

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE REPORT

TITLE: FCC & IC MPE Report for 15.247 & RSS-210 Frequency Hopping Device

Remote FCC ID: EWQ100GDLRS IC: 864D-100GDLRS IC Model: 7S

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| REV | CCO | DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE | DATE | <u>APPROVALS</u> | |
|-----|-----|-----------------------|------|------------------|--|
| 001 | | INITIAL RELEASE | | Engineering | |
| | | | | Regulatory | |

REVISION HISTORY

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|---|--|----------------|--|-------------|--|
| a | | initial upload | | Engineering | |
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Test Data Summary**FCC 15.247 / IC RSS-210; Frequency Hopping Transmitter;**

100G DLS – Remote, 903MHz – 926.85 MHz for EUT

FCC ID: EWQ100GDLRS IC: 864D-100GDLRS IC Device Models: 7S

Part Numbers: ERG-5006-501/502/503/505 Serial Numbers: 105,16,18

OATS Registration Number: FCC 90716, IC 864D-1

| Rule | Description | Spec Limit | Max. Reading | Pass/Fail |
|---|---|------------|---|-----------|
| Parts 1.1310 & 2.1091(mobile) or 2.1093 (portable) / RSS-102 Sec 4.2-Canada Safety Code 6; Table 5 | Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) | formula | Power level 1 = 0.006 mW / cm ² @ 20 cm = 0.06 W/m ² @ 0.2 M Power level 2 = 0.111 mW / cm ² @ 20 cm = 1.11 W/m ² @ 0.2 M Power level 3 = 0.227 mW / cm ² @ 20 cm = 2.27 W/m ² @ 0.2 M | Pass |

Rule versions: FCC Part 1; FCC Part 2; FCC Part 15, RSS-102 Issue 4 (03-2010); RSS-210 Issue 8 (12-2010); RSS-Gen Issue 3 (12-2010).

Reference docs: ANSI C63.4-2003; DA 00-705 (03-30-2000); OET65 (08-1997); OET65C (06-2001); IEEE C95.3-2002.

| Cognizant Personnel | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
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CONDITIONS DURING TESTING

No Modifications to the EUT were necessary during the testing.

FCC 15.31(m) – IC _n/a_; Number of Channels

This device was tested on three channels.

ANSI C63.4 - Temperature and Humidity During Testing

The temperature during testing was within +10° C and +40° C.

The Relative humidity was between 10% and 90%.

RSS-Gen 4.3 (g): Tests shall be performed at ambient temperature

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DESCRIPTION

Itron declares that the EUT tested was representative of a production unit.

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

EUT Module

| | |
|------------------|---------------------------|
| Manuf: | Itron, Inc. |
| ITron p/n: | ERG-5006-501/502/503/505 |
| Serial Number(s) | Listed Below |
| Power source | Fresh Batteries were used |

Plot Information

In the zero span measurements, the line in the display is the trigger level.

Peripheral Devices

None

1.1310 & 2.1091(mobile) or 2.1093(portable) / RSS-102 Sec 4.2-Canada Safety Code 6; Table 5**Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)**

Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits. - The criteria listed in Table 1 shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in §1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of §2.1093 of this chapter.

1.1307 (b) In addition to the actions listed in paragraph (a) of this section, Commission actions granting construction permits, licenses to transmit or renewals thereof, equipment authorizations or modifications in existing facilities, require the preparation of an Environmental Assessment (EA) if the particular facility, operation or transmitter would cause human exposure to levels of radiofrequency radiation in excess of the limits in §§1.1310 and 2.1093 of this chapter.

| Power level | unit 103 Field strength (dBuV/m) | EIRP (dbm) | unit 105 conducted power (dbm) | conducted power (watts) | antenna gain (dbi) | antenna gain numeric |
|-------------|----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 3 | 124.58 | 30.58 | 25.06 | 0.321 | 5.52 | 3.56 |
| 2 | 121.46 | 27.46 | 21.71 | 0.148 | 5.75 | 3.76 |
| 1 | 109.04 | 15.04 | 6.01 | 0.004 | 9.03 | 8.00 |

Determine the maximum power density for the general / uncontrolled population minimum separation distance of 20 cm. ($f_{MHz} / 1500 \text{ mW/cm}^2 = f_{MHz} / 150 \text{ W/M}^2$)

The power density is calculated as:

$$P_d = \text{power density in } \text{mW/cm}^2$$

$$P_t = \text{transmit power in milliwatts}$$

$$P_d = \frac{P_t \times G}{4 \times \pi \times r^2}$$

G = numeric antenna gain

r = distance between body and transmitter in centimeters.

FCC Limits: $926.8\text{MHz} / 1500 = 0.618 \text{ mW / cm}^2 @ 20\text{cm}$

IC Limits: $926.8\text{MHz} / 150 = 6.18 \text{ W / M}^2 (@ 0.2\text{M})$

Power level 3

Max antenna gain = 5.52 dBi = 3.56 numeric

Max TX power = 25.06 dBm = 321 milliwatts

results: $P_D = (321 \times 3.56) / (4 \times \pi \times 20\text{cm}^2) = 0.227 \text{ mW / cm}^2 @ 20 \text{ cm}$
 $W/\text{m}^2 = 10 \text{ times mW/cm}^2 = 2.27 \text{ W/M}^2 @ 0.2 \text{ M}$

Power level 2

Max antenna gain = 5.75 dBi = 3.76 numeric

Max TX power = 21.71 dBm = 148 milliwatts

results: $P_D = (148 \times 3.76) / (4 \times \pi \times 20\text{cm}^2) = 0.111 \text{ mW / cm}^2 @ 20 \text{ cm}$
 $W/\text{m}^2 = 10 \text{ times mW/cm}^2 = 1.11 \text{ W/M}^2 @ 0.2 \text{ M}$

Power level 1

Max antenna gain = 9.03 dBi = 8.00 numeric

Max TX power = 6.01 dBm = 4 milliwatts

results: $P_D = (4 \times 8.00) / (4 \times \pi \times 20\text{cm}^2) = 0.006 \text{ mW / cm}^2 @ 20 \text{ cm}$
 $W/\text{m}^2 = 10 \text{ times mW/cm}^2 = 0.06 \text{ W/M}^2 @ 0.2 \text{ M}$