

# SAR TEST REPORT

for

TLV Co Ltd

TrapMan

Model No.: TM8

FCC ID: H3RTLVTM080

IC: 7221A-TLVTM080

The MAX Report SAR(1g)	
Body SAR	0.017W/Kg

Test distance: 0mm

Prepared for : TLV Co Ltd

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Date of Report : Jun.12, 2025

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**SAR TEST REPORT**

Applicant : TLV Co Ltd  
Manufacturer : TLV Co Ltd  
Product : TrapMan  
Model No. : TM8  
FCC ID : H3RTLVTM080  
IC : 7221A-TLVTM080  
Test Voltage : DC 3.7V

**Measurement Standard Used:**

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- EN IEC-IEEE 62209-1528: 2021
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- RSS-102, Issue 6: 2023
- FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

The device described above is tested by Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. to determine the maximum emission levels emanating from the device and the severe levels of the device can endure and its performance criterion. The test results are contained in this test report and Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. is assumed full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of test. This report contains data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation. Also, this report shows that the EUT is technically compliant with the FCC and RSS-102 test requirements.

This report applies to single evaluation of one sample of above mentioned product and shall not be reproduced in part without written approval of Audix Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd..

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

Date of Test : May.28~Jun.11, 2025 Date of Report: Jun.12, 2025

Prepared by : Crush Liu Reviewed by : Thomas Chen  
Crush Liu / Assistant Thomas Chen / Assistant Manager



## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### 1.1. Description of Equipment Under Test

Applicant	TLV Co Ltd
Applicant Address	881 Nagasuna, Noguchi-Cho, Kakogawa, Hyogo 675-8511 Japan
Manufacturer	TLV Co Ltd
Manufacturer Address	881 Nagasuna, Noguchi-Cho, Kakogawa, Hyogo 675-8511 Japan
Product	TrapMan
Model No.	TM8
FCC ID	H3RTLVTM080
IC	7221A-TLVTM080
Radio	BDR+EDR; BLE
Sample Type	Mass production
Date of Receipt	Apr.24, 2025
Date of Test	May.28~Jun.11, 2025

## 1.2. Feature of Equipment under Test

Product Feature & Specification		
Product	TrapMan	
Model No.	TM8	
Power Source	<input type="checkbox"/> Commercial Power	AC V
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External Power Source	DC 3.7V
	<input type="checkbox"/> Li-ion Battery	DC V
	<input type="checkbox"/> UM battery	DC V
Bluetooth		
Radio	BDR +EDR; BLE	
Frequency Range	2402-2480MHz	
Type of Modulation	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK	
Data Rate	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps	
Quantity of Channels	79	
Channel Separation	1MHz	
Antenna System		
Type of Antenna	PCB Antenna	
Antenna Peak Gain	3.5dBi max	

## **2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

### **2.1. Product Description For EUT** **[None]**

### **2.2. Applied Standards**

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- IEEE C95.1-1999
- EN IEC-IEEE 62209-1528: 2021
- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)
- RSS-102, Issue 6: 2023
- FCC KDB 447498 D04 v01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01/D02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02

### **2.3. Device Description and SAR Limits**

This device is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

### **2.4. Test Conditions**

#### **2.4.1. Ambient Condition**

<b>Ambient Temperature</b>	18 to 25 °C
<b>Humidity</b>	< 25% to 75 %

#### **2.4.2. Test Configuration**

The EUT was set to radiate maximum output power during all tests.



## 2.5. Exposure Positions Consideration

Exposure Positions Consideration please refer to Appendix D.

Sides for SAR tests						
Band	Body					
	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Left	Right
BDR+EDR	✓	✓	X	✓	X	✓

**Note: The side which has a distance larger than 2.5cm from antenna can be excluded from SAR measurement.**

## 2.6. Standalone SAR Test Exclusion Considerations

The SAR-based exemption formula of § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(B), repeated here as Formula (B.2), applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold  $P_{th}$  (mW).

This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive).  $P_{th}$  is given by Formula (B.2).

