SDI Technologies Inc.

Application
For
Certification
(FCC ID: EMOT463)

Superheterodyne Receiver

WO# Emot463 AL/sc July 3, 2001

- The test results reported in this test report shall refer only to the sample actually tested and shall not refer or be deemed to refer to bulk from which such a sample may be said to have been obtained.
- This report shall not be reproduced except in full without prior authorization from Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Limited

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MEASUREMENT/TECHNICAL REPORT

Sdi Technologies Inc - MODEL: T-463'X' FCC ID: EMOT463

This report concerns (check one:) Original Gr	ant <u>X</u>	Class II Cha	ange
Equipment Type: <u>Superheterodyne Receiver</u> (examp	le: computer	, printer, mo	dem, etc.)
Deferred grant requested per 47 CFR 0.457(d)(1)(ii)	? Yes		No_X
	If yes, de	efer until:	date
Company Name agrees to notify the Commission by	:date		uate
of the intended date of announcement of the product date.	so that the gr	rant can be iss	sued on that
Transition Rules Request per 15.37?	Yes		No_X_
If no, assumed Part 15, Subpart B for unintentional Edition] provision.	radiator - th	e new 47 CF	FR [10-1-96
Report prepared by:	Hong Ko 2/F., Ga 576, Cas Kowloon Phone:	Testing Servi	e, d, § 8542

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List of attached file

Exhibit type	File Description	filename	
Cover Letter	Letter of Agency	letter.pdf	
Test Report	Test Report	report.doc	
Operation Description	Technical Description	descri.pdf	
Test Setup Photo	Radiated and Conducted	config photos.doc	
	Emission		
Test Report	Conducted Emission Test Result	conduct.pdf	
External Photo	External Photo	external photos.doc	
Internal Photo	Internal Photo	internal photos.doc	
Block Diagram	Block Diagram	block.pdf	
Schematics	Circuit Diagram	circuit.pdf	
ID Label/Location	Label Artwork and Location	label.pdf	
User Manual	User Manual	manual.pdf	

FCC ID: EMOT463 iv

EXHIBIT 1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.0 **General Description**

1.1 Product Description

The equipment under test (RUT) is a LCD clock A/F/Weather Band with SFX Sound & Weather Alert. The operating frequency of the weather band is from 162.400 to 162.550 MHz. The EUT is powered by 120VAC or five "AA" Size 1.5VDC Alkaline Batteries. At the front panel of the EUT, it consists of four nature sound buttons, Alarm setting and time setting, and the weather alert sound on/off selector, the weather band channel selector, volume control, FM/AM band selector, and radio band tuning are located at the side panel. This EUT is designed to receive the weather information broadcasting from local weather band stations, and the nature sound function is mainly for relaxation purpose.

For electronic filing, the brief circuit description is saved with filename: descri.pdf

1.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

This is a single application for certification of a receiver.

1.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 (1992). Radiated measurement was performed in an Open Area Test Site and Conducted Emission measurement was performed in Shield Room. Preliminary scans were performed in the Open Area Test Site only to determine worst case modes. For each scan, the procedure for maximizing emissions in Appendices D and E were followed. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise in the "Justification Section" of this Application.

1.4 Test Facility

The open area test site and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data is located at Garment Centre, 576 Castle Peak Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong. This test facility and site measurement data have been placed on file with the FCC.

EXHIBIT 2

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.0 **System Test Configuration**

2.1 Justification

The system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a customer would normally use it), and in the confines as outlined in ANSIC63.4 (1992).

The EUT is powered by 120VAC or five "AA" Size 1.5VDC Alkaline Batteries.

The unit was placed in the center of the turntable. For maximizing emissions, the EUT was rotated through 360° , the antenna height was varied from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane, and the antenna polarization was changed. The step by step procedure for maximizing emissions led to the data reported in Exhibit 3.0.

2.2 EUT Exercising Software

There was no special software to exercise the device. Once the weather band function is turned on, it received the weather information from weather broadcast station continuously.

