

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd

ABN 82 057 105 549 176 Harrick Road Keilor Park Victoria Australia 3042

Ph: + 613 9365 1000 Fax: + 613 9331 7455 email: melb@emctech.com.au

SAR Test Report

Report Number: M080328_CERT_533AN_HMW_SAR_2.4

Test Sample: Portable Notebook Computer **Radio Modules**: WLAN 533AN_HMW & Bluetooth

EYTF3CS FS

Host Model Number: S6520

Tested For: Fujitsu Australia Pty Ltd

WLAN FCC ID: EJE-WB0057 WLAN IC: 337J-WB0057

Date of Issue: 30th April 2008

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SAR TEST REPORT

Report Number: M080328_CERT_533AN_HMW_SAR_2.4

FCC ID: EJE-WB0057 IC: 337J-WB0057

1.0 GENERAL INFORMATION

Test Sample: Portable Notebook Computer

Model Name: \$6520

Radio Modules: WLAN 533AN_HMW & Bluetooth EYTF3CS FS

Interface Type: Mini-PCI Module
Device Category: Portable Transmitter
Test Device: Pre-Production Unit
WLAN FCC ID: EJE-WB0057
WLAN IC: 337J-WB0057

RF exposure Category: General Population/Uncontrolled

Manufacturer: Fujitsu Limited

Test Standard/s:1. Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines For Human Exposure to

Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields

Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01)

2. Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of

Humans to Radio Frequency Fields.

RSS-102 Issue 1 (Provisional) September 25, 1999

Statement Of Compliance: The Fujitsu Notebook Computer S6520 with Wireless LAN model

533AN_HMW and Bluetooth module EYTF3CS FS complied* with the FCC General public/uncontrolled RF exposure limits of 1.6mW/g per requirements of 47CFR2.1093(d). It also complied with IC RSS-

102 requirements.

*. Refer to compliance statement section 9.

Test Dates: 18th, 20th and 25th – 26th April 2008

Tested for: Fujitsu Australia Pty Ltd

Address: 1230 Nepean Highway, Cheltenham VIC 3192

 Contact:
 Praveen Rao

 Phone:
 +61 3 9265 0210

 Fax:
 +61 3 9265 0656

E-mail: Praveen.rao@au.fujitsu.com

Test Officer:

Kim H Long Test Engineer

Authorised Signature:

Chris Zombolas Technical Director



SAR TEST REPORT Portable Notebook Computer Model: S6520

Report Number: M080328_CERT_533AN_HMW_SAR_2.4

2.0 INTRODUCTION

Testing was performed on the Fujitsu Notebook PC, Model: S6520 with INTEL Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Shirley Peak 5300 802.11a/b/g/n), Model: 533AN_HMW & TAIYO YUDEN Bluetooth Module, Model: EYTF3CS FS. The Shirley Peak 5300 module is an OEM product. The Mini-PCI Wireless LAN (WLAN) was tested in the dedicated host – GORDON, Model S6520.

The measurement test results mentioned hereon only apply to the 2450MHz frequency band; an additional report titled "M080328_CERT_533AN_HMW _SAR_5.6" applies to the 5GHz range.

The 533AN_HMW WLAN module was originally certified by Intel as a modular approval under FCC ID: PD9533ANH (Canada ID: 1000M-533ANH). The Radio modules are installed in a controlled environment at the Fujitsu notebook production/assembly factory.

The Bluetooth module was originally certified by TAIYO YUDEN as a modular approval under FCC ID: RYYEYTF3CSFT (Canada ID: 43989A-RYTF3CSF). The Radio modules are installed in a controlled environment at the Fujitsu notebook production/assembly factory.

There are two models S6420 (13" LCD) and S6520 (14"LCD). The 13" LCD screen is either CCFL or LED backlight type and the 14" LCD screen is LED backlight type. The WLAN 3x3 MIMO antenna types are identical in all models. The 3rd Antenna for which SAR was tested is located in the base of the laptop and hence the LCD type is irrelevant. The other 2 transmitting antennas located on the top edge of the LCD screen are >20cms from the user and SAR is not applicable. Based on this, this SAR test report covers both models S6420 and S6520



3.0 SAMPLE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

(Information supplied by the client)

3.1 EUT (WLAN) Details

Transmitter: Mini-Card Wireless LAN Module **Wireless Module:** SHIRLEY PEAK 5300 (802.11a/b/g/n)

Model Number:533AN_HMWManufacturer:Intel Corporation

Modulation Type: Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS for 802.11b)

Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11g) Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11a) Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM for 802.11n)

2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n): DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK, 16QAM and 64QAM

5 GHz (802.11a/n): BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM and 64QAM

Maximum Data Rate: 802.11b = 11Mbps, 802.11g and 802.11a = 54Mbps

802.11n = 450 Mbps

Frequency Ranges: 2.412 –2.462 GHz for 802.11b/g/n

5.18 - 5.32 GHz, 5.50 - 5.70 GHz and 5.745 - 5.825 GHz for

802.11a/n

Number of Channels: 11 channels for 802.11b/g/n

24 channels for 802.11a/n with 20 MHz bandwidth 18 channels for 802.11n with 40 MHz bandwidth

Antenna Types: Tx1: Nissei Electric Inverted F Antenna - Model: CP354706

Tx2: Nissei Electric Inverted F Antenna - Model: CP354705 Tx3: Nissei Electric Inverted F Antenna - Model: CP329310 Location: Top edge of LCD screen(Tx1, Tx2), Left palm rest(Tx3)

Power Supply: 3.3 VDC from PCI bus



Channels and Output power setting:

| Channel and Mode | Frequency MHz | Average Output Power dBm |
|----------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| 802.11b/g/n mode | | |
| Channel 1 | 2412 | 12.5 |
| Channel 6 | 2437 | 16.5 |
| Channel 11 | 2462 | 12.5 |
| 802.11a/n mode with 20MHz Bandwidth | | |
| Channel 1 | 2412 | 12.5 |
| Channel 6 | 2437 | 16.5 |
| Channel 11 | 2462 | 12.5 |
| Channel 36 | 5180 | 14.5 |
| Channel 52 | 5260 | 16.5 |
| Channel 64 | 5320 | 14.5 |
| Channel 100 | 5500 | 16.5 |
| Channel 120 | 5600 | 16.5 |
| Channel 140 | 5700 | 16.5 |
| Channel 149 | 5745 | 16.5 |
| Channel 157 | 5785 | 16.5 |
| Channel 165 | 5825 | 16.5 |
| 802.11n mode with 40MHz Bandwidth | | |
| Channel 3 | 2422 | 12.5 |
| Channel 6 | 2437 | 16.5 |
| Channel 9 | 2452 | 13.5 |
| Channel 38 | 5190 | 14.5 |
| Channel 54 | 5270 | 16.5 |
| Channel 62 | 5310 | 13.5 |
| Channel 102 | 5510 | 16.5 |
| Channel 118 | 5590 | 16.5 |
| Channel 134 | 5670 | 16.5 |
| Channel 151 | 5755 | 16.5 |
| Channel 159 | 5795 | 16.5 |

NOTE: For 5GHz SAR results refer to report titled "M080328_CERT_533AN_HMW _SAR_5.6".



3.2 EUT (Bluetooth) Details

Transmitter: Bluetooth

Model Number: EYTF3CS FS

Manufacturer: TAIYO YUDEN

Manufacturer:TAIYO YUDENNetwork Standard:Bluetooth™ RF Test Specification

Modulation Type: Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

Frequency Range: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz

Number of Channels: 79 Carrier Spacing: 1.0 MHz

Antenna Types: Taiyo Yuden Monopole Antenna, Model: CP331760

Location: palm rest area

Max. Output Power: 4 dBm

Reference Oscillator: 16 MHz (Built-in)
Power Supply: 3.3 VDC from host.

Frequency allocation:

| Channel Number | Frequency (MHz) | Bluetooth Utility power setting |
|----------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | 2402 | - |
| 2 | 2403 | |
| 3 | 2404 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 39 | 2440 | |
| 40 | 2441 | Power (Ext, Int) = 0, 96 |
| 41 | 2442 | , in the second second |
| | | |
| | | |
| 77 | 2478 | |
| 78 | 2479 | |
| 79 | 2480 | |

3.3 EUT (Notebook PC) Details

Host notebook :LifeBook S seriesModel Name:S6420(13") / S6520(14")Serial Number:Pre-production SampleManufacturer:FUJITSU LIMITED

CPU Type and Speed: Core2 Duo T9600 2.80GHz

LCD 13.3"WXGA (CCFL) / 13.3"WXGA (LED) / 14.1"WXGA Wired LAN: Marvell 88E8055 : 10 Base-T/100 Base-TX/1000Base-T

Modem: Agere MDC1.5 modem Model: D40 Port Replicator Model: FPCPR63 / FPCPR75 / FPCPR78

AC Adapter Model: 80W: SEC100P2-19.0(Sanken), ADP-80NB A(Delta), SEC100P3-

19.0(Sanken, 3pin)

100W: SED110P2-19.0 (Sanken)

Voltage: 19 V

Current Specs: 4.22A / 5.27A **Watts:** 80W / 100W



3.4 Test sample Accessories

3.4.1 Battery Types

One type of Fujitsu Lithium Ion battery is used to power the Portable Notebook Computer Wireless LAN Model: 533AN HMW. SAR measurements were performed with the battery as shown below.

