


MOTOROLA

Exhibit 11: SAR Test Report IHDT56DJ1

Date of test: 18-24, July, 2003
Date of Report: 31 July, 2003

Laboratory: Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory
 600 N. US Highway 45
 Room: MW113
 Libertyville, Illinois 60048

Test Responsible: Steven Hauswirth
 Principal Staff Engineer

Accreditation: This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:



Tests:
 Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate

Procedures:
 ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999
 (SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991
 IEEE P1528 (DRAFT)
 FCC OET Bulletin 65 (including Supplements A, B, C)
 Australian Communications Authority Radio
 Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human
 Exposure) Standard 1999
 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)
 APP-0247
 DOI-0876, 0900, 0902, 0904, 0915

Simulated Tissue Preparation
 RF Power Measurement

On the following products or types of products:

Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Statement of Compliance:

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.

The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56DJ1). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Antenna description

Type	Stubby	
Location	Right Side	
Dimensions	Length	17mm
	Width	6mm
Configuration	Stubby	

Device description

FCC ID Number	IHDT56DJ1		
Serial number	42CCFE68 & 42CD03C0		
Mode(s) of Operation	AMPS800	CDMA800	CDMA1900
Modulation Mode(s)	AMPS	CDMA	CDMA
Maximum Output Power Setting	27.80 dBm	25.00 dBm	25.00 dBm
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1	1:1
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	824-849MHz	824-849MHz	1851-1909MHz
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2.908)	Identical Prototype		
Device Category	Portable		
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled		

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy3™ v3.1d) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 11.7\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 23.0\%$ (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY3 DAE V1	SN437	18-Mar-04
E-Field Probe ET3DV6R	SN1501	16-Apr-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	SN079	24-Jun-04
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1132	
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	SN246TR	24-Jun-04
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1160	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04633	11-Oct-04
Power Meter E4419B	US37360825	21-Apr-04
Power Sensor #1 - 8481A	US337296475	05-Nov-03
Power Sensor #2 - 8481A	US3318A25036	05-Nov-03
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172529	18-Jun-04
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US33020235	

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ϵ_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit. These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f (MHz)	Tissue type	Limits / Measured	Dielectric Parameters		
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)
835	Head	Measured, 19-Jul-03	43.2	0.93	20.1
		Measured, 20-Jul-03	43.4	0.92	19.9
		Measured, 22-Jul-03	42.7	0.91	20.3
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.9	20-25
	Body	Measured, 23-Jul-03	55.2	0.97	20.1
		Measured, 24-Jul-03	55.3	0.97	20.3
		Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	20-25
1880	Head	Measured, 18-Jul-03	39.0	1.45	20.2
		Measured, 18-Jul-03	38.8	1.46	20.2
		Recommended Limits	40.0	1.4	20-25
	Body	Measured, 18-Jul-03	51.7	1.59	20.3
		Measured, 19-Jul-03	51.7	1.59	20.2
		Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	20-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	800MHz Head	800MHz Body	1900MHz Head	1900MHz Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	--	30.80
DGBE	--	--	47.0	--
Water	40.45	53.06	52.8	68.91
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.2	0.29
HEC	1.0	1.0	--	--
Bact.	0.1	0.1	--	--

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY3 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated on the dipole certification sheet. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm $\pm$ 0.5cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

<i>f</i> (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric Parameters		Ambient Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
			ϵ_r	σ (S/m)		
900	Measured, 19-Jul-03	11.27	42.4	0.99	21	20.4
	Measured, 20-Jul-03	11.30	42.6	0.99	20	20.2
	Measured, 22-Jul-03	11.23	41.9	0.98	21	21.6
	Measured, 23-Jul-03	11.08	41.5	0.97	20	20.7
	Measured, 24-Jul-03	11.04	41.2	0.97	21	20.7
	Recommended Limits	11.60	39.4 - 43.6	0.92 - 1.02	15-30	15-30
1800	Measured, 18-Jul-03	38.8	39.1	1.37	20	19.9
	Recommended Limits	39.7	38 - 42	1.33 - 1.47	15-30	15-30

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	<i>f</i> (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	900	6.4	7 of 10
		1800	5.0	7 of 10

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement. C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled “*Devices Operating Next To A Person’s Ear* “. These directions state “The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).“

The DASY v3.1d SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAG™ setup. The phone was positioned onto the measurement configurations using the positioner

supplied with the DASY 3.1d SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 ($\pm 30\%$) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56DJ1) has the following battery options:

SNN5725A – 750mAh Battery
SNN5726A – 1100mAh Battery

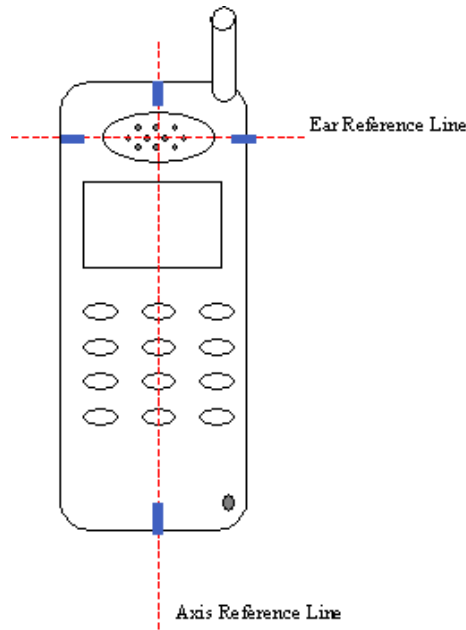
The battery used to do most of the SAR testing is the SNN5725A. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery. The configurations that resulted in the highest SAR values were tested using the other batteries listed above.

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

To aid in positioning repeatability, the ear reference line of the device and the axis reference line of the device have been physically added using a non-metallic marker.

- Per Figure 1, the "Ear Reference Line" is centered vertically through the center of the listening area (as defined by the speaker holes in the housing).
- The "Axis Reference Line" bisects the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges.
- The intersection of these two lines defines the location of the "Ear Reference Point".

The lines drawn on the device extended to the outside edges, as shown in blue in the figure below, & wrap around the sides of the device.



The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 4 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2 All other test conditions

measured lower SAR values than those included. The phone has two different housings: "C333" and "C332". SAR measurements were done on the DUT utilizing both housings.

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm $\pm$ 0.5cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Supplement C.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	835	6.4	7 of 10
		1900	5.0	7 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C332 (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.05	-0.28	1.12	20.4	0.882	-0.31	0.95	20.4
	Channel 384	27.73	1.13	-0.16	1.17	20.4	1.02	-0.35	1.11	20.4
	Channel 799	27.73	1.09	-0.14	1.13	20.4	0.947	-0.14	0.98	20.0
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.878	-0.26	0.93	20.0	0.799	-0.42	0.88	20.1
	Channel 384	25.03	1.04	-0.31	1.12	20.1	0.943	0.05	0.94	20.1
	Channel 779	24.98	0.892	-0.09	0.91	20.0	0.803	-0.14	0.83	20.0
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.562	-0.4	0.62	19.9	0.515	-0.76	0.61	19.9
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C332 (15° Tilt Position)							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.24	-0.21	1.30	20.4	1.03	0.10	1.03	20.0
	Channel 384	27.73	1.36	-0.07	1.38	20.3	1.17	0.14	1.17	20.0
	Channel 799	27.73	1.30	0.16	1.30	20.3	1.11	0.31	1.11	20.0
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	1.11	-0.52	1.25	20.0	0.915	-0.4	1.00	20.0
	Channel 384	25.03	1.29	-0.20	1.35	20.1	1.12	0.07	1.12	0.95
	Channel 779	24.98	1.17	-0.08	1.19	20.0	0.945	0.14	0.95	20.0
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.718	-0.45	0.80	19.9	0.626	-0.72	0.74	19.9
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C332 (Left Head 15° Tilt Position)			
			w/ SNN5726A Battery			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.25	-0.01	1.25	20.0
	Channel 384	27.73	1.40	0.00	1.40	20.0
	Channel 799	27.73	1.35	0.04	1.35	20.0
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	1.19	-0.20	1.25	20.0
	Channel 384	25.03	1.24	0.06	1.24	20.0
	Channel 779	24.98	1.14	0.28	1.14	20.0
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93				
	Channel 600	24.99	0.66	-0.6	0.76	19.9
	Channel 1175	24.93				

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 (Cheek / Touch Position)							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.00	-0.09	1.02	20.0	0.84	-0.12	0.86	20.6
	Channel 384	27.73	1.15	-0.29	1.23	20.0	1.14	0.08	1.14	20.0
	Channel 799	27.73	1.11	0.00	1.11	20.1	0.979	-0.08	1.00	20.6
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.923	-0.35	1.00	20.3	0.731	-0.37	0.80	20.4
	Channel 384	25.03	1.11	-0.27	1.18	20.4	0.931	-0.15	0.96	20.5
	Channel 779	24.98	0.94	-0.12	0.97	20.3	1.00	-0.04	1.01	20.4
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.596	0.0	0.60	19.9	0.604	-0.39	0.66	19.9
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 (15° Tilt Position)							
			Left Head				Right Head			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.19	0.05	1.19	20.1	1.01	-0.15	1.05	20.2
	Channel 384	27.73	1.31	0.16	1.31	20.0	1.15	0.08	1.15	20.2
	Channel 799	27.73	1.30	0.20	1.30	20.1	1.14	0.18	1.14	20.2
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	1.03	-0.24	1.10	20.2	0.852	-0.36	0.93	20.3
	Channel 384	25.03	1.22	0.02	1.22	20.3	1.09	-0.09	1.11	20.3
	Channel 779	24.98	1.11	0.20	1.11	20.2	0.949	-0.18	0.99	20.3
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93	1.14	0.05	1.14	20.0	1.07	-0.05	1.08	20.0
	Channel 600	24.99	0.887	-0.12	0.91	19.8	0.845	-0.04	0.85	19.9
	Channel 1175	24.93	1.50	-0.01	1.50	20.0	0.824	-0.24	0.87	20.0

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 (Left Head 15° Tilt Position)							
			With Carry Case AMB33105				With Carry Case 35451			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.03	-0.05	1.04	19.7	1.13	0.02	1.13	20.0
	Channel 384	27.73	1.13	0.01	1.13	20.0	1.27	-0.03	1.28	19.9
	Channel 799	27.73	1.13	0.13	1.13	19.8	1.27	0.07	1.27	20.0
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.825	-0.25	0.87	20.3	0.94	-0.25	1.00	20.4
	Channel 384	25.03	1.04	-0.06	1.05	20.4	1.21	0.09	1.21	20.4
	Channel 779	24.98	0.916	0.06	0.92	20.3	1.11	0.13	1.11	20.4
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93					1.13	0.17	1.13	20.0
	Channel 600	24.99	0.72	-0.09	0.74	20.0	0.859	-0.20	0.90	20.0
	Channel 1175	24.93					1.51	-0.20	1.58	20.0

Table 6: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 (Left Head 15° Tilt Position)			
			w/ SNN5726A Battery			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76	1.17	-0.01	1.17	19.8
	Channel 384	27.73	1.34	-0.02	1.35	20.0
	Channel 799	27.73	1.37	0.02	1.37	19.8
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98	0.956	-0.22	1.01	20.3
	Channel 384	25.03	1.16	-0.01	1.16	20.3
	Channel 779	24.98	1.05	0.21	1.05	20.3
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93	1.12	0.14	1.12	20.0
	Channel 600	24.99	0.846	-0.05	0.86	20.0
	Channel 1175	24.93	1.47	-0.16	1.53	20.0

Table 7: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

6.2 Body-Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in table 5 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is $\text{New SAR} = \text{Old SAR} * 10^{(-\text{drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY™ measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A “flat” phantom was for the body-worn tests. This “flat” phantom is made out of 1” thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to 2.0mm. It measures 52.7cm(long) x 26.7cm(wide) x 21.2cm(tall). The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than 2.3 and the loss tangent is less than 0.0046 all the way up to 2.184GHz.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be 15.0cm $\pm$ 0.5cm. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories', testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn accessories available for this phone when using the C332 housing, so testing was performed with the front of the phone 1" away from the phantom and then with the back of the phone 1" away from the phantom.

There are two Body-Worn accessories available for this phone when using the C333 housing:

A leather carry case: Model #AMB33105

A leather/Plastic carry case: Model #35451

These two accessories differ in metal content in the belt clip. Both accessories were SAR tested.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
E-Field Probe ETD3V6R	SN1501	835	6.1	8 of 10
		1900	4.6	8 of 10

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C332 Body Worn							
			1" Separation from Front of Phone				1" Separation from Back of Phone			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76								
	Channel 384	27.73	0.228	-0.15	0.24	20.6	0.219	-0.09	0.22	20.6
	Channel 799	27.73								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	25.03	0.158	-0.09	0.16	20.7	0.206	-0.03	0.21	20.6
	Channel 779	24.98								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.0769	-0.58	0.09	20.0	0.0856	-0.17	0.09	20.0
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 8: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C332 Body Worn w/ SNN5726A Battery							
			1" Separation from Front of Phone				1" Separation from Back of Phone			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76								
	Channel 384	27.73	0.226	-0.08	0.23	20.5				
	Channel 799	27.73								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	25.03					0.342	-0.06	0.35	20.7
	Channel 779	24.98								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99					0.0958	-0.01	0.10	20.0
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 9: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 Body Worn							
			With AMB33105 Case				With 35451 Case			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76								
	Channel 384	27.73	0.415	-0.07	0.42	20.7	0.66	-0.04	0.67	20.6
	Channel 799	27.73								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	25.03	0.422	-0.17	0.44	20.7	0.405	-0.19	0.42	20.7
	Channel 779	24.98								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.328	-0.16	0.34	20.0	0.184	-0.08	0.19	20.0
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 10: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

f (MHz)	Description	Conducted Output Power (dBm)	C333 Body Worn w/ SNN5726A Battery							
			With AMB33105 Case				With 35451 Case			
			Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
Analog 800MHz	Channel 991	27.76								
	Channel 384	27.73					0.368	-0.1	0.38	20.6
	Channel 799	27.73								
Digital 800MHz	Channel 1013	24.98								
	Channel 384	25.03	0.381	-0.22	0.40	20.7				
	Channel 779	24.98								
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 25	24.93								
	Channel 600	24.99	0.315	-0.04	0.32	20.0				
	Channel 1175	24.93								

Table 11: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56DJ1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the body.

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 246tr

Forward Power = 252mW Reflected Power = -22.18dBm

Room Temp at time of measurement =20 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.9

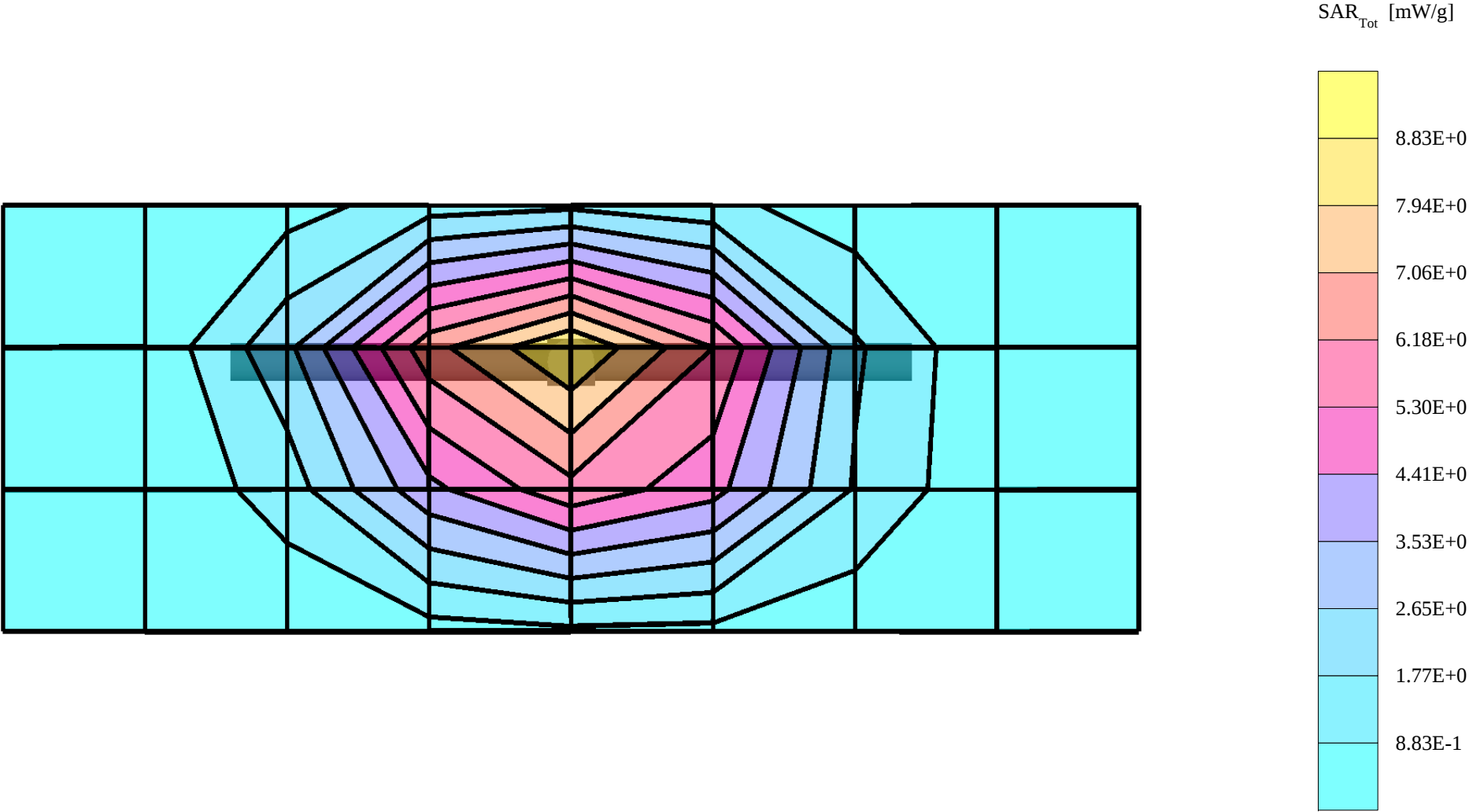
R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cubes (2): Peak: 17.8 mW/g $\pm 0.13 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 9.79 mW/g $\pm 0.11 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 5.19 mW/g $\pm 0.09 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.6 (8.2, 9.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.06 dB



Dipole 1800 MHz

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 246tr

Forward Power = 252mW Reflected Power = -22.18dBm

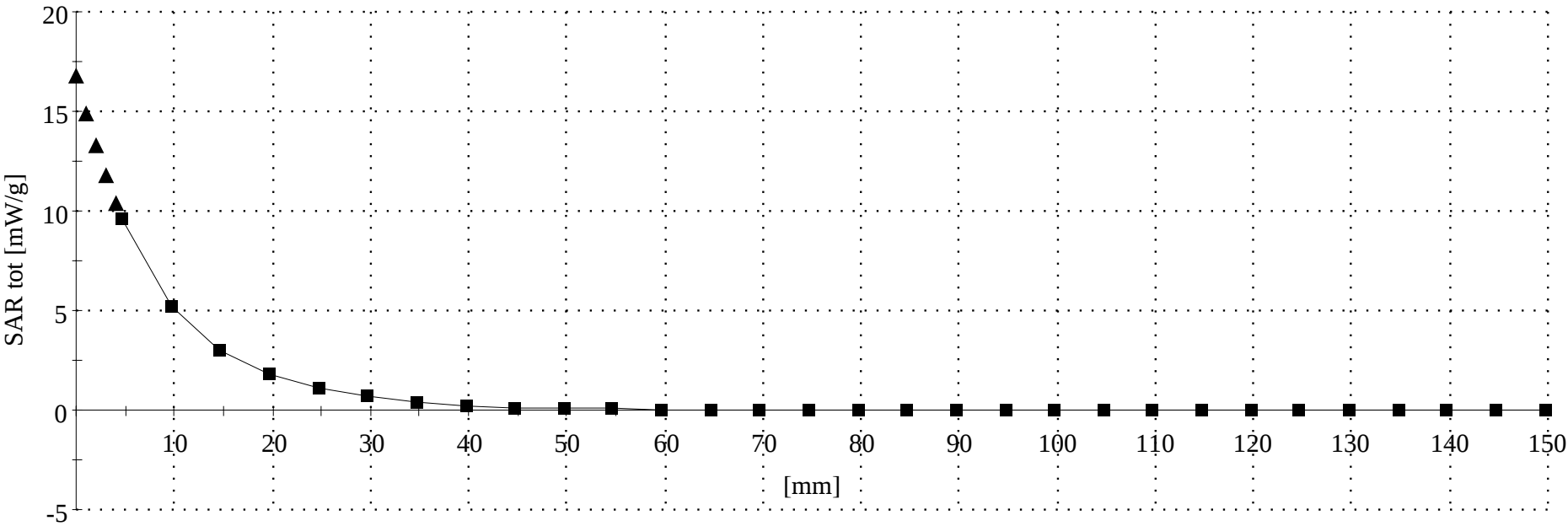
Room Temp at time of measurement =20 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.9

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 39.1$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.2, 9.2) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 79

Forward Power = 252mW Reflected Power = 23.7dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.4

