

Exhibit 11: Class II Permissive Change SAR Test Report IHDT56CL1

Date of test: 23-April - 13-June, 2003

13-June, 2003 **Date of Report:**

Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory

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Laboratory: Room: MW113

Libertyville, Illinois 60048

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Principal Staff Engineer

Accreditation: This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-1999 to perform the following tests:

Tests: Procedures:

Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, 1999

(SAR) IEEE C95.3-1991 IEEE P1528 (DRAFT)

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (including Supplements A, B, C)

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Australian Communications Authority Radio

Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human

Exposure) Standard 1999 CENELEC EN 50361 (2001)

Simulated Tissue Preparation APP-0247

RF Power Measurement DOI-0876, 0900, 0902, 0904, 0915

On the following products or types of products:

Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including

Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

A2LA certificate #1651-01

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General

Statement of **Compliance:** Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093). It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with the appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted below:

(none)

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The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report.

Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of portable cellular phone (FCC ID IHDT56CL1). The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C $\,$ 01-01.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

Antenna description

Туре	Stubby				
Location	Right Side				
Dimensions	Length	17mm			
Difficusions	Width	6mm			
Configuration	Stubby				

Device description

FCC ID Number	IHDT56CL1				
Serial number	42CC86EC & 42CC870A				
Mode(s) of Operation	CDMA800 CDMA1900				
Modulation Mode(s)	CDMA CDMA				
Maximum Output Power Setting	25.00 dBm 25.00 dBm				
Duty Cycle	1:1	1:1			
Transmitting Frequency Rang(s)	824.70 – 848.31 MHz	1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz			
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2908)	Identical Prototype				
Device Category	Portable				
RF Exposure Limits	General Popula	tion / Uncontrolled			

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Personal Communications Sector Product Safety & Compliance Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy3TM v3.1d) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 11.7\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 23.0\%$ (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg. The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown below.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
DASY3 DAE V1	SN365	10-Dec-03
DASY3 DAE V1	SN367	26-Aug-03
DASY3 DAE V1	SN434	19-Feb-03
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN1502	27-Sep-03
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN1514	25-Jul-03
E-Field Probe ET3DV6	SN1515	25-Jul-03
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	SN096	6-Jan-05
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	SN079	15-Oct-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D900V2	SN078	23-Aug-03
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1106	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1131	
S.A.M. Phantom used for 800MHz	TP-1132	
Dipole Validation Kit, D1800V2	SN258	24-Sep-04
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1900MHz	TP-1133	

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04822	6-Feb-05
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511087	6-Feb-04
Power Sensor #1 - 8481A	US39210929	6-Feb-04
Power Sensor #2 - 8481A	US39210933	6-Feb-04
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39172529	18-Jun-03
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070B	US99360070	N/A

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with the HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the tissue simulate are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for maximum permittivity and minimum conductivity are also shown. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. It is seen that the measured parameters are satisfactory for compliance testing.

f			Dielec	ctric Paran	neters
	Tissue				Temp
(MHz)	type	Limits / Measured	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_r$	σ (S/m)	(° C)
		Measured, 25-Apr-03	42.4	0.92	22.0
		Measured, 3-May-03	42.5	0.92	19.3
		Measured, 7-May-03	42.1	0.91	20.2
	Head	Measured, 8-May-03	41.9	0.91	19.2
835		Measured, 9-May-03	41.6	0.90	19.6
		Measured, 16-May-03	42.8	0.92	19.1
		Recommended Limits	41.5	0.90	18-25
	Dode	Measured, 8-May-03	54.6	0.97	19.3
	Body	Recommended Limits	55.2	0.97	18-25
		Measured, 23-Apr-03	38.8	1.46	20.5
	TT and	Measured, 22-Apr-03	38.6	1.47	19.0
1880	Head	Measured, 24-Apr-03	38.5	1.46	20.2
1880		Recommended Limits	40	1.4	18-25
	Measured, 5-M		51.7	1.58	20.3
	Body	Recommended Limits	53.3	1.52	18-25

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the tissue simulates are indicated in the table below.

	800MHz	800MHz	1900MHz	1900MHz
Ingredient	Head	Body	Head	Body
Sugar	57.0	44.9	-	30.80
DGBE			47.0	
Water	40.45	53.06	52.8	68.91
Salt	1.45	0.94	0.2	0.29
HEC	1.0	1.0	-	
Bact.	0.1	0.1		

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY3 was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within center section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR indicated on the dipole certification sheet. These tests were done at 900MHz and/or 1800MHz. These frequencies are within 100MHz of the mid-band frequency of the test device. This is within the allowable window given in Supplement C 01-01 *Appendix D System Verification* section item #5. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for maximum permittivity, minimum conductivity are shown in the table below. These come from the Federal Communication Commission, OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table below. The distributions of SAR

compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be $15.0 \text{cm} \pm 0.5 \text{cm}$. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1. SAR values are normalized to 1W forward power delivered to the dipole.

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f (MHz)	Description	SAR (W/kg), 1gram	Dielectric ε_r	Parameters σ (S/m)	Ambien t Temp (°C)	Tissue Temp (°C)
	Measured, 25-Apr-03	11.61	41.9	0.98	21	19.1
	Measured, 2-May-03	11.69	41.6	0.98	21	20.5
	Measured, 7-May-03	11.46	41.4	0.97	21	20.9
900	Measured, 8-May-03	11.45	41.2	0.97	21	20.7
	Measured, 9-May-03	11.32	40.7	0.96	21	22.2
	Measured, 16-May-03	11.79	42.0	0.98	21	21.0
	Recommended Limits	11.30	40.3	0.95	18-25	18-25
	Measured, 22-Apr-03	40.64	39.6	1.41	21	19.7
	Measured, 23-Apr-03	40.30	38.8	1.40	21	19.3
1800	Measured, 24-Apr-03	38.60	38.9	1.37	21	19.6
	Measured, 5-May-03	39.52	38.5	1.38	21	19.1
	Recommended Limits	38.60	40.3	1.36	18-25	18-25

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the system accuracy verification measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
	SN1502	900	6.5	2 of 8
E-Field Probe	SN1514	900	6.2	2 of 8
ETDV6	SN1314	1800	5.2	2 of 8
	SN1515	900	6.5	2 of 8

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated in a test mode that allows control of the transmitter without the need to place actual phone calls. For the purposes of this test the unit is commanded to test mode and manually set to the proper channel, transmitter power level and transmit mode of operation. The phone was tested in the configurations stipulated in OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. Motorola also followed the requirements in Supplement. C / Appendix D: SAR Measurement Procedures, section titled "Devices Operating Next To A Person's Ear". These directions state "The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the "Cheek/Touch" and "Ear/Tilt" positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s)."

The DASY v3.1d SAR measurement system specified in section 3.1 was utilized within the intended operations as set by the SPEAGTM setup. The phone was positioned into the measurement configurations using the positioner supplied with the DASY 3.1d SAR measurement system. The measured dielectric constant of the material used for the positioner is less than 2.9 and the loss tangent is less than 0.02 (\pm 30%) at 850MHz. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and use for measurements. The grid spacing of the course scan was set to 15cm as shown in the SAR plots included in appendix 2 and 3. Please refer to the DASY manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The Cellular Phone (FCC ID IHDT56CL1) has the following battery options:

SNN5725A – 750mAh Battery SNN5726A – 1100mAhBattery

The battery used to do most of the SAR testing is the SNN5725A.. The phone was placed in the SAR measurement system with a fully charged battery. The configurations that resulted in the highest SAR values were tested using the other batteries listed above.

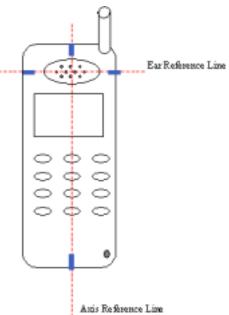
FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

6.1 Head Adjacent Test Results

To aid in positioning repeatability, the ear reference line of the device and the axis reference line of the device have been physically added using a non-metallic marker.

- Per Figure 1, the "Ear Reference Line" is centered vertically through the center of the listening area (as defined by the speaker holes in the housing).
- The "Axis Reference Line" bisects the front surface of the device at its top and bottom edges.
- The intersection of these two lines defines the location of the "Ear Reference Point".

The lines drawn on the device extended to the outside edges, as shown in blue in the figure below, & wrap around the sides of the device.



The SAR results shown in tables 1 through 4 are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASYTM measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 2

The SAR measurements were performed using the SAM phantoms listed in section 3.1. Since same phantoms and tissue simulate are used for the system accuracy verification as the device SAR measurements, the Z-axis scans included in within Appendix 1 are applicable for verification of tissue simulate depth to be 15.0cm ± 0.5 cm. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 2. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with Supplement C.

The phone has three different housings: "C331", "C332" and "C333". All the required testes were performed with all of the housings.