Standard Battery

Model FMVNBP159 FPCBP179 V/mAh 10.8V/5800mAh 10.8V/5800mAh Part No. CP345706-01 CP345705-1

Serial No. 03A-Z071221001211Z 02A-Z080108001564Z

Cell No.

4.0 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCY AND OUTPUT POWER

INTEL's CRTU test tool was used to configure the WLAN for testing. The Portable Tablet Computer Wireless LAN had a total of 11 channels (USA model) within the 2412 to 2462 MHz frequency band and 17 channels within the frequency range 5180 - 5825 MHz. In The frequency range 2412 MHz to 2462 MHz the device operates in 2 modes, OFDM and DSSS. Within the 5180 - 5825 MHz frequency range the device operates in OFDM mode only. For the SAR measurements the device was operating in continuous transmit mode using programming codes supplied by Fujitsu. The fixed frequency channels used in the testing are shown in the table below.

The Bluetooth module operates over 79 channels within the frequency range 2402 to 2480 MHz. It is possible for the Bluetooth module to operate simultaneously with the WLAN module (co-transmission). For the SAR measurements the device was operating in continuous transmit mode using programming codes supplied by Fujitsu. The tests were conducted with only the WLAN operating and also with the WLAN and Bluetooth module operating in co-transmission. The fixed frequency channels used in the testing are shown in the table below. The Bluetooth interface utilizes dedicated antenna, for the purpose of this report labelled antenna "D".

The test results mentioned in this report only apply to the 2450MHz frequency range. An additional report titled "M080328 CERT 533AN HMW SAR 5.6" is specific to the 5GHz range.

The WLAN modules can be configured in a number of different data rates. It was found that the highest source based time averaged power was measured when using the lowest data rates available in each mode. This lowest data rate corresponds to 6Mbps in OFDM mode and 1Mbps in DSSS mode.

The frequency span of the 2450 MHz range Band was more than 10MHz consequently; the SAR levels of the test sample were measured for lowest, centre and highest channels in the applicable modes. The EUT is capable of using two antennas transmitting simultaneously (HT8 DATA mode) the power level is 3dB lower (50%) than if a single antenna was transmitting, and also the EUT is capable of using three antennas transmitting simultaneously (HT16 DATA mode) the power level is 5dB lower than if a single antenna was transmitting. There were no wires or other connections to the Portable Notebook Computer during the SAR measurements.

At the beginning and at the completion of the SAR tests, the conducted power of the device was measured after temporary modification of antenna connector inside the device's TX RX compartment. Measurements were performed with a calibrated Power Meter. All power levels were found to be equal or higher than the manufacturer specifications (listed in the "Channels and Output power setting" table) to ensure conservative SAR measurement.



4.1 Battery Status

The device battery was fully charged prior to commencement of measurement. Each SAR test was completed within 30 minutes. The battery condition was monitored by measuring the RF field at a defined position inside the phantom before the commencement of each test and again after the completion of the test. It was not possible to perform conducted power measurements at the output of the device, at the beginning and end of each scan due to lack of a suitable antenna port. The uncertainty associated with the power drift was less than 12% and was assessed in the uncertainty budget.



5.0 DETAILS OF TEST LABORATORY

5.1 Location

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd 176 Harrick Road Keilor Park, (Melbourne) Victoria Australia 3042

 Telephone:
 +61 3 9365 1000

 Facsimile:
 +61 3 9331 7455

 email:
 melb@emctech.com.au

 website:
 www.emctech.com.au

5.2 Accreditations

EMC Technologies Pty. Ltd. is accredited by the National Association of Testing Authorities, Australia (NATA). **NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 5292**

EMC Technologies Pty Ltd is NATA accredited for the following standards:

AS/NZS 2772.1: RF and microwave radiation hazard measurement

ACMA: Radio communications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard 2003

FCC: Guidelines for Human Exposure to RF Electromagnetic Field OET65C 01/01

EN 50360: 2001 Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of mobile phones with the basic restrictions related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields (300 MHz – 3 GHz)

Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human

EN 50361: 2001 Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate rel exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300MHz – 3GHz)

IEEE 1528: 2003 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption

Rate (SAR) in the Human Head Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement

Techniques.