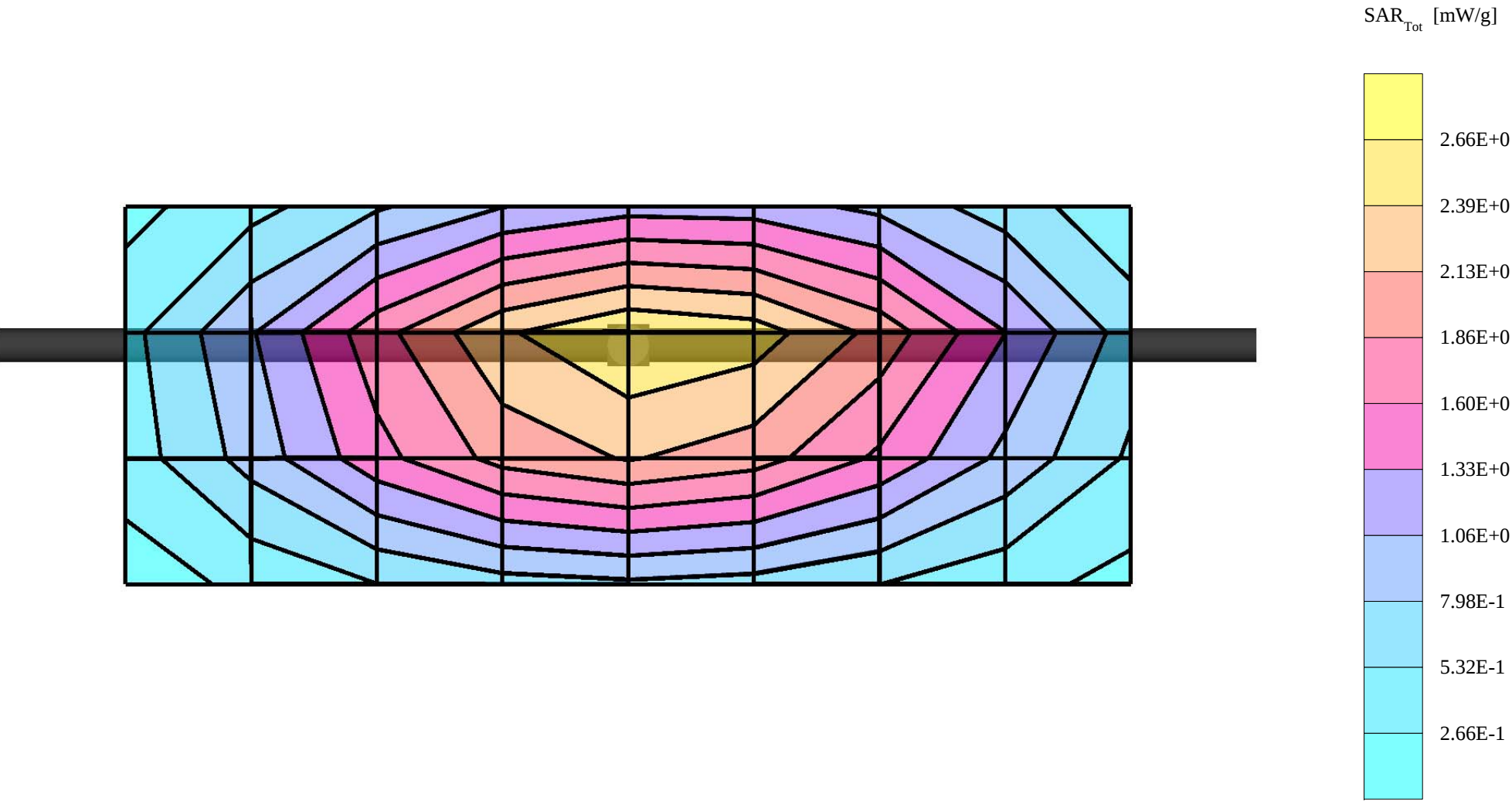
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.47 mW/g $\pm$ 0.12 dB, SAR (1g): 2.84 mW/g $\pm$ 0.11 dB, SAR (10g): 1.79 mW/g $\pm$ 0.10 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.02 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 79

Forward Power = 252mW Reflected Power = 23.7dB

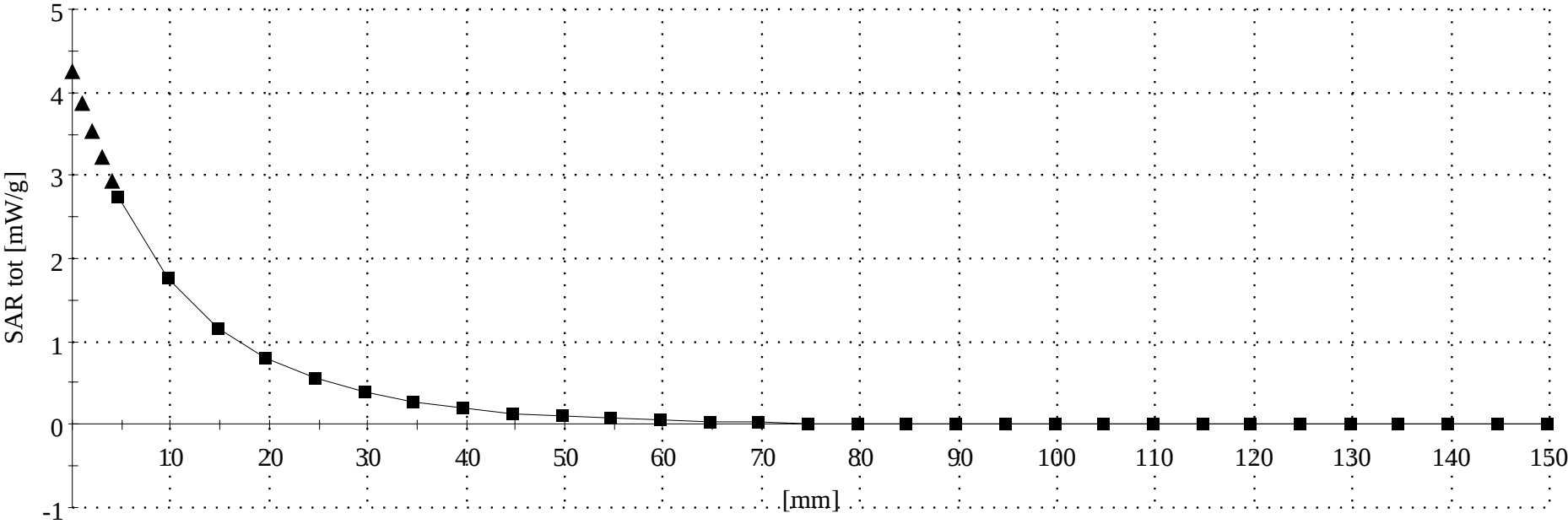
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.4

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 078

Forward Power = 254mw Reflected Power = -22.00db

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21.0*C. Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.2*C

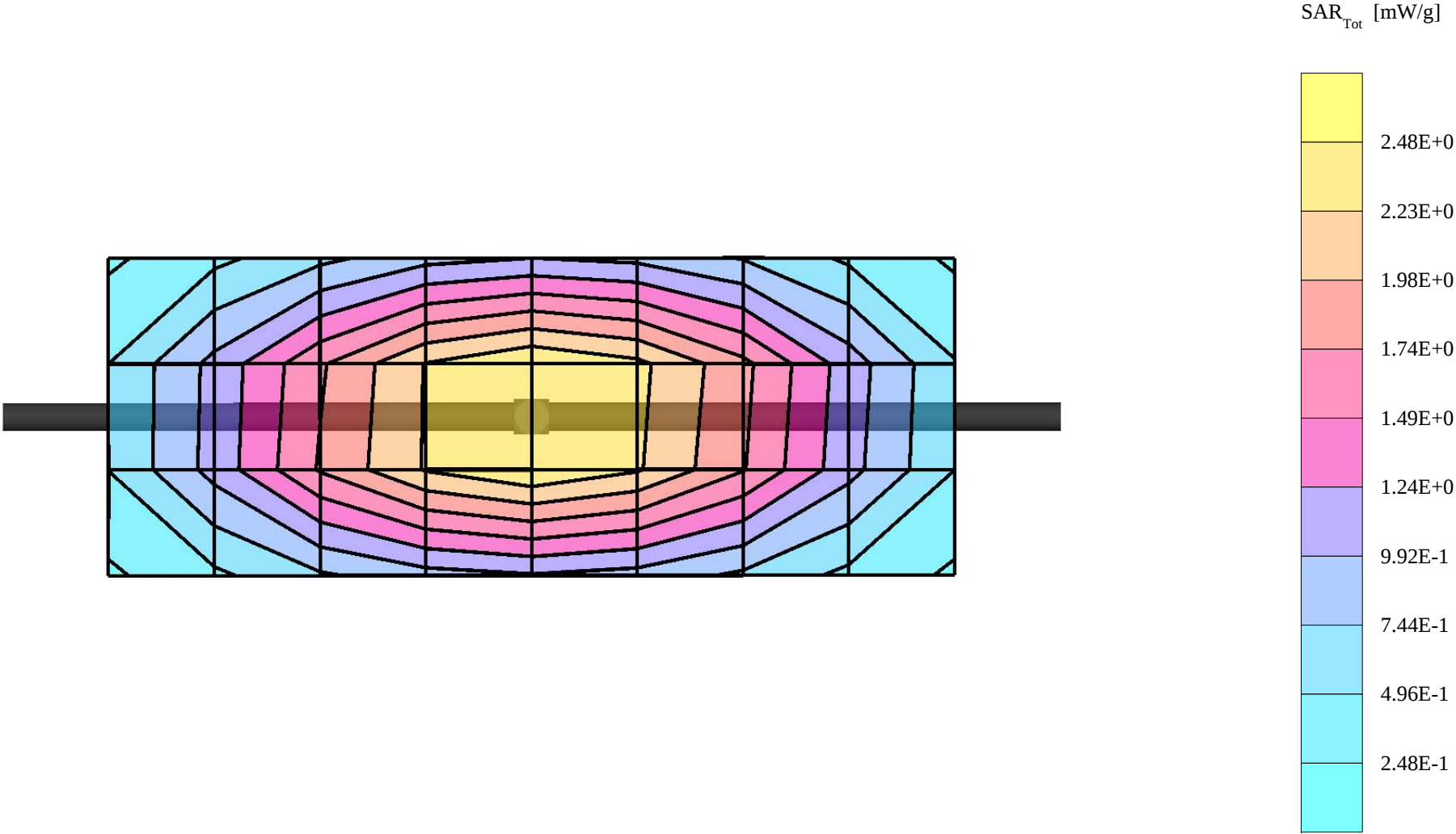
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.50 mW/g $\pm$ 0.08 dB, SAR (1g): 2.87 mW/g $\pm$ 0.10 dB, SAR (10g): 1.82 mW/g $\pm$ 0.11 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.6) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.00 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz Dipole Validation / Dipole Sn# 078

Forward Power = 254mw Reflected Power = -22.00db

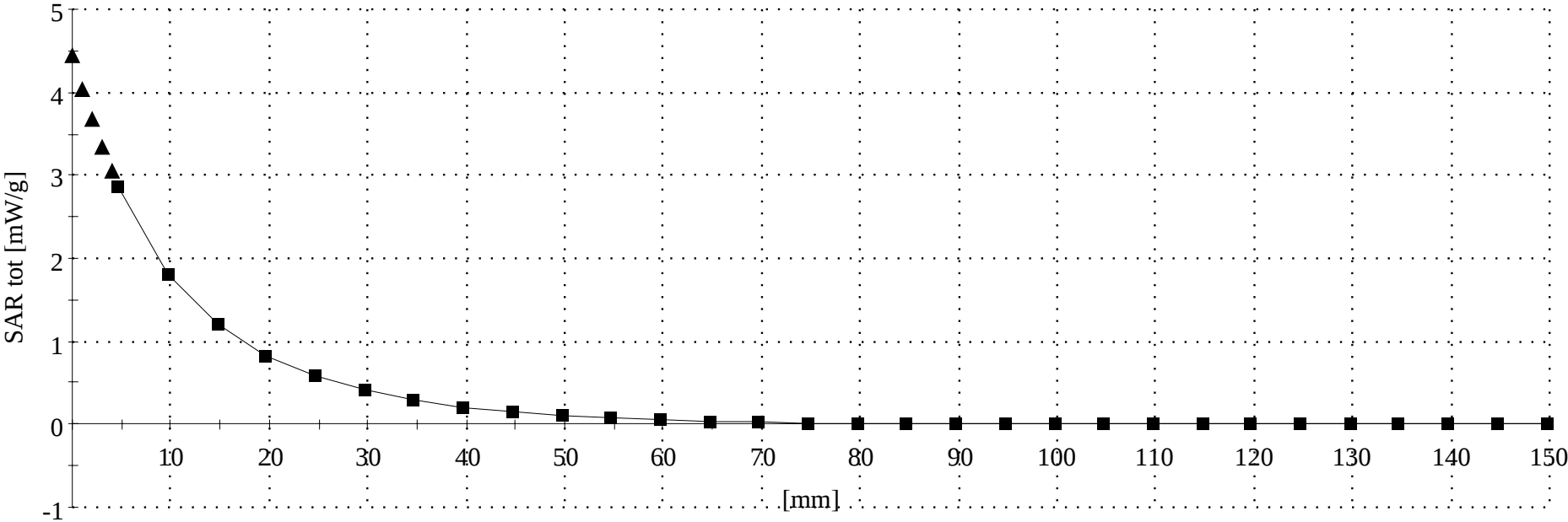
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21.0*C. Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.2*C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.8, 12.6) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 253mW Reflected Power = -23.34dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.6C

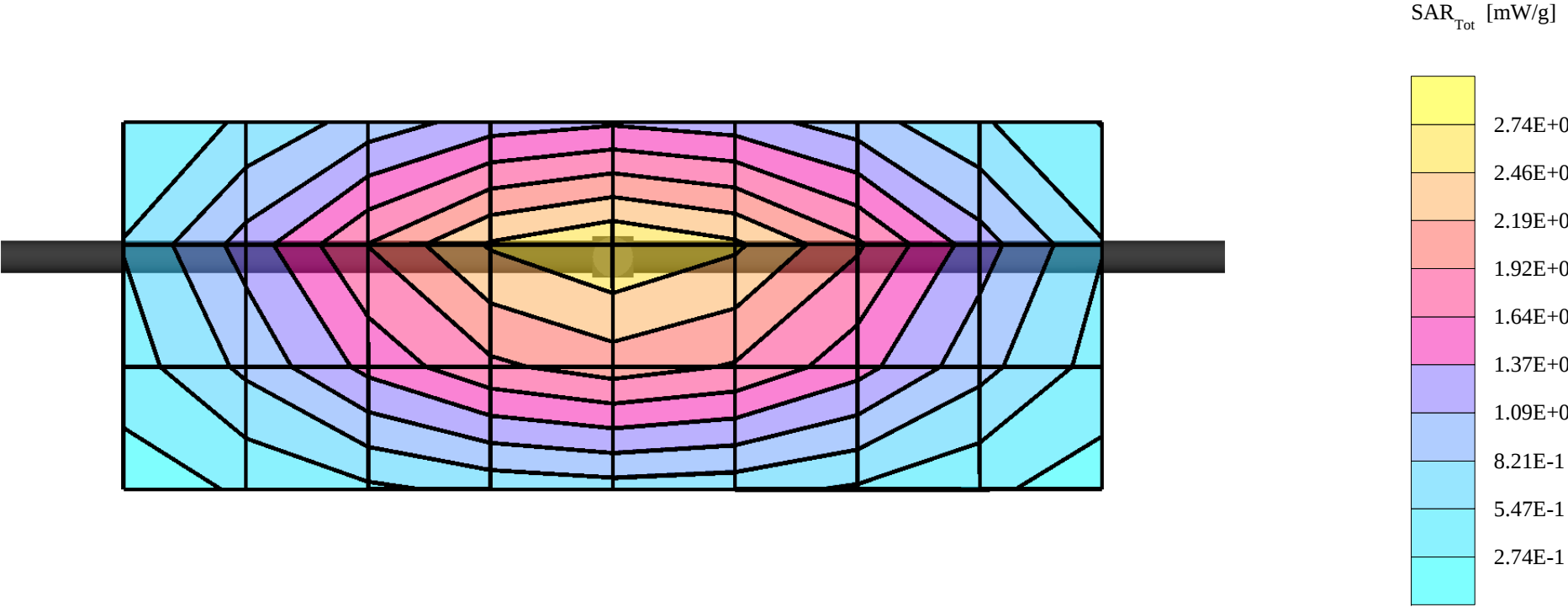
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.47 mW/g ± 0.11 dB, SAR (1g): 2.84 mW/g ± 0.10 dB, SAR (10g): 1.79 mW/g ± 0.10 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.9, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 253mW Reflected Power = -23.34dB

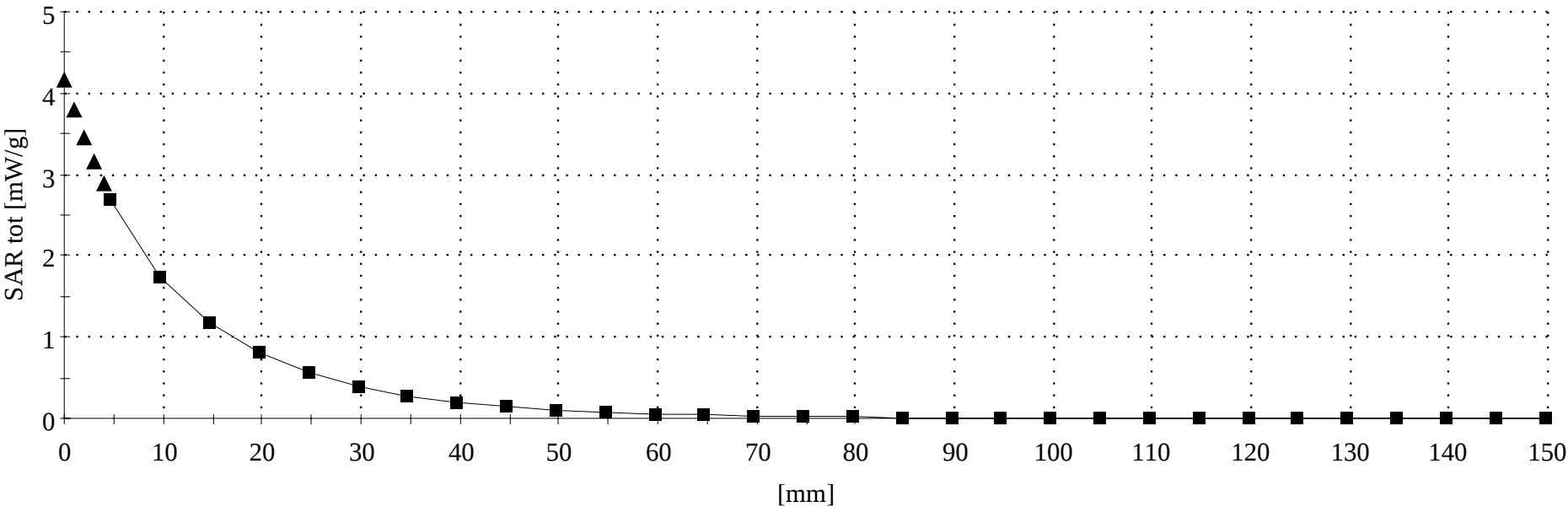
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.6C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.8 (11.0, 12.9) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -23.30dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 20C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7C

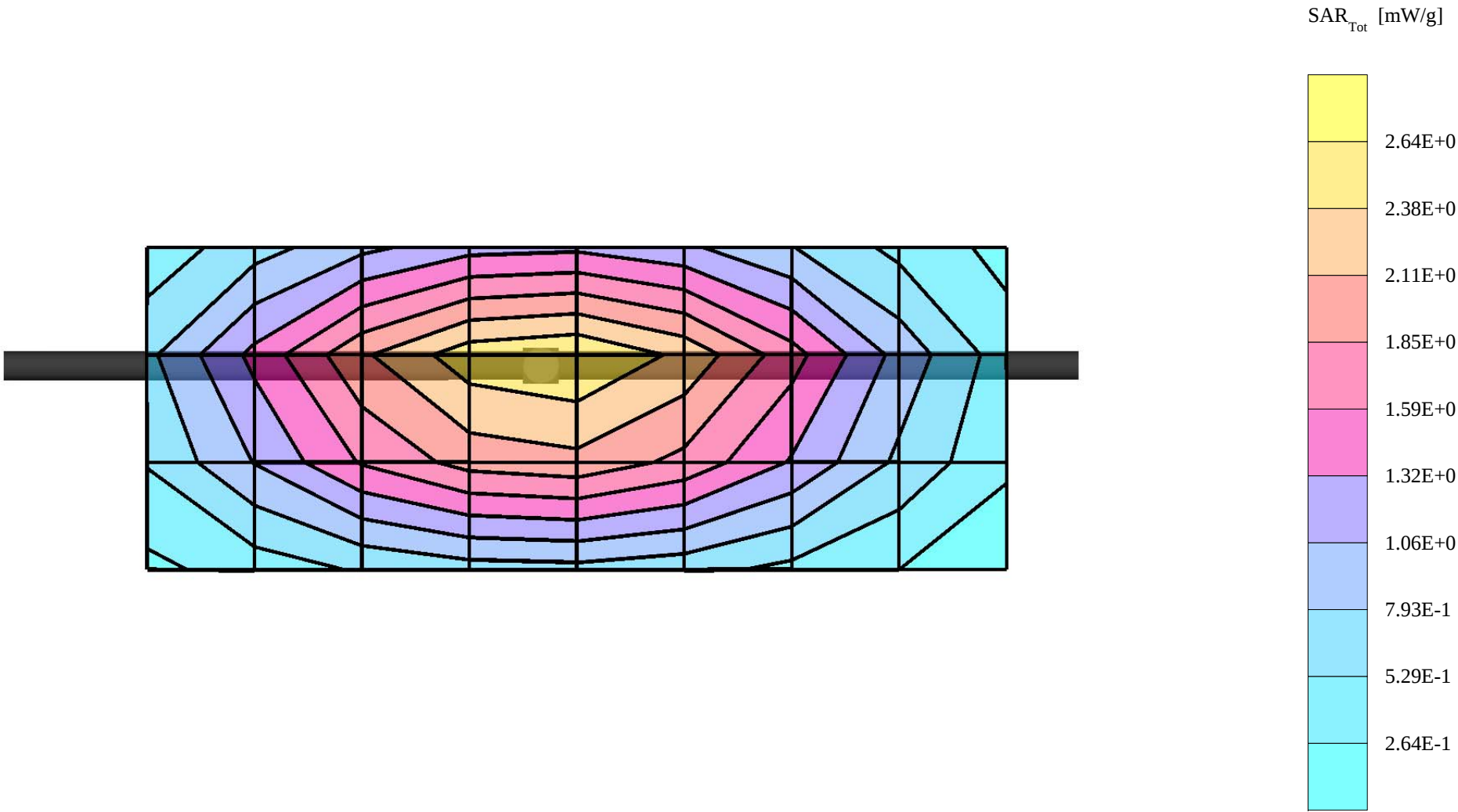
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.37 mW/g $\pm 0.08 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.77 mW/g $\pm 0.09 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.76 mW/g $\pm 0.09 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.7 (10.8, 12.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -23.30dB