2.3 Special Accessories

There are no special accessories necessary for compliance of this product.

2.4 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Sdi Technologies Inc will be incorporated in each production model sold/leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services.

2.5 Support Equipment List and Description

5x 1.5VDC "AA" Size Alkaline Battery

All the items listed under section 2.0 of this report are:

Confirmed by:

Alfred Lo Senior Technical Supervisor - Home Entertainment Electronics Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. Agent for Sdi Technologies Inc

Kropsking	
	Signature
July 3, 2001	Date

EXHIBIT 3

EMISSION RESULTS

3.0 **Emission Results**

Data is included of the worst case configuration (the configuration which resulted in the highest emission levels). A sample calculation, configuration photographs and data tables of the emissions are included.

3.1 Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below.

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

where $FS = Field Strength in dB\mu V/m$

RA = Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in $dB\mu V$

CF = Cable Attenuation Factor in dB

AF = Antenna Factor in dB

AG = Amplifier Gain in dB

PD = Pulse Desensitization in dB

AV = Average Factor in -dB

In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

3.1 Field Strength Calculation (cont'd)

Example

Assume a receiver reading of $62.0~dB\mu V$ is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4~dB and cable factor of 1.6~dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29~dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0~dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is $32~dB\mu V/m$. This value in $dB\mu V/m$ was converted to its corresponding level in $\mu V/m$.

 $RA = 62.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$ AF = 7.4 dB CF = 1.6 dB AG = 29.0 dB PD = 0 dB

AV = -10 dB

 $FS = 62 + 7.4 + 1.6 - 29 + 0 + (-10) = 32 dB\mu V/m$

Level in $mV/m = Common Antilogarithm [(32 dB<math>\mu$ V/m)/20] = 39.8 μ V/m

3.2 Radiated Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Radiated Emission at 151.803 MHz

For electronic filing, the front view and back view of the test configuration photographs are saved with filename: config photos.doc respectively.

3.3 Radiated Emission Data

The data on the following page lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by 16.3 dB margin

TEST PERSONNEL:



Signature

Tommy W. L. Leung, Compliance Engineer Typed/Printed Name

July 3, 2001

Date

Company: SDI Technologies Inc. Date of Test: June 20, 2001

Model: T-463'X'

Worst case operating mode: Weather Band

Table 1
Radiated Emissions

	Frequency	Reading	Antenna	Pre-Amp	Net	Limit	Margin
Polarity			Factor	Gain	at 3m	at 3m	
	(MHz)	(dBµV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBµV/m)	(dBµV/m)	(dB)
Н	151.803	31.3	11.9	16	27.2	43.5	-16.3
Н	303.608	27.1	14.3	16	25.4	46.0	-20.6
Н	455.412	24.4	16.8	16	25.2	46.0	-20.8
Н	607.217	22.1	18.9	16	25.0	46.0	-21.0

NOTES: 1. Peak Detector Data unless otherwise stated.

- 2. All measurements were made at 3 meters. Harmonic emissions not detected at the 3-meter distances were measured at 0.3-meter and an inverse proportional extrapolation was performed to compare the signal level to the 3-meter limit. No other harmonic emissions than those reported were detected at a test distance of 0.3-meter.
- 3. Negative sign in the column shows value below limit.
- 4. Horn antenna and average detector are used for the emission over 1000MHz.

The corresponding limit as per 15.109 is based on Quasi peak detector data for frequencies below 1000 MHz and average detector data for frequencies over 1000 MHz.

Test Engineer: Tommy W. L. Leung

3.4 Conducted Emission Configuration Photograph

Worst Case Conducted Emission

For electronic filing, the front view, rear view and side view of the test configuration photographs are saved with filename: config phots.doc

Company: SDI Technologies Inc. Date of Test: June 20, 2001

Model: Ť-463'X'

Conducted Emissions Section 15.107 Requirements

For Electronic filing, the conducted emission test result is saved with filename: conduct.pdf

3.5 Conducted Emission Data

For electronic filing, the graph and data table of conducted emission are saved with filename: conduct.pdf. The data table lists the significant emission frequencies, the limit and the margin of compliance. Numbers with a minus sign are below the limit.