Refer to NATA website www.nata.asn.au for the full scope of accreditation.

5.3 Environmental Factors

The measurements were performed in a shielded room with no background RF signals. The temperature in the laboratory was controlled to within $21\pm1^{\circ}$ C, the humidity was 57%. The liquid parameters are measured daily prior to the commencement of each test. Tests were performed to check that reflections within the environment did not influence the SAR measurements. The noise floor of the DASY4 SAR measurement system using the SN1377 probe was less than $5\mu V$ in both air and liquid mediums.

6.0 DESCRIPTION OF SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

| Applicable Head Configurations | : None |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Applicable Body Configurations | : Laps On |

6.1 Probe Positioning System

The measurements were performed with the state-of-the-art automated near-field scanning system **DASY4 V4.7 Build 53** from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision 6-axis robot (working range greater that 1.1m), which positions the SAR measurement probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. The DASY4 fully complies with the OET65 C (01-01), IEEE 1528 and EN50361 SAR measurement requirements.



6.2 E-Field Probe Type and Performance

The SAR measurements were conducted with SPEAG dosimetric probe ET3DV6 Serial: 1377 (2.45 GHz) designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimised for dosimetric evaluation. The probes have been calibrated and found to be accurate to better than ± 0.25 dB. The probe is suitable for measurements close to material discontinuity at the surface of the phantom. The sensors of the probe are directly loaded with Schottky diodes and connected via highly resistive lines (length = 300 mm) to the data acquisition unit.

6.3 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. The input impedance of the DAE3 box is 200 M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

6.4 Validation

6.4.1 Validation Results @ 2450MHz

The following tables lists the dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid measured prior to SAR validation. The results of the validation are listed in columns 4 and 5. The forward power into the reference dipole for SAR validation was adjusted to 250 mW.

Table: Validation Results (Dipole: SPEAG D2450V2 SN: 724)

| 1. Validation | 2. ∈r | 3. σ (mho/m) | 4. Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | 5. Measured |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Date | (measured) | (measured) | | SAR 10g (mW/g) |
| 18 th March 2008 | 39.5 | 1.80 | 13.8 | 6.49 |

6.4.2 Deviation from reference validation values

The reference SAR values are derived using a reference dipole and flat section of the SAM phantom suitable for a centre frequency of 2450MHz. These reference SAR values are obtained from the IEEE Std 1528-2003 and are normalized to 1W.

The SPEAG calibration reference SAR value is the SAR validation result obtained in a specific dielectric liquid using the validation dipole (D2450V2) during calibration. The measured one-gram SAR should be within 10% of the expected target reference values shown in table below (2450MHz) below.

Table: Deviation from reference validation values @ 2450MHz

| Frequency and Date | Measured SAR 1g (mW/g) | Measured SAR 1g (Normalized to 1W) | SPEAG Calibration reference SAR Value 1g (mW/g) | % Deviation From SPEAG Reference (1g) | IEEE Std 1528 reference SAR value 1g (mW/g) | % Deviation From IEEE (1g) |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 2450MHz | 13.8 | 55.2 | 53.3 | 3.56 | 52.4 | 5.34 |

NOTE: All reference validation values are referenced to 1W input power.



6.4.3 Liquid Depth 15cm

During the SAR measurement process the liquid level was maintained to a level of 15cm with a tolerance of 0.5cm.

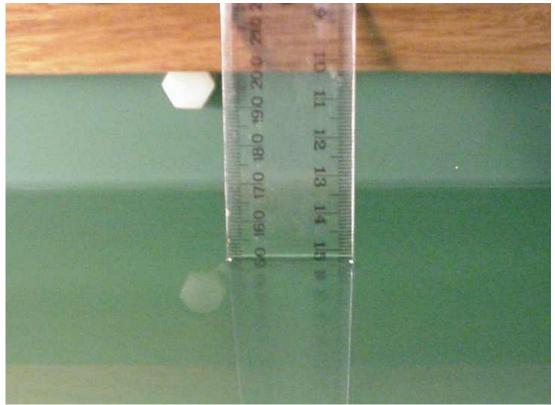


Photo of liquid Depth in Flat Phantom

6.5 Phantom Properties (Size, Shape, Shell Thickness)

The phantom used during the validations was the SAM Phantom model: TP - 1260 from SPEAG. It is a phantom with a single thickness of 2 mm and was filled with the required tissue simulating liquid. The SAM phantom support structures were all non-metallic and spaced more than one device width away in transverse directions.

