



## HAC Test Report for T-coil IHDT56GJ1

**Date of test:** July 17, 2006 - July 19, 2006  
**Date of Report:** July 24, 2006

**Laboratory:** Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory  
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**Statement of Compliance:** Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC IHDT56GJ1 to which this declaration relates, complies with recommendations and guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19. The measurements were performed to ensure compliance to the ANSI C63.19-2006. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

**Results Summary:** T Category = T4

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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## 1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety Laboratory has performed Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) measurements for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56GJ1). The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with ANSI PC63.19-2006 standard. The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance FCC 47 CFR § 20.19. This report demonstrates compliance for T-coil performance only and not for near field emissions.

## 2. Description of the Device Under Test

**Table 1: Information for the Device Under Test**

|                                                                   |                     |              |                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|----------------|
| <b>FCC ID Number</b>                                              | <b>IHDT56GJ1</b>    |              |                |
| <b>Serial number</b>                                              | 806A1B93            |              |                |
| <b>Mode(s) of Operation</b>                                       | 800 CDMA            | 1900 CDMA    | BlueTooth      |
| <b>Modulation Mode(s)</b>                                         | QPSK                | QPSK         | GFSK           |
| <b>Maximum Output Power Setting</b>                               | 25.0 dBm            | 25.0 dBm     | 4.00dBm        |
| <b>Duty Cycle</b>                                                 | 1:1                 | 1:1          | 1:1            |
| <b>Transmitting Frequency Range(s)</b>                            | 824-849MHz          | 1851-1909MHz | 2400-2483.5MHz |
| <b>Production Unit or Identical Prototype<br/>(47 CFR §2.908)</b> | Identical Prototype |              |                |
| <b>Device Category</b>                                            | Portable            |              |                |

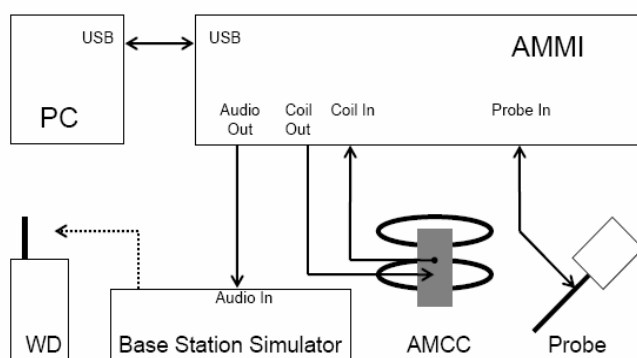
Note: No Bluetooth profile exists in this phone that will allow a Bluetooth link while in a cellular call that passes audio to the earpiece. If the user had Bluetooth enabled and a link established, they could not be listening to the phone through the earpiece.

### 3. Test Equipment Used

The Motorola Mobile Devices Business Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4™ v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. All T-coil measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 4. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in Table 2.

**Table 2: Test Equipment**

|                                    | Description                          | Serial Number | Cal Due Date |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| <b>Dosimetric System Equipment</b> | DAE3                                 | 440           | Feb/03/2007  |
|                                    | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe AM1DV2 | 1003          |              |
|                                    | AMMI SE UMS 010 AA                   | 1005          |              |
|                                    | AMCC SD HAC P02 AB                   | 1005          |              |
|                                    | Test Arch SD HAC D01 BA              | 1036          |              |
| <b>Additional Test Equipment</b>   | Rohde & Schwarz CMU 200              | 108475        | Feb/06/2007  |
|                                    | Brüel & Kjær Frequency Analyzer 2144 | 2102787       | Mar/06/2007  |

**Figure 1: T-coil setup and cabling (pictures from DASY manual)**

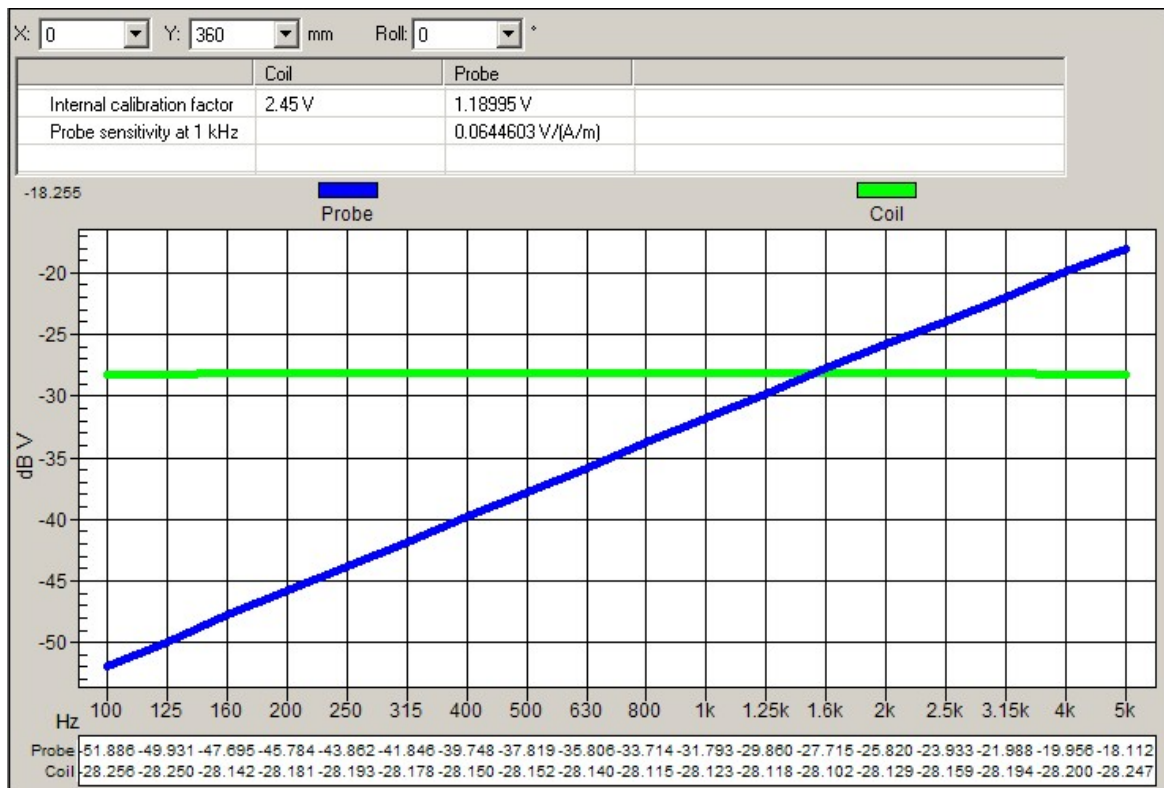
AMMI (Audio Magnetic Measurement Instrument) is a desktop unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test, calibration signals and a USB interface. Front connectors include: Audio Out - predefined or user definable audio signals for injection into the WD; Probe In - the probe signal is evaluated by AMMI; Coil Out - test and calibration signal to the AMCC; Coil In - monitor signal from the AMCC.

Audio Magnetic Probe (AM1DV2) is an active probe with a single sensor. The same probe coil is used to measure three orthogonal field components (axial, radial 1, radial 2). The probe is rotated to properly orient the coil for each field component. Probe's frequency response, linearity and other characteristics are given in the certificate in Appendix 5.

AMCC (Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil) is a Helmholtz coil for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils create a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. Refer to Appendix 6 for more details on AMCC coil.

The probe is calibrated in AMCC coil. The frequency response and sensitivity are measured and stored. Sensitivity includes both probe sensitivity and pre-amplifier sensitivity.

**Graph 1: Frequency Response measured in AMCC**



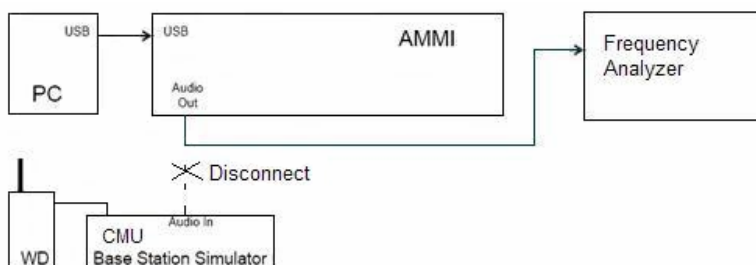
Sensitivity measured in AMCC: 0.0644603 V / (A/m)

The sensitivity is for 1 kHz sine signal. The sensitivity includes both probe sensitivity and pre-amplifier sensitivity. It is the total calibration, and there are no additional probe calibration factors. The voltage into the Helmholtz coil is across the shunt resistor.

#### 4. Signal Verification

An Input Level is measured to verify that it is within  $\pm 0.2$  dB from the Reference Input Level in section 6.3.2.1 of ANSI PC63.19-2006.

**Figure 2: Signal Verification Setup**



“Audio Out” of the AMMI is connected to the Bruel & Kjaar 2144 analyzer. On the analyzer, the “Input User Ref” is set to the “0dBm0 Input Reference” value to account for CMU’s inherent offset values (refer to Note 1 at the bottom of this page). A signal from AMMI is initiated by running the appropriate DASY template. The template includes both broadband and narrowband signals. The signal is captured on the analyzer. The value from the analyzer is compared to the target given in 6.3.2.1 of ANSI PC63.19-2006. If it is not within  $\pm 0.2$  dB, the gain settings in the DASY template are adjusted. For more information on daily signal verification, refer to Appendix 3-6.

Signal Verification has been conducted on the same days as DUT measurements. The obtained results are displayed in Table 3.

**Table 3: Measured Input Level**

| Modulation | Measured date | Signal     | Measured Input Level (dBm0) | Reference Input Level from ANSI PC63.19 (dBm0) |
|------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| CDMA       | July 17, 2006 | Narrowband | -17.9                       | -18                                            |
|            |               | Broadband  | -18.0                       |                                                |
|            | July 18, 2006 | Narrowband | -17.9                       |                                                |
|            |               | Broadband  | -18.0                       |                                                |
|            | July 19, 2006 | Narrowband | -17.9                       |                                                |
|            |               | Broadband  | -18.0                       |                                                |

**Note 1:**

Each CMU has a slightly different “0dBm0 Input Reference” value that must be measured. When the CMU box is replaced or externally re-calibrated, an internal calibration procedure must be completed in each transmission mode. On the CMU 200 (SN 108475), the 0dBm0 Input Reference value is 0.74 V for CDMA. For more information on “0dBm0 Input Reference” measurements, refer to Appendix 3-5.

