

**EQUIPMENT**: Mobile Computer

BRAND NAME : Symbol MODEL NAME : FR6876

FCC ID : H9PFR6876

**STANDARD** : 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1999 IEEE 1528-2003

**OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)** 

**APPLICANT**: Symbol Technologies, Inc., A Motorola Company

230 Victoria Street #12-06/10 Bugis Junction Office Tower

Singapore 188024

The product sample received on Oct. 31, 2008 and completely tested on Mar. 06, 2009. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Roy Wul / Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1<sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

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Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Report Issued Date : Apr. 06, 2009
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# **Revision History**

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA8O3106-01D	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Apr. 06, 2009

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1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **Symbol Technologies**, **Inc.**, **A Motorola Company Mobile Computer Symbol FR6876** are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9%):

Band	Band Position	
802.11b/g	Head	0.119
802.11b/g	Body	0.077
Plustooth	Head	N/A
Bluetooth	Body	N/A

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003 and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

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# 2. Administration Data

### 2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.			
Test Site Location	No. 52, Hwa Ya 1 <sup>st</sup> Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978			
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : SAR01-HY			

### 2.2 Applicant

Company Name	Symbol Technologies, Inc., A Motorola Company			
Address	230 Victoria Street #12-06/10 Bugis Junction Office Tower Singapore 188024			

### 2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	Inventec Appliances Corp.
	No. 37, Wugong 5th Road, Wugu Industrial Park, Taipei Country 248, Taiwan, R.O.C.

### 2.4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	Oct. 31, 2008
Date of Start during the Test	Jan. 28, 2009
Date of End during the Test	Mar. 06, 2009

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# 3. General Information

### 3.1 <u>Description of Device Under Test (DUT)</u>

Product Feature & Specification					
DUT Type	Mobile Computer				
Trade Name	Symbol				
Model Name	FR6876				
FCC ID	H9PFR6876				
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz				
	802.11b : 16.16 dBm				
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	802.11g : 15.34 dBm				
	Bluetooth : 1.78 dBm				
Antonno Typo	WLAN : PIFA Antenna				
Antenna Type	Bluetooth : Chip Antenna				
HW Version	DVT				
SW Version	Modem: 0029-010709-M				
SW Version	OS: EDA-DVT1-0.20.0039-011409-WWE-H				
	802.11b : DSSS				
	802.11g : OFDM				
Type of Modulation	Bluetooth (1Mbps) : GFSK				
	Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps) : π/4-DQPSK				
	Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK				
DUT Stage	Identical Prototype				

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#### **List of Accessory:**

List of Accessory:							
	•	of Accessory					
	Brand Name	Symbol					
Cradle	Model Name	CRD7X00-1					
	Power Rating	12Vdc, 3.33A					
	<b>Brand Name</b>	HIPRO					
Cradle Adapter	Model Name	HP-O2040D43					
Cradie Adapter	<b>Power Rating</b>	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 1.5A; O/P: 12Vdc, 3.33A					
	<b>Power Cord Type</b>	1.8 meter shielded cable with ferrite core					
	<b>Brand Name</b>	MOTOROLA					
Product Charging Adoptor	Model Name	EADP-16BB A					
Product Charging Adapter	Power Rating	I/P: 100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.4A; O/P: 5.4Vdc, 3A					
	<b>Power Cord Type</b>	1.83 meter shielded cable with ferrite core					
	Brand Name	MOTOROLA					
Product Charging Cable 1	Model Name	25-102775-01R					
Product Charging Cable 1	Power Rating	I/P: 5.4V, 3A					
	Туре	1.35 meter non-shielded cable with ferrite core					
	Brand Name	MOTOROLA					
Product Charging Cable 2	Model Name	25-118703-01R					
Froduct Charging Cable 2	Power Rating	I/P: 5.4V, 3A					
	Туре	1.35 meter non-shielded cable with ferrite core					
	Brand Name	MOTOROLA					
Battery 1	Part Number	82-71364-04					
Battery I	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 1950mAh					
	Туре	Li-ion					
	Brand Name	MOTOROLA					
Battery 2	Part Number	82-71364-05					
Ballery 2	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 3600mAh					
	Туре	Li-ion					
	Brand Name	Symbol					
Earphone	Part Number	90-17C28-001R					
	Signal Line Type	1.24 meter non-shielded cable without ferrite core					
	Brand Name	MOTOROLA					
USB Cable	Part Number	25-68596-01R					
	Туре	1.69 meter shielded cable without ferrite core					