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The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the head adjacent measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #
	SN1502	835	6.5	2 of 8
E-Field Probe	CN11514	835	6.2	2 of 8
ETDV6	SN1514	1900	5.2	2 of 8
	SN1515	835	6.5	2 of 8

			C331 (Cheek / Touch Position)							
		Conducted	Left Head				Right Head			
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
	Channel 1013	25.04	1.01	-0.31	1.08	19.1	0.767	-0.7	0.90	20.2
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.12	-0.17	1.16	22.0	0.886	-0.15	0.92	20.2
	Channel 777	24.90	1.14	0.02	1.14	19.2	0.928	-0.43	1.02	20.2
	Channel 25	25.00	0.962	-0.13	0.99	19.3				
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.81	-0.12	0.83	19.3	0.626	-0.23	0.66	19.1
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.22	0.09	1.22	19.3				

Table 1: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

			C331 (15° Tilt Position)							
		Conducted	Left Head					Rig	ght Head	
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)
	Channel 1013	25.04	0.974	-0.22	1.02	20.3	0.881	-0.22	0.93	20.1
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.58	0.05	1.58	20.2	1.08	-0.04	1.09	20.1
	Channel 777	24.90	1.13	0.1	1.13	20.5	0.994	-0.1	1.02	22.0
D	Channel 25	25.00	1.03	-0.16	1.07	19.2				
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.888	-0.22	0.93	19.2	0.724	-0.33	0.78	19.1
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.45	-0.1	1.48	19.2				

Table 2: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

			C331 (15° Tilt Position) w/SNN5726A Battery								
		Conducted		Le	eft Head		Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
51.1.1	Channel 1013	25.04	0.906	-0.26	0.96	20.3					
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.55	-0.01	1.55	19.6					
	Channel 777	24.90	1.46	0.09	1.46	20.3					
5	Channel 25	25.00	1.07	0.03	1.07	19.0					
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.947	0.22	0.95	19.1					
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.46	-0.05	1.48	19.0					

Table 3: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

			C332 (Cheek / Touch Position)								
		Conducted		Le	ft Head		Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
D	Channel 1013	25.04	0.957	-0.5	1.07	20.2	0.905	-0.49	1.01	19.1	
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.15	-0.16	1.19	19.6	0.923	-0.12	0.95	19.6	
	Channel 777	24.90	0.912	-0.13	0.94	20.2	0.842	0.01	0.84	19.1	
	Channel 25	25.00									
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.75	0.02	0.75	19.1	0.60	-0.91	0.74	22.0	
	Channel 1175	25.05									

Table 4: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

			C332 (15° Tilt Position)								
		Conducted		Le	eft Head		Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
	Channel 1013	25.04	1.11	-0.03	1.12	20.1	0.953	-0.16	0.99	19.1	
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.15	0.26	1.15	20.2	1.25	0.07	1.25	19.3	
	Channel 777	24.90	1.18	0.40	1.18	20.2	0.966	-0.04	0.97	20.7	
5	Channel 25	25.00	0.965	-0.05	0.98	19.3					
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.892	0.04	0.89	19.3	0.79	0.16	0.79	19.3	
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.39	0.01	1.39	19.3					

Table 5: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

				C332 (15° Tilt Position) w/SNN5726A Battery								
		Conducted	Left Head				Right Head					
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)		
D	Channel 1013	25.04					0.892	-0.13	0.92	20.7		
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05					1.03	-0.55	1.03	20.7		
	Channel 777	24.90					0.969	-0.06	0.98	20.7		
D	Channel 25	25.00	0.977	-0.09	1.00	20.0						
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.880	-0.08	0.90	20.0						
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.39	0.19	1.39	20.0						

Table 6: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

			C333 (Cheek / Touch Position)								
		Conducted	Left Head				Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
	Channel 1013	25.04	1.05	-0.31	1.13	19.1	0.938	-0.39	1.03	20.3	
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.24	-0.01	1.24	20.5	0.963	-0.22	1.01	20.3	
	Channel 777	24.90	1.14	-0.2	1.19	19.1	1.00	-0.19	1.04	20.3	
	Channel 25	25.00					0.763	-0.95	0.95	19.0	
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.742	0.11	0.74	19.6	0.682	-0.87	0.83	19.0	
	Channel 1175	25.05					1.02	-0.81	1.23	19.0	

Table 7: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

			C333 (15° Tilt Position)								
		Conducted	Left Head				Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
	Channel 1013	25.04	1.14	0.18	1.14	20.3	0.953	0.03	0.95	20.2	
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.30	0.24	1.30	20.3	1.11	0.02	1.11	20.3	
	Channel 777	24.90	1.16	-0.17	1.21	20.3	1.01	-0.03	1.02	20.2	
D	Channel 25	25.00	0.946	-0.06	0.96	19.0	0.986	-0.06	1.00	19.4	
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	1.00	-0.1	1.02	19.1	0.961	-0.04	0.97	19.0	
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.47	0.03	1.47	19.0	1.46	-0.07	1.48	19.4	

Table 8: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the 15° Tilt Position.

			C333 (15° Tilt Position) w/SNN5726A Battery								
		Conducted		Le	eft Head		Right Head				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
	Channel 1013	25.04	1.11	0.06	1.11	20.4					
Digital 800MHz	Channel 384	25.05	1.28	-0.04	1.29	20.5					
	Channel 777	24.90	1.22	0.00	1.22	20.5					
D	Channel 25	25.00	0.953	-0.03	0.96	19.3					
Digital 1900MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.958	-0.2	1.00	19.4					
	Channel 1175	25.05	1.46	-0.1	1.49	19.3					

Table 9: SAR measurement results for the portable cellular telephone FCC ID IHDT56CL1 at highest possible output power. Measured against the left head in the Cheek/Touch Position.

6.2 Body-Worn Test Results

The SAR results shown in table 5 are the maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown are the measured conducted output powers, the temperature of the test facility during the test, the temperature of the tissue simulate after the test, the measured drift and the extrapolated SAR. The exact method of extrapolation is New SAR = Old SAR * 10^(-drift/10). The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASYTM measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test. The test conditions indicated as bold numbers in the following table are included in Appendix 3. Note that 800MHz digital mode SAR measurements were performed in accordance with OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01. All other test conditions measured lower SAR values than those included in Appendix 3.

A "flat" phantom was for the body-worn tests. This "flat" phantom is made out of 1" thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom equal to $2.0 \, \text{mm}$. It measures $52.7 \, \text{cm}(\log) \times 26.7 \, \text{cm}(\text{wide}) \times 21.2 \, \text{cm}(\text{tall})$. The measured dielectric constant of the material used is less than $2.3 \, \text{and}$ the loss tangent is less than $0.0046 \, \text{all}$ the way up to $2.184 \, \text{GHz}$.

The tissue stimulant depth was verified to be $15.0 \,\mathrm{cm} \pm 0.5 \,\mathrm{cm}$. The same device holder described in section 6 was used for positioning the phone. The functional accessories were divided into two categories, the ones with metal components and the ones with non-metal components. For non-metallic component accessories', testing was performed on the accessory that displayed the closest proximity to the flat phantom. Each metallic component accessory, if any, was checked for uniqueness of metal component so that each is tested with the device. If multiple accessories shared an identical metal component, only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body was tested. The cellular phone was tested with a headset connected to the device for all body-worn SAR measurements.

There are no Body-Worn Accessories available for this phone, so testing was performed with the front of the phone 1" away from the phantom and then with the back of the phone 1" away from the phantom.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body worn measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #	
E-Field Probe	SN1514	835	6.00	2 of 2	
ETDV6	5111514	1900	4.60	2 of 2	

			C331 (Body Worn)								
		Conducted	Back of Phone 1" From Phantom				Front of Phone 1" from Phantom				
c		Output	Measured Drift Extrapolated Temp M					D 16	D . 1 . 1	Simulate	
(MHz)	Description	Power (dBm)	(W/kg)	(dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Temp (°C)	
D:-!4-1	Channel 1013	25.04									
Digital 800 MHz	Channel 384	25.05	0.299	-0.03	0.30	20.6	0.324	0.0	0.32	20.5	
	Channel 777	24.90									
	Channel 25	25.00									
Digital 1900 MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.148	-0.15	0.15	19.4	0.105	-0.08	0.11	19.4	
	Channel 1175	25.05									

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

			C332 (Body Worn)								
		Conducted	Back of Phone 1" From Phantom				Front of Phone 1" from Phantom				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
Di-14-1	Channel 1013	25.04									
Digital 800 MHz	Channel 384	25.05	0.32	0.23	0.32	20.5	0.30	-0.11	0.31	20.3	
	Channel 777	24.90									
	Channel 25	25.00									
Digital 1900 MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.123	0.04	0.12	19.5	0.0575	-0.03	0.06	19.5	
	Channel 1175	25.05									

