



Portable Cellular Phone Supplemental SAR Test Report

Motorola Mobility, Inc.

Tests Requested By: 600 N. US Highway 45

Libertyville, IL 60048

Test Report #: 24933-1F Supplemental

Date of Report: Apr-20-2012

Feb-29-2012 to Apr-06-2012 **Date of Test:**

FCC ID #: IHDP56MB4

Generic Name: N/A

Motorola Mobility, Inc. - ADR Test Services Laboratory

Test Laboratory: 600 N. US Highway 45

Libertyville, IL 60048

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Engineer

This laboratory is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025-2005 to perform the following tests:

Accreditation:

Procedures:

Electromagnetic Specific Absorption Rate IEC 62209-1 RSS-102

IEEE 1528 - 2003

FCC OET Bulletin 65 (including Supplement C) Australian Communications Authority Radio

Communications (Electromagnetic Radiation – Human

Exposure) Standard 2003 CENELEC EN 50360 ARIB Std. T-56 (2002)

On the following products or types of products:

Wireless Communications Devices (Examples): Two Way Radios; Portable Phones (including

Cellular, Licensed Non-Broadcast and PCS); Low Frequency Readers; and Pagers

Motorola declares under its sole responsibility that the portable cellular telephone model to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the appropriate General Population/Uncontrolled RF exposure standards, recommendations and guidelines (FCC 47 CFR §2.1093) as well as with CENELEC en50360:2001 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1. It also declares that the product was tested in accordance with IEEE 1528 / CENELEC EN62209-1 (2006), as well as other appropriate measurement standards, guidelines and recommended practices. Any deviations from these standards, guidelines and recommended practices are noted

Statement of **Compliance:**

Motorola's ISO 17025 accreditation scope does not currently include SAR testing in the 5 GHz band. Therefore, SAR testing performed in this band was performed outside of our ISO 17025 accreditation. The general procedures and guidelines provided within; FCC KDB 248227 D01, FCC KDB 648474 D01, FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEC 62209-2 were utilized for testing.

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This test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory. The results and statements contained herein relate only to the items tested. The names of individuals involved may be mentioned only in connection with the statements or results from this report. Motorola encourages all feedback, both positive and negative, on this test report.

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1. Introduction

The Motorola Mobility ADR Test Services Laboratory has performed measurements of the maximum potential exposure to the user of the portable cellular phone covered by this test report. The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of this product was measured. The portable cellular phone was tested in accordance with [1], [4] and [5]. The SAR values measured for the portable cellular phone are below the maximum recommended levels of 1.6 W/kg in a 1 g average set in [3] and 2.0 W/kg in a 10 g average set in [2].

Per direction of the FCC, the following SAR test data is being provided to demonstrate the device's effective utilization of power reduction conditions specified in Exhibit 12 - Operational Description. The values in the table in Section 6.0 are provided solely for purposes of confirming compliant power reduction operation and do not represent maximum SAR values of the product. For maximum reported SAR compliance values, refer to the Exhibit 11 SAR test report.

2. Description of the Device Under Test

2.1 Device Signaling

Serial Number(s) (Functional Use)	LDNB270018 (non-reduced power GPRS 1900, WCDMA 1700, WDMA 1900 testing) LDNB270029 (non-reduced power LTE Band 4 testing) LDUB2M0130 (reduced power GPRS 1900, WCDMA 1700, WDMA 1900, LTE Band 4 mobile hotspot SAR testing)
Production Unit or Identical Prototype (47 CFR §2908)	Identical Prototype
Device Category	Portable (Mobile Station)
RF Exposure Limits	General Population / Uncontrolled

Mode(s) of Operation	Modulation Mode(s)	Maximum Output Power Setting	Duty Cycle	Transmitting Frequency Range(s)
WCDMA 1700	QPSK	24.0 dBm	1:1	1712 - 1752 MHz
LTE Band 4	QPSK, 16QAM	24.0 dBm	1:1	1717.5-1747.5 MHz
WCDMA 1900	QPSK	24.0 dBm	1:1	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
GPRS 1900	GMSK	29.5 dBm	2:8	1850.2 - 1909.8 MHz

2.2.1 Power limit reduction schemes

For specified modes of operation, the DUT utilizes reduced maximum power limits to maintain compliance to SAR exposure limits. Complete descriptions of the following functionalities are provided in the Operational Description contained within Exhibit 12. The implementations to trigger the reductions in power require the device to be radiating, which prevents conducted power measurements of these functionalities without modification of the DUT.

The DUT utilizes reduced limits for the maximum transmit power when the mobile hotspot functionality is enabled in WCDMA 1700, LTE Band 4, WCDMA 1900 and GPRS 1900 bands. These limits are utilized when in a data connection during a mobile hotspot session. A table of the reduced limits used for testing is given below.

Mode(s) of Operation	WCDMA 1700	LTE Band 4	WCDMA 1900	GPRS 1900	
Maximum Output Power Setting (dBm)	24.0	24.0	24.0	29.5	
Reduced Maximum Output Power Setting (dBm)	21.0	21.0	18.0	25.0	
Power Reduction (dB)	3.0	3.0	6.0	4.5	

3. Test Equipment Used

3.1 Dosimetric System

The Motorola Mobility ADR Test Services Laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (Dasy4TM v4.7) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAGTM), of Zurich Switzerland. All the SAR measurements are taken within a shielded enclosure. The overall 10 g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 10.8\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 21.6\%$ (K=2). The overall 1 g RSS uncertainty of the measurement system is $\pm 11.1\%$ (K=1) with an expanded uncertainty of $\pm 22.2\%$ (K=2). The measurement uncertainty budget is given in Appendix 6. Per IEEE 1528, this uncertainty budget is applicable to the SAR range of 0.4 W/kg to 10 W/kg.

The list of calibrated equipment used for the measurements is shown in the following table.

Description	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
DASY4™ DAE V1	440	Jan-16-2012	Jan-16-2013
DASY4™ DAE V1	1310	Jan-11-2012	Jan-11-2013
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3284	Jan-10-2012	Jan-10-2013
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450 MHz	TP-1162		
S.A.M. Phantom used for 1800/1900/2450 MHz	TP-1319		
S.A.M. Phantom used for 5 GHz	TP-1106		
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	250TR	Mar-17-2011	Mar-17-2012
Dipole Validation Kit, DV1800V2	2d191	Jan-05-2012	Jan-05-2013

3.2 Additional Equipment

Description	Serial Number	Cal Date	Cal Due Date
Signal Generator HP8648C	3847A04810	Sept-26-2011	Sept-26-2013
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511090	Aug-12-2011	Aug-12-2013
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39210917	Nov-16-2011	Nov-16-2012
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39210918	Nov-16-2011	Nov-16-2012
Signal Generator N5181A	MY50143026	Oct-27-2011	Oct-27-2014
Power Meter E4419B	GB39511088	Aug-11-2011	Aug-11-2013
Power Sensor #1 - E9301A	US39211009	Aug-16-2011	Aug-16-2012
Power Sensor #2 - E9301A	US39211013	Aug-16-2011	Aug-16-2012
Network Analyzer HP8753ES	US39171846	May-19-2011	May-19-2012
Dielectric Probe Kit HP85070C	US99360070		

4. Electrical parameters of the tissue simulating liquid

Prior to conducting SAR measurements, the relative permittivity, ε_r , and the conductivity, σ , of the tissue simulating liquids were measured with a HP85070 Dielectric Probe Kit These values, along with the temperature of the simulated tissue are shown in the table below. The recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity are also shown. A mass density of $\rho = 1$ $^g/_{cm^3}$ was entered into the system in all the cases. It can be seen that the measured parameters are within tolerance of the recommended limits specified in [1] and [5].

