



EUROFINS ELECTRICAL TESTING SERVICE (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

RADIO TEST - REPORT

FCC&IC Compliance Test Report for

Product name: Powered speakers series

Model name: P3 BT, P2 BT, P1 BT

FCC ID: I4S-PBT

IC: 3642A-PBT

Test Report Number: EFGX20080028-IE-01-E01

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1 General Information

1.1 Notes

The results of this test report relate exclusively to the item tested as specified in chapter "Description of test item" and are not transferable to any other test items.

Eurofins Electrical Testing Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is not responsible for any generalisations and conclusions drawn from this report. Any modification of the test item can lead to invalidity of test results and this test report may therefore be not applicable to the modified test item.

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Operator:

2020-10-12

Bruce Zheng / Project Engineer



Date

Eurofins-Lab.

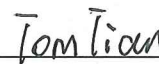
Name / Title

Signature

Technical responsibility for area of testing:

2020-10-12

Tom Tian / RF Supervisor



Date

Eurofins

Name / Title

Signature

1.2 Testing laboratory

Eurofins Electrical Testing Service (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

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The Laboratory has passed the Accreditation by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). The Accreditation number is 5376.01

The Laboratory has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements, The CAB identifier is CN0088

1.3 Details of applicant

Name : Peavey Electronics Corp.
Address : 5022 Hartley Peavey Drive
Meridian, MS 39305, USA
Telephone : ./.
Fax : ./.

1.4 Details of manufacturer

Name : Peavey Electronics Corp.
Address : 5022 Hartley Peavey Drive
Meridian, MS 39305, USA
Telephone : ./.
Fax : ./.

1.5 Application details

Date of receipt of application : 2020-08-06
Date of receipt of test item : 2020-08-06
Date of test : 2020-08-06-2020-08-25
Date of issue : 2020-10-12

1.6 Test item

Product type : Powered Speaker Enclosures
Model name : P3 BT, P2 BT, P1 BT
Brand : Peavey
Serial number : ./.
Ratings : AC100-240V, 50-60Hz
Test voltage : 120V/60Hz
FCC ID : I4S-PBT
IC : 3642A-PBT
PMN : Powered Speaker Enclosures
HVIN : P3 BT, P2 BT, P1 BT
Additional information : P BT series three models have Different dimensions and built-in speakers. P1 BT and P2 BT have built –in two power amplifier circuits. P3 BT has built-in three power amplifier circuits.
All models share same PCB and Bluetooth module.
After review, model P3 BT was selected to perform all tests.

RadioTechnical data

Frequency range : 2400-2483.5 MHz,
Radio Tech. : Classic Bluetooth
Frequency channel : 79 Channels
Modulation : GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna type : PCB antenna
Antenna gain : -0.58 dBi

Radio module

Type : ./.
Model : AB5305B
Manufacturer : ./.

1.7 Test standards

Test Standards	
FCC Part 15 Subpart C August 18, 2020	PART 15 - RADIO FREQUENCY DEVICES Subpart C - Intentional Radiators
RSS-247 Issue 2 February 2017	RSS-247 — Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hop- ping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE- LAN) Devices
RSS-GEN Issue 5 March 2019	RSS-Gen — General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Appa- ratus

Test Method

- 1: ANSI C63.4-2014, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
- 2: ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices.
- 3: KDB558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

2 Technical test

2.1 Summary of test results

No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.



or

The deviations as specified were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.



2.2 Test environment

Temperature	24.3°C
Humidity	56.3%

2.3 Measurement uncertainty

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the "Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement" (GUM) published by ISO.

System Measurement Uncertainty	
Test Items	Extended Uncertainty
Uncertainty in conducted measurements	1.96dB
Uncertainty for Conducted RF test	RF Power Conducted: 1.16dB Frequency test involved: 1.05×10 ⁻⁷ or 1%
Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 25MHz-3000MHz	Horizontal: 4.46dB; Vertical: 4.54dB;
Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 3000MHz-18000MHz	Horizontal: 4.42dB; Vertical: 4.41dB;
Uncertainty for Radiated Spurious Emission 18000MHz-40000MHz	Horizontal: 4.63dB; Vertical: 4.62dB;

2.4 Test mode

Mode	Channel Number	Frequency [MHz]
Basic Rate GFSK	0	2402
	39	2441
	78	2480
EDR π/4-DQPSK	0	2402
	39	2441
	78	2480
EDR 8-DPSK	0	2402
	39	2441
	78	2480

2.5 Test equipment utilized

EQUIPMENT ID	EQUIPMENT NAME	MODEL NO.	CAL. DUE DATE
23-2-13-05	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	2021-04-24
23-2-13-06	LISN	NNLK 8127 RC	2021-04-23
23-2-10-16	Attenuator	VTSD 9561-F	2021-04-24
23-2-13-12	Signal Analyzer	N9010B-544	2021-04-24
23-2-13-13	BT/WLAN Tester	CMW270	2021-04-23
23-2-13-14	Signal Generator	N5183B-520	2021-04-23
23-2-13-15	Vector Signal Generator	N5182B-506	2021-04-23
23-2-10-43	Switch and Control Unit	ERIT-E-JS0806-2	2021-06-17
23-2-10-44	DC power supply	E3642A	2021-06-03
23-2-10-45	temperature test chamber	SG-80-CC-2	2021-04-23
23-2-13-01	EMI Test Receiver	ESR7	2021-04-24
23-2-13-02	Signal Analyzer	N9020B-544	2021-04-24
23-2-12-01	Active Loop Antenna	FMZB 1519B	2021-05-13
23-2-12-02	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	VULB9168	2021-04-27
23-2-12-03	Horn Antenna	3117	2021-05-11
23-2-12-04	Horn Antenna	BBHA 9170	2021-05-11
23-2-12-05	Universal Antenna Stand	CLSA0110	2021-05-11
23-2-10-01	Preamplifier	BBV9745	2021-04-23
23-2-10-02	Preamplifier	TAP01018048	2021-04-24
23-2-10-03	Preamplifier	TAP18040048	2021-04-24
23-2-10-14	Switch and Control Unit	ERIT-E-JS0806-SF1	N/A

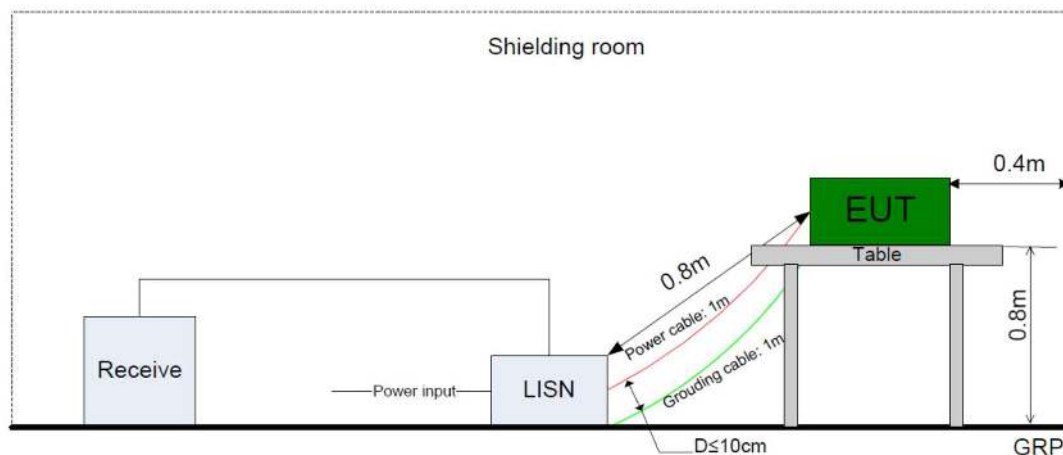
2.6 Auxiliary Equipment Used during Test:

DESCRIPTION	MANUFACTURER	MODEL NO.	S/N
Laptop	LENOVO	TP00096A	PF-1QH0LV

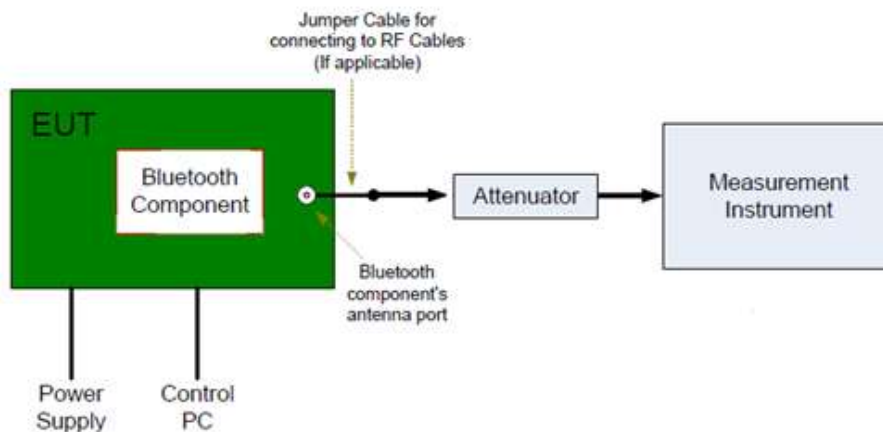
2.7 Test software information:

Test Software Version	BT_Tool V1.0.9	
Mode	Setting TX Power	TX Pattern
Basic Rate GFSK	7	TX Packet
EDR $\pi/4$ -DQPSK	7	TX Packet
EDR 8-DPSK	7	TX Packet

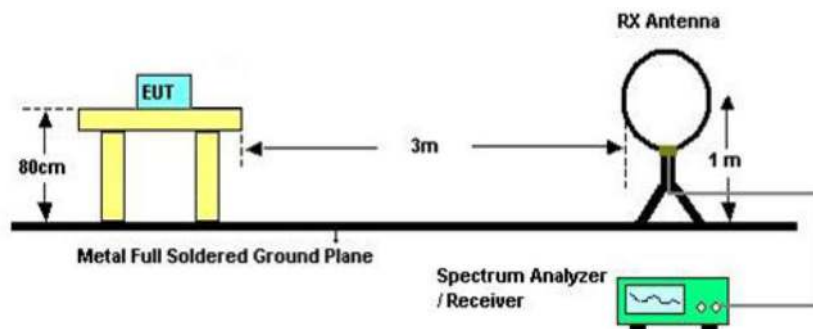
2.8 Test setup- ac line conducted



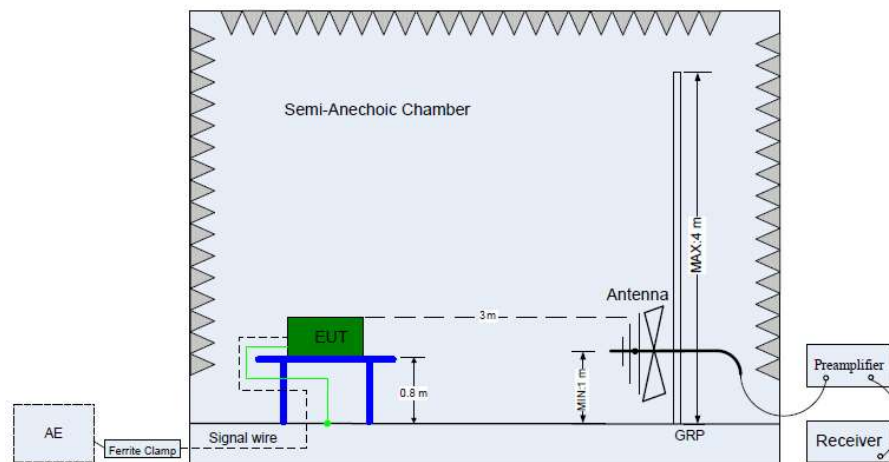
2.9 Setup diagram for conducted tests



2.10 Setup diagram for radiated tests below 30MHz

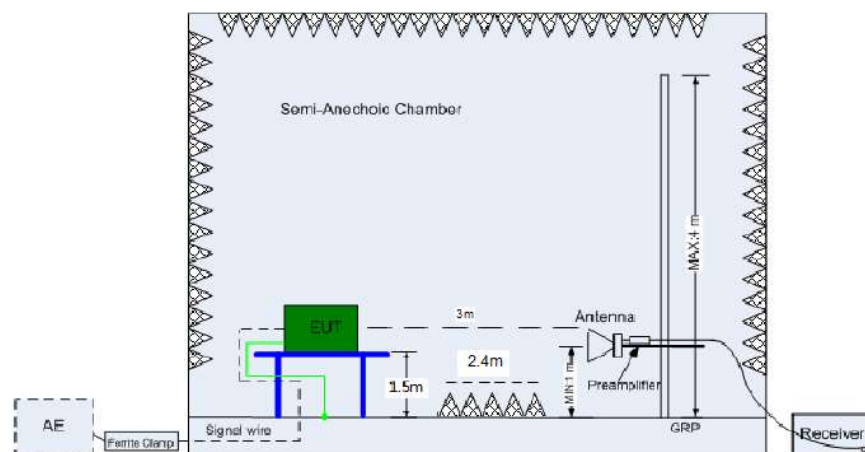


2.11 Setup diagram for radiated tests below 1GHz



(Below 1 GHz)

2.12 Setup diagram for radiated tests above 1GHz



(Above 1 GHz)

2.13 Test results

☒ 1st test

☐ test after modification

☐ production test

Technical Requirements					
FCC Part 15 Subpart C/RSS-247 Issue 2/RSS-Gen Issue 5					
Test Condition			Test Result	Verdict	Test Site
§15.207	RSS-GEN 8.8	Conducted emission AC power port	See Page 12	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 Clause 5.4(b)	Peak Output Power for FHSS	Appendix C	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(b)(3)	RSS-247 Clause 5.4(d)	Conducted output power for DTS	N/A	N/A	--
§15.247(e)	RSS-247 Clause 5.2(b)	Power spectral density	N/A	N/A	--
§15.247(a)(2)	RSS-247 Clause 5.2(a)	6dB bandwidth	N/A	N/A	--
§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Clause 5.1(a)	20dB Occupied bandwidth	Appendix A	Pass	Site 1
--	RSS-GEN 6.7	99% Occupied Bandwidth	Appendix B	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Clause 5.1(b)	Carrier frequency separation	Appendix D	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Clause 5.1(d)	Number of hopping frequencies	Appendix F	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Clause 5.1(d)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Appendix E	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(d) §15.205	RSS-247 Clause 5.5 RSS-GEN 8.10	Conducted Spurious Emissions	Appendix H	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(d)	RSS-247 Clause 5.5	Conducted Band-Edge	Appendix G	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(d) & §15.209 & §15.205	RSS-247 Clause 5.5 & RSS-GEN 6.13 RSS-GEN 8.9 RSS-GEN 8.10	Spurious radiated emissions for transmitter	See page 23	Pass	Site 1
§15.247(g) & §15.247(h)	--	Hopping sequence requirement	See page 56	Pass	Site 1
§15.203	RSS-GEN 6.8	Antenna requirement	See note 1	Pass	--

Remark 1: N/A – Not Applicable.