			C333 (Body Worn)								
		Conducted	Back of Phone 1" From Phantom				Front of Phone 1" from Phantom				
f (MHz)	Description	Output Power (dBm)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	Measured (W/kg)	Drift (dB)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Simulate Temp (°C)	
D: :. 1	Channel 1013	25.04									
Digital 800 MHz	Channel 384	25.05	0.307	-0.02	0.31	20.3	0.308	-0.01	0.31	20.3	
	Channel 777	24.90									
	Channel 25	25.00									
Digital 1900 MHz	Channel 600	24.91	0.169	0.00	0.17	19.5	0.106	-0.35	0.11	19.5	
	Channel 1175	25.05									

Appendix 1

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR

Forward Power = 251 mW Reflected Power = -28.54 dB

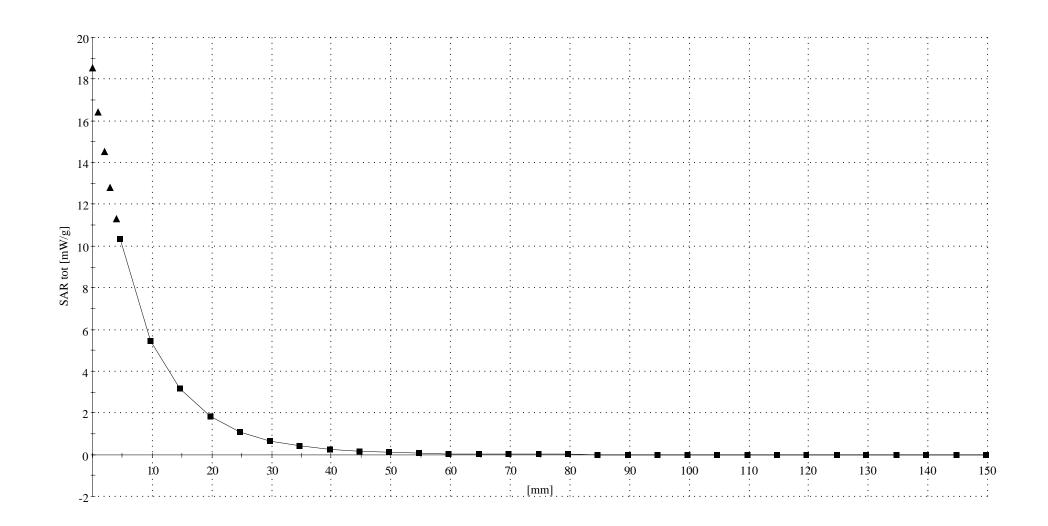
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.7C

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02);

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.41 mho/m ϵ_r = 39.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

:,,()

Penetration depth: 8.2 (7.9, 9.0) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 096

Forward Power = 251 mW Reflected Power = -22.92 dB

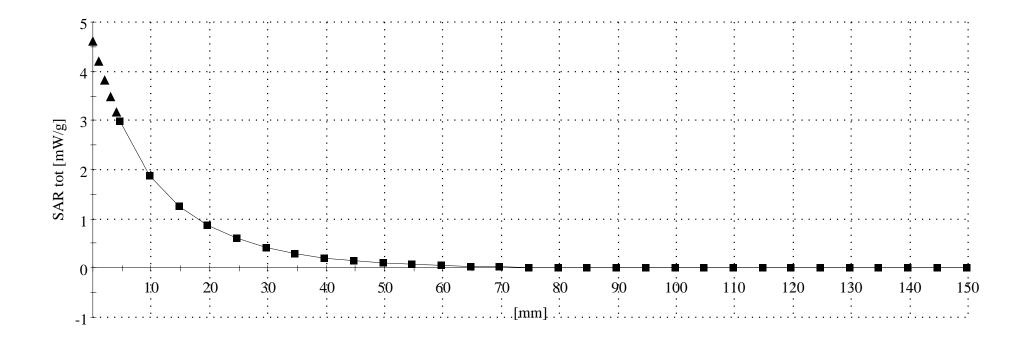
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.0C

R4 TP-1131 SUGAR sam expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1502 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.0$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.7) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 79

Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -24.80dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.2

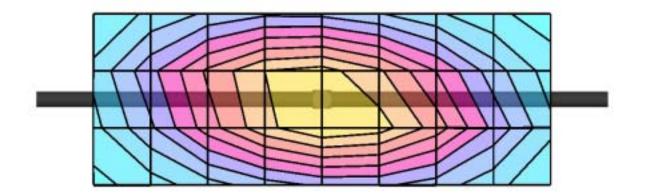
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

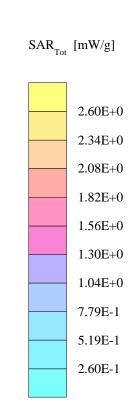
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.96 mho/m ϵ_r = 40.7 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.49 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.83 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.79 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.7, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB





900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 79

Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -24.80dB

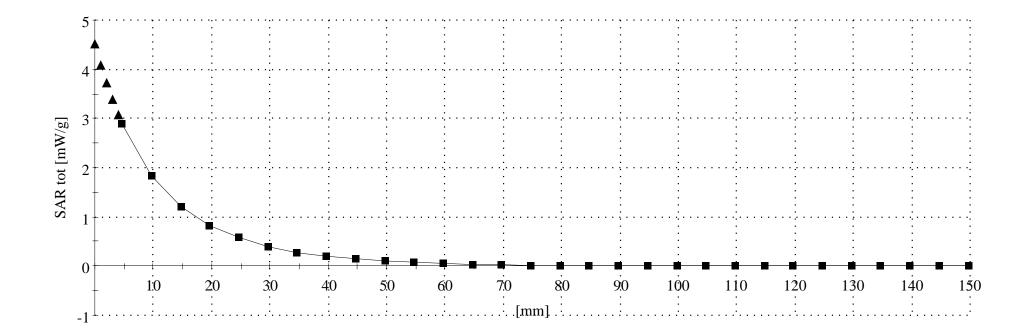
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 22.2

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 40.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

:,,()

Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.7, 12.6) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 249 mW Reflected Power = -24.12 dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7C

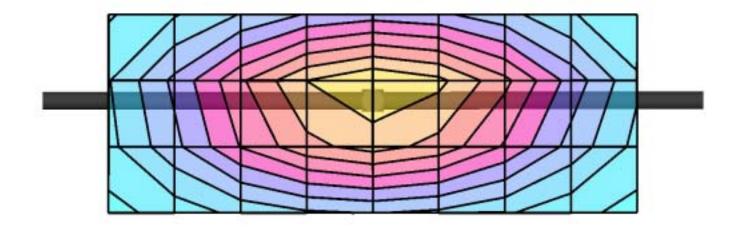
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

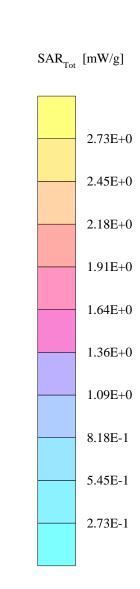
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: $4.52 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): $2.85 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): $1.80 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.7, 12.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB





900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 249 mW Reflected Power = -24.12 dB

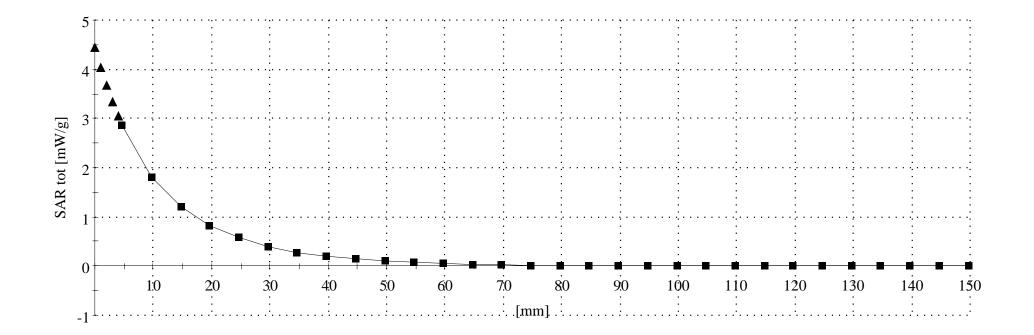
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.7C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.2$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.7, 12.7) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 253mW Reflected Power = -23.98dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.9C

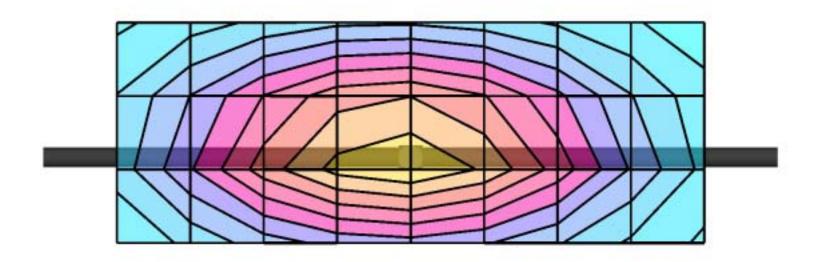
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

