

PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SECTOR

PRODUCT SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE EMC LABORATORY

EMC TEST REPORT

Test Report Number - 14066-1

Report Date - 27 May 2004

The test results contained herein relate only to the model(s) identified. It is the manufacturer's responsibility to assure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with identical electrical and mechanical characteristics.

As the responsible EMC Engineer, I hereby declare that the equipment tested as specified in this report conforms to the requirements indicated.

Michael E. Lief
Signature
Name: Michael E. Hill

Title: Senior Electrical Engineer Date: 2004-05-27

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Table of Contents

Description	<u>Page</u>
•	3
· '	3
Summary of Testing	4
General and Special Conditions	4
Equipment and Cable Configurations	5
Measuring Equipment and Calibration Information	5
Measurement Procedures and Data	
	6
	7
	8
·	10
	10
·	11
GSM 850 Ch251 Upper Band Edge	11
	12
· ·	12
	13
11	13
- 1	14
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15
· ·	16
5 1	17
· ·	18
·	19
	20
l l	21 22
	22
Field Strength of Spurious Emissions from Unintentional	00
	23
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24 25
'	20
Appendix A - Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photos Figure A.1 – Radiated Emissions Measurement	26
	26

Test Report Details

Tests Performed By: Motorola Personal Communications Sector

Product Safety and Compliance Group

600 North US Hwy 45 Libertyville, IL 60048

PH (847) 523-6167 Fax (847) 523-4538

Motorola PCS FRN: 0004321311 FCC Registration Number: 316588 Industry Canada Number: IC3908

Tests Requested By: Motorola Inc.

Personal Communications Sector

600 North US Hwy 45 Libertyville, IL 60048

Product Type: Cellular Phone

Signaling Capability: GSM 850, 1900

Model Number: C115

Version: SJUG0095AA

Serial Numbers: 418105695655, 418105695593,

500134280122371

Testing Complete Date: 26 May 2004

Applicable Standards

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations Title 47 Part 2, Sub-part J as well as the following parts:

X Part 15 Subpart B – Unintentional Radiators
 X Part 22 Subpart H - Public Mobile Services
 X Part 24 - Personal Communications Services
 Part 90 - Private Land Mobile Radio Service

Applicable Standards: TIA EIA 137-A, TIA EIA 98-C, ANSI 63.4 2001, RSS-118 (AMPS), RSS-128 (TDMA), RSS-129 (CDMA), RSS-133 (PCS)

Summary of Testing

Test #	Test Name	Pass/Fail
		1 400/1 4II
1	RF Power Output	NA
2	ERP (Effective Radiated Power)	NA
3	Modulation Characteristics	Pass
4	Occupied Bandwidth	Pass
5	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Pass
6	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Pass
7	Frequency Stability	Pass
8	Field Strength of Spurious Emissions from Unintentional Radiators	Pass
Test #	Test Name	Margin with respect to the Limit
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	RF Power Output ERP (Effective Radiated Power) Modulation Characteristics Occupied Bandwidth Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal Field Strength of Spurious Emissions Frequency Stability	NA NA NA See Plots 20.7 dB 3.8 dB 77.00 Hz

The margin with respect to the limit is the minimum margin for all modes and bands. () indicates the margin at which the product exceeds the limit.

General and Special Conditions

The EUT was tested using a fully charged battery when applicable. Where a battery could not be used due to the need for a controlled variation of input voltage, an external power supply was utilized.

All testing was done in an indoor controlled environment with an average temperature of 22° C and relative humidity of 50%.

Equipment and Cable Configurations

The EUT was tested in a stand-alone configuration that is representative of typical use.

