



DFS Test Report

Applicant : Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd.

Product Type : Rugged Handheld Computer

Trade Name : unitech

Model Number : TB128

Applicable Standard : FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E

ANSI C63.10:2013

Receive Date : Mar. 15, 2017

Test Period : Apr. 05 ~ Apr. 06, 2017

Issue Date : Jun. 14, 2017

Issue by

A Test Lab Techno Corp.

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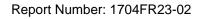




Taiwan Accreditation Foundation accreditation number: 1330

Test Firm MRA designation number: TW0010

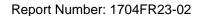
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Revision History

Rev.	Issue Date	Revisions	Revised By
00	Apr. 26, 2017	Initial Issue	Nina Lin
01	Jun. 12, 2017	Revised report information.	Nina Lin
02	Jun. 14, 2017	Revised report information.	Nina Lin





Verification of Compliance

Issued Date: Jun. 14, 2017

Applicant : Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd.

Product Type : Rugged Handheld Computer

Trade Name : unitech

Model Number . TB128

FCC ID : HLETB128BTNF

EUT Rated Voltage : DC 5V, 3.0A

Test Voltage : 120 Vac / 60 Hz

Applicable Standard FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E

ANSI C63.10:2013

Test Result : Complied

Performing Lab. : A Test Lab Techno Corp.

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http://www.atl-lab.com.tw/e-index.htm

A Test Lab Techno Corp. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by A Test Lab Techno Corp. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

(Manager) (Fly Lu) (Testing Engineer) (Eric Ou Y

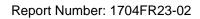
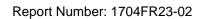




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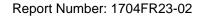




1 EUT Description

Applicant		Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd. 5F., No.136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 231, R.O.C.				
Manufacturer		Unitech Electronics Co., Ltd. 5F., No.136, Lane 235, Pao-Chiao Rd., Hsin-Tien Dist., New Taipei City, Taiwan 231, R.O.C.				
Product Type	Rugged Handheld Compu	uter				
Trade Name	unitech					
Model Number	TB128					
FCC ID	HLETB128BTNF					
IMEI Number	359570021680979					
	Frequency Band			Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Channels	
	IEEE 802.11a	U-NII Band	II-A	5260 – 5320	4	
0	IEEE 002.11a	U-NII Band	II-C	5500 – 5700	11	
Operate Frequency	IEEE 802.11n 20 MHz	U-NII Band	II-A	5260 – 5320	4	
	TEEE 802. TTT 20 WILL	U-NII Band	II-C	5500 – 5700	11	
	IEEE 802.11n 40 MHz	U-NII Band	II-A	5270 – 5310	2	
	TEEE 802.1111 40 MHZ	U-NII Band	II-C	5510 – 5670	5	
Modulation Type	OFDM					
Antenna information	Туре	Туре		Max. Gain (dBi)		
Antenna information	FPCB Antenn	FPCB Antenna		-3.8		
Antenna Delivery	See section 3.1		-			
Frequency Stability Specification	± 20 ppm	± 20 ppm				
Operate Temp. Range	0 ~ 40 ℃	0 ~ 40 °C				

Items	Descr	ription	
Communication Mode	■IP Based (Load Based)	☐Frame Based	
TPC Function	☐With TPC	■Without TPC	
Weather Band (5600 ~ 5650 MHz)	■With 5600 ~ 5650 MHz	☐Without 5600 ~ 5650 MHz	
Beamforming Function	☐With Beamforming	■ Without Beamforming	
	☐Outdoor access point		
Equipment Type	☐Indoor access point		
Equipment Type	☐Fixed point-to-point access points		
	■Client devices		
	□Master		
	Client with radar detection		
Operating made	■Client without radar detection		
Operating mode	□Ad-Hoc		
	□Bridge		
	□MESH		





2 Test Methodology

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15.

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC KDB request:

- FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02
- FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r02

3 Dynamic Frequency Selection

3.1. Limits

§15.407 (h) and FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 Compliance measurement procedures for unlicensed-national information infrastructure devcies operating in the 5250-5350 MHZ and 5470-5725 MHZ bands incorporating dynamic frequency selection.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS Requirements Prior to Use of a Channel					
	Operational Mode				
Requirement	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)		
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes		
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes		

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation				
	Operational Mode			
Requirement	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection	Client without Radar Detection		
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes		
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required		

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client With Radar Detection	Client without Radar Detection	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required	
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link	
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required	

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequencies between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks

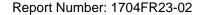




Table 3: DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices With Radar Detection				
Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1,2 and 3)			
EIRP ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and Power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm			
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm			

- Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.
- Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.
- Note 3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to FCC KDB Publication 662911 D01.