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B.2})$$

where

$$x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and  $f$  is in GHz,  $d$  is the separation distance (cm), and  $ERP_{20 \text{ cm}}$  is per Formula (B.1) in KDB44749 D04 V01, The example values shown in Table B.2 are for illustration only.

According to the KDB447498 Table B.2, the SAR test exclusion threshold for 2450MHz at 5mm test separation distances is 3mW

Table B.2—Example Power Thresholds (mW)

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (mm)									
	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
300	39	65	88	110	129	148	166	184	201	217
450	22	44	67	89	112	135	158	180	203	226
835	9	25	44	66	90	116	145	175	207	240
1900	3	12	26	44	66	92	122	157	195	236
2450	3	10	22	38	59	83	111	143	179	219
3600	2	8	18	32	49	71	96	125	158	195
5800	1	6	14	25	40	58	80	106	136	169



**RSS-102 issue 6 Section 6.3 table 11:**

Devices operating at or below the applicable output power levels (adjusted for tune-up tolerance) specified in table 11, based on the separation distance, are exempt from SAR evaluation. The separation distance, defined as the distance between the user and/or bystander and the antenna and/or radiating element of the device or the outer surface of the device, shall be less than or equal to 20 cm for these exemption limits to apply.

Table 11: Power limits for exemption from routine SAR evaluation based on the separation distance

Frequency (MHz)	≤ 5 mm(mW)	10 mm (mW)	15 mm(mW)	20 mm(mW)	25 mm(mW)	30 mm(mW)	35 mm(mW)	40 mm(mW)	45 mm(mW)	> 50 mm(mW)
≤ 300	45	116	139	163	189	216	246	280	319	362
450	32	71	87	104	124	147	175	208	248	296
835	21	32	41	54	72	96	129	172	228	298
1900	6	10	18	33	57	92	138	194	257	323
2450	3	7	16	32	56	89	128	170	209	245
3500	2	6	15	29	50	72	94	114	134	158
5800	1	5	13	23	32	41	54	74	102	128

The exemption limits in table 11 Table 11 are based on measurements and simulations of half-wave dipole antennas at separation distances of 5 mm to 50 mm from a iat phantom, which provides a SAR value of approximately 0.4 W/kg for 1 g of tissue.

## 2.7. EUT Configuration and operation conditions for test.



**(EUT: TrapMan)**

## 2.8. Test Equipments

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal Date	Validity Date	Cal. Agency
1.	DASY5 SAR Test System	Speag	TX60 L speag	F09/5B1H1/01	NCR	NCR	N/A
2.	ENA SERIES NETWORK ANALYZER	Agilent	E5071C	MY46316760	2024.09.15	2025.09.14	CCIC
3.	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2487A	6K00003262	2024.06.19	2025.06.18	CCIC
4.	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	032516	2024.06.19	2025.06.18	CCIC
5.	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY49061013	2024.09.15	2025.09.14	CCIC
6.	Amplifier	Milmega	ZHL-42W	C620601316	NCR	NCR	N/A
7.	Dipole Validation Kits	Speag	D2450V2	862	2023.05.18	2026.05.17	SPEAG
8.	Attenuator(20dB)	MCL	VAT-20W2-2W	1527-001	2024.09.15	2025.09.14	CCIC
9.	Date Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	899	2024.06.06	2025.06.05	CCTL
10.	E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	3767	2024.08.01	2025.07.31	CCTL
11.	Test Software	Schmid&Partner Englinnering AG	DASY5	52.8.7.1137	NCR	NCR	NCR

Note:NCR means no calibration required(calibrated with system).