Measuring Equipment and Calibration Information

ETS	DRG Horn Antenna	3115	6222	
A.H. Systems Inc.	DRG Horn Antenna	SAS-200/571	365	12/7/200
ETS	Log-Periodic Antenna	3148	1188	3/5/2004
ETS	Biconical Antenna	3110B	3370	11/14/200
Attenuator	Weinschel	AS-6	6675	10/14/200
Attenuator	Weinschel	AS-6	6677	11/4/200
Rohde & Schwarz	Mobile Test Set	CMD 80	DE29008	N/A
Hewlett Packard	Signal Generator	83623B	3844A01195	5/20/200
Thermotron	Environmental Chamber	S-4	31580	1/5/2005
Hewlett Packard	Pre-Amplifier	8347A		11/4/200
Hewlett Packard	Pre-Amplifier	8447F	2805A03419	5/19/200
Agilent	Power Meter	EE4418B		12/5/200
Agilent	Sensor	E4412B		11/23/200

All equipment is on a one-year calibration cycle.

Measurement Procedures and Data

RF POWER OUTPUT

Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the equipment under test is directly coupled to the input of a HPE4406A Vector Signal Analyzer through a 10dB passive attenuator, adaptor (if needed), and specialized RF connector. The peak power output is measured for all channels.

CFR47 Part 2.1046

Measurement Results

GSM 850

Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
824.2	30.04
836.6	29.88
848.8	29.80

GSM 1900

Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
1850.20	32.30
1880.00	32.39
1909.80	32.36

RADIATED (ERP)

Measurement Procedure

The phone was tested in a 16' anechoic chamber with a 2-axis position system that permits taking complete spherical scans of the EUT's radiation patterns. For all tests, the phone was supported in a free space type environment, vertically oriented in the chamber. Tests were done for GSM 850 three frequencies (824.2, 836.6 and 848.8 MHz) and GSM 1900 three frequencies (1850.2, 1880.00, and 1909.80 MHz) with antenna stubby.

GSM measurements were made with the phone placed in a call using the HP8922M mobile station test set. The phone was weakly coupled to the test set and configured to transmit in full data rate mode. Radiated power was measured at each 15 degree step. The radiated power was measured using a Gigatronics 8542C power meter in "Burst Avg" mode. From these measurements, the software calculates the angle at which maximum radiated power occurs for each case, and the radiated power at this angle was extracted from the data. The max radiated power results for the IHDT56EX1 follows, as EIRP in dBm. To get ERP (effective radiated power referenced to a half-wave dipole), subtract 2.1 dB from these numbers.

Measurement Results

* Data not supplied by EMC Lab

GSM 850

824.2 MHz: 31.62 dBm 836.6 MHz: 31.13 dBm 848.8 MHz: 30.99 dBm

GSM 1900

1850.2 MHz: 32.80 dBm 1880.0 MHz: 32.84 dBm 1909.8 MHz: 32.95 dBm

For all measurements, calibration was performed via gain substitution with a half-wave dipole.

Max EIRP in GSM 850 is 31.62 dBm (max ERP is 29.52 dBm). Max EIRP in GSM 1900 is 32.95 dBm (max ERP is 30.85 dBm).

OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

CFR47 Part 2.1049, 24.238

Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the equipment under test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10dB passive attenuator. The amplitude of the spectrum analyzer is corrected for the attenuator and any other applicable losses. The analyzer is set for Peak Detector and each trace is set for Max Hold. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The middle channel within the designated frequency block was measured. For digital modulation, the lower and upper band edge plots are displayed.

The plotted data shown for the band edge measurements is representative of data taken with a true 3 kHz resolution bandwidth filter. The raw data was taken using a 1 kHz resolution bandwidth and was integrated to produce a response representative of data taken using a true 3 kHz resolution bandwidth filter.

The occupied bandwidth was measured by integrating over 1001 points to determine the bandwidth occupied by 99 % of the transmitted power.