Note 1: The EUT uses an chip antenna, the gain: -0.58 dBi. According to §15.203/ RSS-GEN 6.8, it is considered sufficiently to comply with the provisions of this section.

3 Technical Requirement

3.1 Conducted emission AC power port

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 6.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.10.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both Neutral and Live lines.

Limit:

FCC §15.207 (a)

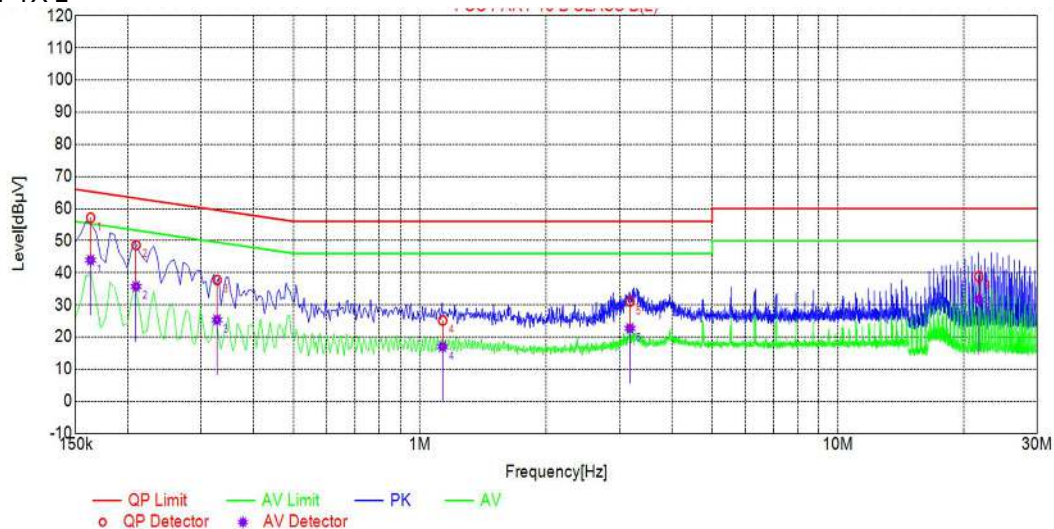
RSS-Gen 8.8

Frequency	QP Limit	AV Limit
MHz	dB μ V	dB μ V
0.150-0.500	66-56*	56-46*
0.500-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Decreasing linear.

Test Result:
Worst case

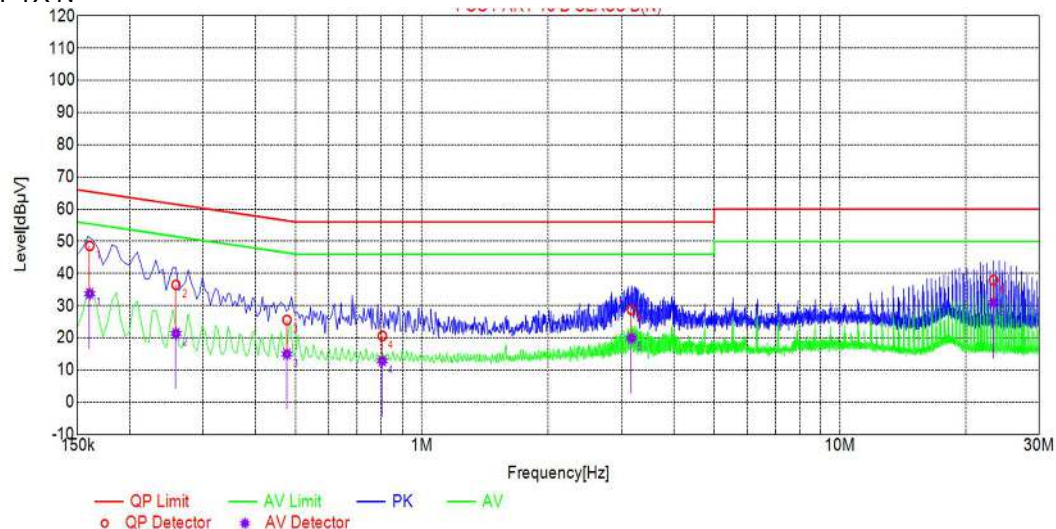
BT TX L



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]	Verdict
0.1630	10.23	57.19	65.31	8.12	43.98	55.31	11.33	PASS
0.2094	10.22	48.65	63.23	14.58	35.77	53.23	17.46	PASS
0.3271	10.23	37.77	59.52	21.75	25.35	49.52	24.17	PASS
1.1334	10.23	25.16	56.00	30.84	17.02	46.00	28.98	PASS
3.1813	10.27	31.09	56.00	24.91	22.73	46.00	23.27	PASS
21.7375	10.59	38.87	60.00	21.13	31.69	50.00	18.31	PASS

Note1 : Corrector factor = Attenuator loss + Cable Loss

BT TX N



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB]	QP Value [dBμV]	QP Limit [dBμV]	QP Margin [dB]	AV Value [dBμV]	AV Limit [dBμV]	AV Margin [dB]	Verdict
0.1604	10.22	48.56	65.44	16.88	33.72	55.44	21.72	PASS
0.2580	10.21	36.46	61.50	25.04	21.37	51.50	30.13	PASS
0.4753	10.21	25.56	56.42	30.86	14.98	46.42	31.44	PASS
0.8041	10.22	20.61	56.00	35.39	12.85	46.00	33.15	PASS
3.1718	10.27	28.71	56.00	27.29	19.93	46.00	26.07	PASS
23.3228	10.61	37.97	60.00	22.03	31.00	50.00	19.00	PASS

Note1 : Corrector factor = Attenuator loss + Cable Loss

3.2 Duty cycle

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 11.6 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have a sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:
 - 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - 2) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
 - 3) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.
 - 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)

Limit:

None; for reporting purposes only.

3.3 20dB Occupied bandwidth

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 6.9.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The occupied bandwidth is measured as the width of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, at an amplitude level reduced from a reference value by a specified ratio (or in decibels, a specified number of dB down from the reference value). Typical ratios, expressed in dB, are -6 dB, -20 dB, and -26 dB, corresponding to 6 dB BW, 20 dB BW, and 26 dB BW, respectively. In this subclause, the ratio is designated by “-xx dB.” The reference value is either the level of the unmodulated carrier or the highest level of the spectral envelope of the modulated signal, as stated by the applicable requirement. Some requirements might specify a specific maximum or minimum value for the “-xx dB” bandwidth; other requirements might specify that the “-xx dB” bandwidth be entirely contained within the authorized or designated frequency band.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30 dB below the reference value.
- f) Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.
- g) Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- h) Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using $[(\text{reference value}) - xx]$. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- i) If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).
- j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.
- k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Limit:

None; for reporting purposes only.

3.4 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 6.9.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (OBW/RBW)]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Limit:

None; for reporting purposes only.

3.5 Carrier frequency separation

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 7.8.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
- b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
- c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) $\geq$ RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (a) (1)

RSS-247 (5.1) (b)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Result: Pass

3.6 Number of hopping frequencies

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 7.8.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW $\geq$ RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

RSS-247 (5.1) (d)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Result: Pass

3.7 Time of occupancy (dwell time)

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 7.8.4 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW shall be $\leq$ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1 / T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements)} = \\ & \text{(number of hops on spectrum analyzer)} \times (\text{period specified in the requirements} / \text{analyzer sweep time}) \end{aligned}$$

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

RSS-247 (5.1) (d)

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Result: Pass

3.8 Peak Output Power

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 7.8.5 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

- a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
 - 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
 - 2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
 - 3) VBW $\geq$ RBW.
 - 4) Sweep: Auto.
 - 5) Detector function: Peak.
 - 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

NOTE—A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer.

Limits:

§15.247 (b) (1)

RSS-247 (5.4) (b)

For FHSs operating in the band 2400-2483.5 MHz, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1.0 W if the hopset uses 75 or more hopping channels; the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 0.125 W if the hopset uses less than 75 hopping channels. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

Test Result: Pass

3.9 Conducted Band-edge & Spurious Emissions

Test Method:

The test method was referred to the subclause 7.8.6 & 7.8.8 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 300 kHz.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 26 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

The bandedges at 2.4 and 2.4835 GHz are investigated with the transmitter set to the normal hopping mode.

Limit:

FCC §15.247 (d)

RSS-247 5.5

Limit = -20 dBc

Test Result: Pass

3.10 Radiated emissions for transmitter

Test Method:

Radiated Spurious Emissions Below 30MHz: ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.4

Radiated Spurious Emissions 30-1000MHz: ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.3 and 6.5

Radiated Spurious Emissions above 1GHz: ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.3 and 6.6

Radiated Band-edge: ANSI C63.10-2013 Section 6.10.5

- 1: The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane for above 1GHz and 0.8m above ground for below 1GHz at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- 2: The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference – receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable – height antenna tower.
- 3: The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- 4: For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- 5: Use the following spectrum analyzer settings According to C63.10:
For Above 1GHz
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 1MHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement and VBW = 10Hz for average measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
For Below 1GHz
Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 100 KHz, VBW ≥ RBW for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.
For Below 30MHz
Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious
RBW = 200 Hz, VBW ≥ RBW from 9KHz to 0.15MHz, RBW 9KHz VBW ≥ RBW from 0.15MHz to 30MHz for peak measurement, Sweep = auto, Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold.

Note:

- 1: The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120 KHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2: The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3: The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 3MHz for RMS Average ((duty cycle < 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz, then the measurement results was added to a correction factor ($20\log(1/\text{duty cycle})$).
- 4: The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is 10Hz (duty cycle > 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 5: When duty cycle < 98%, The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1MHz and the video bandwidth is $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, the T is transmission duration (T).

Limit:

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

RSS-GEN, Section 8.9 and 8.10.

Frequency Range	Field Strength Limit	Field Strength Limit
(MHz)	(uV/m) at 3 m	(dBuV/m) at 3 m
0.009-0.490	2400/F(kHz) @ 300 m	-
0.490-1.705	24000/F(kHz) @ 30 m	-
1.705 - 30	30 @ 30m	-
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

§15.205 Restricted bands of operation

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
0.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	108-121.94	1718.8-1722.2	13.25-13.4
6.31175-6.31225	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	
13.36-13.41			

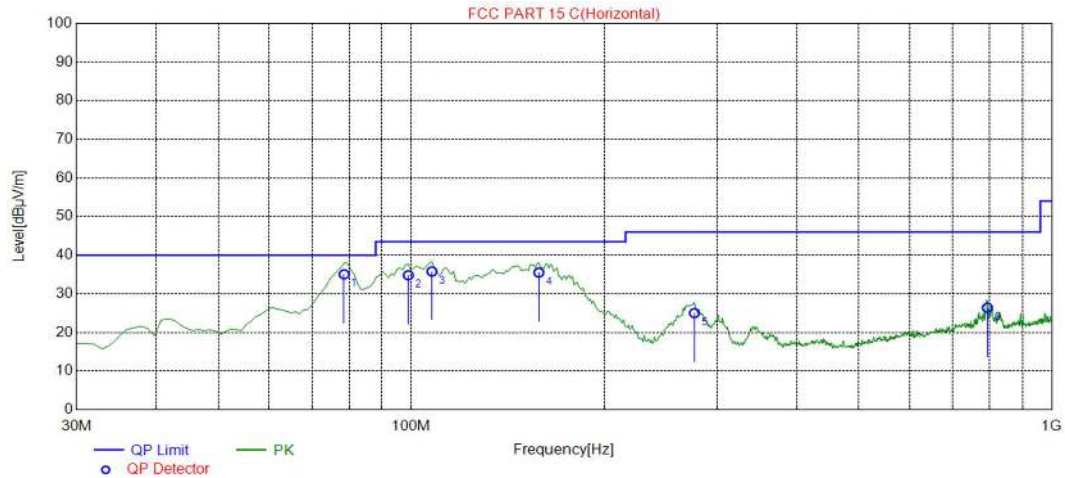
RSS-GEN 8.10

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	1660 - 1710	9.0 - 9.2
0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	1718.8 - 1722.2	9.3 - 9.5
2.1735 - 2.1905	25.5 - 25.67	2200 - 2300	10.6 - 12.7
3.020 - 3.026	37.5 - 38.25	2310 - 2390	13.25 - 13.4
4.125 - 4.128	73 - 74.6	2483.5 - 2500	14.47 - 14.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	74.8 - 75.2	2655 - 2900	15.35 - 16.2
.20725 - 4.20775	108 - 138	3260 - 3267	17.7 - 21.4
5.677 - 5.683	149.9 - 150.05	3332 - 3339	22.01 - 23.12
6.215 - 6.218	156.52475 - 156.52525	3345.8 - 3358	23.6 - 24.0
6.26775 - 6.26825	156.7 - 156.9	3500 - 4400	31.2 - 31.8
6.31175 - 6.31225	162.0125 - 167.17	4500 - 5150	36.43 - 36.5
8.291 - 8.294	167.72 - 173.2	5350 - 5460	Above 38.6
8.362 - 8.366	240 - 285	7250 - 7750	
8.37625 - 8.38675	322 - 335.4	8025 - 8500	
8.41425 - 8.41475	399.9 - 410		
12.29 - 12.293	608 - 614		
12.51975 - 12.52025	960 - 1427		
12.57675 - 12.57725	1435 - 1626.5		
13.36 - 13.41	1645.5 - 1646.5		

