting	28.06 dBm	28.06 dBm	4.00 dBm		
Duty Cycle	1:6/2:6	1:6/2:6	1:1		
Transmitting Frequency Range(s)	806.0125 – 824.9875 MHz				
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2908)	Identical Prototype				
Device Category		Portable			

Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

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3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4TM v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM), of Zurich Switzerland. All the HAC measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Table 2: Dosimetric System Equipment

Tuble 2. Boshirettie System Equipment						
Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date				
E-Field Probe ER3DV6R	2244	Jul-11-2007				
H-Field Probe H3DV6	6078	Jul-11-2007				
DAE3	440	Jan-24-2008				
DAE3	378	Apr-13-2008				
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	1075	Jun-12-2007				
835 MHz Dipole CD835V3	1076	Mar-05-2008				

Table 3: Additional Test Equipment

Tubic CV Traditional Test Equipment						
Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date				
Power Supply 6623A	US37360826	Aug-07-2007				
Signal Generator E4438C	MY45090104	Aug-08-2007				
Amplifier 1030 BBM3Q7EQI	1040					
3db Attenuator 8491A	50577	Jun-30-2007				
Directional Coupler 778D	18610	Jun-30-2007				
Power Meter E4417A	MY45100501	Jun-26-2007				
Power Sensor #1 – E9323A	MY44420845	Jul-25-2007				
Power Sensor #2 - E9323A	MY44420850	Jul-25-2007				
10db attenuator 8491A	3929M50773	Aug-10-2007				
Spectrum Analyzer E4403B	MY45107934	May-30-2007				

4. Validation

Validations of the DASY4 v4.7 test system were performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. All validations occur in free space using the DASY4 test arch. Note that the 10 mm probe to dipole separation is measured from the top edge of the dipole to the calibration reference point of the probe. SPEAG uses the center point of the probe sensor(s) as the reference point when establishing targets for their dipoles. Therefore, because SPEAG's dipoles and targets are used, it is appropriate to measure the 10 mm separation distance to the center of the sensors as they do. This reference point was used for validation only. Validations were performed at 835 MHz and 898 MHz. The obtained results from the validations are displayed in the table below. The field contour plots are included in Appendix 2.

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Validations were performed to verify that measured E-field and H-field values are within +/- 25% from the target reference values provided by the manufacturer (Ref: Appendix 7). Per Section 4.3.2.1 of the C63.19 standard, "Values within +/-25% are acceptable, of which 12% is deviation and 13% is measurement uncertainty." Therefore, the E- and H-Field dipole verification results, shown in Table 4, are in accordance with the acceptable parameters defined by the standard.

Table 4: Dipole Measurement Summary

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	E-Field Results (V/m)	Target for Dipole (V/m)	% Deviation
1075	835	CW	100	164.25	167.2	-1.8%
1076	898	CW	100	149.5	149.5	0.0%

Dipole	F (MHz)	Protocol	Input Power (mW)	H-Field Results (A/m)	Target for Dipole (A/m)	% Deviation
1075	835	CW	100	0.450	0.449	0.2%
1076	898	CW	100	0.415	0.417	-0.5%

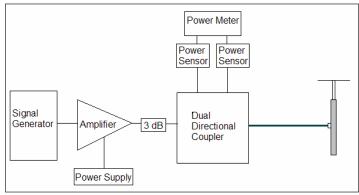


Figure 1: Setup for Validation

5. Probe Modulation Factor

After every probe calibration, the response of the probe to each applicable modulated signal (CDMA, GSM, etc) must be assessed in all applicable frequency bands. The response of the probe system to a CW field at the frequency(s) of interest is compared to its response to a modulated signal with equal peak amplitude. For each PMF assessment, a Signal Generator was used to replace the original CW signal with the desired modulated signal. The PMF results applicable to this test document are shown in Tables 5.

RF Field Probe Modulation Response was measured with the field probe and associated measurement equipment. The PMF was measured using a signal generator as follows:

- 1. Illuminate a dipole with a CW signal at the intended measured frequency.
- 2. Fix the probe at a set location relative to the dipole; typically located at the field reference point.

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- 3. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the CW signal.
- 4. Substitute a modulated signal of the same amplitude, using the same modulation as that used by the intended WD for the CW signal.
- 5. Record the reading of the probe measurement system of the modulated signal.
- 6 The ratio of the CW to modulated signal reading is the probe modulation factor.

Using dual directional coupler, the forward power and reverse power are measured and adjusted when connected to the dipole.

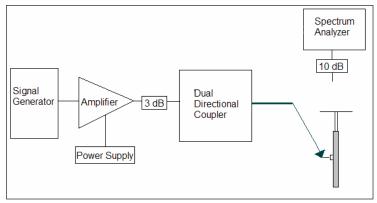


Figure 2a: Setup to Dipole

A spectrum analyzer is used to set the peak amplitude of the modulated signal equal to the amplitude of the CW signal. The procedure, used to ensure that the amplitude is the same, is shown in Appendix 1. The 0-Span spectrum plots are also provided in Appendix 1.

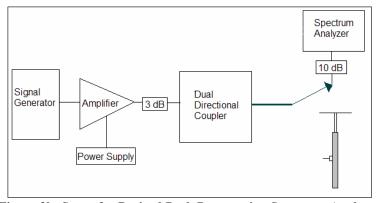


Figure 2b: Setup for Desired Peak Power using Spectrum Analyzer

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Table 5: PMF Measurement Summary

f			-Field e SN 2244	H-Field Probe SN 6078		
(MHz)	Protocol		E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor	
	CW	283.9		1.271		
813	iDEN 800 2:6 Vocoder	79.92	3.55	0.4285	2.97	
	iDEN 800 1:6 Vocoder	56.15	5.06	0.2992	4.25	
	CW	235.9		1.132		
898	iDEN 900 2:6 Vocoder	68.48	3.44	0.3821	2.96	
	iDEN 900 1:6 Vocoder	48.42	4.87	0.2663	4.25	

f			Field SN 2244	H-Field Probe SN 6078		
(MHz)	Protocol	E-Field (V/m)	E-Field Modulation Factor	H-Field (A/m)	H-Field Modulation Factor	
813	CW	110.1		0.5043		
013	80% AM	69.07	1.60	0.3235	1.56	
898	CW	97.35		0.4513		
098	80% AM	59.47	1.64	0.2925	1.54	

6. Test Results

The phone was tested in all normal configurations for the ear use. When applicable, configurations are tested with the antenna in its fully extended position. These test configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable operating mode; for example, GSM, CDMA, and TDMA.

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The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

Battery 1 – SNN5793A – 1750 mAH Battery

Battery 2 – SNN5784A – 880 mAH Battery

All tests are conducted with a fully charged battery. Battery SNN5793A was tested at all channels for each vocoder rate and field configuration. Battery SNN5784A was then tested at the channel resulting in the highest field value for each vocoder rate and field configuration.

The test sample is capable of operation in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. This guarantees that the unit does not change its transmitter power, and that the resultant HAC field values will not be affected by external connections. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone is then placed in the HAC measurement system with a fully charged battery. At the end of each test the DASYTM system measures the drift of the field strength at a fixed reference point to ensure that the test sample has not changed in transmitter power. For the purposes of these tests, the transmitter was operated at the highest output level available.

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAGTM setup. The default settings for the grid spacing of the scan were set to 5 mm as shown in the Field plots included in Appendix 2 and 3. The 5 cm x 5 cm area measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device. The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. The WD reference plane is parallel to the device and contains the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. The measurement plane contains the nearest point on the probe sensor(s) relative to the WD. The pictures of the setup are included in Appendix 5.

The device is positioned such that the WD reference plane is located 10 mm from, and parallel to, the measurement plane. This is in accordance with section 4.4 of the standard, which states that "The WD reference plane is a plane parallel with the front "face" of the WD and containing the highest point on its contour in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear."

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The following figure shows the position of the measurement grid with respect to the device under test.