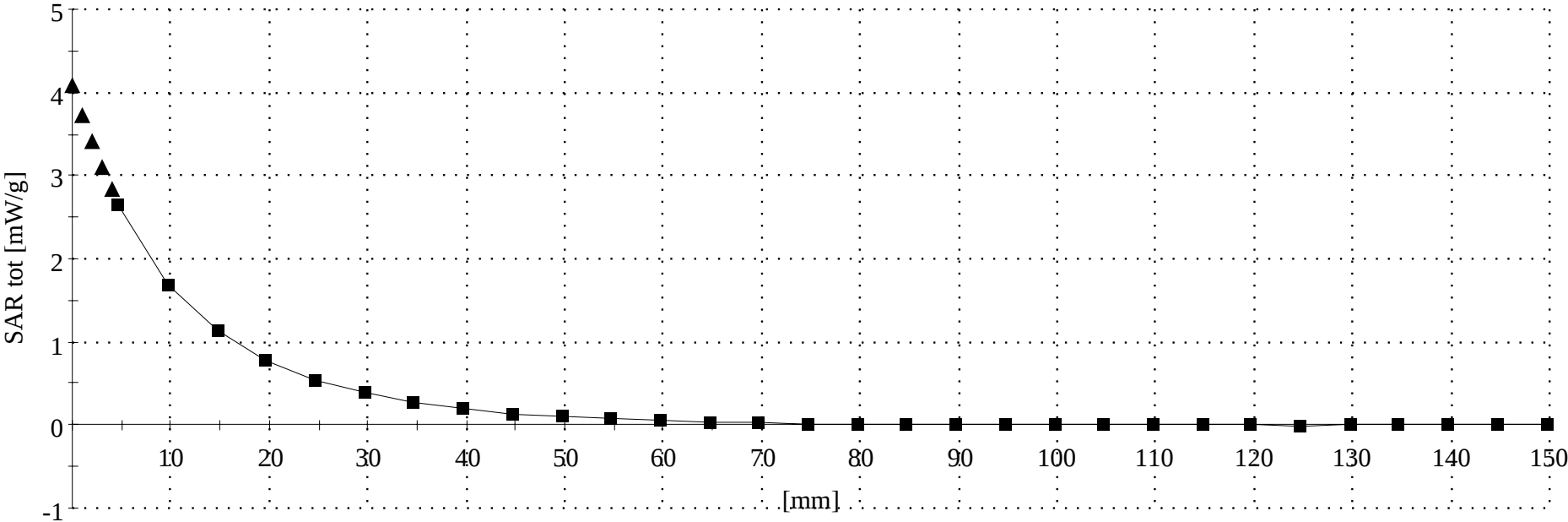
Room Temp at time of measurement = 20C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 11.8 (11.0, 12.8) [mm]



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power =250mW Reflected Power =-26.68dB

Room Temp at time of measurement =21.0°C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7°C

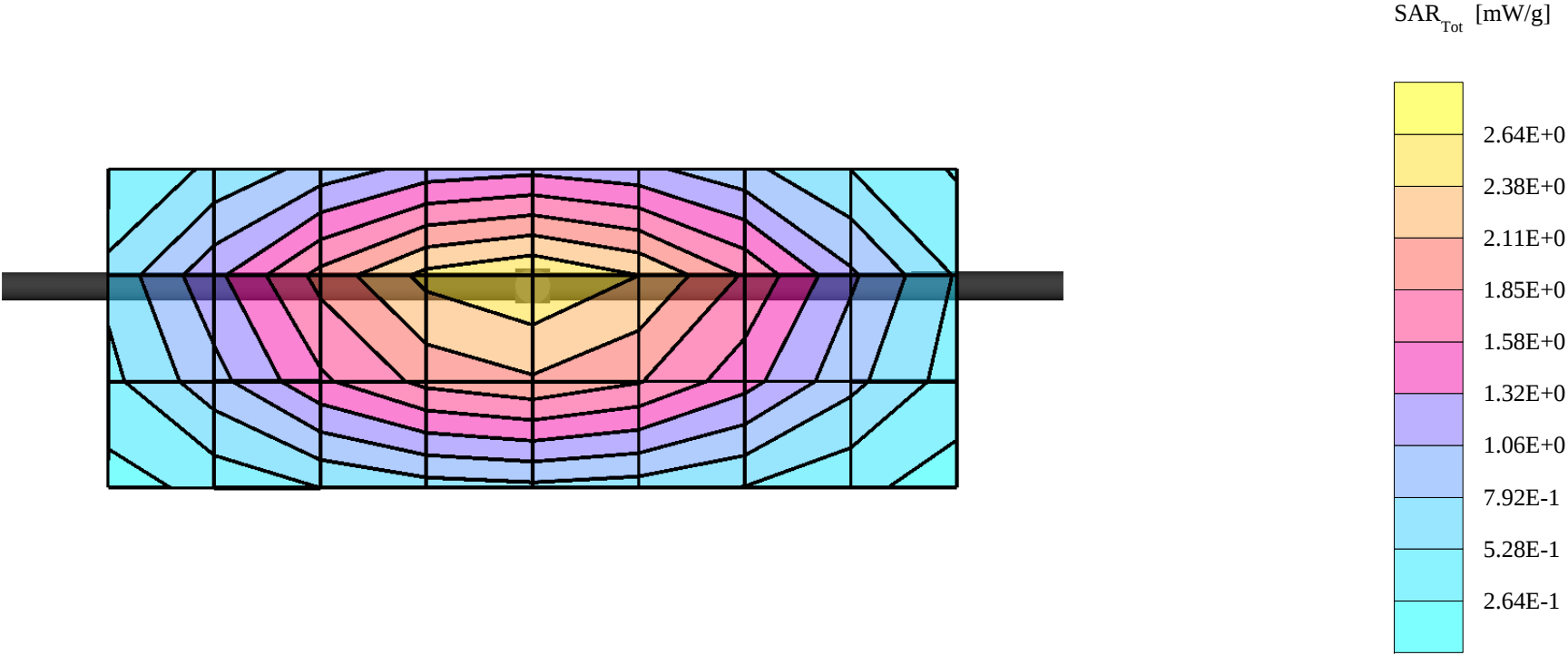
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.36 mW/g ± 0.09 dB, SAR (1g): 2.76 mW/g ± 0.09 dB, SAR (10g): 1.75 mW/g ± 0.09 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.04 dB



Dipole 900 MHz

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power =250mW Reflected Power =-26.68dB

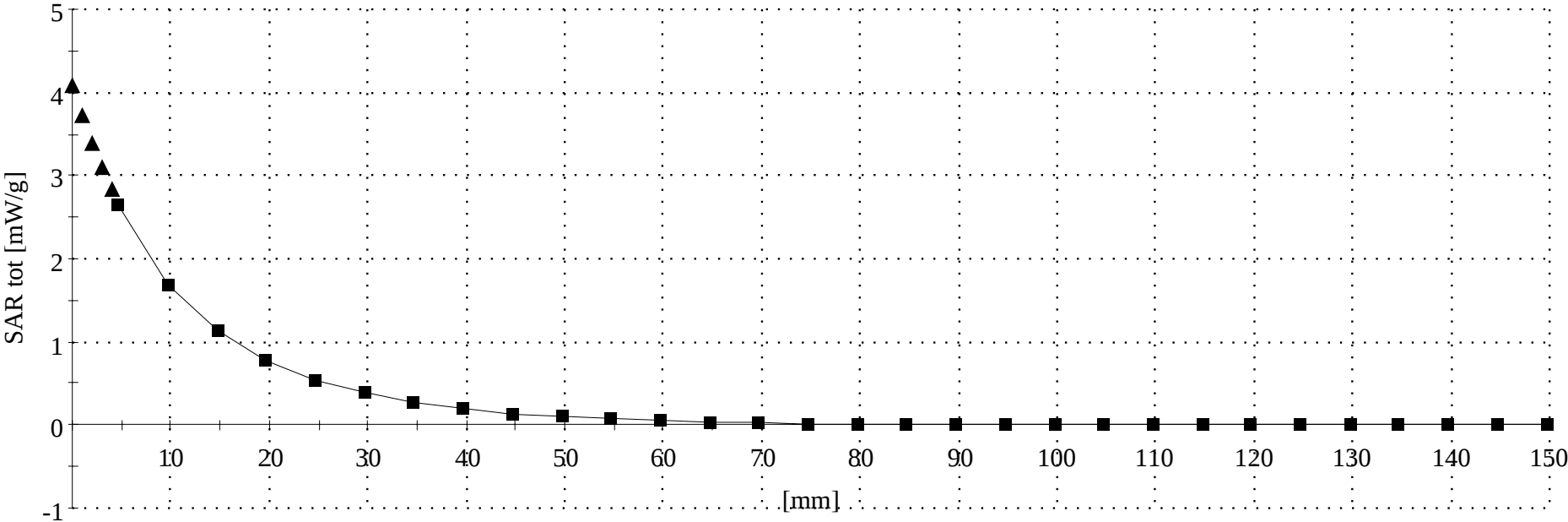
Room Temp at time of measurement =21.0°C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7°C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

: , , 0

Penetration depth: 11.7 (11.0, 12.8) [mm]



Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

s/n: 42CCFE68

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: 02 (OTA)
Type of Modulation: 800 Amps

Antenna Position: Fixed
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

C332 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

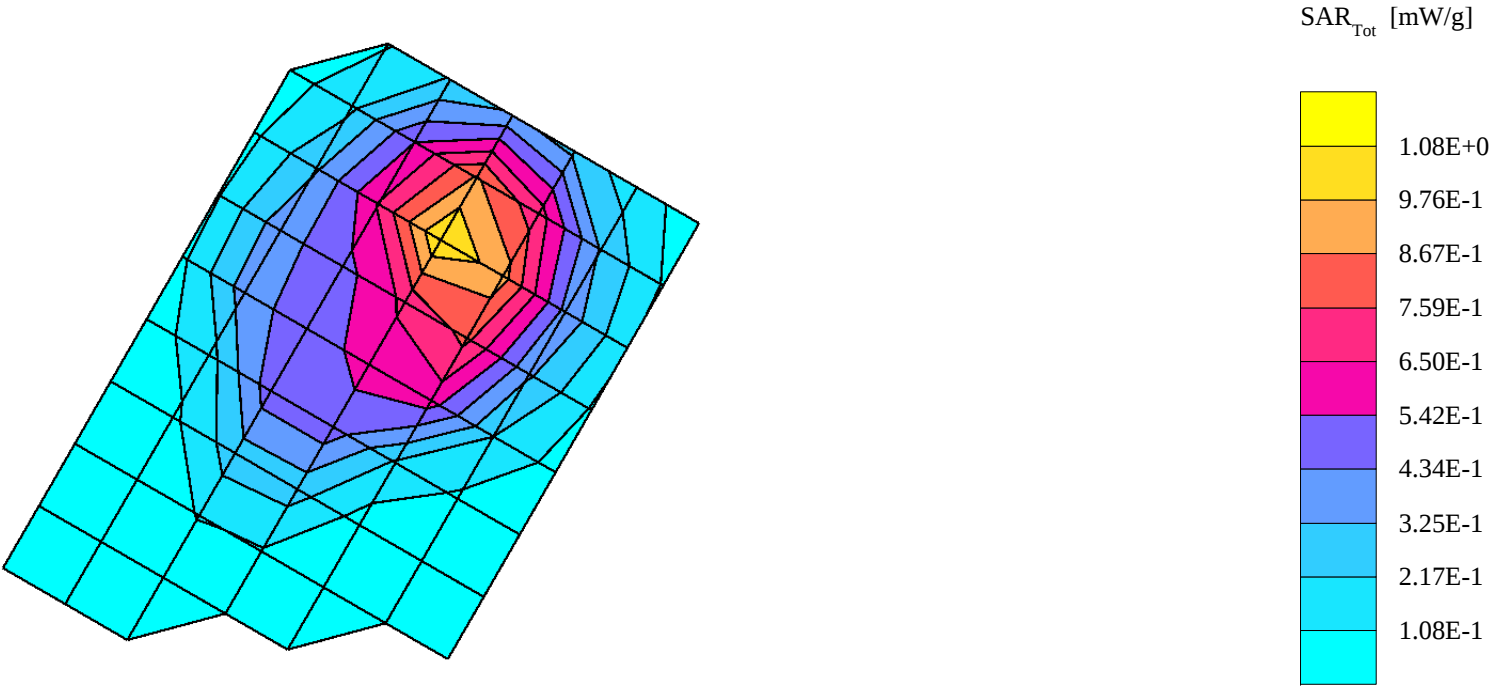
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 43.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.13 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.704 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 12.1 (11.6, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.16 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 Pwr Step: 0 (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 800 AMPS

DEVICE POSITION: CHEEK

Antenna Position: FIXED

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C333 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

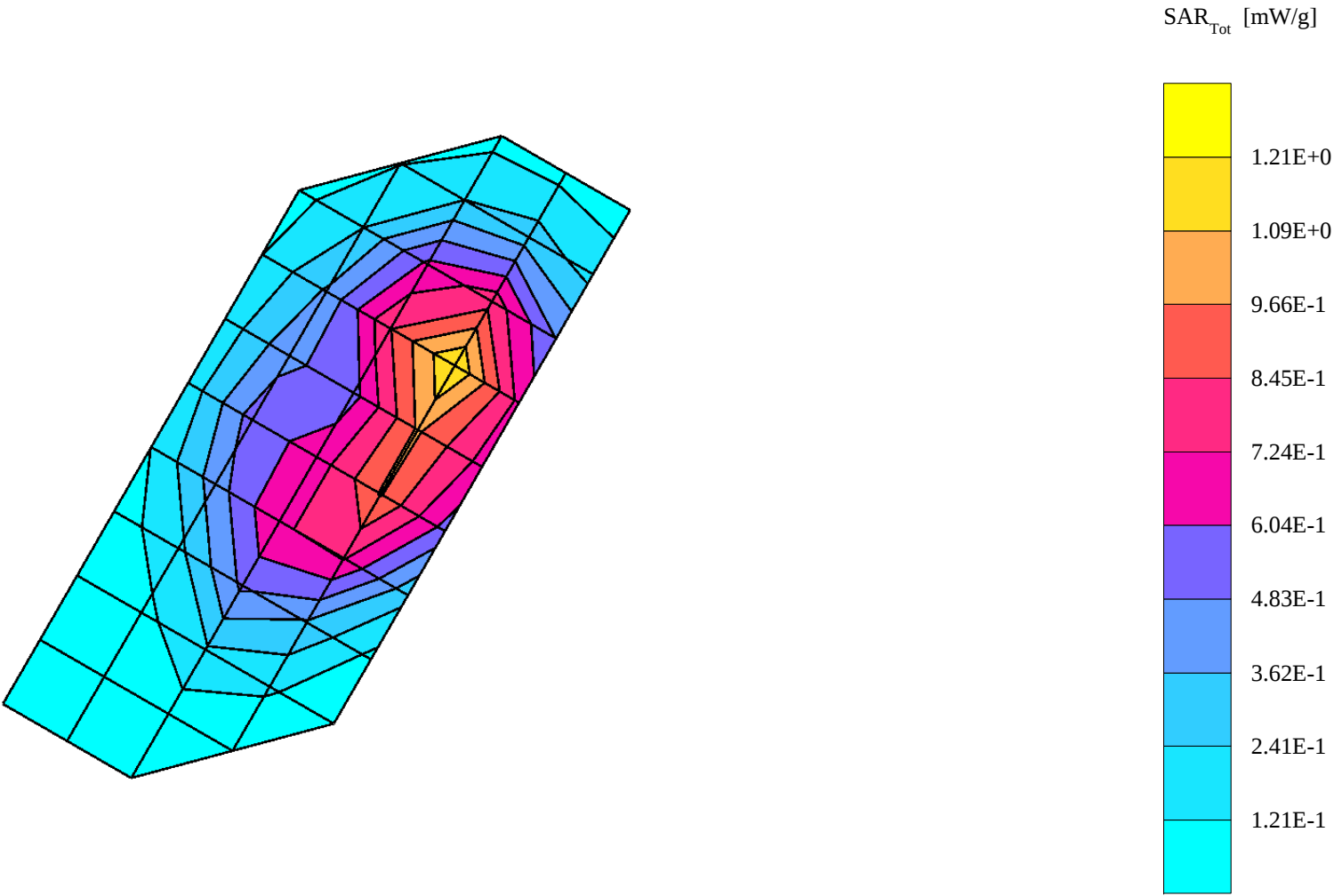
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 43.4$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.15 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.717 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.5, 13.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.29 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: CHEEK

Antenna Position: FIXED

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C332 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

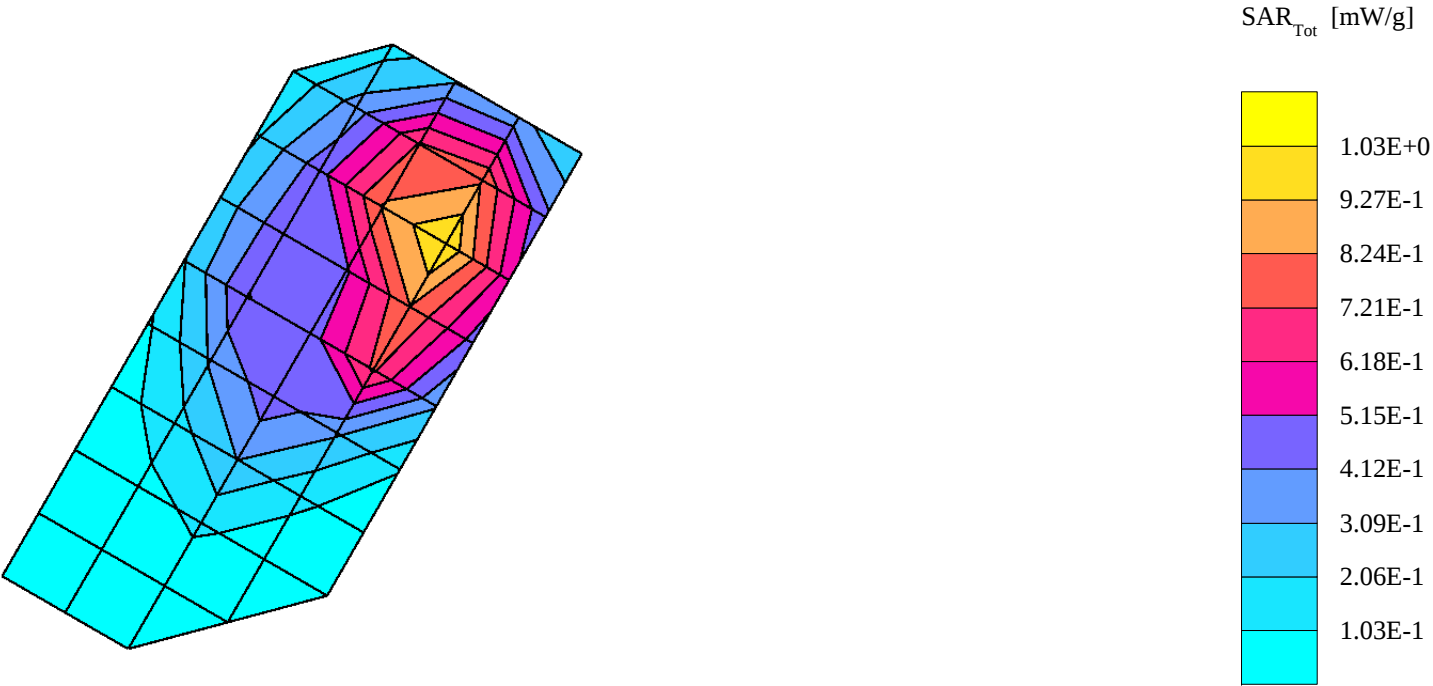
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 43.2$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.04 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.641 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.9, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.31 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek touch

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.11 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.687 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0