## 5. Test Results

### 5.1 T-coil SNR Results

The DASY4 v4.7 measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The Test Arch provided by SPEAG is used to position the DUT. This phone has one configuration for the ear use – flip open. This configuration is tested at the middle frequency channel of each applicable frequency band. All tests are done via conducted setup with CMU 200. The volume on the phone is adjusted to maximum.

Per 6.2.2 of the standard, the frequency near the center of the frequency band should be used. Therefore for T-coil testing, the center channel, which corresponds to the center frequency of the frequency band, was used.

The Cellular Phone model covered by this report has the following battery options:

Battery #1 – SNN5756A is 850 mAH Battery

Battery #2 – SNN5758A is 1500 mAH Battery

The sequence of the measurement is listed in steps below.

- a) Geometry & signal check
- b) Background noise measurement. The background noise is measured at the center of the listening area.
- c) Coarse resolution axial scan (narrowband signal, 1sec measurement times, 50x50mm grid with 5.55mm spacing). Only ABM1 is measured in order to find the location of the T-coil source.
- d) Fine resolution axial, radial-transverse, & radial-longitudinal scans, positioned appropriately based on optimal ABM1 of coarse resolution axial scan (narrowband signal, 1sec measurement times, variable grid size with 2mm spacing). Both ABM1 and ABM2 are measured in order to find the location of the SNR point.
- e) ABM1 & ABM2 point measurements in axial, radial-transverse, & radial-longitudinal coil orientations, positioned appropriately based on optimal signal quality of fine resolution scans (narrowband signal, 2sec measurement times). SNR is calculated for each coil orientation.
- f) Frequency Response point measurement in axial coil orientation, positioned appropriately based on optimal signal quality of fine resolution axial scan (broadband signal, 12sec measurement time)

At the location of the T-coil source, ABM2 is measured in the axial probe position for each frequency in Table 4. For the frequency with the highest ABM2 measurement, T-coil SNR measurements are performed for each probe location in Table 5.

**Table 4: ABM2 measurements across the frequency band for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power.**

| ABM2 Measurements (dB A/m) |         |                |
|----------------------------|---------|----------------|
| CDMA 800                   | Ch 1013 | - 40.57        |
|                            | Ch 384  | - <b>38.33</b> |
|                            | Ch 777  | - 40.70        |
| CDMA 1900                  | Ch 25   | - <b>33.63</b> |
|                            | Ch 600  | - 42.20        |
|                            | Ch 1175 | - 42.82        |



The ABM1, SNR and T-coil Rating results are shown in Table 4. Also shown are the measured conducted output power, location of the measured point, noise and ABM2. The delta between Ambient Noise measurement and ABM2 measurement should be greater than 10 dB. However, in cases where ABM2 is very low, it is suitable for the delta to be less than 10 dB. For the three probe positions, contour plots for the lowest SNR, indicated in **bold numbers**, are given in Appendix 1. For the three probe positions, noise spectrum plots for the highest ambient noise, indicated with **bold numbers**, are given in Appendix 2. These noise spectrum plots are half band integrated with an A-weight filter applied.

| T-coil SNR Limits for AWF=0 |                                                                                   |                    |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| ABM 1                       | Greater or equal to -13 dB A/m (axial)<br>Greater or equal to -18 dB A/m (radial) |                    |
| SNR                         | T3                                                                                | Greater than 0 dB  |
|                             | T4                                                                                | Greater than 10 dB |

**Table 5: T-coil SNR measurement results  
for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power.**

| Probe Position | Frequency Band (MHz) | Channel      | Conducted Output Power (dBm) | Measured Point Location (x mm, y mm) | Ambient Noise (dB A/m) | ABM2 (dB A/m) | ABM2 – Ambient Noise (dB) | ABM1 (dB A/m) | SNR (dB)     | T-coil SNR Rating |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|
| Axial          | CDMA 800             | 384          | 25.11                        | -0.2, -1.6                           | -56.22                 | -43.19        | 13.03                     | -9.51         | 33.68        | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -4.2, 1.4                            | <b>-55.11</b>          | -44.96        | 10.15                     | -9.892        | 35.07        | T4                |
|                | CDMA 1900            | 25           | 25.07                        | -1.8, 0                              | -56.66                 | -42.2         | 14.46                     | -8.88         | <b>33.32</b> | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -4.2, 2.2                            | -55.79                 | -44.4         | 11.39                     | -10.36        | 34.04        | T4                |
| Radial 1       | CDMA 800             | 384          | 25.11                        | 3.8, -2.9                            | -57.56                 | -48.16        | 9.4                       | -16.82        | 31.35        | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -10.2, -0.6                          | <b>-56.91</b>          | -48.65        | 8.26                      | -17.18        | 31.48        | T4                |
|                | CDMA 1900            | 25           | 25.07                        | 3.8, -2                              | -58.02                 | -48.3         | 9.72                      | -17.13        | <b>31.17</b> | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -8.2, 2.2                            | -57.71                 | -50.12        | 7.59                      | -17.09        | 33.02        | T4                |
| Radial 2       | CDMA 800             | 384          | 25.11                        | -4.2, 9.1                            | -58.12                 | -50.65        | 7.47                      | -17.6         | 33.05        | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -2.2, 9.4                            | <b>-57.10</b>          | -50.01        | 7.09                      | -17.28        | <b>32.73</b> | T4                |
|                | CDMA 1900            | 25           | 25.07                        | -0.2, -6                             | -57.34                 | -52.61        | 4.73                      | -17.63        | 34.98        | T4                |
|                |                      | w/ Battery 2 |                              | -0.2, -5.8                           | -57.78                 | -52.96        | 4.82                      | -16.99        | 35.98        | T4                |

**Graph 2: CDMA 800 Frequency Response**



**Graph 3: CDMA 800 Frequency Response with Battery 2**



**Graph 4: CDMA 1900 Frequency Response**



**Graph 5: CDMA 1900 Frequency Response with Battery 2**



## 5.2 T-coil Environment Results

T-coil Environment is determined by analysis of both E-Field scan and H-Field scans in the area of the T-coil location. The T-coil location is the earpiece speaker area. The 5cm x 5cm measurement grid is centered on the acoustic output of the device. The probe is raised 10mm from the highest point of the phone's contour to the nearest point of the probe element. The phone was tested in all normal configurations for the ear use. When applicable, each configuration is tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These configurations are tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each applicable frequency band. For more information on the near field measurements, refer to "HAC Test Report for Near Field Emissions IHDT56GJ1" from July 24, 2006.

The measurements for section 5.2 are performed on 806A1B93 unit.

| Conducted Output Power<br>Measured on 806A1B93 unit |         |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| CDMA<br>800                                         | Ch 1013 | 24.94 dBm |
|                                                     | Ch 384  | 25.11 dBm |
|                                                     | Ch 777  | 24.84 dBm |
| CDMA<br>1900                                        | Ch 25   | 25.07 dBm |
|                                                     | Ch 600  | 24.97 dBm |
|                                                     | Ch 1175 | 25.11dBm  |

The worst-case test conditions are indicated with **bold numbers** in the tables and are detailed in Appendix 8: HAC distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field.

**Table 6: T-coil Environment measurement results  
for the portable cellular telephone at highest possible output power.**

**E-Field (full rate)**

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Antenna position | Channel Setting | Measured PMF | Drift (dB) | Excluded Cells | Peak Field (V/m) | Rating |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|
| CDMA 800MHz          | Fixed            | 1013            | 1.11         | -0.12      | 3,6            | 87.6             | M4     |
|                      |                  | 384             |              | 0.10       | 3,6            | 100.2            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 777             |              | -0.20      | 3,6            | 89.6             | M4     |
|                      |                  | 384 w/ Bat2     |              | -0.28      | 3,6            | 105.4            | M4     |
| CDMA 1900MHz         | Fixed            | 25              | 1.13         | 0.02       | 2,3,6          | 51.8             | M4     |
|                      |                  | 600             |              | 0.03       | 2,3,6          | 56.2             | M4     |
|                      |                  | 1175            |              | -0.11      | 2,3,6          | 54.5             | M4     |
|                      |                  | 600 w/ Bat2     |              | 0.06       | 2,3,6          | 58.4             | M4     |

**E-Field (1/8 rate)**

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Antenna position | Channel Setting | Measured PMF | Drift (dB)   | Excluded Cells | Peak Field (V/m) | Rating    |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|
| CDMA 800MHz          | Fixed            | 1013            | 2.97         | 0.02         | 2,3            | 81.0             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 384             |              | -0.18        | 3,6            | 97.1             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 777             |              | -0.12        | 3,6            | 86.4             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 384 w/ Bat2     |              | <b>0.21</b>  | <b>3,6</b>     | <b>111.6</b>     | <b>M4</b> |
| CDMA 1900MHz         | Fixed            | 25              | 3.09         | 0.00         | 1,4,7          | 52.6             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 600             |              | 0.04         | 1,4,7          | 56.5             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 1175            |              | 0.26         | 2,3,6          | 58.6             | M4        |
|                      |                  | 1175 w/ Bat2    |              | <b>-0.05</b> | <b>2,3,6</b>   | <b>59.3</b>      | <b>M4</b> |

**H-Field (full rate)**

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Antenna position | Channel Setting | Measured PMF | Drift (dB)   | Excluded Cells | Peak Field (A/m) | Rating    |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|
| CDMA 800MHz          | Fixed            | 1013            | 1.07         | -0.15        | 1,4,7          | 0.126            | M4        |
|                      |                  | 384             |              | <b>0.01</b>  | <b>1,4,7</b>   | <b>0.153</b>     | <b>M4</b> |
|                      |                  | 777             |              | 0.02         | 1,4,7          | 0.136            | M4        |
|                      |                  | 384 w/ Bat2     |              | 0.02         | 1,4,7          | 0.151            | M4        |
| CDMA 1900MHz         | Fixed            | 25              | 1.01         | 0.10         | 1,2,4          | 0.121            | M4        |
|                      |                  | 600             |              | <b>-0.18</b> | <b>1,2,4</b>   | <b>0.138</b>     | <b>M4</b> |
|                      |                  | 1175            |              | -0.25        | 1,2,4          | 0.131            | M4        |
|                      |                  | 600 w/ Bat2     |              | -0.09        | 1,2,4          | 0.132            | M4        |

**H-Field (full rate)**

| Frequency Band (MHz) | Antenna position | Channel Setting | Measured PMF | Drift (dB) | Excluded Cells | Peak Field (A/m) | Rating |
|----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|----------------|------------------|--------|
| CDMA 800MHz          | Fixed            | 1013            | 2.79         | -0.16      | 1,4,7          | 0.119            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 384             |              | -0.15      | 1,4,7          | 0.143            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 777             |              | -0.01      | 1,4,7          | 0.132            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 384 w/ Bat2     |              | 0.01       | 1,4,7          | 0.141            | M4     |
| CDMA 1900MHz         | Fixed            | 25              | 2.31         | -0.07      | 1,2,4          | 0.104            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 600             |              | -0.10      | 1,2,4          | 0.115            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 1175            |              | 0.01       | 1,2,4          | 0.119            | M4     |
|                      |                  | 1175 w/ Bat2    |              | 0.02       | 1,2,4          | 0.110            | M4     |

### 5.3 T-Rating Results

Both T-coil SNR (Table 5) and T-coil Environment (Table 6) determine the T-rating. Table 7 summarizes the T-coil SNR rating and the T-coil Environment rating. For each probe position and frequency band, the T-rating is determined from lower of T-coil SNR and T-coil Environment.