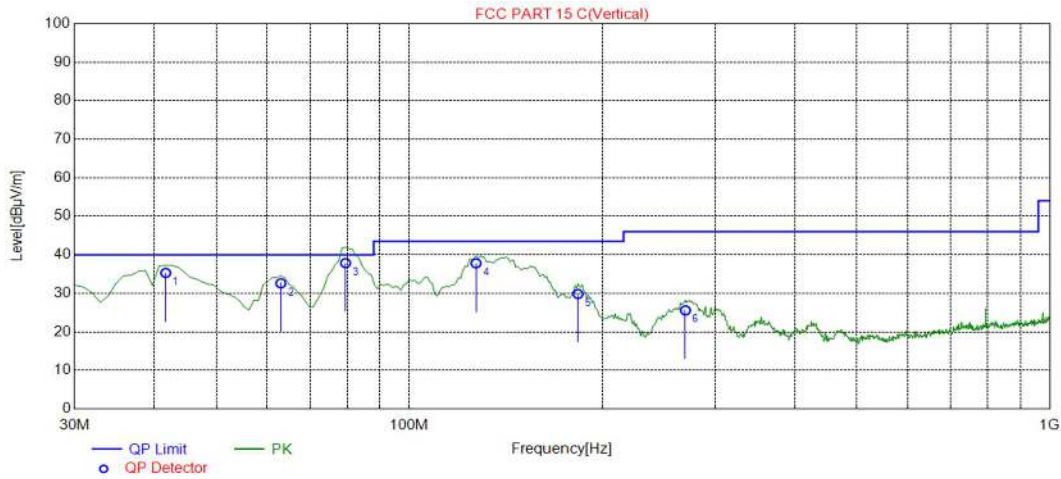
Test Result:
Spurious radiated emissions (Radiated)

GFSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
78.5485	-19.47	35.07	40.00	4.93	200	47	Horizontal
98.9389	-20.87	34.81	43.50	8.69	200	288	Horizontal
107.6777	-19.69	35.79	43.50	7.71	200	78	Horizontal
158.1682	-15.15	35.51	43.50	7.99	100	305	Horizontal
276.6266	-16.32	25.02	46.00	20.98	100	111	Horizontal
793.1832	-6.74	26.39	46.00	19.61	100	222	Horizontal



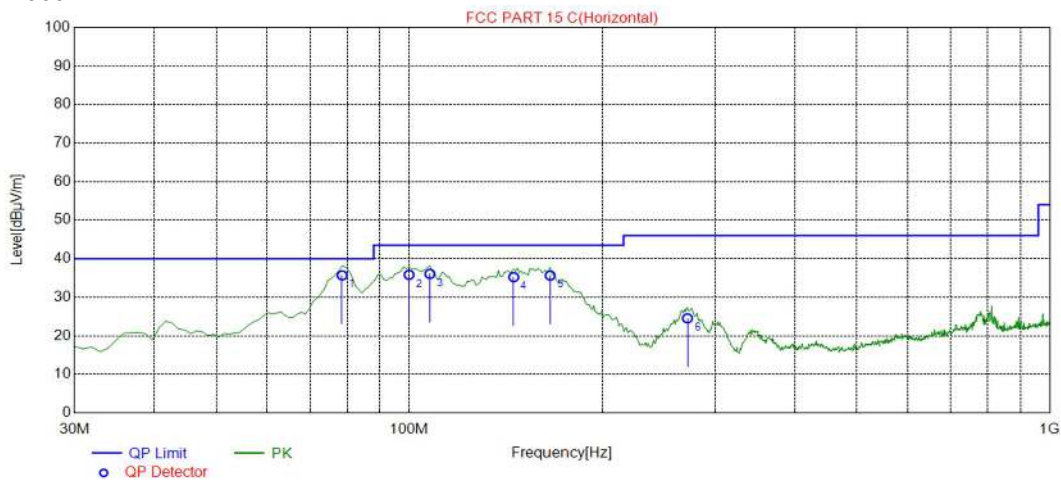
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
41.6517	-16.34	35.30	40.00	4.70	100	229	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	32.60	40.00	7.40	100	87	Vertical
79.5195	-19.52	37.85	40.00	2.15	100	92	Vertical
127.0971	-17.17	37.79	43.50	5.71	100	13	Vertical
183.4134	-16.89	29.83	43.50	13.67	100	92	Vertical
269.8298	-16.54	25.58	46.00	20.42	100	83	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

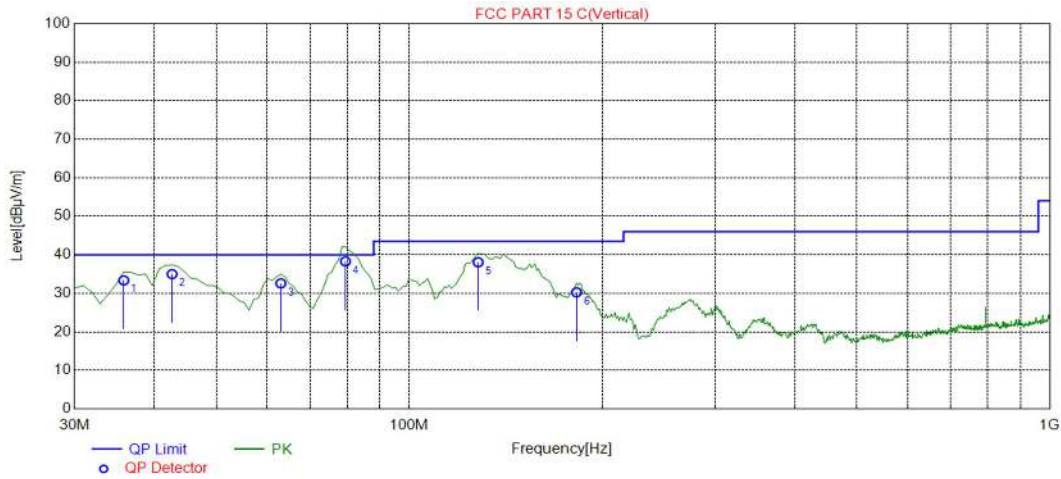
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	9608.3454	-8.73	58.91	74.00	15.09	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	9608.3454	-8.73	49.72	54.00	4.28	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	1994.9950	58.82	-22.83	74.00	15.18	PK	Vertical	Pass
	1996.9970	32.54	-22.82	54.00	21.46	AV	Vertical	Pass

GFSK Modulation 2441MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
78.5485	-19.47	35.69	40.00	4.31	200	74	Horizontal
99.9099	-20.86	35.83	43.50	7.67	200	266	Horizontal
107.6777	-19.69	36.08	43.50	7.42	200	76	Horizontal
145.5455	-15.14	35.24	43.50	8.26	200	280	Horizontal
165.9359	-15.28	35.65	43.50	7.85	100	278	Horizontal
271.7718	-16.48	24.55	46.00	21.45	100	99	Horizontal



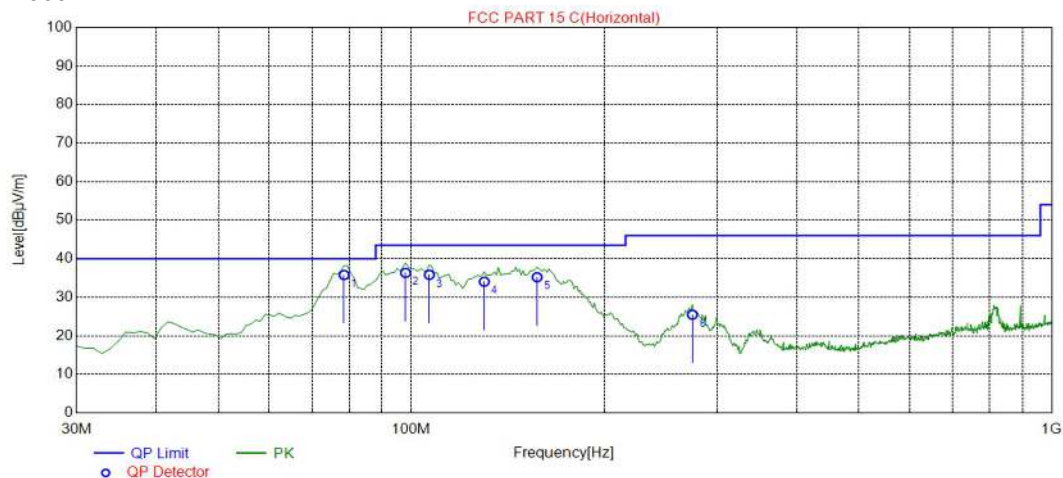
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
35.8258	-17.19	33.36	40.00	6.64	100	170	Vertical
42.6226	-16.31	34.99	40.00	5.01	100	301	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	32.59	40.00	7.41	100	90	Vertical
79.4905	-19.52	38.29	40.00	1.71	123.6	126.1	Vertical
128.0681	-17.02	38.08	43.50	5.42	100	13	Vertical
182.4424	-16.84	30.27	43.50	13.23	100	86	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

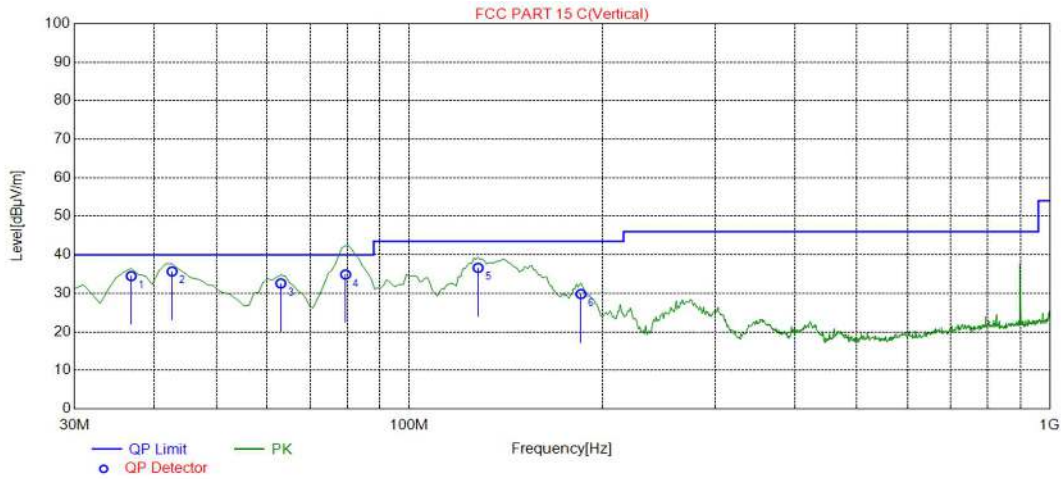
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17827.4137	60.77	-0.59	74.00	13.23	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17932.4662	48.36	-0.58	54.00	5.64	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17977.4887	60.49	-0.40	74.00	13.51	PK	Vertical	Pass
	18000.0000	48.49	-0.40	54.00	5.51	AV	Vertical	Pass

GFSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
78.5485	-19.47	35.79	40.00	4.21	200	71	Horizontal
97.9680	-20.89	36.34	43.50	7.16	200	288	Horizontal
106.7067	-19.83	35.83	43.50	7.67	200	288	Horizontal
130.0100	-16.72	34.05	43.50	9.45	100	286	Horizontal
157.1972	-15.12	35.20	43.50	8.30	100	297	Horizontal
274.6847	-16.38	25.49	46.00	20.51	100	109	Horizontal



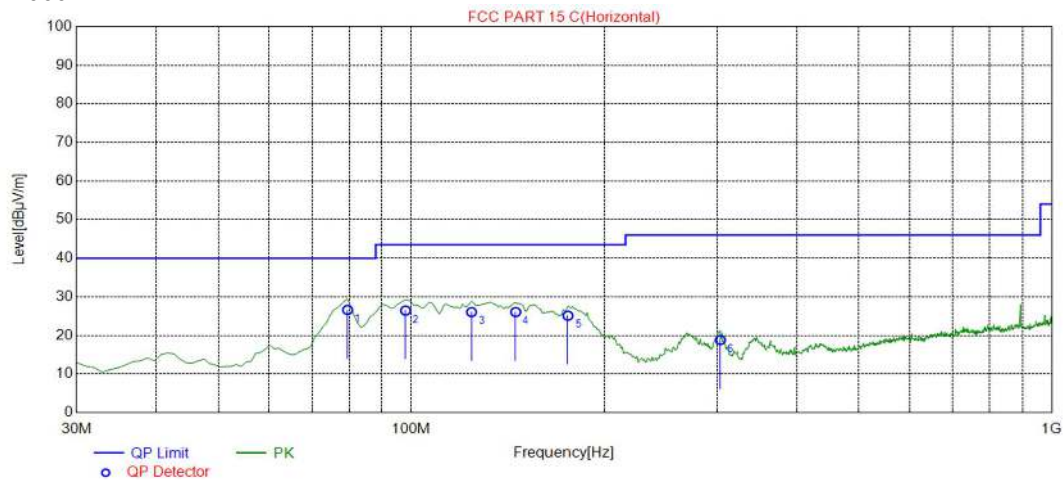
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
36.7968	-17.00	34.48	40.00	5.52	100	181	Vertical
42.6226	-16.31	35.66	40.00	4.34	100	240	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	32.58	40.00	7.42	100	102	Vertical
79.5335	-19.52	34.89	40.00	5.11	125.4	131.1	Vertical
128.0681	-17.02	36.61	43.50	6.89	100	360	Vertical
185.3554	-17.01	29.82	43.50	13.68	100	78	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

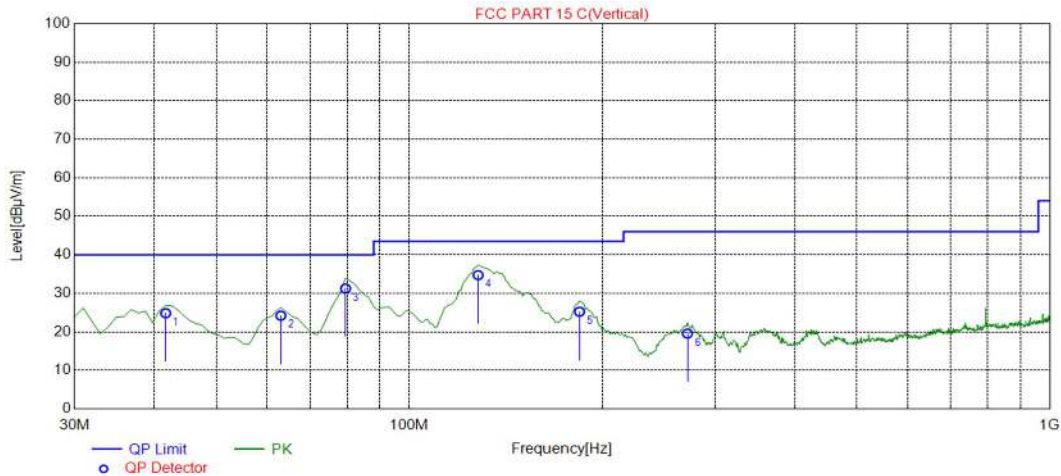
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17692.3462	60.31	-0.36	74.00	13.69	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17842.4212	48.08	-0.78	54.00	5.92	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17099.5498	60.63	-0.12	74.00	13.37	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17047.0235	48.37	-0.02	54.00	5.63	AV	Vertical	Pass

