

Certification Test Report

FCC ID: HHC-65A261

IC: 1516A-65A261

FCC Rule Part: 15.247

IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210

ACS Report Number: 09-0411-15C

Manufacturer: Home Automation Inc.

Model: 65A26-1

Test Begin Date: December 10, 2009

Test End Date: December 11, 2009

Report Issue Date: December 15, 2009



FOR THE SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION UNDER LAB Code 200612-0

This report is not be used to claim certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST or any government agency.

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This report contains 36 pages

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1 GENERAL

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this report is to demonstrate compliance with Part 15 Subpart C of the FCC's Code of Federal Regulations and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210 for a single modular approval.

1.2 Product description

1.2.1 General

The 65A26-1 module is a 2.4GHz direct sequence spread spectrum Zigbee radio. The Zigbee module is a device that allows for wireless communication between multiple host devices. It is primarily used in home automation applications.

Manufacturer Information:
Home Automation, Inc.
4330 Michoud Blvd.
New Orleans, LA 70129

Test Sample Serial Number(s): 3709-0021

Test Sample Condition: The test samples were provided in good working order with no visible defects.

1.3 Test Methodology and Considerations

All channel frequencies use the maximum power setting and 55% duty cycle except for the highest channel. The highest channel (2480 MHz) operates with a lower output power backed off one DAC setting and with a 16% duty cycle. Hence an additional high channel was tested to cover the 2480 MHz varied mode of operation.

For radiated emissions, including band edge, three different orientation positions were evaluated, X-Position, Y-Position, and Z-Position. Data representing the worst case orientation is provided in this report.

For the purpose of RF conducted measurements, the module was modified with a temporary 50 ohm antenna port.

2 TEST FACILITIES

2.1 Location

The radiated and conducted emissions test sites are located at the following address:

Advanced Compliance Solutions
5015 B.U. Bowman Drive
Buford, GA 30518
Phone: (770) 831-8048
Fax: (770) 831-8598

2.2 Laboratory Accreditations/Recognitions/Certifications

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site, Open Area Test Site (OATS) and Conducted Emissions Site have been fully described, submitted to, and accepted by the FCC, Industry Canada and the Japanese Voluntary Control Council for Interference by information technology equipment. In addition, ACS is compliant to ISO/IEC 17025 as certified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology under their National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program. The following certification numbers have been issued in recognition of these accreditations and certifications:

FCC Registration Number: 894540

Industry Canada Lab Code: IC 4175A-1

VCCI Member Number: 1831

- VCCI OATS Registration Number R-1526
- VCCI Conducted Emissions Site Registration Number: C-1608

NVLAP Lab Code: 200612-0

2.3 Radiated Emissions Test Site Description

2.3.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

The Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site consists of a 20' x 30' x 18' shielded enclosure. The chamber is lined with Toyo Ferrite Grid Absorber, model number FFG-1000. The ferrite tile grid is 101 x 101 x 19mm thick and weighs approximately 550 grams. These tiles are mounted on steel panels and installed directly on the inner walls of the chamber.

The turntable is 150cm in diameter and is located 160cm from the back wall of the chamber. The chamber is grounded via 1 - 8' copper ground rod, installed at the center of the back wall, it is bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is all steel, flush mounted table installed in an all steel frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 25' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Behind the turntable is a 3' x 6' x 4' deep shielded pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 1 - 4" PVC chases from the turntable to the pit that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit.

A diagram of the Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-1 below:

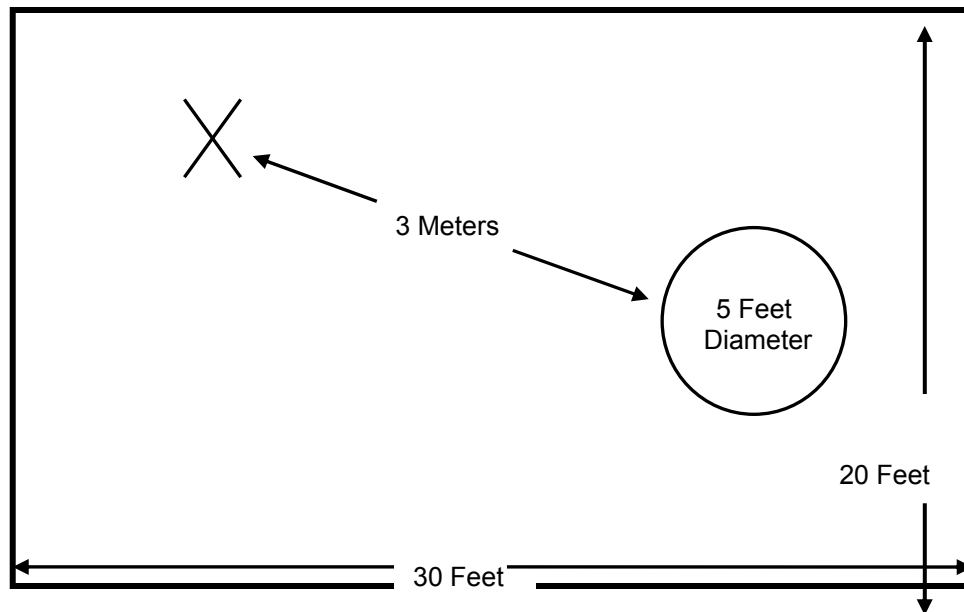


Figure 2.3-1: Semi-Anechoic Chamber Test Site

2.3.2 Open Area Tests Site (OATS)

The open area test site consists of a 40' x 66' concrete pad covered with a perforated electro-plated galvanized sheet metal. The perforations in the sheet metal are 1/8" holes that are staggered every 3/16". The individual sheets are placed to overlap each other by 1/4" and are riveted together to provide a continuous seam. Rivets are spaced every 3" in a 3 x 20 meter perimeter around the antenna mast and EUT area. Rivets in the remaining area are spaced as necessary to properly secure the ground plane and maintain the electrical continuity.

The entire ground plane extends 12' beyond the turntable edge and 16' beyond the antenna mast when set to a 10 meter measurement distance. The ground plane is grounded via 4 - 8' copper ground rods, each installed at a corner of the ground plane and bound to the ground plane using 3/4" stainless steel braided cable.

The turntable is an all aluminum 10' flush mounted table installed in an all aluminum frame. The table is remotely operated from inside the control room located 40' from the range. The turntable is electrically bonded to the surrounding ground plane via steel fingers installed on the edge of the turn table. The steel fingers make constant contact with the ground plane during operation.

Adjacent to the turntable is a 7' x 7' square and 4' deep concrete pit used for support equipment if necessary. The pit is equipped with 5 - 4" PVC chases from the pit to the control room that allow for cabling to the EUT if necessary. The underside of the turntable can be accessed from the pit so cables can be supplied to the EUT from the pit. The pit is covered with 2 sheets of 1/4" diamond style re-enforced steel sheets. The sheets are painted to match the perforated steel ground plane; however the underside edges have been masked off to maintain the electrical continuity of the ground plane. All reflecting objects are located outside of the ellipse defined in ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the Open Area Test Site is shown in Figure 2.3-2 below:

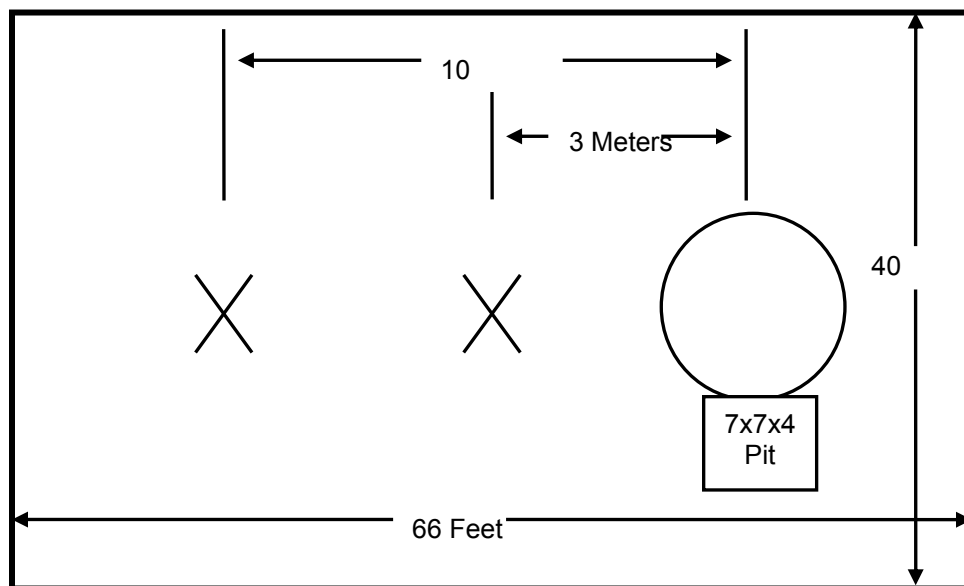


Figure 2.3-2: Open Area Test Site

2.4 Conducted Emissions Test Site Description

The AC mains conducted EMI site is located in the main EMC lab. It consists of an 8' x 8' solid aluminum horizontal ground reference plane (GRP) bonded every 3" to an 8' X 8' vertical ground plane.

The site is of sufficient size to test table top and floor standing equipment in accordance with section 6.1.4 of ANSI C63.4.

A diagram of the room is shown below in figure 4.1.3-1:

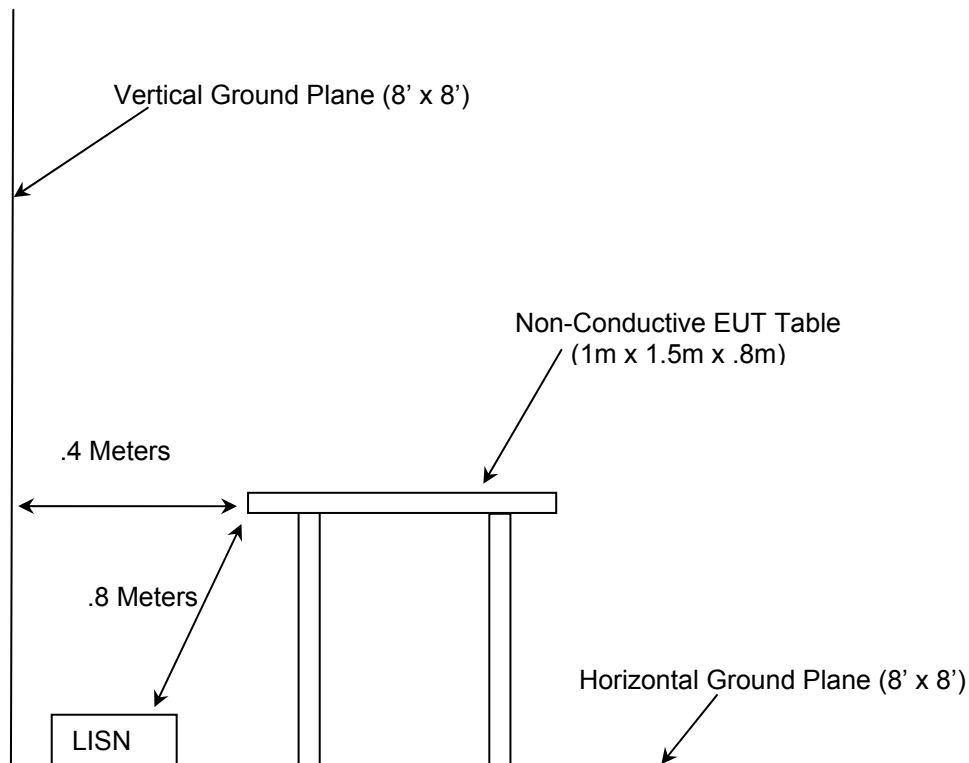


Figure 2.4-1: AC Mains Conducted EMI Site

3 APPLICABLE STANDARD REFERENCES

The following standards were used:

- ❖ ANSI C63.4-2003: Method of Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the 9KHz to 40GHz
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 2, Subpart J: Equipment Authorization Procedures, 2009
- ❖ US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR): Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C: Radio Frequency Devices, Intentional Radiators, 2009
- ❖ FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 - Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247), March 2005
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210 - Low-power License-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment, Issue 7 June 2007
- ❖ Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification: RSS-GEN – General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment, Issue2, June 2007.

4 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

The calibration interval of test equipment is annually or the manufacturer's recommendations. Where the calibration interval deviates from the annual cycle based on the instrument manufacturer's recommendations, it shall be stated below.

Table 4-1: Test Equipment

Equipment Calibration Information					
ACS#	Mfg.	Eq. type	Model	S/N	Cal. Due
1	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI - Display	833771/007	09-21-2010
2	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI-Receiver	839587/003	09-21-2010
3	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI - Display	839379/011	02-02-2010
4	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	ESMI-Receiver	833827/003	02-02-2010
25	Chase	Antennas	CBL6111	1043	09-02-2010
30	Spectrum Technologies	Antennas	DRH-0118	970102	05-08-2010
73	Agilent	Amplifiers	8447D	2727A05624	07-15-2010
153	EMCO	LISN	3825/2	9411-2268	01-27-2010
167	ACS	Cable Set	Chamber EMI Cable Set	167	02-06-2010 (See Note1)
168	Hewlett Packard	Attenuators	11947A	44829	02-10-2010 (See Note2)
283	Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzers	FSP40	1000033	09-21-2010
291	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMRE-200W-12.0-SMRE	None	11-24-2010 (See Note1)
292	Florida RF Cables	Cables	SMR-290AW-480.0-SMR	None	11-24-2010 (See Note1)
321	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	HPC 8447D	1937A02809	10-06-2010
324	ACS	Cables	Belden	8214	07-15-2010
329	A.H.Systems	Antennas	SAS-571	721	08-04-2010
338	Hewlett Packard	Amplifiers	8449B	3008A01111	10-16-2010
339	Aeroflex/Weinschel	Attenuators	AS-18	7142	07-02-2010 (See Note2)
422	Florida RF	Cables	SMS-200AW-72.0-SMR	0805	02-05-2010 (See Note2)
432	Microwave Circuits	Filter	H3G020G4	264066	07-17-2010

Note1: Items characterized on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next characterization due date.