## 2.9. Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min:20°C ,Max.25°C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Note: Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

## 2.10.Measurement Uncertainty

Test Item	Uncertainty
Uncertainty for SAR test	1g: ±21.1
	10g: ±20.6
Uncertainty for test site temperature	±0.6°C

Source	Type	Uncertainty Value (%)	Probability Distribution	K	C1(1g)	C1(10g)	Standard uncertainty u1(%)1g	Standard uncertainty u1(%)10g	Degree of freedom Veff or Vi
<b>Measurement system repeitivity</b>	A	0.5	N	1		1	0.5	0.5	9
Probe calibration	B	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Isotropy	B	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Linearity	B	4.7	R	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Probe modulation response	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Detection limits	B	1.0	R	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Boundary effect	B	1.9	R	√3	1	1	1.1	1.1	∞
Readout electronics	B	1.0	N	1	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
Response time	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
Integration time	B	4.32	R	√3	1	1	2.5	2.5	∞
RF ambient conditions – noise	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
RF ambient conditions – reflections	B	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	B	0.4	R	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.9	R	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	B	0	R	√3	1	1	0	0	∞
<b>Test sample related</b>									
Device holder uncertainty	A	2.94	N	1	1	1	2.94	2.94	M-1
Test sample positioning	A	4.1	N	1	1	1	4.1	4.1	M-1
Power scaling	B	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Drift of output power (measured SAR drift)	B	5.0	R	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
<b>Phantom and set-up</b>									
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	B	4.0	R	√3	1	1	2.3	2.1	∞
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	B	1.9	N	1	1	0,84	1,9	1,6	∞
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.55	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.24	0.21	M-1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	A	0.19	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.09	0.06	M
Liquid permittivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	√3	0,78	0,71	1.4	1.1	∞
Liquid conductivity – temperature uncertainty	A	5.0	R	√3	0.23	0,26	1.2	0.8	∞
<b>Combined standard uncertainty</b>	$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{23} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						<b>10.57</b>	<b>10.32</b>	
<b>Expanded uncertainty (95 % conf. interval)</b>	$u_k = 2u_c$		N	K=2			<b>21.14</b>	<b>20.64</b>	

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ+ resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

#### Simulating Liquids for 5 GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

### 3. MEASURE PROCEDURES

#### 3.1. General description of test procedures

Please apply the following guidance for SAR testing:

1. Please use a 0 mm (touching) test separation distance on the flat phantom during SAR testing of this device. This separation distance is based on the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D04
2. Please utilize a body tissue simulating liquid (TSL) of the appropriate frequency during SAR testing.
3. Please use the guidance found in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D04 to determine which sides of the device need to be tested for SAR.

## 4. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM

### 4.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

- (1) A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- (2) A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage. It issues simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
- (3) A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- (4) A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
- (5) The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.
- (6) The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.
- (7) DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
- (8) Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- (9) The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
- (10) The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- (11) Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- (12) System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