Instrument Settings

Plot	Resolution Bandwidth (kHz)	Video Bandwidth (kHz)	Sweep Points (#)	Trace Mode	Detector	Samples (≥#)
Reference Plot – GSM 850,1900	300	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
OCBW - GSM 850, 1900	3	Auto	1001	Max Hold	Peak	30
Lower Band Edge - GSM 850,1900	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30
Upper Band Edge - GSM 850, 1900	1	Auto	2004	Max Hold	Peak	30

Measurement Results

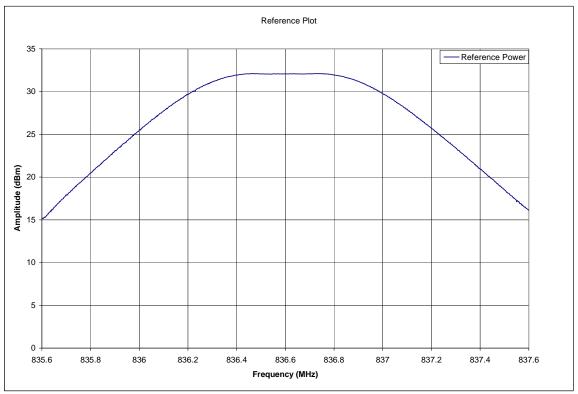
Measurement Summary

Band	Value Measured	Value	Units
Cell	Reference Power	32.11	MHz
Cell	OCBW	0.00	KHz
Cell	Lower Band Edge Emissions	-15.51	dBm
Cell	Upper Band Edge Emissions	-15.22	dBm
PCS	Reference Power	29.73	dBm
PCS	OCBW	260.40	kHz
PCS	Lower Band Edge Emissions	-16.22	dBm
PCS	Upper Band Edge Emissions	-19.15	dBm