For SAR testing in the body worn positions an AndreT Flat phantom P 10.1 was used. The phantom thickness is 2.0mm+/-0.2 mm and was filled with the required tissue simulating liquid. Below table provides a summary of the measured phantom properties.

Table: Phantom Properties

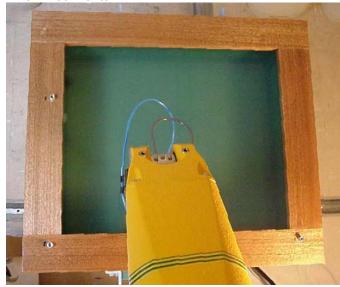
| Phantom Properties | Required | Measured |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Thickness of flat section | 2.0mm ± 0.2mm (bottom section) | 2.12-2.20mm |
| Dielectric Constant | <5.0 | 4.603 @ 300MHz (worst-case frequency) |
| Loss Tangent | <0.05 | 0.0379 @ 2500MHz (worst-case frequency) |

Depth of Phantom 200mm Length of Flat Section 620mm Width of Flat Section 540mm

P 10.1 Flat Phantom



P 10.1 Flat Phantom



6.6 Tissue Material Properties

The dielectric parameters of the brain simulating liquid were measured prior to SAR assessment using the HP85070A dielectric probe kit and HP8753ES Network Analyser. The actual dielectric parameters are shown in the following table.

Table: Measured Brain Simulating Liquid Dielectric Values for Validations

| Frequency Band | ∈r (measured range) | ∈r (target) | σ (mho/m) (measured range) | σ (target) | ρ kg/m ³ |
|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 2450 MHz Brain | 39.5 | 39.3 ±5% (37.3 to 41.3) | 1.80 | 1.84 ±5% (1.75 to 1.93) | 1000 |

NOTE: The brain liquid parameters were within the required tolerances of $\pm 5\%$.

Table: Measured Body Simulating Liquid Dielectric Values

| Frequency Band | ∈r (measured range) | ∈r (target) | σ (mho/m) (measured range) | σ (target) | ρ kg/m³ |
|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| 2412 MHz Muscle | 51.6 | 52.7 ±5% (50.1 to 55.3) | 1.90 | 1.95 ±5% (1.85 to 2.05) | 1000 |
| 2437 MHz Muscle | 51.5 | 52.7 ±5% (50.1 to 55.3) | 1.93 | 1.95 ±5% (1.85 to 2.05) | 1000 |
| 2462 MHz Muscle | 51.4 | 52.7 ±5% (50.1 to 55.3) | 1.97 | 1.95 ±5% (1.85 to 2.05) | 1000 |

NOTE: The brain and muscle liquid parameters were within the required tolerances of ±5%.

6.6.1 Liquid Temperature and Humidity

The humidity and dielectric/ambient temperatures were recorded during the assessment of the tissue material dielectric parameters. The difference between the ambient temperature of the liquid during the dielectric measurement and the temperature during tests was less than |2|°C.

Table: Temperature and Humidity recorded for each day

| Date | | Ambient Temperature (°C) | Liquid Temperature (°C) | Humidity (%) |
|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| | 18 th March 2008 | 21.4 | 21.0 | 57 |

6.7 Simulated Tissue Composition Used for SAR Test

The tissue simulating liquids are created prior to the SAR evaluation and often require slight modification each day to obtain the correct dielectric parameters.

Table: Tissue Type: Brain @ 2450MHz
Volume of Liquid: 30 Litres

Table: Tissue Type: Muscle @ 2450MHz
Volume of Liquid: 60 Litres

| Approximate Composition | % By Weight |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Distilled Water | 62.7 |
| Salt | 0.5 |
| Triton X-100 | 36.8 |

| Approximate Composition | % By Weight |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| Distilled Water | 73.2 |
| Salt | 0.04 |
| DGBE | 26.7 |



^{*}Refer "OET Bulletin 65 97/01 P38"

6.8 Device Holder for Laptops and P 10.1 Phantom

A low loss clamp was used to position the Notebook underneath the phantom surface. Small pieces of foam were then used to press the Notebook flush against the phantom surface.