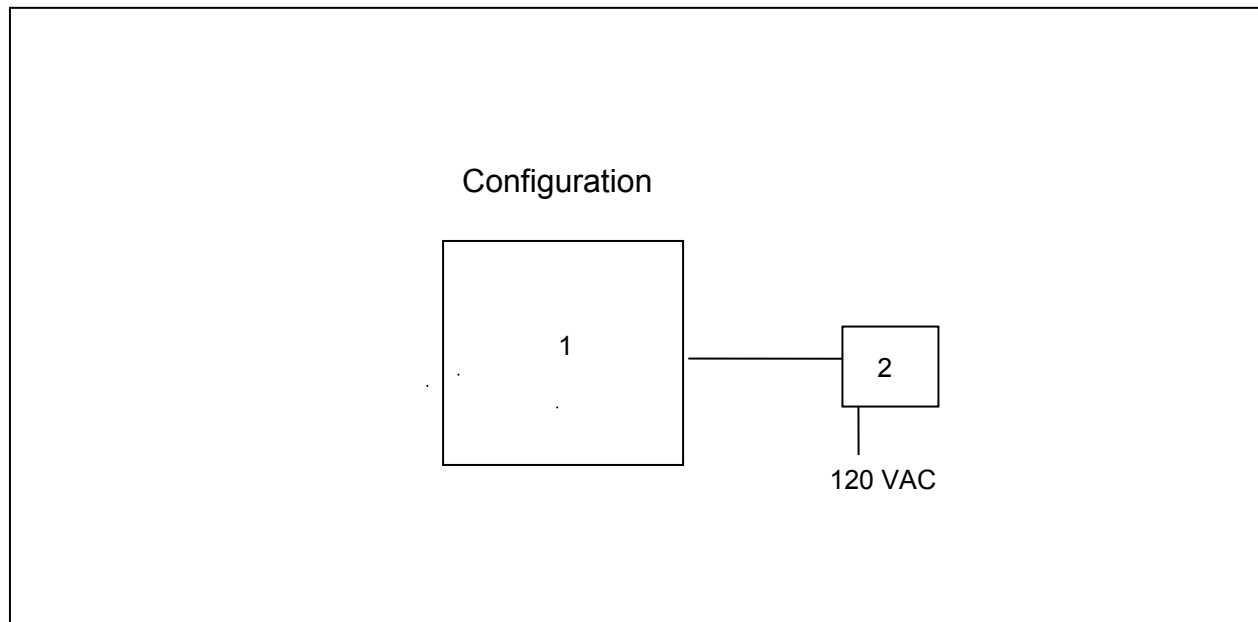
Note2: Items verified on an annual cycle. The date shown indicates the next verification due date.

5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Table 5-1: Support Equipment

Item	Equipment Type	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
1	EUT	Home Automation Inc.	65A26-1	3709-0021
2	Class 2 Power Supply	CUI Inc.	ESP050100	695382-001

6 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST SETUP BLOCK DIAGRAM



7 SUMMARY OF TESTS

Along with the tabular data shown below, plots were taken of all signals deemed important enough to document.

7.1 Antenna Requirement – FCC: Section 15.203

The antenna is a planar inverted F PCB trace antenna with a measured gain of 3.3 dBi

7.2 Power Line Conducted Emissions – FCC: Section 15.207 IC: RSS-Gen 7.2.2

7.2.1 Measurement Procedure

ANSI C63.4 sections 6 and 7 were the guiding documents for this evaluation. Conducted emissions were performed from 150kHz to 30MHz with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 9kHz and the video bandwidth set to 30kHz. The calculation for the conducted emissions is as follows:

Corrected Reading = Analyzer Reading + LISN Loss + Cable Loss

Margin = Applicable Limit - Corrected Reading

7.2.2 Measurement Results

Results of the test are shown below in and Table 7.2.2-1.

Table 7.2.2-1: Line 1 Conducted EMI Results

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Level (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.300000	QP	51.30	10.0	60	8.9
0.450000	QP	46.60	10.0	57	10.3
0.600000	QP	44.00	10.0	56	12.0
0.750000	QP	47.50	10.1	56	8.5
0.900000	QP	47.00	10.0	56	9.0
1.050000	QP	45.60	10.0	56	10.4
1.206000	QP	48.60	10.0	56	7.4
1.656000	QP	42.10	10.0	56	13.9
1.806000	QP	41.60	10.0	56	14.4
1.956000	QP	41.20	10.0	56	14.8
0.300000	AV	45.00	10.0	50	5.2
0.450000	AV	40.50	10.0	47	6.4
0.600000	AV	32.40	10.0	46	13.6
0.750000	AV	39.60	10.1	46	6.4
0.900000	AV	38.00	10.0	46	8.0
1.056000	AV	39.60	10.0	46	6.4
1.206000	AV	40.80	10.0	46	5.2
1.656000	AV	33.30	10.0	46	12.7
1.806000	AV	30.10	10.0	46	15.9
1.956000	AV	30.80	10.0	46	15.2

Table 7.2.2-2: Line 2 Conducted EMI Results

Frequency (MHz)	Detector	Level (dBuV)	Correction Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)
0.300000	QP	49.60	10.0	60	10.7
0.450000	QP	44.30	10.0	57	12.6
0.750000	QP	44.50	10.1	56	11.5
0.912000	QP	44.40	10.0	56	11.6
1.194000	QP	45.00	10.0	56	11.0
1.386000	QP	11.70	10.0	56	44.3
1.518000	QP	35.60	10.0	56	20.4
1.656000	QP	35.60	10.0	56	20.4
1.950000	QP	35.90	10.0	56	20.1
2.106000	QP	36.20	10.0	56	19.8
0.300000	AV	37.00	10.0	50	13.2
0.450000	AV	32.30	10.0	47	14.5
0.750000	AV	30.90	10.1	46	15.2
0.900000	AV	30.10	10.0	46	15.9
1.194000	AV	24.70	10.0	46	21.3
1.362000	AV	13.20	10.0	46	32.8
1.542000	AV	6.80	10.0	46	39.2
1.716000	AV	6.80	10.0	46	39.2
1.938000	AV	15.20	10.0	46	30.8
2.094000	AV	15.80	10.0	46	30.2

7.3 Radiated Emissions – FCC: Section 15.109(Unintentional Radiation) IC: RSS-210 2.6**7.3.1 Measurement Procedure**

Radiated emissions tests were performed over the frequency range of 30MHz to 12.5GHz. Measurements of the radiated field strength were made at a distance of 3m from the boundary of the equipment under test (EUT) and the receiving antenna. The antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. Radiated measurements above 30MHz and below 1GHz were made with the Spectrum Analyzer's resolution bandwidth set to 120 KHz using a Quasi-peak detector. Above 1GHz, peak and average measurements are taken with the RBW and VBW were set to 1MHz.

7.3.2 Measurement Results

Results of the test are given in Table 7.3.2-1:

Table 7.3-1: Radiated Emissions Tabulated Data

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
30	-----	18.23	H	-6.80	-----	11.43	-----	40.0	-----	28.60
41.824	-----	33.97	V	-12.75	-----	21.22	-----	40.0	-----	18.80
125.92	-----	18.79	V	-13.64	-----	5.15	-----	43.5	-----	38.30
467.68	-----	20.72	H	-6.39	-----	14.33	-----	46.0	-----	31.70
688.52	-----	20.44	V	-3.17	-----	17.27	-----	46.0	-----	28.70
951.5	-----	20.41	H	2.72	-----	23.13	-----	46.0	-----	22.90

* Note: All emissions above 951.5 MHz were attenuated below the permissible limit.

7.4 6dB / 99% Bandwidth – FCC: Section 15.247(a)(2) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(a)

7.4.1 Measurement Procedure

The 6dB bandwidth was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 “Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)”. The RBW of the spectrum analyzer was set to 100 kHz and VBW 300 kHz. Span was set large enough to capture the entire emissions and >> RBW.

The 99% occupied bandwidth was measured with the spectrum analyzer span set to 2 to 3 times the estimated bandwidth of the emission. The RBW was to $\geq 1\%$ of the estimated emission bandwidth. The trace was set to max hold with a peak detector active. The occupied bandwidth measurement function of the analyzer was used for the 99% bandwidth.

7.4.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in table 7.4.2-1 and figure 7.4.2-1 to 7.4.2-8:

Table 7.4.2-1: 6dB / 99% Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	6dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% Bandwidth [MHz]
2405	1.64	3.13
2440	1.64	2.93
2475	1.70	2.79
2480	1.63	2.70

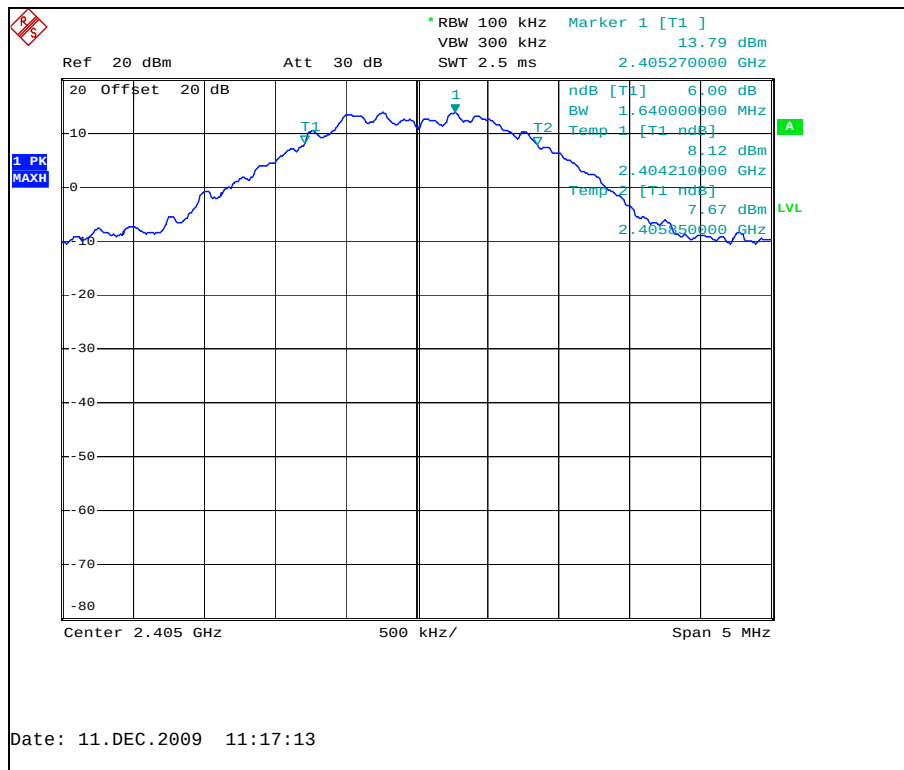


Figure 7.4.2-1: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – Low Channel

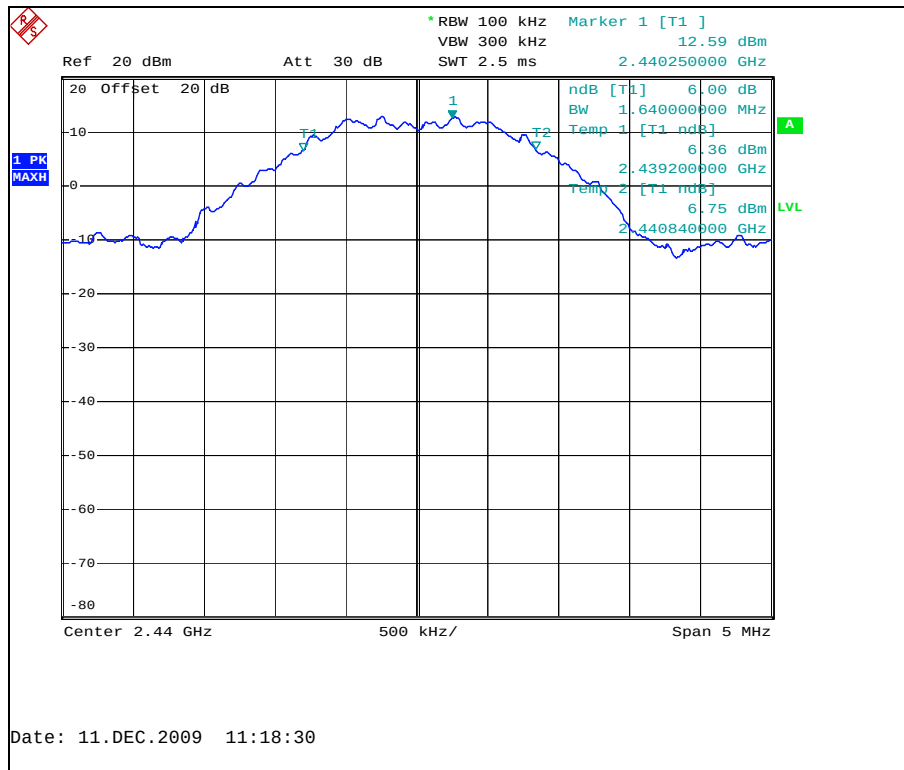


Figure 7.4.2-2: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – Mid Channel