**Table 7: T-Rating results**

| Probe Position | Frequency Band (MHz) | ABM1 | Frequency Response | T-coil SNR Rating (from section 5.1) | T-coil Env Rating (from section 5.2) | T-rating |
|----------------|----------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Axial          | CDMA 800             | pass | pass               | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |
|                | CDMA 1900            | pass | pass               | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |
| Radial 1       | CDMA 800             | pass |                    | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |
|                | CDMA 1900            | pass |                    | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |
| Radial 2       | CDMA 800             | pass |                    | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |
|                | CDMA 1900            | pass |                    | T4                                   | T4                                   | T4       |

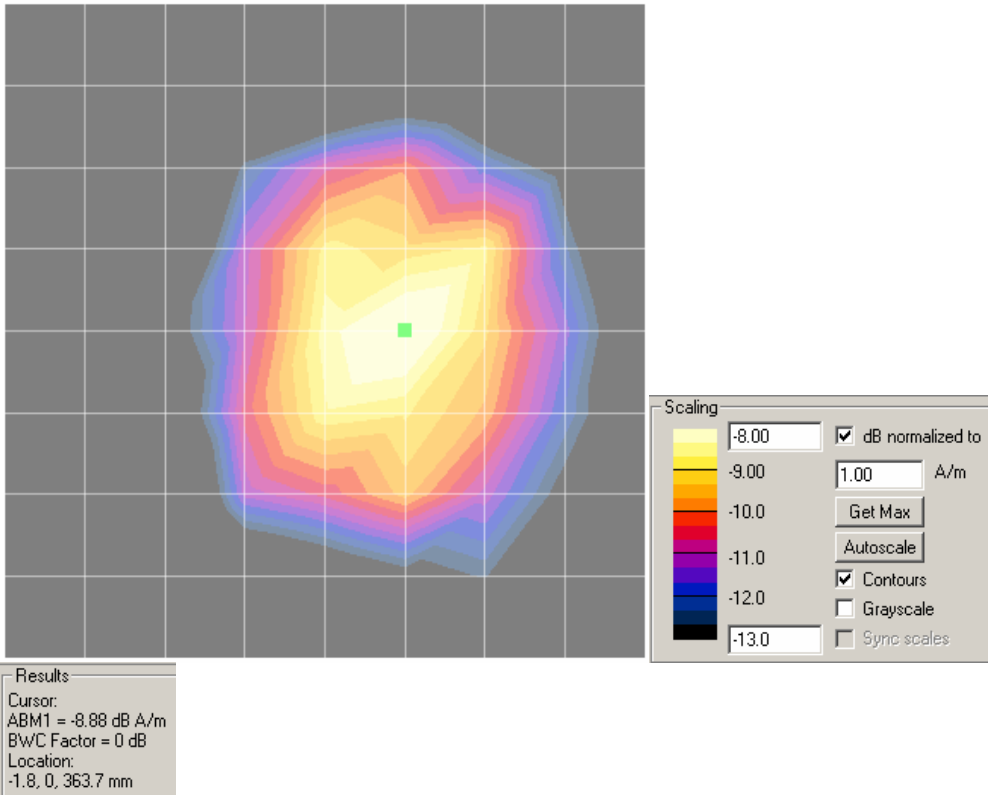
The final T-rating for the portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56GJ1) is the lowest T-rating from Table 7 (last column). This rating is the lowest category across probe positions and frequency bands.

|                                                            |    |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| T-rating for DUT (lowest rating from Table 7, last column) | T4 |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----|

