



Report No.: FA930301B

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Test Report

for

Inventec Corporation

on the

Montblance 338

Report Number : FA930301B

Trade Name : Traveler 137

Model Name : Montblance 338

FCC ID : DGIBC0338AAA000

Date of Testing : Mar. 12, 2009 ~ Mar. 13, 2009

Issued Date of Report : Mar. 19, 2009

- The test results refer exclusively to the tested model/sample only.
- Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.
- Report Version: Rev. 01

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, Tao Yuan Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 1 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

Report No.: FA930301B

Table of Contents

		ment of Compliance	
		nistration Data	4
	2.1	Testing Laboratory	
	2.2	Applicant	
	2.3	Manufacturer	
	2.4	Application Details	
3.	Gene	ral Information	
	3.1	Description of Device Under Test (DUT)	
	3.2	Product Photos	
	3.3	Applied Standards	6
	3.4	Device Category and SAR Limits	6
	3.5	Test Conditions	6
		3.5.1 Ambient Condition	
		3.5.2 Test Configuration	
4.	Speci	ific Absorption Rate (SAR)	8
	4.1	Introduction	
	4.2	SAR Definition	
5.	SAR I	Measurement Setup	
	5.1	DASY5 E-Field Probe System	10
		5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification	10
		5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration	
	5.2	DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)	
	5.3	Robot	
	5.4	Measurement Server	
	5.5	SAM Twin Phantom	13
	5.6	Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom	
	5.7	Data Storage and Evaluation	
		5.7.1 Data Storage	15
		5.7.2 Data Evaluation	15
	5.8	Test Equipment List	
6.	Tissu	e Simulating Liquids	18
7.		rtainty Assessment	
8.	SARI	Measurement Evaluation	22
	8.1	Purpose of System Performance check	22
	8.2	System Setup	22
	8.3	Validation Results	24
9.		ription for DUT Testing Position	
10.	Meas	urement Procedures	27
	10.1	Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation	
	10.2	Scan Procedures	
	10.3	SAR Averaged Methods	28
11.	SAR	Test Results	
	11.1	Conducted Power	
	11.2	Test Records for Head SAR Test	29
	11.3	Test Records for Body SAR Test	29
	11.4	Volume Scan	
12.	Refer	rences	30
Apr	oendix	A - System Performance Check Data	

Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Appendix C - Calibration Data

Appendix D - Product Photos

Appendix E - Test Setup Photos

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 2 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 Report Version

: Rev. 01



1. Statement of Compliance

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) maximum results found during testing for the **Inventec Corporation**Montblance 338 Traveler 137 Montblance 338 are as follows (with expanded uncertainty 21.9%):

<Standalone SAR>

Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)
902 11b/a	Head	0.034
802.11b/g	Body	0.055
Plustaath	Head	n/a
Bluetooth	Body	n/a

<Volume Scan SAR>

Position	Mode	Channel	Multi Band 1g SAR (W/kg)
Right Cheek	WCDMA Band II	9262	0.752
Right Cheek	802.11b	11	0.752

They are in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1999 and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE P1528-2003 and OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01).

Approved by

Roy Wu Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 3 of 30 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01



2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Sporton International Inc.

No. 52, Hwa-Ya 1st RD., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan Hsiang, TaoYuan Address:

Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Test Site: SAR01-HY **Telephone Number:** 886-3-327-3456 Fax Number: 886-3-328-4978

2.2 Applicant

Company Name: Inventec Corporation

Address: No. 166, Sec. 4, Chengde Rd., Shihlin District, Taipei 11167, Taiwan

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name: Inventec Corporation

Address: No. 166, Sec. 4, Chengde Rd., Shihlin District, Taipei 11167, Taiwan

2.4 Application Details

Date of reception of application: Mar. 03, 2009 Start of test: Mar. 12, 2009 End of test: Mar. 13, 2009

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 4 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01