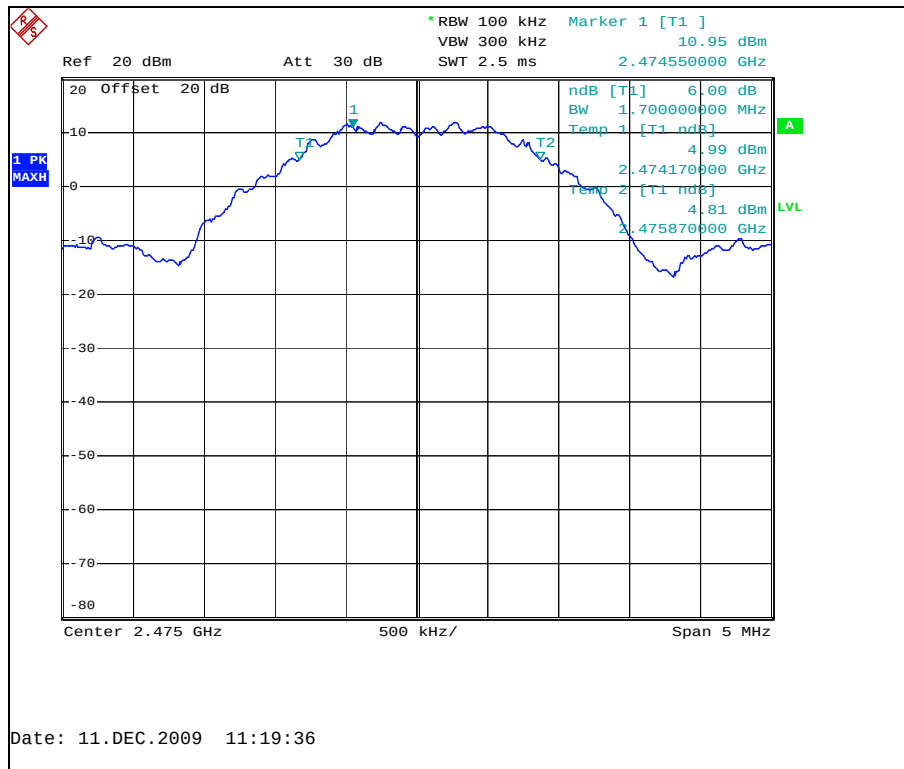


Figure 7.4.2-3: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – High Channel (2475 MHz)

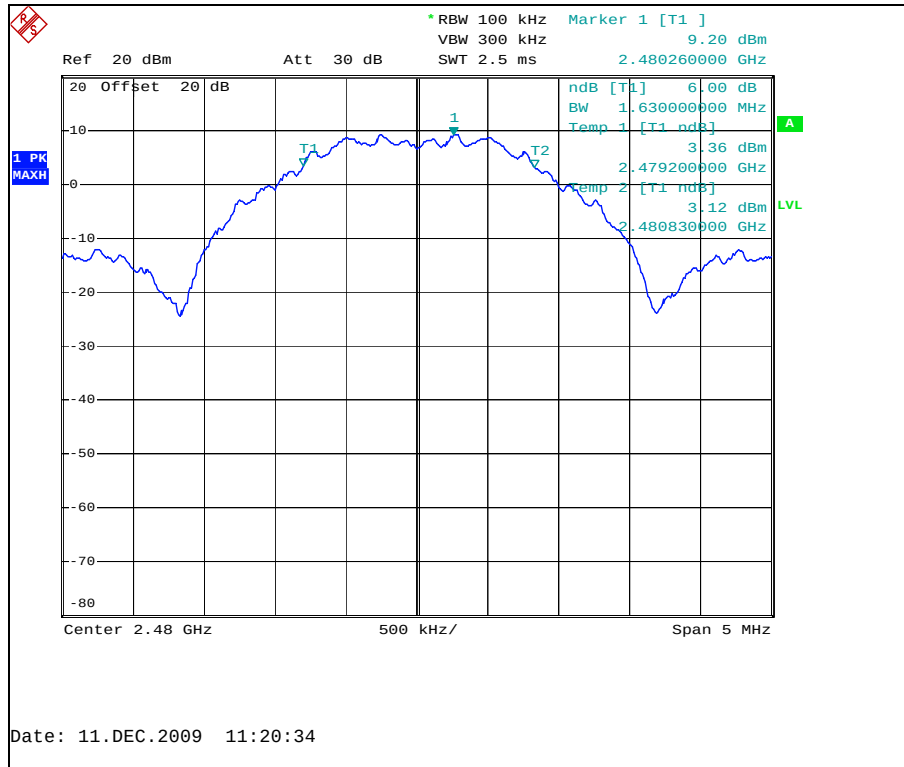


Figure 7.4.2-4: 6dB Bandwidth Plot – High Channel (2480 MHz)

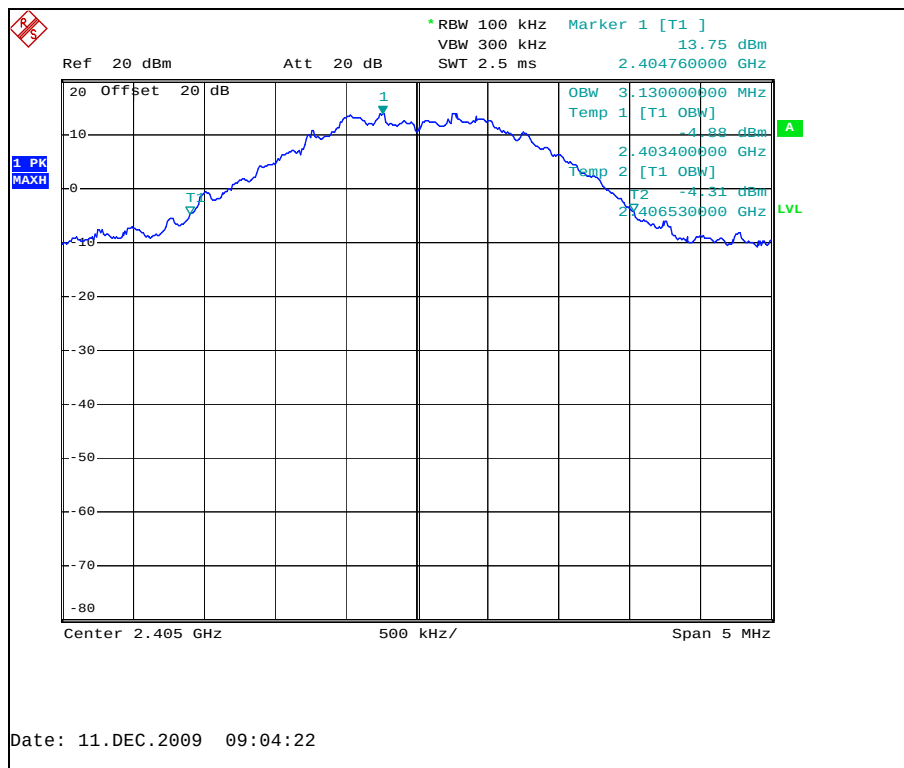


Figure 7.4.2-5: 99% Bandwidth Plot – Low Channel

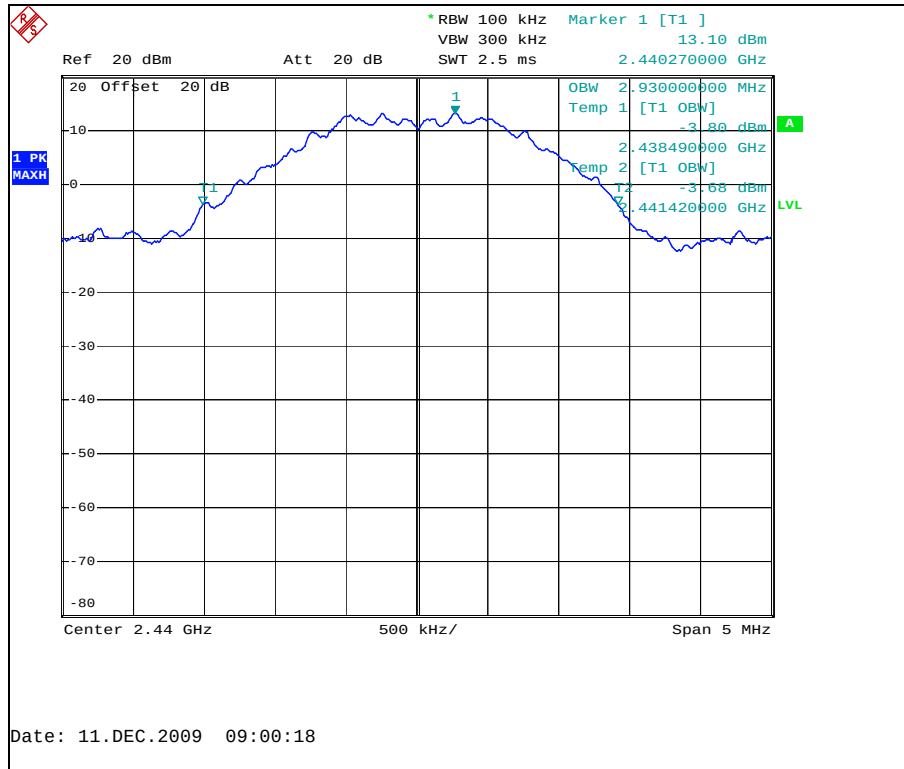


Figure 7.4.2-6: 99% Bandwidth Plot – Mid Channel

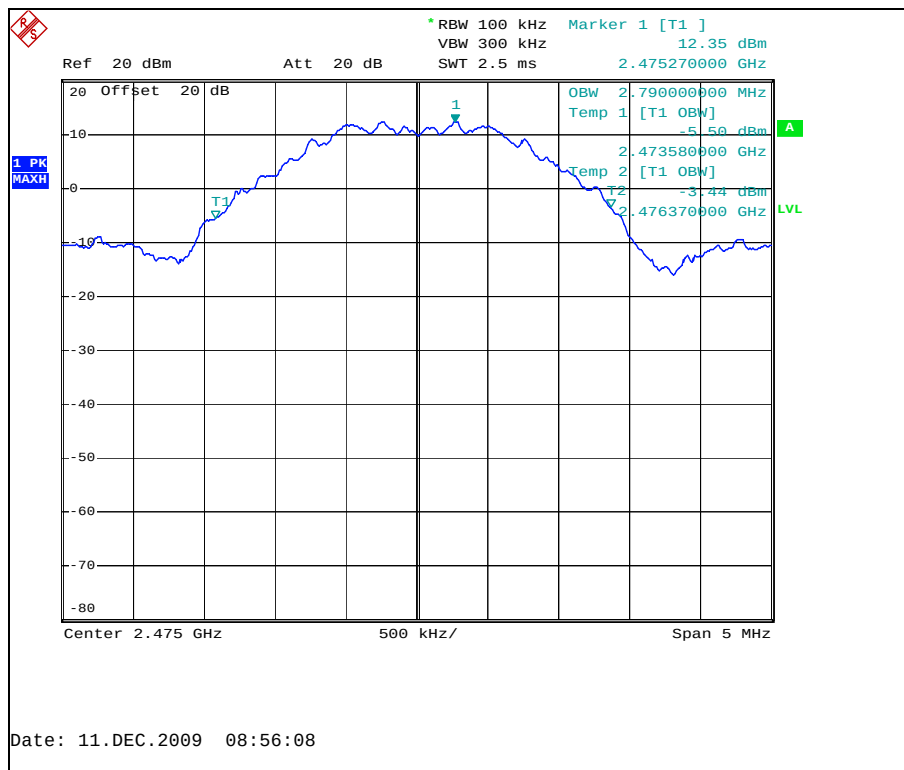


Figure 7.4.2-7: 99% Bandwidth Plot – High Channel (2475 MHz)

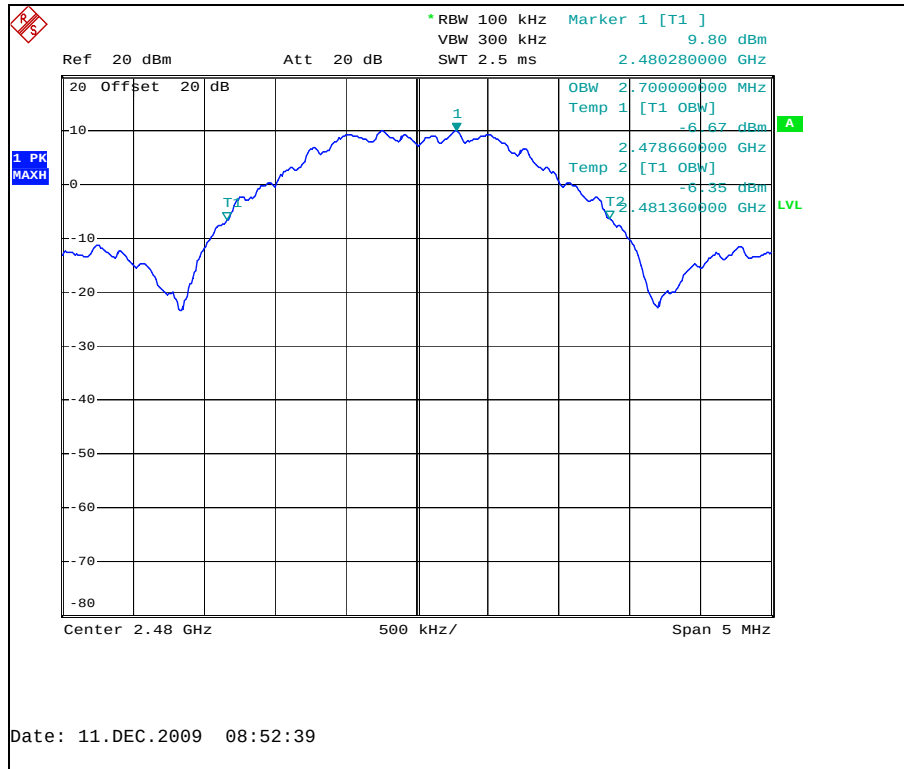


Figure 7.4.2-8: 99% Bandwidth Plot – High Channel (2480 MHz)

7.5 Peak Output Power Requirement - FCC Section 15.247(b)(3) IC: RSS-210 A8.4(4)

7.5.1 Measurement Procedure

The Peak Output Power was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)" Power Option 1. The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer.