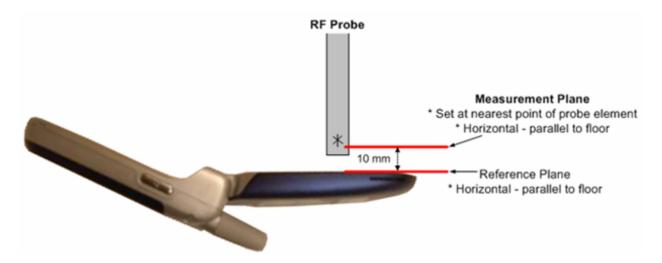


Figure 4: Clarification of Figure A-2 from the Standard

The HAC Rating results for E-Field and H-field are shown in Tables 6 through 9. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the measured drifts, excluded areas, and the peak fields. PMF measurements are taken from Section 5. The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 3: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

Drift was measured using the typical DASY4 v4.7 measurement routines. The field is measured at the reference location (center of the ear piece) at the beginning of the test. Then after completion of the E or H field measurement, the probe returns to the same reference location and takes another measurement. The drift is the delta between these two values and is included in the test report scans.

Per SPEAG's recommendation, the phone plots in Appendix 3 use the iDEN transmitter ratios of 2:6 and 1:6 as the "Duty Cycle." Per SPEAG's recommendation, in order to account for probe modulation response, PMF is applied during the SEMCAD (post-processing) portion. PMF also appears in the phone plots in Appendix 3.

iDEN 800/900 Emissions Limits			
Rating E-Field			
М3	199.5 – 354.8 V/m		
M4	< 199.5 V/m		

Table 6: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (2:6 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Frequency Setting (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
		806.0125	28.08		-0.534	1,4,7	202.1	М3
iDEN 800	Extended	813.5125	28.09	3.55	-0.310	1,4,7	186.5	M4
IDEN 800	Extended	824.9875	28.10	3.33	-0.200	1,2,4	167.0	M4
	with Battery 2			-0.630	1,4,7	194.1	M4	
		896.01875	28.05		-0.250	1,4,7	129.7	M4
iDEN 900	Extended	900.98125	28.06	3.44	-0.210	1,4,7	125.3	M4
		with Bat	with Battery 2		-0.339	1,4,7	134.5	M4

Table 7: HAC E-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1:6 Rate).

Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Frequency Setting (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (V/m)	Rating
		806.0125	28.08		0.250	1,4,7	213.6	M3
iDEN 800	Extended	813.5125	28.09	5.06	0.060	4,7,8	204.9	M3
IDEN 800	Extended	824.9875	28.10	5.00	0.110	4,7,8	186.4	M4
	with Battery 2		tery 2		-0.028	1,4,7	223.2	М3
		896.01875	28.05		0.080	1,4,7	156.7	M4
iDEN 900	Extended	900.98125	28.06	4.87	0.090	1,4,7	152.8	M4
		with Bat	tery 2		-0.040	1,4,7	158.3	M4

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iDEN 800/900 Emissions Limits			
Rating H-Field			
М3	0.60 - 1.07 A/m		
M4	< 0.60 A/m		

Table 8: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone

at highest possible output power (2:6 Rate).

					1 (2.0 Rate).			
Frequency Band (MHz)	Antenna position	Frequency Setting (MHz)	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Measured PMF	Drift (dB)	Excluded Cells	Peak Field (A/m)	Rating
		806.0125	28.08		-0.200	1,4,7	0.227	M4
iDEN 800	iDEN 800 Extended	813.5125	28.09	2.97	-0.650	1,4,7	0.252	M4
IDEN 800	Extended	824.9875	28.10	2.97	-0.300	1,4,7	0.216	M4
		with Bat	tery 2		-0.495	1,4,7	0.253	M4
		896.01875	28.05		0.016	1,4,7	0.215	M4
iDEN 900	Extended	900.98125	28.06	2.96	-0.170	1,4,7	0.198	M4
		with Bat	tery 2		-0.410	1,4,7	0.211	M4

Table 9: HAC H-Field measurement results for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power (1:6 Rate).

Conducted Frequency Frequency Peak Field Antenna Output Measured Excluded Band Setting Drift (dB) Rating Power PMF Cells position (A/m)(MHz) (MHz) (dBm) 806.0125 28.08 0.050 0.239 1,4,7 M4 28.09 1,4,7 0.267 M4 813.5125 -0.040 iDEN 800 Extended 4.25 824.9875 28.10 -0.060 1,4,7 0.248 M4 with Battery 2 0.053 0.280 **M4** 1,4,7 896.01875 28.05 -0.110 1,4,7 0.232 M4 iDEN 900 Extended 900.98125 28.06 4.25 -0.410 1,4,7 0.236 M4 with Battery 2 0.042 1,4,7 0.269 **M4**

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Appendix 1

Details justifying the conversion to peak

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A1.1 Procedure for PMF measurements

1. Setup the HAC validation rack as you would for a normal CW HAC validation with forward power = 100 mW

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- 2. Setup the dipole and phantom as you would for a normal CW HAC validation.
- **3.** Open the "HAC Probe Mod Factor" template and verify the following parameters:

Medium = "Air";

Communication System = "HAC – Dipole";

Ensure the proper probe & DAE are installed and laser aligned

- 4. MEASURE CW: Using the original CW signal, run the jobs in the "CW Measurement" procedure.
- **5.** Do <u>not</u> turn off the signal generator power
- **6. Setting the CW Reference Level on the Spectrum Analyzer:** To set the Reference level on the Spectrum Analyzer, remove the Validation Rack's Main Cable from the dipole and connect to the Spectrum Analyzer INPUT using a 10 dB attenuator and an adapter.
- 7. Set-Up the Spectrum Analyzer for the following Settings:

Frequency: Freq. being tested (EX: 835/1880)

Span: Zero Span

Res BW: iDEN – 100 kHz; GSM – 300 kHz; CDMA – 3 MHz; WCDMA – 5 MHz; Video BW: iDEN – 300 kHz; GSM – 1 MHz; CDMA and WCDMA – 30 kHz**;

Sweep Time: 20 ms; 120 ms for iDEN

Scale: 1 dB

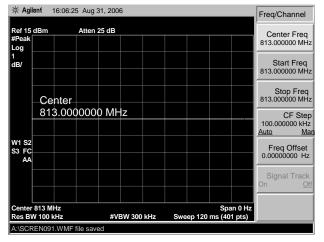
Detector: PEAK / Manual

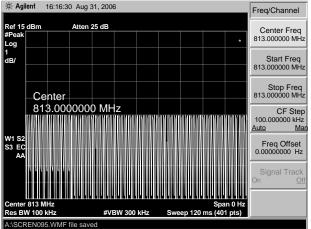
- **8.** Adjust REF level until the CW signal is aligned with the Center Line (approx. 15 dB). NOTE: After this point, the Reference Line must remain fixed. Do not change it.
- 9. MEASURE THE MODULATED SIGNAL(S):
 - 9.1. Change the signal generator to the desired modulation.
 - 9.2. Set the Spectrum Analyzer Sweep Time to 20 ms.
 - 9.3. With the Main cable still connected to the Spectrum Analyzer, adjust the amplitude of the power on the signal generator so that the PEAK of the modulated signal is at the CW Reference Line:
 - 9.3.1 On the Spectrum Analyzer, press the [View Trace] button and then select (Max Hold), this will show only the Peak output.
 - 9.3.2 Press (Clear Write) and then (Max Hold) each time an amplitude adjustment is made.
 - 9.4. Allow the Max Hold line to stabilize. Then check that the highest peak of the Max Hold line corresponds with the CW Reference Line (without going over). If not correct, repeat section 6.
 - 9.5. Remove the validation main cable from the spectrum analyzer and re-connect it to the Dipole.
- 10. Repeat 9 until all remaining modulation(S) have been completed.

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^{**} The use of 30 kHz VBW is validated. The power measurements are verified using an average power meter.