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	26.61	40.00	13.39	200	58	Horizontal
97.9680	-20.89	26.44	43.50	17.06	200	82	Horizontal
124.1842	-17.62	26.05	43.50	17.45	200	62	Horizontal
145.5455	-15.14	26.07	43.50	17.43	100	296	Horizontal
175.6456	-16.09	25.12	43.50	18.38	100	253	Horizontal
303.8138	-15.30	18.82	46.00	27.18	100	316	Horizontal



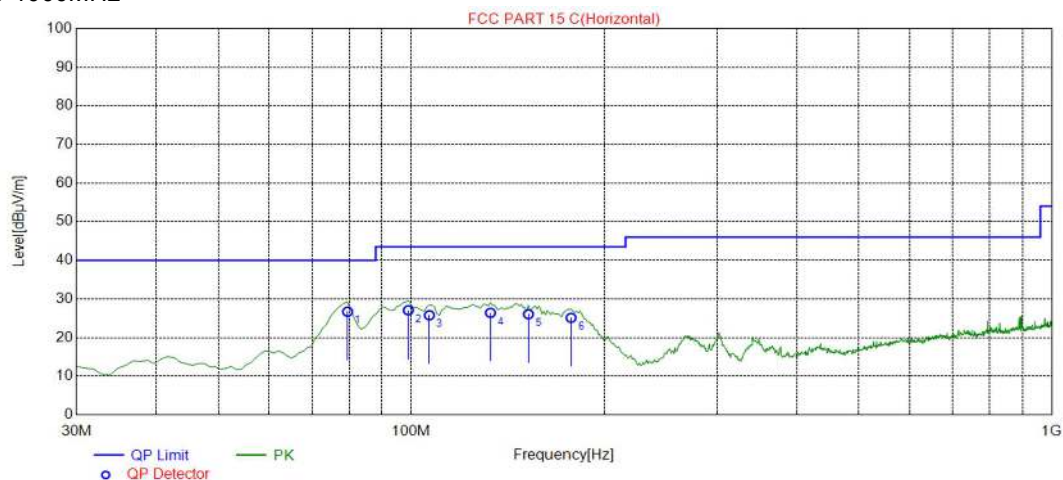
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
41.6517	-16.34	24.84	40.00	15.16	100	212	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	24.20	40.00	15.80	100	62	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	31.24	40.00	8.76	100	120	Vertical
128.0681	-17.02	34.72	43.50	8.78	100	13	Vertical
184.3844	-16.95	25.23	43.50	18.27	100	102	Vertical
271.7718	-16.48	19.56	46.00	26.44	100	63	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

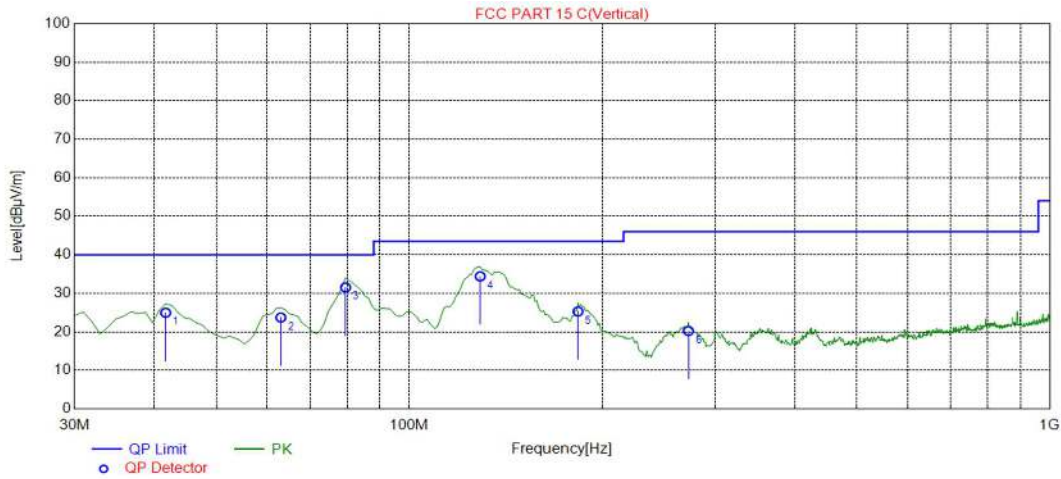
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17047.0235	60.55	-0.02	74.00	13.45	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17017.0085	48.43	0.10	54.00	5.57	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17677.3387	60.81	-0.43	74.00	13.19	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17707.3537	48.22	-0.44	54.00	5.78	AV	Vertical	Pass

π /4-DQPSK Modulation 2441MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	26.71	40.00	13.29	200	66	Horizontal
98.9389	-20.87	27.07	43.50	16.43	200	78	Horizontal
106.7067	-19.83	25.79	43.50	17.71	200	54	Horizontal
132.9229	-16.36	26.41	43.50	17.09	200	295	Horizontal
152.3423	-14.94	26.05	43.50	17.45	100	317	Horizontal
177.5876	-16.36	25.13	43.50	18.37	100	294	Horizontal



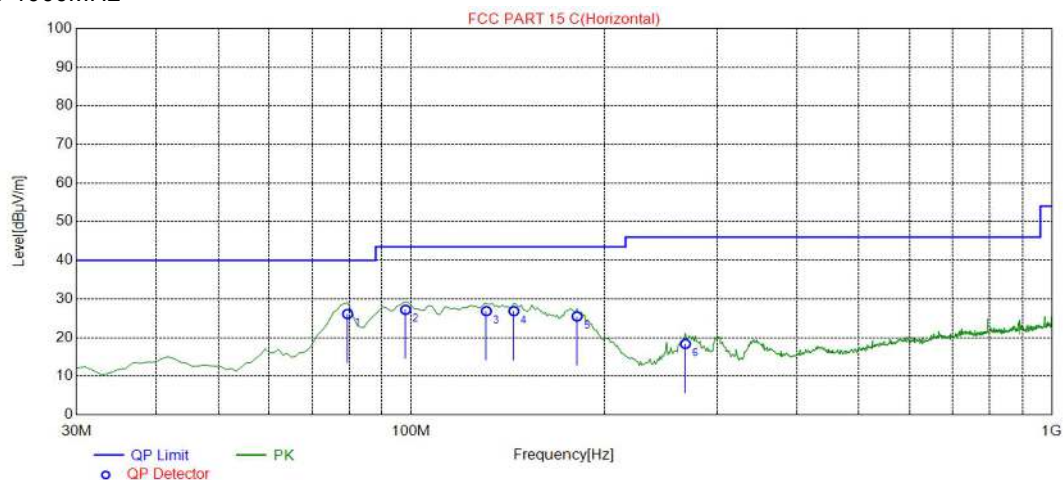
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
41.6517	-16.34	24.97	40.00	15.03	100	227	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	23.72	40.00	16.28	100	108	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	31.54	40.00	8.46	100	129	Vertical
129.0390	-16.87	34.41	43.50	9.09	100	347	Vertical
183.4134	-16.89	25.30	43.50	18.20	100	96	Vertical
272.7427	-16.44	20.24	46.00	25.76	100	41	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

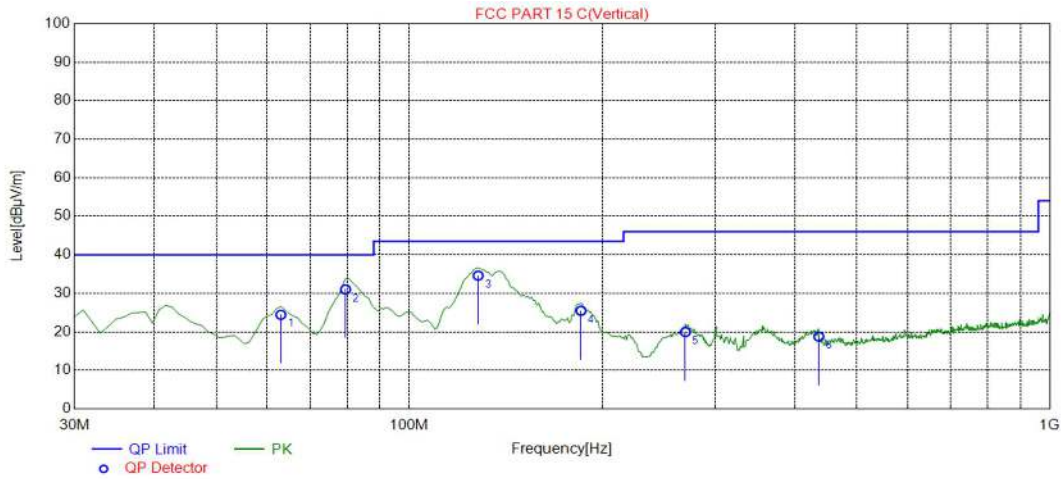
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	16671.8359	60.04	-0.19	74.00	13.96	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	16716.8584	48.49	0.00	54.00	5.51	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17114.5573	60.95	-0.09	74.00	13.05	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17167.0835	48.49	-0.10	54.00	5.51	AV	Vertical	Pass

π /4-DQPSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	26.11	40.00	13.89	200	72	Horizontal
97.9680	-20.89	27.19	43.50	16.31	200	85	Horizontal
130.9810	-16.60	26.85	43.50	16.65	200	301	Horizontal
144.5746	-15.20	26.84	43.50	16.66	100	307	Horizontal
181.4715	-16.78	25.48	43.50	18.02	100	267	Horizontal
267.8879	-16.61	18.37	46.00	27.63	100	294	Horizontal



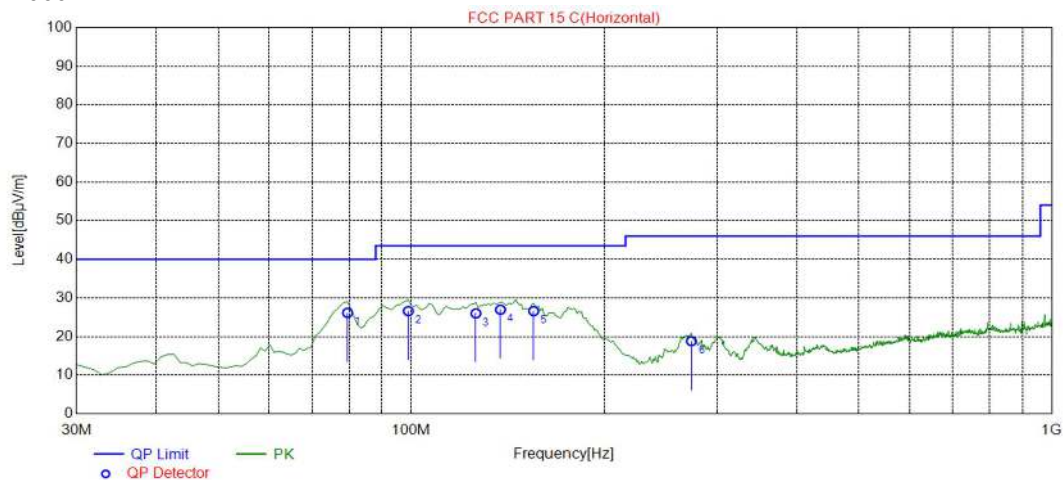
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
63.0130	-17.24	24.43	40.00	15.57	100	87	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	31.02	40.00	8.98	100	113	Vertical
128.0681	-17.02	34.59	43.50	8.91	100	13	Vertical
185.3554	-17.01	25.48	43.50	18.02	100	83	Vertical
269.8298	-16.54	19.97	46.00	26.03	100	42	Vertical
435.8659	-12.97	18.76	46.00	27.24	100	67	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

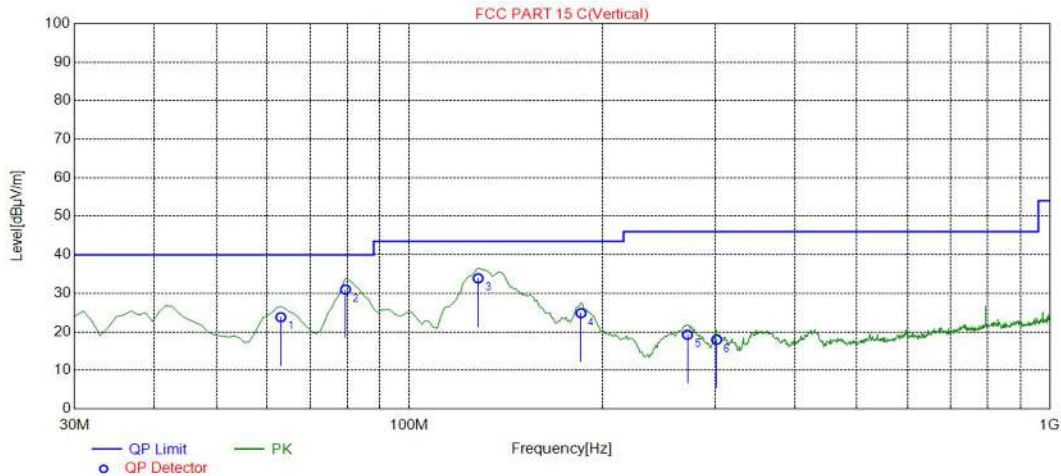
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17024.5123	60.17	0.07	74.00	13.83	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17024.5123	48.24	0.07	54.00	5.76	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17122.0610	60.56	-0.07	74.00	13.44	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17032.0160	48.28	0.04	54.00	5.72	AV	Vertical	Pass