Data was collected with the EUT operating at maximum power per channelization.

7.5.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in Table 7.5.2-1 and Figures 7.5.2-1 to 7.5.2-4.

Table 7.5.2-1: Peak Output Power

Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)
2405	17.80
2440	16.95
2475	16.12
2480	13.56

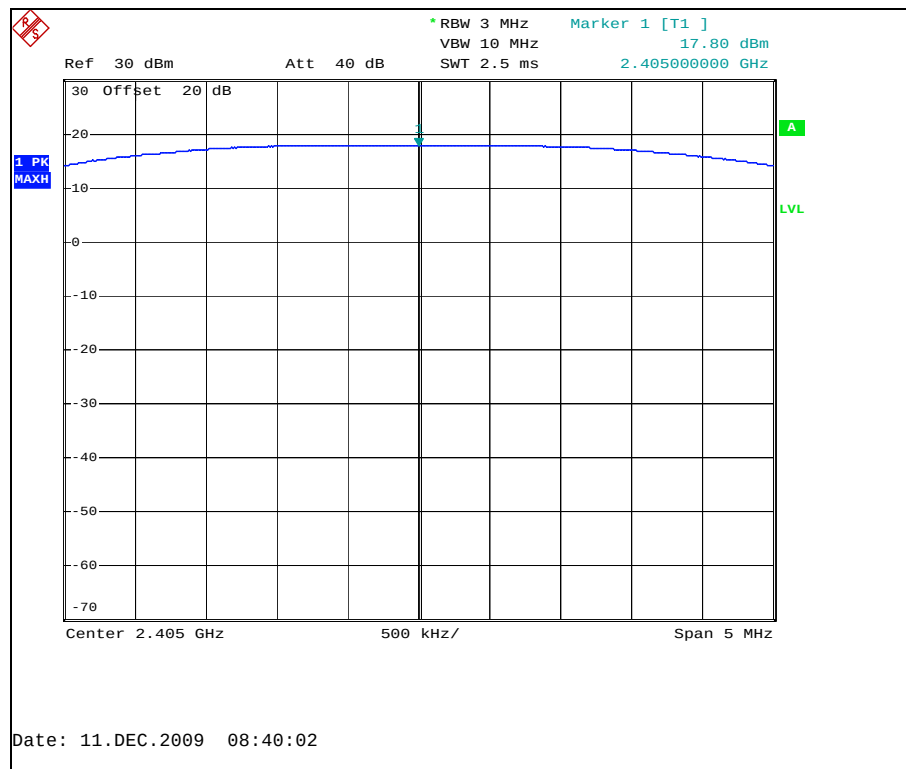


Figure 7.5.2-1: Output power – Low Channel

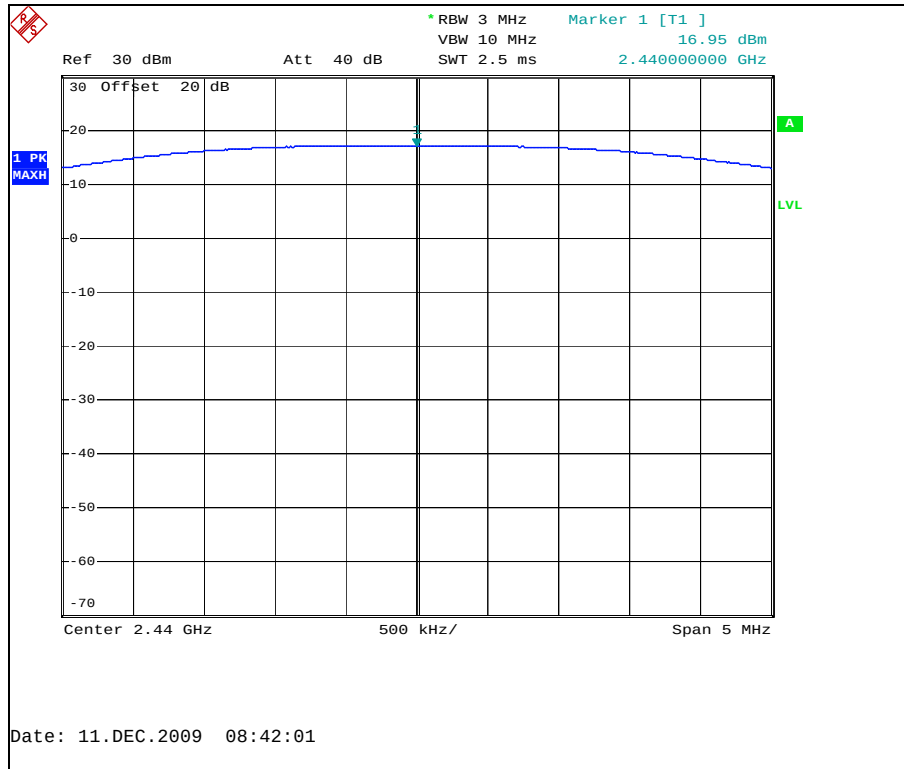


Figure 7.5.2-2: Output power – Mid Channel

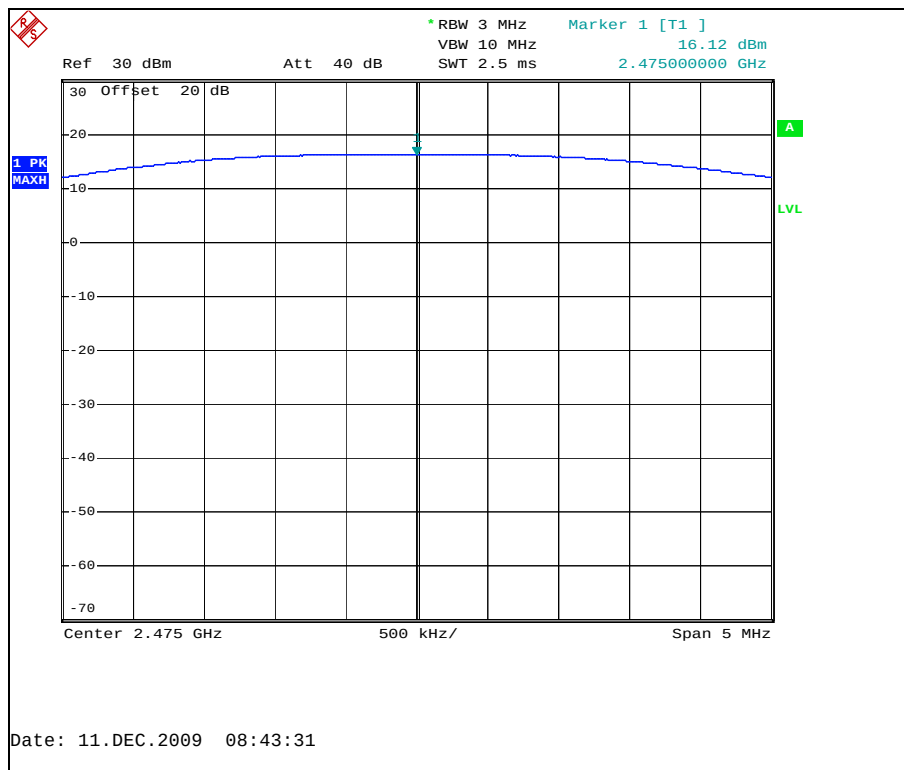
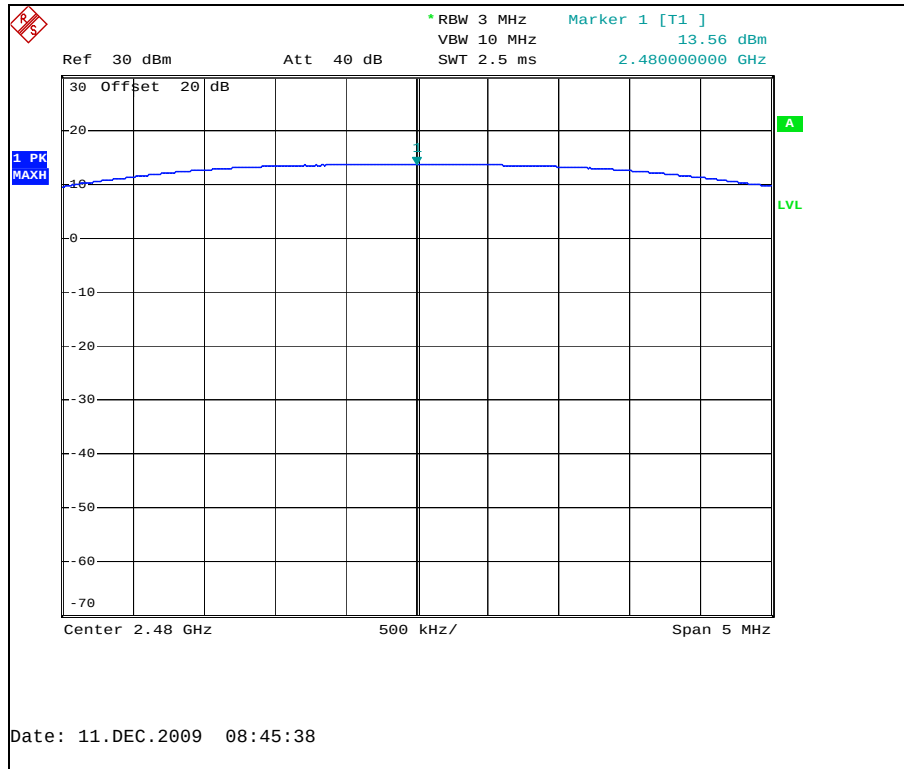


Figure 7.5.2-3: Output power – High Channel (2475 MHz)

**Figure 7.5.2-4: Output power – High Channel (2480 MHz)**

7.6 Band-Edge Compliance and Spurious Emissions-FCC 15.247d IC:RSS-210 2.6, A8.5**7.6.1 Band-Edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions****7.6.1.1 Measurement Procedure**

The EUT was investigated at the low and high channels of operation to determine band-edge compliance. All antenna types were evaluated. Because the upper band-edge coincides with a restricted band, band-edge compliance for the upper band-edge was determined using the radiated mark-delta method. The radiated field strength of the fundamental emission was first determined and then the mark-delta method was used to determine the field strength of the band-edge emissions.

The lower band-edge compliance was determined using the marker-delta method in which the radio frequency power that is produced by the EUT is at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power.

7.6.1.2 Measurement Results

Band-edge compliance is displayed in Tables 7.6.1.2-1 - 7.6.1.2-2 and Figure 7.6.1.2-1 – 7.6.1.2-5.