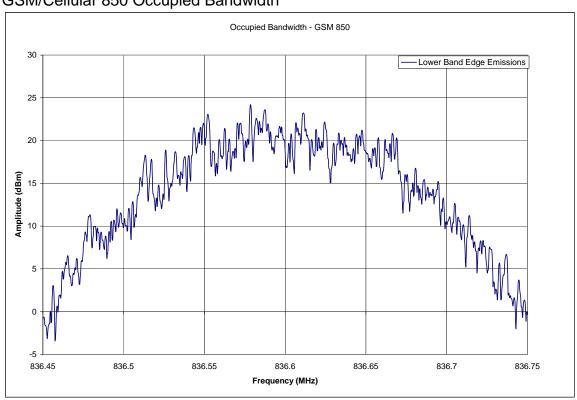
Attached

Measurement Results - GSM 850

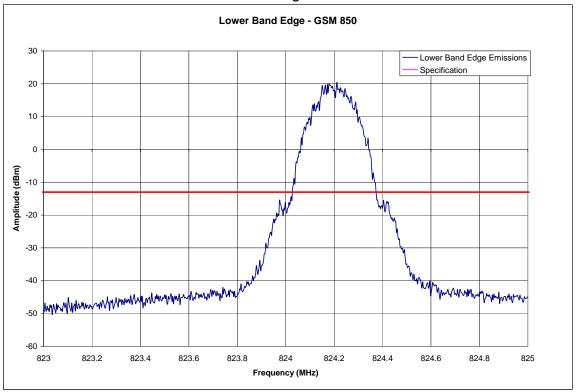
GSM/Cellular 850 Reference Level



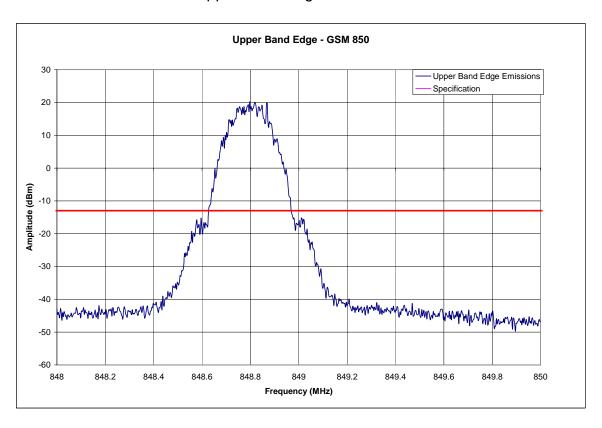
GSM/Cellular 850 Occupied Bandwidth



GSM/Cellular 850 Ch128 Lower Band Edge



GSM/Cellular 850 Ch251 Upper Band Edge

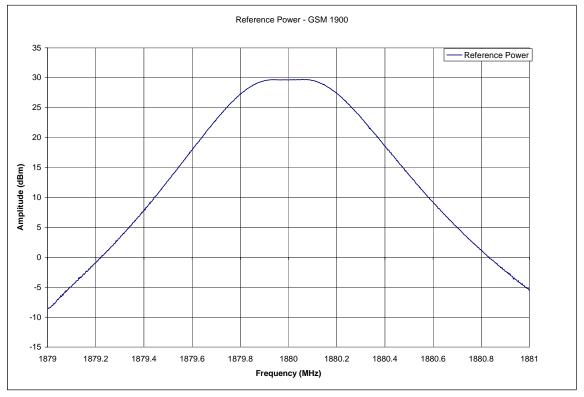


Test Report Number: 14066-1 11 EXHIBIT 6

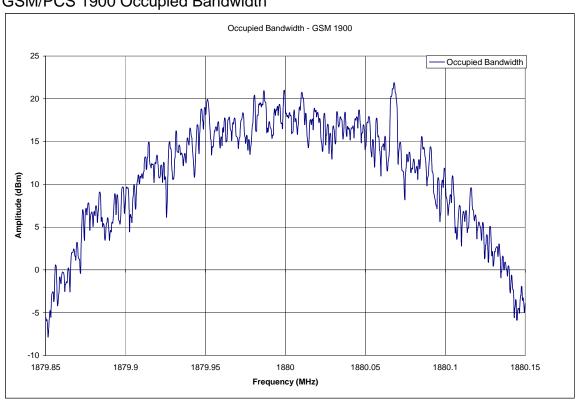
FCC ID: IHDT56EX1

Measurement Results - GSM 1900

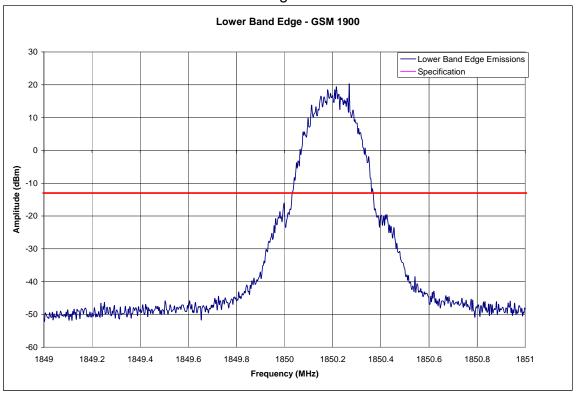
GSM/PCS 1900 Reference Level



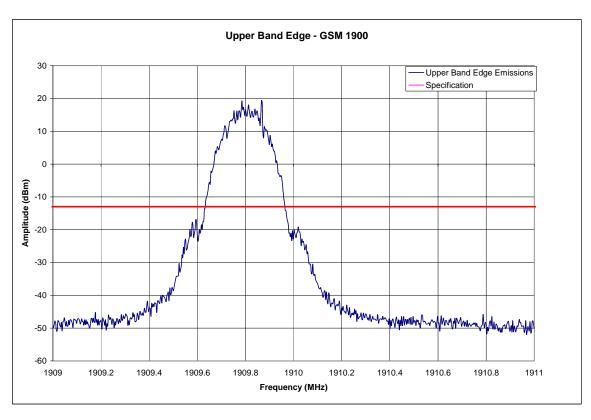
GSM/PCS 1900 Occupied Bandwidth



GSM/PCS 1900 Ch512 Lower Band Edge



GSM/PCS 1900 Ch810 Upper Band Edge



SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

CFR47 Part 2.1051, 24.238

Measurement Procedure

The RF output port of the Equipment Under Test is directly coupled to the input of the EMC analyzer through a specialized RF connector and a 10dB passive attenuator. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The spectrum was investigated from the lowest frequency signal generated, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the tenth harmonic of the fundamental or 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Measurements were made at the middle channel within the frequency band and within the base station frequency range (869-894 MHz) for cellular.