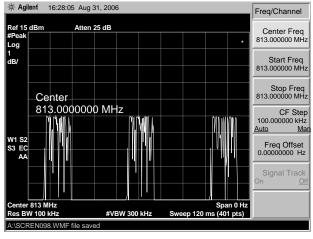
A1.2 0-Span Spectrum Plots for PMF measurements

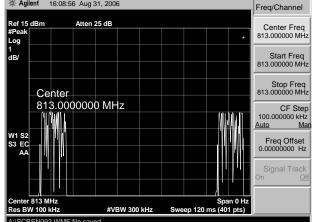




CW 813 MHz

80% AM 813 MHz

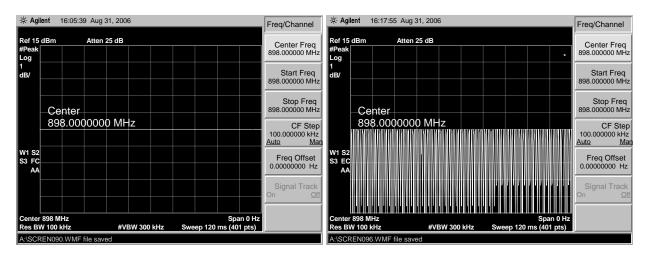




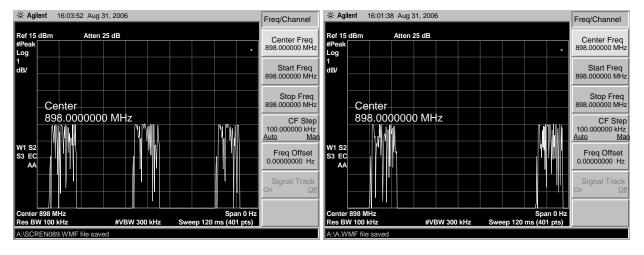
iDEN 813 MHz (2:6 rate)

iDEN 813 MHz (1:6 rate)

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CW 898 MHz 80% AM 898 MHz



iDEN 898 MHz (2:6 rate)

iDEN 898 MHz (1:6 rate)

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Appendix 2

HAC distribution plots for Validation

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Date/Time: 5/11/2007 8:06:11 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051107, E - 835 CW - 1.8% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1075

Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1075; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

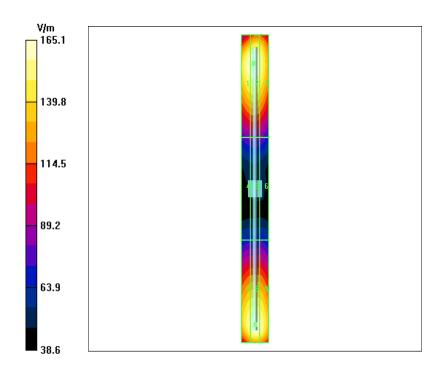
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Reference Value = 102.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 165.1 V/m

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (165.1 + 163.4) / 2 = 164.25 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 163.4		Grid 3 158.5
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
84.6	86.1	83.5
		83.5 Grid 9



Date/Time: 5/11/2007 6:27:55 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051107, E - 898 CW + 0% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1076-898

Procedure Notes: 898 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1076-898; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

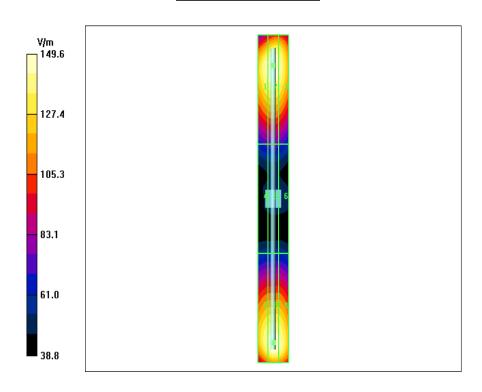
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Reference Value = 88.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 149.6 V/m

Average value of Total (interpolated) = (149.6 + 149.4) / 2 = 149.5 V/m

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 146.8		Grid 3 145.8
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
72.9	74.5	72.5



Date/Time: 5/11/2007 6:40:52 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051107, H - 835 CW + 0.1% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1075; DUT Notes: 23-Sept-05 Procedure Notes: 835 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1075; Input Power = 100 mW Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

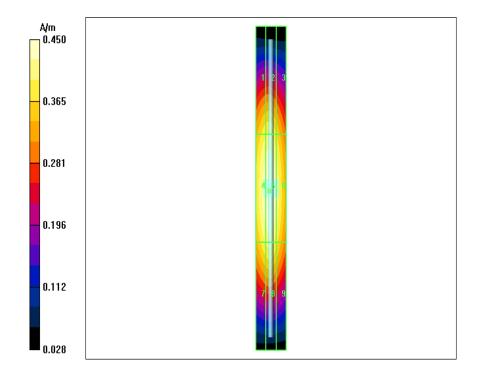
- Probe: H3DV6 SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Reference Value = 0.477 A/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.450 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.389	0.395	0.366
Grid 4		
0.439	0.450	0.416
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.396	0.407	0.375



Date/Time: 5/11/2007 5:46:20 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - 051107, H - 898 CW -.5% GOOD

DUT: HAC-Dipole 898 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1076-898

Procedure Notes: 898 MHz HAC Validation; Dipole Sn# 1076-898; Input Power = 100 mW

Communication System: CW - HAC; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006

• Sensor-Surface: 0mm (Fix Surface)Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007

• Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;

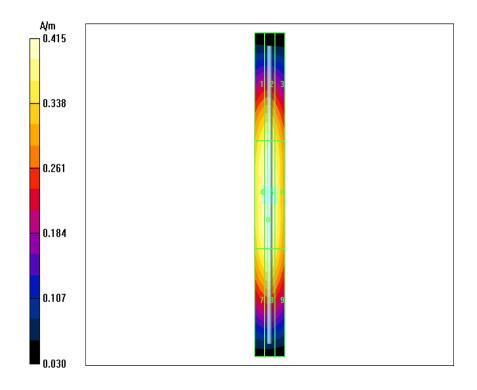
• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Probe center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00; Reference Value = 0.433 A/m; Power Drift = -0.016 dB Maximum value of Total (interpolated) = 0.415 A/m

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.371	0.379	0.353
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.404	0.415	0.385
		Grid 9
0.381	0.390	0.361



Appendix 3

FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field

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Date/Time: 5/13/2007 6:18:09 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 800 2:6 Vocoder, E-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5793A; Vocoder Rate: 2:6; PMF Value: 3.55 Communication System: iDEN 2:6; Frequency: 806.01 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:3 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

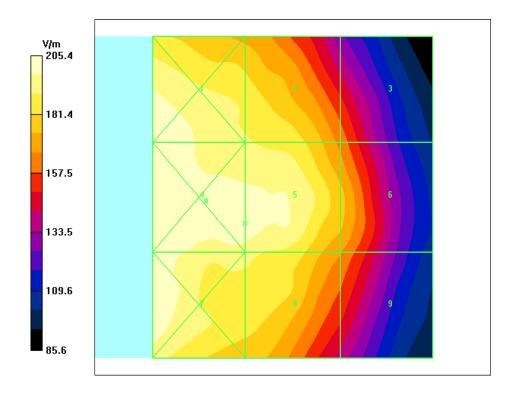
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 202.1 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 3.55

Reference Value = 60.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.534 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
204.8	190.6	163.1
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
205.4	202.1	176.7
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
		166.4



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 7:56:56 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 800 1:6 Vocoder, E-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder Rate: 1:6; PMF Value: 5.06 Communication System: iDEN 1:6; Frequency: 806.01 MHz; Channel Number: 1; Duty Cycle: 1:6 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

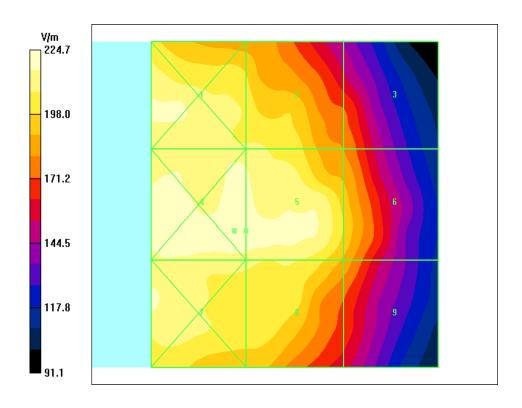
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 223.2 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 5.06