Table 7.6.1.2-1: Upper Band-edge Marker Delta Method (2475 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity	Correction Factors	Fundamental Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Delta- Marker (dB)	Band-edge Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Margin to Limit (dBuV/m)	
	pk	avg			(H/V)	(dB)		pk	avg	pk	avg
Fundamental Frequency											
2475	105.22	103.82	H	-3.81	101.41	94.82	42.45	58.96	52.37	15.04	1.63
2475	117.64	111.80	V	-3.81	113.83	102.80	50.28	63.55	52.52	10.45	1.48

Table 7.6.1.2-2: Upper Band-edge Marker Delta Method (2480 MHz)

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Fundamental Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Delta- Marker (dB)	Band-edge Field Strength (dBuV/m)		Margin to Limit (dBuV/m)	
	pk	avg			pk	avg		pk	avg	74	54
										pk	avg
Fundamental Frequency											
2480	108.44	102.05	H	-3.79	104.65	82.34	38.8	65.85	43.54	8.15	10.46
2480	114.80	109.10	V	-3.79	111.01	89.39	40.58	70.43	48.81	3.57	5.19

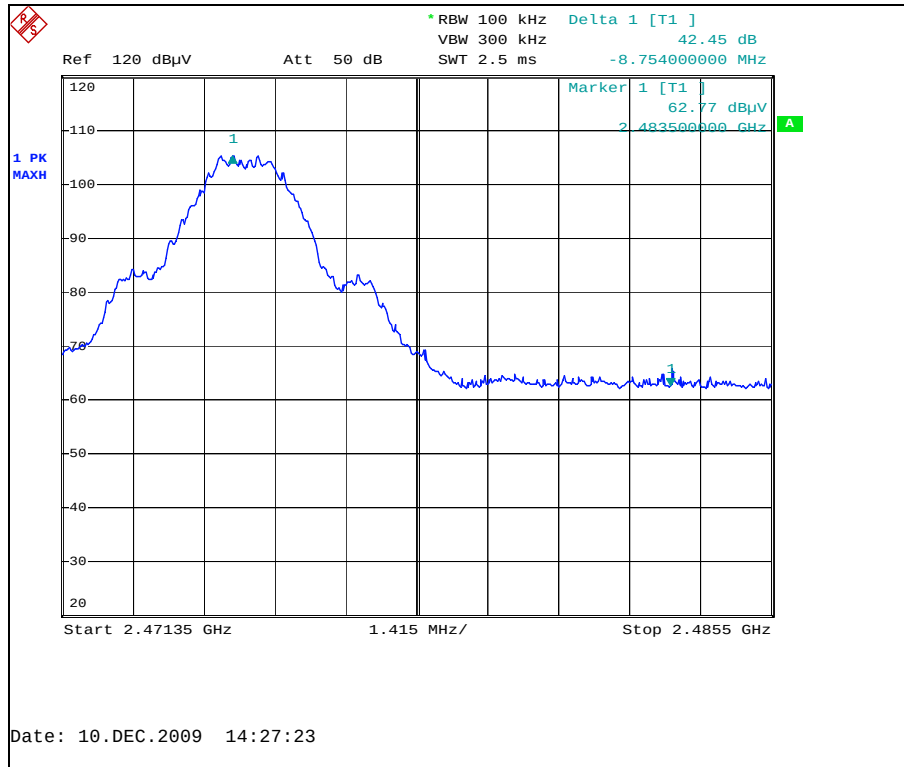


Figure 7.6.1.2-1: Upper Band-edge (Radiated 2475 MHz) – Hpol

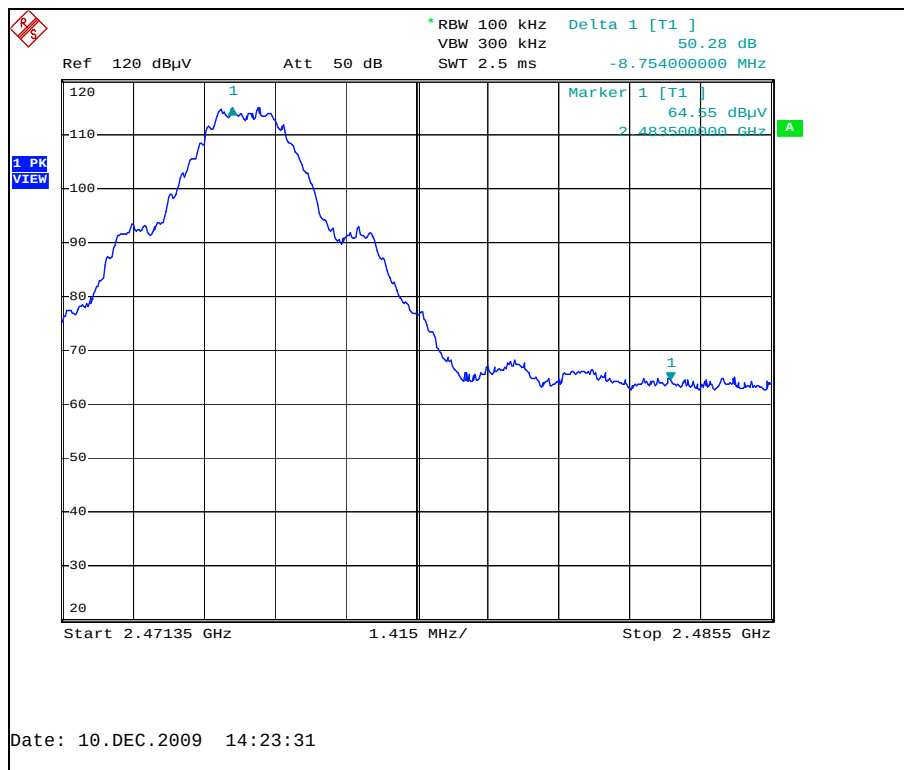


Figure 7.6.1.2-2: Upper Band-edge (Radiated 2475 MHz) – Vpol

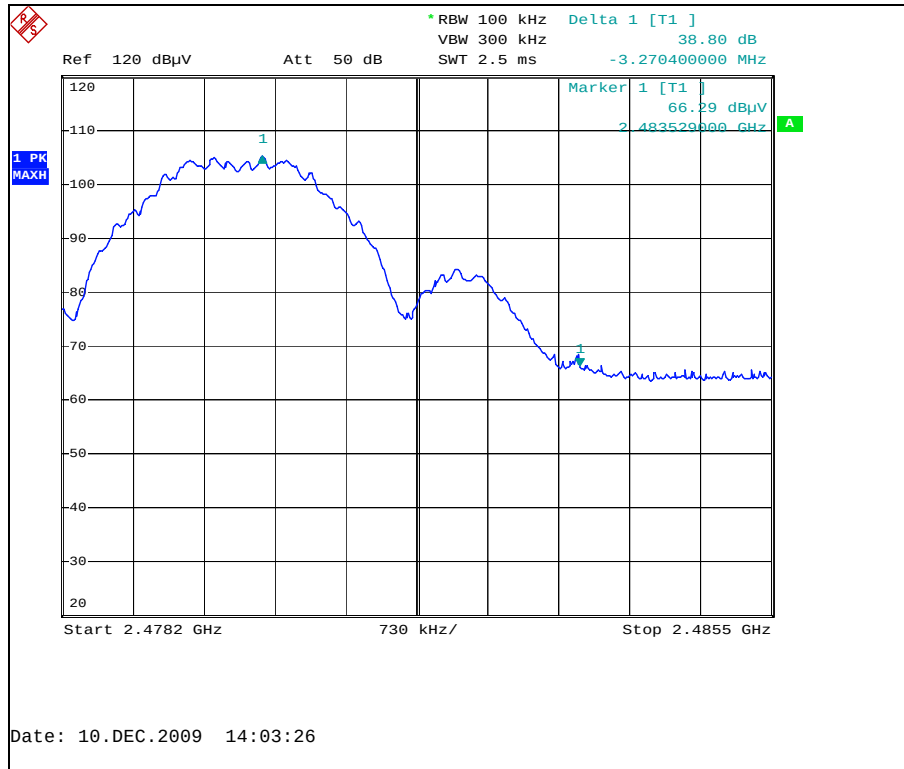


Figure 7.6.1.2-3: Upper Band-edge (Radiated 2480 MHz) – Hpol

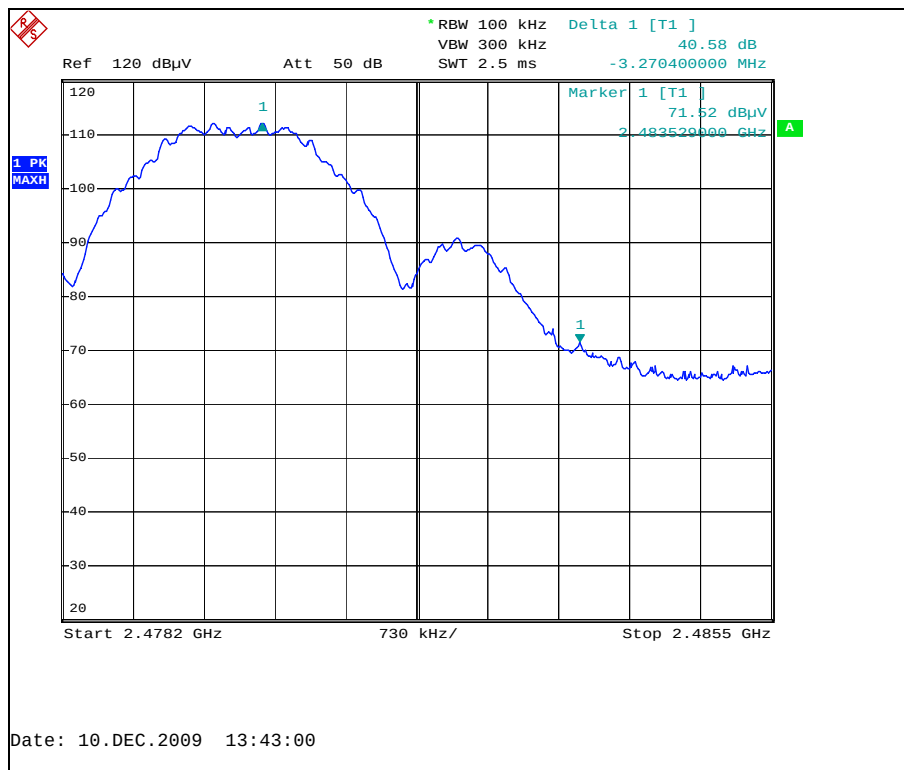


Figure 7.6.1.2-4: Upper Band-edge (Radiated 2480 MHz) – Vpol

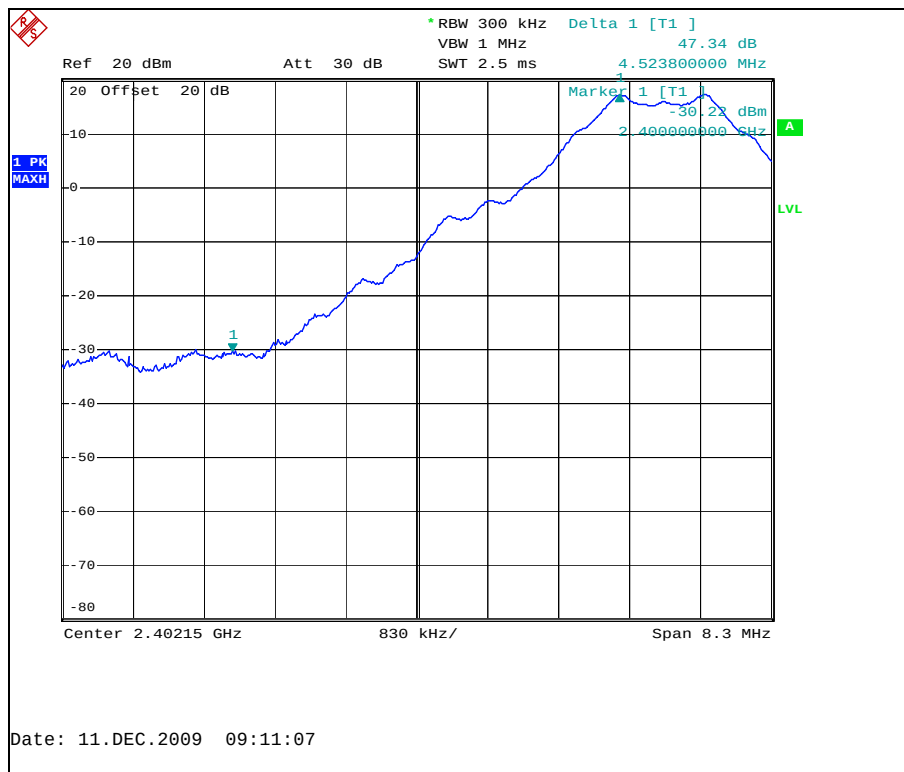


Figure 7.6.1.2-5: Lower Band-edge (Conducted)

7.6.2 RF Conducted Spurious Emissions

7.6.2.1 Measurement Procedure

The RF Conducted Spurious Emissions were measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)". The RF output of the equipment under test was directly connected to the input of the Spectrum Analyzer. The EUT was investigated for conducted spurious emissions from 30MHz to 25GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency. For each measurement, the spectrum analyzer's RBW was set to 100 kHz and the VBW was set to 300 kHz. The peak detector and Max Hold function of the analyzer were utilized.

7.6.2.2 Measurement Results

In a 100 kHz bandwidth, the radio frequency power that was produced by the EUT emissions is at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of desired power. RF Conducted Emissions are displayed in Figures 7.6.2.2-1 through 7.6.2.2-12.