The spectrum analyzer settings were as follows:

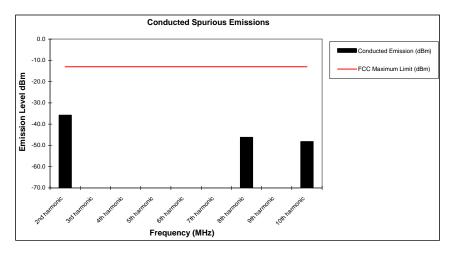
Units dBm
Divisions 10 dB
Resolution Bandwidth 1 MHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG) Auto
Sweep Time Auto

Measurement Results

Attached

Conducted Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Harmonic of Fundamental	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Conducted Emission (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-35.8
3rd harmonic	-13	*
4th harmonic	-13	*
5th harmonic	-13	*
6th harmonic	-13	*
7th harmonic	-13	*
8th harmonic	-13	-46.2
9th harmonic	-13	*
10th harmonic	-13	-48.2



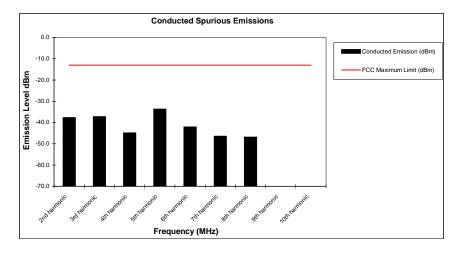
- Notes:

 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- $\dot{\text{2}}$. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

<u>Measurement Results</u> <u>Modulation: GSM 1900</u>

Conducted Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Harmonic of Fundamental	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Conducted Emission (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-37.7
3rd harmonic	-13	-37.3
4th harmonic	-13	-44.9
5th harmonic	-13	-33.7
6th harmonic	-13	-42.1
7th harmonic	-13	-46.5
8th harmonic	-13	-46.8
9th harmonic	-13	*
10th harmonic	-13	*



Notes:

- 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- 2. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

CFR47 Part 2.1053, 22.917, 24.238

Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed inside the semi-anechoic chamber on a wooden table at the turntable center. For each spurious frequency, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters and the turntable is rotated 360 degrees to obtain a maximum reading on the spectrum analyzer. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna.

The equipment under test is then replaced with a substitution antenna fed by a signal generator. With the signal generator tuned to a particular spurious frequency, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters to obtain a maximum reading at the spectrum analyzer. The output of the signal generator is then adjusted until a reading identical to that obtained with the actual transmitter is achieved.

The power in dBm of each spurious emission is calculated by correcting the signal generator level for cable loss and gain of the substitution antenna referenced to a dipole. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The settings of the receiver were as follows:

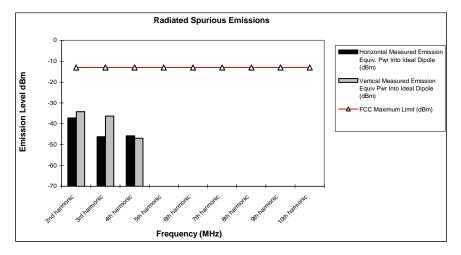
Units dBm
Divisions 5 dB
Resolution Bandwidth 1 MHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG) Auto
Sweep Time Auto

Measurement Results

Attached

Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Horizontal Measured Emission Equiv. Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)	Vertical Measured Emission Equiv Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-37.2	-34.2
3rd harmonic	-13	-46.2	-36.3
4th harmonic	-13	-45.8	-46.9
5th harmonic	-13	*	*
6th harmonic	-13	*	*
7th harmonic	-13	*	*
8th harmonic	-13	*	*
9th harmonic	-13	*	*
10th harmonic	-13	*	*

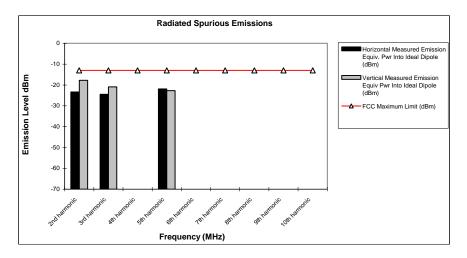


- Notes:

 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- 2. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 30 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBm)	Horizontal Measured Emission Equiv. Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)	Vertical Measured Emission Equiv Pwr Into Ideal Dipole (dBm)
2nd harmonic	-13	-23.4	-17.8
3rd harmonic	-13	-24.5	-20.9
4th harmonic	-13	*	*
5th harmonic	-13	-21.9	-22.7
6th harmonic	-13	*	*
7th harmonic	-13	*	*
8th harmonic	-13	*	*
9th harmonic	-13	*	*
10th harmonic	-13	*	*



Notes:

- 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific harmonic for the low, mid, and high channels at maximum power.
- 3. The Spectrum was investigated from 30 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the fundamental.