8-DPSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	26.15	40.00	13.85	200	72	Horizontal
98.9389	-20.87	26.60	43.50	16.90	200	78	Horizontal
126.1261	-17.32	26.00	43.50	17.50	200	301	Horizontal
137.7778	-15.76	26.95	43.50	16.55	100	278	Horizontal
155.2553	-15.04	26.59	43.50	16.91	100	295	Horizontal
273.7137	-16.41	18.82	46.00	27.18	100	102	Horizontal



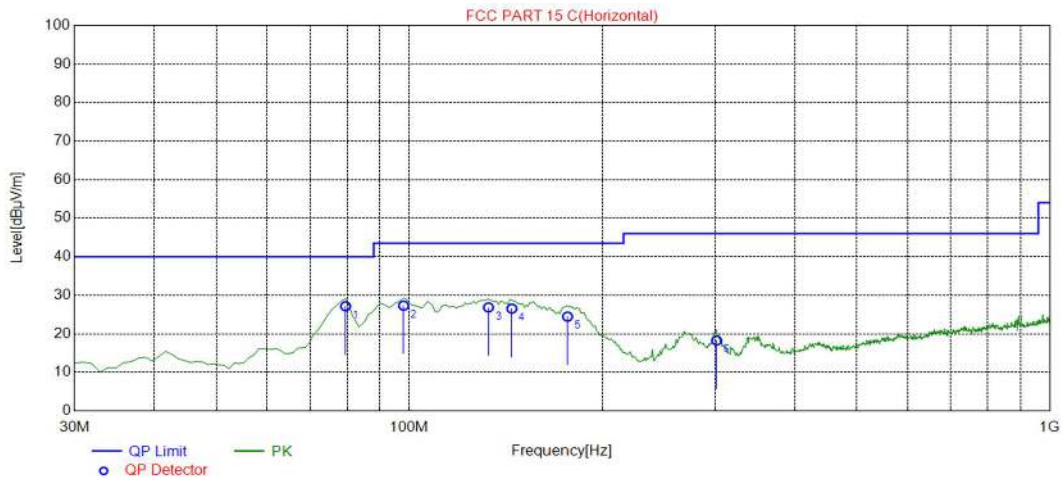
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
63.0130	-17.24	23.79	40.00	16.21	100	121	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	30.98	40.00	9.02	100	116	Vertical
128.0681	-17.02	33.89	43.50	9.61	100	0	Vertical
185.3554	-17.01	24.87	43.50	18.63	100	78	Vertical
271.7718	-16.48	19.25	46.00	26.75	100	43	Vertical
301.8719	-15.32	17.96	46.00	28.04	100	11	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

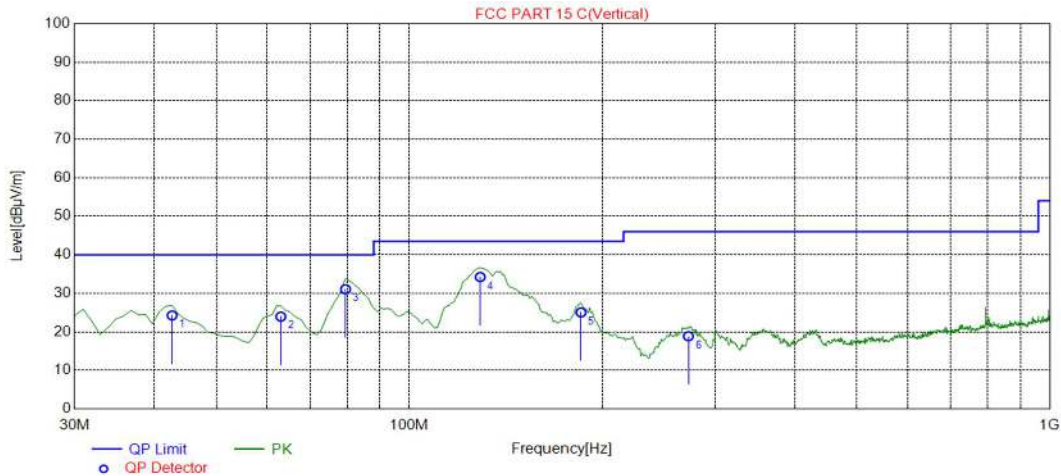
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17842.4212	61.77	-0.78	74.00	12.23	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17842.4212	48.36	-0.78	54.00	5.64	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17129.5648	60.60	-0.05	74.00	13.40	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17122.0610	48.41	-0.07	54.00	5.59	AV	Vertical	Pass

8-DPSK Modulation 2441MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	27.16	40.00	12.84	200	72	Horizontal
97.9680	-20.89	27.32	43.50	16.18	200	77	Horizontal
132.9229	-16.36	26.86	43.50	16.64	200	287	Horizontal
144.5746	-15.20	26.54	43.50	16.96	100	301	Horizontal
176.6166	-16.23	24.47	43.50	19.03	100	286	Horizontal
301.8719	-15.32	18.27	46.00	27.73	100	318	Horizontal



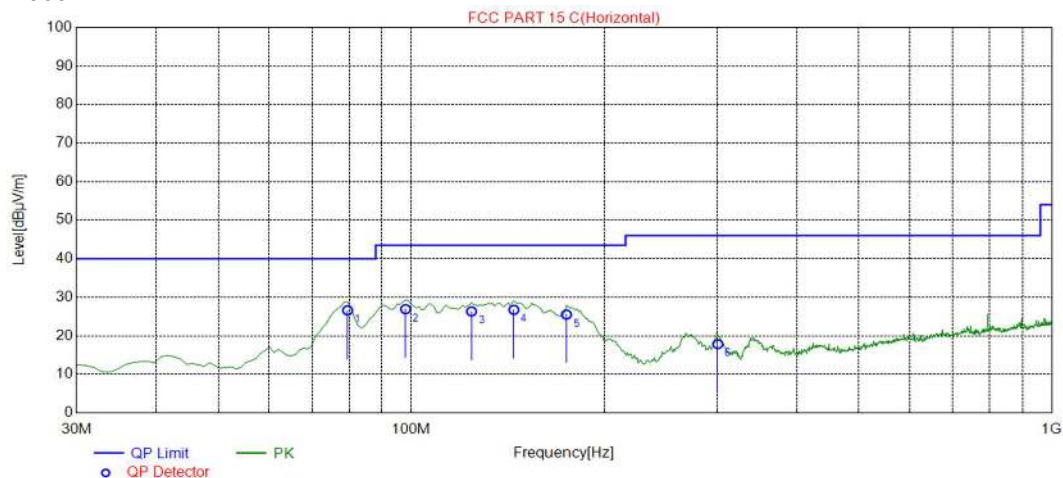
Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
42.6226	-16.31	24.25	40.00	15.75	100	294	Vertical
63.0130	-17.24	23.96	40.00	16.04	100	64	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	31.07	40.00	8.93	100	126	Vertical
129.0390	-16.87	34.24	43.50	9.26	100	359	Vertical
185.3554	-17.01	25.06	43.50	18.44	100	108	Vertical
272.7427	-16.44	18.86	46.00	27.14	100	20	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

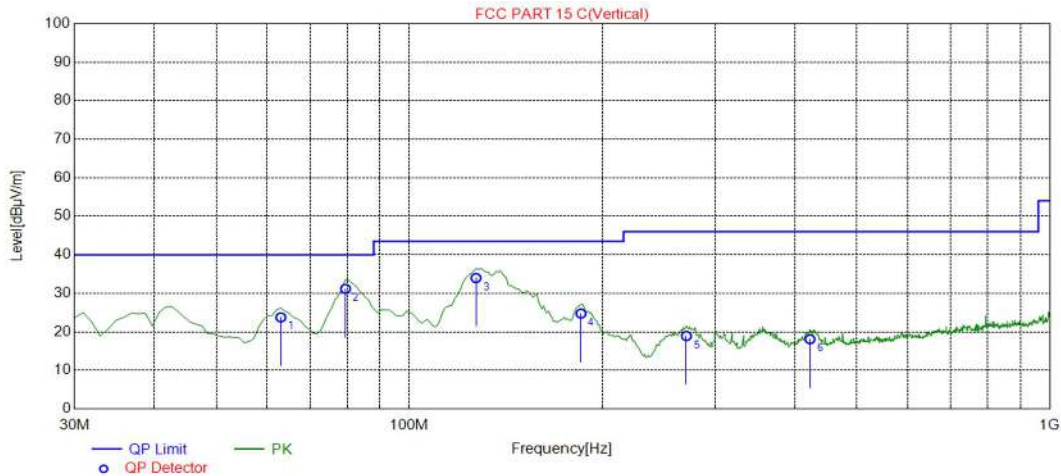
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	16581.7909	60.43	-0.81	74.00	13.57	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	16701.8509	48.32	0.24	54.00	5.68	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17737.3687	60.32	-0.94	74.00	13.68	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17827.4137	48.40	-0.59	54.00	5.60	AV	Vertical	Pass

8-DPSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result

30-1000MHz



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
79.5195	-19.53	26.62	40.00	13.38	200	62	Horizontal
97.9680	-20.89	26.91	43.50	16.59	200	280	Horizontal
124.1842	-17.62	26.32	43.50	17.18	200	60	Horizontal
144.5746	-15.20	26.74	43.50	16.76	100	310	Horizontal
174.6747	-15.96	25.52	43.50	17.98	100	258	Horizontal
300.9009	-15.34	17.85	46.00	28.15	100	314	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	QP Value [dBμV/m]	QP Limit [dBμV/m]	QP Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
63.0130	-17.24	23.75	40.00	16.25	100	76	Vertical
79.5195	-19.53	31.17	40.00	8.83	100	122	Vertical
127.0971	-17.17	33.97	43.50	9.53	100	347	Vertical
185.3554	-17.01	24.75	43.50	18.75	100	100	Vertical
270.8008	-16.51	18.92	46.00	27.08	100	97	Vertical
422.2723	-13.24	18.09	46.00	27.91	100	84	Vertical

According to C63.10, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement, so AV emission value did not show in below table if the peak value complies with average limit.

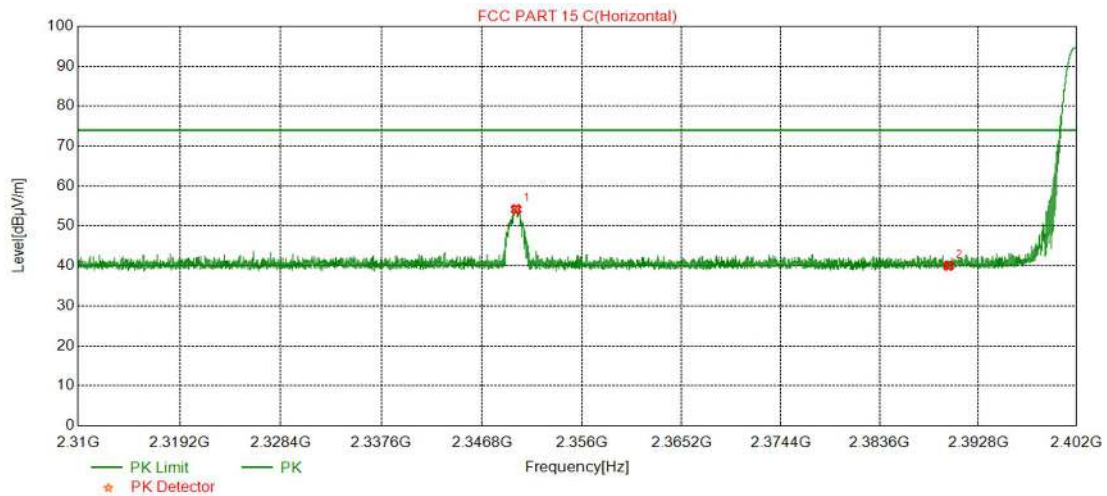
Frequency Band	Freq. [MHz]	Factor [dB/m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Detector	Polarization	Result
1000-25000MHz	17167.0835	61.09	-0.10	74.00	12.91	PK	Horizontal	Pass
	17039.5198	48.33	0.01	54.00	5.67	AV	Horizontal	Pass
	17797.3987	60.90	-0.29	74.00	13.10	PK	Vertical	Pass
	17932.4662	48.34	-0.58	54.00	5.66	AV	Vertical	Pass

Remark:

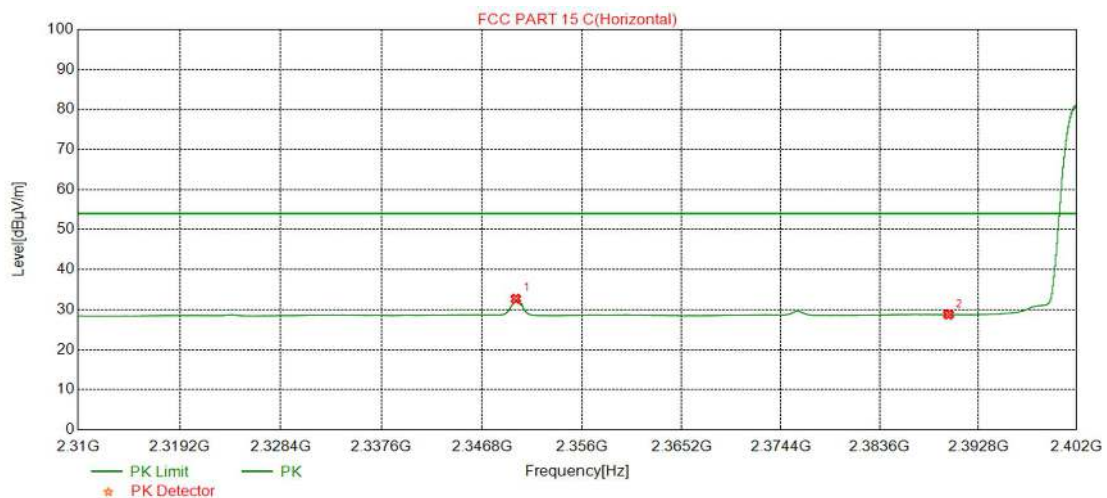
- (1) “*” means the emission(s) appear within the restrict bands shall follow the requirement of section 15.205.
- (2) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “--” in the table above means the reading of emissions are the noise floor or attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- (3) Above 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain.
- (4) Below 1GHz: Corrector factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain.
- (5) Note: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Band-edge (Radiated)

GFSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result



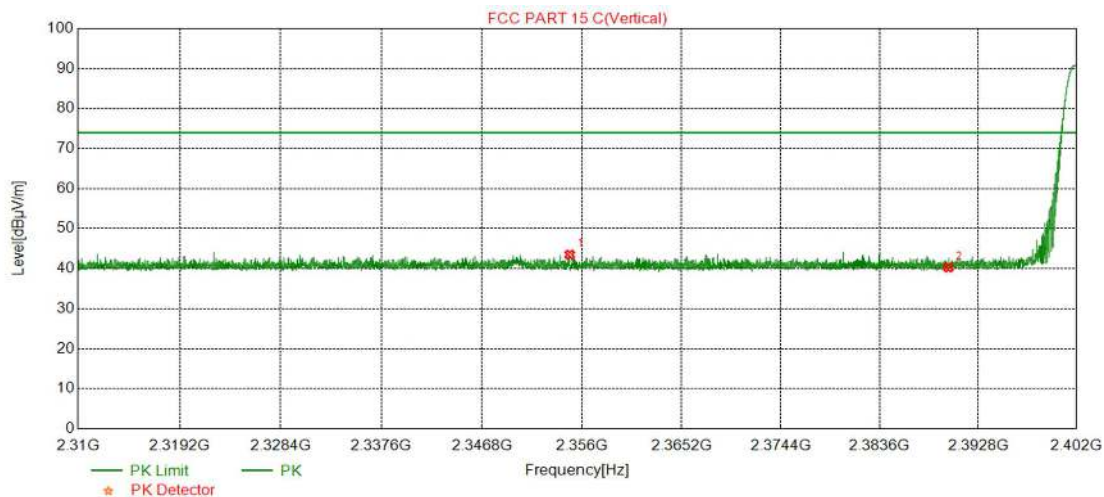
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.93	54.19	-22.93	74.00	19.81	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	40.03	-22.81	74.00	33.97	203.1	138.5	Horizontal



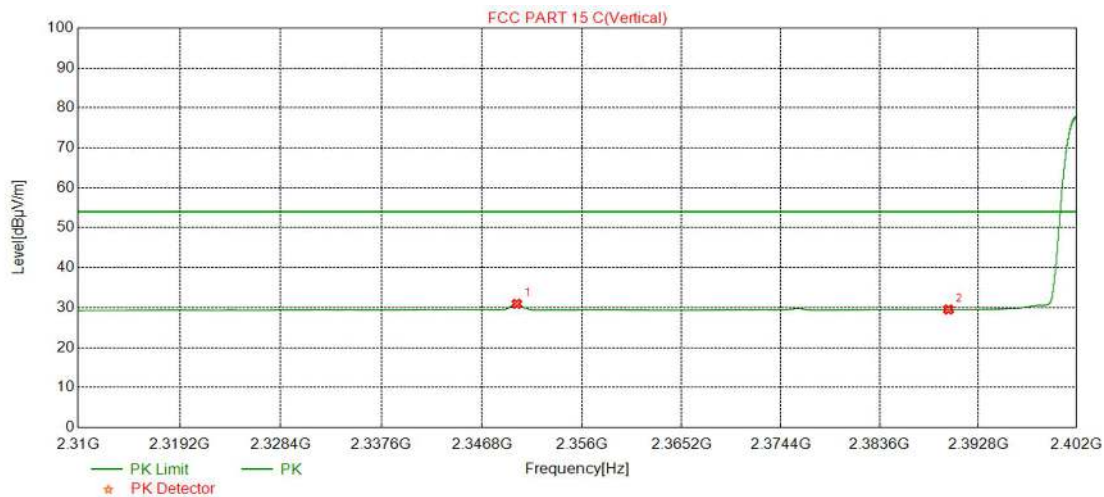
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.89	32.72	-22.93	54.00	21.28	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	28.79	-22.81	54.00	25.21	203.1	138.5	Horizontal

Level = Read level + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2354.86	43.51	-22.91	74.00	30.49	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	40.29	-22.81	74.00	33.71	104.9	214.8	Vertical

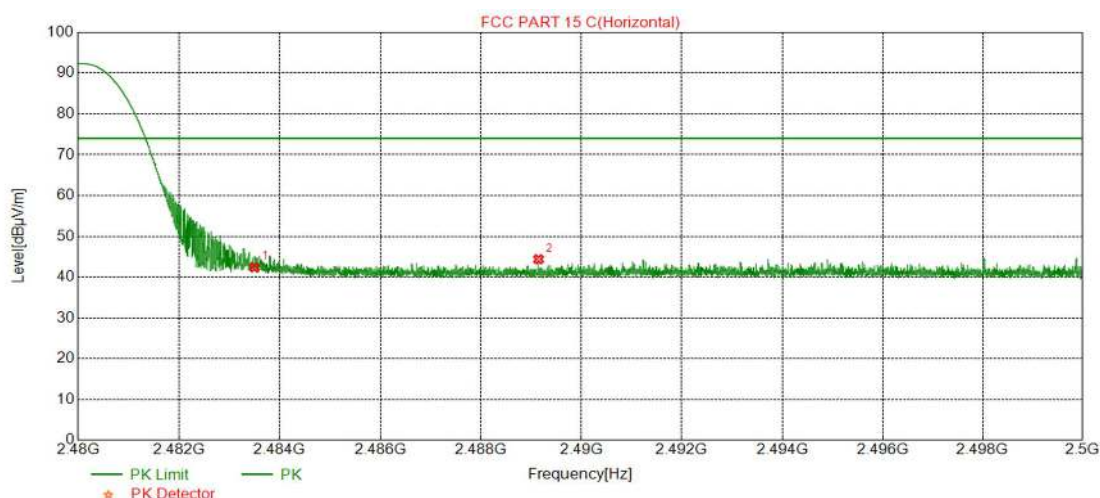


Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.98	30.96	-22.93	54.00	23.04	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	29.52	-22.81	54.00	24.48	104.9	214.8	Vertical

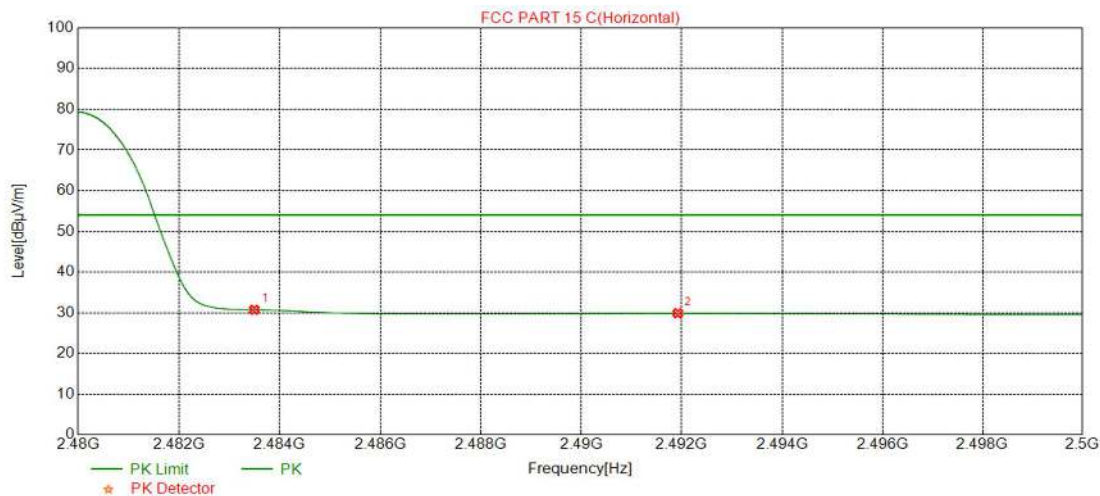
Level = Read level + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

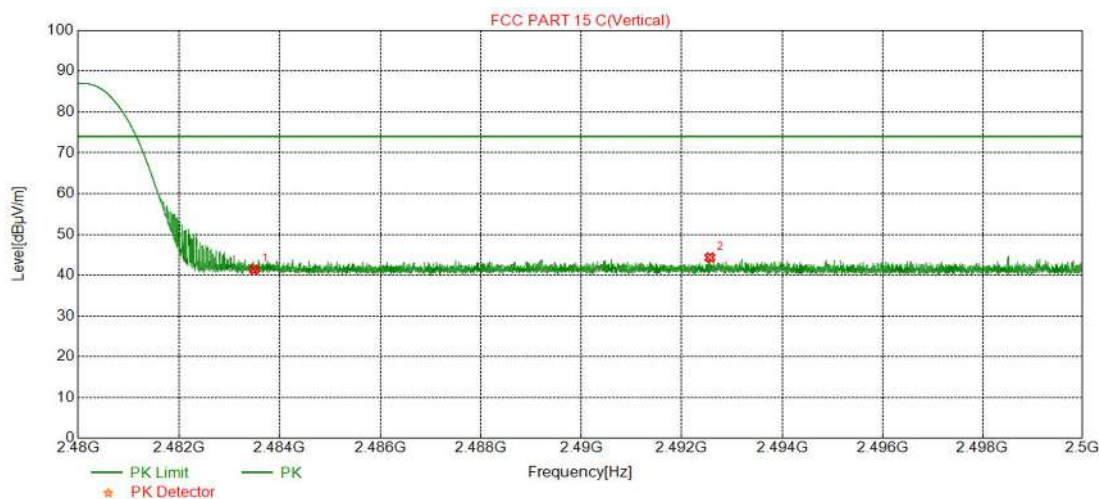
GFSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result



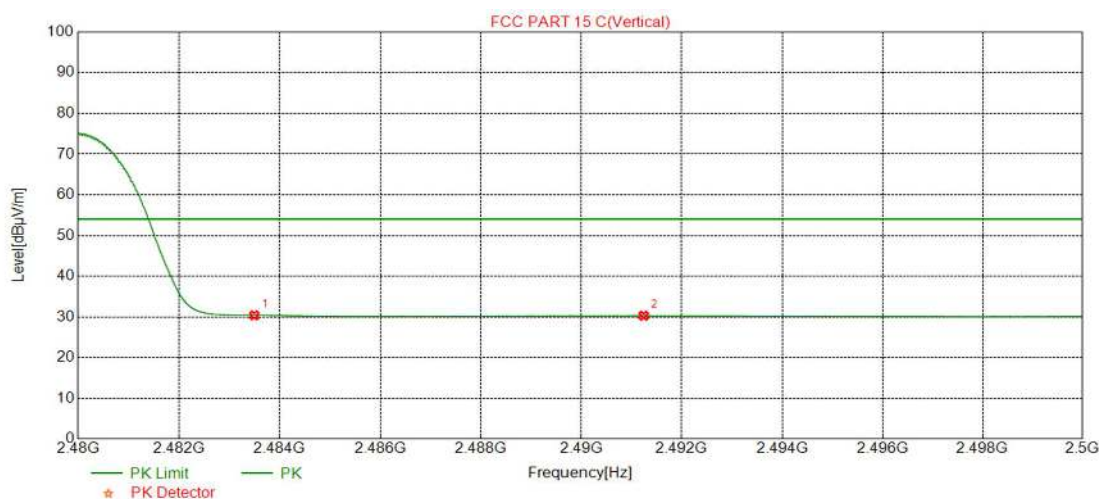
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	42.37	-22.52	74.00	31.63	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2489.14	44.38	-22.50	74.00	29.62	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	30.72	-22.52	54.00	23.28	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2491.92	29.88	-22.49	54.00	24.12	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	41.36	-22.52	74.00	32.64	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2492.56	44.34	-22.49	74.00	29.66	104.9	242.5	Vertical

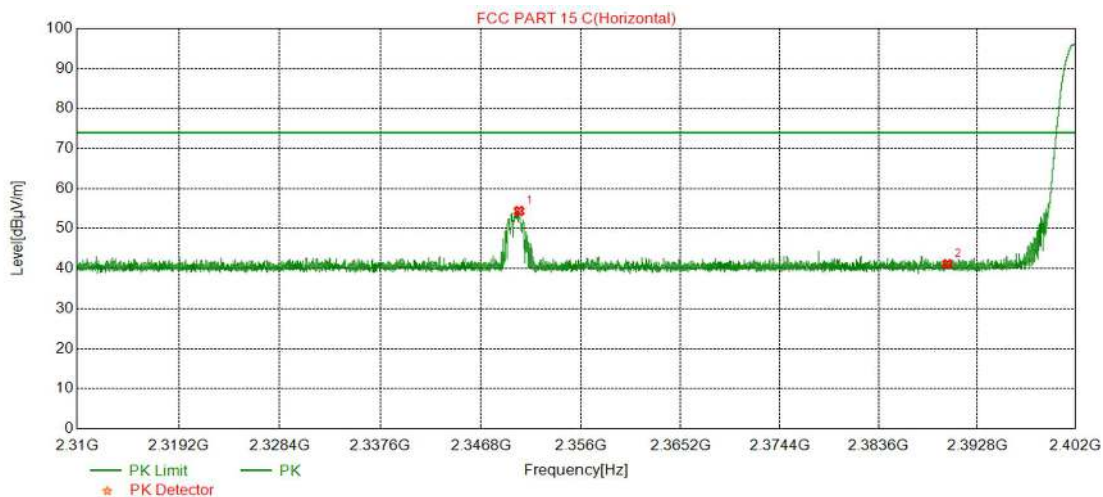


Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	30.36	-22.52	54.00	23.64	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2491.24	30.28	-22.50	54.00	23.72	104.9	242.5	Vertical

