

October 27, 1998

Federal Communications Commission
Equipment Authorization Division
7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046

Subject: Maximum Permissible Exposure calculations for **FCC ID: EV9WNIP2458C**

To whom it may concern,

Wireless is submitting a low power transmitter for the WaveNet IP System. The unit has a low power frequency hopping spread spectrum radio operating in the 2480 - 2483.5 MHz range with a radiated output power of 33.8 W.

Assuming a worst case of no duty cycle.

For an Isotropic radiator the surface area of a sphere can be used to determine the area over which the transmitter energy is radiated.

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{radius}^2$$

In the case where there is antenna gain, the worst case energy density is increased by the antenna gain. The exposure level can be calculated as follows for the antenna gain:

$$\text{MPE distance} = (\text{output power} \cdot \text{duty cycle} \cdot 10(\text{antenna gain}/10) / (4 \cdot \pi \cdot \text{Exposure Limit (mW/cm}^2))^{1/2}$$

EV9WNIP2458C MPE distance

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DB906S 8 dBi Omni Antenna} &= (240 \text{ mW} \cdot 1 \cdot 6.3/4 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 1)^{1/2} \\ &= 10.9 \text{ cm} \\ &= 4.3 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DB977H 90 Panel Antenna} &= (240 \text{ mW} \cdot 1 \cdot 39.8/4 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 1)^{1/2} \\ &= 27.56 \text{ cm} \\ &= 10.8 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SP1-2/5 Dual Band Antenna} &= (240 \text{ mW} \cdot 1 \cdot 25.1/4 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 1)^{1/2} \\ &= 21.9 \text{ cm} \\ &= 8.6 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{SP2I-2/5 Dual Band Antenna} &= (240 \text{ mW} \cdot 1 \cdot 125.8/4 \cdot 3.14 \cdot 1)^{1/2} \\ &= 49.0 \text{ cm} \\ &= 19.3 \text{ in} \end{aligned}$$

If you have any questions please do not hesitate to call me.

Sincerely,

Chris Byleckie
Technical Director
Electronic Compliance Laboratories