Refer to Appendix A for photographs of device positioning

7.0 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE USING DASY4

The SAR evaluation was performed with the SPEAG DASY4 system. A summary of the procedure follows:

- a) A measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location is used as a reference value for assessing the power drop of the EUT. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test, and then again at the end of the test.
- b) The SAR distribution at the exposed flat section of the flat phantom is measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covers the entire dimension of the EUT and the horizontal grid spacing is 15 mm x 15 mm. The actual Area Scan has dimensions of 135mm x 180mm surrounding the test device. Based on this data, the area of the maximum absorption is determined by Spline interpolation.
- c) Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm is assessed by measuring 7 x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value is evaluated with the following procedure:
 - (i) The data at the surface are extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order is calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - (ii) The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g and 10 g) are computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"- condition (in x, y and z-direction). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) are interpolated to calculate the averages.
 - (iii) All neighbouring volumes are evaluated until no neighbouring volume with a higher average value is found.
 - (iv) The SAR value at the same location as in Step (a) is again measured to evaluate the actual power drift.



8.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty analysis is based on the template listed in the IEEE Std 1528-2003 for both Handset SAR tests and Validation uncertainty. The measurement uncertainty of a specific device is evaluated independently and the total uncertainty for both evaluations (95% confidence level) must be less than 30%.

Table: Uncertainty Budget for DASY4 V4.7 Build 53 – EUT SAR test 2450MHz

| a | b | С | d | e= f(d,k) | f | g | h=cxf/e | i=cxg/e | k |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Uncertainty Component | Sec. | Tol. (%) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | C _i (1g) | C _i (10g) | 1g u _i (%) | 10g u _i (%) | Vi |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration (k=1) (numerical calibration) | E.2.1 | 4.8 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.8 | 4.8 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ~ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 9.6 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 8 |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 1 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ∞ |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 0.8 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 4.32 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions | E.6.1 | 0.05 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | E.6.3 | 2.9 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 8 |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | E.5 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 8 |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Sample Positioning | E.4.2 | 1.61 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 11 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | E.4.1 | 3.34 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 7 |
| Output Power Variation – SAR Drift Measurement | 6.6.2 | 7.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 4.4 | 4.4 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances) | E.3.1 | 4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 8 |
| Liquid Conductivity – Deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity – Measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 10 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 5 |
| Liquid Permittivity – Deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity – Measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 5 | N | 1 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 5 |
| Combined standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | | 12.5 | 11.3 | 154 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | k=2 | | | | 25.0 | 22.59 | |

Estimated total measurement uncertainty for the DASY4 measurement system was $\pm 12.5\%$. The extended uncertainty (K = 2) was assessed to be $\pm 25.0\%$ based on 95% confidence level. The uncertainty is not added to the measurement result.



Table: Uncertainty Budget for DASY4 V4.7 Build 53 - Validation 2450MHz

| a | b | С | D | e= f(d,k) | f | g | h=cxf/e | i=cxg/e | k |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| Uncertainty Component | Sec. | Tol. (6%) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | C _i (1g) | C _i (10g) | 1g u _i (6%) | 10g u _i (6%) | Vi |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration (k=1) (standard calibration) | E.2.1 | 4.8 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 8 |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 1 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 8 |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8 |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8 |
| RF Ambient Conditions | E.6.1 | 0.05 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 8 |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | E.6.3 | 2.9 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation | E.5 | 1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Test Sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| Dipole Axis to Liquid Surface | | 2 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 8 |
| Power Drift | | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances) | E.3.1 | 4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity – Deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.43 | 1.7 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity – Measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 2.5 | N | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.43 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 5 |
| Liquid Permittivity – Deviation from target values | E.3.2 | 5 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity – Measurement uncertainty | E.3.3 | 2.5 | N | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 5 |
| Combined standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | | 8.0 | 7.8 | 154 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | k=2 | | | | 16.0 | 15.63 | |

Estimated total measurement uncertainty for the DASY4 measurement system was $\pm 8.0\%$. The extended uncertainty (K = 2) was assessed to be $\pm 16.0\%$ based on 95% confidence level. The uncertainty is not added to the Validation measurement result.