Reference Value = 45.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.028 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
217.6	208.7	180.3
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
224.7	223.2	197.9
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
218.1	210.8	187.6



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 8:11:50 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 900 2:6 Vocoder, E-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder Rate: 2:6; PMF Value: 3.44 Communication System: iDEN 2:6; Frequency: 896.02 MHz; Channel Number: 5; Duty Cycle: 1:3 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

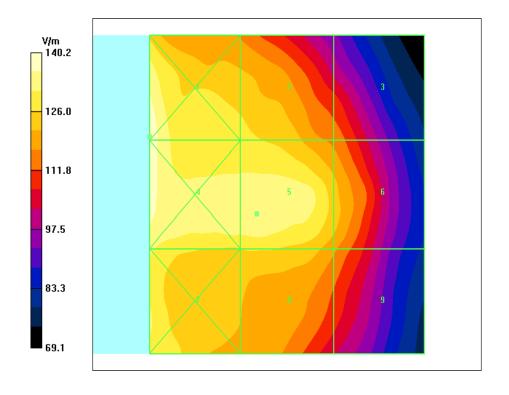
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 134.5 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 3.44

Reference Value = 41.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.339 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
140.2	128.2	115.5
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
140.1	134.5	124.1
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
131.8	126.7	117.9



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 7:49:38 PM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 900 1:6 Vocoder, E-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder Rate: 1:6; PMF Value: 4.87 Communication System: iDEN 1:6; Frequency: 896.02 MHz; Channel Number: 5; Duty Cycle: 1:6 Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R SN2244; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 7/11/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/24/2007
- Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

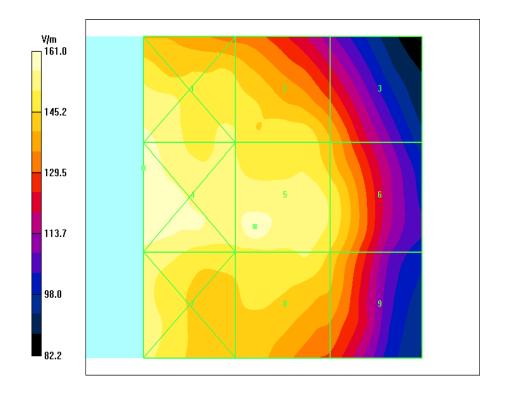
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 158.3 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 4.87

Reference Value = 34.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.040 dB

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
157.9	150.8	140.7
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
161.0	158.3	150.1
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
154.3	151.2	144.8



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 2:29:14 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 800 2:6 Vocoder, H-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder: 2:6; PMF Value: 2.97 Communication System: iDEN 2:6; Frequency: 813.51 MHz; Channel Number: 2; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007

• Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

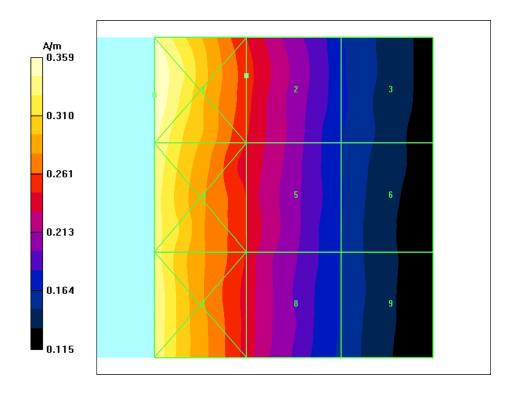
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.253 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.97

Reference Value = 0.070 A/m; Power Drift = -0.495 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.359	0.253	0.170
Grid 4		
0.347	0.245	0.167
		0.167 Grid 9



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 2:12:07 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 800 1:6 Vocoder, H-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder 1:6; PMF Value: 4.25 Communication System: iDEN 1:6; Frequency: 813.51 MHz; Channel Number: 2; Duty Cycle: 1:6

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007

• Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

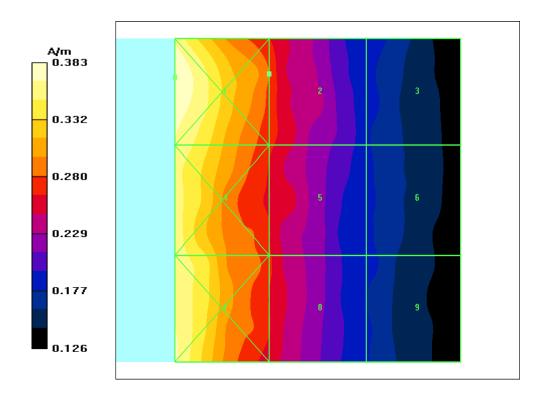
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.280 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 4.25

Reference Value = 0.052 A/m; Power Drift = 0.053 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.383	0.280	0.190
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.362	0.268	0.184
		Grid 9
0.370	0.269	0.185



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 12:47:24 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 900 2:6 Vocoder, H-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5793A; Vocoder 2:6; PMF Value: 2.96 Communication System: iDEN 2:6; Frequency: 896.02 MHz; Channel Number: 5; Duty Cycle: 1:3

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007

• Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;

• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

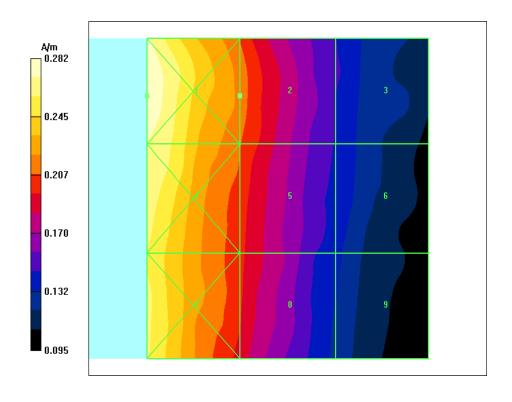
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.215 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.96

Reference Value = 0.058 A/m; Power Drift = 0.016 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.282	0.215	0.148
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.269	0.208	0.145
0:15	~	
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9



Date/Time: 5/13/2007 2:20:14 AM

Test Laboratory: Motorola - iDEN 900 1:6 Vocoder, H-Field

Serial: 364AHG00JZ; FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Notes: Antenna Position: Extended; Battery Model #: SNN5784A; Vocoder 1:6; PMF Value: 4.25 Communication System: iDEN 1:6; Frequency: 900.98 MHz; Channel Number: 7; Duty Cycle: 1:6

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

• Probe: H3DV6 - SN6078; ; Calibrated: 7/11/2006

• Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE3 Sn378; Calibrated: 4/13/2007

• Phantom: PCS-3, HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;

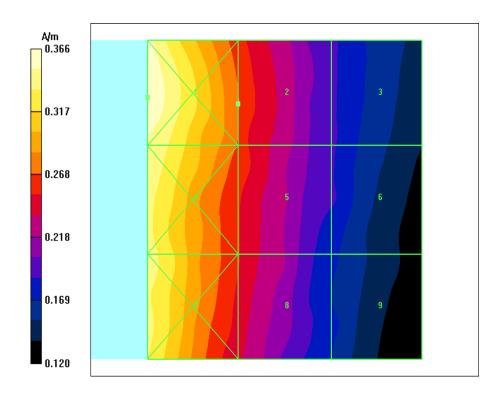
• Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm; Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.269 A/m Probe Modulation Factor = 4.25; Reference Value = 0.053 A/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.366	0.269	0.190
Grid 4		
0.349	0.265	0.189
		Grid 9
0.344	0.253	0.175



Appendix 4

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

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A4.1 Motorola Uncertainty Budget for RF HAC Testing