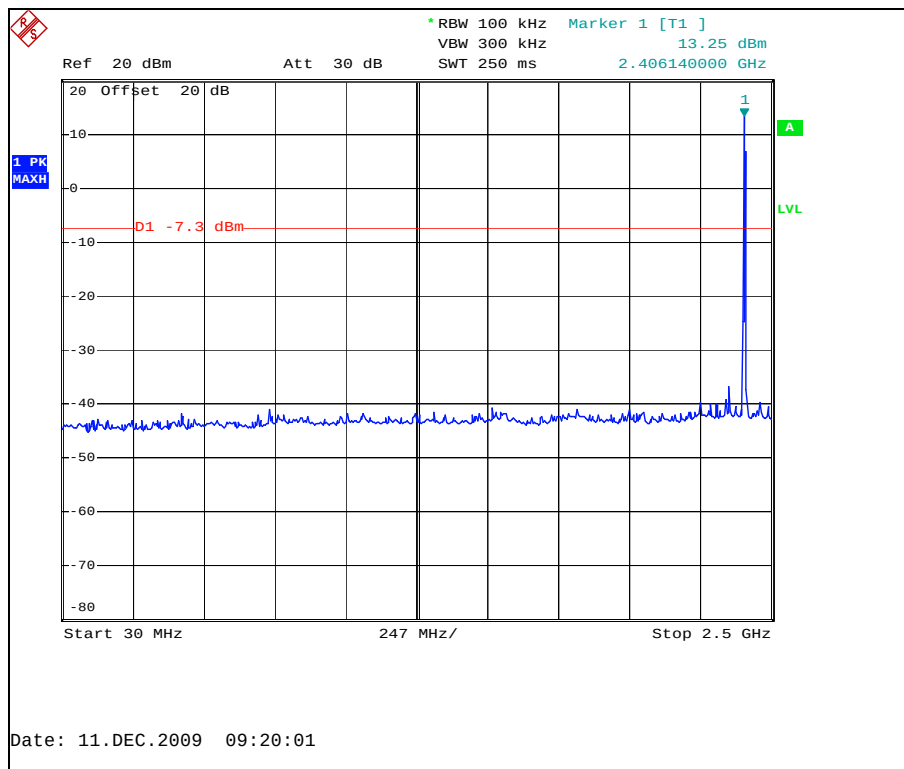


Figure 7.6.2.2-1: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz – Low Channel

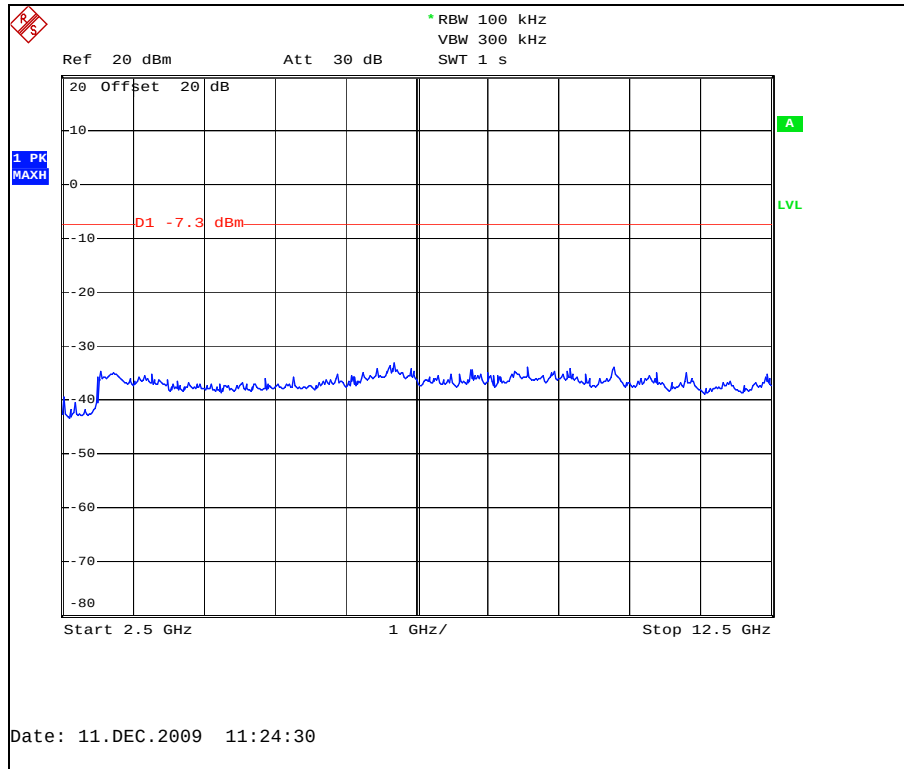


Figure 7.6.2.2-2: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz – Low Channel

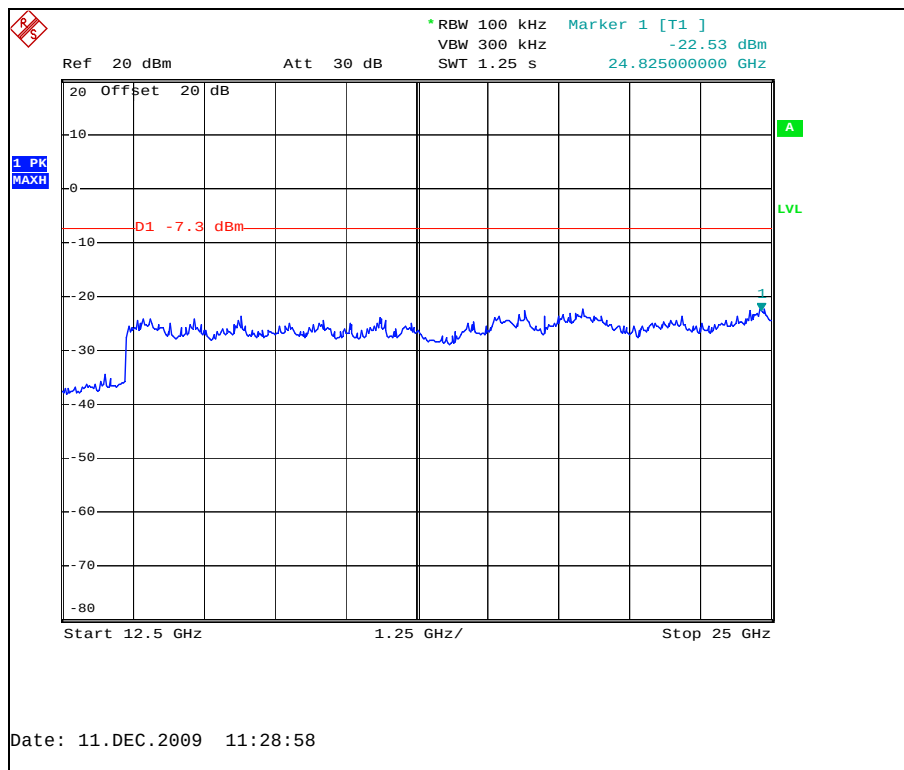


Figure 7.6.2.2-3: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz – Low Channel

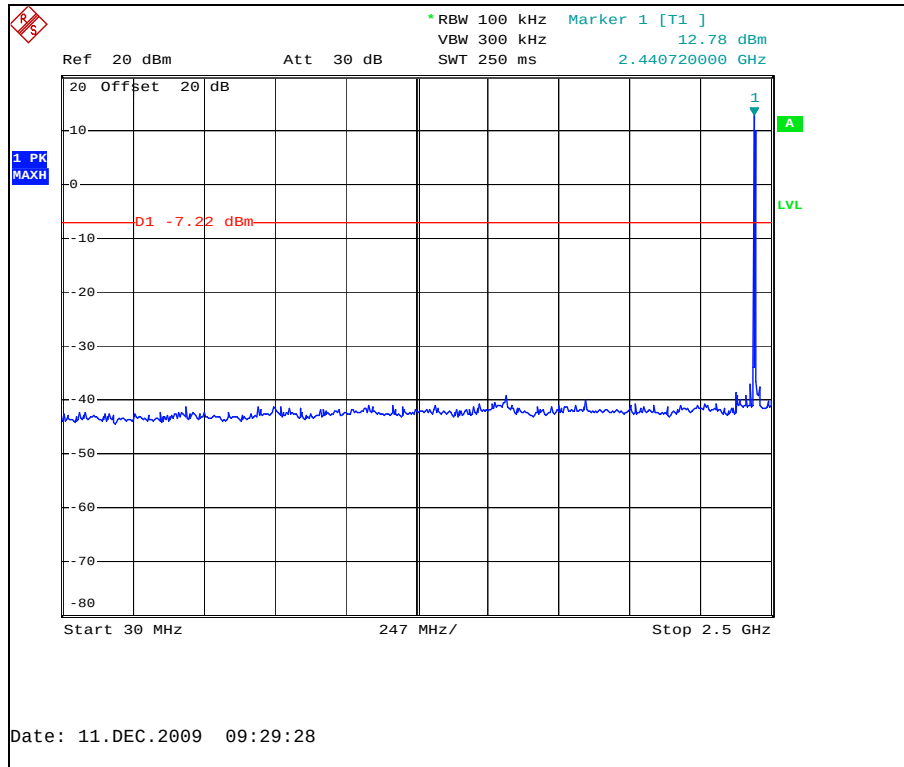


Figure 7.6.2.2-4: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz –Mid Channel

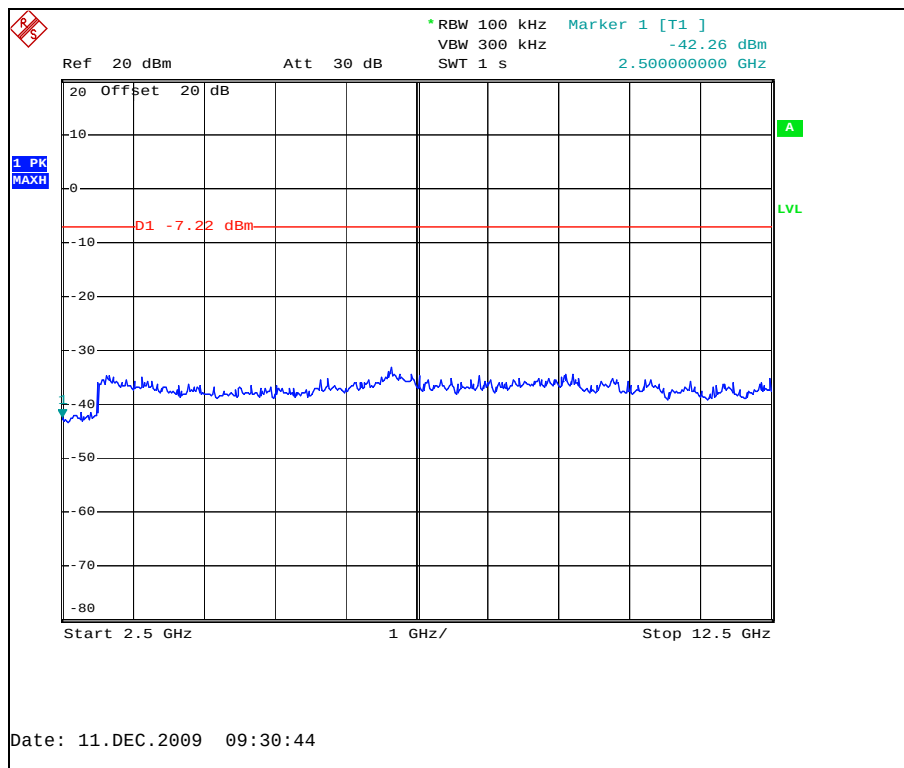


Figure 7.6.2.2-5: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz – Mid Channel

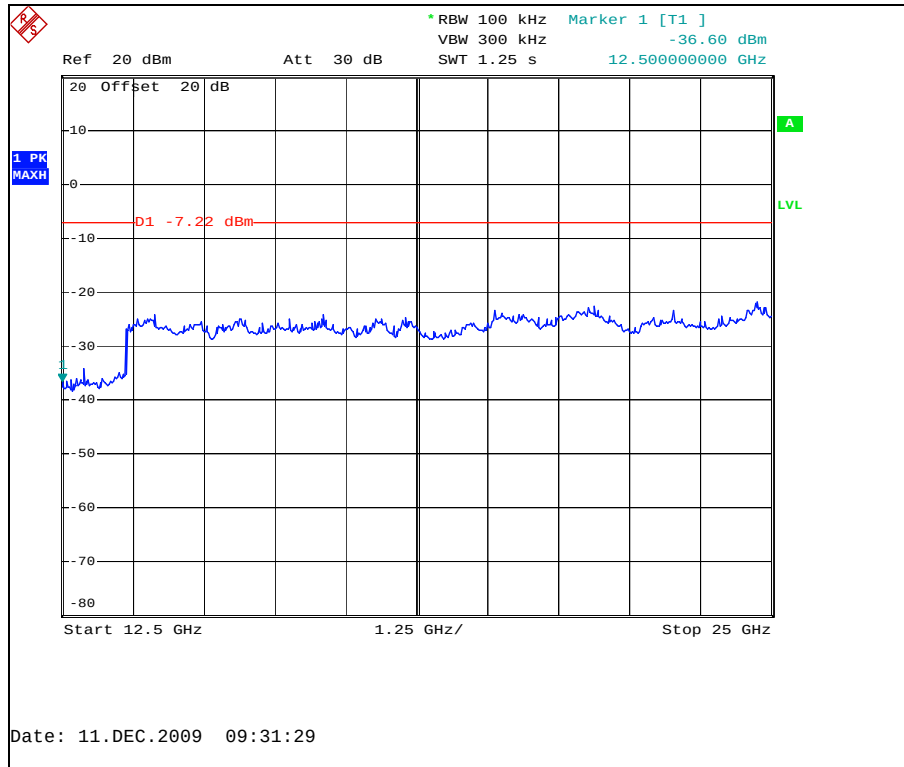


Figure 7.6.2.2-6: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz – Mid Channel

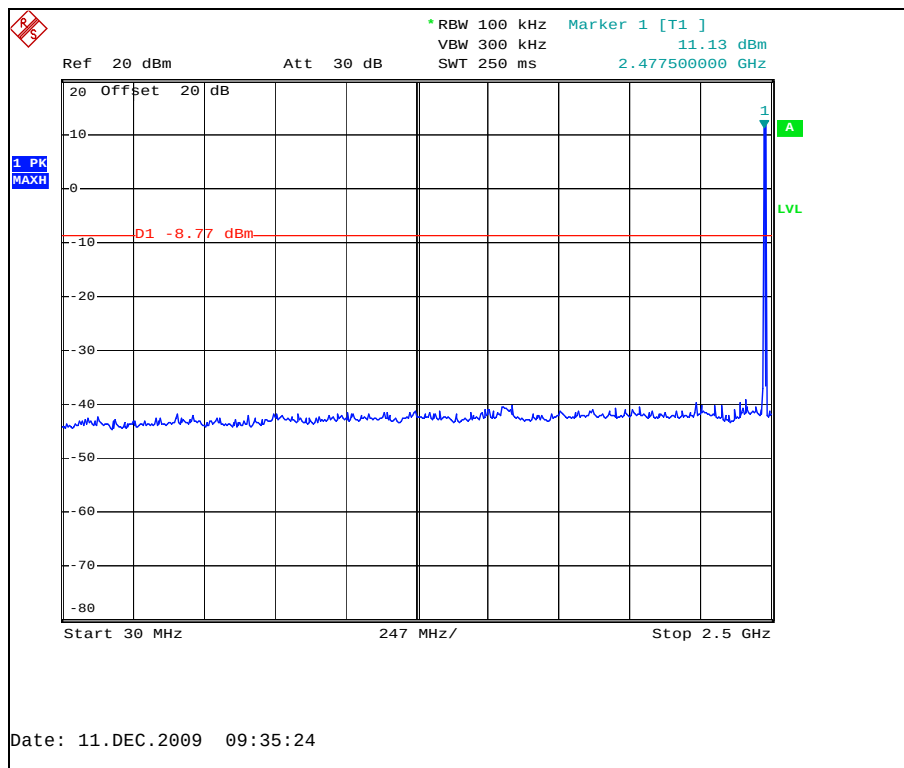


Figure 7.6.2.2-7: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz – High Channel (2475 MHz)

