

October 27, 1998

Federal Communications Commission
Equipment Authorization Division
7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046

Subject: Maximum Permissible Exposure calculations for **FCC ID: EV9WNIP2458C**

To whom it may concern,

Wireless is submitting a low power transmitter for the WaveNet IP System. The unit has a low power frequency hopping spread spectrum radio operating in the 2480 - 2483.5 MHz range with a radiated output power of 33.8 W.

Assuming a worst case of no duty cycle.

For an Isotropic radiator the surface area of a sphere can be used to determine the area over which the transmitter energy is radiated.

$$\text{Surface area of a sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

In the case where there is antenna gain, the worst case energy density is increased by the antenna gain. The exposure level can be calculated as follows for the antenna gain:

$$\text{MPE distance} = (\text{output power} * \text{duty cycle} * 10 * (\text{antenna gain} / 10)) / (4\pi * \text{Exposure Limit (mW/cm}^2\text{)})^{1/2}$$

EV9WNIP2458C MPE distance

DB906S 8 dBi Omni Antenna	$= (240 \text{ mW} * 1 * 6.3/4 * 3.14 * 1)^{1/2}$
	$= 10.9 \text{ cm}$
	$= 4.3 \text{ in}$

DB977H 90 Panel Antenna	$= (240 \text{ mW} * 1 * 39.8/4 * 3.14 * 1)^{1/2}$
	$= 27.56 \text{ cm}$
	$= 10.8 \text{ in}$

SP1-2/5 Dual Band Antenna	$= (240 \text{ mW} * 1 * 25.1/4 * 3.14 * 1)^{1/2}$
	$= 21.9 \text{ cm}$
	$= 8.6 \text{ in}$

SP2I-2/5 Dual Band Antenna	$= (240 \text{ mW} * 1 * 125.8/4 * 3.14 * 1)^{1/2}$
	$= 49.0 \text{ cm}$
	$= 19.3 \text{ in}$

If you have any questions please do not hesitate to call me.

Sincerely,

Chris Byleckie
Technical Director
Electronic Compliance Laboratories