TABLE A4.1: Motorola Uncertainty Budget

UNCERTAINTY DESCRIPTION	Uncertainty Value (+/- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(ci) E	(ci) H	Std. Unc. E	Std. Unc. H
MEASUREMENT SYSTEM							
Probe Calibration	5.1%	N	1.0000	1	1	5.1%	5.1%
Axial Isotropy	7.8%	R	1.7321	1	0.786	4.5%	3.5%
Sensor Displacement	16.5%	R	1.7321	1	0.145	9.5%	1.4%
Boundary Effects	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Linearity	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.7%	2.7%
Scaling to Peak Envelope Power	2.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.2%	1.2%
System Detection Limit	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
Readout Electronics	0.3%	N	1.0000	1	1	0.3%	0.3%
Response Time	0.8%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.5%	0.5%
Integration Time	2.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.5%	1.5%
RF Reflections	5.6%	R	1.7321	1	1	3.2%	3.2%
Probe Positioner	1.2%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	0.7%	0.5%
Probe Positioning	4.7%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	2.7%	1.8%
Extrap. & Interpolation	1.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	0.6%	0.6%
TEST SAMPLE RELATED							
Total Device Positioning	3.2%	R	1.7321	1	1.306	1.8%	2.4%
Device Holder & Phantom	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	1	1.4%	1.4%
Power Drift	5.0%	R	1.7321	1	1	2.9%	2.9%
PHANTOM AND SETUP RELATED							
Phantom Thickness	2.4%	R	1.7321	1	0.67	1.4%	0.9%
Combined Std.Uncertainty						13.6%	9.2%
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power						27.2%	18.4%

A4.2 Probe Rotation Contributions to Isotropy Error

Probe rotation data was taken "for special focus on spherical isotropicity in measurement uncertainty and perturbation of EM fields." This data was taken at the interpolated maximum and directly accounted for in the uncertainty budget as "Axial Isotropy." Thirteen mobile devices were used to determine the probe isotropy uncertainty factors in section A4.1. Based on the resulting 82 E-Field probe rotations and 82 H-Field probe rotations, the upper 95% confidence interval value was calculated for each. These values represent a conservative assessment of the effect of the probe isotropy and have been appropriately included in the respective E- and H-uncertainty budgets.

TABLE A4.2: Probe Rotation Data Summary

	AVE	ST.DE V	Sample Size (n)	2σ	(ci)	Standard Uncertaint y
E-field	4.4%	1.7%	82	7.8%	1	4.5%
H-field	3.8%	1.2%	82	6.1%	0.786	3.5%

Isotropy error measurements were taken for 13 products across the respective frequency bands. The $+2\sigma$ values of all measurements was used as a worst case value for the uncertainty budget. Any significant differences between bands were also evaluated.

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Appendix 5

FCC ID: IHDT56HF1

Pictures of Test Setup>>> Photos are moved to Exhibit 7B -1<<<

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Appendix 6

Probe Calibration Certificates

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: ER3-2244 Jul06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object ER3DV6R - SN:2244

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-02.v4

Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field

evaluations in air

Calibration date: July 11, 2006

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: \$5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	3-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2328_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Jun-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Kalja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Blackly.
		X	714
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quelity Manager	1400

Issued: July 11, 2006

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ER3-2244_Jul06

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étaionnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space

DCP diode compression point
Polarization φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-1996, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", 1996.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 for XY sensors and θ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz; R22 waveguide).
- NORM(f)x, y, z = NORMx, y, z * frequency response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ER3-2244_Jul06 Page 2 of 9

ER3DV6R SN:2244 July 11, 2006

Probe ER3DV6R

SN:2244

Manufactured: February 1, 2000

Last calibrated: July 20, 2005 Recalibrated: July 11, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ER3-2244_Jul06

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6R SN:2244

Sensitivity in Free Space $[\mu V/(V/m)^2]$

Diode Compression^A

96 mV

NormX 1.81 ± 10.1 % (k=2) NormY 1.84 ± 10.1 % (k=2)

DCP Y 96 mV

DCP X

NormZ $2.05 \pm 10.1 \% (k=2)$

DCP Z 98 mV

Frequency Correction

X

0.0

Υ

0.0

Z

0.0

Sensor Offset

(Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X

2.5 mm

Υ

2.5 mm

Z

2.5 mm

Connector Angle

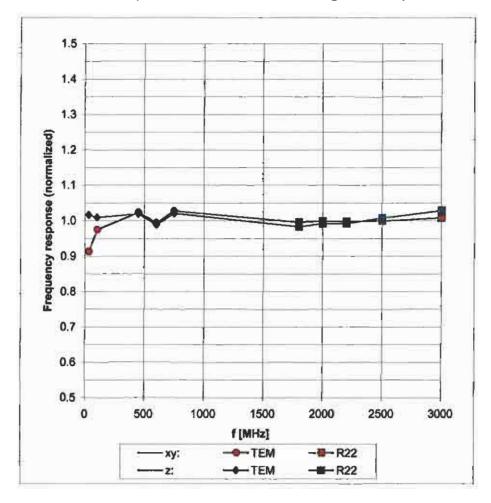
30°

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required

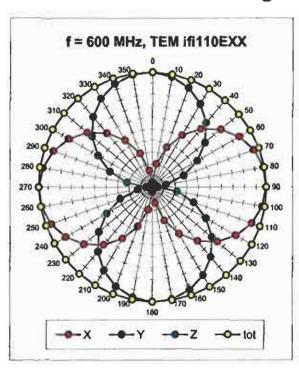
Frequency Response of E-Field

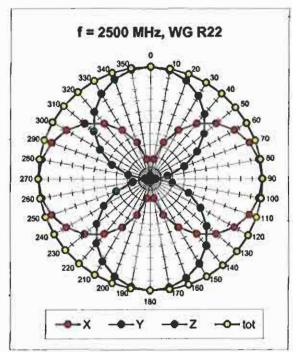
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide R22)



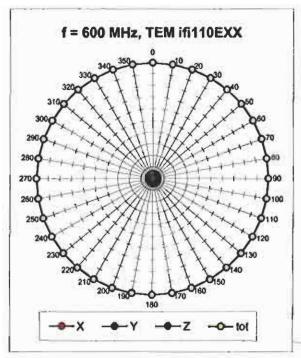
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

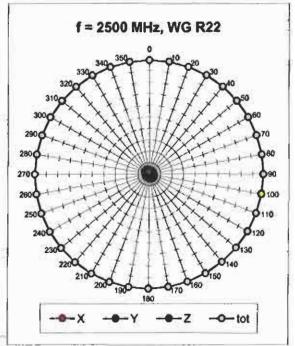
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



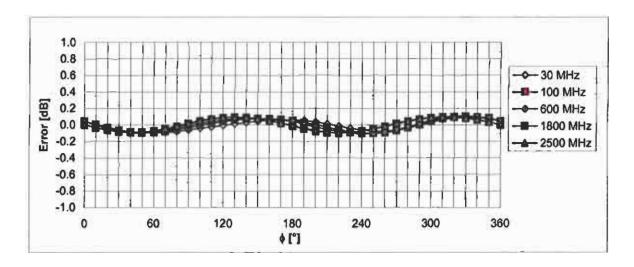


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 90°



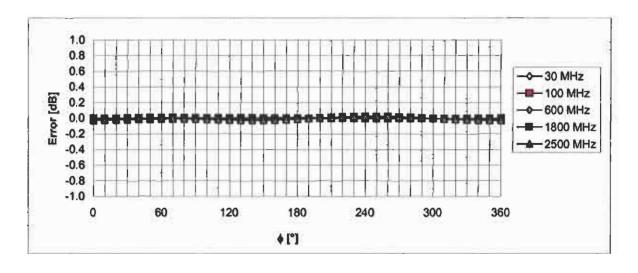


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

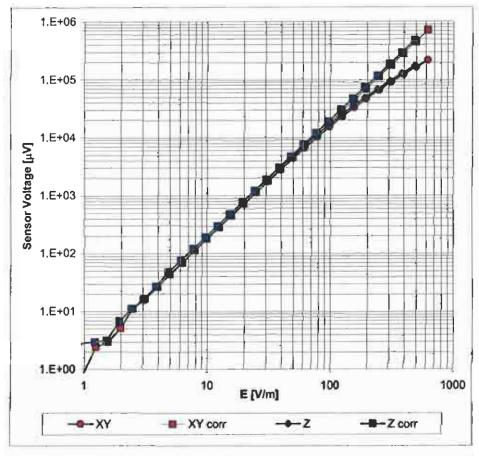
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$

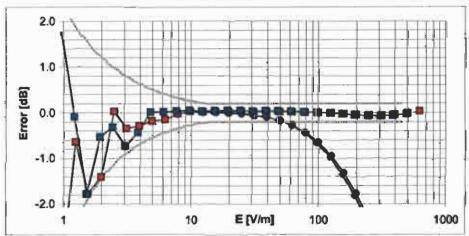


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(E-field)

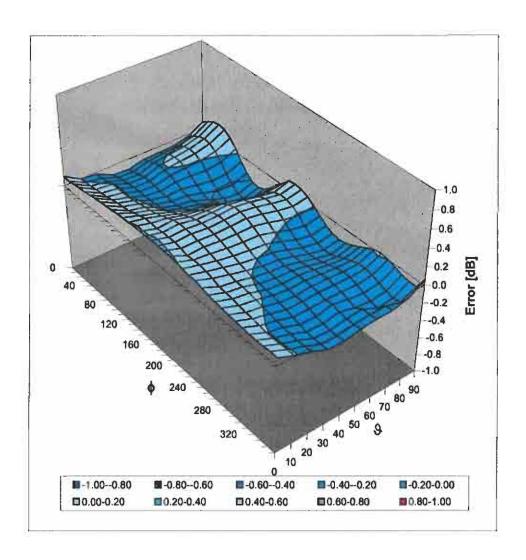
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

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Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: H3-6078_Jul06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE H3DV6 - SN:6078 Object **QA CAL-03.v4** Calibration procedure(s)

Calibration procedure for H-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air

July 11, 2006 Calibration date:

In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	5-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00557)	Apr-07
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00499)	Aug-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	4-Apr-06 (METAS, No. 251-00558)	Apr-07
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No. 251-00500)	Aug-06
Reference Probe H3DV6	SN: 6182	3-Oct-05 (SPEAG, No. H3-6182_Oct05)	Oct-06
DAE4	SN: 654	21-Juп-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Jun06)	Jun-07
Secondary Standards	ID#	_ Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov 06
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	How let
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	1111

Issued: July 11, 2006

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Glossary:

NORMx,y,z

sensitivity in free space

DCP Polarization φ diode compression point φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-1996, "IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", 1996.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- X, Y, Z_a0a1a2: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 90 for XY sensors and θ = 0 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- X,Y,Z(f)_a0a1a2= X,Y,Z_a0a1a2* frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart).
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the X a0a1a2 (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: H3-6078 Jul06

Page 2 of 8

Probe H3DV6

SN:6078

Manufactured: October 2, 2000 Last calibrated: July 20, 2005

Recalibrated: July 11, 2006

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY - Parameters of Probe: H3DV6 SN:6078

Sensitivity in Free Space [A/m / $\sqrt{(\mu V)}$]

a0 a1 a2 X 2.796E-03 -2.121E-4 3.035E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2) Y 2.685E-03 -1.242E-4 3.721E-6 ± 5.1 % (k=2) Z 3.026E-03 -1.896E-4 -2.071E-5 ± 5.1 % (k=2)

Diode Compression¹

DCP X 86 mV DCP Y 86 mV DCP Z 87 mV

Sensor Offset (Probe Tip to Sensor Center)

X 3.0 mm Y 3.0 mm Z 3.0 mm

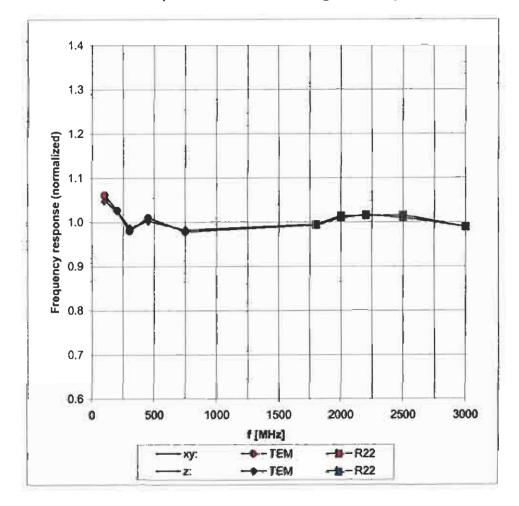
Connector Angle -36 °

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

¹ numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required

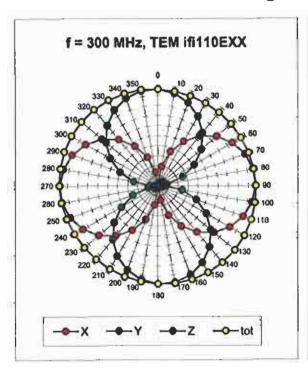
Frequency Response of H-Field

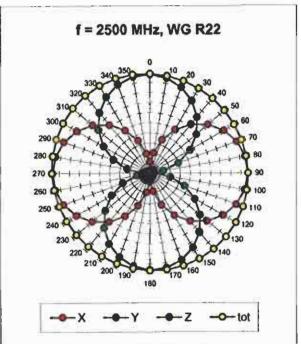
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



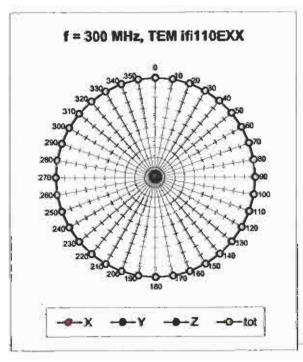
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

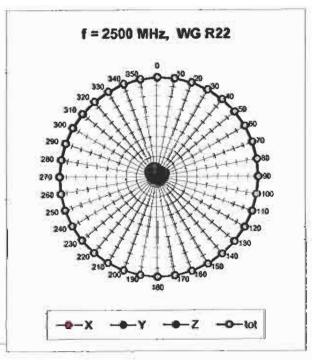
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



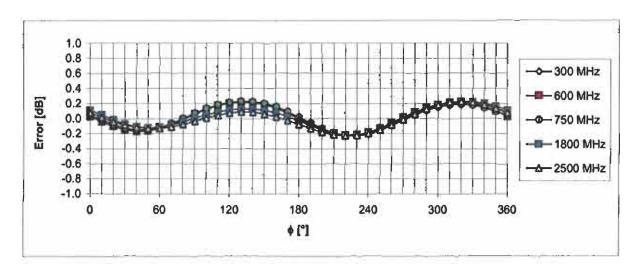


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), θ = 0°



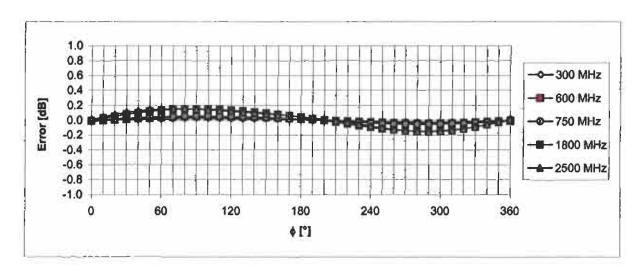


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 90^{\circ}$



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

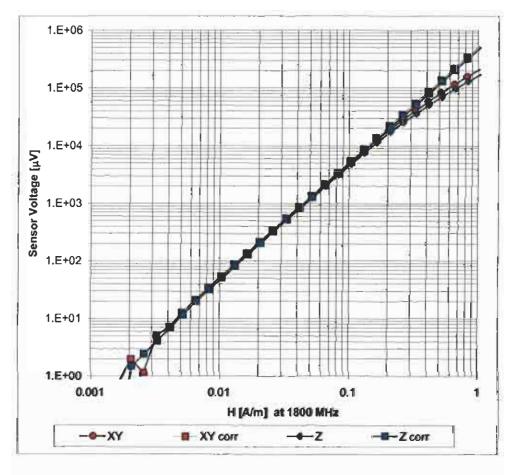
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$