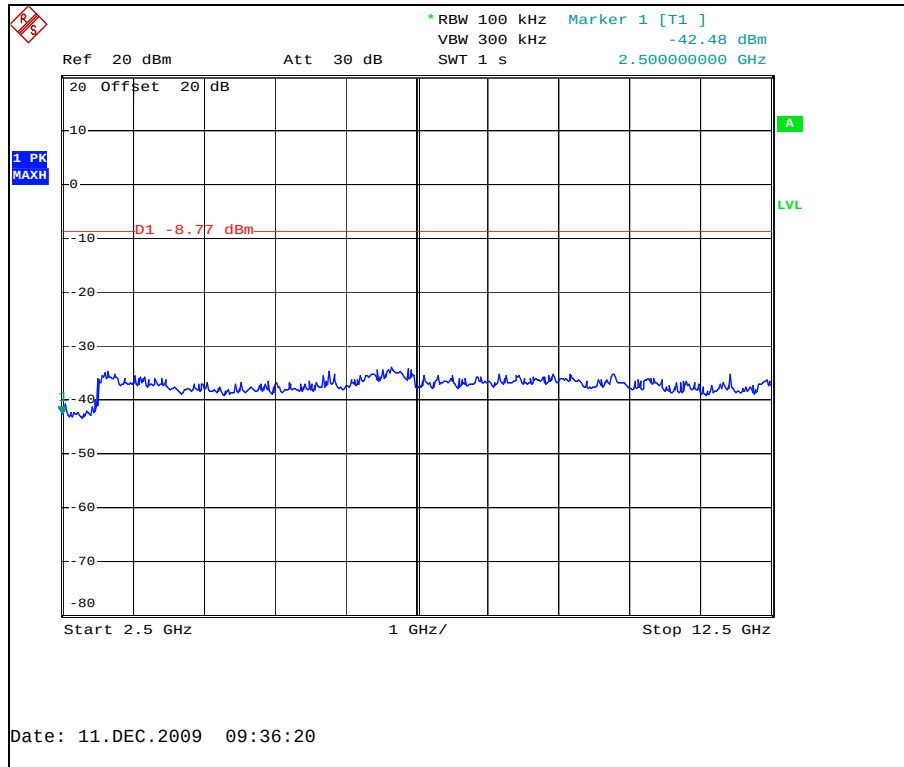


Figure 7.6.2.2-8: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz –High Channel (2475 MHz)

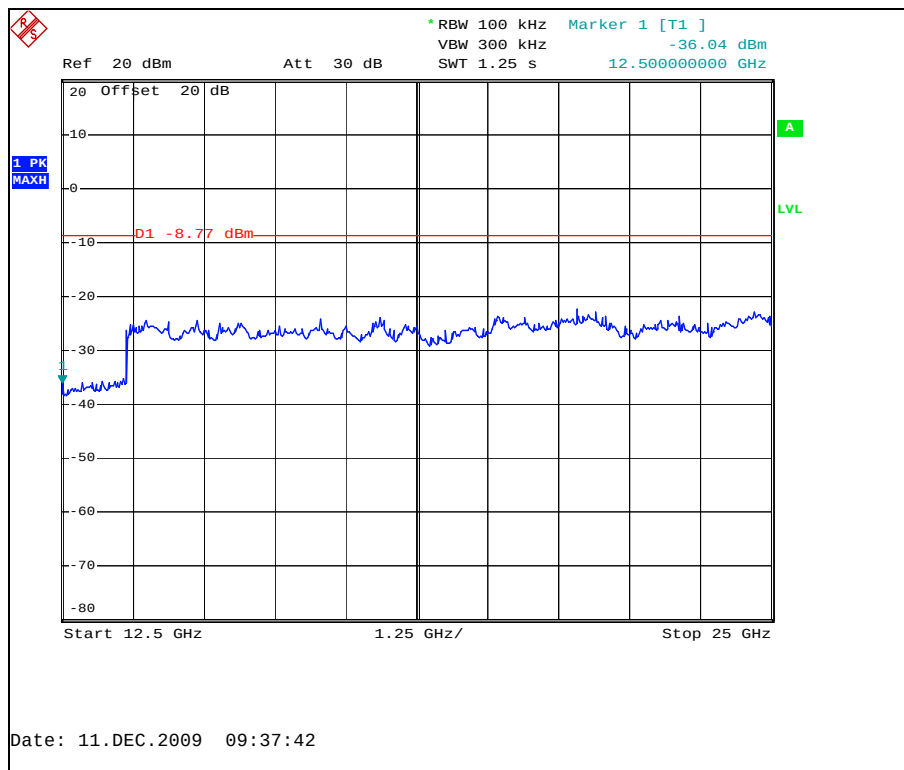


Figure 7.6.2.2-9: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz –High Channel (2475 MHz)

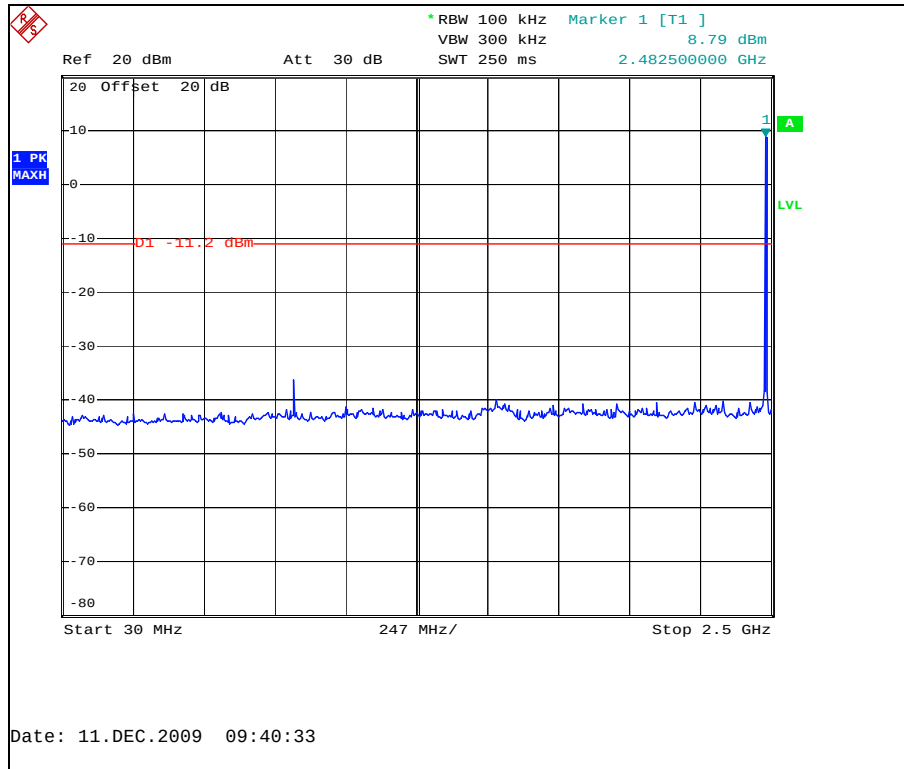


Figure 7.6.2.2-10: 30 MHz – 2.5 GHz – High Channel (2480 MHz)

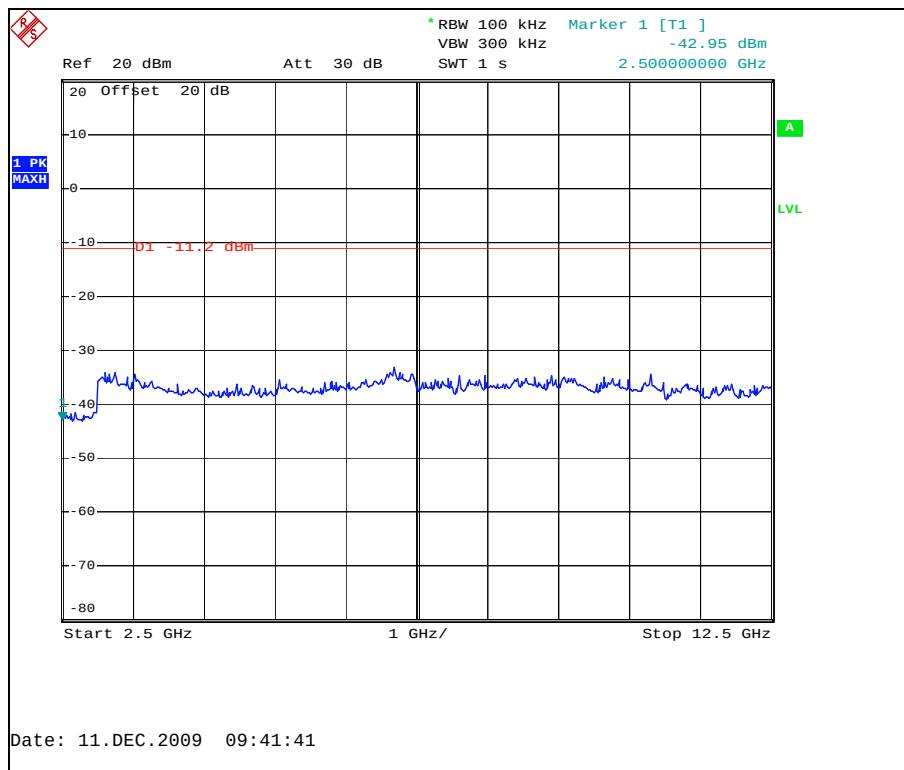


Figure 7.6.2.2-11: 2.5 GHz – 12.5 GHz –High Channel (2480 MHz)

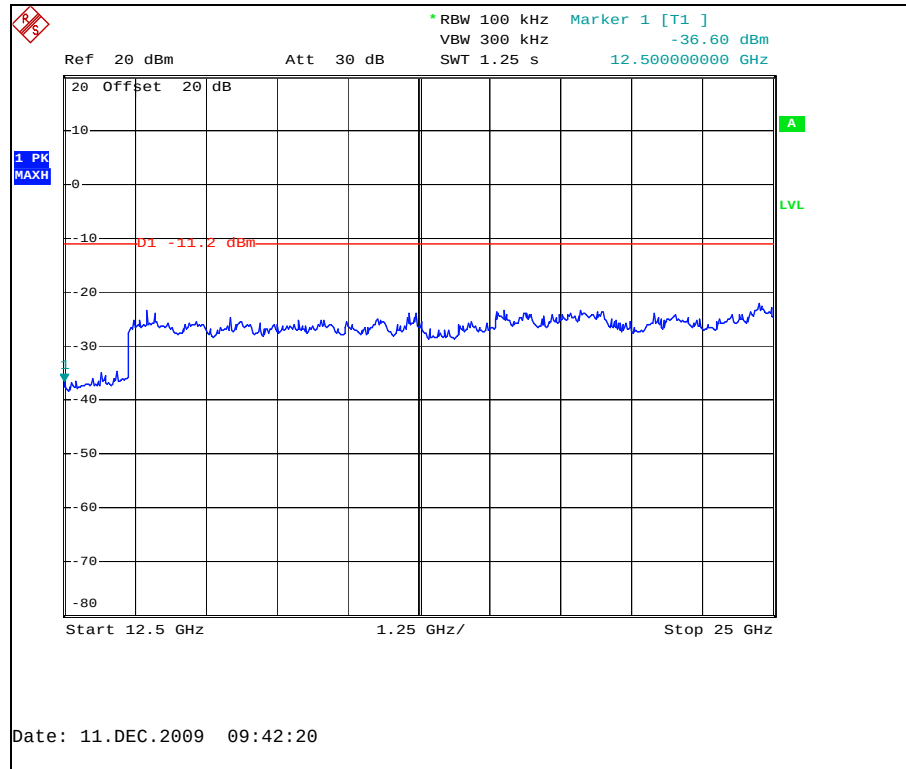


Figure 7.6.2.2-12: 12.5 GHz – 25 GHz –High Channel (2480 MHz)

7.6.3 Radiated Spurious Emissions (Restricted Bands) - FCC Sec. 15.205 IC: RSS-210 2.6**7.6.3.1 Measurement Procedure**

Radiated emissions tests were made over the frequency range of 30MHz to 25GHz, 10 times the highest fundamental frequency.