E-field probes calibrated at 1810 MHz were used for "1900 MHz" band (1850 MHz - 1910 MHz) SAR measurements. FCC KDB 450824 provides additional requirements on page 3 of 6 for SAR testing that is performed with probe calibration points that are more than 50 MHz removed from the measured bands. The KDB requires; "(2) When nominal tissue dielectric parameters are specified in the probe calibration data, the tissue dielectric parameters measured for routine measurements should be less than the target Er and higher than the target Sigma values to minimize SAR underestimations". The 1900 MHz simulated tissues listed below meet this criteria.

f	Tissue		Dielectric Parameters			
(MHz)	type	Limits / Measured	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_r$	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)	
		Measured, 2-28-2012	52.4	1.5	19.4	
		Measured, 3-29-2012	51.0	1.48	19.5	
1730	Body	Measured, 4-4-2012	53.3	1.49	19.4	
		Measured, 4-6-2012	52.5	1.5	19.4 5% 18-25	
		Recommended Limits	53.5 ±5%	1.48 ±5%	18-25	
		Measured, 2-26-2012	51.6	1.59	19.4	
		Measured, 2-27-2012	51.6	1.59	19.6	
1880	Body	Measured, 3-28-2012	-28-2012 52.7	1.57	19.4	
		Measured, 3-30-2012	52.0	1.59	19.6	
		Recommended Limits	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25	

The list of ingredients and the percent composition used for the simulated tissues are indicated in the table below.

Ingredient	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Head	1800 MHz / 1900 MHz Body
Sugar		
DGBE	47	30.8
Diacetin		
Water	52.62	68.8
Salt	0.38	0.4
HEC		
Bact.		

5. System Accuracy Verification

A system accuracy verification of the DASY4 $^{\text{TM}}$ was performed using the measurement equipment listed in Section 3.1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom.

A SAR measurement was performed to verify the measured SAR was within $\pm 10\%$ from the target SAR indicated in Appendix 7. These frequencies are within $\pm 10\%$ of the compliance test mid-band frequency as required in [1] and [5]. The test was conducted on the same days as the measurement of the DUT. Recommended limits for permittivity and conductivity, specified in [5], are shown in the table below. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are also displayed in the table below. SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power delivered to the dipole. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values. The distributions of SAR compare well with those of the reference measurements (see Appendix 1). For frequencies below 3 GHz, the simulated tissue depth was verified to be 15.0 cm \pm 0.5 cm. Z-axis scans showing the SAR penetration are also included in Appendix 1.

	System Accuracy Verification Measurements for Body SAR Measurements							
f		SAR (W/kg),	Dielectric F	Dielectric Parameters		Tissue		
(MHz)	Description	1 gram	$\mathbf{\epsilon}_r$	σ (S/m)	Temp (°C)	Temp (°C)		
	Measured, 2-26-2012	35.7	52.0	1.49	21.7	19.7		
	Measured, 2-27-2012	36.1	51.9	1.50	22.2	20.5		
	Measured, 2-28-2012	36.0	52.1	1.49	22.2	20.5		
	Recommended Limits	37.2	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25	18-25		
1000	Measured, 3-28-2012	35.3	53.0	1.48	20.6	19.2		
1800	Measured, 3-29-2012	35.4	52.7	1.49	21.3	19.0		
	Measured, 3-30-2012	35.1	52.4	1.50	20.2	18.3		
	Measured, 4-4-2012	36.1	53.1	1.57	20.9	19.0		
	Measured, 4-6-2012	36.6	52.2	1.58	21.2	19.0		
	Recommended Limits	37.8	53.3 ±5%	1.52 ±5%	18-25	18-25		

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used with the system accuracy verification measurements for body SAR measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #	
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3115	1810	4.61	6 of 11	
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3184	1810	4.90	6 of 11	

6. Test Results

The test sample was operated using an actual transmission through a base station simulator. The base station simulator or test software was set up for the proper channels, transmitter power levels and transmit modes of operation.

The phone was tested in configurations specified by the FCC for this device in order to demonstrate the effective utilization of power reduction conditions specified in Exhibit 12. Testing was performed with a separation of 1 cm between the DUT and the "flat" phantom. The phone was positioned into these configurations using the device holder supplied with the DASY4TM SAR measurement system. The default settings for the "coarse" and "cube" scans were chosen and used for measurements. The grid spacing of the coarse scan was set to 15 mm or less as shown in the SAR plots included in Appendix 2. Please refer to the DASY4TM manual for additional information on SAR scanning procedures and algorithms used.

The SAR results shown in the table below are maximum SAR values averaged over 1 gram of phantom tissue. Also shown is the extrapolated SAR to account for drift. The exact method of extrapolation is Extrapolated SAR = Measured SAR * $10^{(\text{-drift}/10)}$. The SAR reported at the end of the measurement process by the DASY4TM measurement system can be scaled up by the measured drift to determine the SAR at the beginning of the measurement process. This is the most conservative SAR because it corresponds to the average output power at the beginning of the SAR test. This extrapolation has been done because when the DUT is operating properly it may exhibit a slump in radiated power and SAR over time. This is verified by measuring the SAR drift after the test.

The DUT utilizes a reduced limit for the maximum transmit power for the WCDMA 1700, LTE Band 4, WCDMA 1900, GPRS 1900 mode when the mobile hotspot functionality is enabled. A description of this functionality is provided in the "Operational Description" contained within Exhibit 12.

A SPEAGTM MFP V5.1 C Triple Modular Phantom was used for the body-worn tests. The triple modular phantom consists of three identical modules that can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid. Each module of the triple phantom is constructed of glass-fiber reinforced vinylester (VG-GF) with a thickness at the bottom of 2.0 mm. It measures 29.2 cm(long) by 17.8 cm(wide) by 17.8 cm(tall). Alternately, a "flat" phantom was used for the body-worn tests. This "flat" phantom is made out of 1" thick natural High Density Polyethylene with a thickness at the bottom of 2.0 mm. It measures 52.7 cm(long) by 26.7 cm(wide) by 21.2 cm(tall).

The simulated tissue depth was verified to be 15.0 cm \pm 0.5 cm for frequencies below 3 GHz, or 10.0 cm \pm 0.5 cm for frequencies greater than 3 GHz.

The following probe conversion factors were used on the E-Field probe(s) used for the body-worn mobile hotspot measurements:

Description	Serial Number	f (MHz)	Conversion Factor	Cal Cert pg #		
		750	6.36	6 of 11		
	3284	835	6.28	6 of 11 6 of 11		
E-Field Probe ES3DV3	3204	1810	5.28	6 of 11		
		2450	4.56	6 of 11		
	3124	1810	4.69	6 of 11		
		5200	4.01	6 of 11		
E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3730	5300	3.79	6 of 11		
E-Meid Mobe EASD V4	3730	5600	3.25	6 of 11		
		5800	3.63	6 of 11		

Per direction of the FCC, the following SAR test data is being provided to demonstrate the device's effective utilization of power reduction conditions specified in Exhibit 12 - Operational Description. The values in the table are provided solely for purposes of confirming compliant power reduction operation and do not represent maximum SAR values of the product. For maximum reported SAR compliance values, refer to the Exhibit 11 SAR test report.