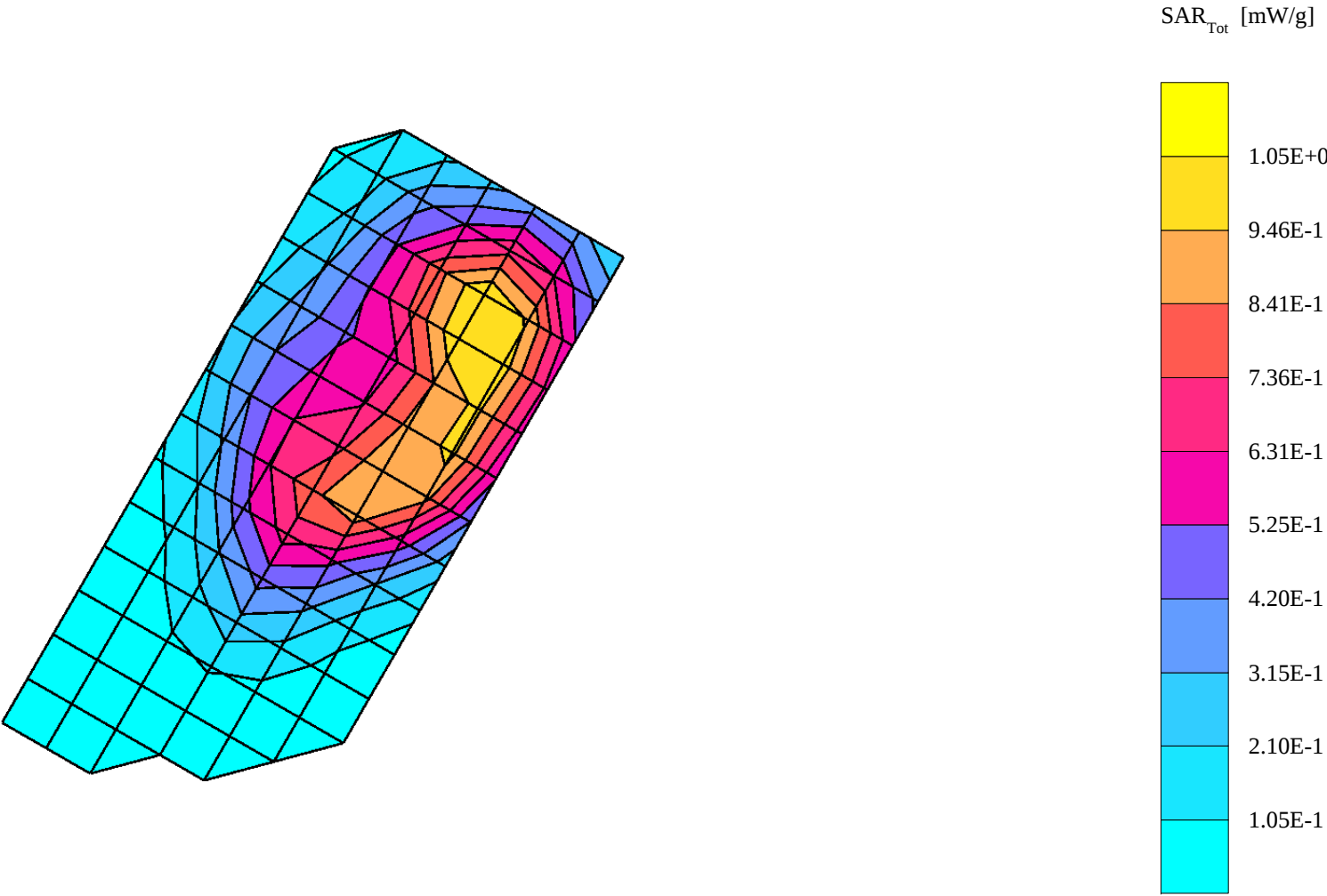
Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.5, 12.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.27 dB

Antenna Position: INTERNAL

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C333 Housing



s/n: 42CD03C0

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C332 Housing

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

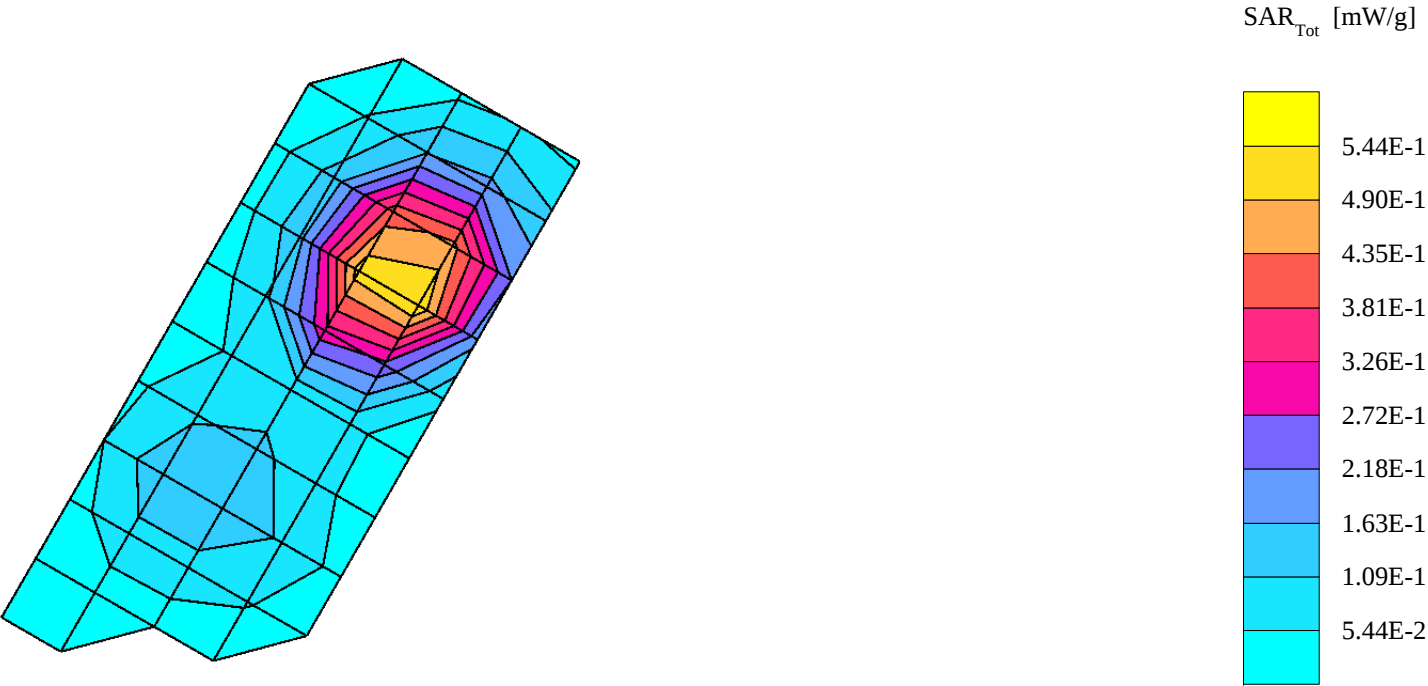
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.562 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.322 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 10.0 (9.6, 10.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.40 dB



s/n: 42CCFE68

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C333 Housing

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

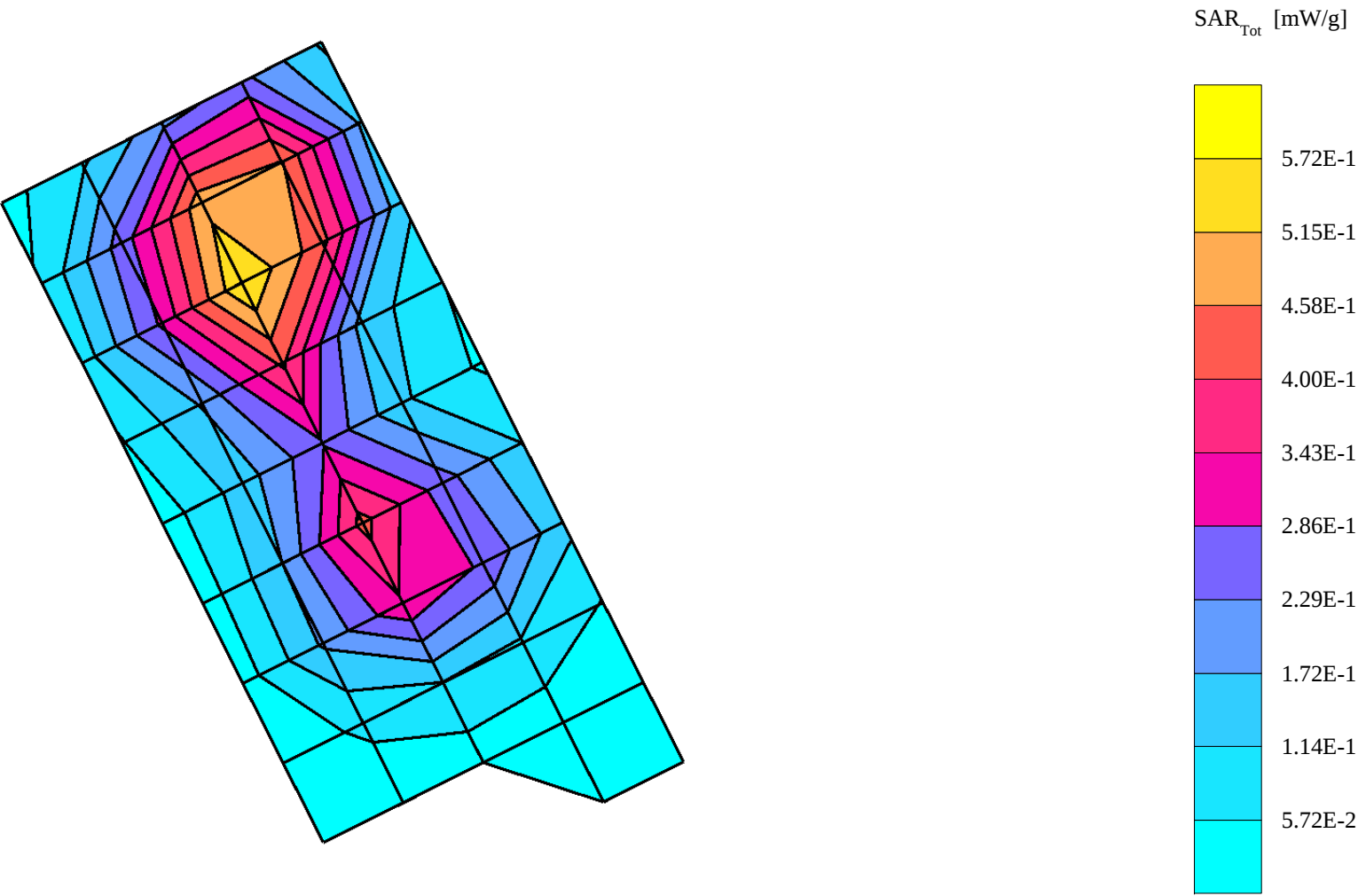
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.604 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.351 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 10.4 (10.1, 10.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.39 dB



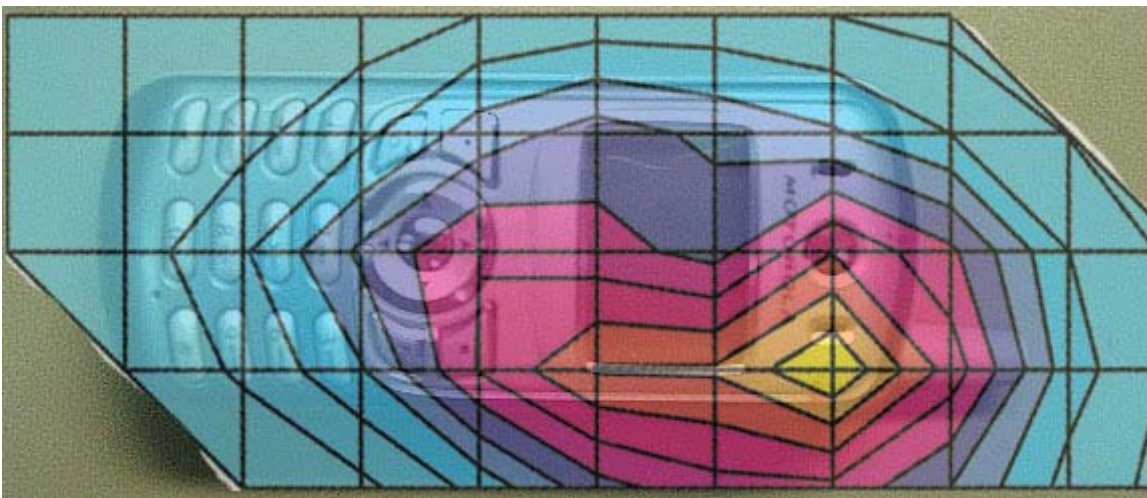


Figure 1. Typical 800MHz AMPS Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

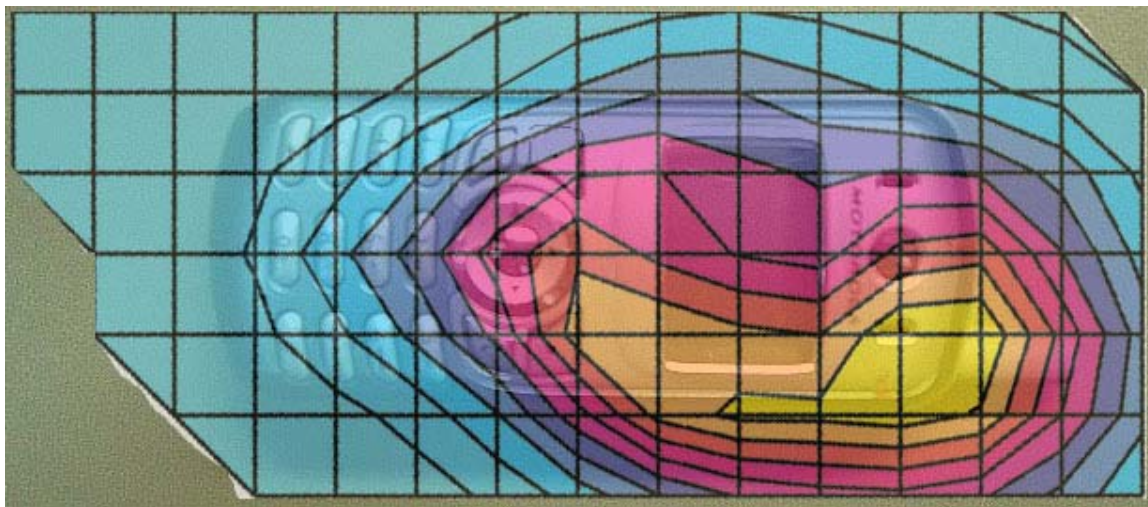


Figure 2. Typical 800MHz CDMA Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

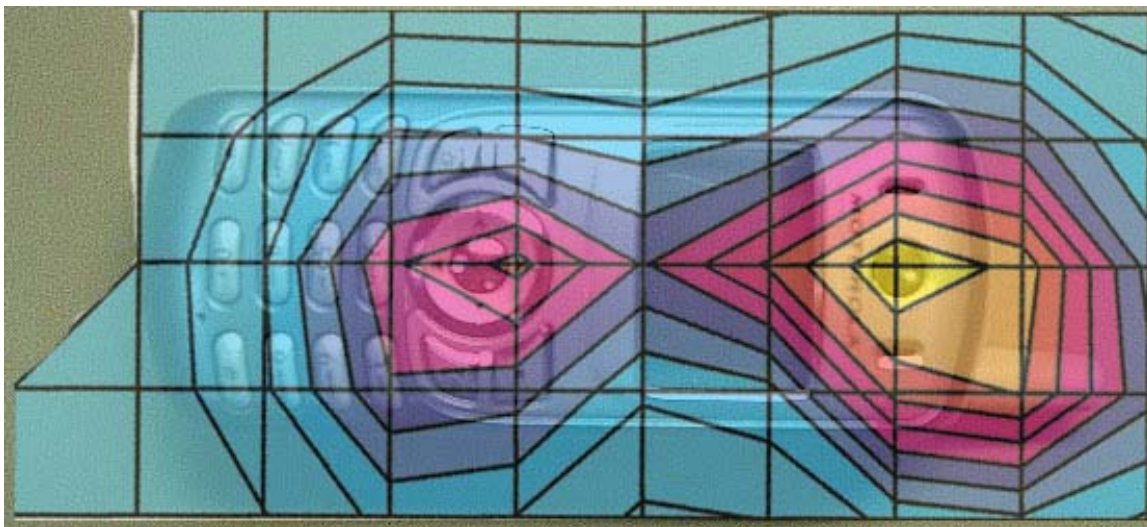


Figure 3. Typical 1900MHz CDMA Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

S/n: 42CD03C0

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: 02 (OTA)
Type of Modulation: 800 Amps

Antenna Position: Fixed
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION: Tilt 15*

C332 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

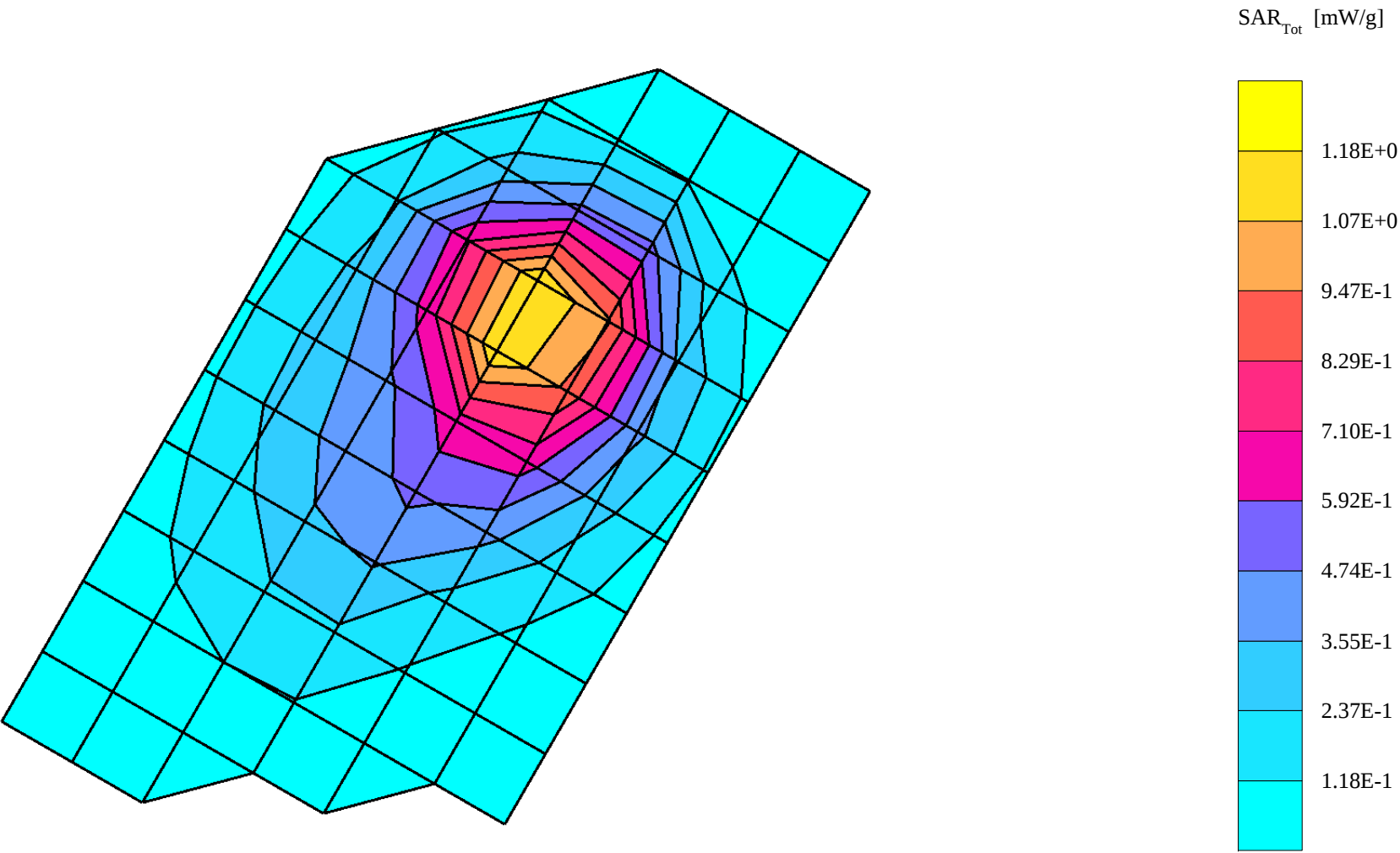
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 43.2$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.36 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.810 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 11.1 (10.5, 12.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.07 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: 02

Antenna Position:fixed

Type of Modulation: ANALOG

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): TILTED C333 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 836 MHz

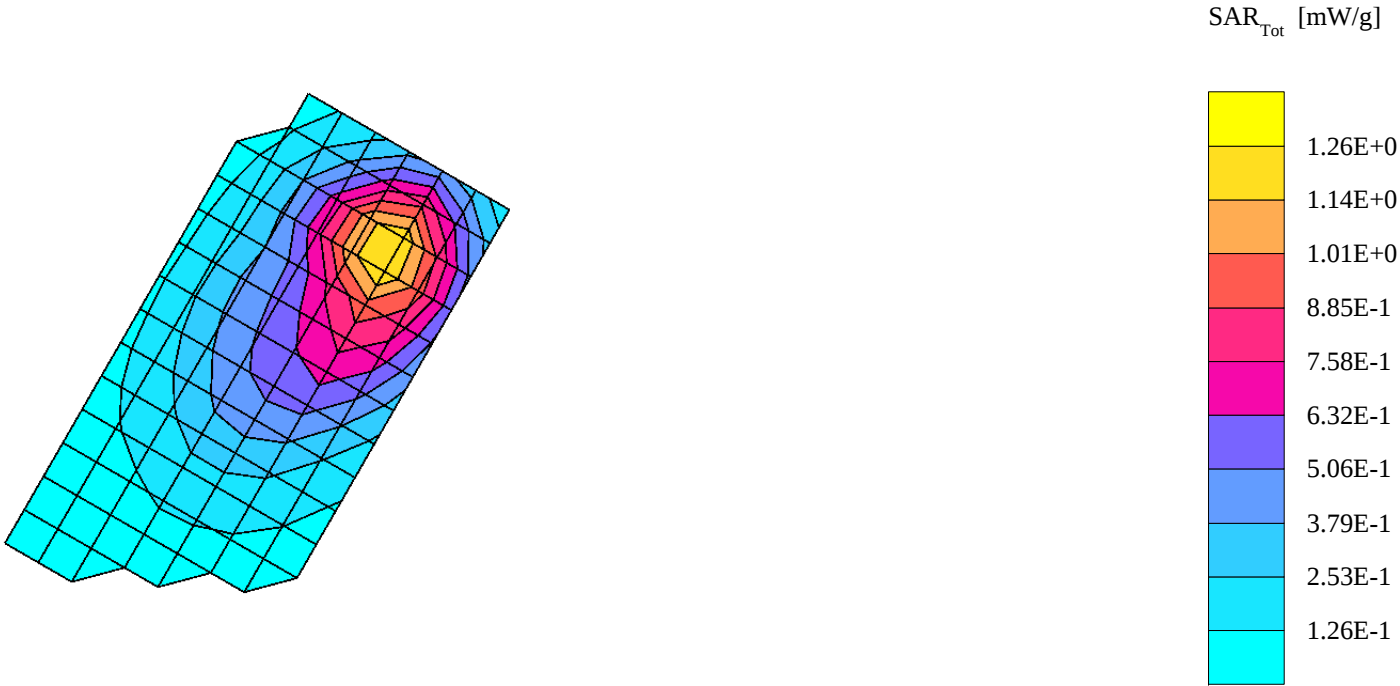
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 43.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.31 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.791 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 11.3 (10.7, 12.2) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.16 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 Pwr Step: ALWAYS UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: TILTED