Table 4: DFS Response Requirement Values			
Parameter	Value		
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes		
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds		
Channel Move Time	10 seconds See Note 1.		
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.		
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the U-NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.		

- Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.
- Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.
- Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

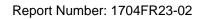




		Table 5: Short Pulse I	Radar Test Wavefo	orms	
Radar Type	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in Table 5a Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 µsec, with a minimum increment of 1 µsec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A	Roundup $ \left\{ $	60%	30
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Rada	r Types 1-4)			80%	120

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.

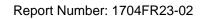
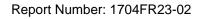




Table 5a: Pulse Repetition Intervals Values for Test A				
Pulse Repetition Frequency Number	Pulse Repetition Frequency (Pulses Per Second)	Pulse Repetition Interval (Microseconds)		
1	1930.5	518		
2	1858.7	538		
3	1792.1	558		
4	1730.1	578		
5	1672.2	598		
6	1618.1	618		
7	1567.4	638		
8	1519.8	658		
9	1474.9	678		
10	1432.7	698		
11	1392.8	718		
12	1355	738		
13	1319.3	758		
14	1285.3	778		
15	1253.1	798		
16	1222.5	818		
17	1193.3	838		
18	1165.6	858		
19	1139	878		
20	1113.6	898		
21	1089.3	918		
22	1066.1	938		
23	326.2	3066		

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Bursts	Pulses per Burst	Pulse Width (µsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (µsec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	8-20	1-3	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	80%	30

Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal							
Radar Waveform	Pulse Width (µsec)	PRI (µsec)	Burst Length (ms)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	300	9	0.333	70%	30

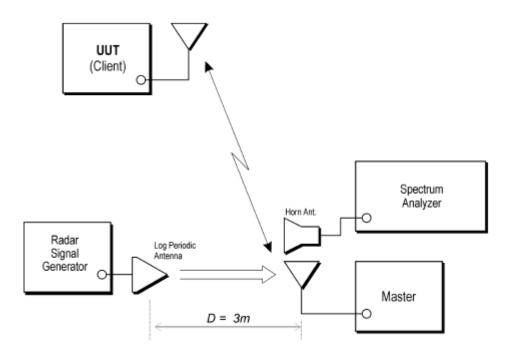


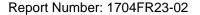


3.2. Test and Measurement System

3.2.1. Setup for Client with injection at the Master

Example Radiated Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master







3.2.2. System Calibration

The short pulse types 0,1,2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time. The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the May 2014 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from FL to FH for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

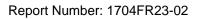
3.2.3. System Calibration

The Interference Radar Detection Threshold Level is (-63dBm), The above equipment setup was used to calibrate the radiated Radar Waveform. A vector signal generator was utilized to establish the test signal level for each radar type. During this process there were replace 50ohm terminal form Master and Client device and no transmissions by either the Master or Client Device. The spectrum analyzer was switched to the zero span (Time Domain) at the frequency of the Radar Waveform generator. Peak detection was used. The spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth (RBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) were set to at least 3 MHz.

The vector signal generator amplitude was set so that the power level measured at the spectrum analyzer was (-63dBm). Capture the spectrum analyzer plots on short pulse radar types, long pulse radar type and hopping radar waveform.

3.2.4. Adjustment of Displayed Traffic Level

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. Software to ping the client is permitted to simulate data transfer but must have random ping intervals. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

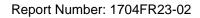




3.3. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Remark
EXA Spectrum Amalyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY48030518	11/04/2016	1 year
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	MY53050382	05/20/2016	1 year
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horm	ETS-Lindgren	3117	00128055	08/29/2016	1 year
Double Ridged Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00152321	08/23/2016	1 year
DFS Cable	ATL	DFS	009	10/12/2016	1 year
Microwave Cable	EMCI	EMC104-SM-SM-1 0000	150401	12/28/2016	1 year
Test Site	ATL	TE02	TE02	N.C.R.	

Note N.C.R. = No Calibration Request.





4 Test Methodology

4.1. Mode of Operation

Decision of Test ATL has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

were carried out with the EOT in hormal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:
Test Mode
Mode 1: IEEE 802.11n 40MHz Link Mode

IEEE 802.11n 40MHz Link Mode:

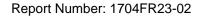
Unless otherwise noted, all tests were performed with the radar burst at the channel center frequency of 5630 MHz.

4.2. EUT Exercise Software

1.	Setup the EUT shown on 3.2.1
2.	Turn on the power of all equipment.
3.	Turn on Wi-Fi function link to Notebook.
4.	The EUT is operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency for the purposes of measurement.