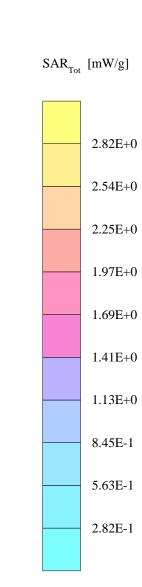
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.59 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.90 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.83 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.03 dB





900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 253 mW Reflected Power = -23.98 dB

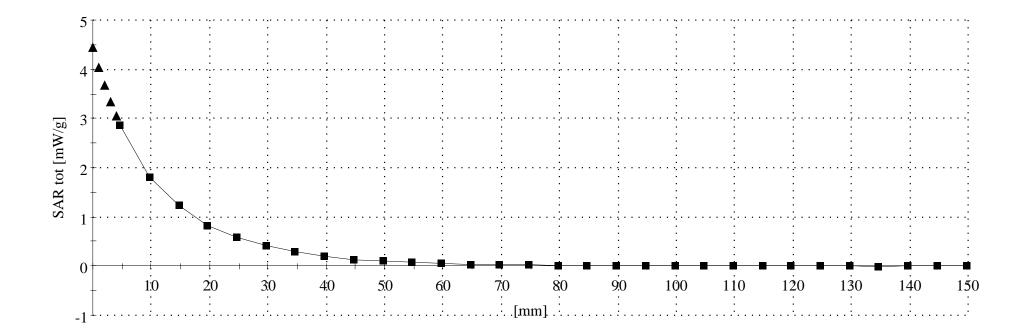
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.9C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.8, 12.8) [mm]



1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR Forward Power = 249mW Reflected Power = -27.42dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.1C

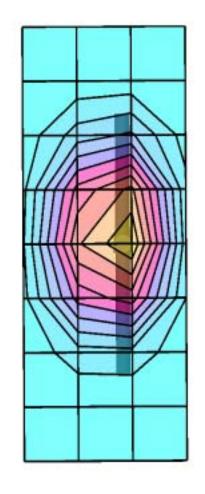
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02); section 2

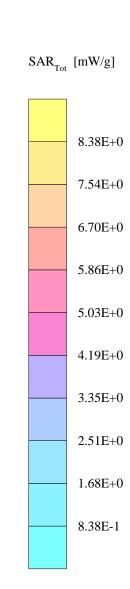
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.38 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.5 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 18.1 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.03 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 9.84 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 5.16 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.0, 9.2) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.04 dB





1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR

Forward Power = 249mW Reflected Power = -27.42dB

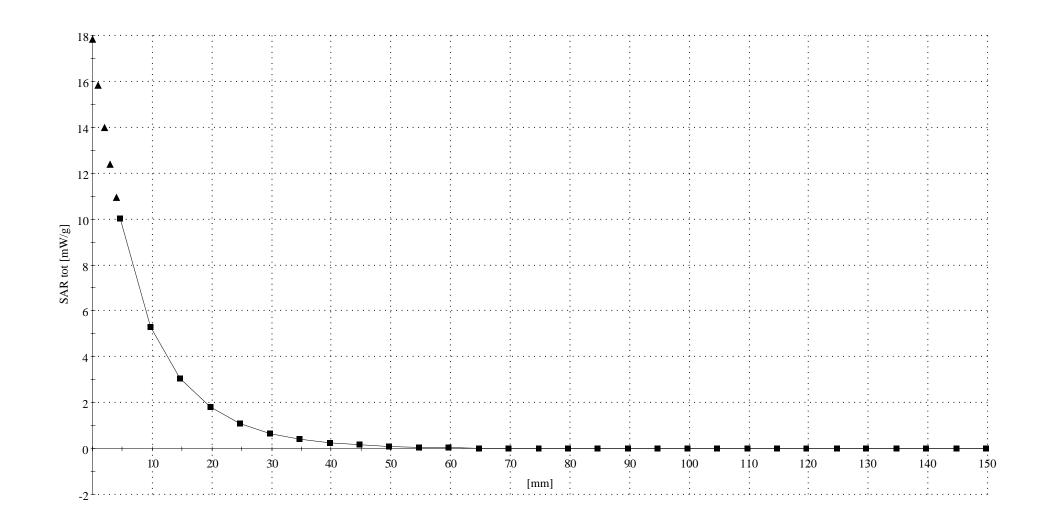
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.1C

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02);

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.38 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.5 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 8.3 (7.9, 9.0) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079 Forward Power = 254mw Reflected Power = -25.00db

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21.0*C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.5*C

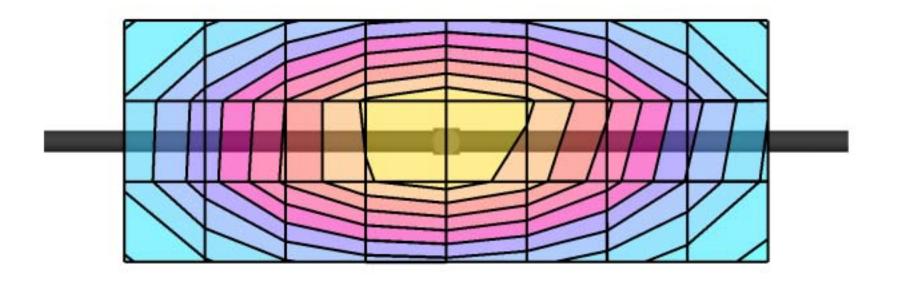
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.98 mho/m ϵ_r = 41.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.70 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.04 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.97 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.05 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.87 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.05 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.4 (10.6, 12.6) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.07 dB



 $SAR_{Tot} [mW/g]$ 2.67E+02.40E+02.13E+0 1.87E+01.60E+01.33E+01.07E+08.00E-1 5.33E-1 2.67E-1

900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 079

Forward Power = 254mw Reflected Power = -25.00db

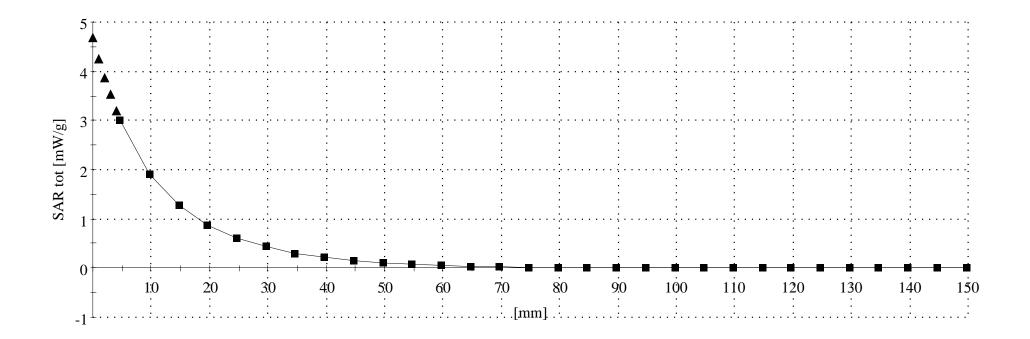
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21.0*C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 20.5*C

R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.98 mho/m ϵ_r = 41.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.7, 12.6) [mm]



900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 78

Forward Power = 249 mW Reflected Power = -23.30 dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.1

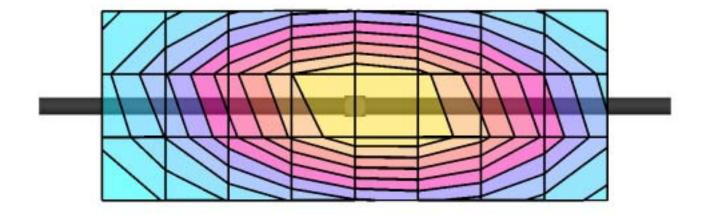
R# 2 TP-1106 SUGAR SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

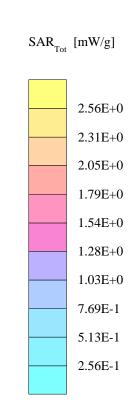
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515 - Validation(2); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.98 mho/m ϵ_r = 41.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.59 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.89 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.82 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.4 (10.6, 12.6) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.10 dB





900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 78

Forward Power = 249 mW Reflected Power = -23.30 dB

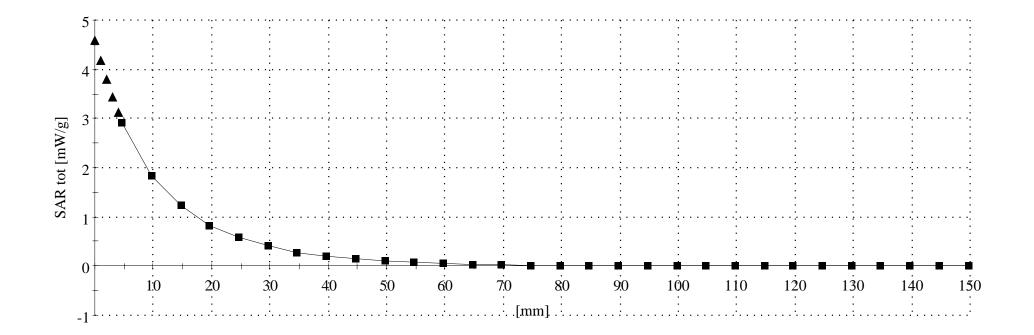
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21 Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.1

R# 2 TP-1106 SUGAR SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515 - Validation(2); ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

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Penetration depth: 11.4 (10.5, 12.6) [mm]



1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -25.22dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.6C

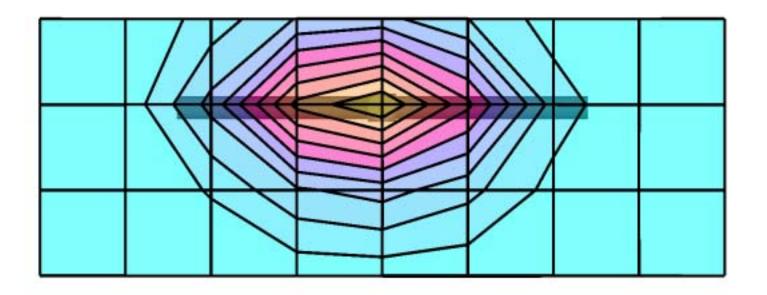
R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

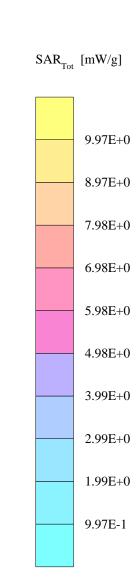
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.37 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 17.6 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 9.65 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 5.10 $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.4 (8.1, 9.2) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.27 dB





1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR

Forward Power = 250mW Reflected Power = -25.22dB

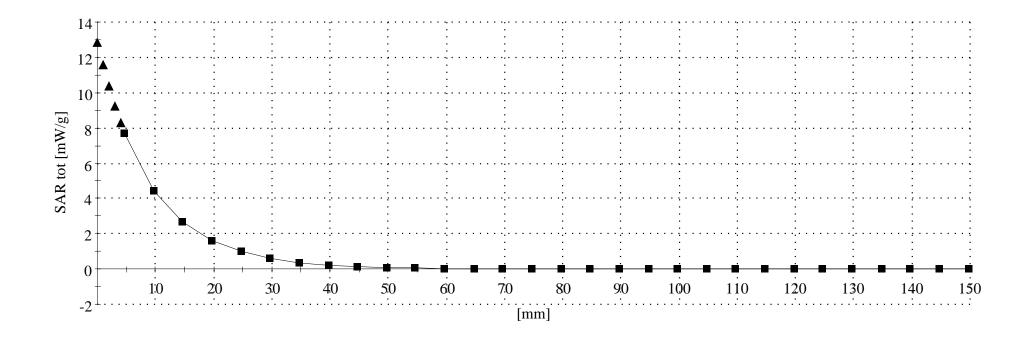
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.6C

R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.9$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

:,,()

Penetration depth: 9.3 (9.0, 10.0) [mm]



1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR Forward Power = 248mW Reflected Power = -25.84dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.3C

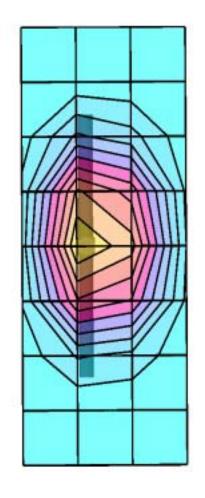
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02); section 2

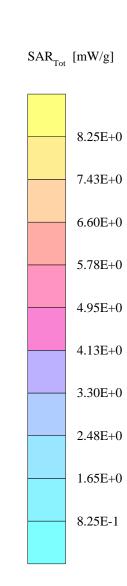
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.40 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.8 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 18.6 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.05 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 10.00 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 5.22 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.2 (7.9, 8.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB





1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR

Forward Power = 248mW Reflected Power = -25.84dB

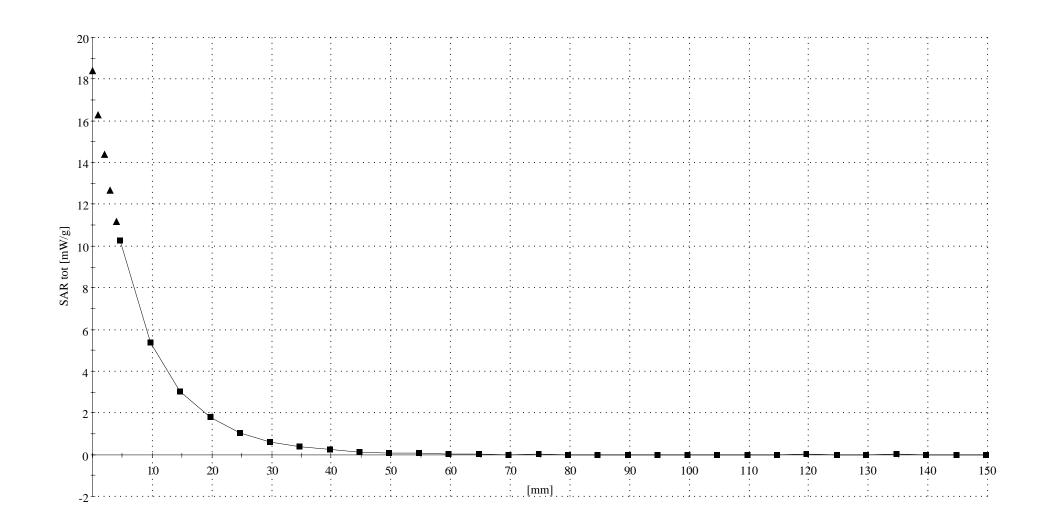
Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.3C

R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02);

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.40 mho/m ϵ_r = 38.8 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

:,,()

Penetration depth: 8.1 (7.8, 8.8) [mm]



1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 258TR Forward Power = 251mW Reflected Power = -28.54dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 19.7C

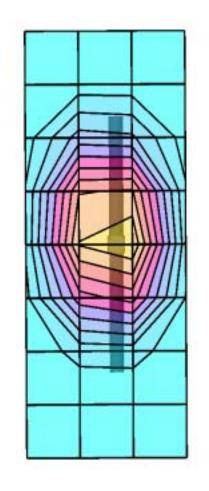
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02); section 2

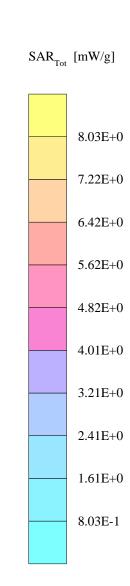
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - VALIDATION; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1800 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 1.41 mho/m ϵ_r = 39.6 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 18.8 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.03 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 10.2 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.01 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 5.30 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 8.2 (7.9, 9.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB





900 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 096

Forward Power = 251 mW Reflected Power = -22.92 dB

Room Temp at time of measurement = 21C Simulant Temp at time of measurement = 21.0C

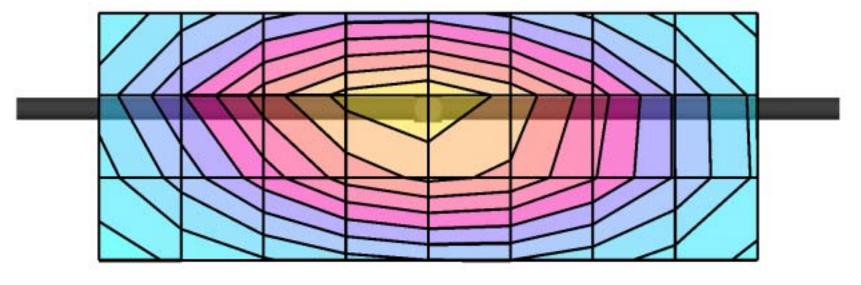
R4 TP-1131 SUGAR sam expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03; Flat

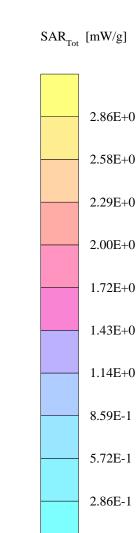
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1502 - VALIDATION; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 900 MHz VALIDATION: σ = 0.98 mho/m ϵ_r = 42.0 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cubes (2): Peak: 4.69 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, SAR (1g): 2.96 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, SAR (10g): 1.86 $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 11.6 (10.7, 12.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB





Appendix 2

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

SAR distribution plots for Phantom Head Adjacent Use

s/n: 42CC86EC

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: Cheek touch Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C331