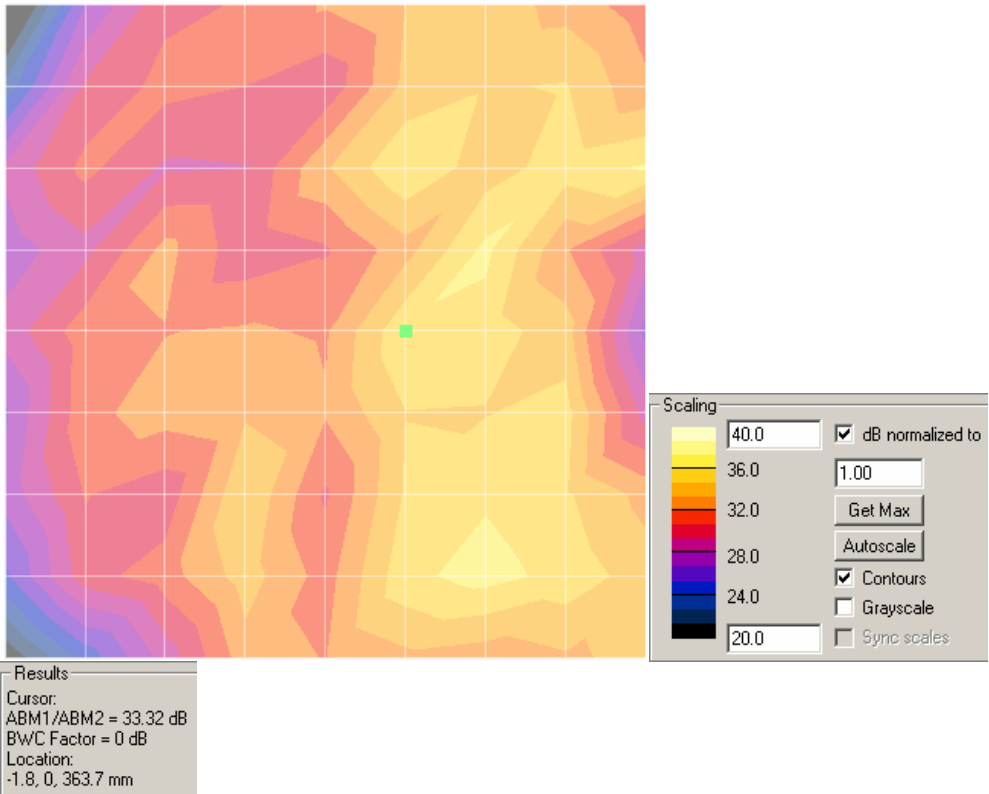
**Appendix 1**  
**Contour Plots**



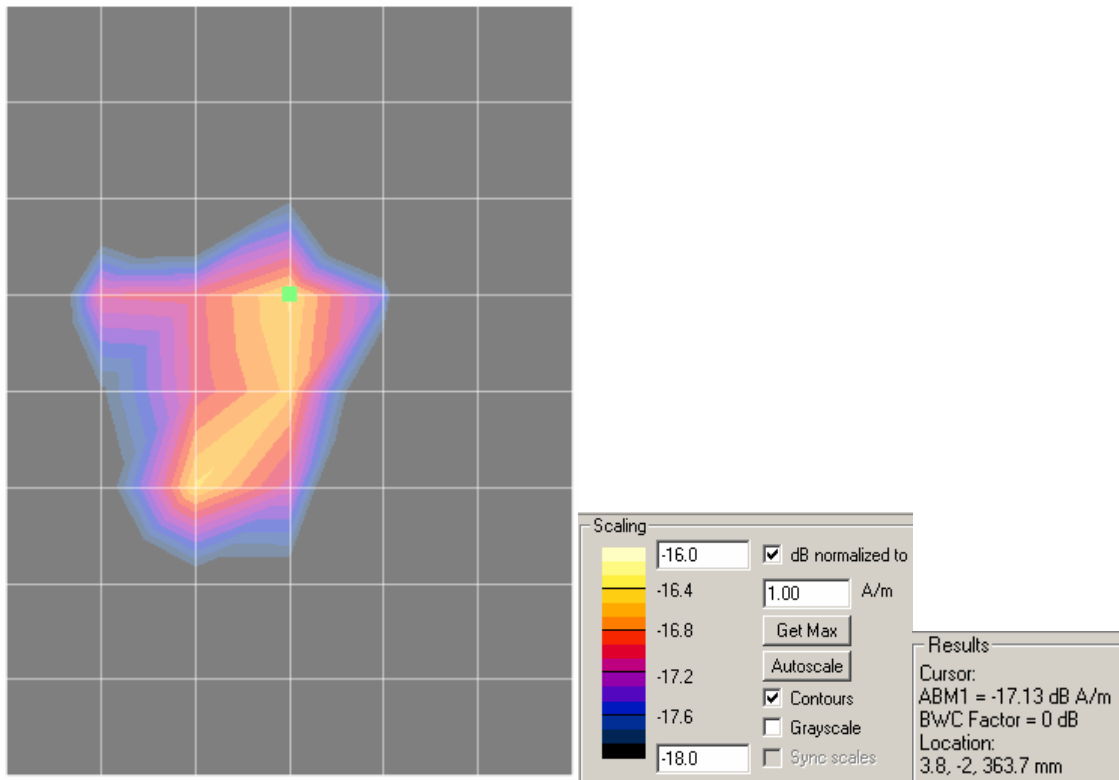
Axial - ABM1



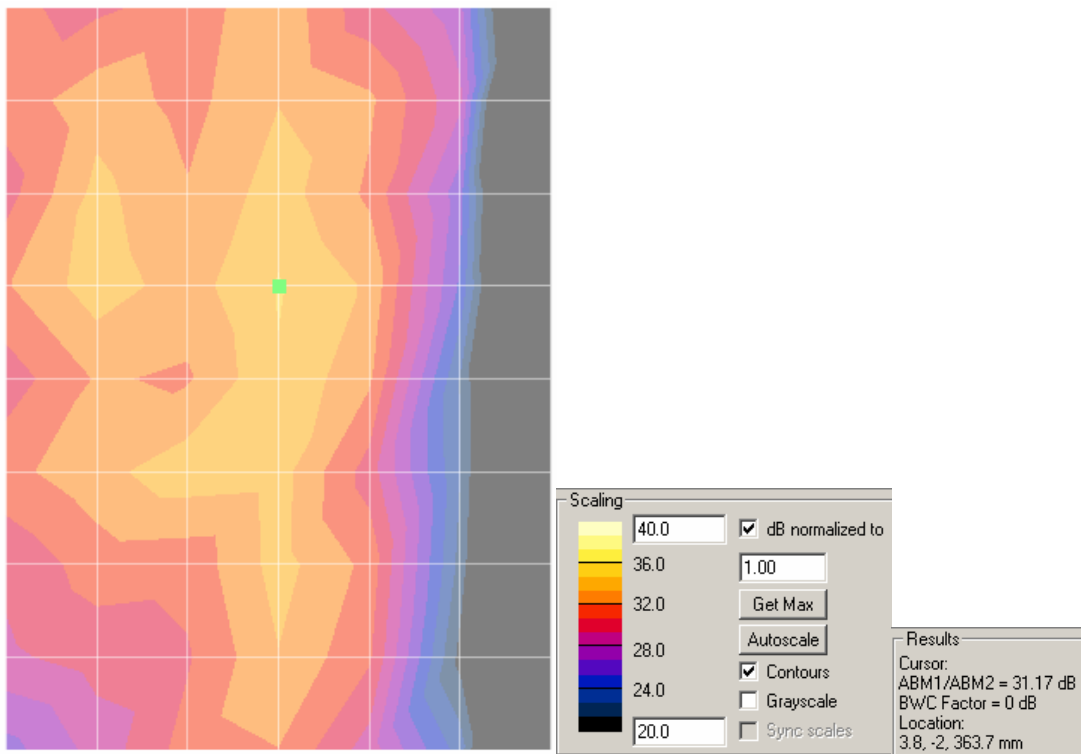
Axial - SNR



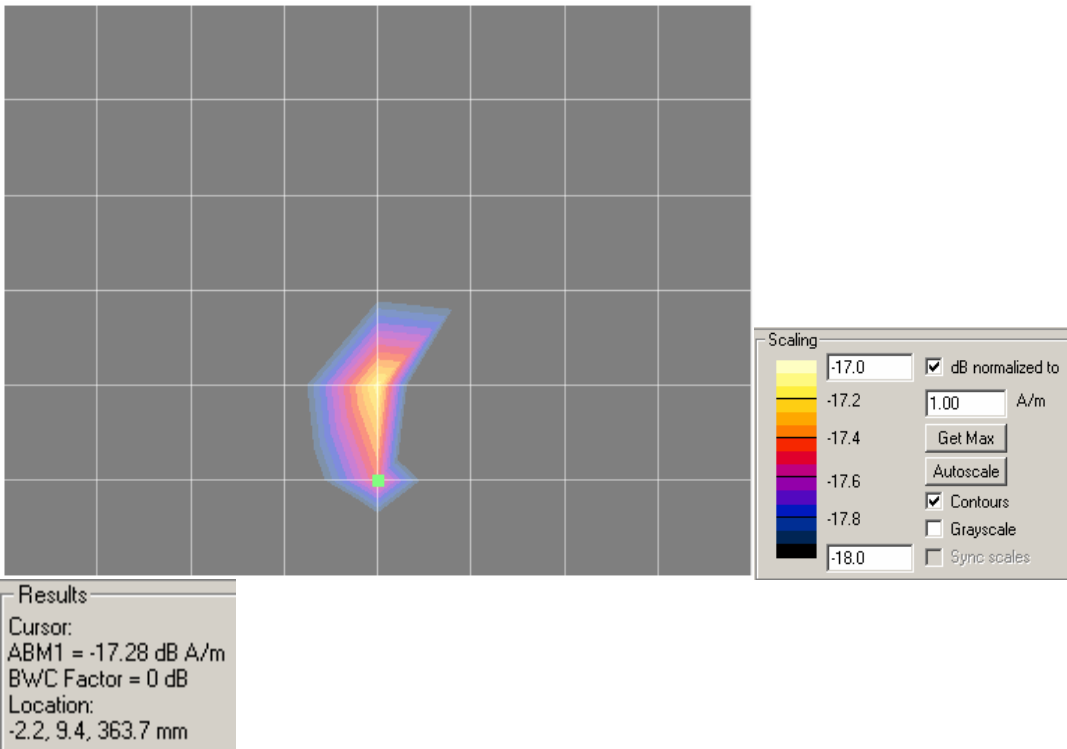
Radial1 - ABM1



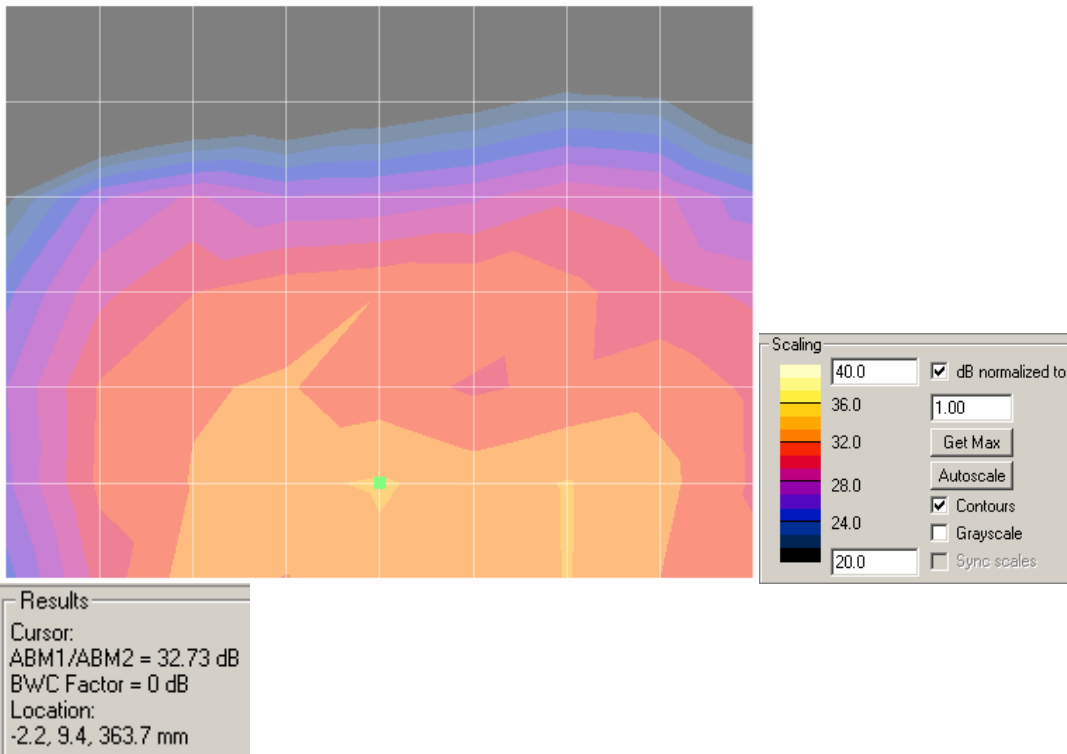
Radial1 - SNR



Radial2 - ABM1



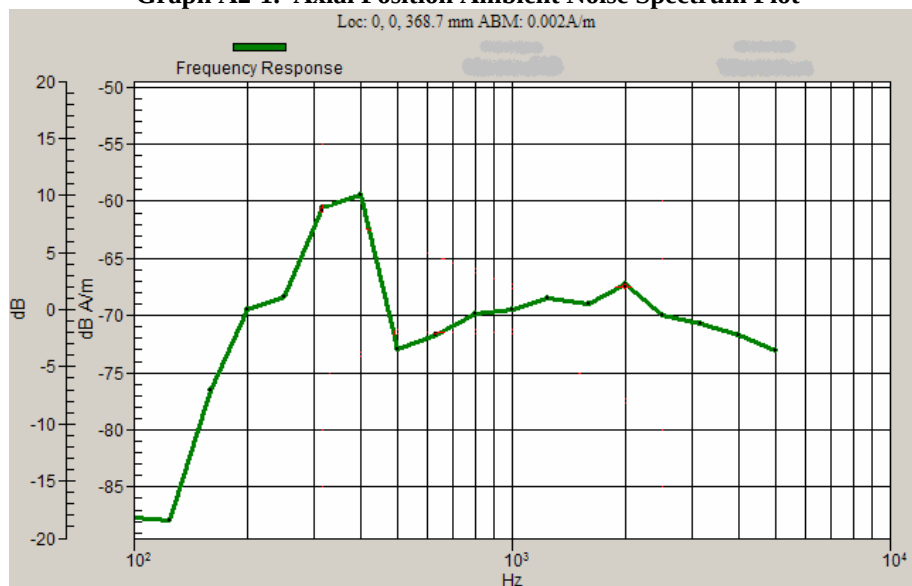
Radial2 - SNR



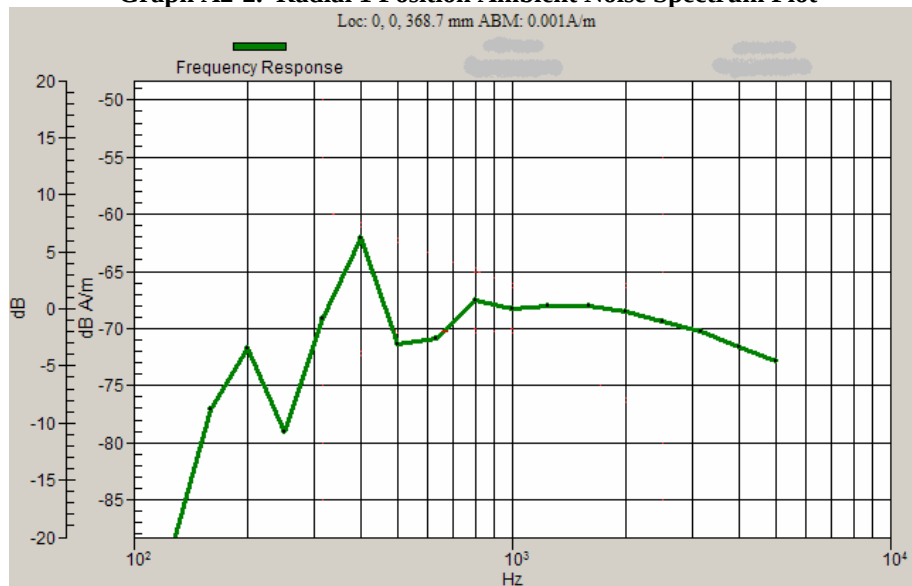
## **Appendix 2**

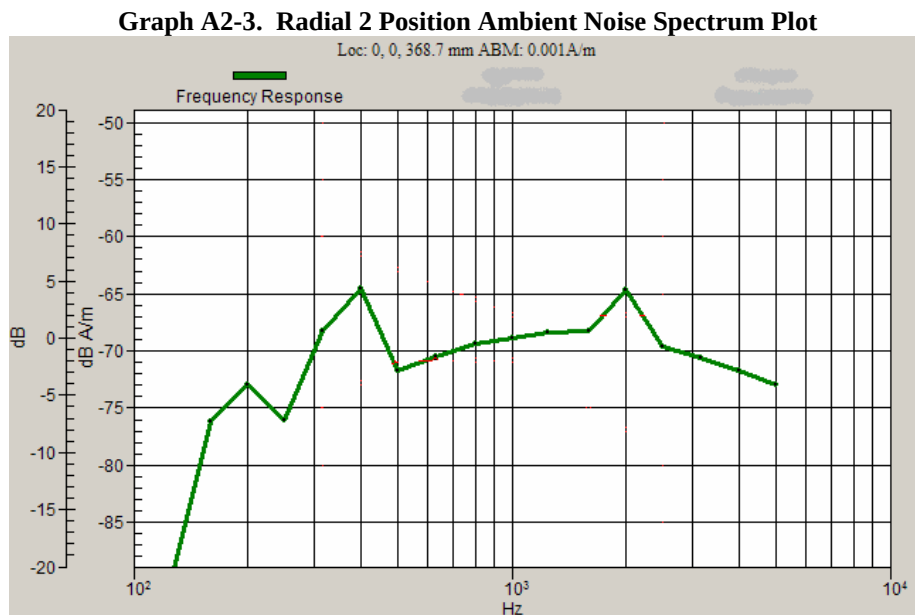
### **Ambient Noise Spectrum Plots**

**Graph A2-1. Axial Position Ambient Noise Spectrum Plot**



**Graph A2-2. Radial 1 Position Ambient Noise Spectrum Plot**





### **Appendix 3**

#### **Details on the Measurement Systems**

**3-1) Details on ABM2 measurements by the system****(Description provided by Schmid & Partner Engineering, AG):**

The processing applies a convolution in the time-domain. This filtering is composed of integrator (straight-forward), Half-Band filter (first-order filter) and A-weighting. The convolved data stream is then integrated over the desired period and represented and stored numerically in DASY4 as the ABM Noise (= ABM2).

During the validation process of our system, the functionality of this process has been verified by debugging the filters step-by-step progressive and comparing the results also with a Rohde & Schwarz UPL Analyzer. The intermediate steps are not accessible in the final software code operated by the end user. In addition, the following verification has been made, using a single frequency (sine) signal: At the reference frequency of 1 kHz, the signal is equivalent to ABM1. ABM1 is visible from the calibration job, inclusive its frequency slope from 100Hz to 5kHz. This function (conversion of the coil voltage to the field) is the same integration function.

The verification of the probe linearity and the linearity of the integrator has been determined and documented in the certificate 880-SP AM1 001 A, inclusive the integrator, over the required frequency range (exceeding 5 kHz). The additional frequency slope of the Half-Band filter and the A-weighting have also been tested by changing the applied frequency over the full range. The attenuation was verified for each third-octave-band and up to > 10 kHz. In addition, the correct processing of multiple sine-wave signals was verified.

The convolutions work over the full frequency range available in the analog path, only limited by AC-coupling at the low end and anti-aliasing filter at the high frequency end. White noise signal without band limitation has not been used for filter measurements. Pink noise, decreasing with frequency, resulting in a frequency independent response of the third-octave filter bank was used to optically verify the correct filtering function. Precision measurements were however made with pure sine signals.

Frequency components beyond the visible range of 5 kHz are contained in the ABM2 figure.

**(Measurements made by Motorola):**

Comparison of 1kHz narrowband signal driven  
externally into TMFS coil

| ABM1 @ 1kHz | ABM2 @ 1kHz | difference |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| -25.122     | -25.124     | 0.002 dB   |

Frequency dependent ABM1 - ABM2 with broadband noise and narrowband tones driven externally into  
TMFS coil

| Frequency                     | dB difference<br>ABM1-ABM2<br>broadband signal | dB difference<br>ABM1-ABM2<br>single frequency<br>signals | ideal value for<br>ABM1-ABM2 | variance from<br>ideal broadband | variance from<br>ideal single<br>frequencies |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 200                           |                                                | 22.062                                                    | 22.35                        |                                  | 0.288                                        |
| 250                           |                                                |                                                           | 17.89                        |                                  |                                              |
| 315                           |                                                |                                                           | 14.03                        |                                  |                                              |
| 400                           |                                                | 10.371                                                    | 10.39                        |                                  | 0.019                                        |