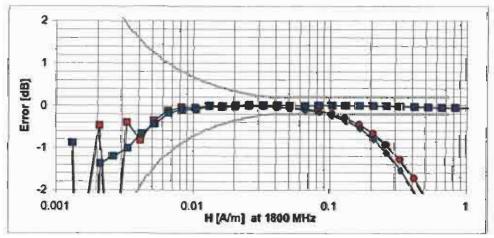


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(H-field)

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)





Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Appendix 7

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Page 23 Exhibit 6B - 1

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

Motorola Korea

Certificate No: CD835V3-1075_Jun06

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object CD835V3 - SN: 1075

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-20.v4

Calibration procedure for dipoles in air

Calibration date: June 12, 2006

Condition of the calibrated item In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	04-Oct-05 (METAS, No. 251-00516)	Oct-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
DAE4	SN: 660	1-Mar-06 (SPEAG, No. OAE4-660_Mar06)	Calibration, Mar-07
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	20-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec05)	Calibration, Dec-06
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	20-Dec-05 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065-Dec05)	Calibration, Dec-06
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Oate (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter EPM-4419B	GB43310788	12-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-08
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41093312	10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-07
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41093315	10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-06
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-06
RF generator R&S SMT06	SN: 100005	26-Jul-04 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05)	In house check: Nov-07
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meill	Laboratory Technician	M. Meili
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Technical Director	RIVE
		THE RESERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	10 tollay

Issued: June 15, 2006

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References

[1] ANSI-PC63.19-2001 (Draft 3.x, 2005)
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
 (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
 In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
 distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
 is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
 directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function white moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan. The
 maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated as
 calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at the
 feed point.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1075 Jun06 Page 2 of 6

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY4	V4.7 B42
SEMCAD	V1.8 B171
HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
10 mm	
dx, $dy = 5 mm$	area = 20 x 180 mm
835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
20.0 dBm = 100mW	
< 0.05 dB	
	SEMCAD HAC Test Arch 10 mm dx, dy = 5 mm 835 MHz ± 1 MHz 20.0 dBm = 100mW

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	conditi o n	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.449 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	172.2 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	162.1 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	167.2 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	17.1 dB	(40.6 – j8.5) Ohm
835 MHz	27.4 dB	(52.8 + j3.4) Ohm
900 MHz	17.1 dB	(52.5 – j14.2) Ohm
950 MHz	18.6 dB	(52.0 + j11.9) Ohm
960 MHz	14.5 dB	(64.6 + j16.2) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

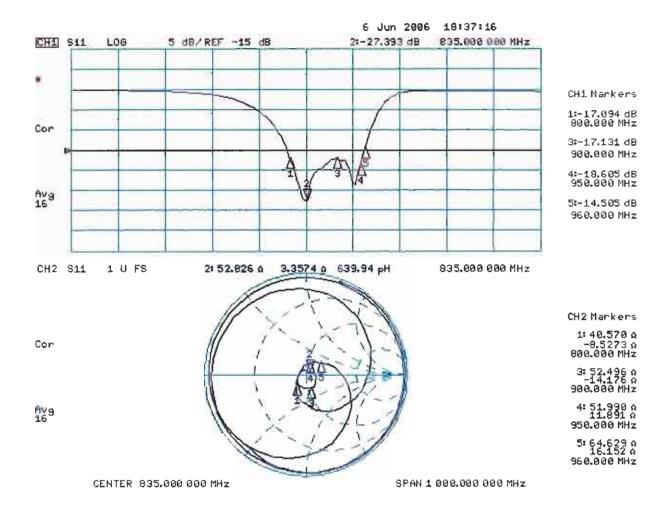
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1075_Jun06

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 6/12/2006 10:41:33 AM

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1075

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; ; Calibrated: 12/20/2005

Scnsor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn660; Calibrated: 3/1/2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 42; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

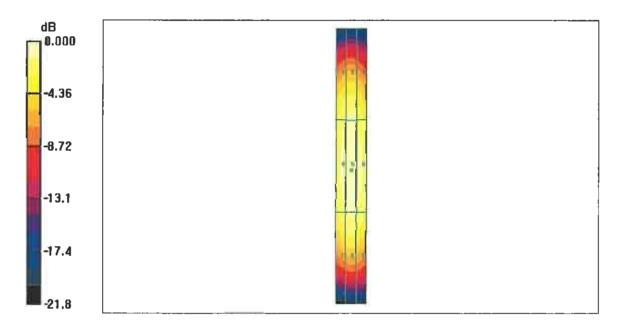
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.449 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.477 A/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.386	0.403	0.377
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.428	0.449	0.426
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.374	0.394	0.376



0 dB = 0.449 A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 6/12/2006 1:02:44 PM

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1075

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 12/20/2005

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn660; Calibrated: 3/1/2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 42; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

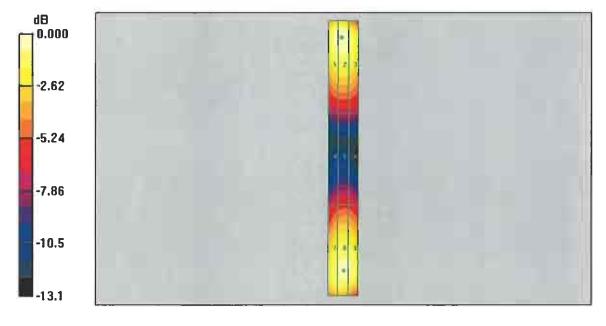
Maximum value of peak Total field = 172.2 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 122.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.006 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M2 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
170.0	172.2	163.2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
85.8	88.9	87.2
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
156.2	162.1	159.3



0 dB = 172.2 V/m

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Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object CD835V3 - SN: 1076 QA CAL-20.v4 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipoles in air March 5, 2007 Calibration date: Condition of the calibrated Item In Tolerance This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) **Primary Standards** ID# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration DAE4 SN: 903 31-Aug-06 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-903_Aug06) Calibration, Aug-07 Probe ER3DV6 SN: 2336 27-Dec-06 (SPEAG, No. ER3-2336_Dec06) Calibration, Dec-07 SN: 6065 Probe H3DV6 27-Dec-06 (SPEAG, No. H3-6065-Dec06) Calibration, Dec-07 Secondary Standards Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter EPM-4419B GB43310788 12-Aug-03 (SPEAG, In house check Oct-06) In house check: Oct-07 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41093312 10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) In house check: Oct-08 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41093315 10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) In house check: Oct-08 US37390565 Network Analyzer HP 8753E 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-06) In house check: Oct-07 RF generator R&S SMT06 SN: 100005 26-Jul-04 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-05) in house check: Nov-07 Name **Eunction** Signature Calibrated by: Mike Melli Laboratory Technician F. Kombolt Fin Bomholt **Technical Director** Approved by: Issued: March 7, 2007

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Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07 Page 1 of 12

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

References

[1] ANSI-PC63.19-2001 (Draft 3.x, 2005)
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with standard [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 10 mm above the top edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
 figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole
 connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter
 connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to
 the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY4 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E- field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 10 mm (in z) above the top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, 10mm above the dipole surface.
- H-field distribution: H-field is measured with an isotropic H-field probe with 100mW forward power to the
 antenna feed point, in the x-y-plane. The scan area and sensor distance is equivalent to the E-field scan.
 The maximum of the field is available at the center (subgrid 5) above the feed point. The H-field value stated
 as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated H-field, 10mm above the dipole surface at
 the feed point.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07 Page 2 of 12

1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B53
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B172
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

2 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.449 A/m
11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	164.9 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	155.2 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	160.1 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

3 Appendix

3.1 Antenna Parameters

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	16.6 dB	(43.2 – j12.2) Ohm
813 MHz	21.5 dB	(43.6 – j4.5) Ohm
835 MHz	25.9 dB	(49.9 + j5.1) Ohm
898 MHz	18.3 dB	(54.6 – j11.9) Ohm
960 MHz	15.2 dB	(56.5 + j17.7) Ohm