3. General Information

3.1 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

Product Feature & Specification					
DUT Type	Montblance 338				
Trade Name	Traveler 137				
Model Name	Montblance 338				
FCC ID	DGIBC0338AAA000				
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz				
	802.11b : 8.56 dBm				
Maximum Output Power to Antenna	802.11g : 8.31 dBm				
	Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : -0.09dBm				
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna				
HW Version	V0.2				
SW Version	DBL.PHAROS.09.086				
	802.11b : DSSS				
	802.11g : OFDM				
Type of Modulation	Bluetooth (1Mbps): GFSK				
	Bluetooth EDR (2Mbps): /4-DQPSK				
	Bluetooth EDR (3Mbps) : 8-DPSK				
DUT Stage Production Unit					

Accessories List:

		Accessories Specification
	Brand Name	PI ELECTRONICS
	Model Name	AD7112B (Type: 02LF)
AC Adapter	Dower Boting	I/P:100-240Vac, 50-60Hz, 0.25A;
	Power Rating	O/P: 5Vdc, 1A
	AC Power Cord Type	1.65 meter shielded cable without ferrite core
	Brand Name	SMP Technology CO., LTD.
Ratton/	Model Name	P3-01
Battery	Power Rating	3.7Vdc, 1380mAh, 5.106Wh
	Туре	Li-ion
Earphone	Brand Name	Kingstate electronics CO., LTD.
Larphone	Signal Line Type	1.6 meter non-shielded cable without ferrite core
	Brand Name	WIESON electronics CO., LTD.
USB Cable	Model Name	G9904HT0220-002
	Signal Line Type	1.0 meter shielded cable without ferrite core
LCD Panel	Brand Name	LG
LOD Fallel	Model Name	LH350WV1 VD02
Camera 1	Brand Name	Nano Focus
Calliera I	Model Name	AFL-3M-D85-4P
Camera 2	Brand Name	Sertek
Calliela 2	Model Name	SM-JZ02-MI03

Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 5 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

3.2 Product Photos

Refer to Appendix D.

3.3 Applied Standards

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method and procedure for this Montblance 338 is in accordance with the following standards:

Report No.: FA930301B

47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

IEEE C95.1-1999

IEEE P1528-2003

OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

KDB 248227 r1.2

KDB 447498 D01 v03r02

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20-24
Humidity	<60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WLAN link mode, engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. This RF signal utilized in SAR measurement has almost 100% duty cycle and its crest factor is 1.

According to the unlicensed transmitters of KDB 648474,

- test highest output channel only if SAR is 0.8 W/kg
- test all required channels if SAR is > 0.8 W/kg

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 6 of 30

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Mar. 19, 2009

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000



The data rates for WLAN SAR testing were set in 1Mbps for 802.11b, and 6Mbps for 802.11g due to the highest RF output power. The pre-scan power tables of 802.11b/g by power meter are as below:

<802.11b>

	Frequency	RF Power (dBm)					
Channel	nel	2.4GHz 802.11b Data Rate					
	(MHz)	1 Mbps	2 Mbps	5.5 Mbps	11 Mbps		
CH 01	2412 MHz	8.68	8.65	8.61	8.72		
CH 06	2437 MHz	8.56	8.65	8.67	8.67		
CH 11	2462 MHz	8.95	8.91	8.79	8.74		

<802.11g>

					RF Powe	er (dBm)			
	Frequency			2.40	3Hz 802.1	1g Data R	ate		
Channel	(MHz)	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
		Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Mbps	Mbps
CH 01	2412 MHz	7.27	7.24	7.17	7.26	7.12	7.11	7.16	7.21
CH 06	2437 MHz	7.12	7.13	6.92	7.13	7.07	7.00	7.17	7.07
CH 11	2462 MHz	7.15	7.15	6.99	7.06	7.13	7.05	7.16	7.21

For WLAN and Bluetooth, simultaneous transmission SAR is not required because WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna and simultaneous transmission overlapping transmissions handoff time is less than 30s.