| 500                           | 6.852                                          |                                                           | 7.18                         | 0.328                            |                                              |
| 630                           | 4.228                                          |                                                           | 4.36                         | 0.132                            |                                              |
| 800                           | 1.587                                          | 1.881                                                     | 1.88                         | 0.293                            | -0.001                                       |
| 1000                          | 0.013                                          | 0.013                                                     | 0                            | -0.013                           | -0.013                                       |
| 1250                          | -1.473                                         |                                                           | -1.46                        | 0.013                            |                                              |
| 1600                          | -2.72                                          |                                                           | -2.58                        | 0.14                             |                                              |
| 2000                          | -3.535                                         | -3.235                                                    | -3.24                        | 0.295                            | -0.005                                       |
| 2500                          | -3.738                                         |                                                           | -3.67                        | 0.068                            |                                              |
| 3150                          | -3.837                                         |                                                           | -3.79                        | 0.047                            |                                              |
| 4000                          | -3.733                                         | -3.744                                                    | -3.75                        | -0.017                           | -0.006                                       |
| 5000                          | -3.283                                         | -3.336                                                    | -3.34                        | -0.057                           | -0.004                                       |
| maximum variation from ideal: |                                                |                                                           |                              | 0.328 dB                         |                                              |



**3-2) Details on the compliancy of the frequency and linearity response****(Description provided by Schmid & Partner Engineering, AG):**

See also probe certificate of conformity in Appendix 5, titled 880-SP AM1 001 A-A

See also coil certificate of conformity in Appendix 6, titled 880-SD HAC P02A-A

Frequency response has been tested to be within +/- 0.5 dB of ideal differentiator from 100 Hz to 10 kHz. The test was made with the real integrator and deducting the ideal integrator values. Reference signal was the Helmholtz calibration coil current which is equivalent to the field. The coil is qualified according to certificate 880-SD HAC P02 A-A.

The test data up to 5 kHz are visible directly in the calibration job result (coil current / shunt voltage, and probe voltage). Separate measurements were made for a very wide frequency range, including higher frequencies. For the third-octave bands up to 5 kHz do not exceed 0.05 dB and decay by < 0.2 dB to 5 kHz and by < 0.5 dB to 10 kHz, as required.

Linearity has also been tested and is stated in the certificate. Deviation was not measurable from 5 dB below limitation to 26 dB above noise level. For lower levels, the deviation increased to 0.1 dB at 16 dB above noise level, which corresponds to the theoretical value of 0.11 dB expected at that noise suppression level.

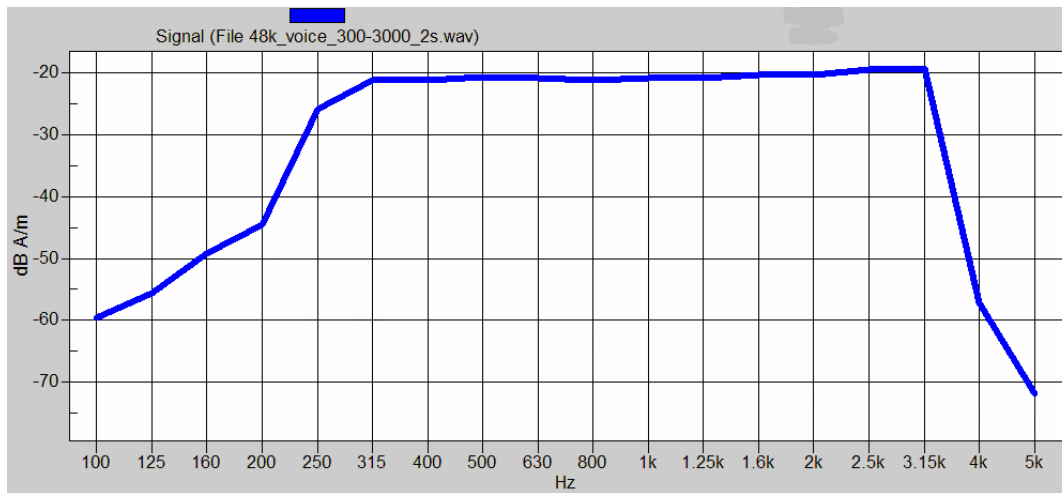
Significant noise contribution beyond 10 kHz will be attenuated by the convoluting A-filter as explained in answer #2. Such interferences contribute also to ABM2 represented as numerical value from the integration.