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

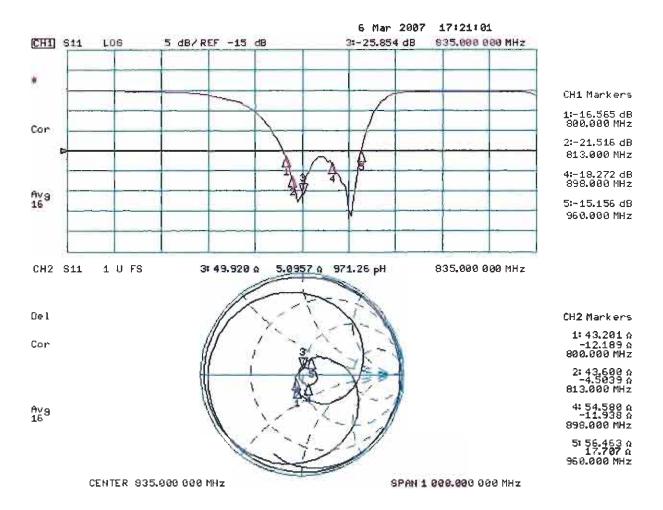
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07

3.3 Measurement Sheets

3.3.1 Return Loss and Smith Chart



3.3.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 17:42:37

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

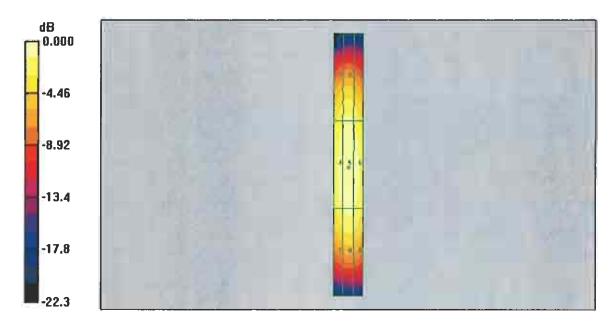
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.449 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.475 A/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/ın

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.378	0.397	0.373
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.426	0.449	0.428
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.376	0.399	0.383



0 dB = 0.449 A/m

3.3.3 DASY4 E-Field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 11:55:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

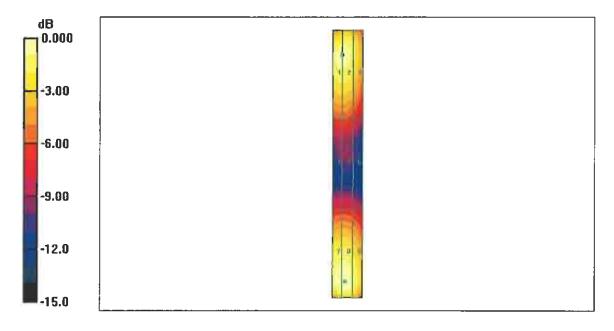
Maximum value of peak Total field = 164.9 V/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 106.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.021 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
155.2	155.2	138.2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
84.3	84.3	75.4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
163.2	164.9	151.5



0 dB = 164.9 V/m

4. Additional Measurements

4.1 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B53
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B172
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	813 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.1.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.463 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	167.7 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	1 61.9 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	164.8 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.1.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 17:58:03

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air;

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.463 A/m

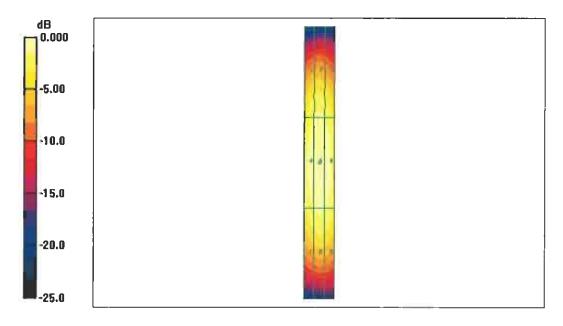
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.494 A/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.383	0.403	0.378
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.440	0.463	0.441
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.378	0.401	0.38 6



0 dB = 0.463 A/m

4.1.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 11:43:37

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 813 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air;

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 813MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 167.7 V/m

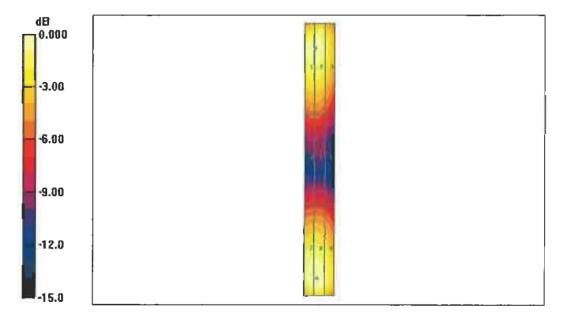
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 112.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
161.8	161.9	144.2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
91.2	91.2	82.0
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
165.6	167.7	154.1



0 dB = 167.7V/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07

4.2 Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.7 B53
DASY PP Version	SEMCAD	V1.8 B172
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	SD HAC P01 BA, #1002
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	10 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	area = 20 x 180 mm
Frequency	898 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Forward power at dipole connector	20.0 dBm = 100mW	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

4.2.1 Maximum Field values

H-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured	100 mW forward power	0.417 A/m

Uncertainty for H-field measurement: 8.2% (k=2)

E-field 10 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW forward power	151.8 V/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW forward power	147.1 V/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW forward power	149.5 V/m

Uncertainty for E-field measurement: 12.8% (k=2)

4.2.2 DASY4 H-field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 18:06:42

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air;

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1$ kg/m³

Phantom section: H Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: H3DV6 - SN6065; Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

• Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

H Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

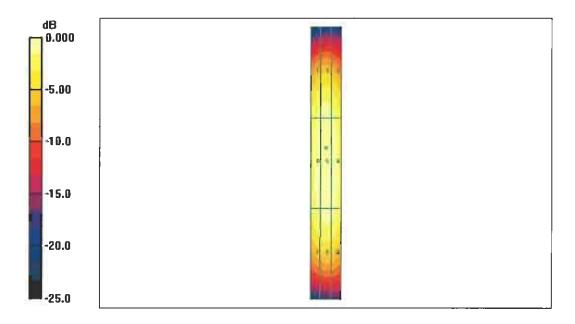
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.417 A/m

Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 0.436 A/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak H-field in A/m

Grid 1	Grid 2	Grid 3
0.371	0.390	0.366
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
0.397	0.417	0.396
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
0.362	0.385	0.370



0 dB = 0.417 A/m

Certificate No: CD835V3-1076_Mar07

4.2.3 DASY4 E-field result

Date/Time: 05.03.2007 12:15:46

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V3; Serial: 1076

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 898 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air;

Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ mho/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: E Dipole Section

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 27.12.2006

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn903; Calibrated: 31.08.2006

Phantom: HAC Test Arch 4.6; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1002;

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

E Scan - Sensor Center 10mm above CD835 Dipole @ 898MHz/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 151.8 V/m

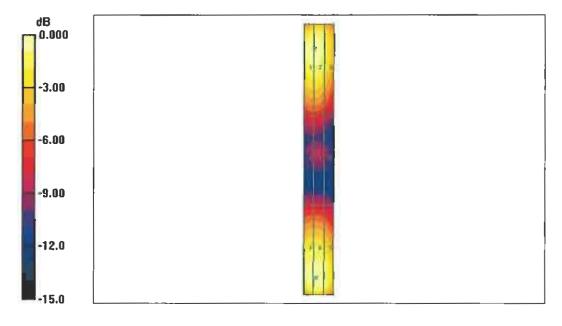
Probe Modulation Factor = 1.00

Reference Value = 92.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.001 dB

Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)

Peak E-field in V/m

Grid 1 147.1	Grid 2 147.1	Grid 3 131.2
Grid 4	Grid 5	Grid 6
73.0	73.0	65.4
Grid 7	Grid 8	Grid 9
150.4	151.8	139.4



0 dB = 151.8 V/m