According KDB 648474, the output power of Bluetooth is -0.09 dBm (< P_{Ref}) and maximum SAR of WWAN is 1.11 W/kg (< 1.2 W/kg), so the standalone SAR for Bluetooth and simultaneous SAR for WWAN and Bluetooth were not required.

The SAR to peak location separation ratio of WWAN and WLAN is as below:

Summation SAR = 0.758 (WCDMA Band II, RC, Ch9262) + 0.018 (802.11b, RC, Ch11) = 0.776

Peak Location Spacing = 1.59 cm

SAR to (Peak Location Spacing) Ratio = 0.776 / 1.59 = 0.488

According KDB 648474, the simultaneous transmission SAR (volume scan) for WWAN and WLAN was required, because the SPLSR (0.488) is larger than 0.3.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 7 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density.

p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific head capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 8 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 Report Version

: Rev. 01



5. SAR Measurement Setup

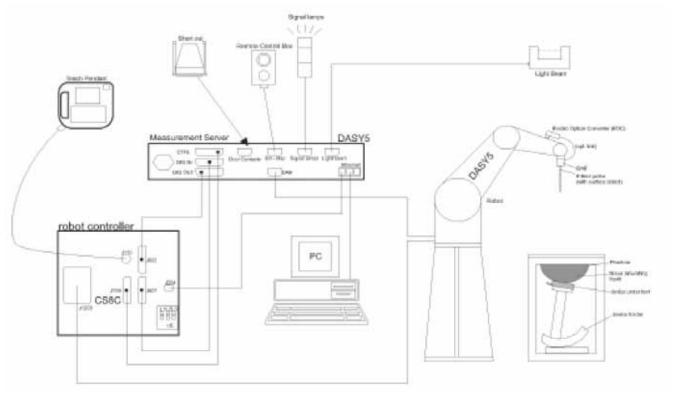


Fig. 5.1 DASY5 System

The DASY5 system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- > The electro-optical converter (ECO) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY5 software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Some of the components are described in details in the following sub-sections.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 9 of 30 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01

5.1 DASY5 E-Field Probe System

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification <ET3DV6>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core							
	Built-in optical fiber for surface detec	•						
	Built-in shielding against static charges							
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant t	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents)						
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz							
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in brain tissue (rotation							
	around probe axis)							
	± 0.4 dB in brain tissue (rotation							
	perpendicular to probe axis)							
Dynamic Range	5μW/g to 100mW/g; Linearity:							
	±0.2dB							
Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and							
	clear liquids on reflecting surface							
Dimensions	Overall length: 330mm							
	Tip length: 16mm							
	Body diameter: 12mm							
	Tip diameter: 6.8mm							
	Distance from probe tip to dipole							
	centers: 2.7mm							
		Fig. 5.2 Probe Setup on Robot						
Application	General dosimetry up to 3GHz							
	Compliance tests for mobile phones and Wireless LAN							
	Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary	phantoms						

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 10 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than \pm 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within \pm 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data are as below:

ET3DV6 sn1788 (Cal: Sep. 23, 2008)						
•	i ,	V ovio	7 ovio			
Item	X axis	Y axis	Z axis			
Sensitivity (μV)	1.73	1.59	1.72			
Diode Compression Point (mV)	95	98	91			
	Frequency (MHz)	X,Y,Z axis				
Conversion Factor	800~1000	6.55 / 6.34				
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	5.59 / 4.87				
	1850~2050	5.13 / 4.73				
	2350~2550	4.68	/ 3.98			
	Frequency (MHz)	Alpha	Depth			
Boundary Effect	800~1000	0.44 / 0.50	2.65 / 2.48			
(Head / Body)	1650~1850	0.68 / 0.63	1.98 / 2.33			
	1850~2050	0.75 / 0.74	1.75 / 1.99			
	2350~2550	0.80 / 0.94	1.45 / 1.75			

NOTE: The probe parameters have been calibrated by the SPEAG.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 11 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



5.2 DATA Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200M Ohm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80dB.