Antenna Position: FIXED

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C332 Housing

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

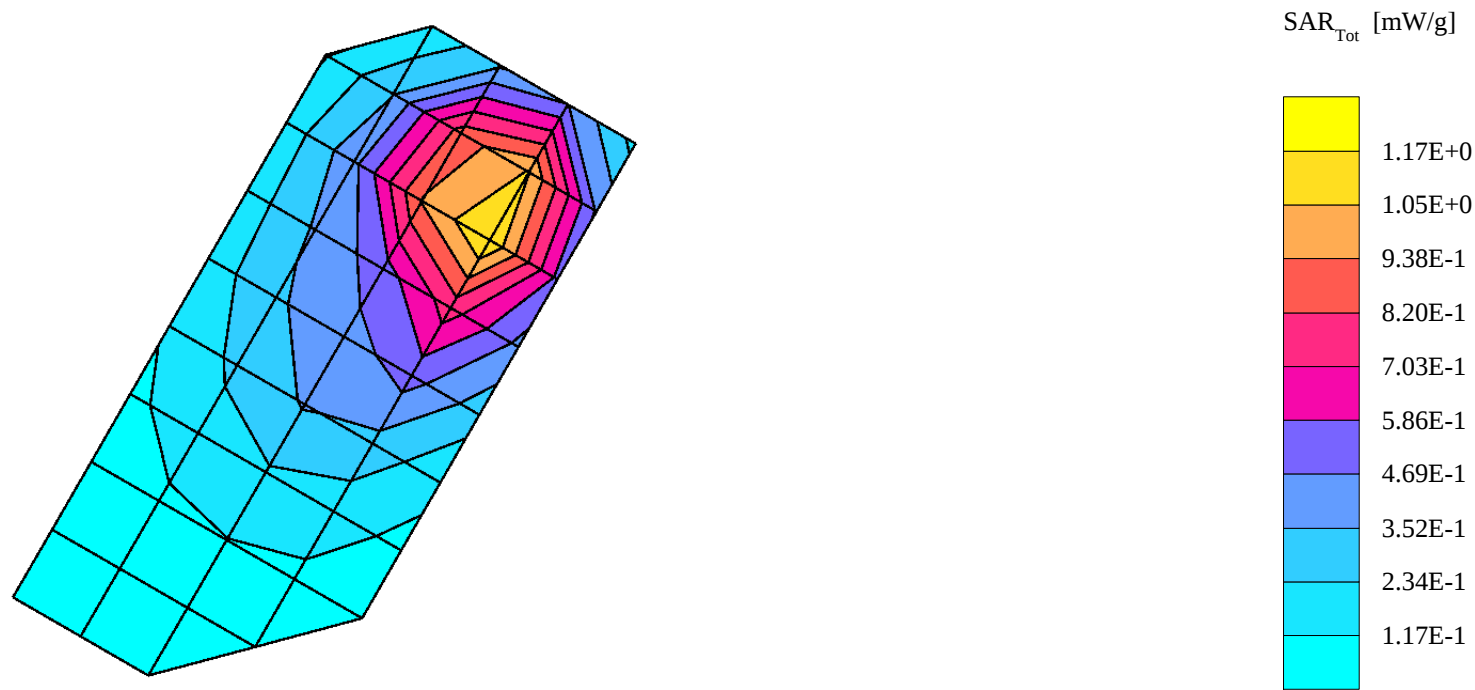
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 43.2$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.29 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.764 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 11.4 (10.7, 12.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.20 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP)

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: 15 deg TILT

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.40,6.40,6.40); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 42.7$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.22 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.732 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

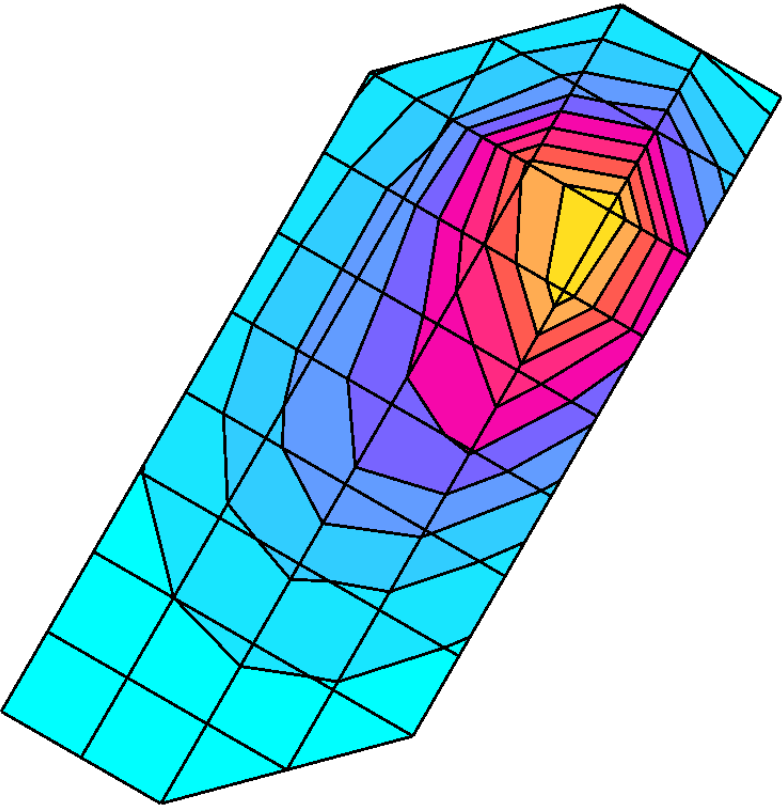
Penetration depth: 11.1 (10.5, 11.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.02 dB

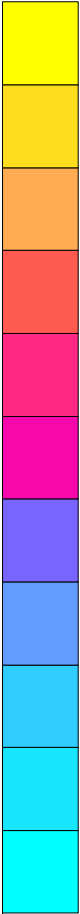
Antenna Position: INTERNAL

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C333 Housing



SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]



1.10E+0

9.91E-1

8.81E-1

7.71E-1

6.61E-1

5.50E-1

4.40E-1

3.30E-1

2.20E-1

1.10E-1

s/n: 42CD03C0

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: 15 deg TILT

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C332 Housing

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

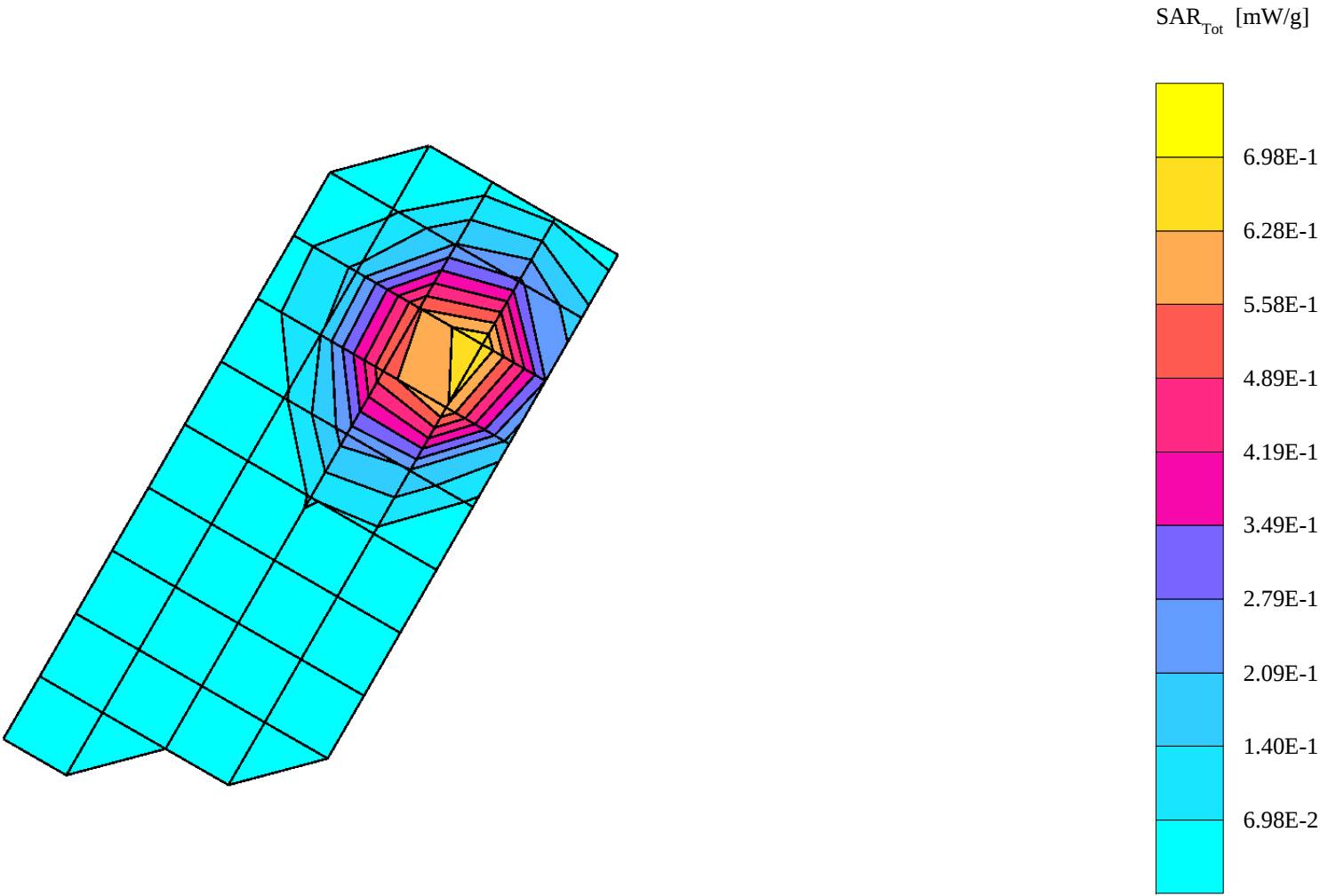
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.718 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.401 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 9.6 (9.1, 10.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.45 dB



s/n: 42CCFE68

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP (OTA)

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

DEVICE POSITION: 15 deg TILT

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

C333 Housing

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

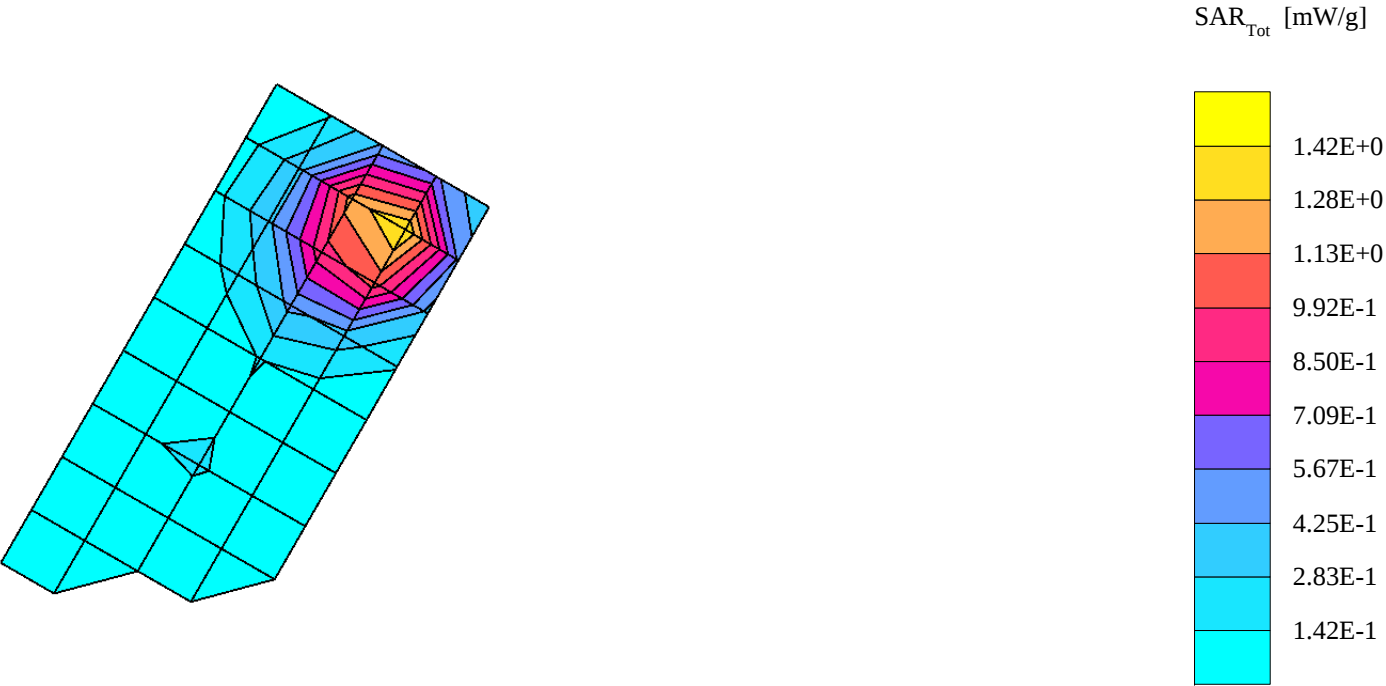
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 39.0$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.50 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.809 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0

Penetration depth: 8.6 (8.2, 9.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB

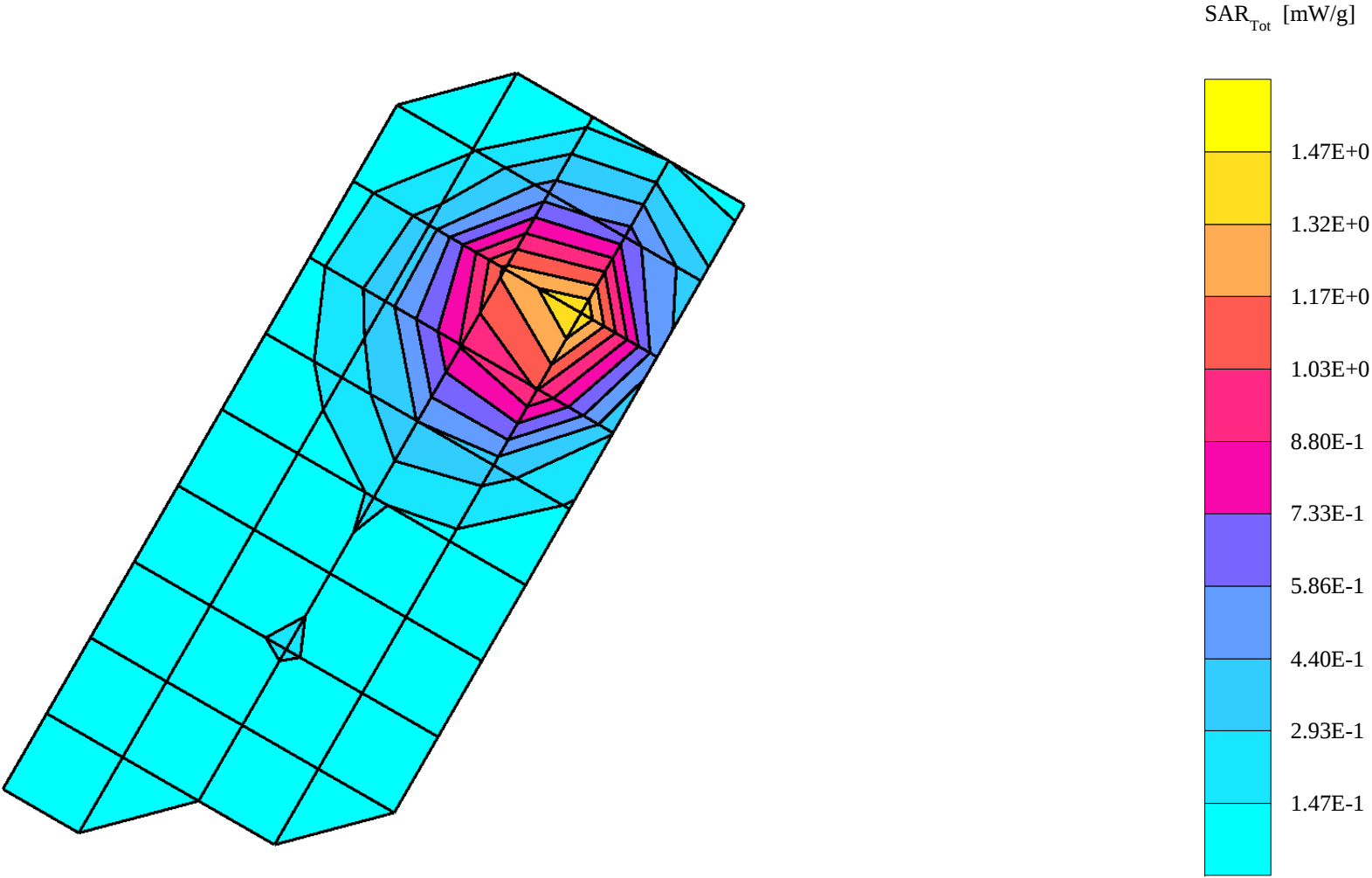


s/n: 42CCFE68

Ch# 1175 Pwr Step: OTA
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA
DEVICE POSITION: TILT

Antenna Position: FIXED
Battery Model #: SNN5725A
C333 Housing with 35451 carry case

R5: TP-1160 GLYCOL SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.51 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.807 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0
Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.1, 9.3) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.20 dB



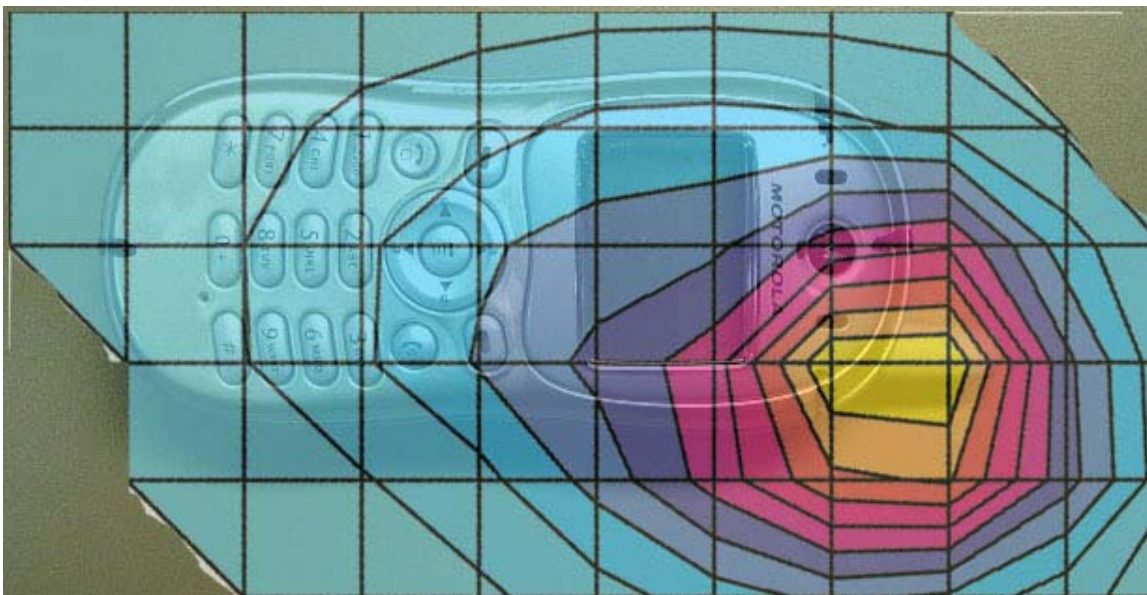


Figure 4. Typical 800MHz AMPS Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

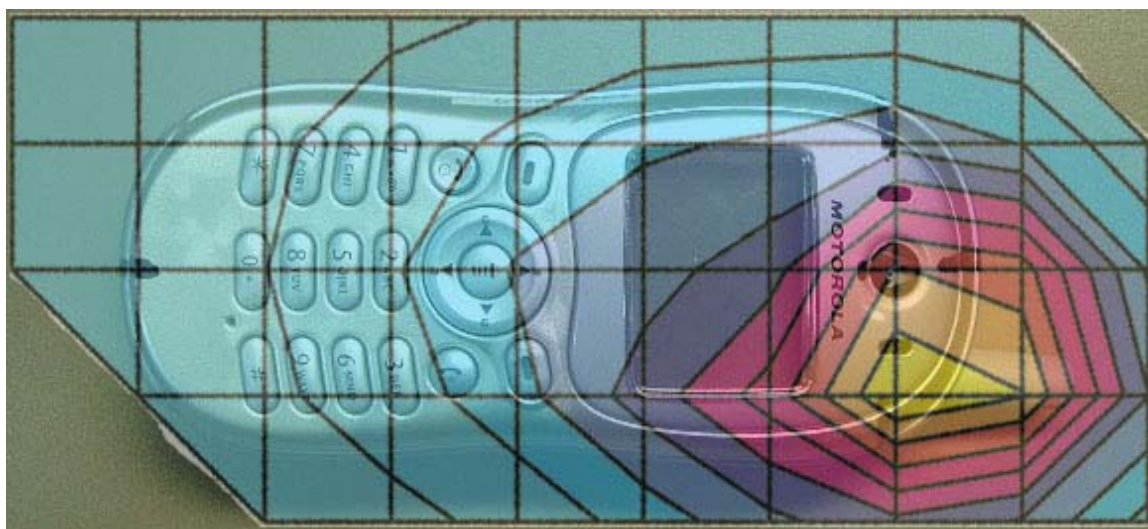


Figure 5. Typical 800MHz CDMA Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