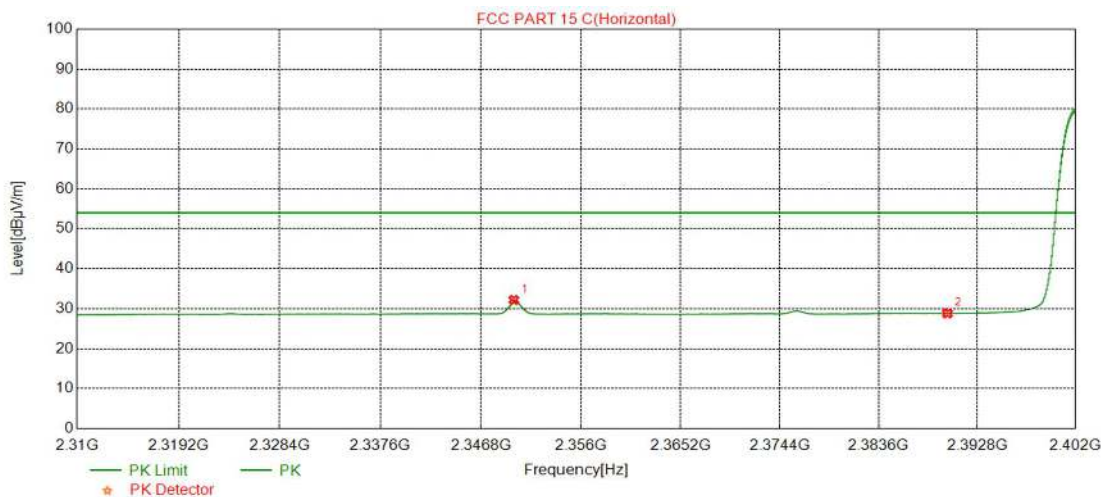
Level = Read level + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

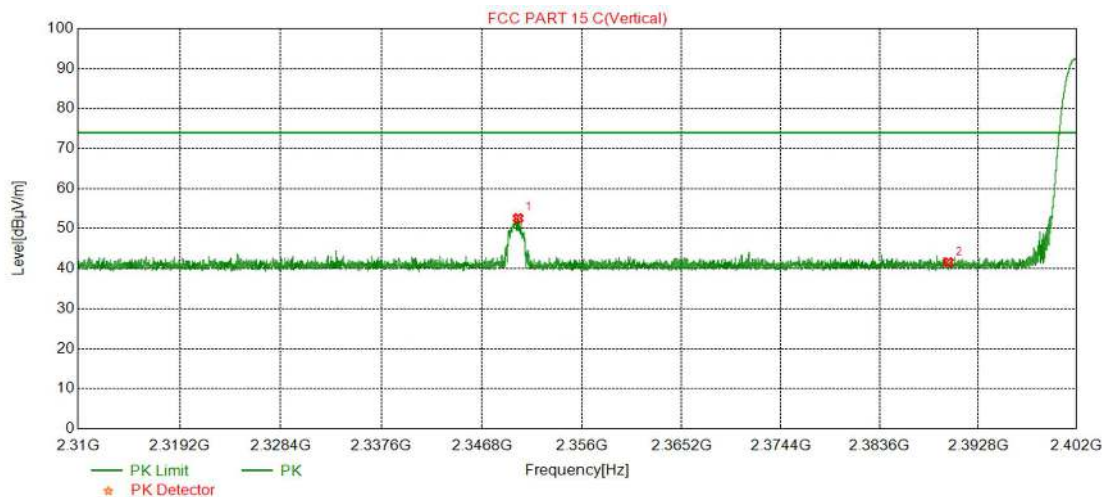
π /4-QPSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result



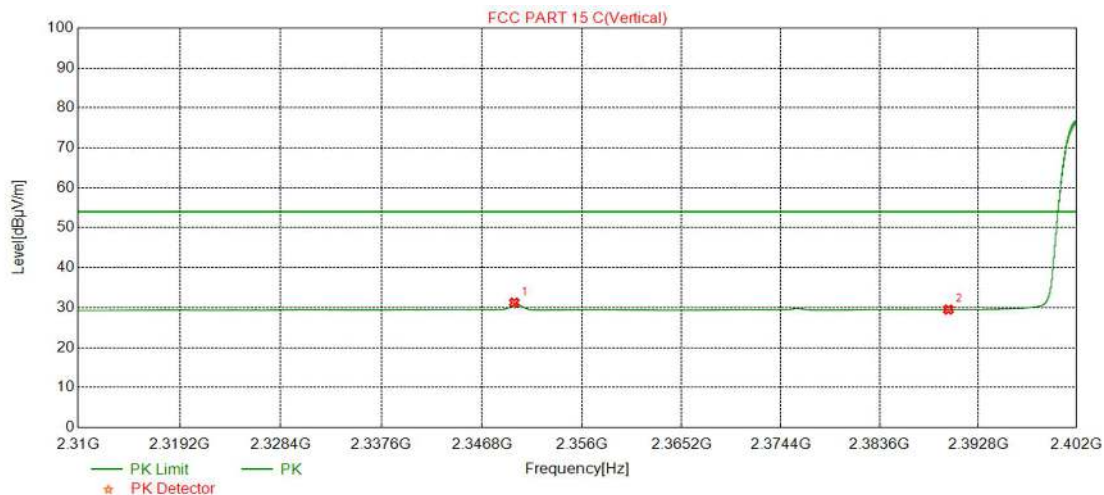
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2350.29	54.38	-22.93	74.00	19.62	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	41.14	-22.81	74.00	32.86	203.1	138.5	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.81	32.19	-22.93	54.00	21.81	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	28.83	-22.81	54.00	25.17	203.1	138.5	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2350.10	52.60	-22.93	74.00	21.40	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	41.59	-22.81	74.00	32.41	104.9	214.8	Vertical

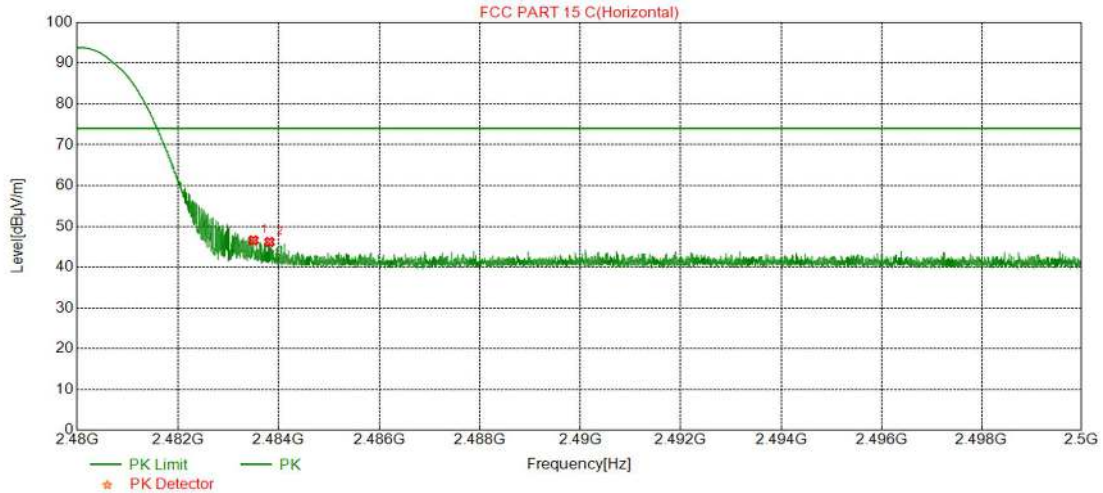


Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.76	31.27	-22.93	54.00	22.73	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	29.50	-22.81	54.00	24.50	104.9	214.8	Vertical

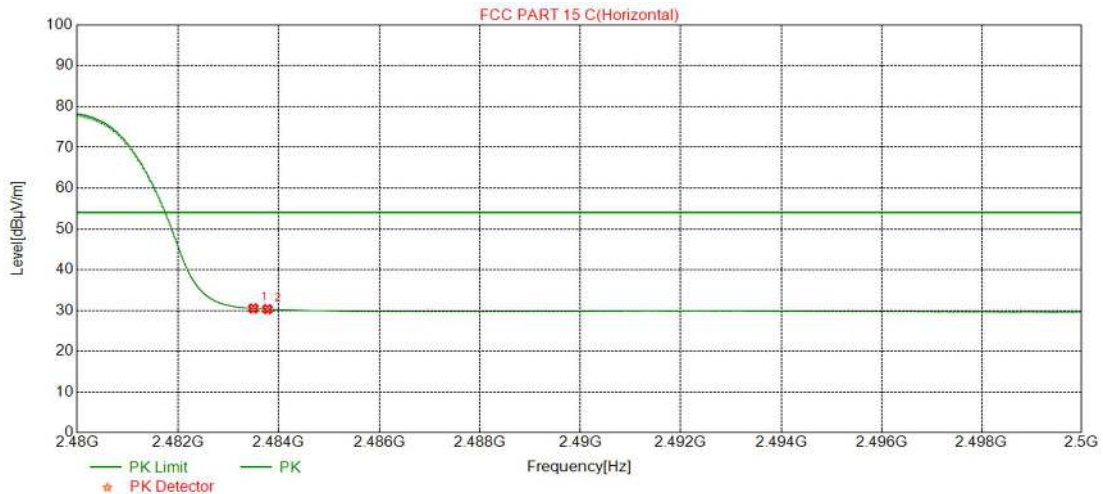
Level = Read level + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

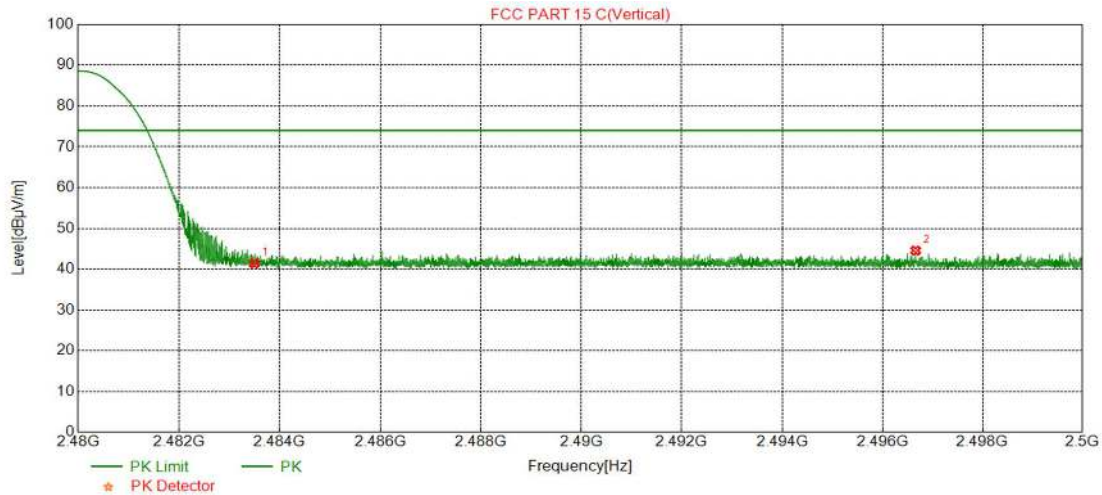
π /4-DQPSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result



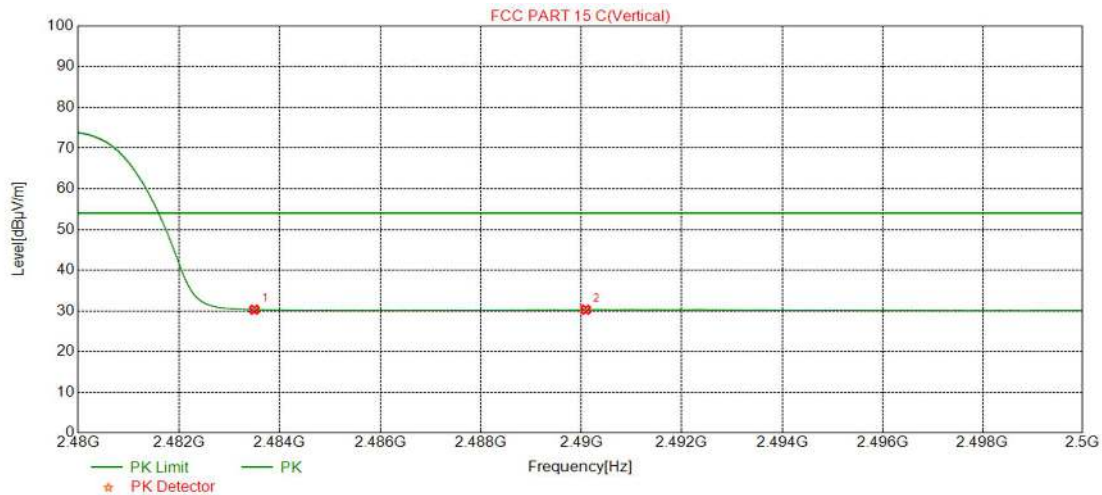
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	46.57	-22.52	74.00	27.43	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2483.82	46.17	-22.52	74.00	27.83	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	30.49	-22.52	54.00	23.51	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2483.78	30.31	-22.52	54.00	23.69	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	41.40	-22.52	74.00	32.60	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2496.66	44.55	-22.48	74.00	29.45	104.9	242.5	Vertical

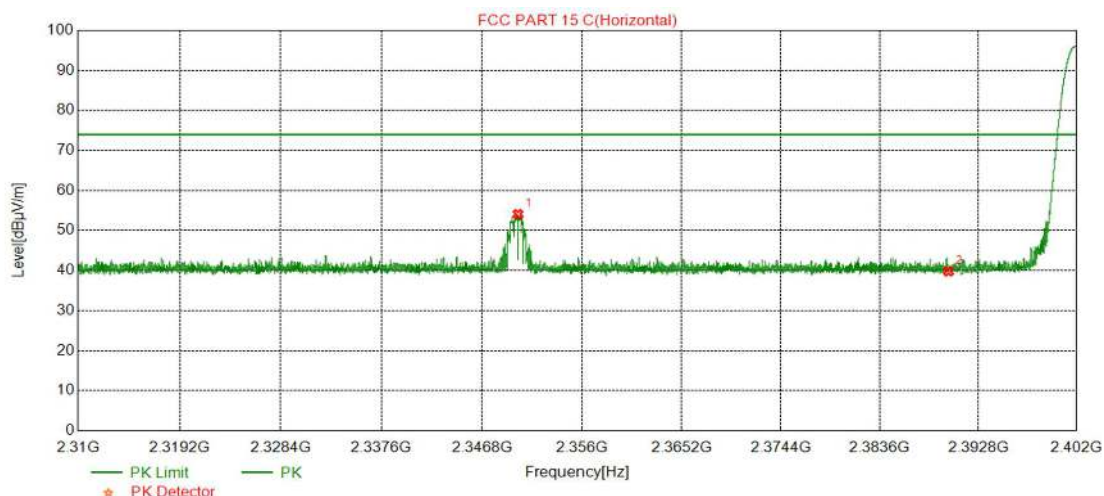


Suspected Data List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	2483.50	30.29	-22.52	54.00	23.71	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2	2490.08	30.28	-22.50	54.00	23.72	104.9	242.5	Vertical