4.3. Test Site Environment

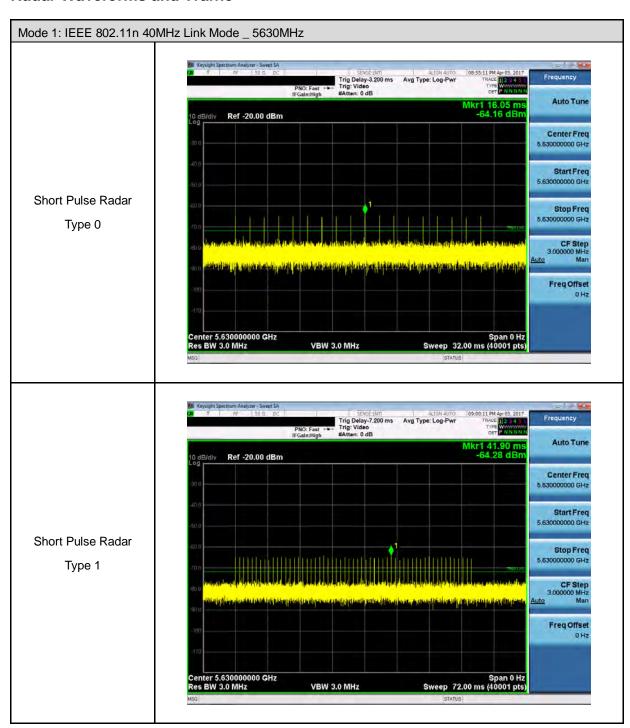
Items	Required (IEC 60068-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	26
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	60
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	950