### **3-3) Details on Measurements by the systems**

Details regarding timing and averaging of the reported final measured points are as follows:

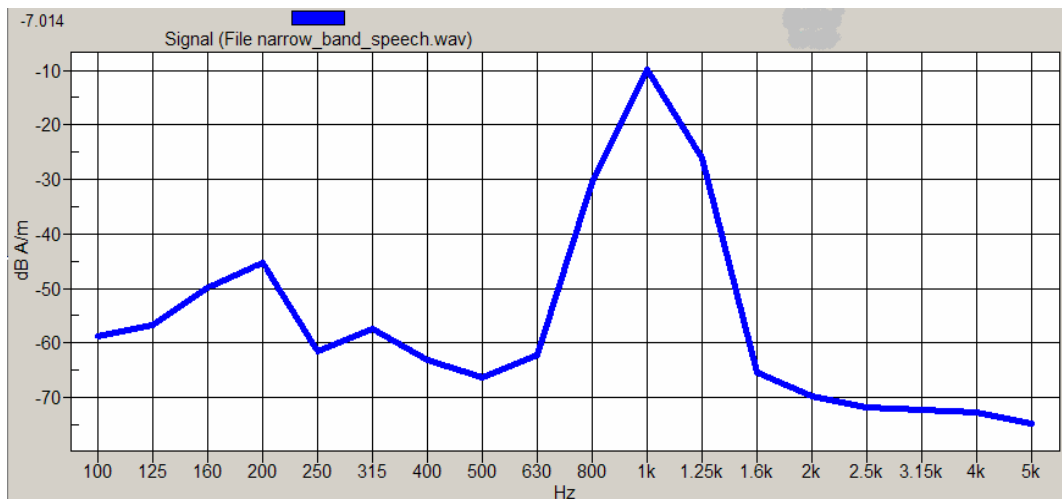
|                                                 | Narrowband Signal                      | Broadband Signal                       |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Signal Length (sec):                            | 1                                      | 2                                      |
| Total Data Acquisition Time per Location (sec): | 2                                      | 12                                     |
|                                                 | Averaging is over 2 signal repetitions | Averaging is over 6 signal repetitions |

The broadband signal utilized is shown in the following plot:



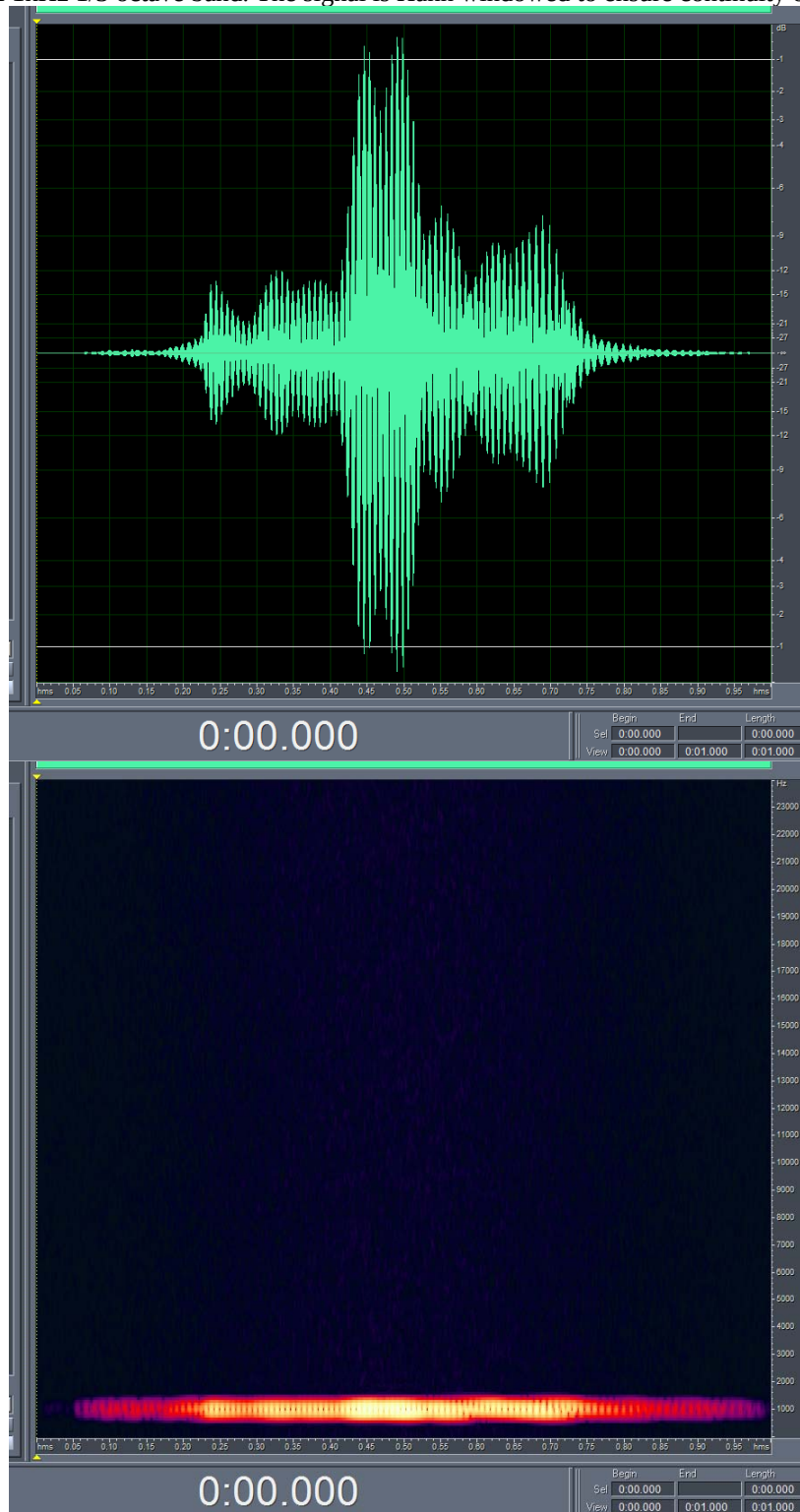
Mathematical processing is not required because the preferred method (as described in IEEE ANSI C63.19-2006 section 6.3) is utilized. The broadband audio signal is used only for assessment of frequency response. The DASY4 system corrects for the spectral response after measurement since it knows the spectrum of the input signal. However, please note that for the signal that we use, the spectrum is flat when measured in 1/3 octave bands, covering the range up to 3kHz.

The narrowband signal utilized is shown in the following plot:

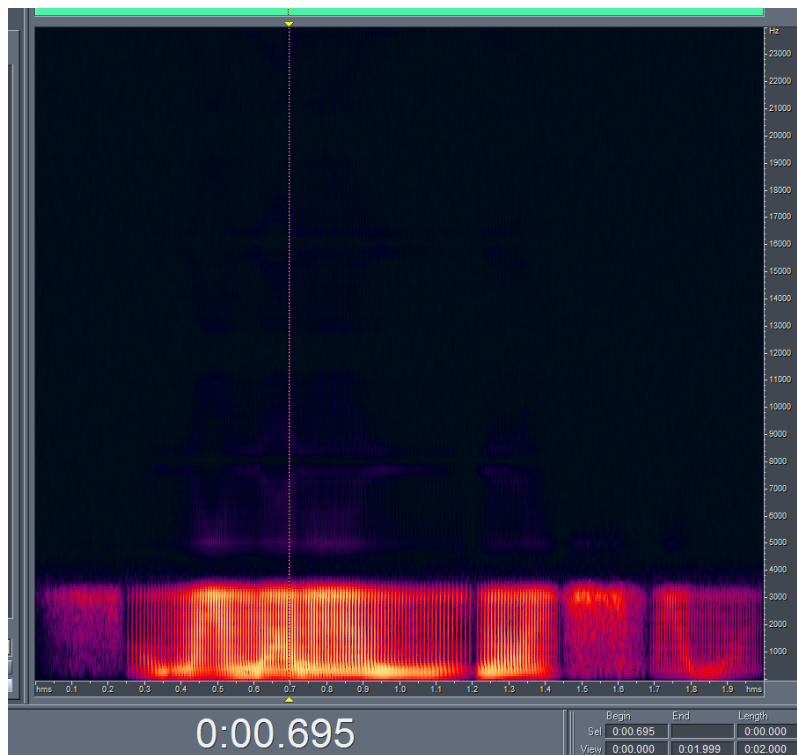
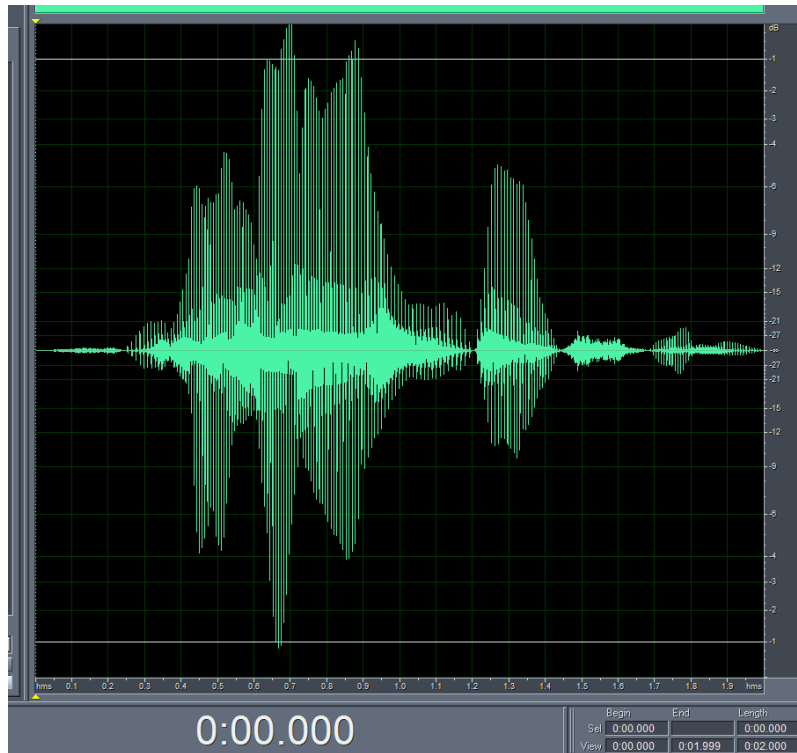


### **3-4) Details of the source audio signals for all aspects of the test**

Here is the temporal response of the narrow band signal. The signal is one second of the standard P.50 speech band limited to the ANSI 1kHz 1/3 octave band. The signal is Hann windowed to ensure continuity of the signal.



Here is the temporal response of the 300Hz-3kHz broadband signal. The signal is a 2 second segment of the standard P.50 speech that is equalized flat (for ANSI 1/3 octaves) over the 300Hz to 3kHz range. The signal is Hann windowed to ensure continuity of the signal.



**3-5) Details of the CMU-200 “0dBm0 Input Reference value”****Measure “Ref Input Level”**

- a) Connect the Bruel & Kjaar 2144 (B&K 2144) analyzer to the AMMI.
- b) Set the Input User Reference of the B&K 2144 analyzer equal to 1.
- c) Generate a 1 kHz Sine Signal.
- d) Capture a signal on the B&K 2144 analyzer.
- e) Read the level from the B&K 2144 analyzer and record the value as the "Ref Input Level (from B&K 2144)"

**Measure Value “X”**

- f) Attach the B&K 2144 analyzer to the CMU.
- g) Connect a phone which operates in the desired modulation to the CMU. Establish a call to the CMU.
- h) Read the level from the B&K 2144 analyzer and record the value as the "Value X".

**Measure Value “M”**

- i) Connect the CMU to the AMMI.
- j) Generate a 1 kHz Sine Signal.
- k) Read the level from the B&K 2144 analyzer and record the output value as "Value M".

Calculate the resulting Input Correction Factor & the 0dBm0 Input Reference

**Relevant Equations:**

Measured values from above: Ref Input Level, X, M

Input Correction Factor = Ref Input Level + X – M

0dBm0 Input Reference =  $10^{(\text{Input Corr Factor}/20)}$  \* CMU-200 manual ref value

**3-6) Details of the Daily Verification of Input Reference Levels**

- a) Connect the cable from the AMMI to the Bruel & Kjaar 2144 analyzer.
- b) On the analyzer, set Input User Ref = "0dBm0 Input Reference value".
- c) Generate narrowband or broadband signal.
- d) On the B&K analyzer, capture the signal. Compare the Value from the analyzer with the Reference Input Level from ANSI PC63.19 (dBm0). If it is not within +/-0.1dB, the gain settings in the DASY software may need adjustment.

**Appendix 4**

**Pictures of Test Setup**

**(SEE FCC EXHIBIT 7B)**

**Appendix 5**

**Motorola Uncertainty Budget**

**Table A5-1: Draft T-Coil Uncertainty Budget, provided by SPEAG 7-June-06**

| Error Description                     | Uncertainty value [%] | Prob. Dist. | Div. | c     | c    | Std. Unc. | Std. Unc. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|------|-------|------|-----------|-----------|
|                                       |                       |             |      | ABM1  | ABM2 | ABM1      | ABM2      |
| <b>PROBE SENSITIVITY</b>              |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| Reference level                       | 3.0                   | N           | 1.0  | 1     | 1    | 3.0       | 3.0       |
| AMCC geometry                         | 0.4                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.2       | 0.2       |
| AMCC current                          | 0.6                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.4       | 0.4       |
| Probe positioning during calibration  | 1.0                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.6       | 0.6       |
| Noise contribution                    | 0.7                   | R           | 1.7  | 0.014 | 1    | 0.0       | 0.4       |
| Frequency slope                       | 5.9                   | R           | 1.7  | 0.1   | 1.0  | 0.3       | 3.5       |
| <b>PROBE SYSTEM</b>                   |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| Repeatability / Drift                 | 1.0                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.6       | 0.6       |
| Linearity / Dynamic range             | 0.6                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.4       | 0.4       |
| Acoustic noise                        | 1.0                   | R           | 1.7  | 0.1   | 1    | 0.1       | 0.6       |
| Probe angle                           | 2.3                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 1.4       | 1.4       |
| Spectral processing                   | 0.9                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.5       | 0.5       |
| Integration time                      | 0.6                   | N           | 1.0  | 1     | 5    | 0.6       | 3.0       |
| Field disturbance                     | 0.2                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.1       | 0.1       |
| <b>TEST SIGNAL</b>                    |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| Reference signal spectral response    | 0.6                   | R           | 1.7  | 0     | 1    | 0.0       | 0.4       |
| <b>POSITIONING</b>                    |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| Probe positioning                     | 1.9                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 1.1       | 1.1       |
| Phantom thickness                     | 0.9                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.5       | 0.5       |
| DUT positioning                       | 1.9                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 1.1       | 1.1       |
| <b>EXTERNAL CONTRIBUTIONS</b>         |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| RF interference                       | 0.0                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 0.0       | 0.0       |
| Test signal variation                 | 2.0                   | R           | 1.7  | 1     | 1    | 1.2       | 1.2       |
| <b>COMBINED UNCERTAINTY</b>           |                       |             |      |       |      |           |           |
| Combined Std. uncertainty (ABM field) |                       |             |      |       |      | 4.1       | 6.2       |
| Expanded Std. uncertainty [%]         |                       |             |      |       |      | 8.2       | 12.3      |



**Appendix 6**

**Audio Magnetic Probe Certificate**

## Certificate of conformity

|                       |                                                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Item                  | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe<br>AM1DV2                |
| Type No               | SP AM1 001 A                                           |
| Series No             | 1001 ff.                                               |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG<br>Zurich, Switzerland |

### Description of the item

The Audio Magnetic Field Probe AM1DV2 is a fully RF shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The signal from the pickup coil is amplified in a symmetric 40dB low noise amplifier and fed to a 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same and monitored via the LED near the connector. The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components by rotating the probe around its axis.

### Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured and designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. In order to keep the performance and alignment, the probe must not be disassembled. The full performance can only be achieved using the SPEAG provided accessories and following the corresponding manual.

### Tests

| Test               | Requirement                                                                             | Details                                                                                  | Units tested           |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Sensor angle       | Probe configuration data for alignment with field                                       | see corresponding probe certificate                                                      | all                    |
| Dimensions         | according to corresponding probe certificate                                            | verified at delivery / light beam alignment prior to measurement usage                   | all / in setup by user |
| Frequency response | within +/- 0.5 dB of ideal differentiator from 100 Hz to 10 kHz                         | Coil current of AMCC measured with R&S UPL, probe including amplifier and AMMI ADC input | First article          |
| Dynamic range      | max. + 21 dB A/m @ 1 kHz<br>Noise level typ. -70 dB A/m @ 1 kHz<br>ABM2 typ. -60 dB A/m | with AMMI                                                                                | Samples / all          |
| Linearity          | within < 0.1 dB from 5 dB below limitation to 16 dB above noise level                   | tested between +15 dB A/m @ 1 kHz, to -70 dB A/m @ 10 kHz                                | Samples                |
| Sensitivity        | typ. -24 dBV / A/m @ 1 kHz at probe output                                              | verified at delivery / calibrated in setup prior to measurement usage                    | all / in setup by user |
| RF shielding       | immunity to AM modulated RF signal                                                      | 1 kHz 80 % AM                                                                            | all                    |

### Standards

[1] ANSI PC63.19-2006 Draft 3.12

### Conformity

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the requirements of [1].

Date

22.5.2006

**s p e a g**

Stamp / Signature

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
 Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779  
 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

## Certificate of test and configuration

|                       |                                                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Item                  | Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe<br><b>AM1DV2</b>         |
| Type No               | SP AM1 001 A                                           |
| Series No             | <b>1003</b>                                            |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG<br>Zurich, Switzerland |

### Description of the item

The Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1]. The probe includes a symmetric 40dB low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface. The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation below.

The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1] without additional shielding.

### Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in the DASY4 system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

### Functional test

The probe configuration data were evaluated after a functional test including amplification, dynamic range and RF immunity.

### DASY4 configuration data for the probe

| Configuration item | Condition                                                                                    | Configuration Data | Dimension |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Overall length     | mounted on DAE in DASY4 system                                                               | <b>296</b>         | mm        |
| Tip diameter       | at the cylindrical part                                                                      | 6                  | mm        |
| Sensor offset      | center of sensor, from tip                                                                   | 3                  |           |
| Connector rotation | Evaluated in homogeneous 1 kHz magnetic field generated with AMCC Helmholtz Calibration Coil | <b>92</b>          | °         |

### Standards

[1] ANSI PC63.19-2006 Draft 3.12

Date

22.2.2006

Signature



**Appendix 7**

**AMCC Certificate (Helmholz Coil)**

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland  
 Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779  
 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

### Certificate of conformity

|                       |                                                        |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Item                  | Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil<br>AMCC                |
| Type No               | SD HAC P02 A                                           |
| Series No             | 1001 ff.                                               |
| Manufacturer / Origin | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG<br>Zurich, Switzerland |

#### Description of the item

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil (AMCC) is a Helmholtz Coil designed according to standard [1], section D.9 for calibration of the AM1D probe. Two horizontal coils are positioned above a non-metallic base plate and generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction (normal to it).

#### Configuration

The AMCC consists of two parallel coils of 20 turns with radius 143 mm connected in parallel in a distance of 143 mm. With this design, a current of 10 mA produces a field of 1 A/m. The DC input resistance at the input BNC socket is adjusted by a series resistor to a DC resistance of approximately 50 Ohm. The voltage required to produce a field of 1 A/m is consequently approx. 500 mV.

The current through the coil is monitored via a shunt resistor of 10 Ohm +/- 1%. The voltage is available on a BNC socket with 100 mV corresponding to 1 A/m.

#### Handling of the item

The coil shall be positioned in a non-metallic environment to avoid distortion of the magnetic field.

#### Tests

| Test                 | Requirement                                                                           | Details                                                     | Units tested  |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Number of turns      | N = 20 per coil                                                                       | Resistance measurement                                      | all           |
| Orientation of coils | parallel coils with same direction of windings                                        | Magnetic field variation in the AMCC axis                   | all           |
| Coil radius          | r = 143 mm                                                                            | mechanical dimension                                        | First article |
| Coil distance        | d = 143 mm<br>distance between coil centers                                           | mechanical dimension                                        | First article |
| Input resistance     | 51.7 +/- 2 Ohm                                                                        | DC resistance at BNC input connector                        | all           |
| Shunt resistance     | R = 10.0 Ohm +/- 1 %                                                                  | DC resistance at BNC output connector                       | all           |
| Shunt sensitivity    | Hc = 1 A/m per 100 mV according to formula<br>$H_c = (U / R) * N / r / (1.25^{*1.5})$ | Field measurement compared with Narda ELT400 + BN2300/90.10 | First article |

#### Standards

[1] ANSI PC63.19-2006 Draft 3.12

#### Conformity

Based on the tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the requirements of [1].