FREQUENCY STABILITY

CFR47 Part 2.1055, 24.235

Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed in an environmental chamber. The antenna port of the Equipment Under Test is directly coupled to the input of the measurement equipment through a specialized RF connector. A power supply is attached as the primary voltage supply.

Frequency measurements are made at the extremes of the temperature range -30° C to +60° C and at intervals of 10° C with the primary supply voltage set to the nominal battery operating voltage. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all components of the equipment is allowed at each frequency measurement. The maximum variation of frequency is measured.

At room temperature, the primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating endpoint of the equipment under test. The maximum variation of frequency is measured. A battery eliminator was used for the input supply voltage.

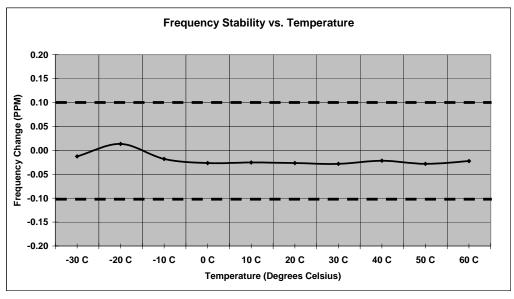
Measurement Results

Attached

Frequency Stability

Mode:GSM 850Operating Frequency:836.6 MHzChannel:190Deviation Limit (PPM):0.1 ppm

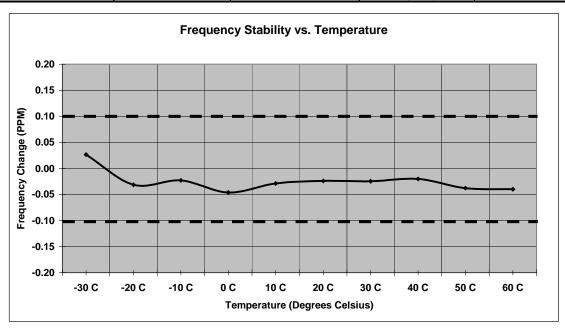
Temperature	Frequency Error	Frequency Error	Voltage	Voltage
С	HZ	(PPM)	(%)	(VDC)
-30 C	-24.00	-0.013	100%	3.80
-20 C	25.00	0.013	100%	3.80
-10 C	-34.00	-0.018	100%	3.80
0 C	-50.00	-0.027	100%	3.80
10 C	-48.00	-0.026	100%	3.80
20 C	-50.00	-0.027	100%	3.80
30 C	-53.00	-0.028	100%	3.80
40 C	-41.00	-0.022	100%	3.80
50 C	-53.00	-0.028	100%	3.80
60 C	-42.00	-0.022	100%	3.80
20 C	-52.00	-0.028	Battery Endpoint	3.53



Frequency Stability

Mode:GSM 1900Operating Frequency:1880.0 MHzChannel:661Deviation Limit (PPM):0.1 ppm

Temperature	Frequency Error	Frequency Error	Voltage	Voltage
С	HZ	(PPM)	(%)	(VDC)
-30 C	50.00	0.027	100%	3.80
-20 C	-59.00	-0.031	100%	3.80
-10 C	-43.00	-0.023	100%	3.80
0 C	-87.00	-0.046	100%	3.80
10 C	-54.00	-0.029	100%	3.80
20 C	-45.00	-0.024	100%	3.80
30 C	-46.00	-0.024	100%	3.80
40 C	-38.00	-0.020	100%	3.80
50 C	-71.00	-0.038	100%	3.80
60 C	-75.00	-0.040	100%	3.80
20 C	-77.00	-0.041	Battery Endpoint	3.53



FIELD STRENGTH OF EMISSIONS FROM UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS

CFR47 Part 15.109

Measurement Procedure

The equipment under test is placed inside the semi-anechoic chamber on a wooden table at the turntable center. For each radiated emission, the antenna mast is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 meters and the turntable is rotated 360 degrees to obtain a maximum peak reading on the spectrum analyzer. The radiated emissions are then measured using an EMI receiver employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector function below 1000 MHz and an average detector function above 1000 MHz. This is repeated for both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the receive antenna. A fully charged battery was used for the supply voltage.

The field strength of each radiated emission is calculated by correcting the EMI receiver level for cable loss, amplifier gain, and antenna correction factors.

Field Strength (dBuV/m) = EMI Receiver Level (dBuV) + Cable Loss (dB) Amplifier Gain (dB) + Antenna Correction Factor (1/m)

The receiver settings were as follows:

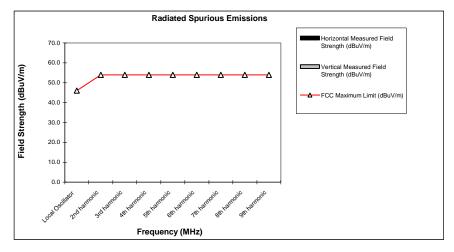
Units dBuV
Resolution Bandwidth 30 kHz
Video Bandwidth (AVG) Auto
Sweep Time auto
Attenuation 10 dB

Measurement Results

Attached

Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBuV/m)	Horizontal Measured Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Vertical Measured Field Strength (dBuV/m)
Local Oscillator	46	*	*
2nd harmonic	54	*	*
3rd harmonic	54	*	*
4th harmonic	54	*	*
5th harmonic	54	*	*
6th harmonic	54	*	*
7th harmonic	54	*	*
8th harmonic	54	*	*
9th harmonic	54	*	*
10th harmonic	54	*	*

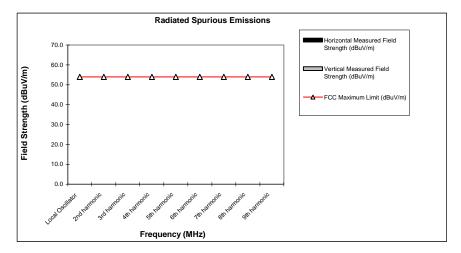


Notes:

- 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- 2. Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific frequency for the low, mid, and high channels.

Receiver Radiated Spurious Emissions

Frequency (MHz)	FCC Maximum Limit (dBuV/m)	Horizontal Measured Field Strength (dBuV/m)	Vertical Measured Field Strength (dBuV/m)
Local Oscillator	54	*	*
2nd harmonic	54	*	*
3rd harmonic	54	*	*
4th harmonic	54	*	*
5th harmonic	54	*	*
6th harmonic	54	*	*
7th harmonic	54	*	*
8th harmonic	54	*	*
9th harmonic	54	*	*
10th harmonic	54	*	*



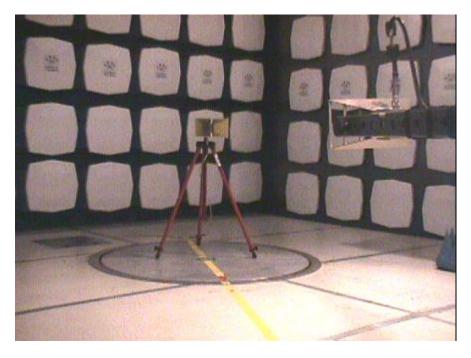
Notes:

- 1. * Indicates the spurious emission could not be detected due to noise limitations or ambients.
- Each emission reported reflects the highest absolute level at the specific frequency for the low, mid, and high channels.

Appendix A – Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photos



A.1 Radiated Emissions Measurement



A.2 Substitution Measurement

End of Test Report

Test Report Number: 14066-1 26 EXHIBIT 6