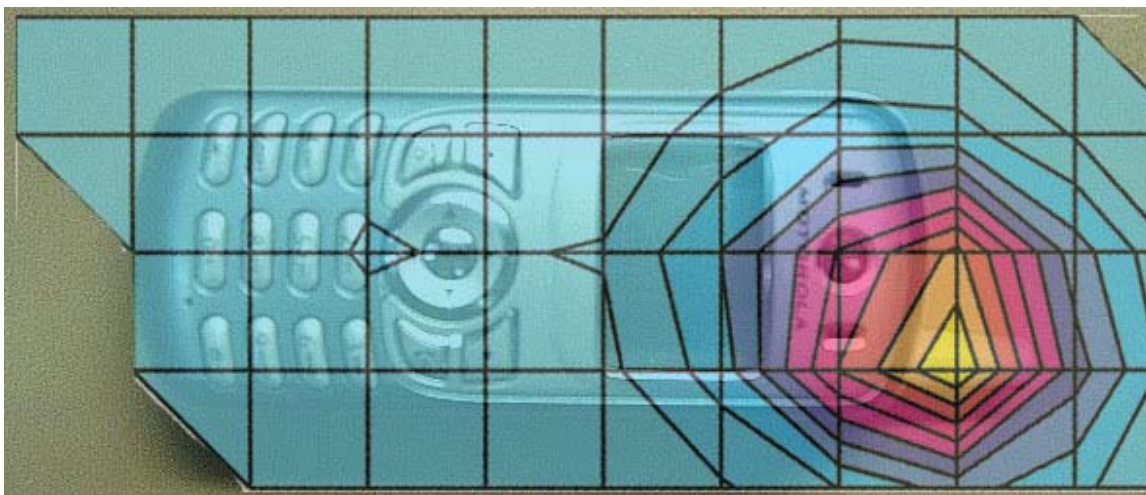


Figure 6. Typical 1900MHz CDMA Mode Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

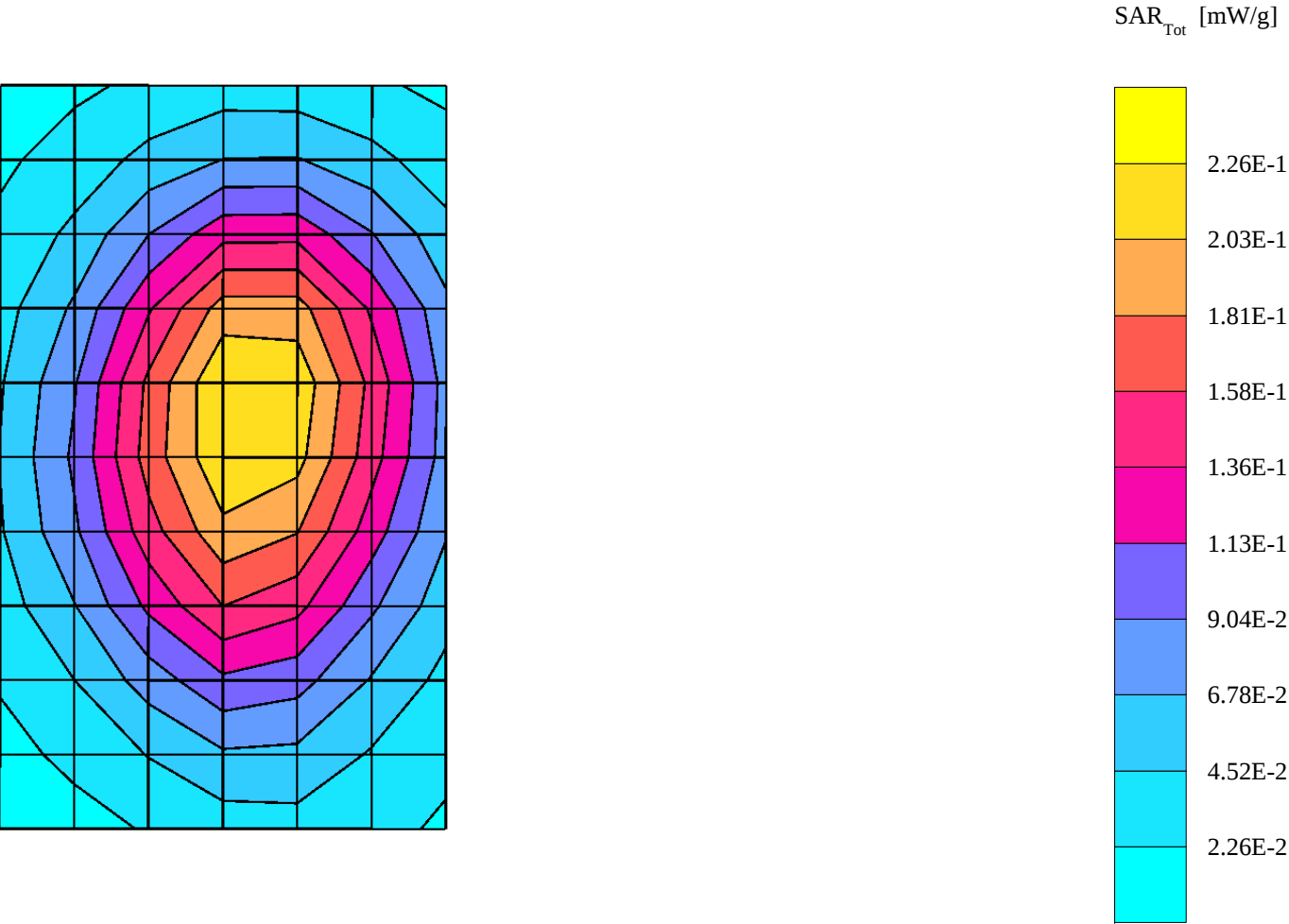
Appendix 3

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Type of Modulation: 800 AMPS
Accessory Model # = Front of Phone 1 inch away from phantom
C332 Housing
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 837 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.10,6.10,6.10); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.228 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.165 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 17.0 (16.5, 17.7) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.15 dB

Antenna Position: Fixed
Battery Model #: SNN5725A



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP

Type of Modulation: 800 AMPS

Accessory Model # = 35451 Case

C333 Housing

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 837 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.10,6.10,6.10); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.660 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.465 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

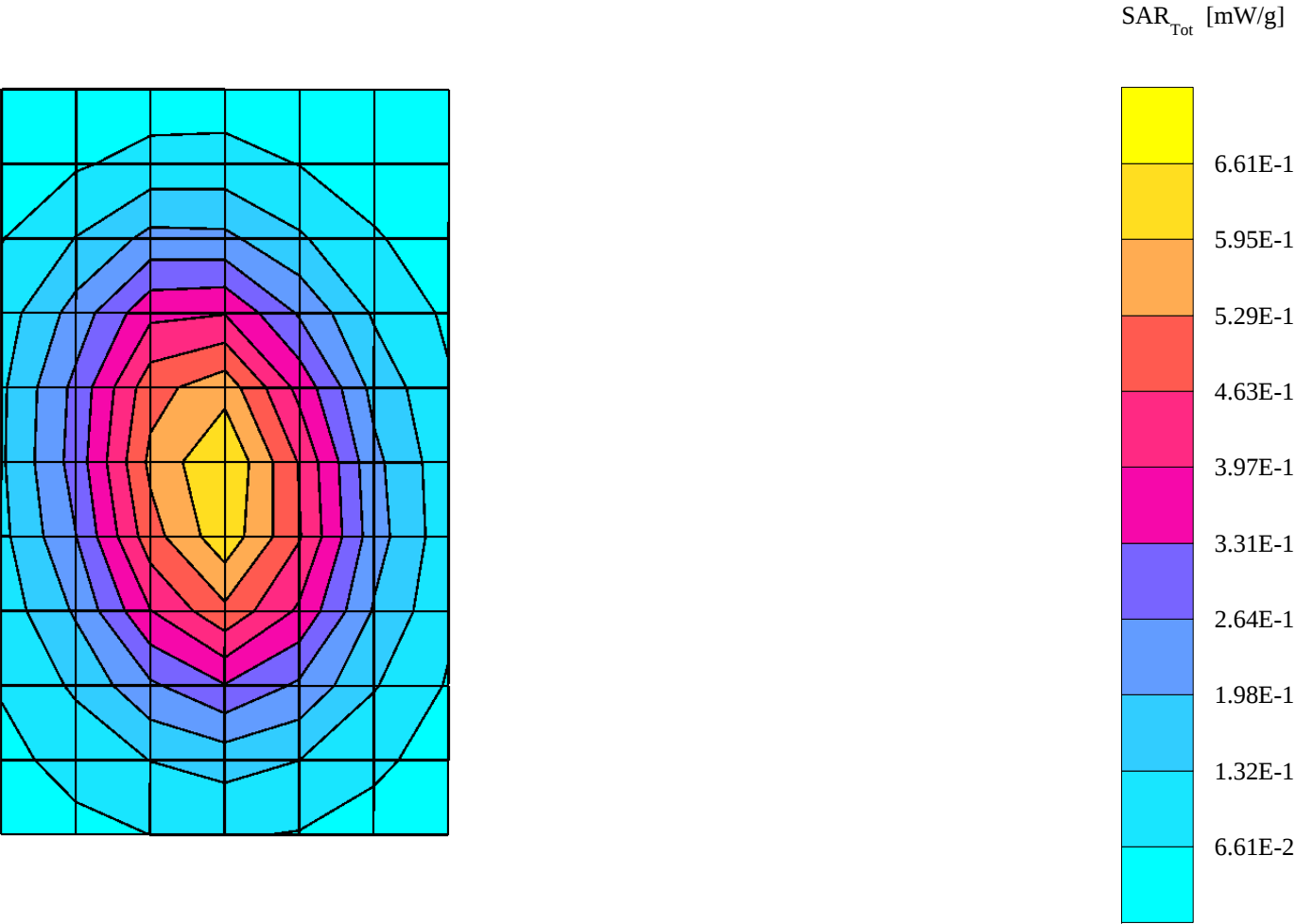
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 16.1 (14.9, 17.5) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.04 dB

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always Up

Antenna Position: Fixed

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model # = Back of Phone 1 inch away from phantom

C332 Housing

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 837 MHz

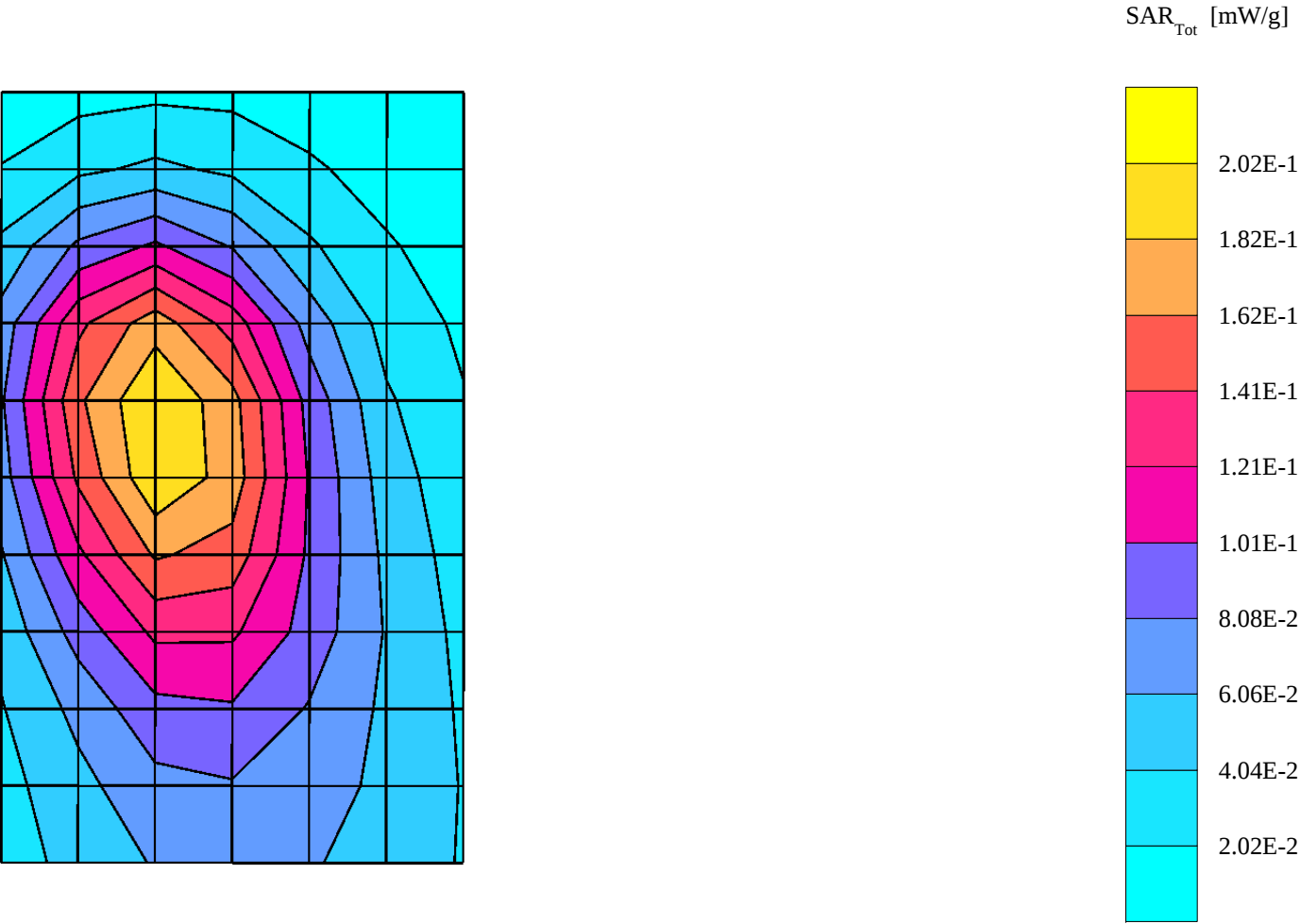
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.10,6.10,6.10); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 55.3$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.206 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.145 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 15.6 (14.4, 17.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB



s/n: 42CD03CO

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP

Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA

Accessory Model # = AMB33105 Case

C333 Housing

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 837 MHz

Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.10,6.10,6.10); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 55.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.422 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.296 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

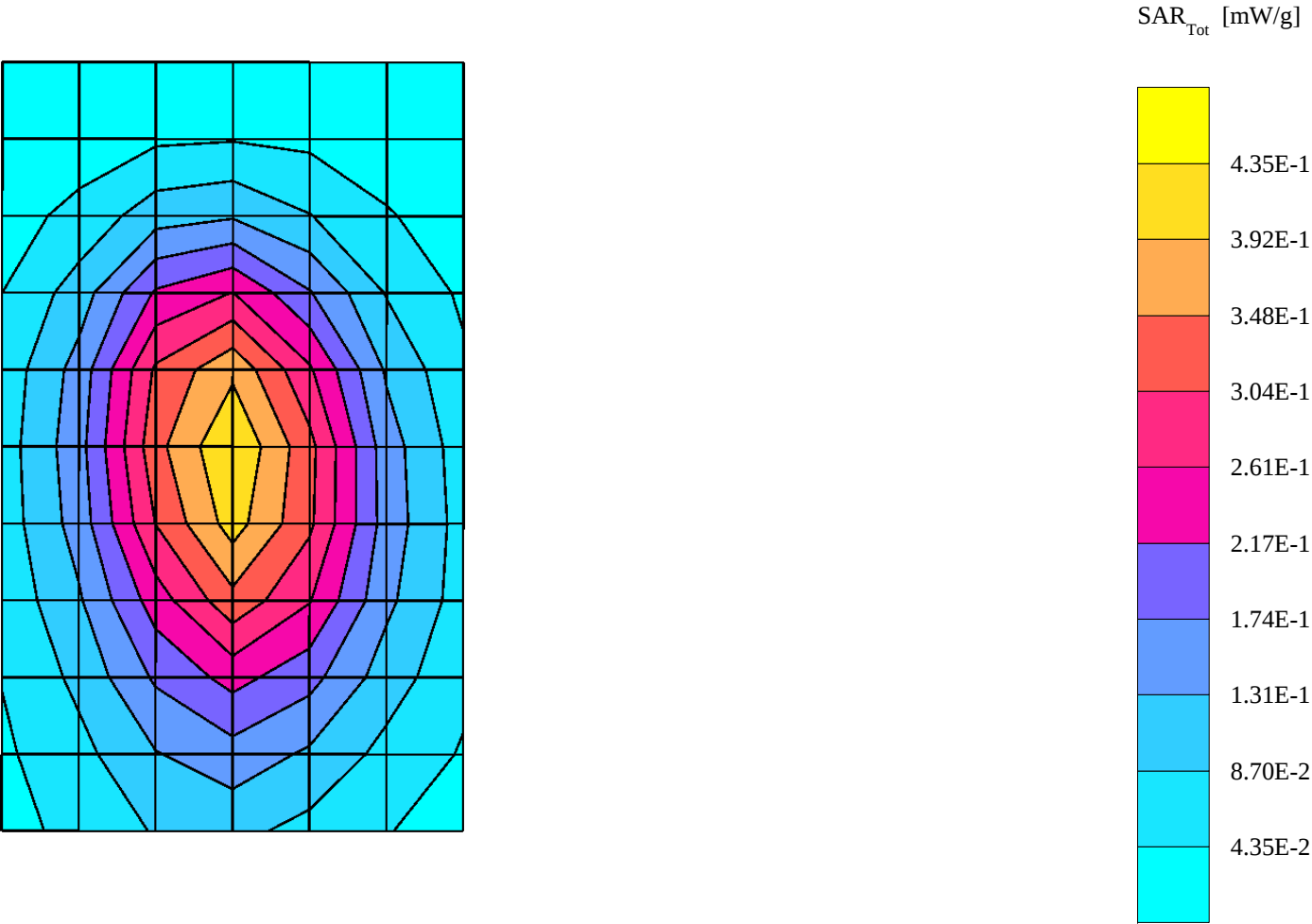
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 15.5 (14.5, 16.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.17 dB

Antenna Position: Fixed

Battery Model #: SNN5725A



s/n: 42CD03C0

Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP (OTA)

Antenna Position: Fixed

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: Back of phone 1in from Phantom

C332 Housing

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

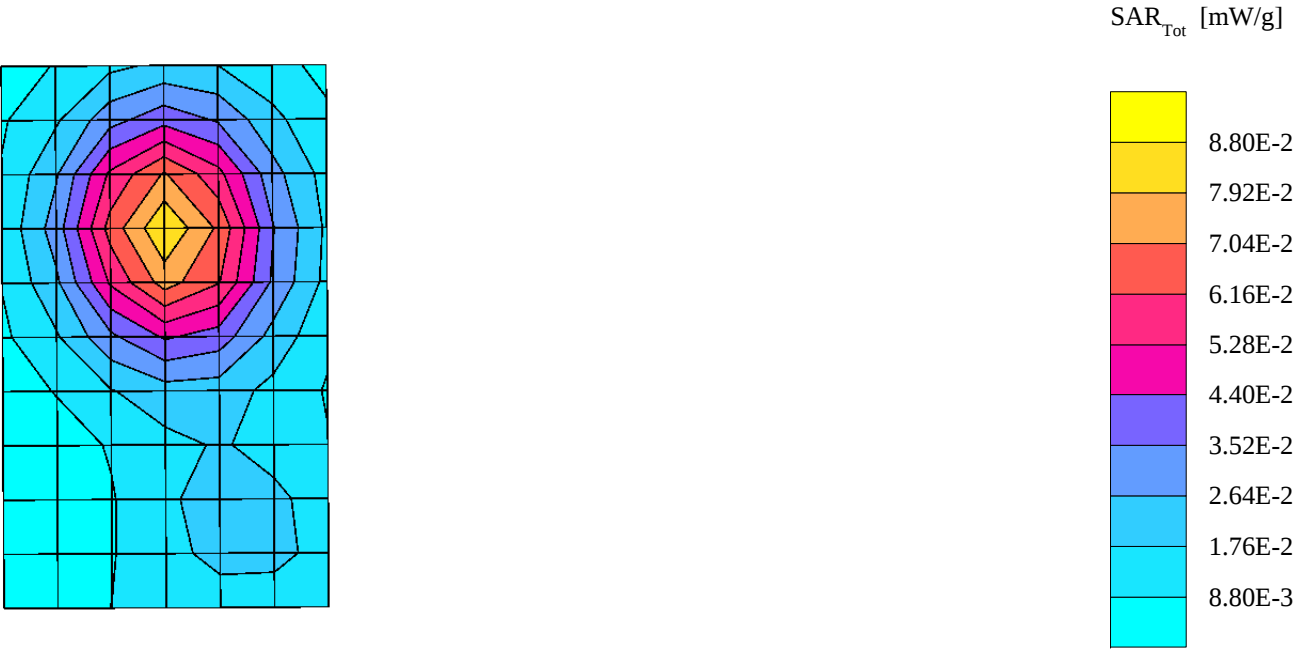
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(4.60,4.60,4.60); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59 \text{ mho/m}$ $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.0856 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.0531 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0