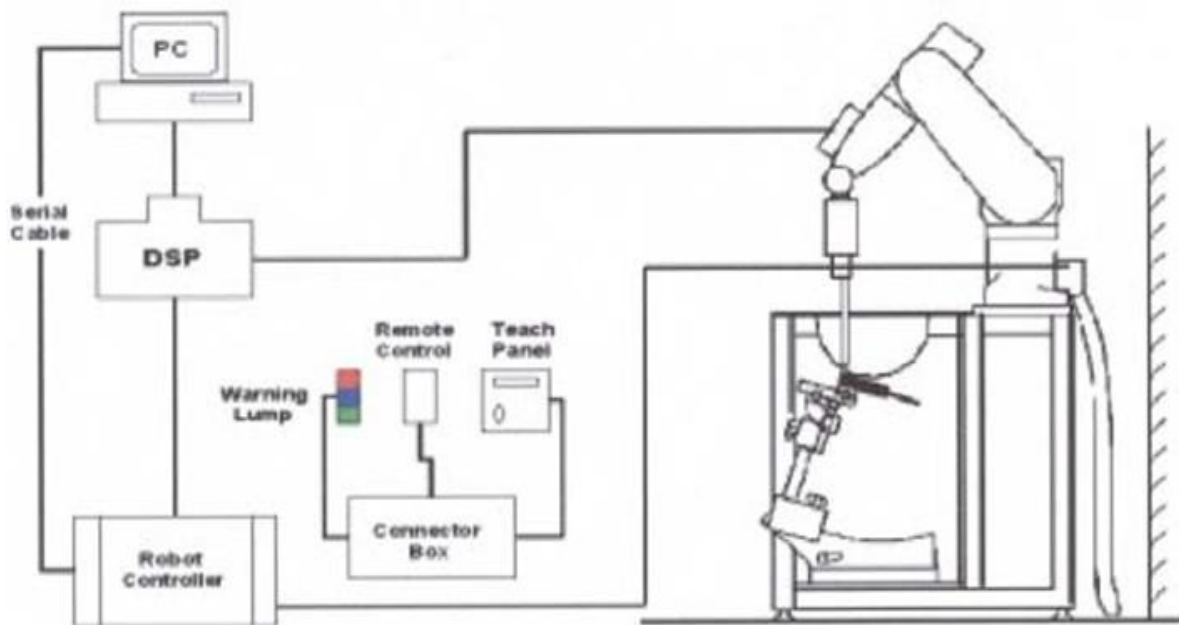
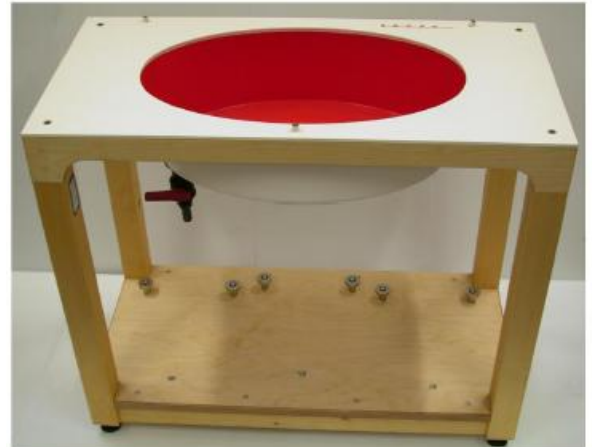


Figure 4.1 SAR Lab Test Measurement Set-up



#### 4.2. ELI Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections.

#### **Figure 6.2 Top View of Twin Phantom**

A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters.

On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- \*Water-sugar based liquid
- \*Glycol based liquids

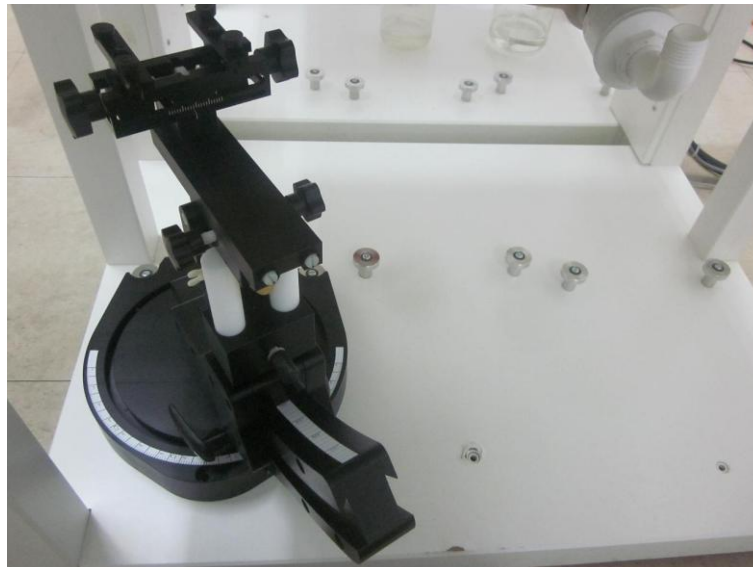
#### 4.3. Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of  $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$  would produce a SAR uncertainty of  $\pm 20\%$ . An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon_r=3$  and loss tangent  $\tan \delta = 0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



**Figure 4.3 Device Holder**

#### 4.4. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



Figure 4.4EX3DV4 E-field Probe

##### 4.4.1. EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: PRS-T2 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

#### 4.5. E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25\text{dB}$ . The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),  
 $C$  = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  
 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.  
Or

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{|E|^2 \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:  
 $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,  
 $\rho$  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ ).