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TEST REPORT

Report Number: 16041880HKG-001

Application
for
Original Grant of 47 CFR Part 15 Certification
New Family of RSS-247 Issue 1 Equipment Certification

2.4GHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Baby Monitor - Baby Unit

FCC ID: EW780-0145-00

IC: 1135B-80014500

Prepared and Checked by:

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name:	VTech Telecommunications Ltd.
Applicant Address:	23/F., Tai Ping Industrial Centre, Block 1, 57 Ting Kok Road, Tai Po, Hong Kong.
FCC Specification Standard:	FCC Part 15, October 1, 2014 Edition
FCC ID:	EW780-0145-00
FCC Model(s):	VM342 BU, VM342-2 BU, VM342-3 BU, VM342-4 BU VM3x2-ab BU, VM300, VM3x0-ab
IC Specification Standard:	RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015 RSS-Gen Issue 4, December 2014
IC:	1135B-80014500
IC HVIN:	VM342 BU, VM342-2 BU, VM342-3 BU, VM342-4 BU, VM300
IC PMN:	Video Monitor
Type of EUT:	Spread Spectrum Transmitter
Description of EUT:	2.4GHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Baby Monitor - Baby Unit
Serial Number:	N/A
Sample Receipt Date:	April 28, 2016
Date of Test:	April 28, 2016 to May 5, 2016
Report Date:	May 9, 2016
Environmental Conditions:	Temperature: +10 to 40°C Humidity: 10 to 90%

Table of Contents

EXHIBIT 1
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

1.0 Test Results Summary & Statement of Compliance

1.1 Summary of Test Results

Test Items	FCC Part 15 Section	RSS-247/ RSS-Gen# Section	Results	Details see section
Antenna Requirement	15.203	7.1.2#	Pass	2.1
Max. Conducted Output Power	15.247(b)(1)	5.1(2)	Pass	4.1
Max. 20dB RF Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	5.1(1)	Pass	4.2
Min. No. of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	5.1(3)	Pass	4.3
Min. Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	5.1	Pass	4.4
Average Time of Occupancy	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	5.1(3)	Pass	4.5
Out of Band Antenna Conducted Emission	15.247(d)	5.5	Pass	4.6
Radiated Emission in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions	15.247(d) & 15.109	5.4	Pass	4.8
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	15.207 & 15.107	7.2.4#	Pass	4.9

Note: Pursuant to FCC Part 15 Section 15.215(c), the 20dB bandwidth of the emission was contained within the frequency band designated (mentioned as above) which the EUT operated. The effects, if any, from frequency sweeping, frequency hopping, other modulation techniques and frequency stability over expected variations in temperature and supply voltage were considered.

1.2 Statement of Compliance

The equipment under test is found to be complying with the following standards:

FCC Part 15, October 1, 2014 Edition
RSS-247 Issue 1, May 2015
RSS-Gen Issue 4, November 2014

EXHIBIT 2
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2.0 General Description

2.1 Product Description

The VM342-2 BU is a 2.4GHz Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Baby Monitor - Baby Unit. It operates at frequency range of 2406MHz to 2475MHz. There are total 24 channels. The Baby Unit is powered by an adaptor 100-240VAC to 5.0VDC 1000mA.

The antenna(s) used in the EUT is integral, and the test sample is a prototype.

For FCC, the Model(s): VM342 BU, VM342-3 BU, VM342-4, VM3x2-ab BU, VM300 and VM3x0-ab are the same as the Model: VM342-2 BU in Electronics/electrical designs, including software & firmware, construction design/physical design/enclosure and PCB layout. The only differences between these models are color and model number for marketing purpose. Suffix “x” indicates any alphanumeric character is representing different type packaging. Suffix “a, b” indicates any alphanumeric character or blank is representing number of baby unit and color of enclosure.

For IC, the Model(s): VM342 BU, VM342-3 BU, VM342-4 BU and VM300 are the same as the Model: VM342-2 BU, in Electronics/electrical designs, including software & firmware, construction design/physical design/enclosure and PCB layout. The only differences between these models are color and model number for marketing purpose.

The circuit description and frequency hopping algorithm are saved with filename: descri.pdf.

2.2 Test Methodology

Both AC power line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (2014). Preliminary radiated scans and all radiated measurements were performed in radiated emission test sites. All Radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "**Justification Section**" of this Application. Antenna port conducted measurements were performed according to ANSI C63.10 (2013). All other measurements were made in accordance with the procedures in 47 CFR Part 2.

2.3 Test Facility

The radiated emission test site, AC power line conducted measurement facility and antenna port conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data, AC Power Line conducted data, and conductive data are at Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd., which is located at Workshop No. 3, G/F., World-Wide Industrial Centre, 43-47 Shan Mei Street, Fo Tan, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been fully placed on file with FCC and Industry Canada No. 2042V.

EXHIBIT 3
SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

3.0 **System Test Configuration**

3.1 Justification

For radiated emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) was setup to transmit / receive continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, all cables (if any) were manipulated to produce worst case emissions.

The Baby Unit was powered by a 100-240VAC to 5VDC 1000mA adaptor.

For the measurements, the EUT was attached to a plastic stand if necessary and placed on the wooden turntable. If the base unit attached to peripherals, they were connected and operational (as typical as possible). The parent unit was remotely located as far from the antenna and the base as possible to ensure full power transmission from the baby unit. Else, the base was wired to transmit full power with modulation.

The signal was maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization were varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height was varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions were taken at three meters unless the signal level was too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier was used and/or the test was conducted at a closer distance.

For any intentional radiator powered by AC power line, measurements of the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission was performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.

For transmitter radiated measurement, the spectrum analyzer resolution bandwidth was 100 kHz for frequencies below 1000 MHz. The resolution bandwidth was 10 MHz for frequencies above 1000 MHz.

Radiated emission measurement for transmitter were performed from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Emission that are directly caused by digital circuits in the transmit path and transmitter portion were measured, and the limit are according to FCC Part 15 Section 15.209. Digital circuitry used to control additional functions other than the operation of the transmitter is subject to FCC Part Section 15.109 Limits.

3.1 Justification - Cont'd

Detector function for radiated emissions was in peak mode. Average readings, when required, were taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in section 4.8.3.

Determination of pulse desensitization was made according to *Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, Spectrum Analysis... Pulsed RF.* The effective period (Teff) was referred to Exhibit 4.8.3. With the resolution bandwidth 1MHz and spectrum analyzer IF bandwidth 3dB, the pulse desensitization factor was 0dB.

For AC line conducted emission test, the EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0m(W)x1.5m(L) and 0.8m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN), which provided 50ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument. The LISN housing, measuring instrument case, reference ground plane, and vertical ground plane were bounded together. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled.

All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were manipulated to find the maximum emission.

All relevant operation modes have been tested, and the worst case data is included in this report.

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

The EUT exercise program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use.

3.3 Details of EUT and Description of Accessories

Details of EUT:

An AC adaptor (provided with the unit) was used to power the device. Their description are listed below.

(1) An AC adaptor (100-240VAC to 5VDC 1000mA, Brand: Ten Pao, Model: S006AKU0500100) (Supplied by Client)

Description of Accessories:

(1) Parent Unit, Model: VM342 PU, FCC ID: EW780-9395-01 (Provided by Client)

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test at a level of confidence of 95% has been considered. The values of the Measurement uncertainty for radiated emission test and RF conducted measurement test are ± 5.3dB and ±0.99dB respectively. The value of the Measurement uncertainty for conducted emission test is ±4.2dB.

Uncertainty and Compliance - Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value.

EXHIBIT 4
TEST RESULTS

4.0 **Test Results**

4.1 Maximum Conducted Output Power at Antenna Terminals

☐ The antenna power of the EUT was connected to the input of a power meter. Power was read directly and cable loss correction was added to the reading to obtain power at the EUT antenna terminals.

☒ The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. The analyzer was set for RBW>20dB bandwidth and power was read directly in dBm. External attenuation and cable loss were compensated for using the OFFSET function of the analyser.

Antenna Gain = 0dBi			
Frequency (MHz)		Output in dBm	Output in mW
Low Channel:	2406	18.65	73.282
Middle Channel:	2442	18.47	70.307
High Channel:	2475	18.25	66.834

Cable loss / external attenuation : 1.5 dB

Cable loss, external attenuation: ☒ included in OFFSET function
☐ added to SA raw reading

dBm max. output level = 18.65 dBm

Limits:
☒ 0.125W (21dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

☐ 0.25W (24dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

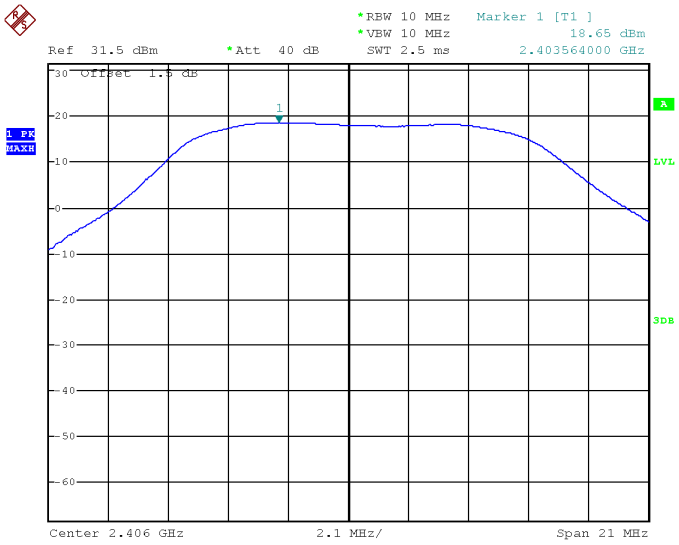
☐ 1W (30dBm) for antennas with gains of 6dBi or less

☐ ___W (___dBm) for antennas with gains more than 6dBi

The plots of conducted output power are saved as below.

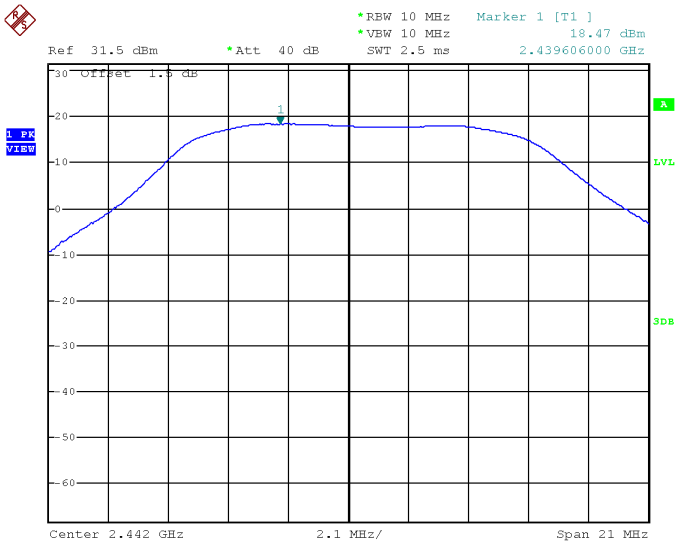
Plots of conducted output power

Lowest Channel



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:50:57

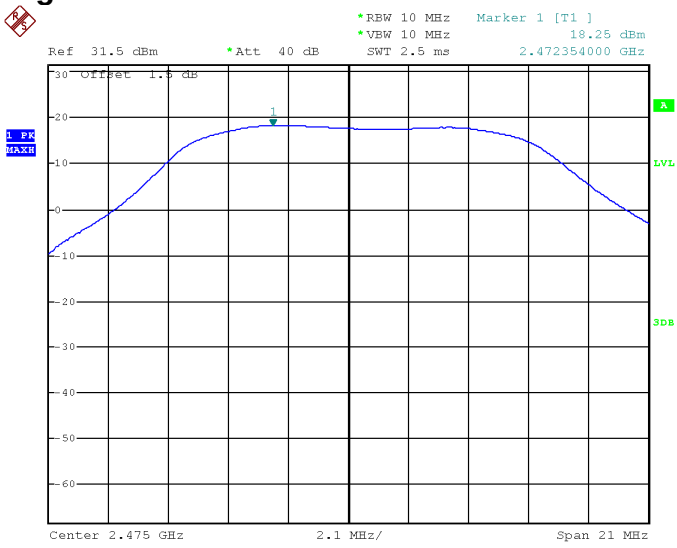
Middle Channel



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:51:20

Plots of conducted output power

Highest Channel



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:52:00

4.2 Maximum 20 dB RF Bandwidth

The antenna port of the EUT was connected to the input of a spectrum analyzer. Analyzer RES BW was chosen so that the display was a result of the hopping channel modulation. For each RF output channel investigated, the spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to the channel carrier. A PEAK output reading was taken, a DISPLAY line was drawn 20 dB lower than PEAK level. The 20 dB bandwidth was determined from where the channel output spectrum intersected the display line.

Frequency (MHz)		20 dB Bandwidth (kHz)
Low Channel:	2406	4296
Middle Channel:	2442	4320
High Channel:	2475	4296

Limits

☐ ≤500kHz for 902-928MHz

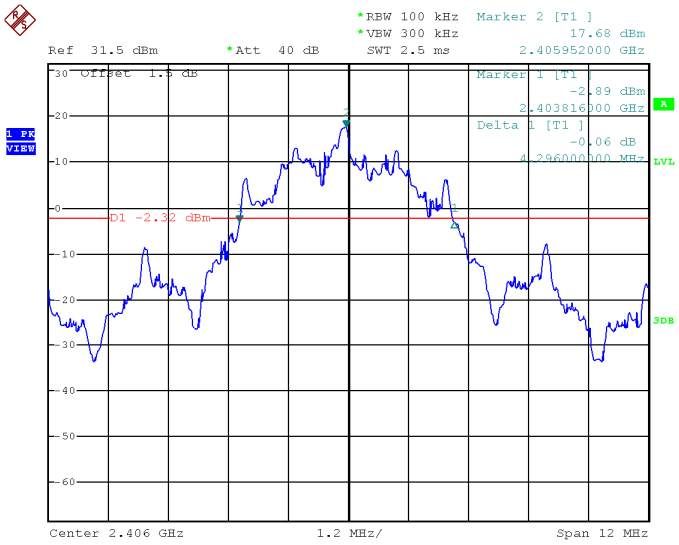
☒ N/A for 2400-2483.5MHz

☐ ≤1MHz for 5725-5850MHz

The plots of 20dB RF bandwidth and occupied bandwidth are saved as below.

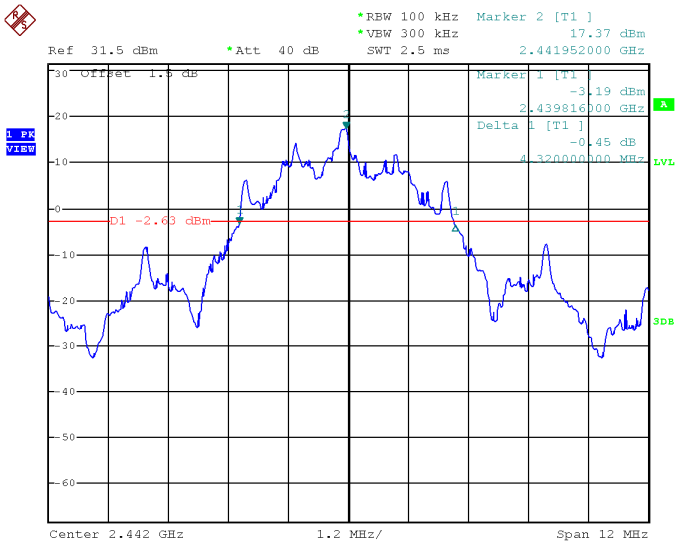
Plots of 20dB RF bandwidth

Lowest Channel



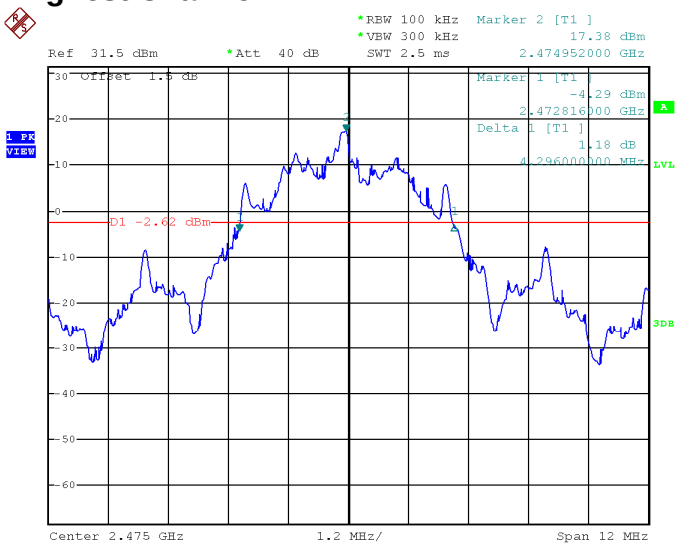
Date: 5.MAY.2016 12:00:17

Middle Channel



Date: 5.MAY.2016 12:05:30

Highest Channel



Date: 5.MAY.2016 12:01:23

4.3 Minimum Number of Hopping Frequencies

With the analyzer set to MAX HOLD readings were taken for 2-3 minutes in each band. The channel peaks so recorded were added together, and the total number compared to the minimum number of channels required in the regulation.

No. of hopping channels	16

Minimum Requirements:

☐ at least 50 hopping channels for 902MHz-928MHz (20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel < 250kHz)

☐ at least 25 hopping channels for 902MHz-928MHz (20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel ≥ 250kHz)

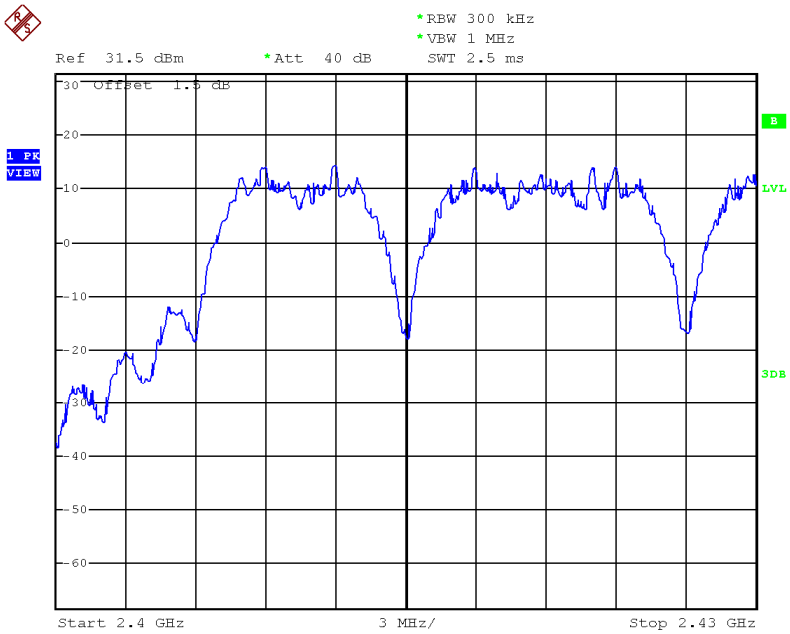
☒ at least 15 hopping channels for 2400MHz-2483.5MHz.

☐ at least 75 hopping channels for 5725MHz-5850MHz.

The plots of number of hopping frequencies are saved as below.

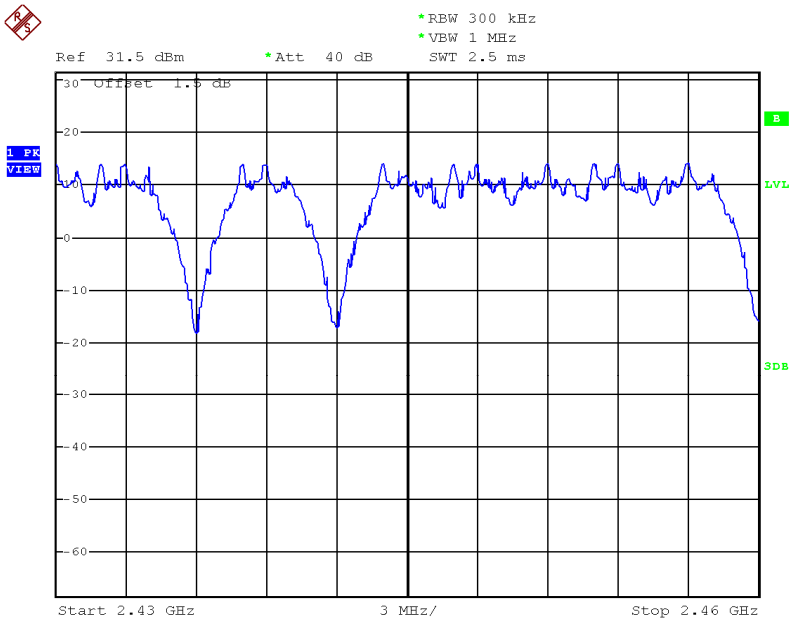
Plots of number of hopping frequencies

Plot A



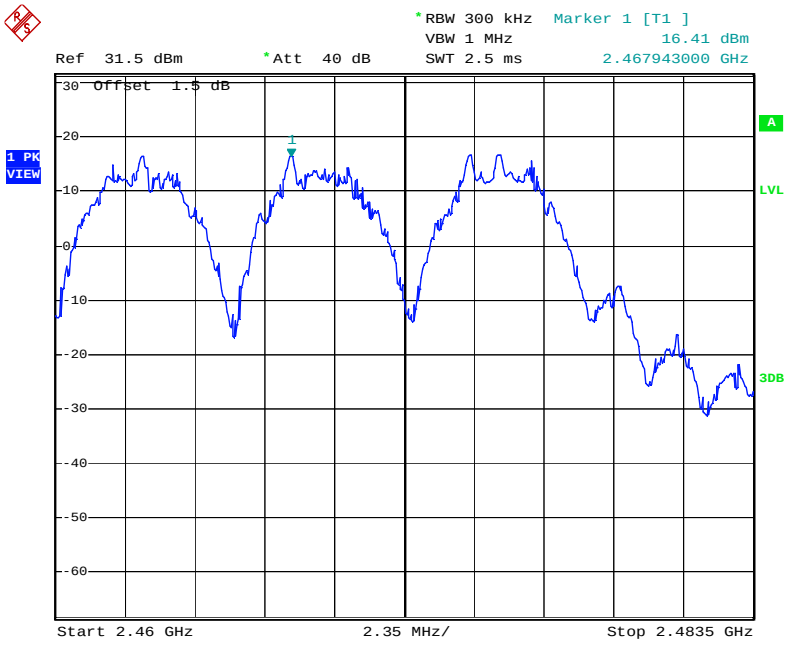
Date: 29.APR.2016 15:49:22

Plot B



Date: 29.APR.2016 15:48:38

Plot C


*RBW 300 kHz
Marker 1 [T1]
VBW 1 MHz
16.41 dBm
Ref 31.5 dBm
*Att 40 dB
SWT 2.5 ms
2.467943000 GHz
Offset 1.5 dB
1 PK VIEW
A
LVL
3DB
Start 2.46 GHz
2.35 MHz/
Stop 2.4835 GHz

4.4 Minimum Hopping Channel Carrier Frequency Separation

Using the DELTA MARKER function of the analyzer, the frequency separation between two adjacent channels was measured and met the requirement.

Channel Separation (Channel 1 & Channel 2)	3000kHz

Limits:
The channel separation must be larger than:

☐ 25 kHz

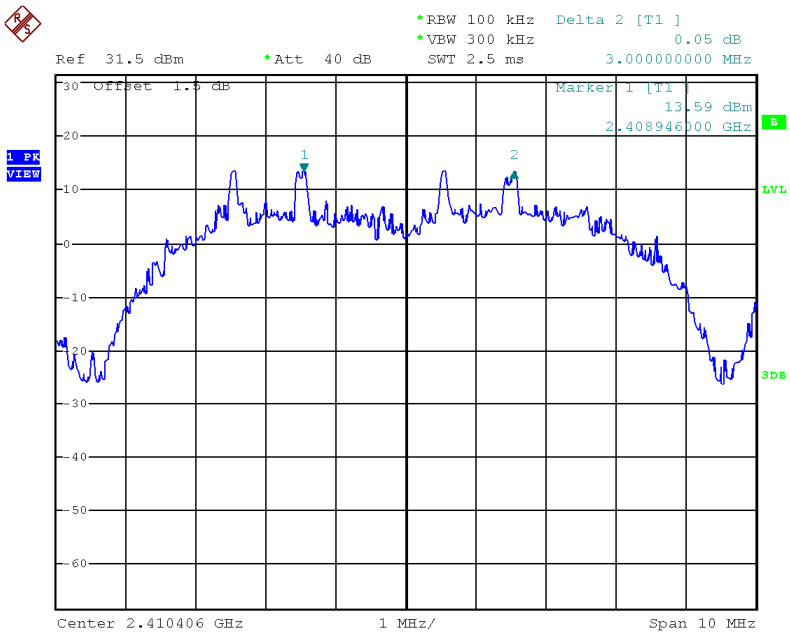
☐ 20 dB bandwidth of hopping channel: __Hz

☒ 2/3 of 20dB bandwidth of hopping channel: 2880 kHz

The plot(s) of hopping channel carrier frequency separation is saved as below.

Plots of hopping channel carrier frequency separation

Between channel 2 and channel 3



Date: 29.APR.2016 16:23:44

4.5 Average Channel Occupancy Time

The spectrum analyzer center frequency was set to one of the known hopping channels. The SWEEP was set to 10ms, the SPAN was set to ZERO SPAN, and the TRIGGER was set to VIDEO. The time duration of the transmission so captured was measured with the MARKER DELTA function.

The SWEEP was then set to the time required by the regulation (20 seconds for 902-928 MHz devices, if the 20dB bandwidth is less than 250kHz, 10 seconds for 902-928 MHz if the 20dB bandwidth is or greater than 250kHz, "0.4 seconds x Number of hopping channels employed" seconds for 2400-2483.5 MHz, 30 seconds for 5725-5850 MHz). The analyzer was set to SINGLE SWEEP, the total ON time was added and compared against the limit (0.4 seconds).

Baby Unit (worst-case:)	
Average Occupancy Time = 4.56 ms x 8 x 10	364.8 ms

Limits:
Average 0.4 seconds maximum occupancy in:

☒ 6.4 seconds (0.4 sec. x 16) for 2400MHz-2483.5MHz

☐ 20 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 50 hopping channels

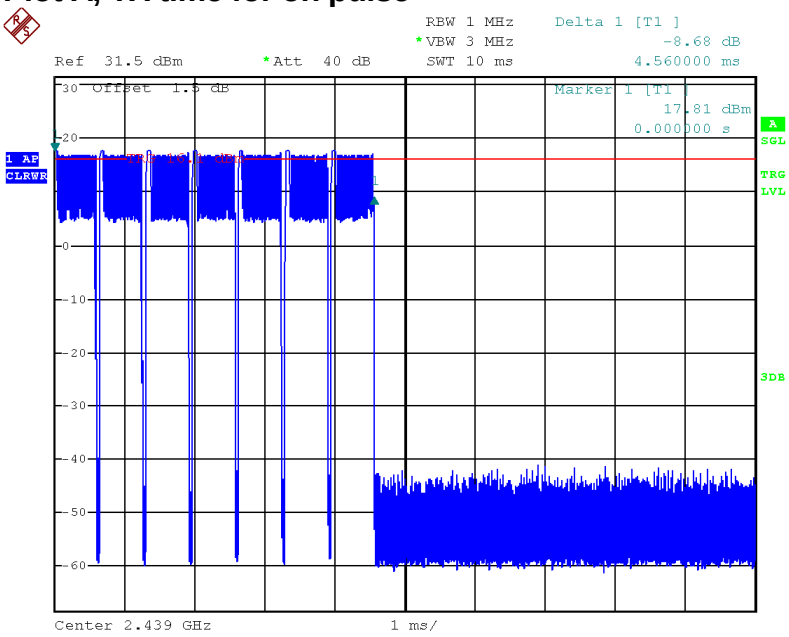
☐ 10 seconds for 902MHz-928MHz ≥ 25 hopping channels

☐ 30 seconds for 5725-5850MHz

The plots of average channel occupancy time are saved as below.

Plots of average channel occupancy time

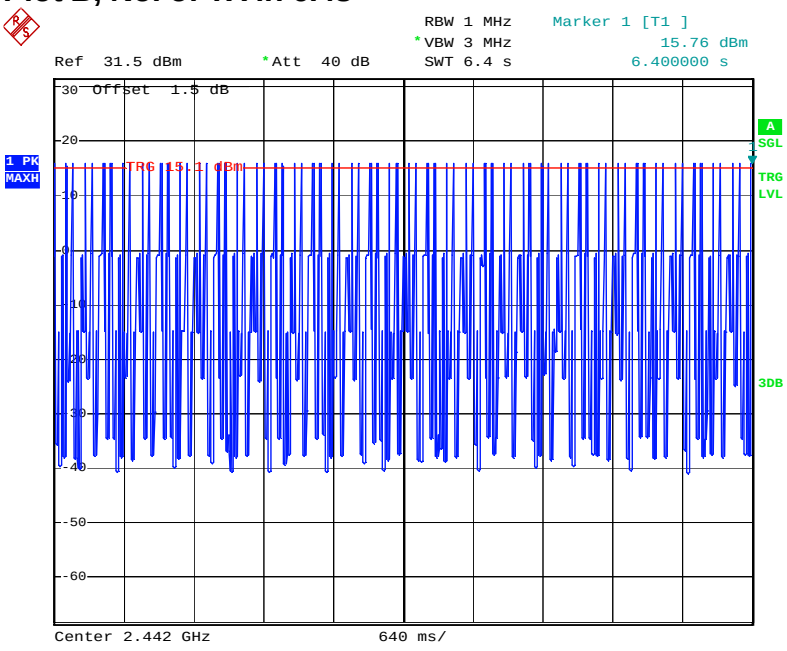
Plot A, TX time for on pulse

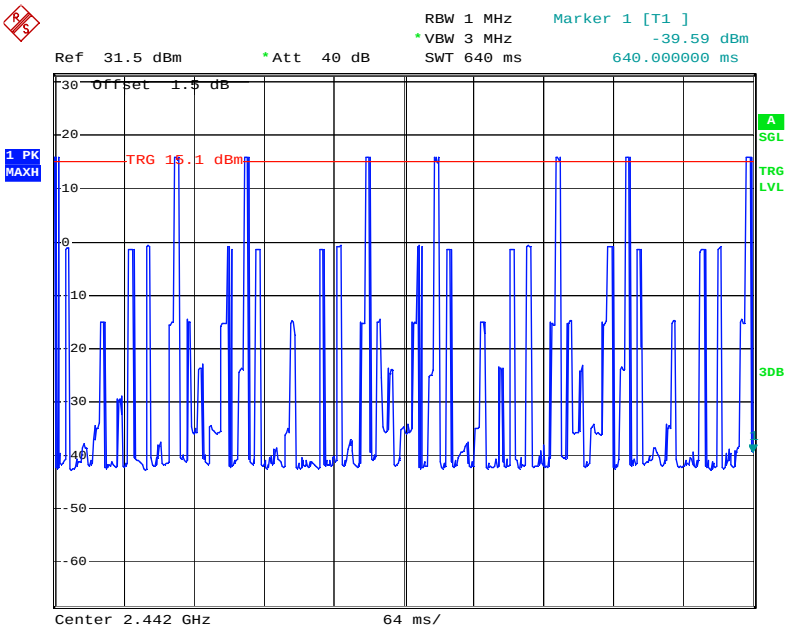


Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:47:33

Plots of average channel occupancy time

Plot B, No. of TX in 6.4s





4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the EUT passband, the RF power produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence, and the carrier frequency shall be at least 20 dB below that of the maximum in-band 100 kHz emission.

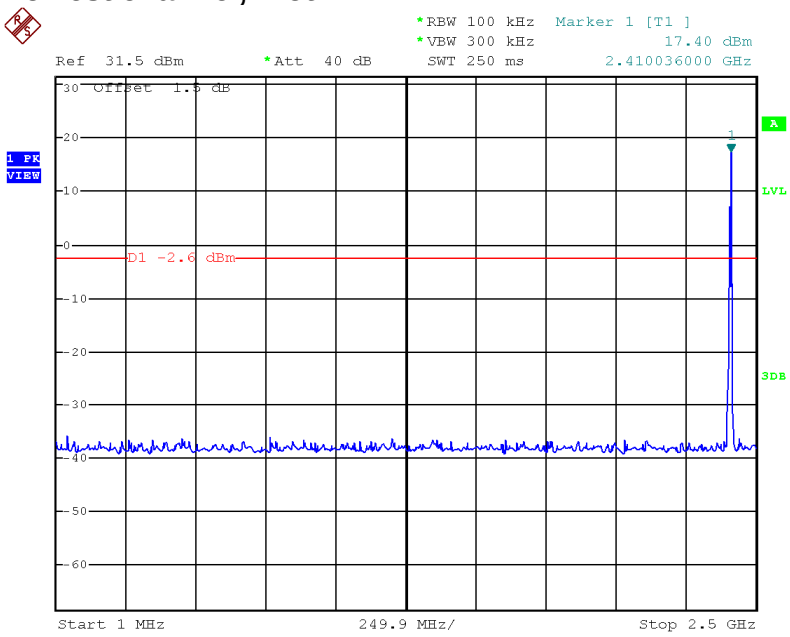
The plot(s) of bandedge compliance is shown the worst-case which has been already considered between enable and disable the hopping function of the EUT.

Limits:
All spurious emission and up to the tenth harmonic was measured and they were found to be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the desired power in the passband.

The plots of out of band conducted emissions and bandedge are saved as below.

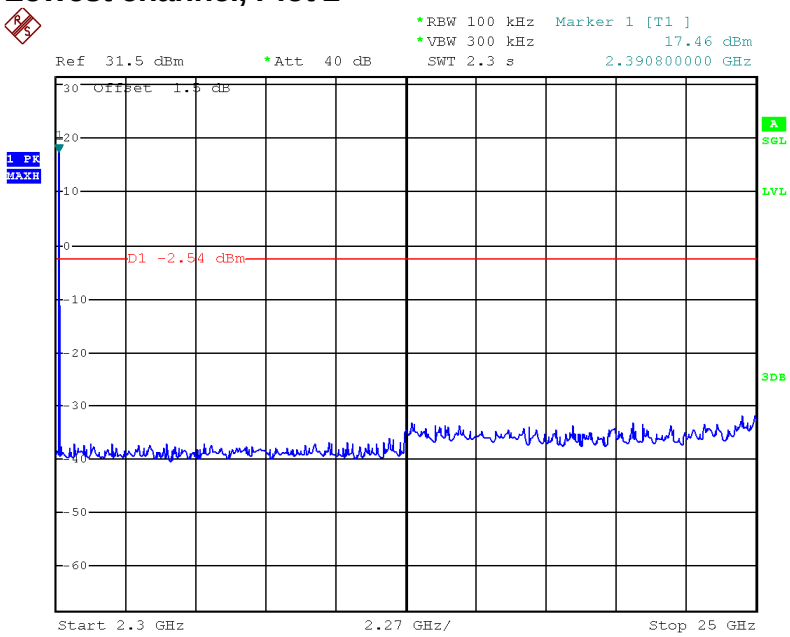
Plots of out of band conducted emissions

Lowest channel, Plot 1



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:58:11

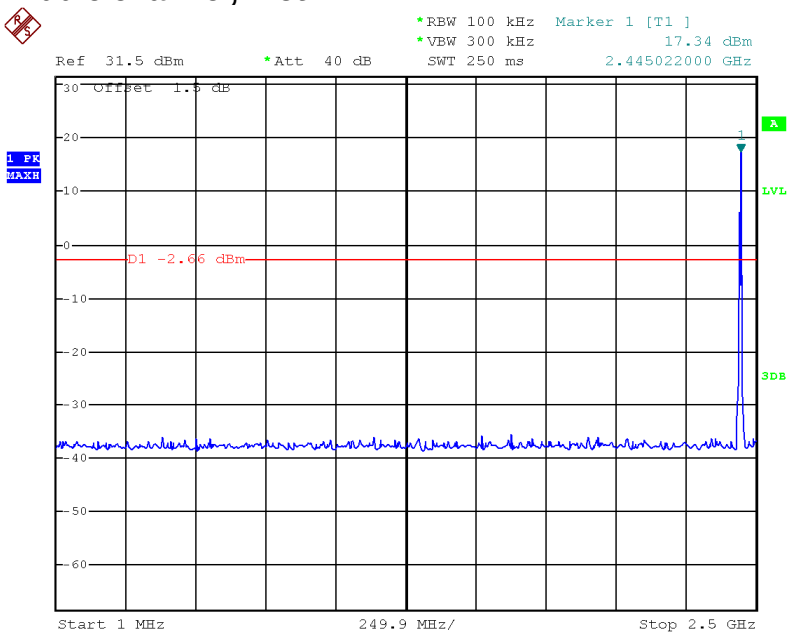
Lowest channel, Plot 2



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:59:43

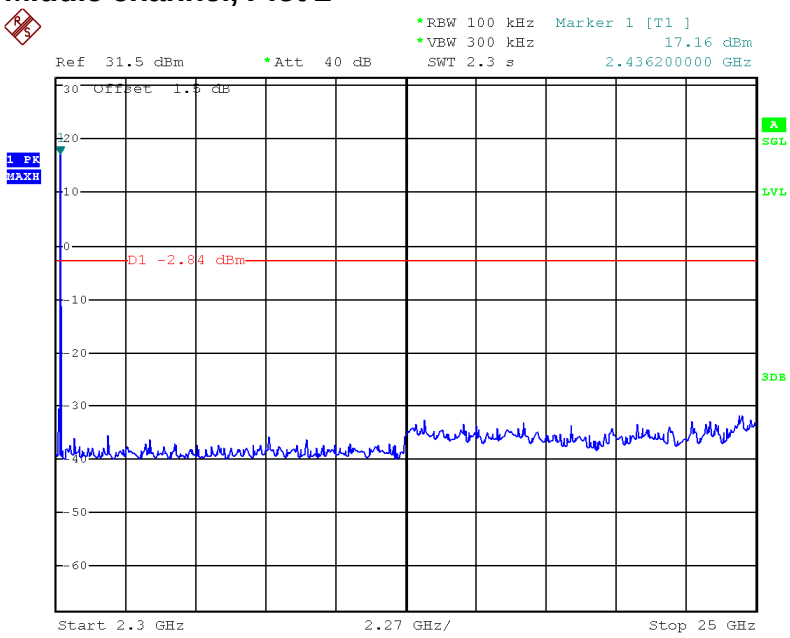
Plots of out of band conducted emissions

Middle channel, Plot 1



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:01:48

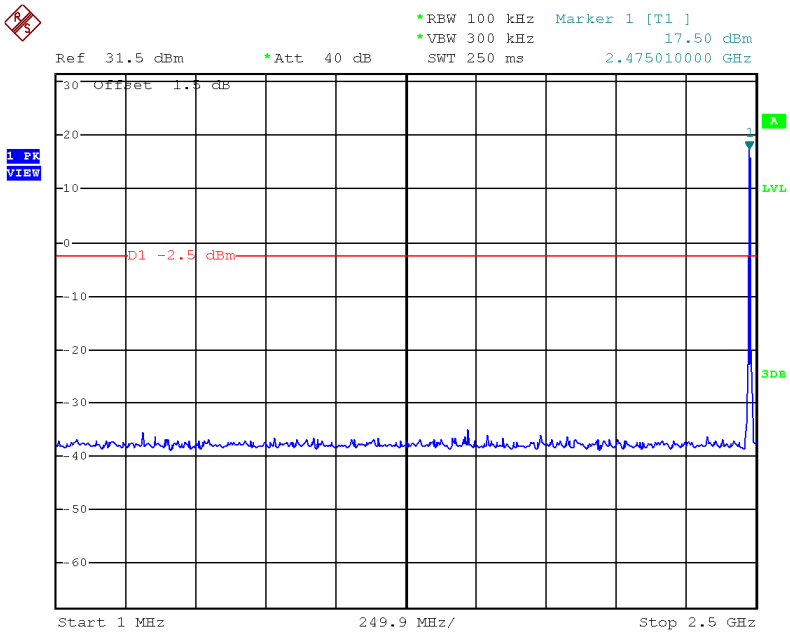
Middle channel, Plot 2



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:04:34

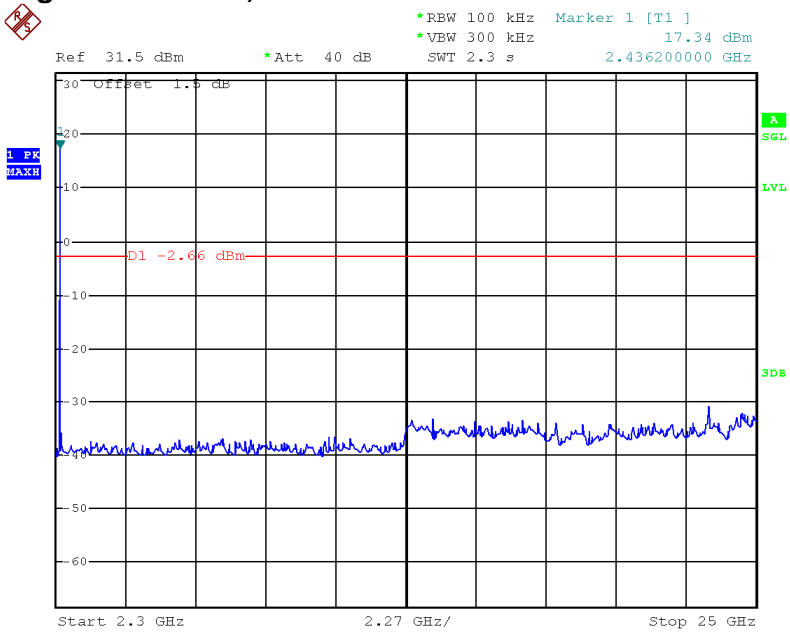
Plots of out of band conducted emissions

Highest channel, Plot 1



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:06:13

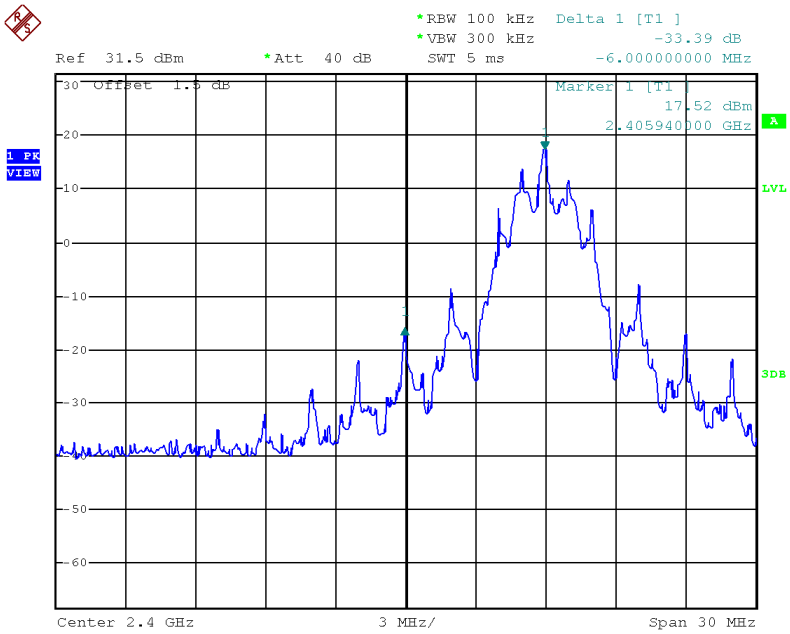
Highest channel, Plot 2



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:09:59

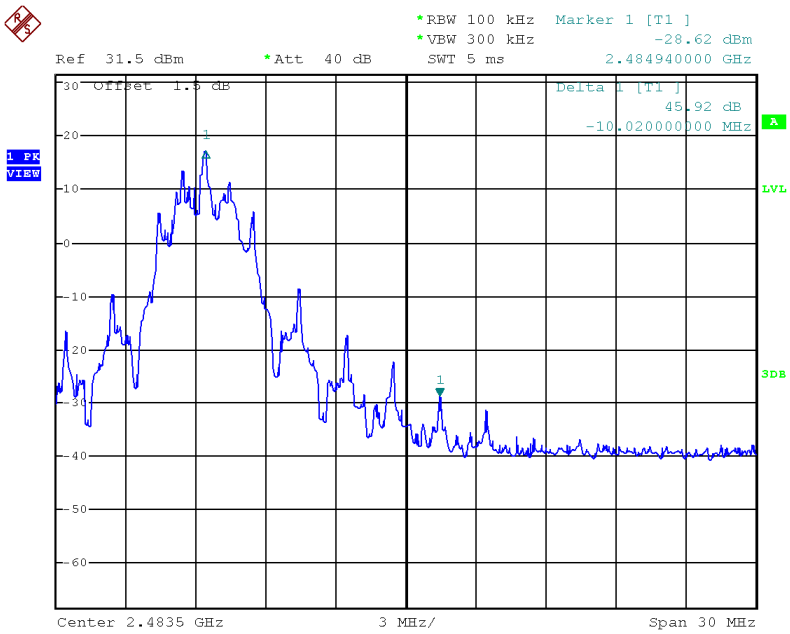
Plots of bandedge

Lowest bandedge



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:56:03

Highest bandedge



Date: 4.MAY.2016 15:56:33

4.7 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV

where FS = Field Strength in dBμV/m
RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dBμV
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB
AF = Antenna Factor in dB
AG = Amplifier Gain in dB
PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB
AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflects the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD +AV

Example
Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dBμV is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dBμV/m. This value in dBμV/m was converted to its corresponding level in μV/m.

RA = 62.0 dBμV
AF = 7.4 dB
CF = 1.6 dB
AG = 29 dB
PD = 0 dB
AV = -10 dB
FS = 62 + 7.4 +1.6 -29 +0 + (-10) = 32 dBμV/m

Level in μV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dBμV/m)/20] = 39.8 μV/m

4.8 Transmitter Radiated Emissions in Restricted Bands and Spurious Emissions

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

The data on the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

4.8.1 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Restricted Band Radiated Emission
at

384.023 MHz

The worst case radiated emission configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.8.2 Radiated Emission Data

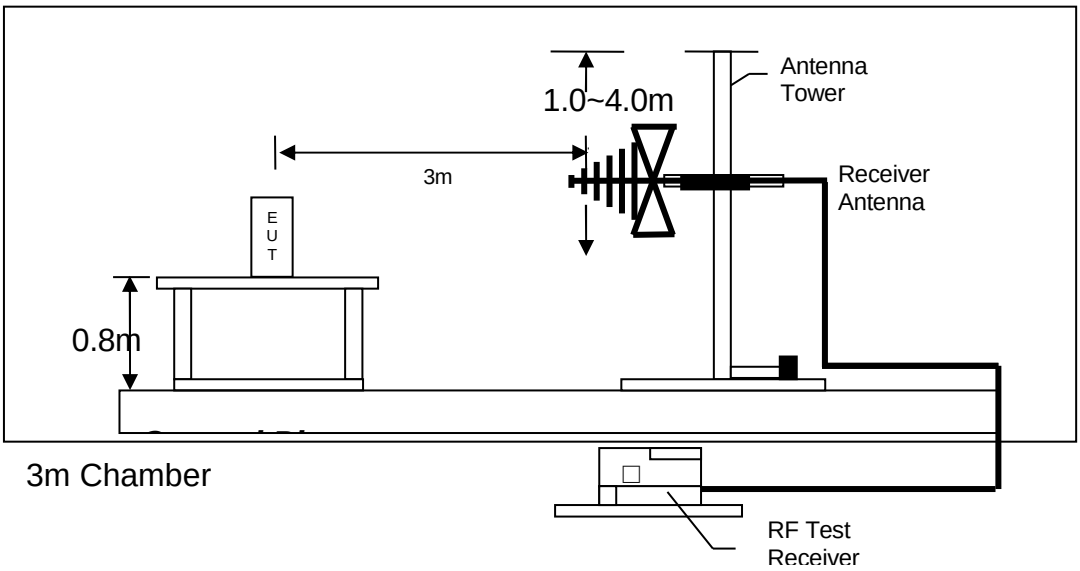
The data in tables 1-5 list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

Judgement -

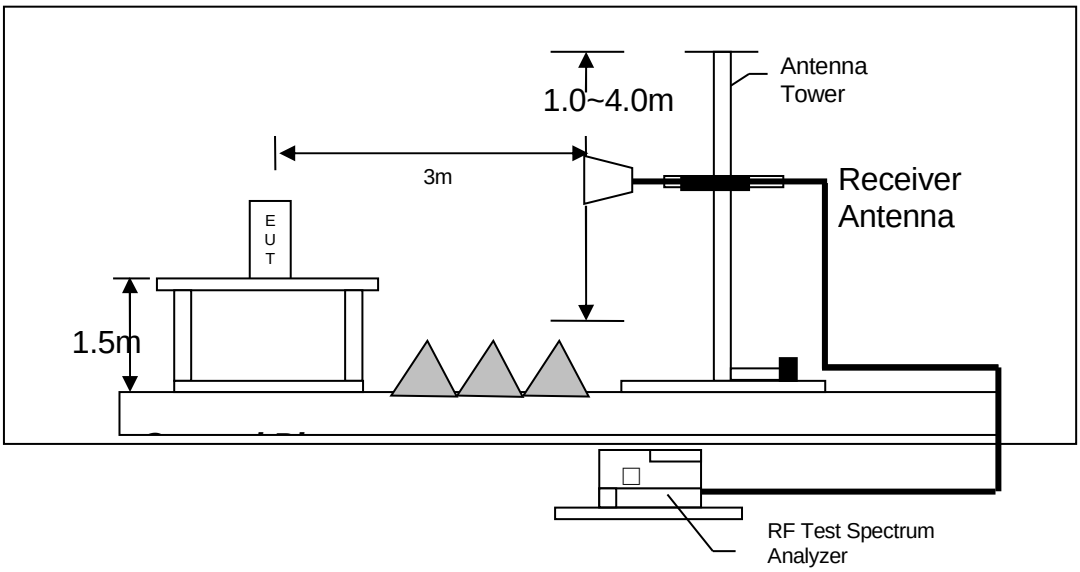
Passed by 3.7 dB margin

4.8.3 Radiated Emission Test Setup

The figure below shows the test setup, which is utilized to make these measurements.



Test setup of radiated emissions up to 1GHz



Test setup of radiated emissions above 1GHz

Mode: TX-Channel 0

Table 1

Radiated Emission Data

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (dB)	Calculated at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
H	***2390.000***	***54.7***	***33***	***29.4***	***20.8***	***30.3***	***54.0***	***-23.7***
V	***4812.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***20.8***	***34.5***	***54.0***	***-19.5***
V	***12030.000***	***48.9***	***33***	***40.5***	***20.8***	***35.6***	***54.0***	***-18.4***

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m - Peak (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
H	**2390.000**	**54.7**	**33**	**29.4**	**51.1**	**74.0**	**-22.9**
V	***4812.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***55.3***	***74.0***	***-18.7***
V	***12030.000***	***48.9***	***33***	***40.5***	***56.4***	***74.0***	***-17.6***

NOTES: 1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.

2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.

3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.

5. Emission (the row indicated by ***bold italic***) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.

Mode: TX-Channel 12

Table 2

Radiated Emission Data

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (dB)	Calculated at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
V	***4884.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***20.8***	***34.5***	***54.0***	***-19.5***
V	***7326.000***	***49.5***	***33***	***37.9***	***20.8***	***33.6***	***54.0***	***-20.4***
V	***12210.000***	***48.7***	***33***	***40.5***	***20.8***	***35.4***	***54.0***	***-18.6***

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m - Peak (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
V	***4884.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***55.3***	***74.0***	***-18.7***
V	***7326.000***	***49.5***	***33***	***37.9***	***54.4***	***74.0***	***-19.6***
V	***12210.000***	***48.7***	***33***	***40.5***	***56.2***	***74.0***	***-17.8***

NOTES:
1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.
2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
5. Emission (the row indicated by ***bold italic***) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.

Mode: TX-Channel 23

Table 3

Radiated Emission Data

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Average Factor (dB)	Calculated at 3m (dBµV/m)	Average Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
H	***2483.500***	***55.8***	***33***	***29.4***	***20.8***	***31.4***	***54.0***	***-22.6***
V	***4950.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***20.8***	***34.5***	***54.0***	***-19.5***
V	***7425.000***	***49.5***	***33***	***37.9***	***20.8***	***33.6***	***54.0***	***-20.4***
V	***12375.000***	***49.1***	***33***	***40.5***	***20.8***	***35.8***	***54.0***	***-18.2***

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m - Peak (dBµV/m)	Peak Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
H	***2483.500***	***55.8***	***33***	***29.4***	***52.2***	***74.0***	***-21.8***
V	***4950.000***	***53.4***	***33***	***34.9***	***55.3***	***74.0***	***-18.7***
V	***7425.000***	***49.5***	***33***	***37.9***	***54.4***	***74.0***	***-19.6***
V	***12375.000***	***49.1***	***33***	***40.5***	***56.6***	***74.0***	***-17.4***

NOTES:
1. Peak detector is used for the emission measurement.
2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.
4. Horn antenna is used for the emission over 1000MHz.
5. Emission (the row indicated by ***bold italic***) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.

Mode: Video On

Table 4

Radiated Emission Data

Polari-zation	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBµV)	Pre-Amp Gain (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Net at 3m (dBµV/m)	Limit at 3m (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
V	144.234	36.6	16	14.0	34.6	43.5	-8.9
V	287.923	35.2	16	22.0	41.2	46.0	-4.8
V	360.056	31.9	16	24.0	39.9	46.0	-6.1
V	384.023	34.3	16	24.0	42.3	46.0	-3.7
H	***408.024***	***29.7***	***16***	***24.0***	***37.7***	***46.0***	***-8.3***
V	456.065	27.9	16	26.0	37.9	46.0	-8.1
V	551.345	26.8	16	28.0	38.8	46.0	-7.2
V	575.967	26.3	16	28.0	38.3	46.0	-7.7
V	***611.056***	***25.9***	***16***	***29.0***	***38.9***	***46.0***	***-7.1***
H	635.967	26.2	16	29.0	39.2	46.0	-6.8
H	720.076	26.4	16	30.0	40.4	46.0	-5.6
V	888.956	21.8	16	32.0	37.8	46.0	-8.2

NOTES:
1. Quasi-peak detector is used for the emission measurement.

2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Radiated emissions not detected at the 3-meter distance were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other radiated emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.

3. Negative value in the margin column shows emission below limit.

4. Emission (the row indicated by ***bold italic***) within the restricted band meets the requirement of FCC Part 15 Section 15.205 / RSS-247 Section 3.3.

4.8.4 Transmitter Duty Cycle Calculation

Duty Cycle (DC) = Maximum On time in 100ms/100ms
= (4.56ms x 2)/100ms

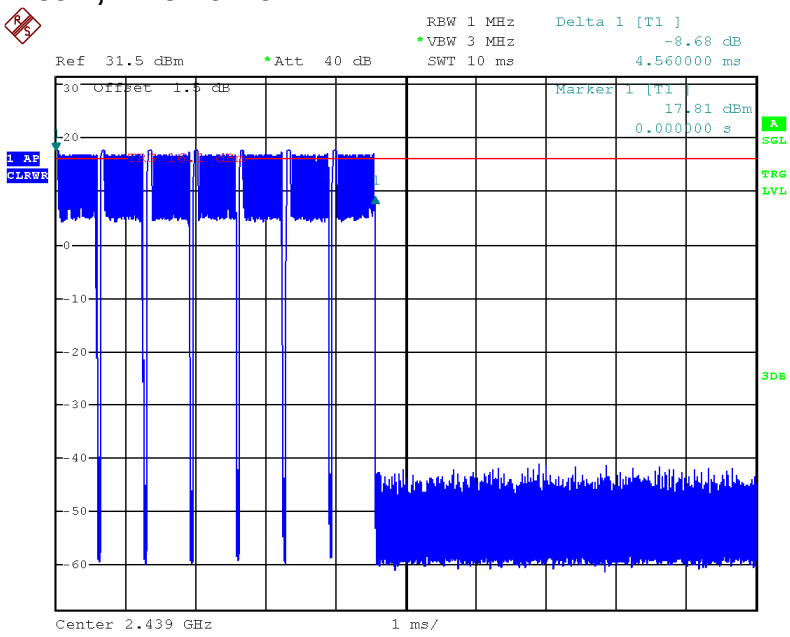
Average Factor (AF) = 20 log (DC)
= 20* log (0.0912)
= -20.8dB

The EUT antenna output port was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer. The analyzer center frequency was set to EUT RF channel carrier. The SPAN function on the analyzer was set to ZERO. The transmitter ON time was determined from the resultant time-amplitude display.

Please refer to the attached plot(s) for more details.