	Mobile Hotspot, Bottom Edge of Phone 10 mm from Phantom								
f (MHz)		CI I		1 g SAR value without Power Reduction		1 g SAR value with Power Reduction		Measured Power	
	Mode	Channel	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Measured (W/kg)	Extrapolated (W/kg)	Specification (dB)	Reduction (dB)	
		1312	2.55	2.58	1.14	1.14	3.0	3.5	
	WCDMA 1700	1413	2.11	2.11	1.08	1.08	3.0	2.9	
1522		1513	2.83	2.83	1.35	1.35	3.0	3.2	
1732	LTE Band 4	20025	1.94	1.94	1.25	1.26	3.0	1.9	
		20175	1.57	1.57	1.10	1.10	3.0	1.5	
		20325	1.96	1.96	1.26	1.33	3.0	1.7	
		512	2.97	3.01	1.13	1.13	4.5	4.3	
	GPRS 1900	661	3.22	3.33	1.31	1.31	4.5	4.1	
1000		810	3.67	3.68	1.31	1.31	4.5	4.5	
1880		9262	4.29	4.29	1.03	1.03	6.0	6.2	
	WCDMA 1900	9400	4.54	4.59	1.18	1.18	6.0	5.9	
		9538	6.06	6.13	1.49	1.49	6.0	6.1	

References

- [1] CENELEC, en62209-1:2006 "Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields From Hand Held and Body Mounted Wireless Communication Devices Human Models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"
- [2] CENELEC, en50360:2001 "Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz 3 GHz)".
- [3] ANSI / IEEE, C95.1 1992 Edition "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz"
- [4] FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C 01-01
- [5] IEEE 1528 2003 Edition "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- [6] ICNIRP Guidelines "Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields (up to 300 GHz)"

Appendix 1

SAR distribution comparison for the system accuracy verification

Date/Time: 2/26/2012 6:56:59 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 250TR; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 19.7*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 19.7*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 21.7*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue*; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.732 mW/g

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

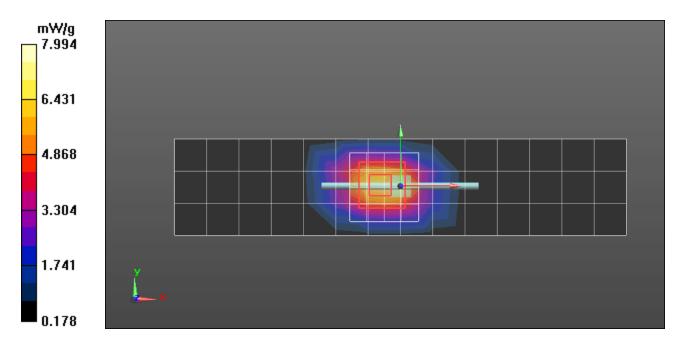
Reference Value = 71.318 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0059 dB

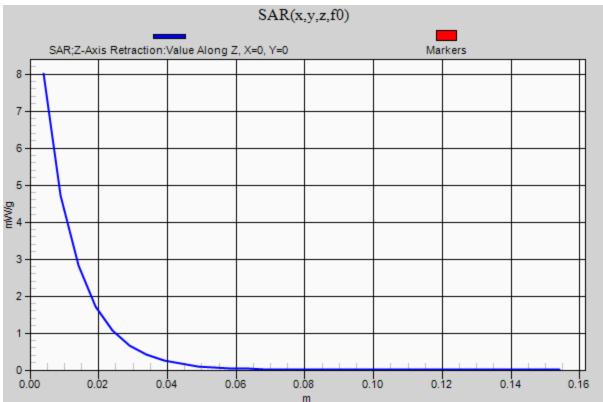
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3040

SAR(1 g) = 7.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.83 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.994 mW/g

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.008 mW/g





Date/Time: 2/27/2012 10:10:01 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 250TR; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 19.5*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 20.5*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 22.2*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue*; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.374 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.841 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

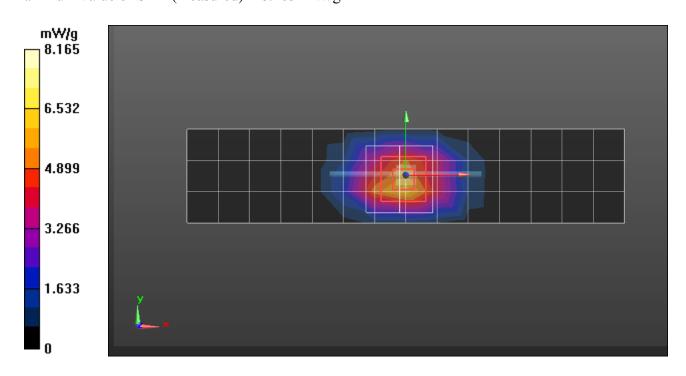
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.5140

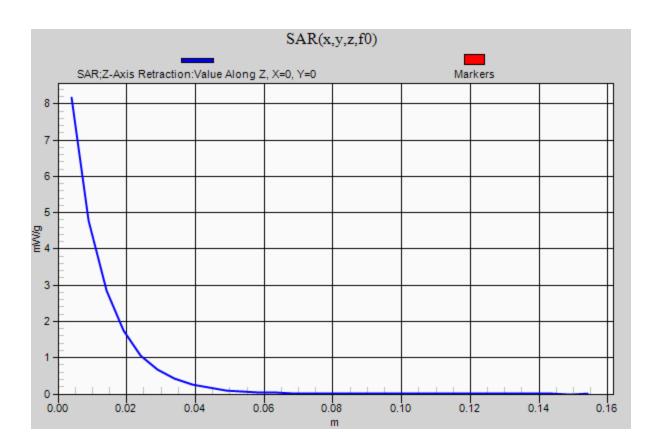
SAR(1 g) = 7.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.88 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.105 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.165 mW/g





Date/Time: 2/28/2012 8:54:42 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 250TR; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 19.5*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC = 20.5*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 22.2*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 8; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* ; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.803 mW/g

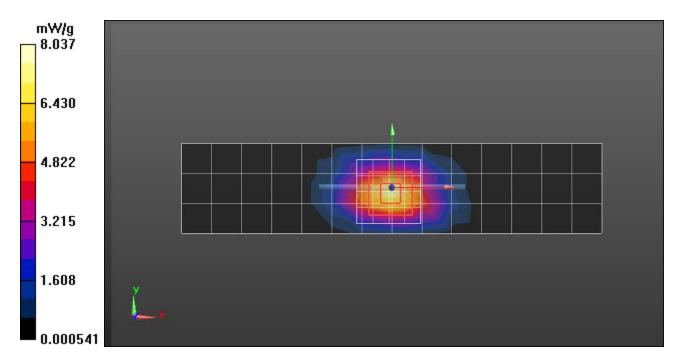
DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

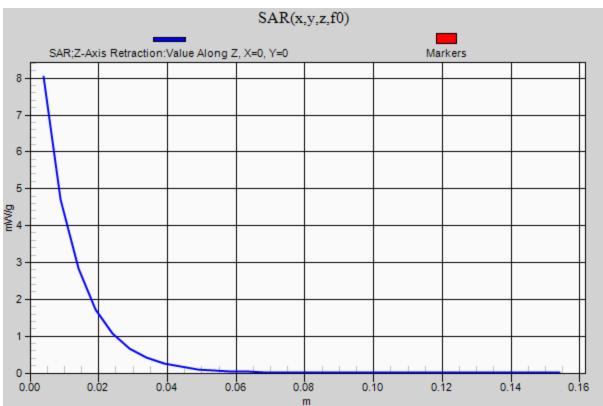
Reference Value = 73.760 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.4310

SAR(1 g) = 7.19 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.85 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.048 mW/g

DASY5, Triple Flat System Performance Check Template - Rev.3 (19-Sept-11)/Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.037 mW/g





Date/Time: 3/28/2012 12:35:43 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 2D191; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 19.1*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC =19.2*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.6*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* ; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

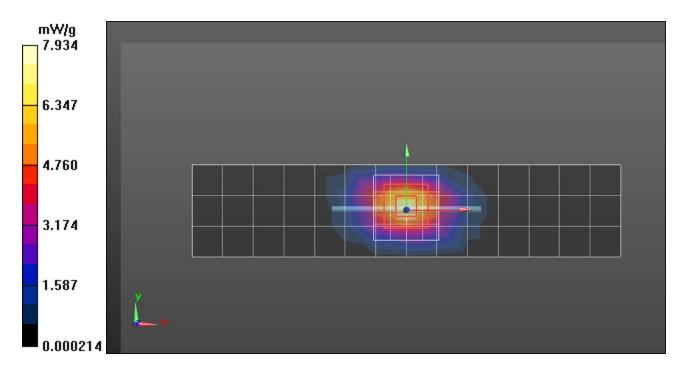
- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

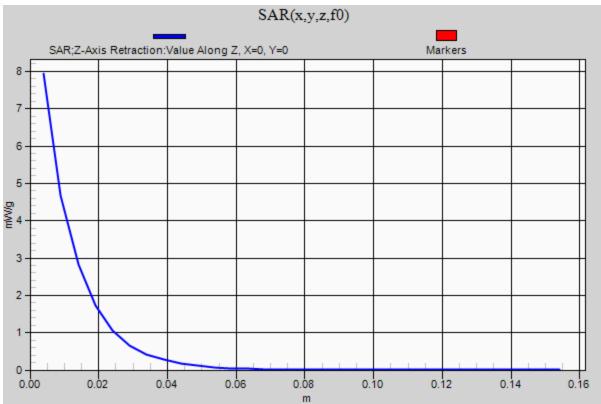
Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.560 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 74.537 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1960

SAR(1 g) = 7.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.77 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.944 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.934 mW/g





Date/Time: 3/29/2012 8:19:20 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 2D191; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 18.8*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC =19.0*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 21.3*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* ; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.286 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 70.786 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0037 dB

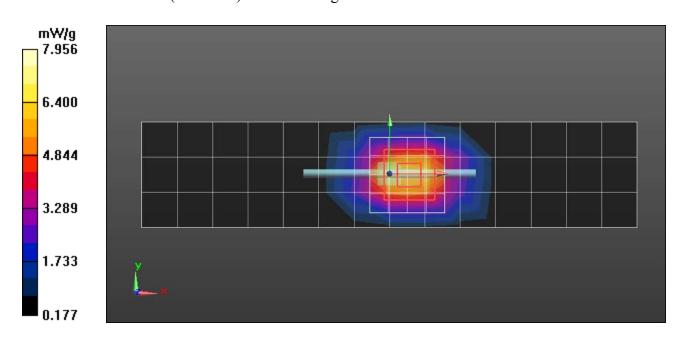
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.2460

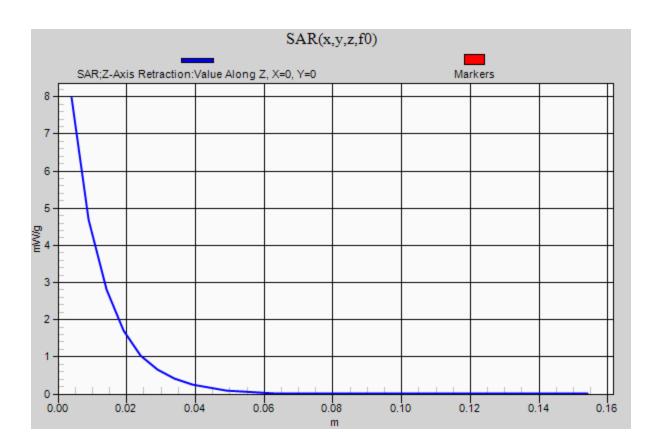
SAR(1 g) = 7.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.77 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.956 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.974 mW/g





Date/Time: 3/30/2012 8:29:26 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 2D191; PM1 Power = 200 mW

Sim. Temp@ meas = 18.3*C; Sim. Temp@ SPC = 18.3*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.2*C

Communication System: CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue*; Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r =$ 52.4; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.081 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 73.110 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

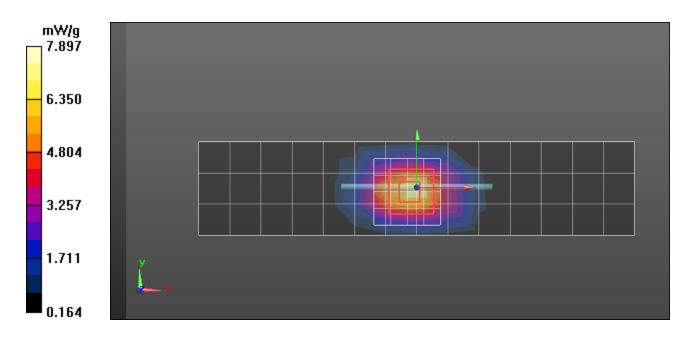
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.2230

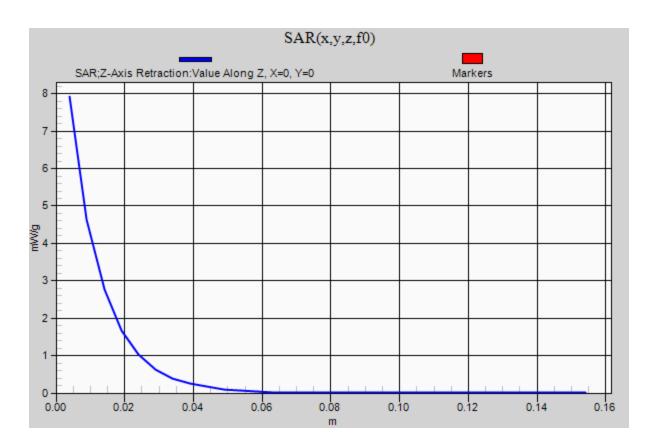
SAR(1 g) = 7.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.75 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.897 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.919 mW/g





Date/Time: 4/4/2012 9:15:56 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 2D191; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 18.8*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC =19.0*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 20.9*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* (1730 simulate); Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.667 mW/g

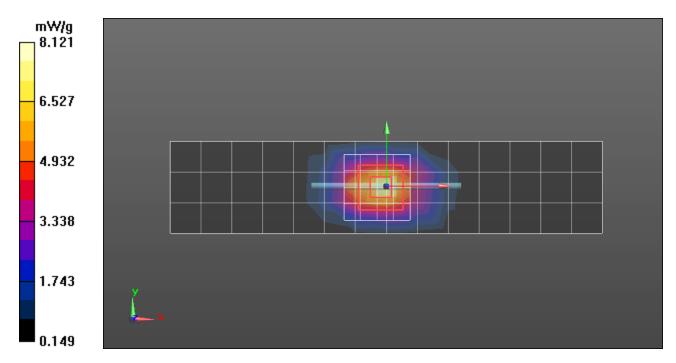
Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 73.302 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0047 dB

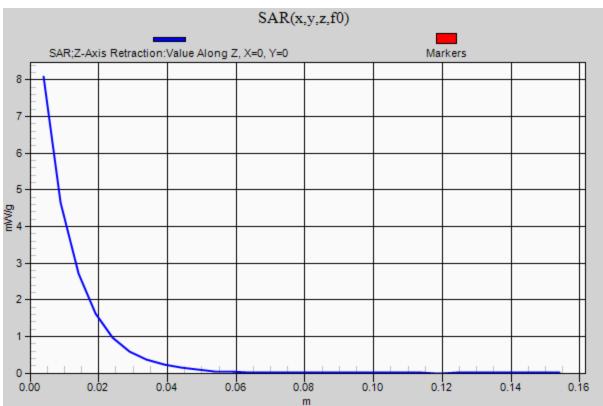
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.8080

SAR(1 g) = 7.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.8 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.121 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.086 mW/g





Date/Time: 4/6/2012 7:23:11 AM

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Procedure Notes: 1800 MHz System Performance Check / Dipole Sn# 2D191; PM1 Power = 200 mW Sim.Temp@ meas = 18.5*C; Sim.Temp@ SPC =19*C; Room Temp@ SPC = 21.2*C

Communication System: _CW - Dipole; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: Validation *BODY Tissue* (1730 simulate); Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.58$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1310; Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Daily SPC Check/Dipole Area Scan (4x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.222 mW/g

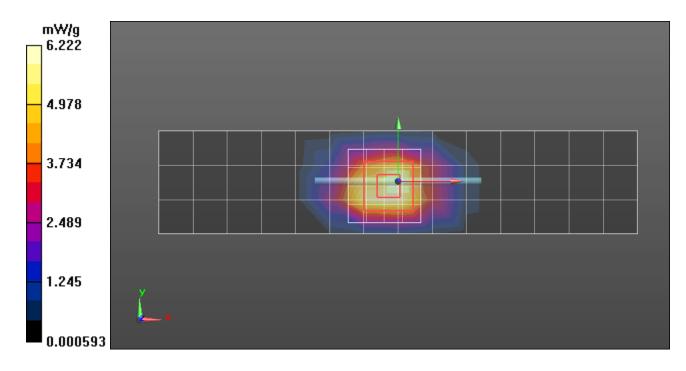
Daily SPC Check/0-Degree 5x5x7 Cube (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

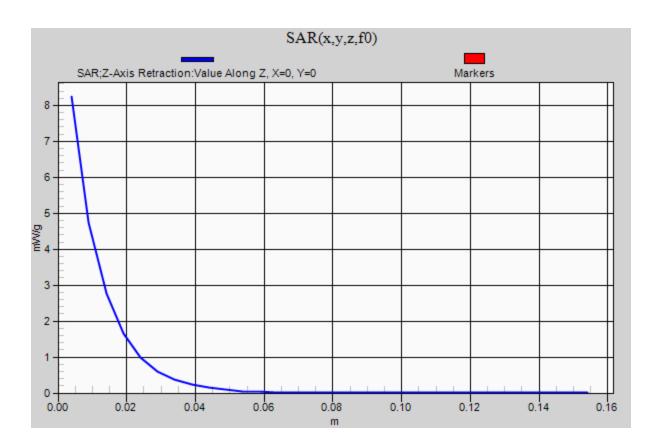
Reference Value = 72.041 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.9930SAR(1 g) = 7.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.85 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.222 mW/g

Daily SPC Check/Z-Axis Retraction (1x1x31): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm, dz=5mm; Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.240 mW/g





Appendix 2

SAR distribution plots for Mobile Hotspot Configuration

Date/Time: 3/29/2012 11:51:53 PM

Serial: LDUB2M0130; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: All Up; DEVICE POSITION: Bottom Edge of Phone 10mm from Flat Phantom

Communication System: _WCDMA; Frequency: 1752 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 1513; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1730 Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: f = 1730 MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Extended Phone (15mm) (19x8x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.437 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

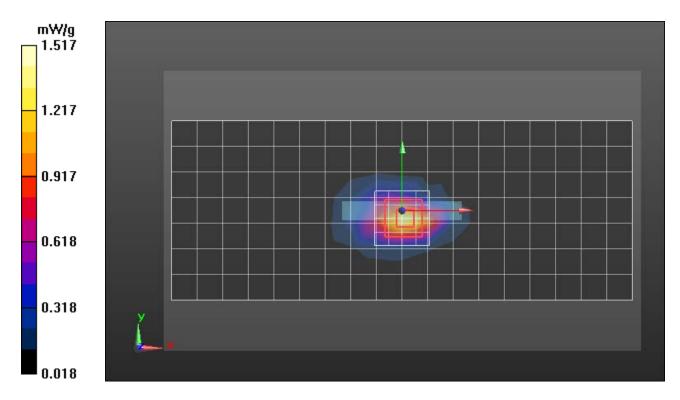
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 24.091 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.4080

SAR(1 g) = 1.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.684 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.517 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/28/2012 9:17:21 PM

Serial: LDNB270018; *Unit Operating at Non-Reduced Power for Verification of Power Reduction* Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP BITS; DEVICE POSITION: MOBILE HOTSPOT, BOTTOM EDGE OF PHONE 10MM FROM PHANTOM

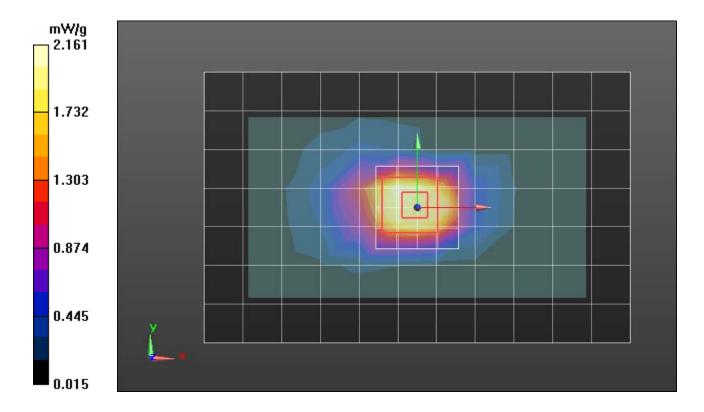
Communication System: _WCDMA; Frequency: 1752 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 1513; Duty Cycle: 1:1; Medium: 1730 Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: f = 1730 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.161 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 38.439 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.0420

SAR(1 g) = 2.83 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.226 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/4/2012 11:20:13 AM

Serial: LDUB2M0130; Procedure Notes: Channel BW: 15 MHz; Modulation: QPSK; RB config: 50%; DEVICE POSITION: Bottom of Phone 10mm away from phantom \

Communication System: _LTE Band 04; Frequency: 1747.5 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 20325; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1730 Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: f = 1730 MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.263 mW/g

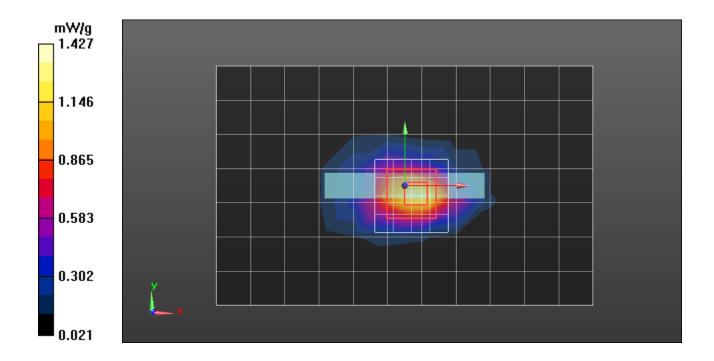
Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.940 V/m; Power Drift = -0.23 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.2390

SAR(1 g) = 1.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.643 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.427 mW/g



Date/Time: 4/6/2012 7:58:21 AM

Serial: LDNB270029; *Unit Operating at Non-Reduced Power for Verification of Power Reduction* Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: continuous; DEVICE POSITION: Bottom of the Phone 10mm away from phantom

Communication System: _LTE Band 04; Frequency: 1747.5 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 20325; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1730 Glycol Body; Medium parameters used: f = 1730 MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1310; Calibrated: 1/11/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.844 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

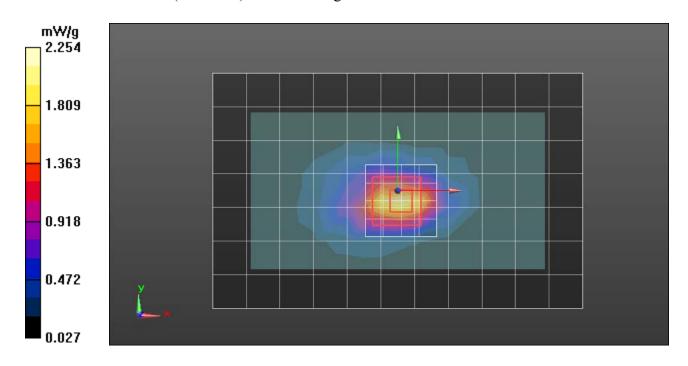
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.712 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.4850

SAR(1 g) = 1.96 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.999 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.254 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/28/2012 10:49:44 AM

Serial: LDUB2M0130; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; DEVICE POSITION: Bottom of Phone 10mm away from phantom

Communication System: _GPRS Class 10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 810; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.164 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

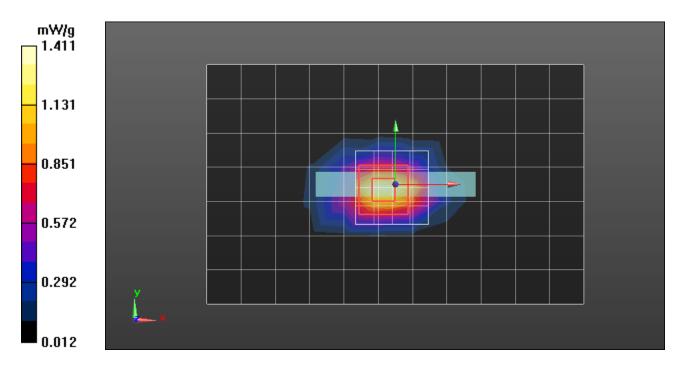
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.940 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.2710

SAR(1 g) = 1.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.653 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.411 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/26/2012 12:17:24 PM

Serial: LDNB270018; *Unit Operating at Non-Reduced Power for Verification of Power Reduction* Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: 0; DEVICE POSITION: GPRS Class 10, MOBILE HOTSPOT, BOTTOM EDGE OF PHONE 10MM FROM PHANTOM

Communication System: _GPRS Class 10; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 810; Duty Cycle: 1:4.14954

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.583 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

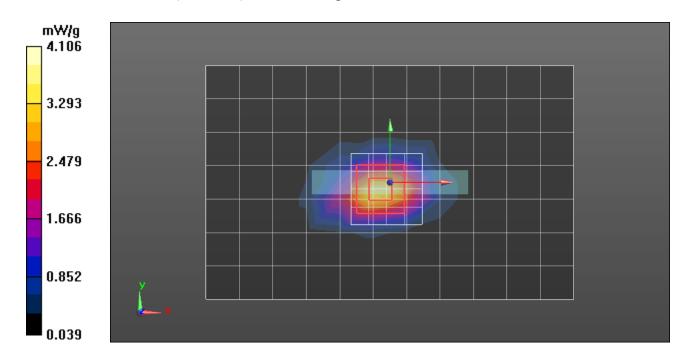
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 44.560 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0062 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.6630

SAR(1 g) = 3.67 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.82 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.106 mW/g



Date/Time: 3/30/2012 11:15:03 AM

Serial: LDUB2M0130; Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL BITS UP; DEVICE POSITION: Bottom of the Phone 10mm from flat phantom

Communication System: _WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 9538; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.287 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

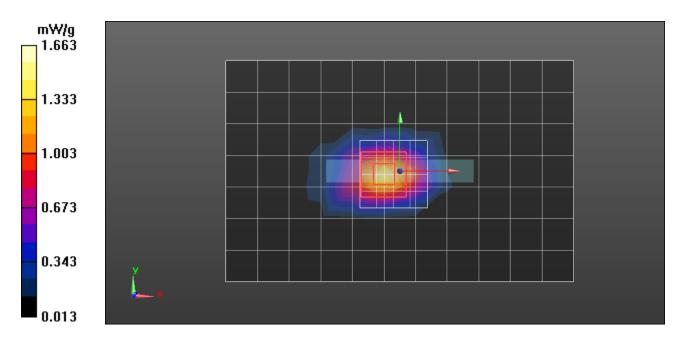
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.640 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0046 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.6570

SAR(1 g) = 1.49 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.751 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.663 mW/g



Date/Time: 2/27/2012 9:23:08 PM

Serial: LDNB270018; *Unit Operating at Non-Reduced Power for Verification of Power Reduction* Procedure Notes: Pwr Step: ALL UP BITS; DEVICE POSITION: MOBILE HOTSPOT, BOTTOM EDGE OF PHONE 10MM FROM PHANTOM

Communication System: _WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Communication System Channel Number: 9538; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Regular Glycol Body 1750/1880; Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 SN3284; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28); Calibrated: 1/10/2012
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn440; Calibrated: 1/16/2012
- Phantom: R#4, Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C (Rev.4); Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: n/a;
- ; SEMCAD X Version 14.6.4 (4989)

Triple Flat Phone Template/Area Scan - Normal Body (15mm) (12x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.719 mW/g

Triple Flat Phone Template/5x5x7 Zoom Scan (<=3GHz) (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

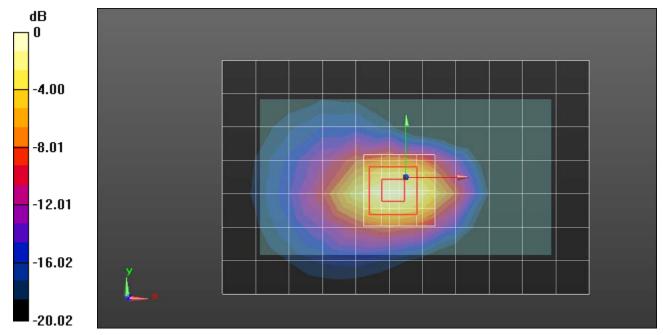
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.241 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.8830

SAR(1 g) = 6.06 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 3.03 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.761 mW/g



0 dB = 6.760 mW/g = 16.60 dB mW/g

Appendix 3

Measurement Uncertainty Budget

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 735 MHz to 2 GHz

Uncertainty Budget 10	or Device Ond	er res	ι, 101	135 MI	12 to 2	GIZ			
							h =	<i>i</i> =	
				<i>e</i> =			cxf/	cxg/	
а	b	c	d	f(d,k)	f	g	e	e	k
		Tol.	Prob		c_i	c_i	1 g	10 g	
	Description	(± %)	Dist		(1 g)	(10 g)	\boldsymbol{u}_i	\boldsymbol{u}_i	
Uncertainty Component	IEEE1528(2003) / IEC62209-1(2005)			Div.			(±%)	(±%)	v_i
Measurement System	1EC02207 1(2003)			DIV			(=70)	(= /0)	71
Probe Calibration [ES3DV3]	E.2.1 / 7.2.1	5.5	N	1.00	1	1	5.5	5.5	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2 / 7.2.1.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	<u> </u>
Boundary Effect	E.2.3 / 7.2.1.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	<u> </u>
Linearity	E.2.4 / 7.2.1.3	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System Detection Limits		1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Readout Electronics	E.2.5 / 7.2.1.4	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.0	0.0	8
	E.2.6 / 7.2.1.6	1.1	R		1	1	0.5	0.5	
Response Time	E.2.7 / 7.2.1.7			1.73			1		8
Integration Time RF Ambient Conditions -	E.2.8 / 7.2.1.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Noise	E 6 1 / 7 2 2 6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions -	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	K	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Reflections	E.6.1 / 7.2.3.6	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe Positioner Mech.	1.0.1 / 7.2.3.0	3.0		1.75	-	-	1.7	1.7	
Tolerance	E.6.2 / 7.2.2.1	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t									
Phantom	E.6.3 / 7.2.2.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext.,									
int., avg.)	E.5 / 7.2.4	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2 / 7.2.2.4	3.4	N	1.00	1	1	3.4	3.4	79
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1 / 7.2.2.4.2	4.5	N	1.00	1	1	4.5	4.5	11
SAR drift	6.6.2 / 7.2.3.5	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	8
Phantom and Tissue									
Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1 / 7.2.2.2	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.3	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid Conductivity									
(measurement)	E.3.3 / 7.2.3.3	2.5	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1	6
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	8
Liquid Permittivity				1.00	0.5	0.40	1.4		
(measurement)	E.3.2 / 7.2.3.4	2.3	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.4	1.1	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11	11	338
Expanded Uncertainty									
(95% CONFIDENCE									
LEVEL)			k=2				22	21	

Appendix 4

Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client Motorola MDb

Certificate No: ES3-3284_Jan12

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3284

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

January 10, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3013_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-11)	In house check: Apr-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Katja Pokovic

Technical Manager

Issued: January 10, 2012

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Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF DCP sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z diode compression point

CF A, B, C crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 8

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 iEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization 9 = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is
 implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included
 in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of
 power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the
 maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3284

Manufactured: June 7, 2010

Calibrated: January 10, 2012

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ES3DV3-SN:3284 January 10, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3284

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (μV/(V/m) ²) ^A	1.24	1.22	1.10	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^b	104.0	99.5	102.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^L (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	109.4	±2.5 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.9	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	105.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

January 10, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3284

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41,9	0.89	6.44	6.44	6.44	0.80	1.20	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.18	6.18	6,18	0.80	1.18	± 12.0 %
1810	40.0	1.40	5.33	5.33	5.33	0.80	1.22	± 12.0 %
1950	40.0	1.40	5.08	5.08	5.08	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.80	1.25	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^f At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

ES3DV3-- SN:3284 January 10, 2012

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3284

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

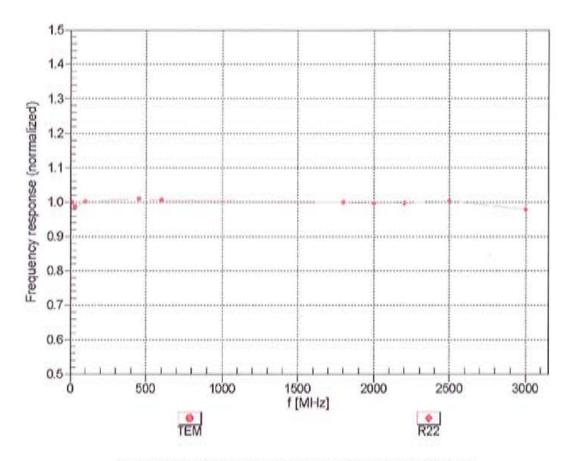
f (MHz) ^c	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.80	1,00	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.28	6.28	6.28	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %
1810	53.3	1.52	5.28	5.28	5.28	0.80	1.40	± 12.0 %
1950	53.3	1.52	5.20	5.20	5.20	0.69	1.49	± 12,0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.80	1.00	± 12.0 %

^c Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and α) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compansation formula is applied to

F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and α) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

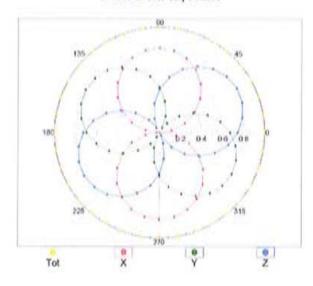


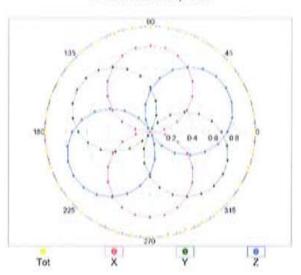
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

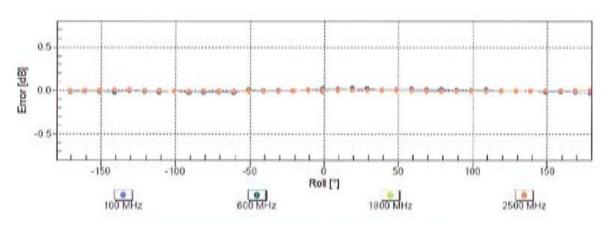
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

f=600 MHz,TEM

f=1800 MHz,R22

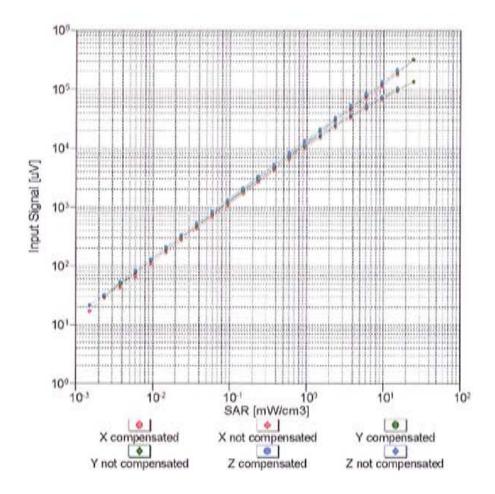


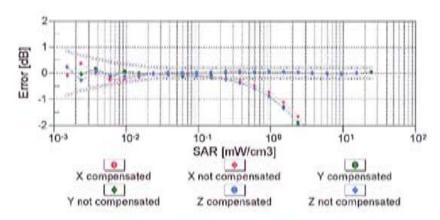




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

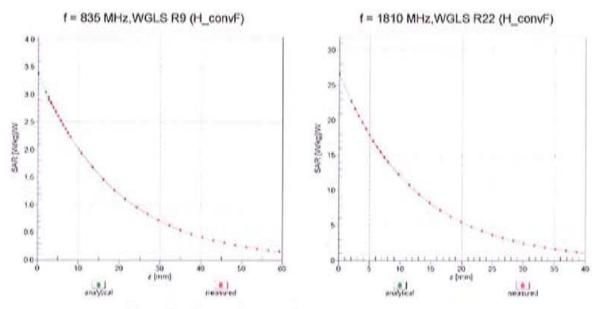
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)



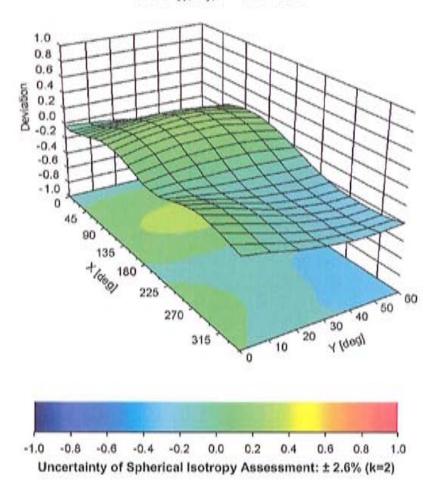


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error (φ, θ), f = 900 MHz



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3284

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	3 mm

Appendix 5

Dipole Characterization Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

Motorola MDb

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d191_Jan12

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D1800V2 - SN: 2d191

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: January 05, 2012

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	05-Oct-11 (No. 217-01451)	Oct-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01368)	Apr-12
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01371)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-11 (No. ES3-3205_Dec11)	Dec-12
DAE4	SN: 601	04-Jul-11 (No. DAE4-601_Jul11)	Jul-12
Secondary Standards	10 #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-12
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe El-Naouq	Laboratory Technician	Iraa El-Daong
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	20 Us

Issued: January 12, 2012

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Certificate No: D1800V2-2d191_Jan12