Date

22.5.2006

Stamp / Signature

**s p e a g**

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## **Appendix 8**

### **HAC Distribution plots for E-Field and H-Field**

## Test Laboratory: Motorola

**Serial: 806a1b93;** Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: always up; Antenna Position: int; Battery Model #: SNN5756A; Vocoder Rate: 1/8; Communication System: CDMA 835, 1/8 Vocoder (HAC); Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 384; Duty Cycle: 1:8; Medium: Air; Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 4/28/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn650; Calibrated: 8/26/2005
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

### E Scan - ER sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

**(101x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

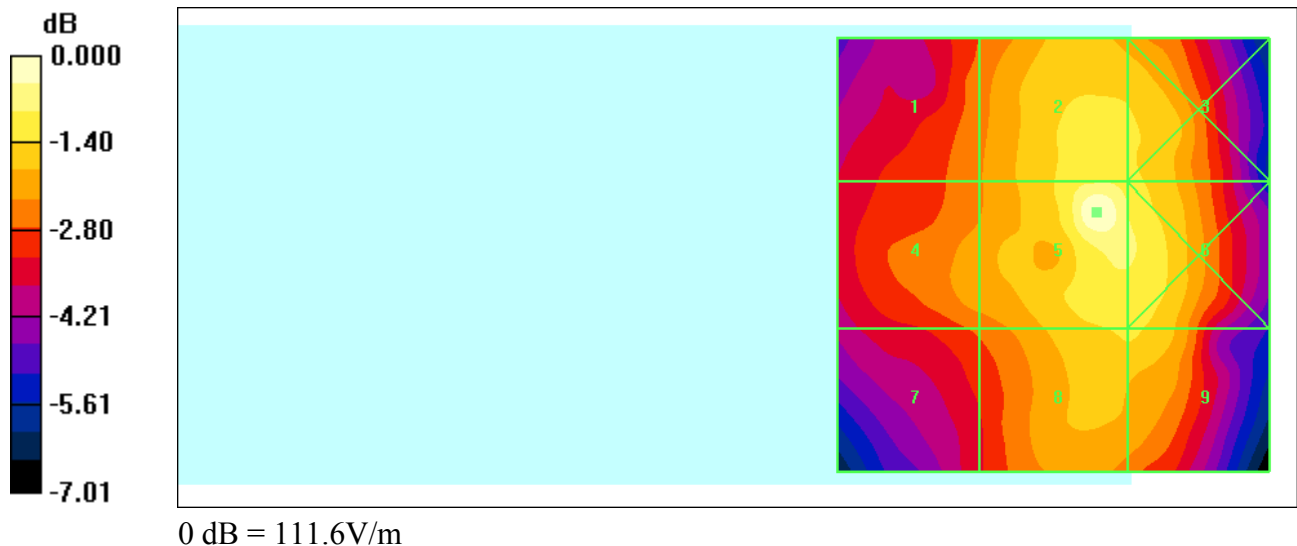
Maximum value of peak Total field = 111.6 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 2.97

Reference Value = 34.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.210 dB

**Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

|             |              |              |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| Grid 1      | Grid 2       | Grid 3       |
| <b>85.0</b> | <b>99.9</b>  | <b>97.7</b>  |
| Grid 4      | Grid 5       | Grid 6       |
| <b>88.2</b> | <b>111.6</b> | <b>101.6</b> |
| Grid 7      | Grid 8       | Grid 9       |
| <b>82.2</b> | <b>96.0</b>  | <b>96.0</b>  |



Date/Time: 7/9/2006 2:39:12 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola

**Serial: 806A1B93**

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: Always Up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5756A

Vocoder Rate: Eighth; PMF Value: 3.09

Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz; Channel Number: 1175; Duty Cycle: 1:8

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6R - SN2247; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 4/28/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn650; Calibrated: 8/26/2005
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 21; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

### E Scan - ER sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

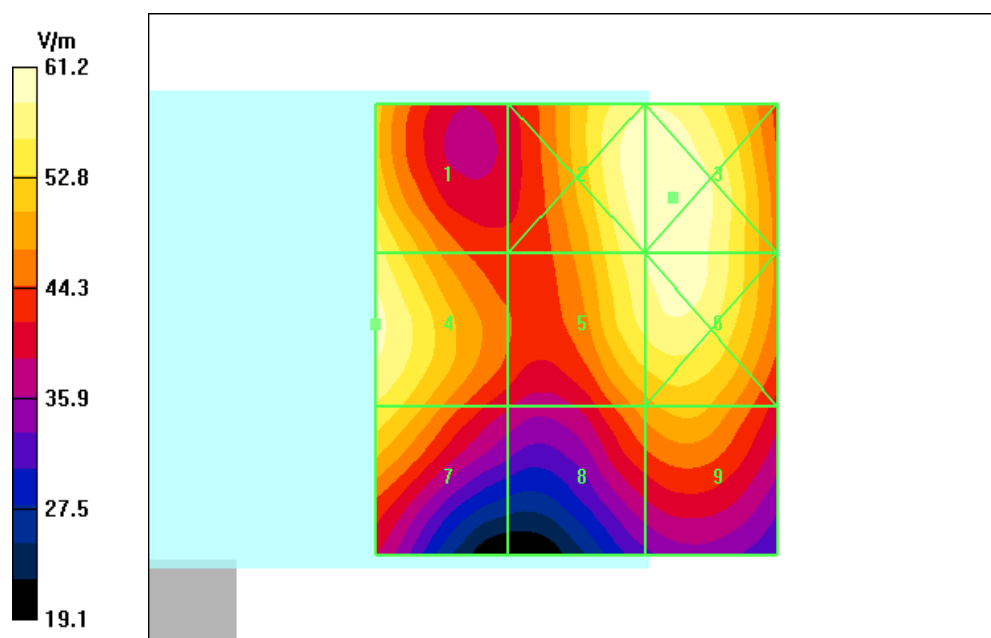
Maximum value of peak Total field = 59.3 V/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 3.09

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.054 dB

**Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak E-field in V/m

|             |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Grid 1      | Grid 2      | Grid 3      |
| <b>56.8</b> | <b>60.5</b> | <b>61.2</b> |
| Grid 4      | Grid 5      | Grid 6      |
| <b>59.3</b> | <b>58.7</b> | <b>60.2</b> |
| Grid 7      | Grid 8      | Grid 9      |
| <b>55.3</b> | <b>48.8</b> | <b>51.1</b> |





Date/Time: 7/9/2006 12:42:35 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola

**Serial: 806A1B93**

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: Always Up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5758A

Vocoder Rate: Full; PMF Value: 1.07

Communication System: CDMA 835; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Channel Number: 384; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6074; ; Calibrated: 4/27/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/15/2005
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 21; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

### H Scan - H3DV6 sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

**(101x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

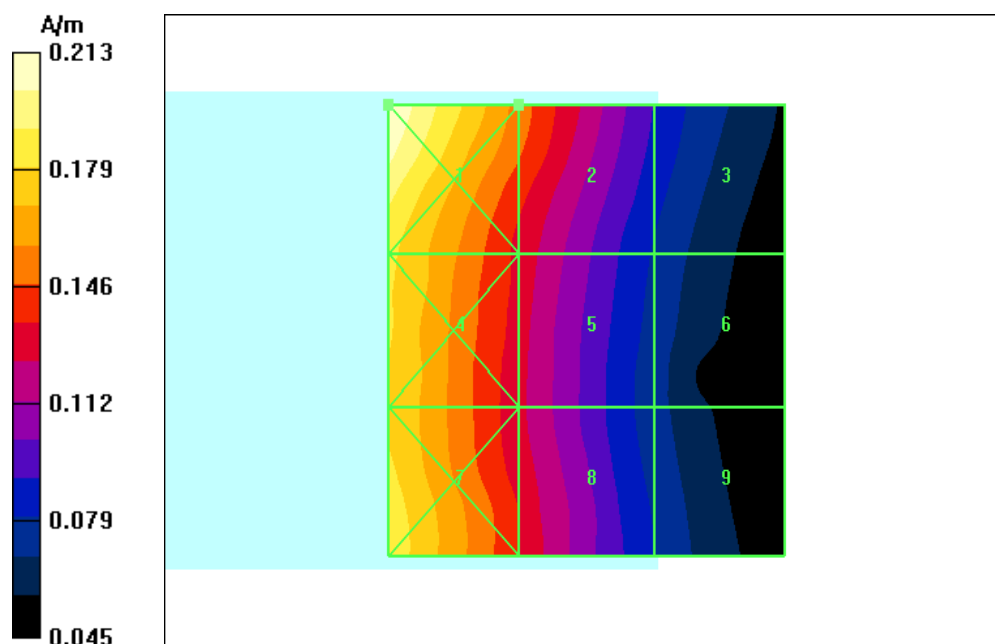
Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.153 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.07

Reference Value = 0.093 A/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

**Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Grid 1       | Grid 2       | Grid 3       |
| <b>0.213</b> | <b>0.153</b> | <b>0.090</b> |
| Grid 4       | Grid 5       | Grid 6       |
| <b>0.182</b> | <b>0.131</b> | <b>0.078</b> |
| Grid 7       | Grid 8       | Grid 9       |
| <b>0.188</b> | <b>0.135</b> | <b>0.080</b> |



Date/Time: 7/9/2006 12:20:36 AM

## Test Laboratory: Motorola

**Serial: 806A1B93**

Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: Always Up; Antenna Position: Internal; Battery Model #: SNN5758A

Vocoder Rate: Full; PMF Value: 1.01

Communication System: CDMA 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Channel Number: 600; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Air; Medium parameters used:  $\sigma = 0$  mho/m,  $\epsilon_r = 1$ ;  $\rho = 0$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: H3DV6 - SN6074; ; Calibrated: 4/27/2006
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn639; Calibrated: 11/15/2005
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with Coil; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 100x;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 21; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

### H Scan - H3DV6 sensor tip 10mm above WD Ref/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test

**(101x101x1):** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm

Maximum value of peak Total field = 0.138 A/m; Probe Modulation Factor = 1.01

Reference Value = 0.113 A/m; Power Drift = -0.181 dB

**Hearing Aid Near-Field Category: M4 (AWF 0 dB)**

Peak H-field in A/m

|              |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Grid 1       | Grid 2       | Grid 3       |
| <b>0.196</b> | <b>0.180</b> | <b>0.122</b> |
| Grid 4       | Grid 5       | Grid 6       |
| <b>0.145</b> | <b>0.138</b> | <b>0.103</b> |
| Grid 7       | Grid 8       | Grid 9       |
| <b>0.121</b> | <b>0.118</b> | <b>0.097</b> |