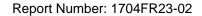




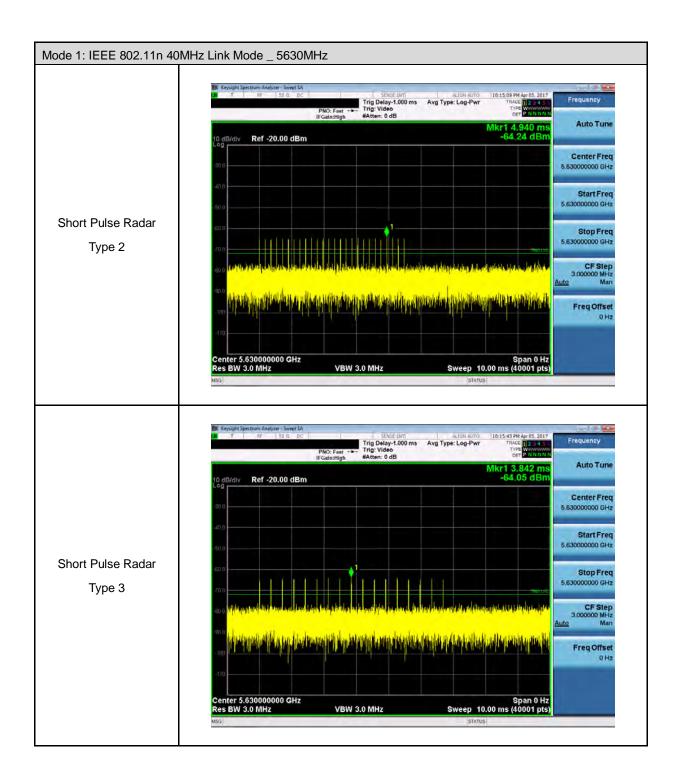
5 Test Results

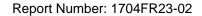
5.1. Radar Waveforms and Traffic



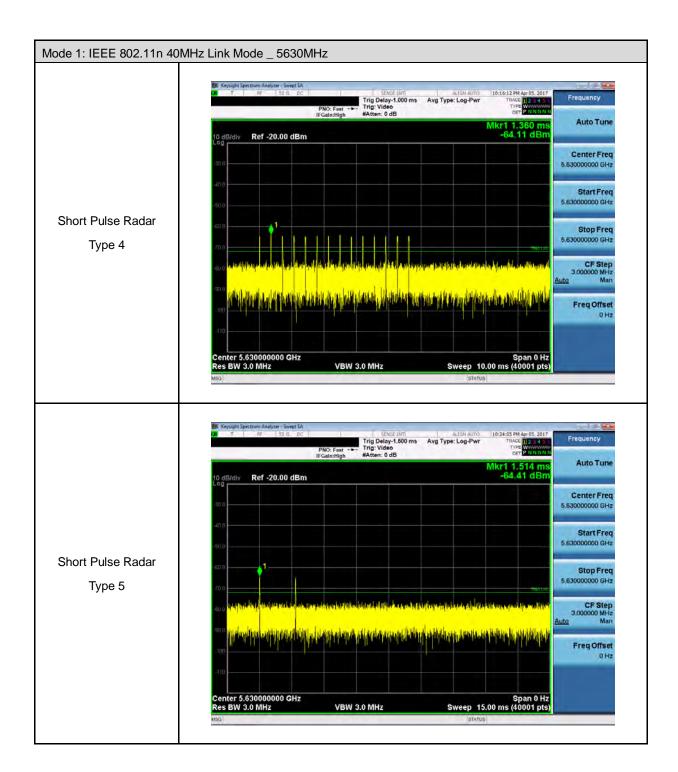


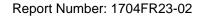




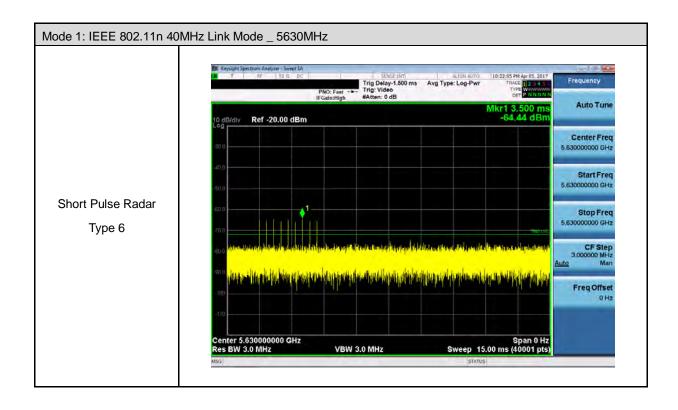














5.2. Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time

5.2.1. Reporting Notes

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

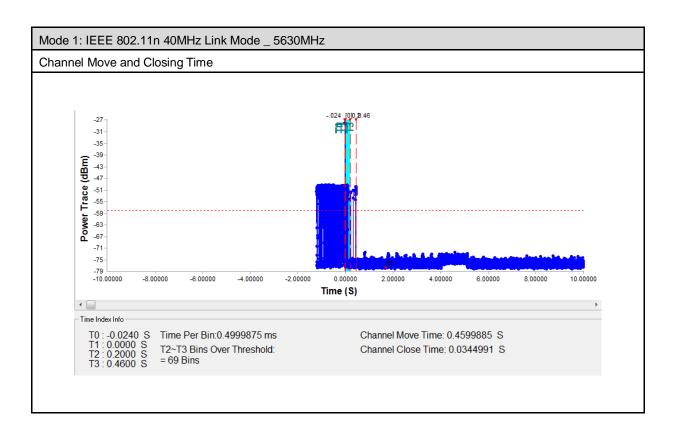
Aggregate Transmission Time = (Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

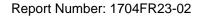
The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Results

Frequency (MHz) Radar Type		Channel Move Time (sec)	Limit (sec)
5630	Type 0	4.4600	10

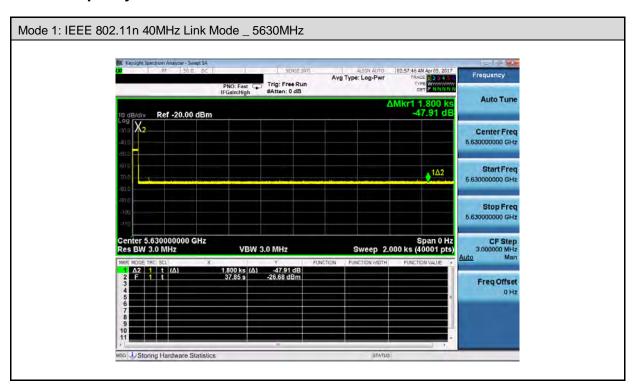
Frequency	Radar Type	Aggregate Channel Closing Transmission Time	Limit
(MHz)	7.	(msec)	(msec)
5630	Type 0	34.4991	60



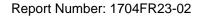




5.3. Non-Occupancy Period

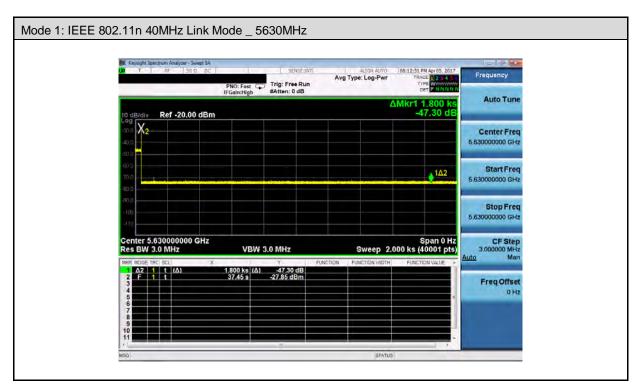


Note: Non-Occupancy Period time is 30 minute during which a Channel will not be utilized after a Radar Waveform is detected on that Channel.





5.4. Non-Associated Test



Note: The non-associated Client Beacon Test is during the 30 minutes observation time. The EUT should not make any transmissions in the DFS band after EUT power up.