Penetration depth: 10.1 (8.8, 12.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.17 dB

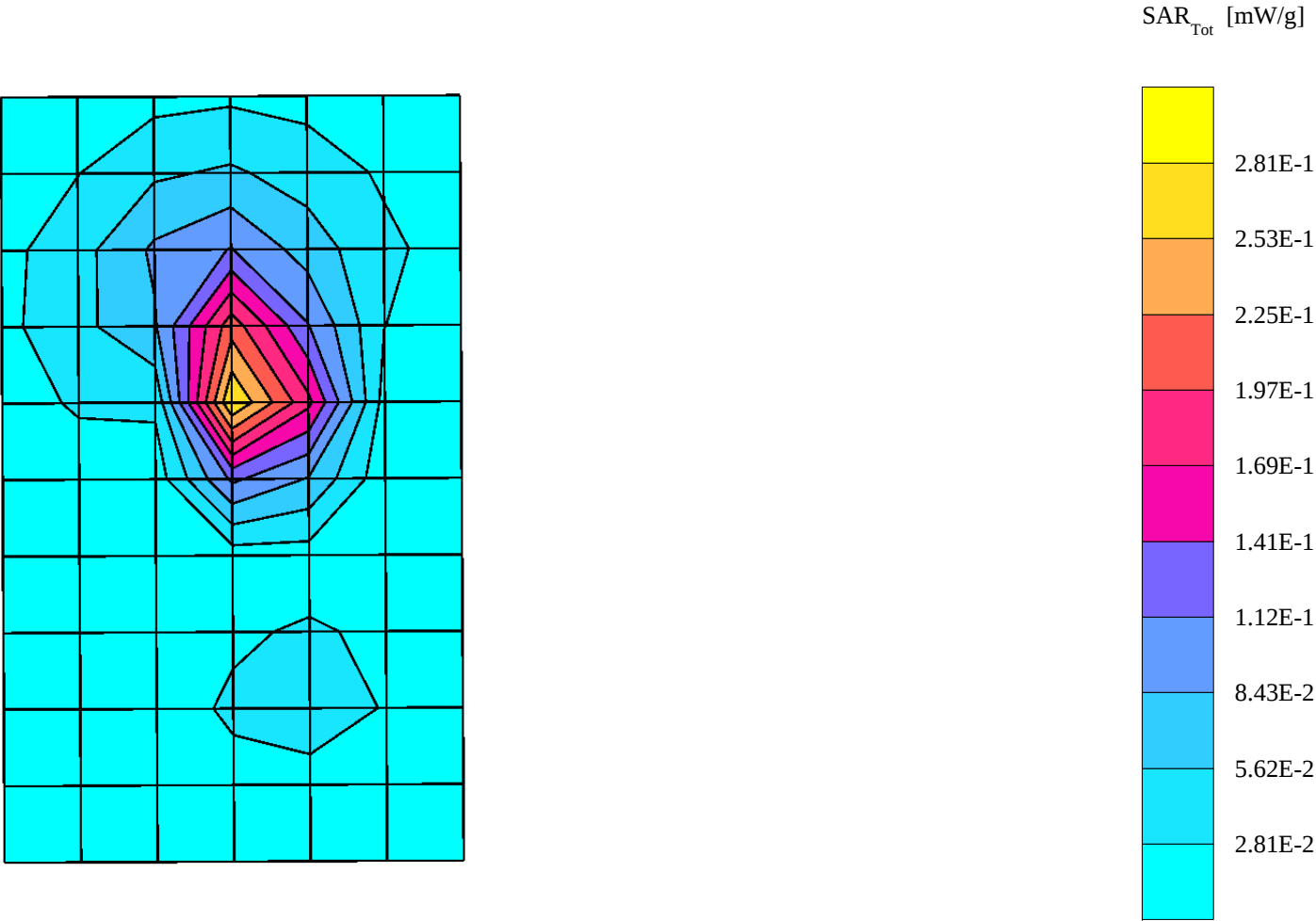


s/n: 42CCFE68

Ch# 600 Pwr Step: OTA
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA
Accessory Model #: AMB33105 case
C333 Housing

Antenna Position: FIXED
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz
Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1501 - FCC Body; ConvF(4.60,4.60,4.60); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³
Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.328 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.161 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)
Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0
Penetration depth: 9.1 (8.7, 9.9) [mm]
Powerdrift: -0.16 dB



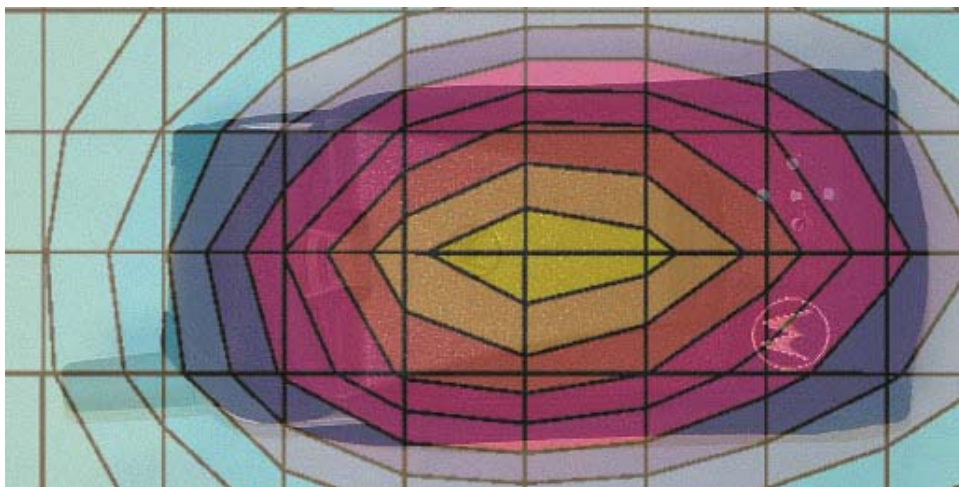


Figure 7. Typical 800MHz AMPS Mode Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

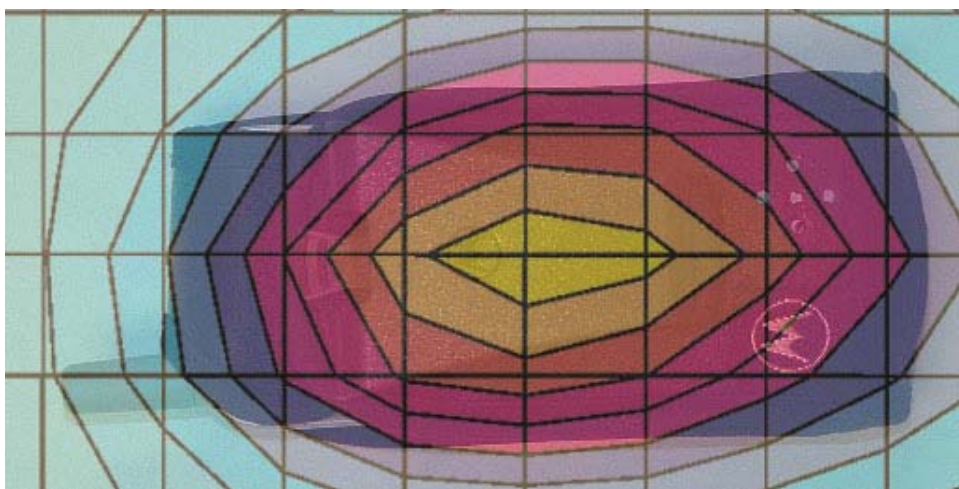


Figure 8. Typical 800MHz CDMA Mode Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

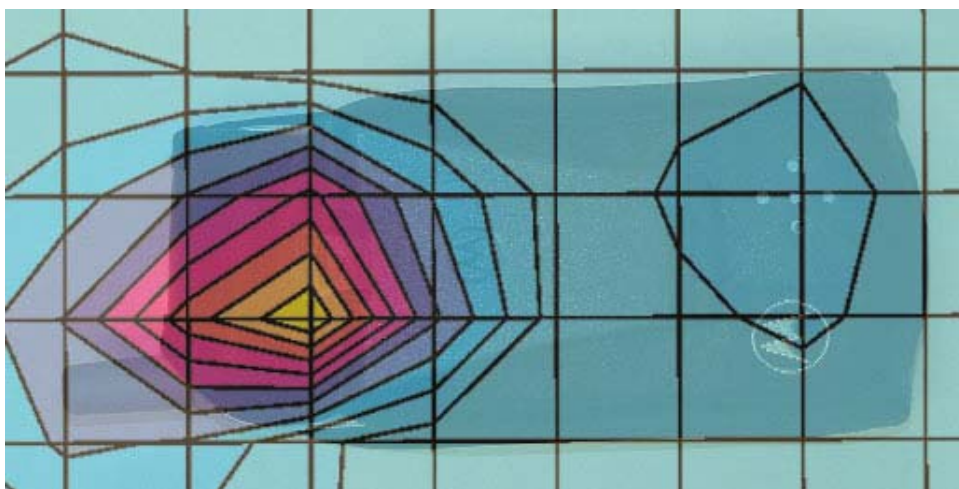


Figure 9. Typical 1900MHz CDMA Mode Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

Appendix 4
Probe Calibration Certificate

Client

Motorola MRO

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s)

ET3DV6R - SN 1501

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 16, 2003

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03	Apr-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Nico Vetterli	Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director
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Date issued: April 16, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R SN:1501

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	2.08 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	2.09 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	2.14 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

Diode Compression

DCP X	96	mV
DCP Y	96	mV
DCP Z	96	mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head **900 MHz** $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.39
ConvF Z	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.31

Head **1800 MHz** $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.49
ConvF Z	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.55

Boundary Effect

Head **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

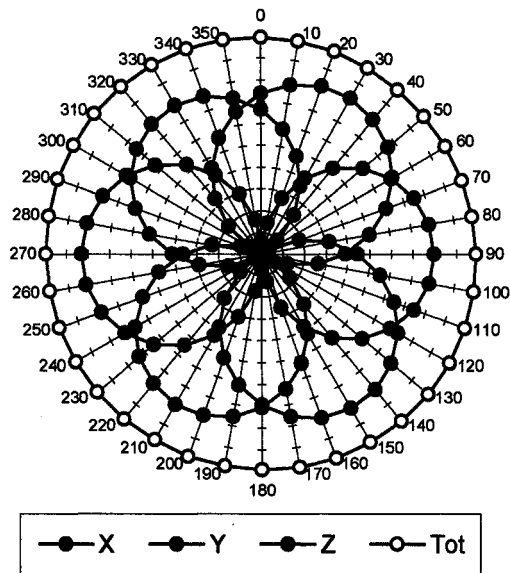
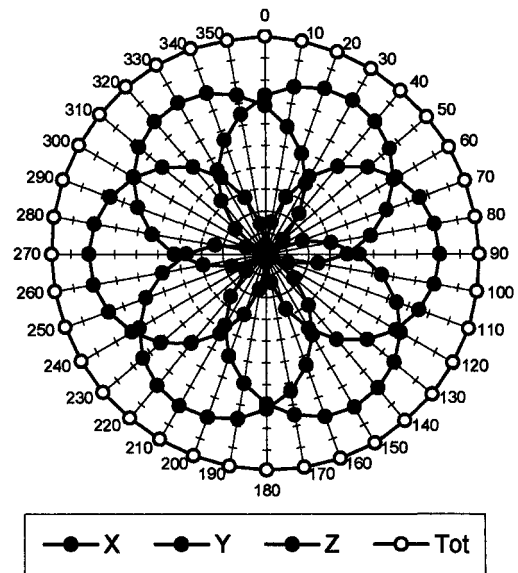
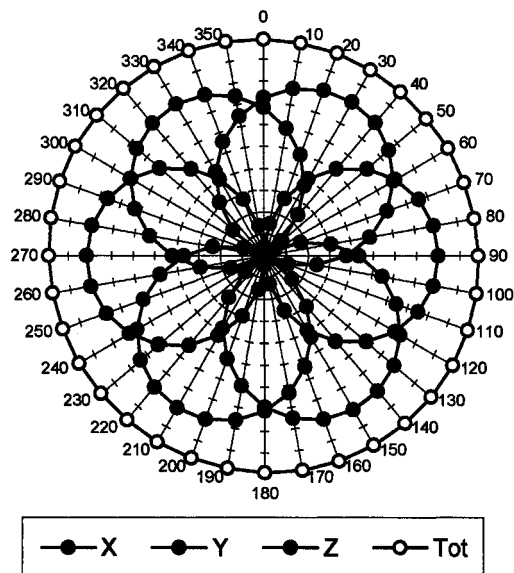
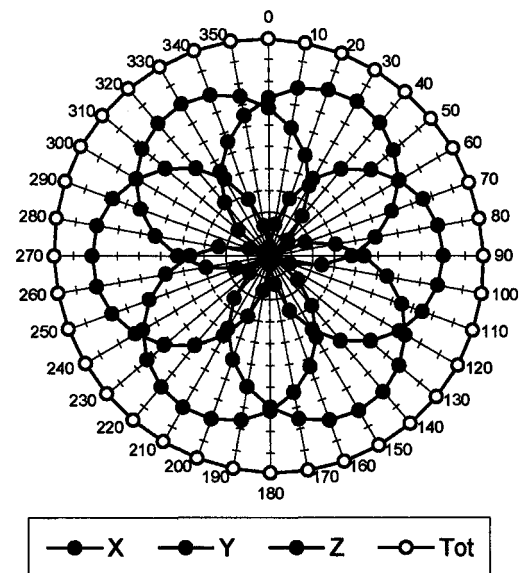
Probe Tip to Boundary	1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm	8.9	4.9
SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.5

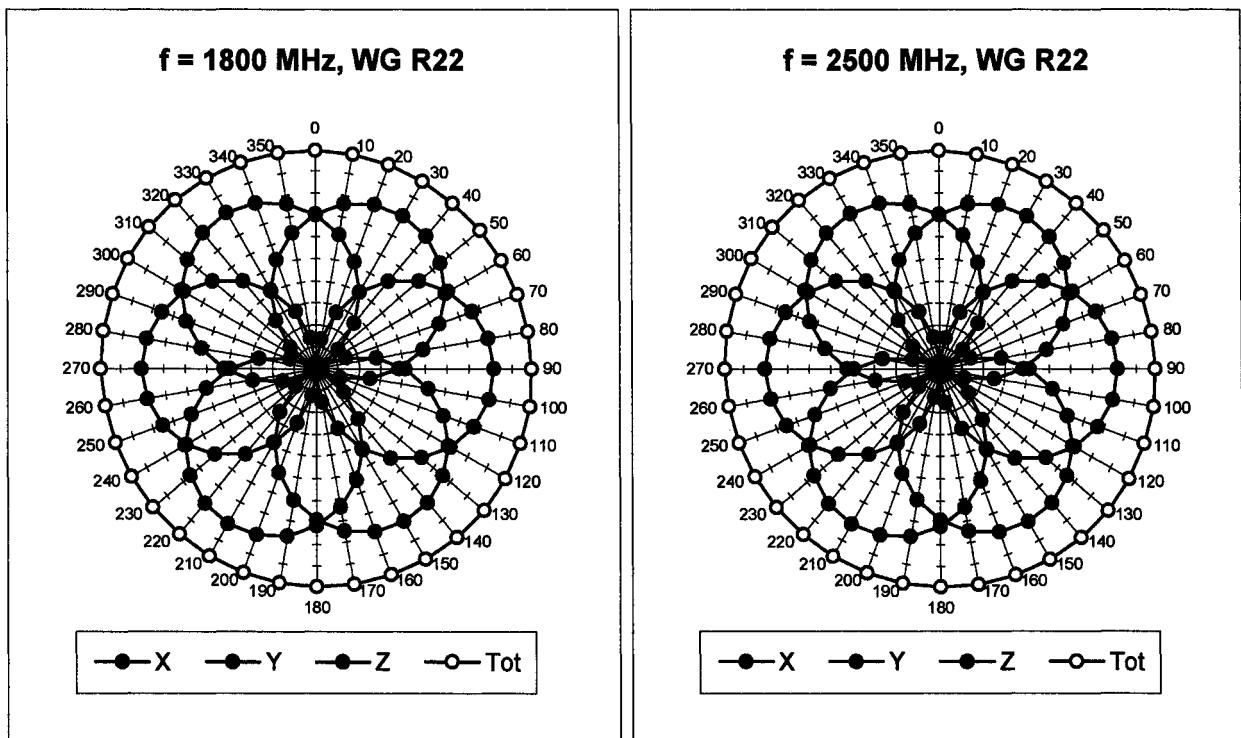
Head **1800 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Probe Tip to Boundary	1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm	12.8	8.6
SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.2

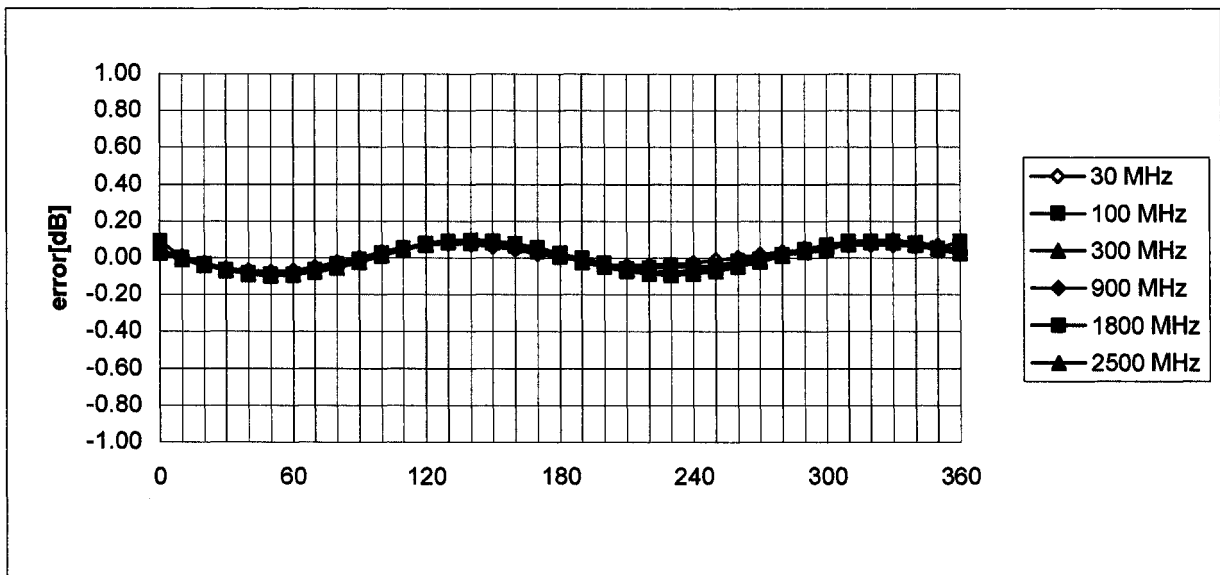
Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7	mm
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ , $\theta = 0^\circ$)**f = 30 MHz, TEM cell ifi110****f = 100 MHz, TEM cell ifi110****f = 300 MHz, TEM cell ifi110****f = 900 MHz, TEM cell ifi110**