Judgement: Passed by > 20dB margin margin

* Peak Detector Data Unless otherwise stated.

TEST PERSONNEL:

All Man .

Signature

Tommy W. L. Leung, Compliance Engineer Typed/Printed Name

July 3, 2001

Date

EXHIBIT 4

EQUIPMENT PHOTOGRAPHS

4.0 **Equipment Photographs**

For electronic filing, photographs of the tested EUT are saved with filename: external photos.doc for external photo, and internal photos.doc for internal photo.

EXHIBIT 5

PRODUCT LABELLING

5.0 **Product Labelling**

For electronics filing, the FCC ID label artwork and the label location are saved with filename: label.pdf.

EXHIBIT 6

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

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6.0 **Technical Specifications**

For electronic filing, the block diagram and schematic of the tested EUT are saved with filename: block.pdf and circuit.pdf respectively.

EXHIBIT 7

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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7.0 **Instruction Manual**

For electronic filing, a preliminary copy of the Instruction Manual is saved with filename: manual.pdf.

This manual will be provided to the end-user with each unit sold/leased in the United States.

EXHIBIT 8

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

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8.0 **Miscellaneous Information**

This miscellaneous information includes details of the test procedure and calculation of factors such as pulse desensitization and averaging factor.

8.1 Discussion of Pulse Desensitization

The determination of pulse desensitivity was made in accordance with Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2, *Spectrum Analysis ... Pulsed RF.*

This device is a superheterodyne receiver. The emission are continuous, and no desensitization of the measurement equipment occurs.

8.2 Calculation of Average Factor

This device is a superheterodyne receiver.

It is not necessary to apply average factor to the measurement results.

8.3 Emissions Test Procedures

The following is a description of the test procedure used by Intertek Testing Services Hong Kong Ltd. in the measurements of Superheterodyne Receivers operating under the Part 15, Subpart B rules.

The test set-up and procedures described below are designed to meet the requirements of ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The equipment under test (EUT) is placed on a wooden turntable which is four feet in diameter and approximately one meter in height above the groundplane. During the radiated emissions test, the turntable is rotated and any cables leaving the EUT are manipulated to find the configuration resulting in maximum emissions. The EUT is adjusted through all three orthogonal axis to obtain maximum emission levels. The antenna height and polarization are also varied during the testing to search for maximum signal levels. The height of the antenna is varied from one to four meters.

Detector function for radiated emissions is in peak mode. Average readings, when required, are taken by measuring the duty cycle of the equipment under test and subtracting the corresponding amount in dB from the measured peak readings. A detailed description for the calculation of the average factor can be found in Exhibit 8.2.

The frequency range scanned is from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device which is greater than 9 kHz to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 GHz, whichever is lower. For line conducted emissions, the range scanned is 450 kHz to 30 MHz.

8.3 Emissions Test Procedures (cont'd)

The EUT is warmed up for 15 minutes prior to the test.

AC power to the unit is varied from 85% to 115% nominal and variation in the fundamental emission field strength is recorded. If battery powered, a new, fully charged battery is used.

Conducted measurements were made as described in ANSI C63.4 - 1992.

The IF bandwidth used for measurement of radiated signal strength was 100 kHz or greater when frequency is below 1000 MHz. Where pulsed transmissions of short enough pulse duration warrant, a greater bandwidth is selected according to the recommendations of Hewlett Packard Application Note 150-2. A discussion of whether pulse desensitivity is applicable to this unit is included in this report (See Exhibit 8.1). Above 1000 MHz, a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz is used.

Measurements are normally conducted at a measurement distance of three meters. All measurements are extrapolated to three meters using inverse scaling, unless otherwise reported. Measurements taken at a closer distance are so marked.