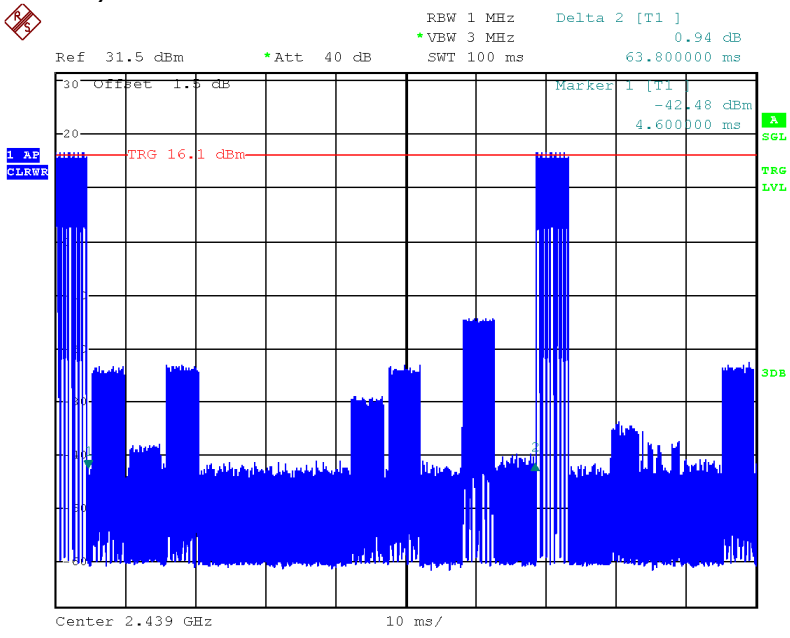
Plots of transmitter On time

Plot A, Tx on time



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:47:33

Plot B, Tx time in 100ms



Date: 4.MAY.2016 16:16:05

4.9 AC Power Line Conducted Emission

☐ Not applicable – EUT is only powered by battery for operation.

☒ EUT connects to AC power line. Emission Data is listed in following pages.

☐ Base Unit connects to AC power line and has transmission. Handset connects to AC power line but has no transmission. Emission Data of Base Unit is listed in following pages.

4.9.1 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph

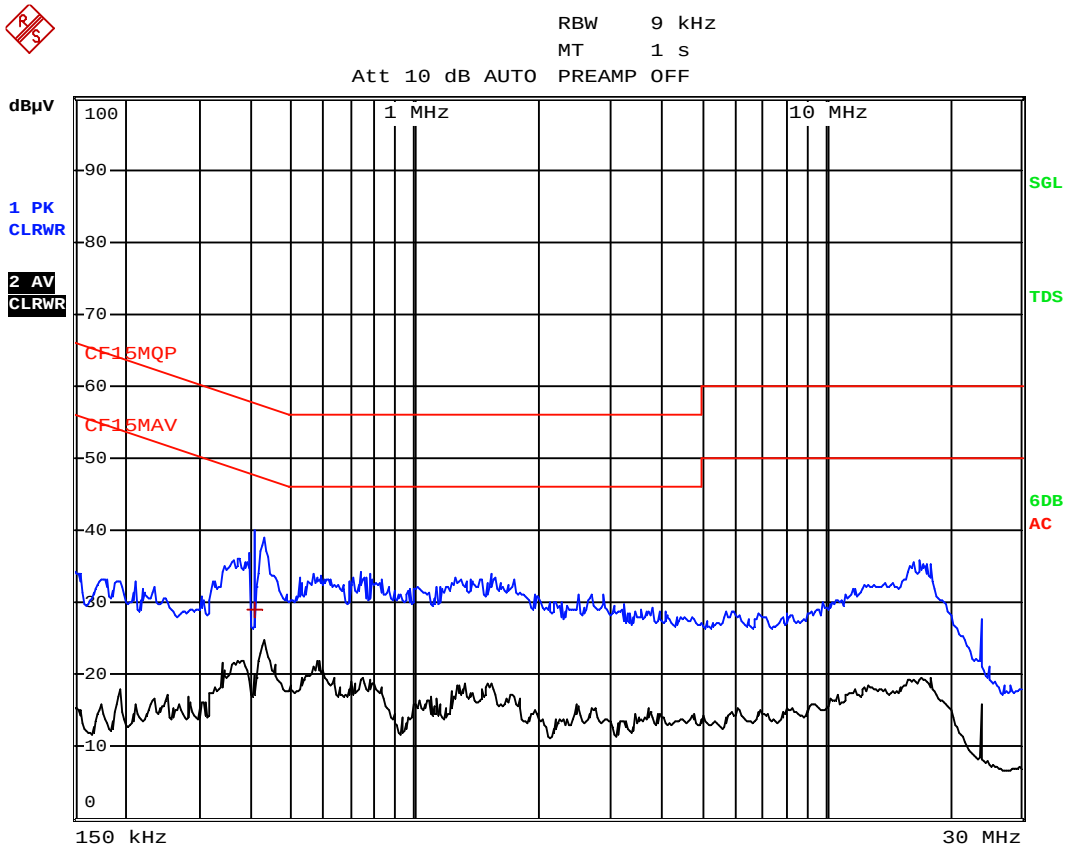
The worst case line conducted configuration photographs are attached in the Appendix and saved with filename: config photos.pdf

4.9.2 AC Power Line Conducted Emission Data

The plot(s) and data in the following pages list the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance.

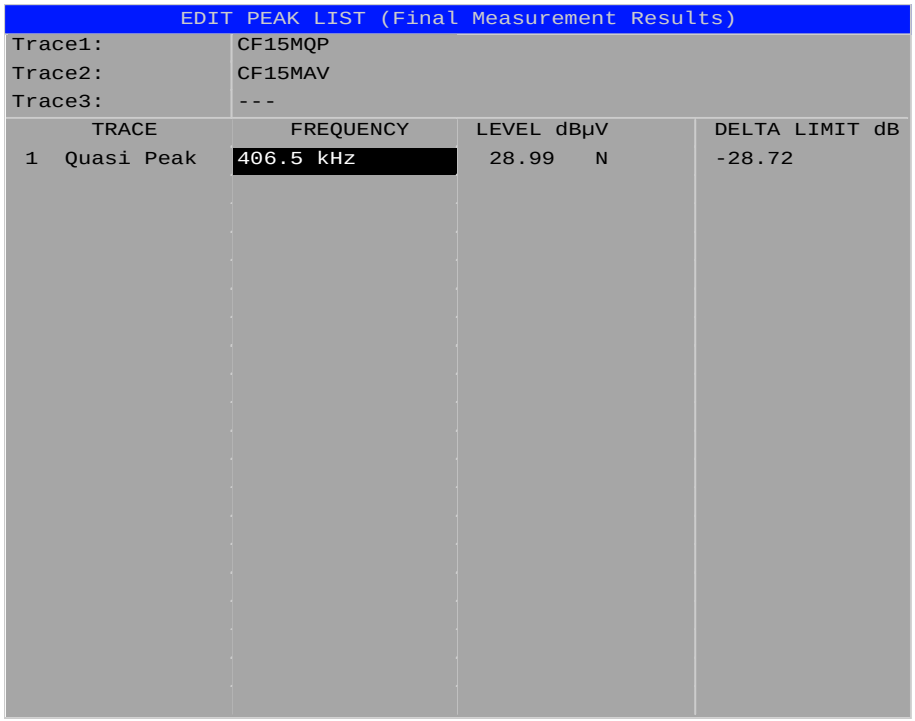
Passed by more than 20 dB margin compare with limit

Worst Case: Video On



Date: 4.MAY.2016 19:02:24

Worst Case: Video On



Date: 4.MAY.2016 19:02:14

EXHIBIT 5
EQUIPMENT LIST

5.0 **Equipment List**

1) Radiated Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	Spectrum Analyzer	Biconical Antenna
Registration No.	EW-2666	EW-2249	EW-0571
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S	EMCO
Model No.	ESCI7	FSP30	3104C
Calibration Date	May 13, 2015	Nov. 27, 2015	Jun. 23, 2015
Calibration Due Date	May 13, 2016	Nov. 27, 2016	Dec. 23, 2016

Equipment	Log Periodic Antenna	Double Ridged Guide Antenna	Broad-Band Horn Antenna
Registration No.	EW-0446	EW-1133	EW-1679
Manufacturer	EMCO	EMCO	SCHWARZBECK
Model No.	3146	3115	BBHA9170
Calibration Date	Nov. 10, 2014	Nov. 05, 2015	Jun. 10, 2015
Calibration Due Date	May 10, 2016	May 05, 2017	Jun. 10, 2016

2) Conducted Emissions Test

Equipment	EMI Test Receiver	LISN
Registration No.	EW-3095	EW-2501
Manufacturer	R&S	R&S
Model No.	ESCI	ENV-216
Calibration Date	Nov. 05, 2015	Jan. 28, 2016
Calibration Due Date	Nov. 05, 2016	Jan. 28, 2017

3) Conductive Measurement Test

Equipment	Spectrum Analyzer
Registration No.	EW-2466
Manufacturer	R&S
Model No.	FSP30
Calibration Date	Sep. 16, 2015
Calibration Due Date	Aug. 20, 2016

END OF TEST REPORT