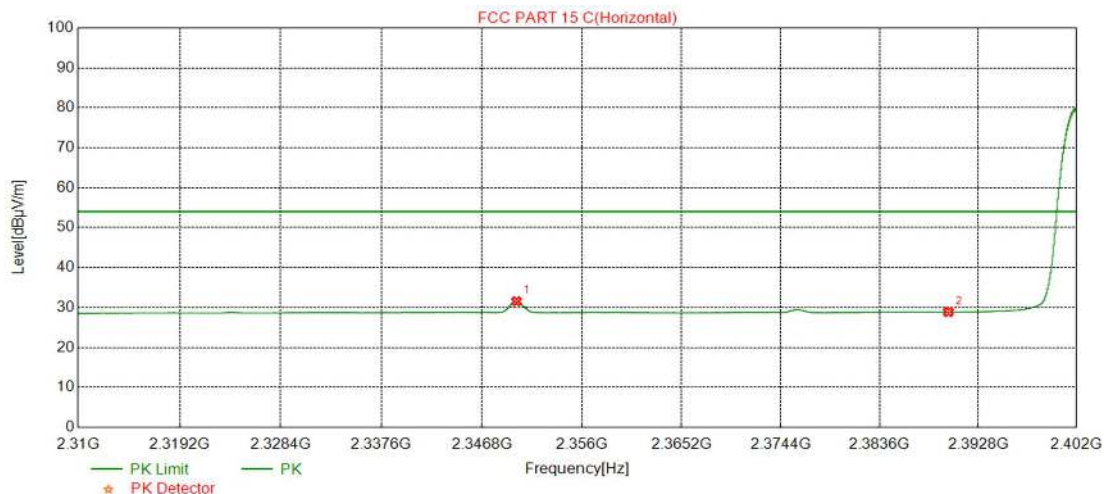
Level = Read level + Factor

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

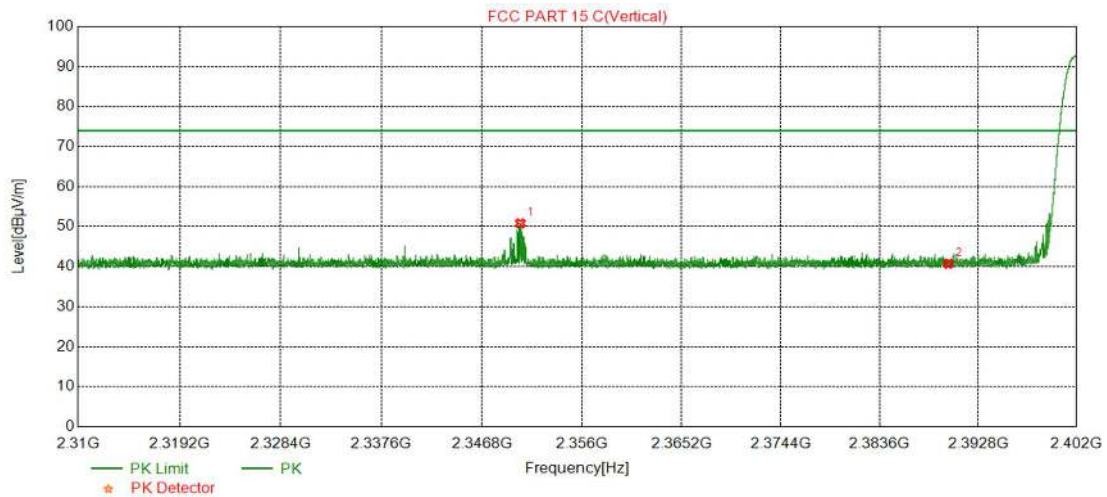
8-DPSK Modulation 2402MHz Test Result



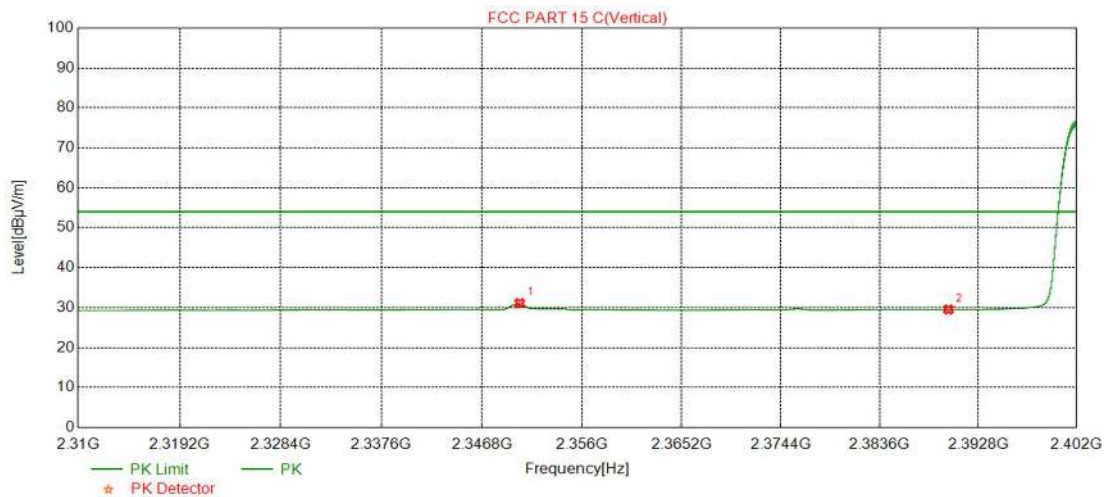
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2350.10	54.11	-22.93	74.00	19.89	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	39.79	-22.81	74.00	34.21	203.1	138.5	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2349.96	31.56	-22.93	54.00	22.44	203.1	138.5	Horizontal
2390.00	28.87	-22.81	54.00	25.13	203.1	138.5	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2350.32	50.82	-22.93	74.00	23.18	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	40.71	-22.81	74.00	33.29	104.9	214.8	Vertical

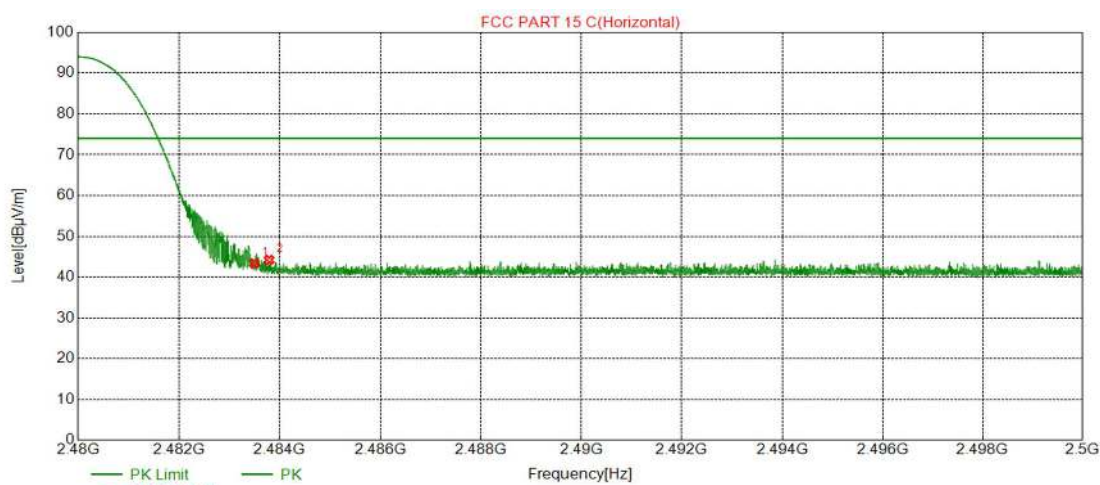


Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2350.25	31.13	-22.93	54.00	22.87	104.9	214.8	Vertical
2390.00	29.51	-22.81	54.00	24.49	104.9	214.8	Vertical

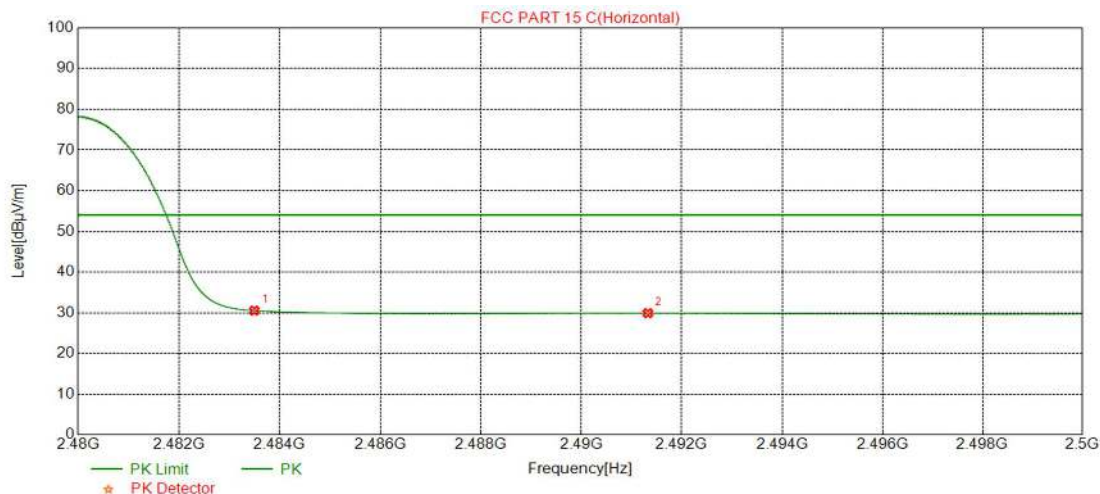
Level = Read level + Factor

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

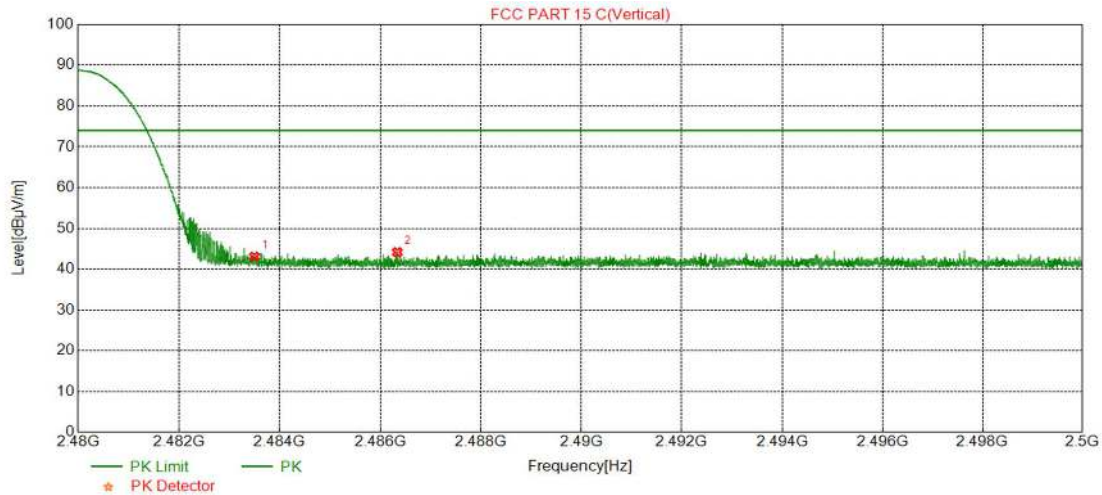
8-DPSK Modulation 2480MHz Test Result



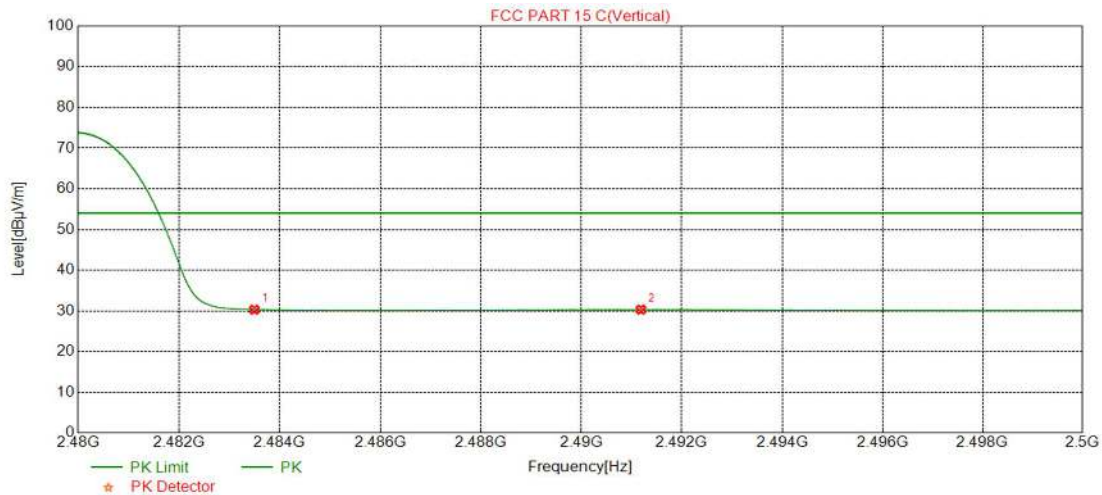
Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	43.35	-22.52	74.00	30.65	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2483.79	44.21	-22.52	74.00	29.79	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	30.52	-22.52	54.00	23.48	191.6	138.6	Horizontal
2491.32	29.90	-22.50	54.00	24.10	191.6	138.6	Horizontal



Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
2483.50	43.07	-22.52	74.00	30.93	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2486.34	44.16	-22.51	74.00	29.84	104.9	242.5	Vertical



Suspected Data List								
NO.	Freq. [MHz]	Level [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Polarity
1	2483.50	30.29	-22.52	54.00	23.71	104.9	242.5	Vertical
2	2491.18	30.29	-22.50	54.00	23.71	104.9	242.5	Vertical

Level= Read level + Factor

Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Preamp Factor

3.11 Hopping sequence requirement

Limit:

FCC §15.207 (g)

FCC §15.207 (h)

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Result: Meet the requirements of this chapter

End