The EUT was rotated through 360° and the receive antenna height was varied from 1m to 4m so that the maximum radiated emissions level would be detected. For frequencies below 1000MHz, quasi-peak measurements were made using a resolution bandwidth RBW of 120 kHz and a video bandwidth VBW of 300 kHz. For frequencies above 1000MHz, peak and average measurements were made with RBW and VBW of 1 MHz and 3 MHz respectively. The average emissions were further corrected by applying the duty cycle correction of the EUT for comparison to the average limit.

Each emission found to be in a restricted band as defined by section 15.205 was compared to the radiated emission limits as defined in section 15.209.

7.6.3.2 Duty Cycle Correction

All channel frequencies use the maximum power setting and 55% duty cycle except for the highest channel. The highest channel (2480 MHz) operates with a lower output power backed off one DAC setting and with a 16% duty cycle. Hence an additional high channel was tested to cover the 2480 MHz varied mode of operation.

For average radiated measurements, using a 55% duty cycle for channels 11-15 (2405 MHz – 2475 MHz), the measured level was reduced by a factor 5.19dB. The duty cycle correction factor is determined using the formula: $20\log(55/100) = 5.19\text{dB}$. Similarly, for average radiated measurements using a 16% duty cycle on channel 26 (2480MHz), the measured level was reduced by a factor 15.92dB.

A detailed analysis of the duty cycle timing is provided in the Theory of Operation accompanying this report.

7.6.3.3 Measurement Results

Radiated spurious emissions found in the band of 30MHz to 10GHz are reported in the tables below.

Table 7.6.3.2-1: Radiated Spurious Emissions Tabulated Data

Frequency (MHz)	Level (dBuV)		Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Level (dBuV/m)		Limit (dBuV/m)		Margin (dB)	
	pk	Qpk/Avg			pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg	pk	Qpk/Avg
Low Channel										
No Emissions Detected Above the Noise Floor of the System										
Middle Channel										
7320	48.70	38.10	H	7.63	56.33	40.54	74.0	54.0	17.70	13.50
7320	48.80	41.40	V	7.63	56.43	43.84	74.0	54.0	17.60	10.20
High Channel 2475 MHz										
7425	49.89	40.50	V	7.63	57.52	42.94	74.0	54.0	16.50	11.10
High Channel 2480 MHz										
7440	47.70	39.60	V	7.63	55.33	31.31	74.0	54.0	18.70	22.70

* Note: All emissions above 7440 MHz were attenuated below the permissible limit.

7.6.3.4 Sample Calculation:

$$R_C = R_U + CF_T$$

Where:

CF_T = Total Correction Factor (AF+CA+AG)-DC (Average Measurements Only)

R_U = Uncorrected Reading

R_C = Corrected Level

AF = Antenna Factor

CA = Cable Attenuation

AG = Amplifier Gain

DC = Duty Cycle Correction Factor

Example Calculation: Peak

Corrected Level: $48.70 + 7.63 = 56.33\text{dBuV/m}$

Margin: $74\text{dBuV/m} - 56.33\text{dBuV/m} = 17.7\text{dB}$

Example Calculation: Average

Corrected Level: $38.10 + 7.63 - 5.19 = 40.54\text{dBuV}$

Margin: $54\text{dBuV} - 40.54\text{dBuV} = 13.5\text{dB}$

7.7 Peak Power Spectral Density- FCC Section 15.247(e) IC: RSS-210 A8.2(b)

7.7.1 Measurement Procedure

The power spectral density was measured in accordance with the FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 "Guidance on Measurements for Digital Transmission Systems (47 CFR 15.247)". The emission peaks within the pass band were located and zoomed in on. The spectrum analyzer RBW was set to 3 kHz and VBW 10 kHz. Span was adjusted to 500 kHz and the sweep time was calculated to be 168s (Span/3 kHz).

7.7.2 Measurement Results

Results are shown below in table 7.7.2-1 and figures 7.7.2-1 – 7.7.2-4:

Table 7.7.2-1: Peak Power Spectral Density

Frequency (MHz)	PSD Level (dBm)
2405	2.38
2440	1.72
2475	0.78
2480	-1.26

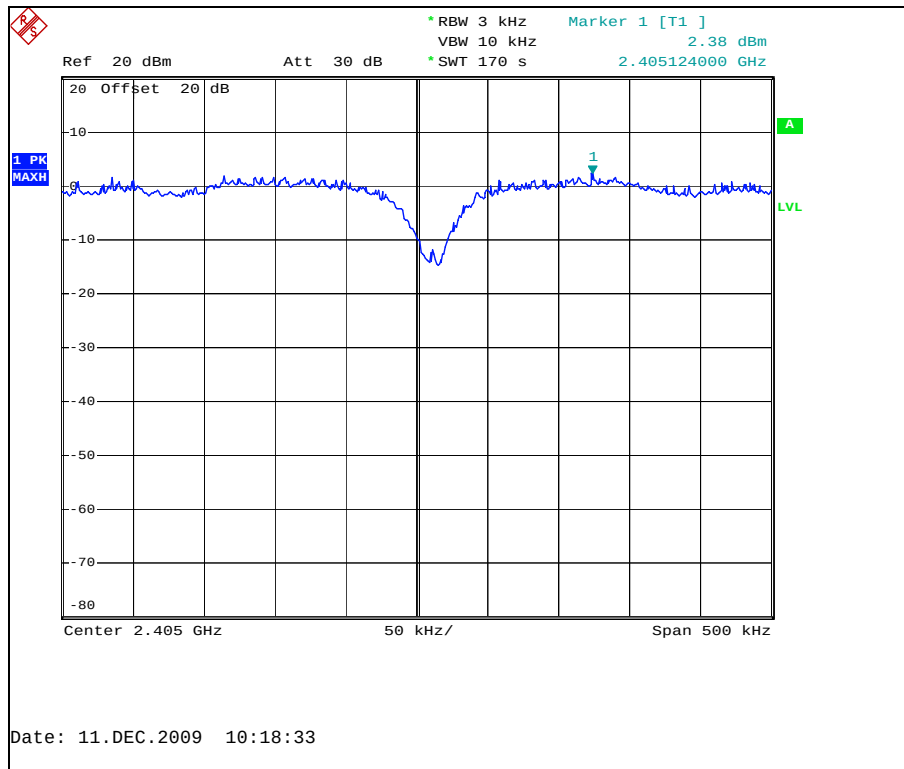


Figure 7.7.2-1: Power Spectral Density Plot – Low Channel

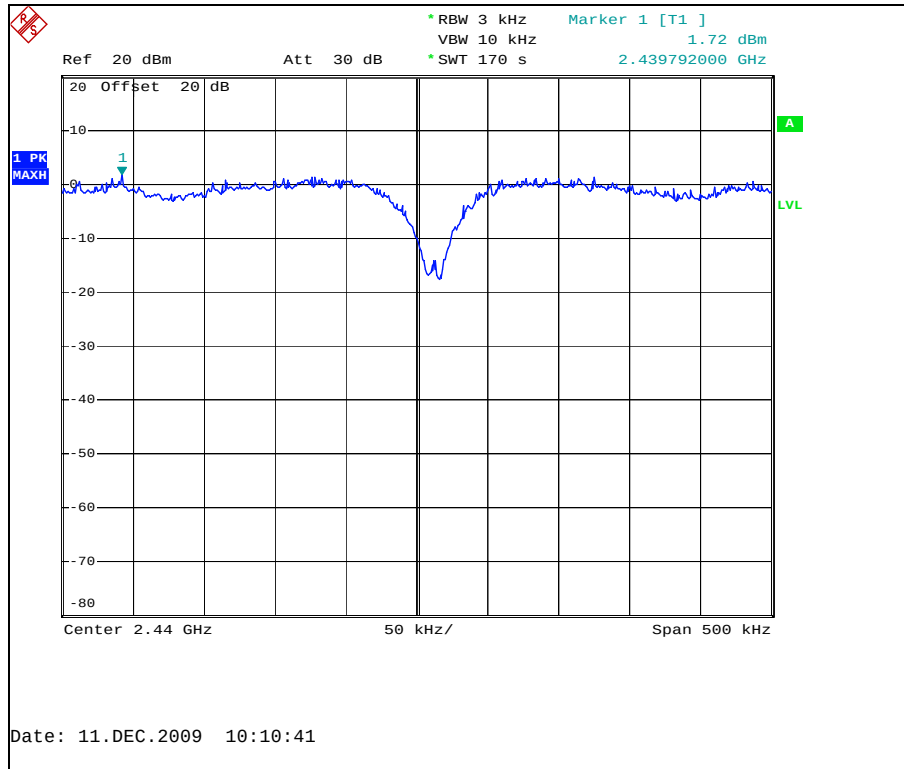


Figure 7.7.2-2: Power Spectral Density Plot – Mid Channel

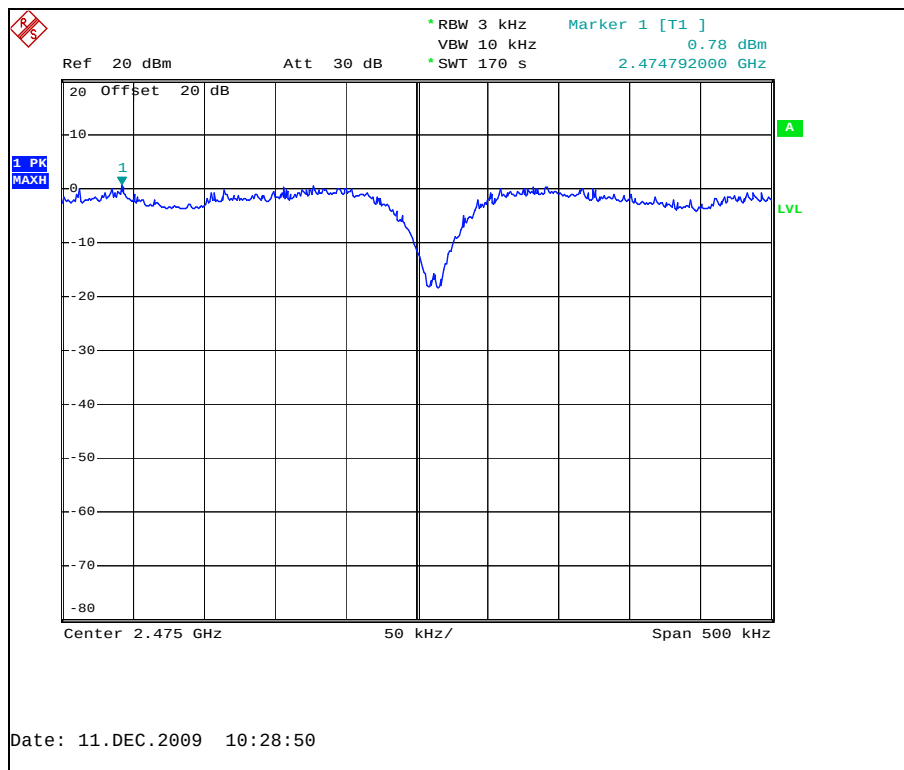


Figure 7.7.2-3: Power Spectral Density Plot – High Channel (2475 MHz)

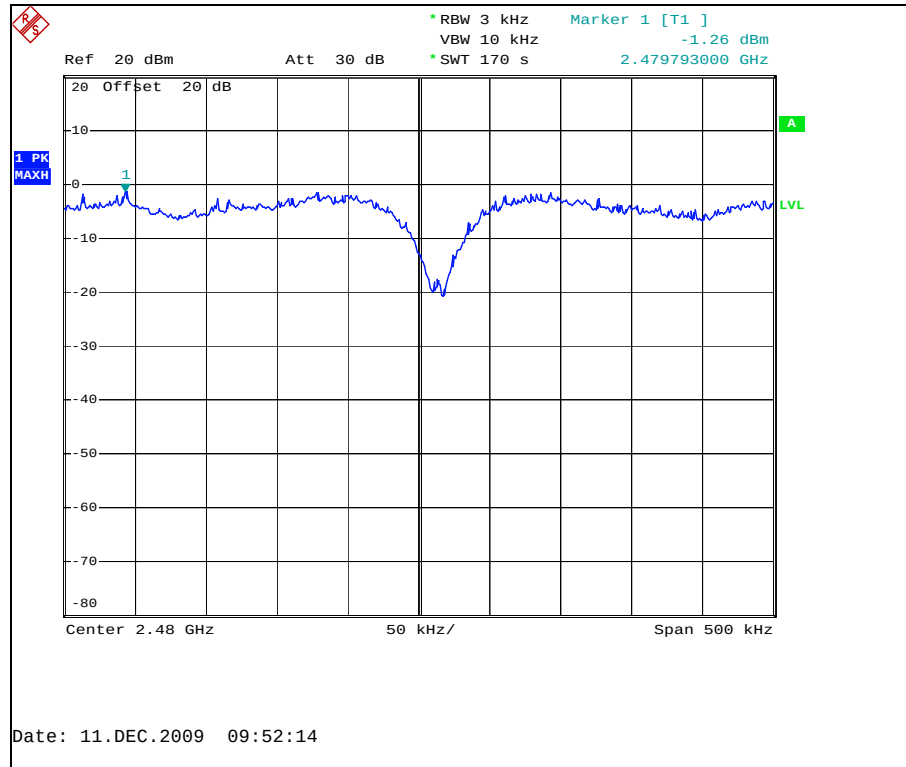


Figure 7.7.2-4: Power Spectral Density Plot – High Channel (2480 MHz)

8 CONCLUSION

In the opinion of ACS, Inc. the 65A26-1, manufactured by Home Automation, Inc. meets the requirements of FCC Part 15 subpart C and Industry Canada's Radio Standards Specification RSS-210.

END REPORT