#### Remark:

- **1.** Product Charging Cable 1 (P/N: 25-102775-01R) and Product Charging Cable 2 (P/N: 25-118703-01R) are exactly the same which was declared by the manufacturer, and only Product Charging Cable 1 (P/N: 25-102775-01R) was performed on all the tests.
- **2.** Above DUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications of manufacturer or User's Manual for more detailed features description.

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#### 3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

#### 3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Mobile Computer is in accordance with the following standards:

- 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- IEEE 1528-2003
- OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- Preliminary Guidance for Reviewing Applications for Certification of 3G Device. May 2006
- KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
- KDB 648474 D01 v01r05

### 3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

#### 3.5 Test Conditions

#### 3.5.1 **Ambient Condition**

- HIII - C - HI - HI - HI - HI - HI - HI	
Ambient Temperature	20-24
Humidity	<60 %

#### 3.5.2 **Test Configuration**

For WLAN link mode, engineering testing software installed on the DUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

According to the unlicensed transmitters of KDB 648474,

- test highest output channel only if SAR is
- test all required channels if SAR is > 0.8 W/kg

According KDB 648474, the closest separation distance between WLAN and Bluetooth is 9.5 cm and output power of Bluetooth is less than 2P<sub>Ref</sub>, so the standalone SAR of Bluetooth and simultaneous transmission SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth were not required.

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The data rates for WLAN SAR testing were set in 2 Mbps for 802.11b and 54 Mbps for 802.11g, due to the highest pre-scanned RF output power. The pre-scanned RF Power tables of 802.11b/g are as below:

#### <802.11b>

NOTE: THE								
802.11b Pre-Scanned RF Power (dBm)								
Channel	Frequency		Data Rate					
Chamilei	(MHz)	1 Mbps	2 Mbps	5.5 Mbps	11 Mbps			
CH 01	2412 MHz	14.15	13.66	13.60	13.59			
CH 06	CH 06 2437 MHz 15.33		15.77	15.35	15.30			
CH 11	2462 MHz	13.97	14.00	13.95	13.95			

<802.11g>

<802.11g>									
802.11g									
	Pre-Scanned RF Power (dBm)								
	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate							
Channel		6 Mbps	9 Mbps	12 Mbps	18 Mbps	24 Mbps	36 Mbps	48 Mbps	54 Mbps
CH 01	2412 MHz	11.00	11.66	11.69	12.12	12.30	12.05	12.03	11.97
CH 06	2437 MHz	12.39	12.79	13.24	13.32	12.69	13.11	13.20	13.38
CH 11	2462 MHz	10.73	11.59	11.56	12.07	10.69	11.47	11.44	11.89

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# 4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

### 4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

#### 4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity,  $\,\delta\, {\rm T}$  is the temperature rise and  $\,\delta\, {\rm t}$  the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,  $\rho$  is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

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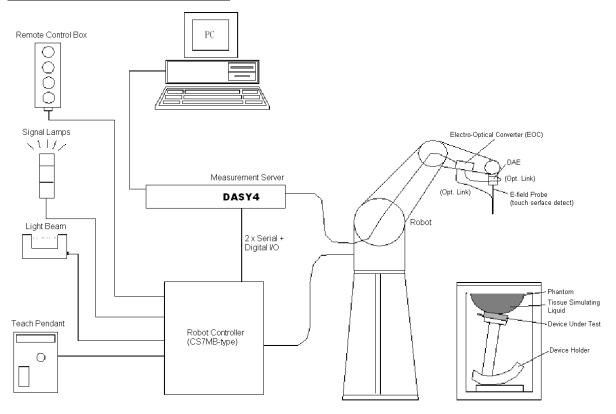
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### 5. SAR Measurement Setup



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Fig. 5.1 DASY4 System

The DASY4 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY4 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps,
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

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#### 5.1 DASY4 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

#### 5.1.1 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

<u> </u>						
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system					
	Built-in shielding against static charge	es				
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to	o organic solvents)				
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz					
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation perpendicular to probe axis)					
Dynamic Range	5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity: ±0.2dB					
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids on reflecting surface					
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm Tip length: 16mm Body diameter: 12mm Tip diameter: 6.8mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm					
		Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot				
Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz Compliance tests for mobile phones and Wireless LAN Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms					

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#### 5.1.2 ET3DV6 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm$  10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within  $\pm$  0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

ET3DV6 sn1787 (Cal: Aug. 26, 2008)					
Item	X axis	Y axis	Z axis		
Sensitivity (μV)	1.63	1.67	2.18		
Diode Compression Point (mV)	90	93	92		
	Frequency (MHz)	X,Y,Z	'axis		
Conversion Factor	800~1000	6.06	5.91		
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	5.36 / 4.73			
	1850~2050	5.01 / 4.49			
	2350~2550	4.49	3.79		
	Frequency (MHz)	Alpha	Depth		
Boundary Effect	800~1000	0.30 / 0.31	2.80 / 2.98		
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	0.53 / 0.60	2.11 / 2.20		
	1850~2050	0.59 / 0.68	1.96 / 1.95		
	2350~2550	0.77 / 0.90	1.57 / 1.51		

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

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### 5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

#### 5.3 Robot

The DASY4 system uses the high precision robots RX90BL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY4 system, the CS7MB robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The RX robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- $\triangleright$ Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

#### 5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY4 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with 166 MHz CPU 32 MB chipset and 64 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

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5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- > Right head
- > Flat phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- \*Water-sugar based liquid
- \*Glycol based liquids

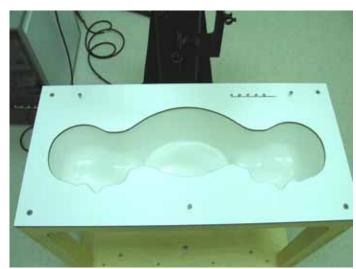


Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

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5.6 <u>Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom</u>

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20%. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY4 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY4 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon r = 3$  and loss tangent  $\delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.5 Device Holder

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#### 5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

#### 5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY4 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

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The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/q]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

#### 5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY4 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm <sub>i</sub> , $a_{.0}$ $a_{.1}$ , $a_{.2}$
--------------------	---------------	--

- Conversion factor ConvF<sub>i</sub> - Diode compression point dcp<sub>i</sub>

**Device parameters:** - Frequency f

> - Crest factor cf

Media parameters : - Conductivity σ ρ

- Density

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY4 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

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$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 $U_i$  = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp<sub>i</sub> = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

 $\textbf{E-field probes}: \ E_i \ = \ \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$ 

 $\mbox{H-field probes}: \quad \mbox{$H_i$} \ = \ \sqrt{V_i} \, \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$ 

with

 $V_i$  = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

**Norm**<sub>i</sub> = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

**ConvF** = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a, = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

 $\vec{f}$  = carrier frequency [GHz]

 $E_i$  = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 $H_i$  = magnetic field strength of channel *i* in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_X^2 + E_Y^2 + E_Z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR = 
$$E_{tot}^2$$
.  $\frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$ 

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 $\sigma$  = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 $\rho$  = equivalent tissue density in g/cm<sup>3</sup>

\* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or  $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$ 

with

**Ppwe** = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

**Etot** = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

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### 5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturan	Name of Familian and	Turne/Mandal	Carial Number	Calibration		
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1787	Aug. 26, 2008	Aug. 25, 2009	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 23, 2008	Sep. 22, 2009	
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	EX3DV3	3514	Jan. 21, 2009	Jan. 20, 2010	
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010	
SPEAG	900MHz System Validation Kit	D900V2	190	Jul. 16, 2007	Jul. 15, 2009	
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 10, 2007	Jul. 09, 2009	
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 28, 2008	Mar. 27, 2010	
SPEAG	2000MHz System Validation Kit	D2000V2	1010	Sep. 17, 2008	Sep. 16, 2010	
SPEAG	2300MHz System Validation Kit	D2300V2	1006	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009	
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 12, 2007	Jul. 11, 2009	
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1008	Sep. 12, 2007	Sep. 11, 2009	
SPEAG	3500MHz System Validation Kit	D3500V2	1014	Sep. 19, 2007	Sep. 18, 2009	
SPEAG	5GHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1006	Jan. 24, 2008	Jan. 23, 2010	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009	
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Sep. 22, 2008	Sep. 21, 2009	
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1477	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR	
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46100746	Jan. 20, 2009	Jan. 19, 2010	
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Dec. 15, 2008	Dec. 14, 2009	
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR	
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009	
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009	

**Table 5.1 Test Equipment List** 

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### 6. <u>Tissue Simulating Liquids</u>

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY4, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

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The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- **Water:** deionized water (pure H20), resistivity  $16M\Omega$  as basis for the liquid
- Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- **Salt**: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- Cellulose: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- **DGMBE**: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

rable of givee th	Table 0.1 gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.							
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε <sub>r</sub> )
				For Head				
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
		_		For Body		_		
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

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		_			
Tablaca	airea tha	taraata far	of tioous	simulating liquid.	
Table b /	CHVES THE	TALCIES TOT	OI HESTIA	Similianno nono	

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3

**Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid** 

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 6.3 shows the measuring results for head and muscle simulating liquid.

Band	Position	Temperature ( )	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε <sub>r</sub> )	Measurement Date
			2412	1.79	39.6	
		21.2	2437	1.81	39.5	Jan. 28, 2009
	Head		2462	1.84	39.4	
	пеац		2412	1.80	38.8	
		21.4	2437	1.82	38.7	Mar. 05, 2009
802.11b/g			2462	1.86	38.6	
602.11b/g			2412	1.88	52.6	
		21.4	2437	1.91	52.5	Jan. 28, 2009
			2462	1.95	52.4	
	Body		2412	1.88	53.7	
		21.5	2437	1.91	53.6	Mar. 06, 2009
			2462	1.95	53.5	

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

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### 7. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor <sup>(a)</sup>	1/k <sup>(b)</sup>	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

<sup>(</sup>a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

**Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution** 

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY4 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

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<sup>(</sup>b)  $\kappa$  is the coverage factor



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Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	∞
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	∞
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	8
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	8
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	8
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	8
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	8
<b>Combined Standard Uncertainty</b>					±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 %		K=2				
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)					±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY4

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### 8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY4 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY4 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

#### 8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

#### 8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

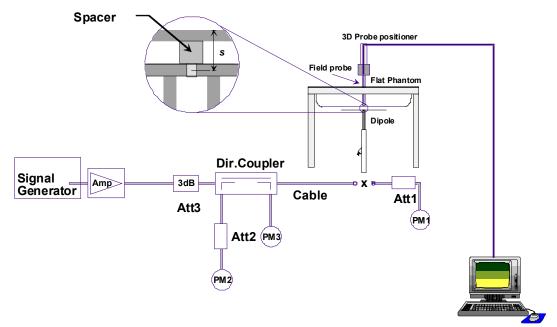


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

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- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. 2450 MHz Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

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### 8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency (MHz)	Position	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement Date
		SAR (1g)	52.7	52.1	-1.1 %	Jan. 28, 2009
	Head	SAR (10g)	24.5	24.3	-0.8 %	Jan. 26, 2009
	неао	SAR (1g)	52.7	54.6	3.6 %	Mar. 05, 2009
2450		SAR (10g)	24.5	25.4	3.7 %	Mai. 05, 2009
2430		SAR (1g)	52.5	52.2	-0.6 %	Jan. 28, 2009
	Body	SAR (10g)	24.4	24.1	-1.2 %	Jan. 20, 2009
		SAR (1g)	52.5	53.4	1.7 %	Mar. 06, 2009
		SAR (10g)	24.4	24.6	0.8 %	IVIAI . 00, 2009

**Table 8.1 Target and Measurement Data Comparison** 

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### 9. Description for DUT Testing Position

This DUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, face of the DUT with gap 1.5 cm and bottom of the DUT with gap 1.5 cm as illustrated below: (Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.)

#### 1) "Cheek Position"

- i) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- ii) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.1).

#### 2) "Tilted Position"

- i) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above
- ii) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (sees Fig. 9.2).

#### 3) "Body Worn"

- i) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- ii) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- iii) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.5 cm.

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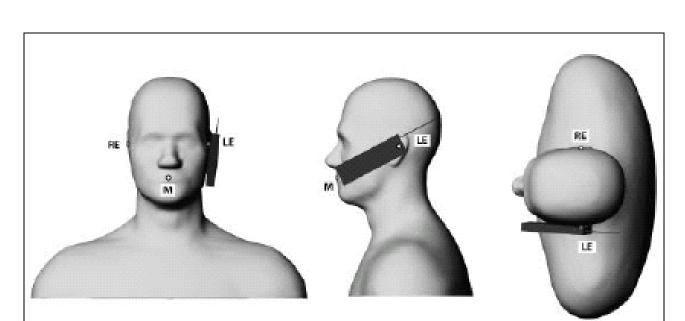


Fig. 9.1 Phone Position 1, "Cheek" or "Touch" Position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the plane for phone positioning, are indicated.

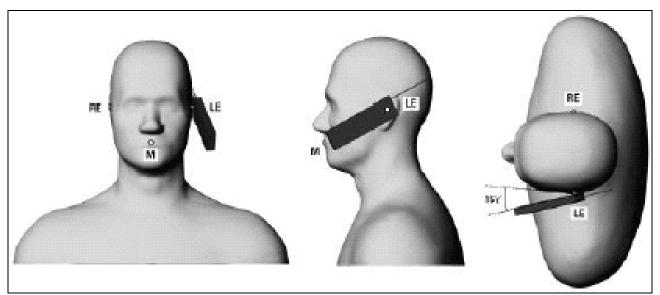


Fig. 9.2 Phone Position 2, "Tilted Position". The reference point for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the plane for phone positioning, are indicated.

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### 10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Using engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx)
- Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY4 software
- Taking data

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

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- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power reference measurement

#### 10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY4 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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### 10.2 Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

#### 10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY4, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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### 11. SAR Test Results

### 11.1 Conducted Power

Band	802.11b (dBm)	802.11g (dBm)
Data Rate	2 Mbps	54 Mbps
1	15.13	14.92
6	16.16	15.34
11	14.99	14.05

### 11.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

Position	Battery	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Right Cheek	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.119	1.6	Pass
Right Cheek	1	802.11g	6	2437	OFDM	0.117	1.6	Pass
Right Tilted	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.109	1.6	Pass
Left Cheek	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.117	1.6	Pass
Left Tilted	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.111	1.6	Pass
Right Cheek	2	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.088	1.6	Pass

### 11.3 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Position	Battery	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Bottom of the DUT with 1.5cm Gap	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.077	1.6	Pass
Face of the DUT with 1.5cm Gap	1	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.034	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT with 1.5cm Gap	1	802.11g	6	2437	OFDM	0.071	1.6	Pass
Bottom of the DUT with 1.5cm Gap	2	802.11b	1	2412	DSSS	0.038	1.6	Pass

Test Engineer: Robert Liu, Jason Wang, A-Rod Chen, Eric Huang, and Gordon Lin

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 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

### Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### System Check\_Head\_2450MHz\_090128

#### DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.83 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.4;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

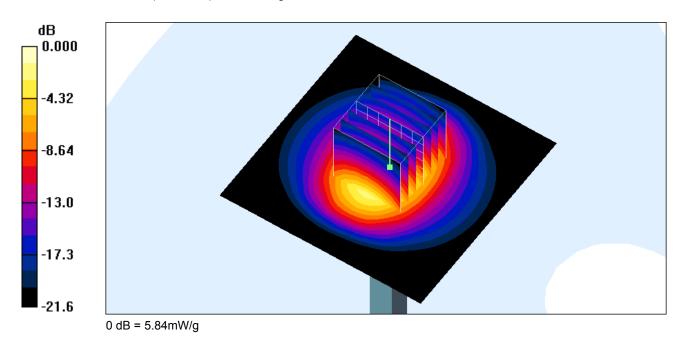
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.89 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.84 mW/g



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Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/5

#### System Check\_Head\_2450MHz\_20090305

#### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.84 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 38.7;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.4; Liquid Temperature: 21.3

#### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

### Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

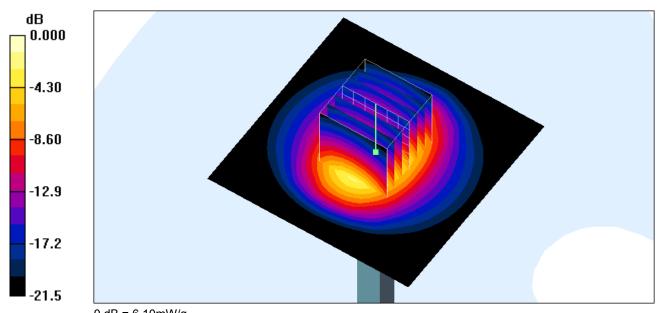
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.21 mW/g

#### Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.012 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.54 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.10 mW/g



0 dB = 6.10 mW/g

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### System Check\_Body\_2450MHz\_090128

#### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.93 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 52.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.4

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

### Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

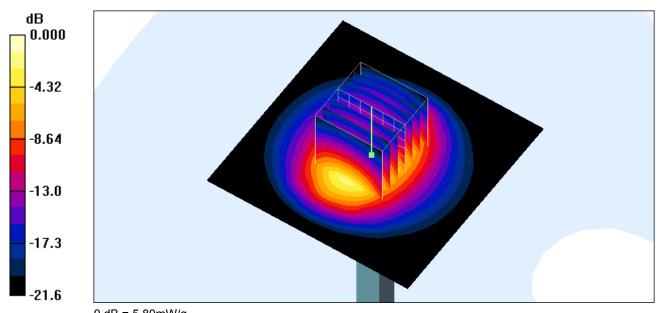
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.98 mW/g

#### Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.22 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.80 mW/g



0 dB = 5.80 mW/g

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/6

#### System Check\_Body\_2450MHz\_20090306

#### **DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.93$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.4; Liquid Temperature: 21.5

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

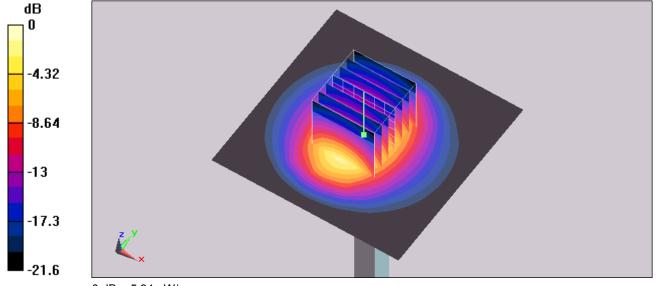
**Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.12 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.34 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.94 mW/g



0 dB = 5.94 mW/g

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### Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### Right Cheek 802.11b Ch1

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma$  = 1.79 mho/m;  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.6;  $\rho$  = 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.6; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

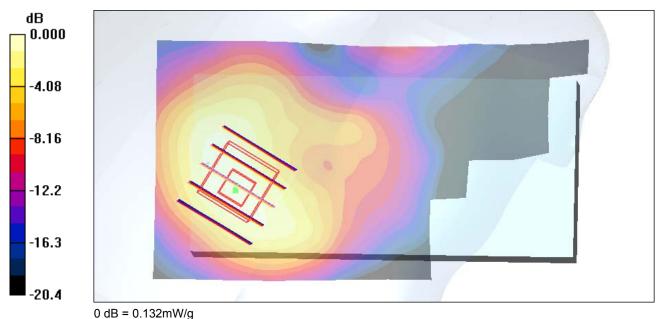
Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.135 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.165 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 mW/g



FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

Right Tilted\_802.11b Ch1

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

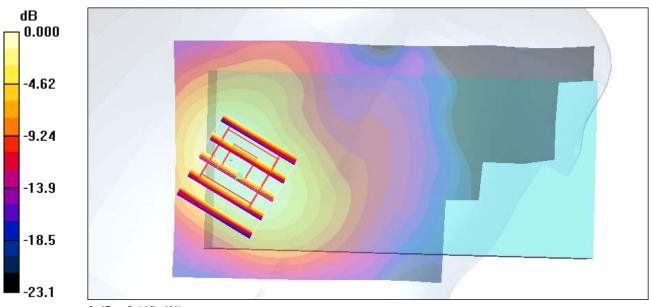
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.004 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.115 mW/g



0 dB = 0.115 mW/g

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### Left Cheek\_802.11b Ch1

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

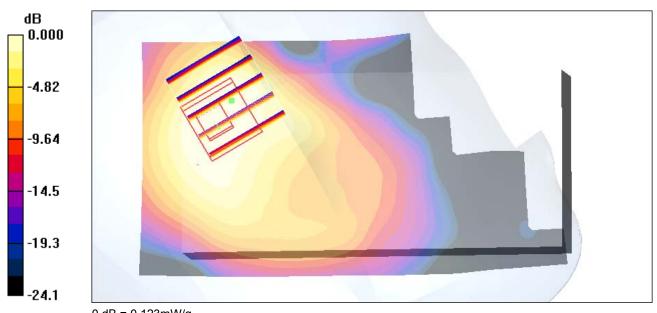
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.133 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



0 dB = 0.123 mW/g

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

Left Tilted\_802.11b Ch1

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

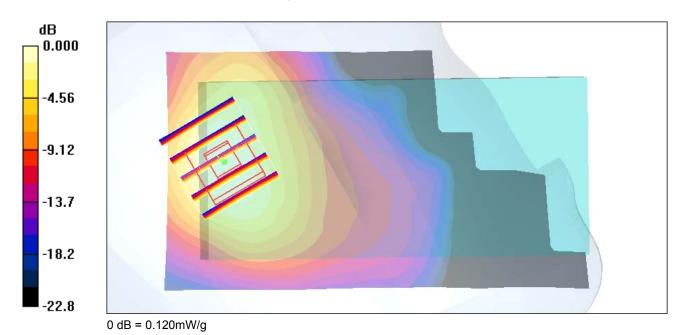
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.057 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.225 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.111 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/5

#### Right Cheek\_802.11b Ch1\_Battery 2

**DUT: 803106-06** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.8$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.4 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.3

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2008/9/22
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

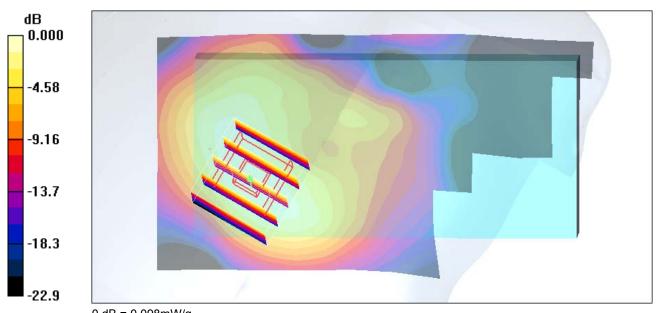
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.105 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.140 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.166 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.088 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.047 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.098 mW/g



0 dB = 0.098 mW/g

FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### Body\_802.11b Ch1\_Face with 1.5cm Gap

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.4 ; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

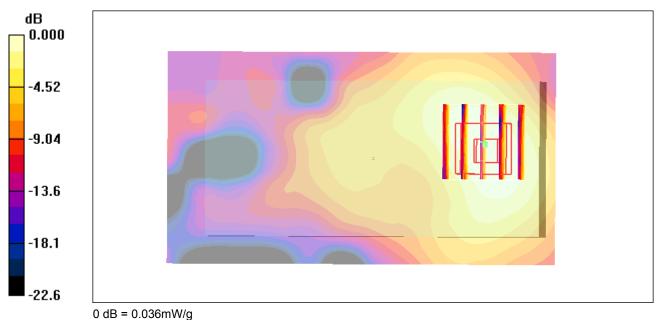
Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.037 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.107 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.067 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.020 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

#### Body\_802.11b Ch1\_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

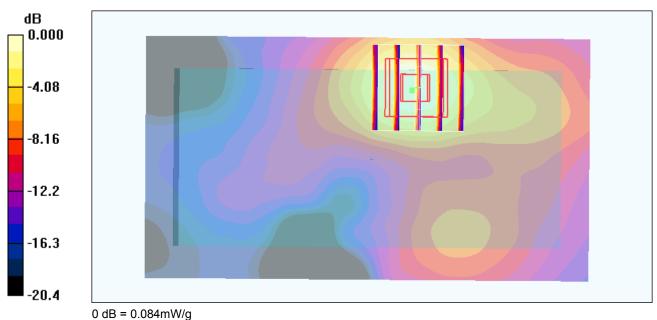
Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.087 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/6

#### Body\_802.11b Ch1\_Bottom of the DUT with 1.5cm Gap\_Battery 2

**DUT: 803106-07** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 53.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.4; Liquid Temperature: 21.5

#### DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1029
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

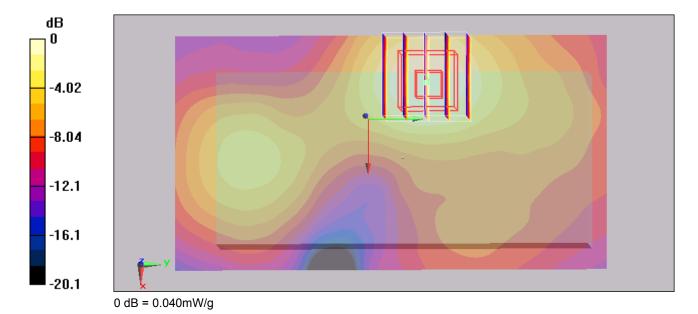
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.042 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.195 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.076 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.040 mW/g



FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

Right Cheek\_802.11b Ch1\_2D

**DUT: 803106-01** 

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.79$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 39.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.6; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### **DASY4** Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(4.49, 4.49, 4.49); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1477

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

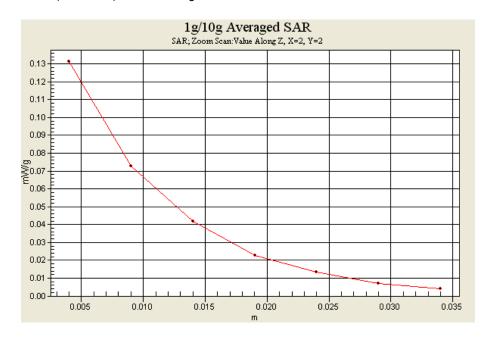
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.135 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.165 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.227 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 mW/g



FCC ID: H9PFR6876

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/1/28

Body\_802.11b Ch1\_Bottom with 1.5cm Gap\_2D

DUT: 8O3106-01

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL\_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.88$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 52.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Report No.: FA8O3106-01D

Ambient Temperature: 22.5; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1787; ConvF(3.79, 3.79, 3.79); Calibrated: 2008/8/26

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 71; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

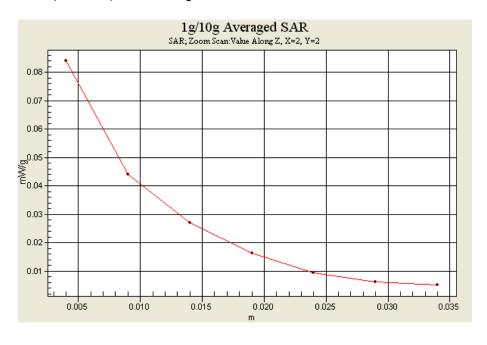
**Ch1/Area Scan (61x111x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.087 mW/g

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.70 V/m; Power Drift = -0.193 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.164 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



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# Appendix C - Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

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