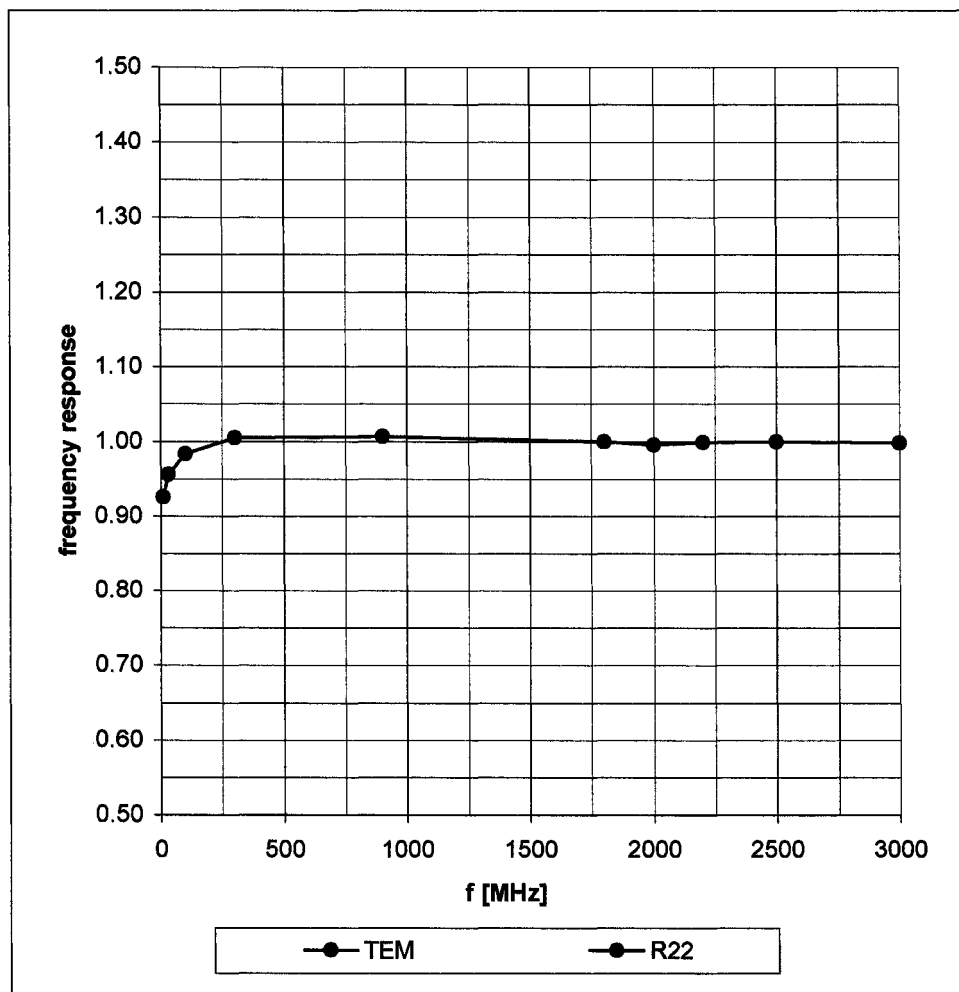


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

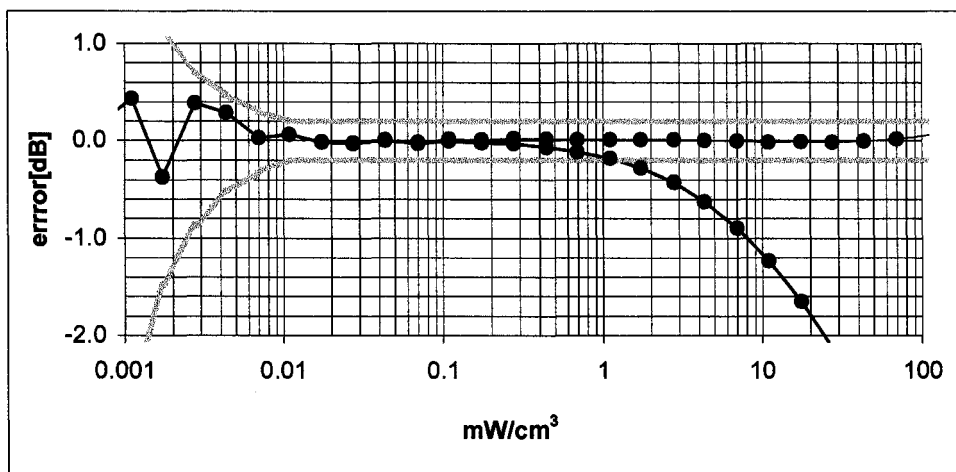
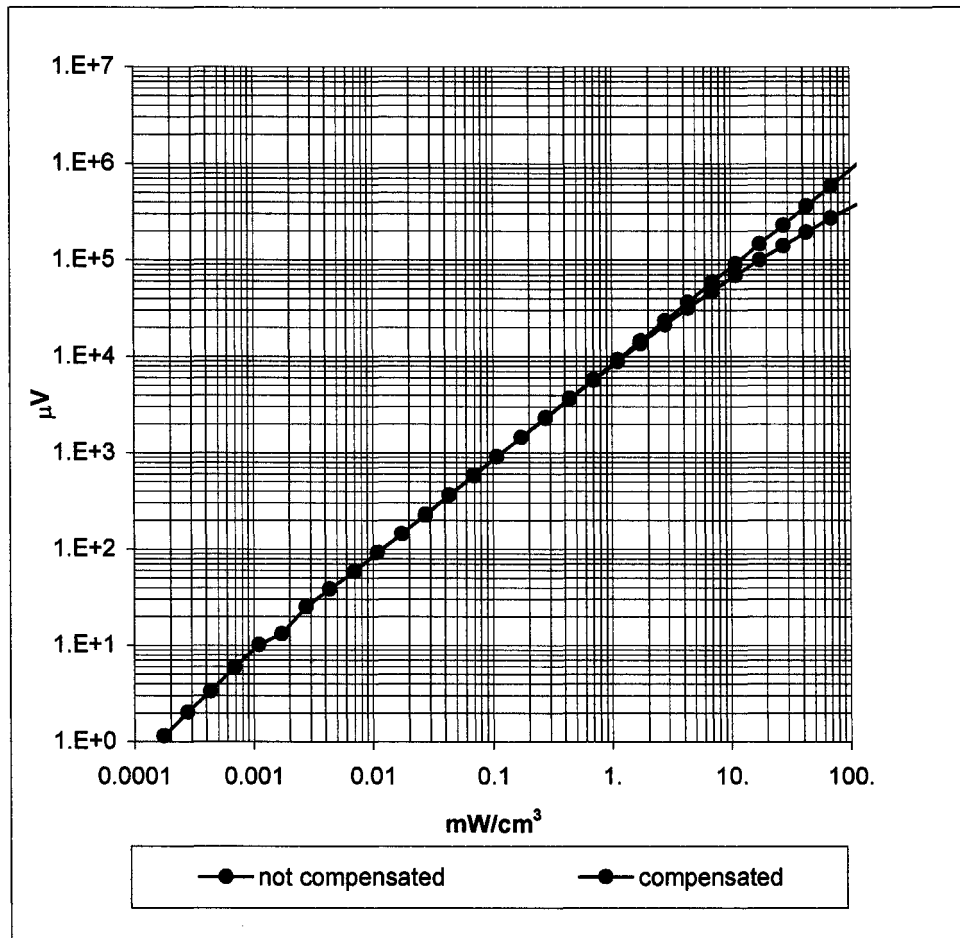


Frequency Response of E-Field

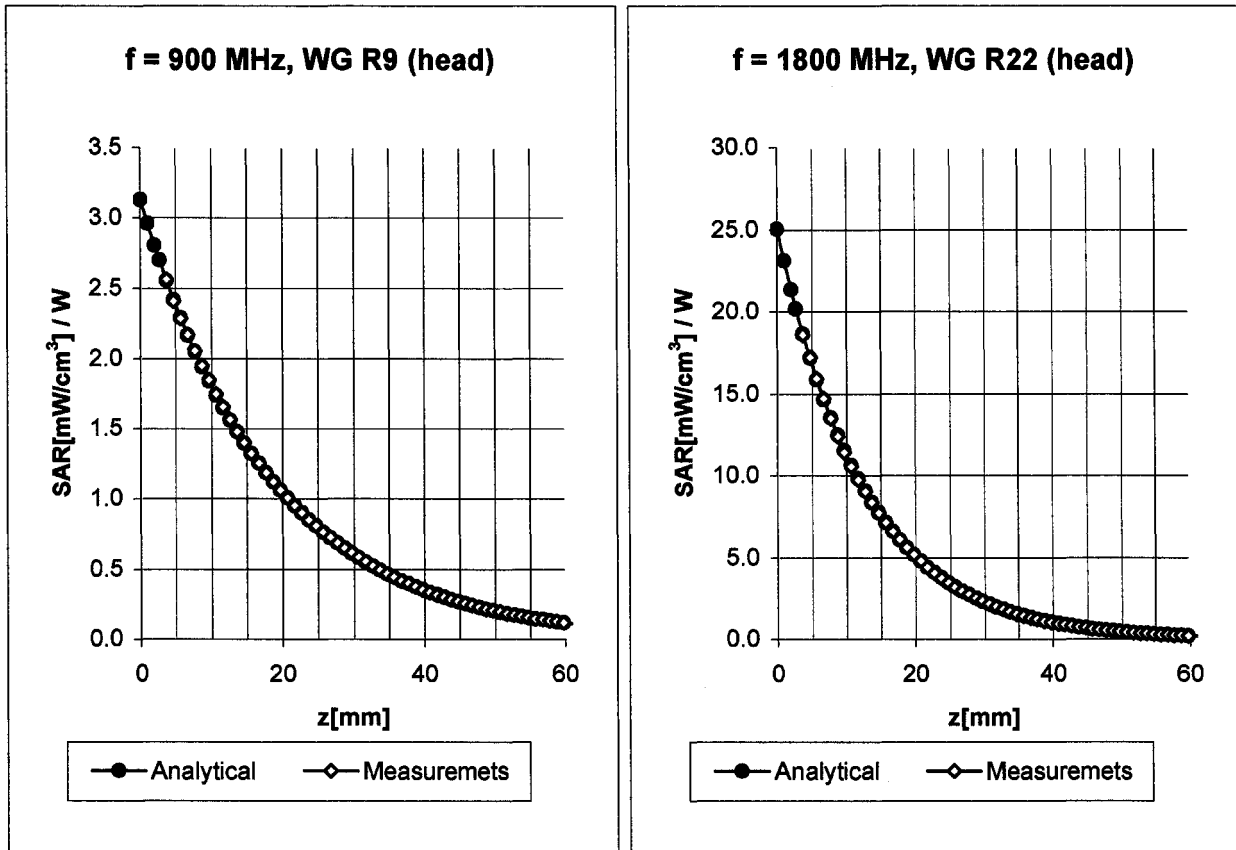
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



Dynamic Range f(SAR_{brain}) (Waveguide R22)



Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

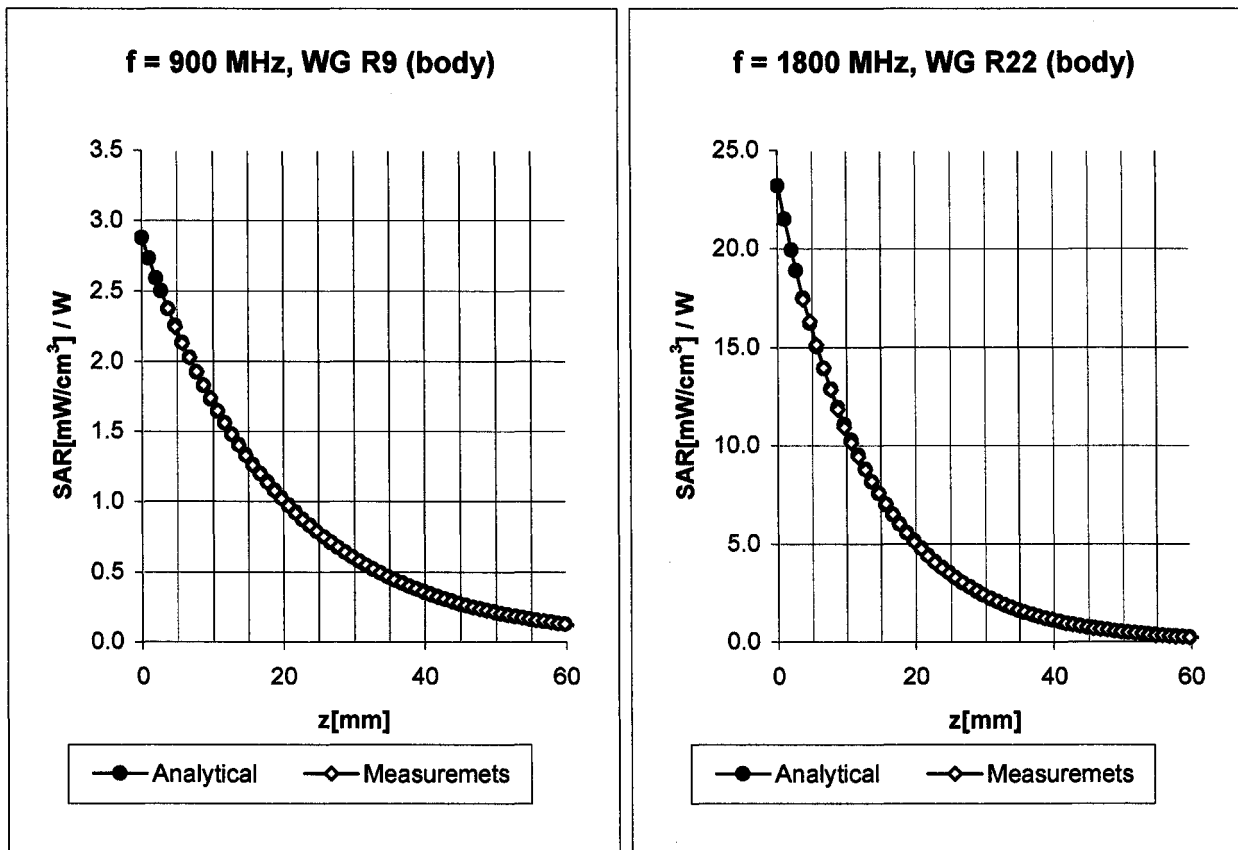
ConvF X	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.39
ConvF Z	6.4 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.31

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to IEEE P1528-200X

ConvF X	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.49
ConvF Z	5.0 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.55

Conversion Factor Assessment



Body **900 MHz** $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

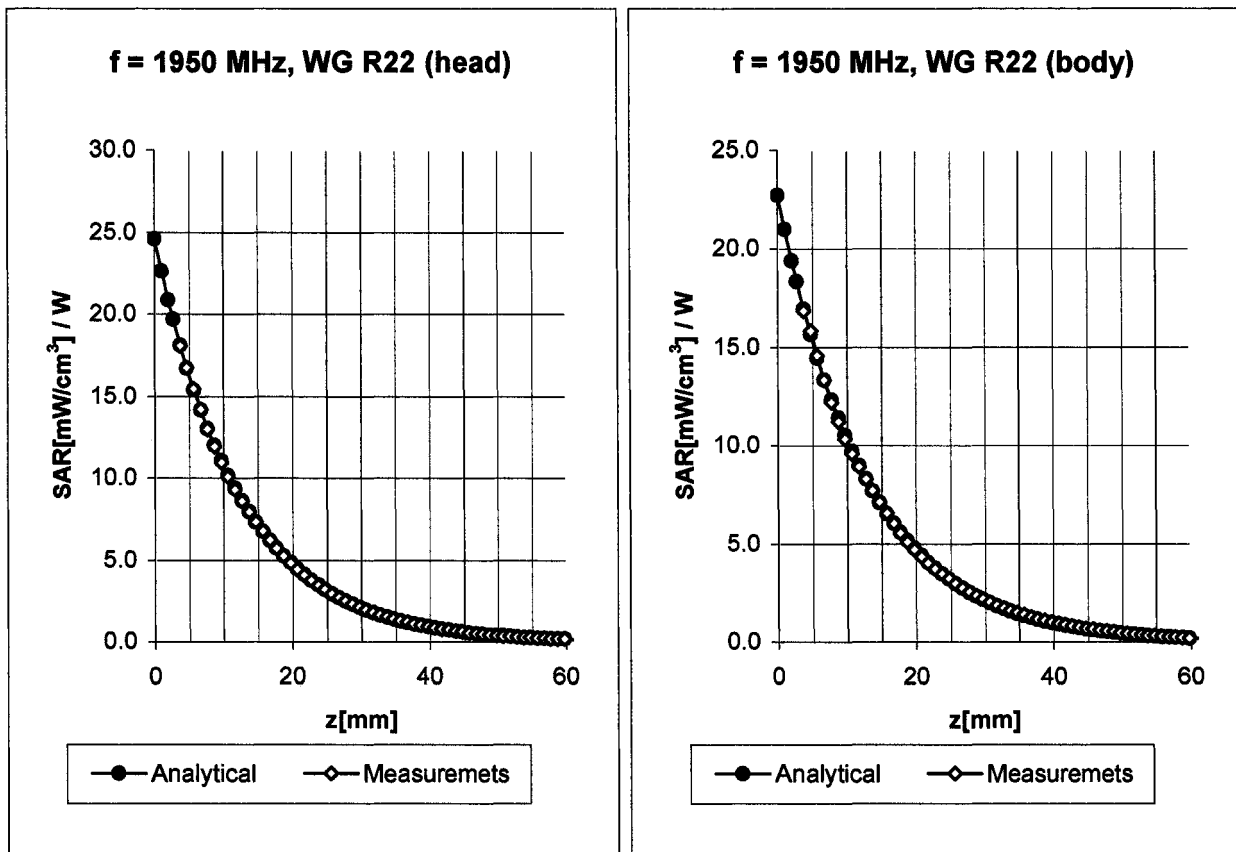
ConvF X	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.40
ConvF Z	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.37

Body **1800 MHz** $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:
ConvF Y	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha 0.55
ConvF Z	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth 2.59

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 1950 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

ConvF X **4.7** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y **4.7** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

Alpha **0.53**

ConvF Z **4.7** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

Depth **2.53**

Body 1950 MHz $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

ConvF X **4.2** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y **4.2** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

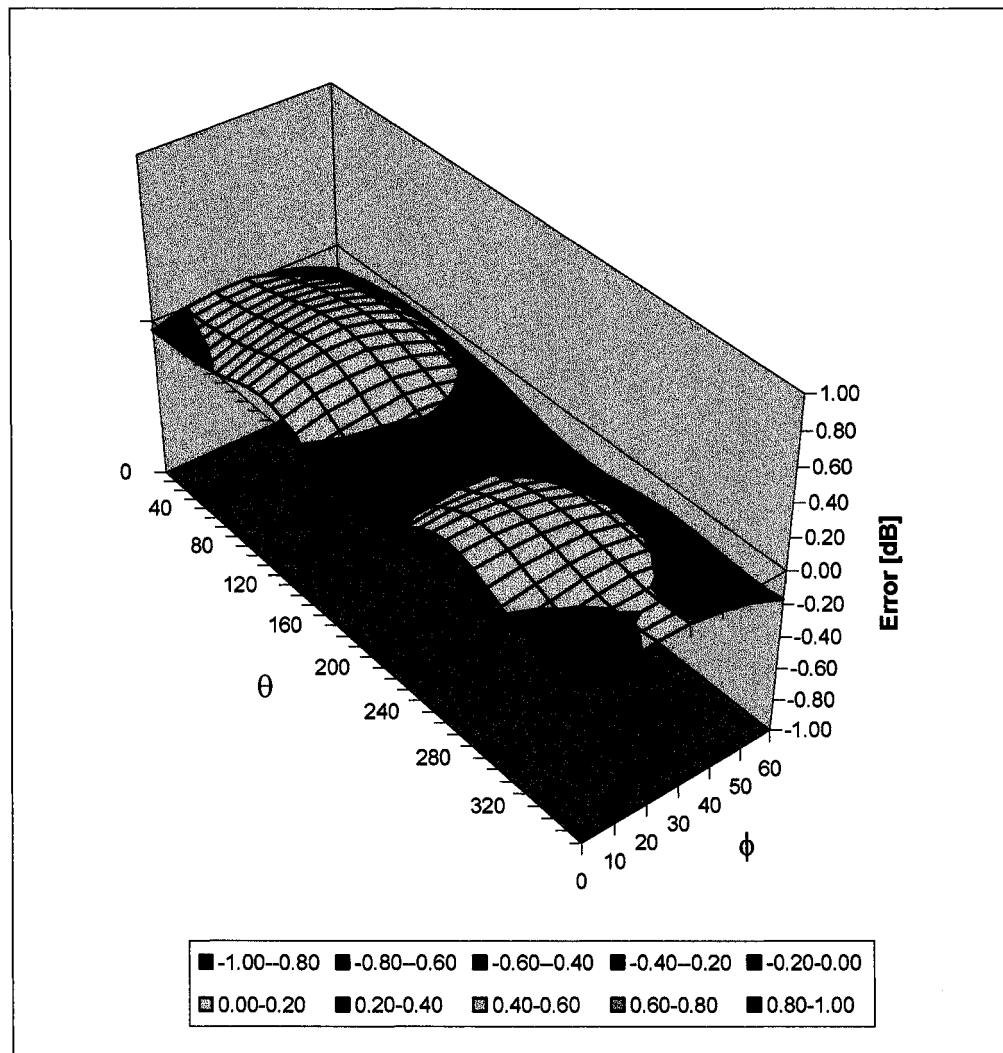
Alpha **0.70**

ConvF Z **4.2** $\pm 8.9\%$ (k=2)

Depth **2.26**

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error ($\theta\phi$), $f = 900$ MHz



Appendix 5
Dipole Characterization Certificate

Certification of System Performance Check Targets

Based on APP-0396

-Historical Data-

	835MHz	900MHz	1800MHz	1900MHz	
P1528 Target:	9.5	10.8	38.1	39.7	(W/kg)
Advanced Extrapolation					
Measurement Uncertainty (k=1):	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	10.2%	
Measurement Period:	November '02 - June '03	November '02 - June '03	November '02 - June '03	November '02 - June '03	
# of tests performed:	169	728	868	26	
Grand Average:	10.1	11.6	39.7	42.0	(W/kg)
Worst Case Extrapolation					
% Delta (Average - P1528 Target)	6.5%	7.7%	4.2%	5.9%	
Is % Delta <= Measurement Uncertainty?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Accept/Reject Average as new system performance check target?	ACCEPT	ACCEPT	ACCEPT	ACCEPT	
	Applicable 835MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	Applicable 900MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	Applicable 1800MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	Applicable 1900MHz Dipole Serial Numbers:	
	420(TR), 421(TR)	77, 78	246(TR), 250(TR)	514(TR), 518(TR)	
	422(TR), 423(TR)	79, 80	251(TR), 258(TR)	519(TR), 520(TR)	
	424(TR), 425(TR)	91, 92	259(TR), 262(TR)	523(TR), 524(TR)	
	431(TR), 432(TR)	93, 94	263(TR), 271(TR)	526(TR), 527(TR)	
	433(TR), 434(TR)	95, 96	272(TR), 273(TR)	528(TR), 529(TR)	
	436(TR)	97	276(TR), 277(TR)	530(TR), 533(TR)	
			279(TR), 280(TR)		
			281(TR), 282(TR)		
			283(TR), 284(TR)		

-New System Performance Check Targets- per APP-0396
(based on analysis of historical data)

Frequency	SAR Target (W/kg)	Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)
835MHz	10.1	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%
900MHz	11.6	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%
1800MHz	39.7	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%
1900MHz	42.0	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%

=====

-Approvals-

Submitted by:

Marge Kaunas

Date:

24-Jun-03

Signed:

Marge Kaunas

Comments:

spreadsheet detailing all measurements available upon request

Approved by:

Antonio Faraone

Date:

24-Jun-03

Signed:

Antonio Faraone

Comments:

Targets and associated simulant properties are derived from the IEEE P1528 draft standard

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Appendix 6
Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test									
<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.6	N	1.00	1	1	3.6	3.6	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	2.8	N	1.00	1	1	2.8	2.8	8
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.72	11.09	1363
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> = 2				22.98	21.75	

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom)

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	$e = f(d, k)$	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	$h = c \times f / e$	$i = c \times g / e$	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5	∞
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				10.16	9.43	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				19.92	18.48	

Appendix 7

Photographs of the device under test