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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

 a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003

 b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)",

February 2005

c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.0
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.37 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.69 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.2 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.14 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.7 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.0 ± 6 %	1.46 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	****	****

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.24 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.8 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.90 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1800V2-2d191_Jan12

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 3.7 JΩ		
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB		

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.2 Ω - 3.1 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

	7.474
Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.213 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 06, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d191

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.07, 5.07, 5.07); Calibrated: 30.12.2011

· Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

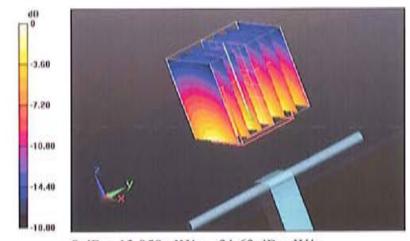
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.675 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1870

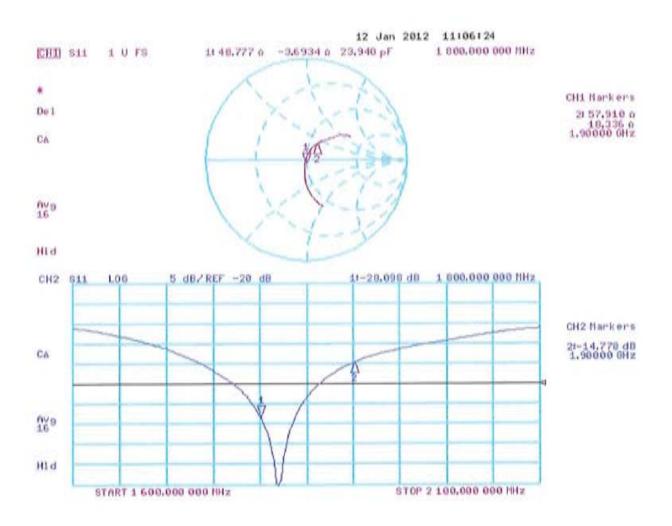
SAR(1 g) = 9.69 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.049 mW/g



0 dB = 12.050 mW/g = 21.62 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 04.01.2012

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN: 2d191

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 53$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 30.12.2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 04.07.2011

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.0(692); SEMCAD X 14.6.4(4989)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

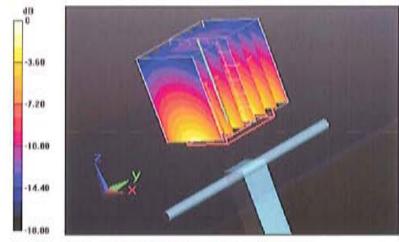
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.486 V/m; Power Drift = -0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.3590

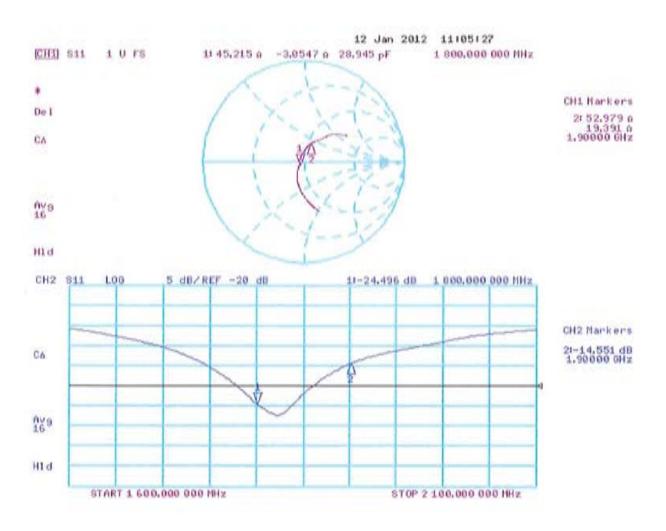
SAR(1 g) = 9.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.705 mW/g



0 dB = 11.710 mW/g = 21.37 dB mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

Motorola MDb

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

C

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Certificate No: D1800V2-250_Mar11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1800V2 - SN: 250

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-05.v8

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

March 17, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11
	Namo	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	Vah
			100

Issued: March 18, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF N/A sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- iEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	0.0000HH 310000000000
Frequency	1800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.35 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	V	****

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.47 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	37.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	38.6 mW /g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.99 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.1 mW /g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

200	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.45 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	****	****

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.08 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	36.3 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.2 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.81 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	19.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.4 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.8 \Omega + 5.5 J\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.1 Ω + 5.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1,208 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Design Modification by End User

The dipole has been modified with Teflon Rings (TR) placed within identified markings close to the end of each dipole arm. Calibration has been performed with TR attached to the dipole.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 25, 1999

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.03.2011 11:03:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:250

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.35 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.117 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.216 W/kg

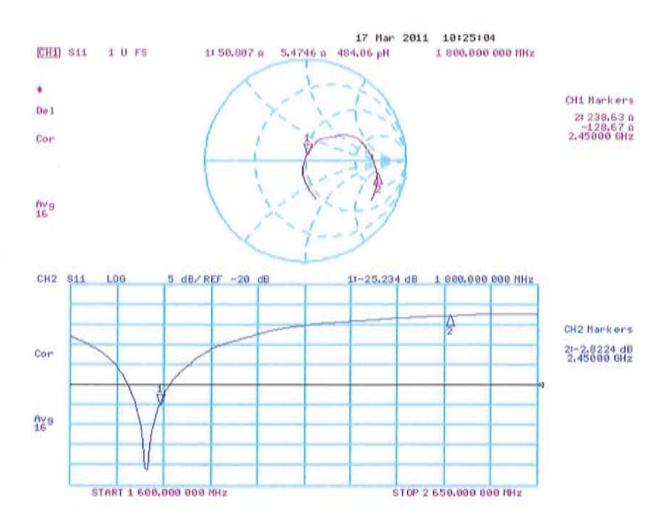
SAR(1 g) = 9.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.641 mW/g



0 dB = 11.640 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 17.03.2011 15:52:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:250

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.74, 4.74, 4.74); Calibrated: 30.04.2010

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06,2010

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.2 Build (424)

Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.4 Build (2829)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250 mW, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

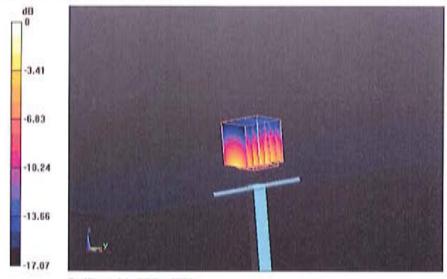
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.370 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.727 W/kg

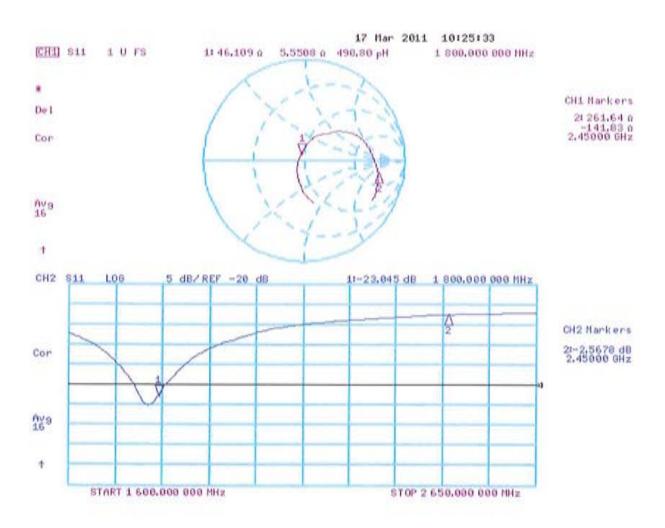
SAR(1 g) = 9.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.477 mW/g



0 dB = 11.480 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



END OF REPORT