9.0 EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION DETAILS

Table: SPEAG DASY4 Version V4.7 Build 53

| Equipment Type | Manufacturer | Model Number | Serial Number | Calibration Due | Used For this Test? |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Robot - Six Axes | Staubli | RX90BL | N/A | Not applicable | ✓ |
| Robot Remote Control | SPEAG | CS7MB | RX90B | Not applicable | ✓ |
| SAM Phantom | SPEAG | N/A | 1260 | Not applicable | ✓ |
| SAM Phantom | SPEAG | N/A | 1060 | Not applicable | |
| Flat Phantom | AndreT | 10.1 | P 10.1 | Not Applicable | ✓ |
| Flat Phantom | AndreT | 9.1 | P 9.1 | Not Applicable | |
| Flat Phantom | SPEAG | PO1A 6mm | 1003 | Not Applicable | |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DAE3 V1 | 359 | 03-July-2008 | |
| Data Acquisition Electronics | SPEAG | DAE3 V1 | 442 | 26-Feb-09 | ✓ |
| Probe E-Field - Dummy | SPEAG | DP1 | N/A | Not applicable | |
| Probe E-Field | SPEAG | ET3DV6 | 1380 | 18-Dec-2008 | |
| Probe E-Field | SPEAG | ET3DV6 | 1377 | 09-July-2008 | ✓ |
| Probe E-Field | SPEAG | ES3DV6 | 3029 | Not Used | |
| Probe E-Field | SPEAG | EX3DV4 | 3563 | 13-July-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 300 MHz | SPEAG | D300V2 | 1005 | 14-Dec-2009 | |
| Antenna Dipole 450 MHz | SPEAG | D450V2 | 1009 | 14-Dec-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 900 MHz | SPEAG | D900V2 | 047 | 6-July-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 1640 MHz | SPEAG | D1640V2 | 314 | 30-June-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 1800 MHz | SPEAG | D1800V2 | 242 | 3-July-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 1950 MHz | SPEAG | D1950V3 | 1113 | 5-March-2009 | |
| Antenna Dipole 3500 MHz | SPEAG | D3500V2 | 1002 | 06-July-2008 | |
| Antenna Dipole 2450 MHz | SPEAG | D2450V2 | 724 | 13-Dec-2008 | ✓ |
| Antenna Dipole 5600 MHz | SPEAG | D5GHzV2 | 1008 | 07-Dec-2009 | |
| RF Amplifier | EIN | 603L | N/A | Not applicable | |
| RF Amplifier | Mini-Circuits | ZHL-42 | N/A | Not applicable | |
| RF Amplifier | Mini-Circuits | ZVE-8G | N/A | Not applicable | ✓ |
| Synthesized signal generator | Hewlett Packard | ESG-D3000A | GB37420238 | *In test | ✓ |
| RF Power Meter Dual | Hewlett Packard | 437B | 3125012786 | 30-May-2008 | |
| RF Power Sensor 0.01 - 18 GHz | Hewlett Packard | 8481H | 1545A01634 | 30-May-2008 | |
| RF Power Meter Dual | Gigatronics | 8542B | 1830125 | 11-May-2008 | ✓ |
| RF Power Sensor | Gigatronics | 80301A | 1828805 | 11-May-2008 | ✓ |
| RF Power Meter Dual | Hewlett Packard | 435A | 1733A05847 | *In test | ✓ |
| RF Power Sensor | Hewlett Packard | 8482A | 2349A10114 | *In test | ✓ |
| Network Analyser | Hewlett Packard | 8714B | GB3510035 | 06-Sept-2008 | |
| Network Analyser | Hewlett Packard | 8753ES | JP39240130 | 02 Oct-2008 | ✓ |
| Dual Directional Coupler | Hewlett Packard | 778D | 1144 04700 | *In test | |
| Dual Directional Coupler | NARDA | 3022 | 75453 | *In test | ✓ |

^{*} Calibrated during the test for the relevant parameters.



10.0 OET BULLETIN 65 – SUPPLEMENT C TEST METHOD

Notebooks should be evaluated in normal use positions, typical for lap-held bottom-face only. However the number of positions will depend on the number of configurations the laptop can be operated in. The "GORDON" can be used in a conventional laptop position only. The two of the antennas location in the "GORDON" is closest to the top of the screen when used in a conventional laptop configuration and due to the separation distances involved between the phantom and the laptop antenna, testing is not required in this position. The third antenna however (antenna C) is in the base of the PC and requires SAR testing.

10.1 Positions

The "GORDON" Portable PC can only be operated as a conventional notebook laptop. Due to the location of the WLAN transmitter at the base of the notebook, (Antenna C), testing was performed with the base pressed against the surface of the phantom, "Laps On" position.

10.1.1 "Laps On" Position Definition (0mm spacing)

The device was tested in the 2.00 mm flat section of the AndreT Flat phantom P 10.1 for the "Laps On" position. The transceiver was placed at the bottom of the phantom and suspended in such way that the base of the device was touching the phantom. This device orientation simulates the PC's normal use – being held on the lap of the user. A spacing of 0mm ensures that the SAR results are conservative and represent a worst-case position. *Refer to Appendix A for photos of measurement positions.*

10.2 List of All Test Cases (Antenna In/Out, Test Frequencies, User Modes)

The device has a fixed antenna. Depending on the measured SAR level up to three test channels with the test sample operating at maximum power, as specified in section 4.0 were recorded. The following table represents the matrix used to determine what testing was required. The worst case result was verified with the Bluetooth transmitting at full power in co-transmission with the WLAN.

Table: Testing configurations

| Phantom | *Device Mode | Antenna | Test Configurations | | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|---------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Configuration | | | Channel 1 (LOW) | Channel 6 (Middle) | Channel 11 (High) | | |
| | DSSS 2.4GHz | С | | X | | | |
| Laps On | OFDM 2.4GHz (20 MHz) | С | | X | | | |
| | OFDM 2.4GHz (40 MHz) | С | | Х | | | |

| Legend | |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X | Testing Required in this configuration |
| | |
| | Testing required in this configuration only if SAR of middle channel is more than |
| | 3dB below the SAR limit or it is the worst case |



10.3 FCC RF Exposure Limits for Occupational/ Controlled Exposure

| Spatial Peak SAR Limits For: | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Partial-Body: | 8.0 mW/g (averaged over any 1g cube of tissue) |
| Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles: | 20.0 mW/g (averaged over 10g cube of tissue) |

10.4 FCC RF Exposure Limits for Un-controlled/Non-occupational

| Spatial Peak SAR Limits For: | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Partial-Body: | 1.6 mW/g (averaged over any 1g cube of tissue) |
| Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles: | 4.0 mW/g (averaged over 10g cube of tissue) |

11.0 SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

The SAR values averaged over 1g tissue masses were determined for the sample device for all test configurations listed in section 7.2.

11.1 2450MHz SAR Results

There are two modes of operation within the 2450MHz band, they include OFDM and DSSS modulations. Refer to section 7.2 for selection of all device test configurations. Table below displays the SAR results.

Table: SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| Test Position | Operating Mode | Plot No. | Ant | Bit rate Mode (Mbps) | Channel Bandwidth (MHz) | Test Channel | Test Freq (MHz) | Measured 1g SAR Results (mW/g) | Measured Drift (dB) |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-----|----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | 1 | С | 6 | - | 01 | 2412 | 0.023 | -0.012 |
| Laps On | DSSS | 2 | С | 6 | - | 06 | 2437 | 0.058 | -0.195 |
| | | 3 | С | 6 | - | 11 | 2462 | 0.019 | 0.322 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Laps On Bluetooth On | DSSS | 4 | С | 6 | - | 06 | 2437 | 0.023 | 0.106 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Laps On | OFDM | 5 | С | 6 | - | 06 | 2437 | 0.049 | 0.022 |
| Laps On | OFDM | 6 | С | HT0 | 20 | 06 | 2437 | 0.039 | 0.114 |
| Laps On | OFDM | 7 | С | HT0 | 40 | 06 | 2437 | 0.053 | -0.035 |

NOTE: The measurement uncertainty of 16.0% for 2.45GHz was not added to the result.

The highest SAR level recorded in the 2450MHz band was 0.058 mW/g as evaluated in a 1g cube of averaging mass. This value was obtained in Laps On position in DSSS mode, utilizing channel 06 (2437 MHz) and antenna C. The Bluetooth was Off.



12.0 COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Fujitsu Notebook PC, Model: S6520 with INTEL Mini-PCI Wireless LAN Module (Shirley Peak 5300 802.11a/b/g/n), Model: 533AN_HMW & TAIYO YUDEN Bluetooth Module, Model: EYTF3CS FS was found to comply with the FCC and RSS-102 SAR requirements.

The highest SAR level recorded in the 2.4GHz band was 0.058 mW/g measured in a 1g cube. This value was measured at 2437 MHz (channel 06) in the "Laps On" position in DSSS modulation mode at the antenna C. The Bluetooth was Off. This was below the limit of 1.6 mW/g for uncontrolled exposure, even taking into account the measurement uncertainty of 16.0 %.