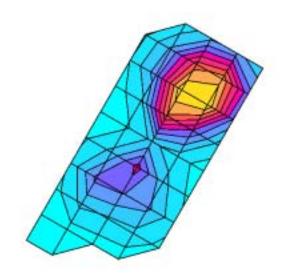
R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

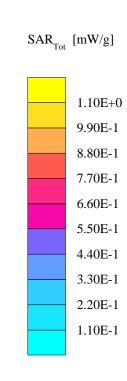
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 38.6 \ \rho = 1.00 \ \text{g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.22 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.704 $\,$ mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 10.4 (10.0, 10.9) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.09 dB





s/n: 42CC86EC

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: Cheek touch Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C333

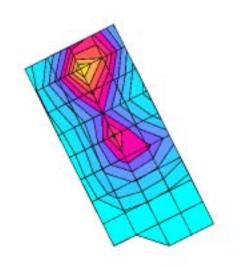
R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Right Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

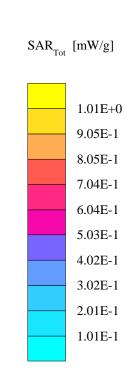
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.02 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.574 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0Penetration depth: 9.6 (9.4, 10.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.81 dB





Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always Up
Type of Modulation: CDMA
Antenna Position: Fixed
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): CHEEK

Accessory Model #: C332

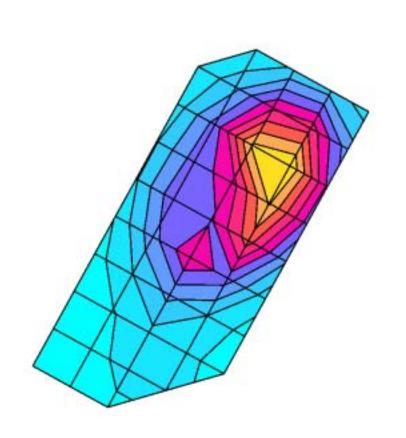
R# 2 TP-1106 SUGAR SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 836 MHz

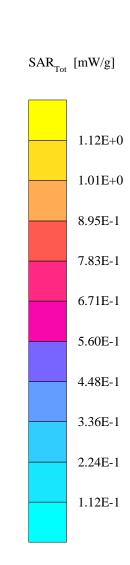
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1515 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.4$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.15 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.715 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 11.8 (11.0, 12.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.02 dB





Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP

Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA

Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek touch

Accessory Model #: C332

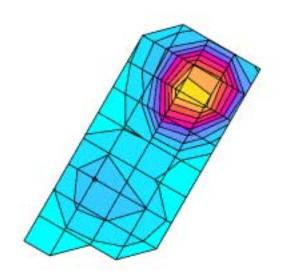
 $R5\ TP-1133\ Glycol\ SAM\ Expanded\ (Rev.\ 2)-9Jan 03\ Phantom;\ Left\ Hand\ Section;\ Position:\ (90^{\circ},180^{\circ});\ Frequency:\ 1880\ MHz$

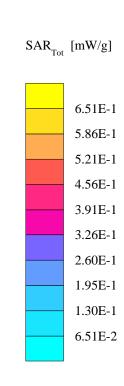
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 38.8 \text{ } \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.750 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.418 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 9.5 (9.0, 10.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.02 dB





Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek Accessory Model #: C331

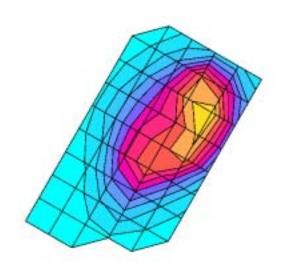
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

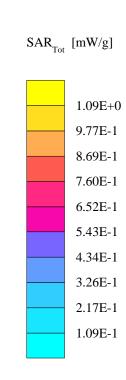
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 41.6 \text{ } \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.12 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.707 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 12.2 (11.6, 13.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.17 dB





Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION: Cheek Accessory Model #: C333

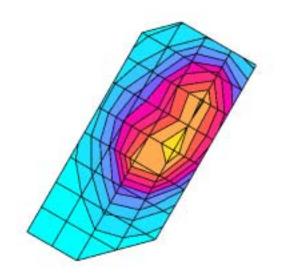
R5 TP-1132 Sugar SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

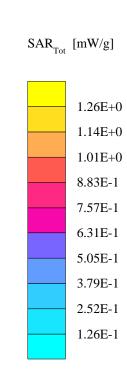
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: σ = 0.91 mho/m ϵ_r = 41.9 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.24 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.849 $\,$ mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 16.4 (14.9, 18.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB





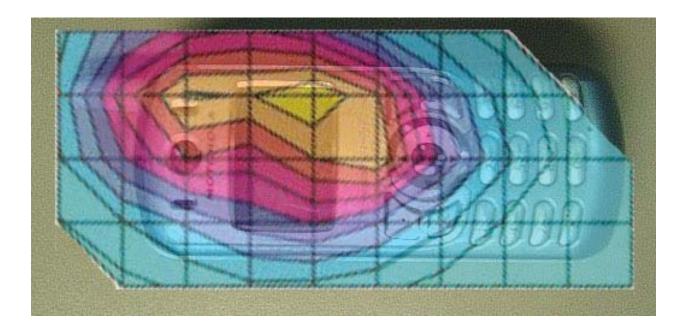


Figure 1.Typical 800MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

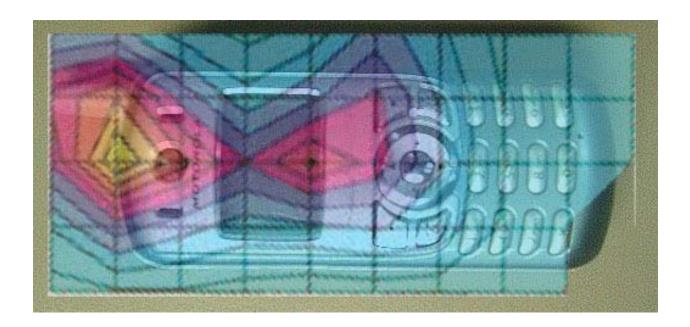


Figure 2.Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (Cheek Touch)

Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: Tilted 15*

Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C331

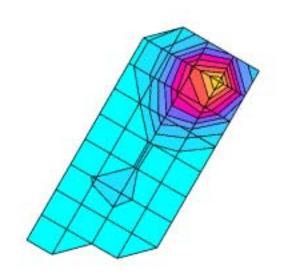
R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

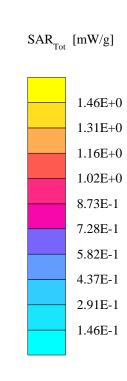
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 38.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.45 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.796 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0Penetration depth: 8.5 (8.2, 9.2) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.10 dB





Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: Tilt 15* Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C333

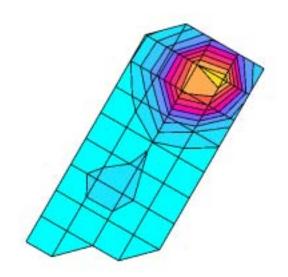
R5 TP-1133 Glycol SAM Expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 1909 MHz

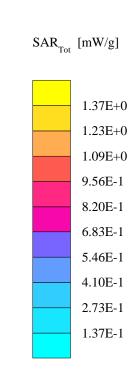
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 38.8 \text{ } \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.47 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.814 $\,$ mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 8.6 (8.2, 9.4) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.03 dB





Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always Up Type of Modulation: CDMA 800 Antenna Position: Fixed Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Rotated

Accessory Model #: C332

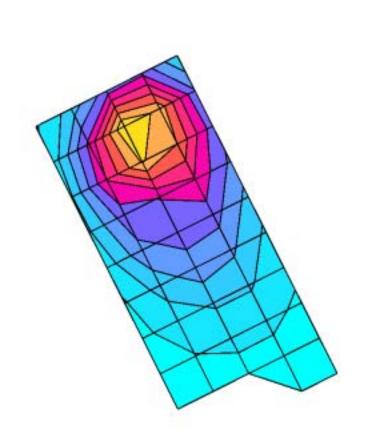
 $R5\ TP-1132\ Sugar\ SAM\ Expanded\ (Rev.\ 2)-9Jan03\ Phantom;\ Right\ Hand\ Section;\ Position:\ (90^{\circ},180^{\circ});\ Frequency:\ 837\ MHz$

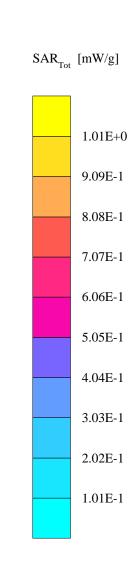
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.5$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.25 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.703 $\,$ mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 11.3 (10.9, 12.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.07 dB





Ch# 1175 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: Tilt 15* Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C332

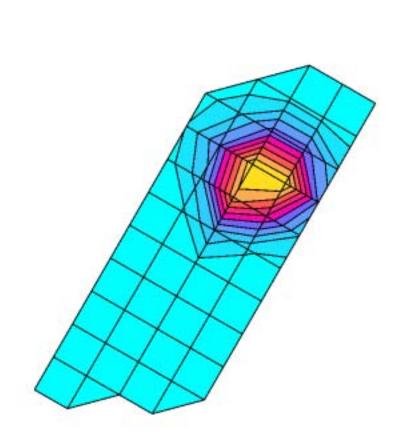
 $R5\ TP-1133\ Glycol\ SAM\ Expanded\ (Rev.\ 2)-9Jan03\ Phantom;\ Left\ Hand\ Section;\ Position:\ (90^{\circ},180^{\circ});\ Frequency:\ 1909\ MHz$

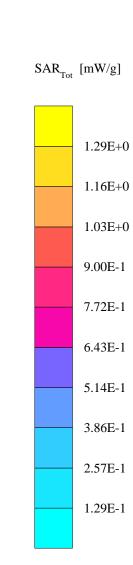
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(5.20,5.20,5.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 38.5 \ \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.39 $\,$ mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.779 $\,$ mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 9.6 (9.2, 10.3) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB





s/n: 42CC870A

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always Up Type of Modulation: CDMA 800 Antenna Position: Fixed Battery Model #: SNN5725A

DEVICE POSITION (cheek or rotated): Rotated

Accessory Model #: C331

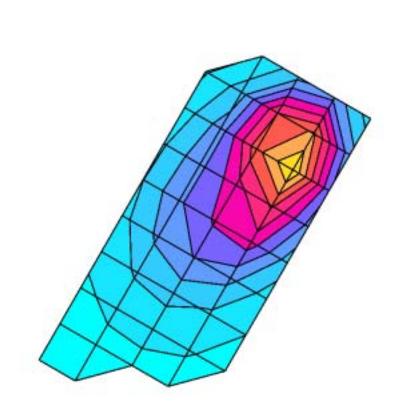
R4 TP-1131 SUGAR sam expanded (Rev. 2)-9Jan03 Phantom; Left Hand Section; Position: (90°,180°); Frequency: 837 MHz

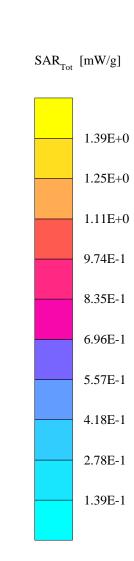
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1502 - IEEE HEAD; ConvF(6.50,6.50,6.50); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 42.8$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.58 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.915 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 10.9 (10.1, 12.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.01 dB





S/N 42CC86EC

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA DEVICE POSITION: 15 deg TILT Antenna Position: FIXED Battery Model #: SNN5725A

A conscious Model #: C222

Accessory Model #: C333

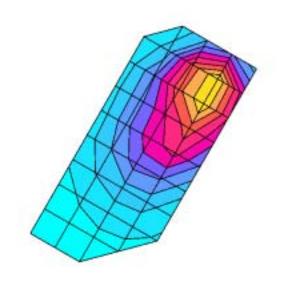
 $R5\ TP-1132\ Sugar\ SAM\ Expanded\ (Rev.\ 2)-9Jan 03\ Phantom;\ Left\ Hand\ Section;\ Position:\ (90^{\circ},180^{\circ});\ Frequency:\ 837\ MHz$

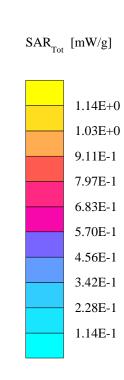
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - IEEE Head; ConvF(6.20,6.20,6.20); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: σ = 0.91 mho/m ϵ_r = 42.1 ρ = 1.00 g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 1.30 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.776 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 15.0 Penetration depth: 10.3 (9.8, 11.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.24 dB





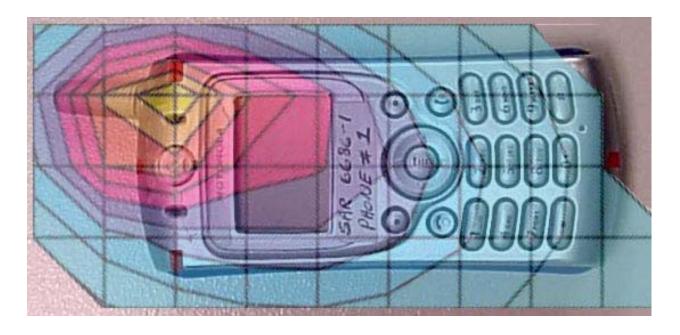


Figure 3.Typical 800MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

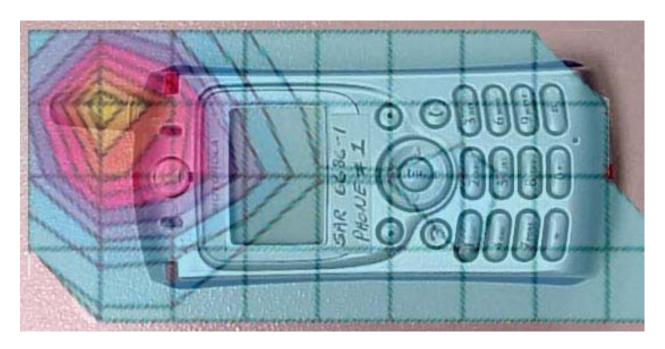


Figure 4.Typical 1900MHz Head Adjacent Contour Overlaid on Phone (15 ° Tilt)

Appendix 3

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

SAR distribution plots for Body Worn Configuration

Ch# 384 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Type of Modulation: 800 CDMA
Antenna Position: FIXED
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: C331

Front of phone 1 inch away from phantom

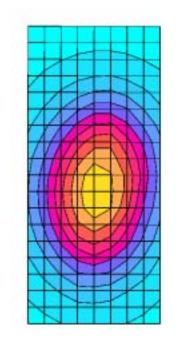
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 1 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 837 MHz

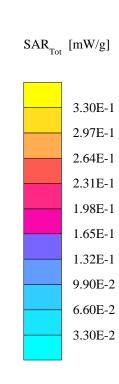
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - FCC Body; ConvF(6.00,6.00,6.00); Crest factor: 1.0; 835 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 54.6$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.324 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.235 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 10.0, Dy = 10.0, Dz = 10.0Penetration depth: 16.9 (15.3, 18.7) [mm]

Powerdrift: 0.00 dB





Ch# 600 / Pwr Step: Always UP
Type of Modulation: 1900 CDMA
Antenna Position: FIXED
Battery Model #: SNN5725A

Accessory Model #: BACK of Phone 1 inch away from Phantom

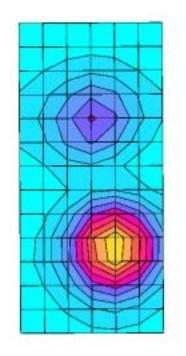
R5 Amy Twin Phantom Rev.4 (22Aug02) Phantom; section 2 Section; Position: (0°,0°); Frequency: 1880 MHz

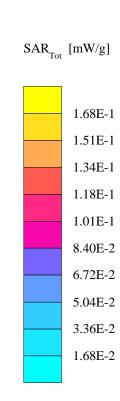
Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1514 - FCC Body; ConvF(4.60,4.60,4.60); Crest factor: 1.0; 1880 MHz Head & Body: $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m $\epsilon_r = 51.7$ $\rho = 1.00$ g/cm³

Cube 7x7x7: SAR (1g): 0.169 mW/g, SAR (10g): 0.104 mW/g, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0 Penetration depth: 10.4 (9.3, 11.8) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.00 dB





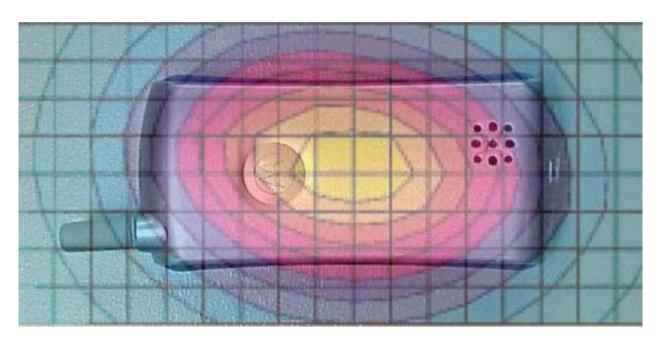


Figure 5. Typical 800 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

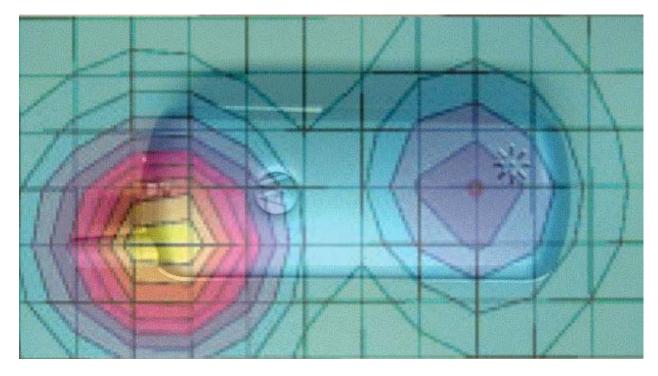


Figure 6. Typical 1900 MHz Body-Worn Contour Overlaid on Phone

Appendix 4

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Probe Calibration Certificate

Appendix 5

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Interim Dipole Correlation Certificate

FCD-0359, Rev.001

079 Last Calibration Date: 15-Oct-02 **Dipole Serial Number:** Calibration Due: Dipole Type (MHz): 900MHz dipole 15-Oct-04 Manufacturer: **SPEAG**

-Manufacturer's Original Calibration Information-

Dipole to be correlated: [Serial Number:	79
--	----

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	10.8 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.6
Conductivity:	0.95
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250 mW

Primary Dipole Referenced: [Serial Number: 77]

	j .
1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	11.4 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.3
Conductivity:	0.95
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250mW

-Correlation Method Utilized- per DOI-1265

(select one)

By Similarity: X By Transfer Calibration:

-Measured Data-

Probe S/N:	1398	Conductivity (meas.):	0.96
Robot Cell #:	PCS-1	Permittivity (meas.):	40.0

Primary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

3.07 mW/g (1W)		
	(if required)	(if required)

Secondary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<u> </u>
3.05 mW/g (1W)		
	(if required)	(if required)

-NEW Correlated Target-

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	11.4 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.3
Conductivity:	0.95

Approved by: Date: 12/12/2002

Correlated to get worst case extrapolation targets. Secondary measured within 2% of the primary standard.

Interim Dipole Correlation Certificate

FCD-0359, Rev.001

Dipole Serial Number:	096	Last Calibration Date:	January 6, 2003
Dipole Type (MHz):	D900V2	Calibration Due:	January 6, 2005
		Manufacturer:	SPEAG

-Manufacturer's Original Calibration Information-

Dipole to be correlated:	[Serial Number:	096	

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	10.8 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.8
Conductivity:	0.95
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250 mW

Primary Dipole Referenced: [Serial Number: 077]

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	11.4 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.3
Conductivity:	0.95
Probe Serial Number:	1507
Forward Power:	250 mW

-Correlation	Method	Utilized-	per DOI-1265

(select one)

By Similarity: X By Transfer Calibration:

-Measured Data-

Probe S/N:	1521	Conductivity (meas.):	0.95
Robot Cell #:	PCS-1	Permittivity (meas.):	40.8

Primary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

_	TITILITY STATEMENT OF	<u> </u>	44844	•• , ,	446	- 8	-
	2.90 mW/g						
		(if require	ed)	(if required	<u>1)</u>	

Secondary Standard (average of 0-degree & 90-degree 1g cubes):

	\	<u> </u>
2.89 mW/g		
	(if required)	(if required)

-NEW Correlated Target-

1g SAR normalized to 1W forward power (mW/g):	11.4 mW/g
Relative Dielectric:	40.3
Conductivity:	0.95

Approved by: Automo Feneral Date: 2/7/03

Comments:

Secondary measured within 1% of the primary standard. Correlation is required to establish worst case extrapolation targets.

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zaughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

900 MHz System Validation Dipole

Туре:	D900V2
Serial Number:	078
Place of Calibration:	Zwish
Date of Calibration:	August 23, 2001
Calibration Interval:	24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG**

Zaughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

DASY

Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D900V2

Serial: 078

Manufactured: August 21, 2000

Calibrated: August 23, 2001

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new generic twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 900 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 40.3 ± 5% Conductivity 0.95 mho/m ± 5%

The DASY3 System (Software version 3.1c) with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.27 at 900 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW ± 3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2. SAR Measurement

Standard SAR-measurements were performed with the phantom according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values are:

averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of tissue: 11.3 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of tissue: 7.12 mW/g

Note: If the liquid parameters for validation are slightly different from the ones used for initial calibration, the SAR-values will be different as well.

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3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:

1.410 ns (

(one direction)

Transmission factor:

0.988

(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 900 MHz:

 $Re\{Z\} = 50.5 \Omega$

 $\text{Im} \{Z\} = -4.6 \Omega$

Return Loss at 900 MHz

-26.7 dB

4. Handling

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. If the dipole arms have to be bent back, take care to release stress to the soldered connections near the feedpoint; they might come off.

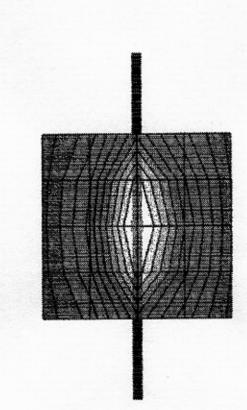
After prolonged use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Validation Dipole D900V2 SN:078, d = 15 mm

Cubes (2); Peak 4.57 mWig ± 0.02 dB, SAR (1g); 2.82 mWig ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g); 1.78 mWig ± 0.02 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 11.5 (10.2, 13.1) [mm] Frequency: 900 MHz; Antenna Input Power: 250 [mW] SAM Phanton; Flat Section; Grid Spacing: 0x = 20.0, 0y = 20.0, 0z = 10.0 Prube: ET30V6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.27,6.27) at 900 MHz; IEEE 1528 900 MHz; σ = 0.95 mho/m s_{ν} = 40.3 p = 1.00 g/cm³

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB

SAR_{Ta} [mW/g]



2.00E+0 1.75E+0 1.50E+0 1,25E+0 1.00E+0 2.50E+0 2.25E+0 7.50E-1 2.50E-1 5.00E-1

Appendix 6

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom)

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Uncertainty budget for System		rrend	ıı illall	ce Check (aipoie			& nat phantom)			
				e =			h =	<i>i</i> =		
				f(d,k)			cxf/	c x g		
a	b	c	d)	f	g	e	/ e	k	
		Tol.	Prob.		c_i	c_i	1 g	10 g		
		(± %)	Dist.		(1 g)	(10 g)	u_i	u_i		
Uncertainty Component	Sec.			Div.			(±%)	(±%)	v_i	
Measurement System										
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	9.5	N	2.00	1	1	4.8	4.8	∞	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	8	
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞	
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	5.8	R	1.73	1	1	3.3	3.3	8	
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	8	
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	8	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1.00	1	1	1.0	1.0	8	
Response Time	E.2.7	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	8	
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	8	
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	8	
Probe Positioner Mechanical										
Tolerance	E.6.2	0.3	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞	
Probe Positioning with respect to										
Phantom Shell	E.6.3	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞	
Extrapolation, interpolation and										
Integration Algorithms for Max.										
SAR Evaluation	E.5	3.9	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞	
Dipole										
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞	
Input Power and SAR Drift			_							
Measurement	8, 6.6.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞	
Phantom and Tissue										
Parameters										
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	D	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3		
,	E.3.1	4.0	R	1./3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1 72	0.64	0.43	1.0	1.2		
	E.3.2	5.0	K	1.73	0.04	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞	
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	3.7	2.5		
	E.3.3	10.0	K	1./3	0.04	0.43	3.7	2.3	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - deviation	E.3.2	10.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	3.5	2.8		
from target values	1:.3.2	10.0	IX.	1./3	0.0	0.49	٥.٥	2.0	∞	
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	4-	
Combined Standard	E.3.3	3.0	IX.	1./3	0.0	0.49	1./	1.4	∞	
Uncertainty			RSS				10.16	9.43	99999	
Expanded Uncertainty								, , , ,		
(95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			k=2				19.92	18.48		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										

Appendix 7

FCC ID: IHDT56CL1

Photographs of the device under test















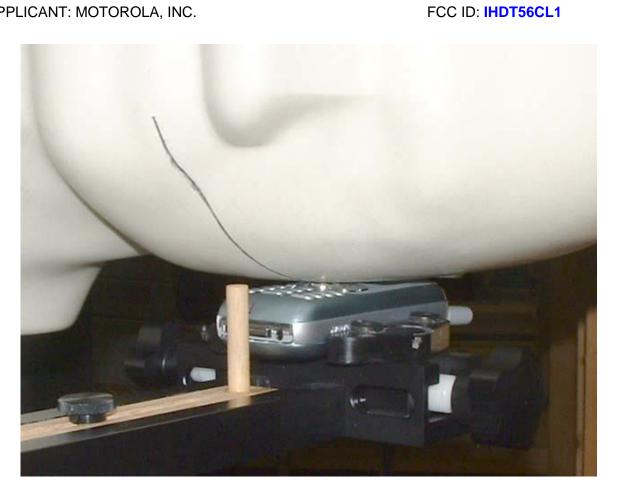




Exhibit 11 Page 28





Exhibit 11 Page 29