5.3 Robot

The DASY5 system uses the high precision robots TX90 XL type out of the newer series from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller DASY5 system, the CS8C robot controller version from Stäubli is used. The XL robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- ➤ High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- ➢ 6-axis controller

5.4 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with 400 MHz CPU
128 MB chipdisk and
128 MB RAM.

Communication with

the DAE electronic box

the 16-bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 12 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01



The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6mm). It has three measurement areas:

- Left head
- > Right head
- Flat phantom

5.5 SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- *Water-sugar based liquid
- *Glycol based liquids

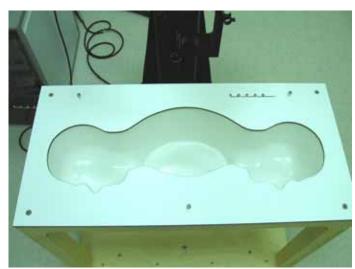


Fig. 5.3 Top View of Twin Phantom



Fig. 5.4 Bottom View of Twin Phantom

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 13 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No.: FA930301B

5.6 Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom

The SAR in the Phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source in 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ±0.5mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20%. An accurate device position is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurement. The position in which the devices must be measured, are defined by the standards.

The DASY5 device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (EPR).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY5 device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon r = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 5.1 Device Holder

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 14 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 : Rev. 01 Report Version

5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY5 post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a_{i0} , a_{i1} , a_{i2}
--------------------	---------------	--

- Conversion factor ConvF_i - Diode compression point dcp_i

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf - Conductivity σ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$Vi = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

 U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter) dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

 $\textbf{E-field probes}: \ E_i \ = \ \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i ConvF}}$

 $\mbox{H-field probes}: \quad \mbox{H_i} \ = \ \sqrt{V_i} \frac{a_{i0+} a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f}{f}$

with

 V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i (i = x, y, z)

μV/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

 a_{ii} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

SAR =
$$E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with

SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

* Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = \frac{E_{tot}^2}{3770}$$
 or $P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$

with

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 16 of 30 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC SAR Test Report No.: FA930301B

5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Favinance	Turne (Mandal	Carriel Namehan	Calibration	
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	ET3DV6	1788	Sep. 23, 2008	Sep. 22, 2009
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Filed Probe	EX3DV3	3514	Jan. 21, 2009	Jan. 20, 2010
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 17, 2008	Mar. 16, 2010
SPEAG	1800MHz System Validation Kit	D1800V2	2d076	Jul. 10, 2007	Jul. 09, 2009
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 28, 2008	Mar. 27, 2010
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	736	Jul. 12, 2007	Jul. 11, 2009
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Nov. 12, 2008	Nov. 11, 2009
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1303	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1383	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1446	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	QD 000 P40 C	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BB	1026	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD 0VA 001 BA	1029	NCR	NCR
Agilent	PNA Series Network Analyzer	E8358A	US40260131	Apr. 02, 2008	Apr. 01, 2009
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48360820	Dec. 15, 2008	Dec. 14, 2009
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	105934	Nov. 11, 2008	Nov. 10, 2009
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	NCR	NCR
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	NCR	NCR
R&S	Power Meter	NRVD	101394	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009
R&S	Power Sensor	NRV-Z1	100130	Oct. 20, 2008	Oct. 19, 2009

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 17 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY5, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous tissue simulating liquid. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR)or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15.2cm.

Report No.: FA930301B

The following ingredients for tissue simulating liquid are used:

- \blacktriangleright Water: deionized water (pure H20), resistivity 16MΩ- as basis for the liquid
- > Sugar: refined sugar in crystals, as available in food shops to reduce relative permittivity
- > Salt: pure NaCl to increase conductivity
- Cellulose: Hydroxyethyl-cellulose, medium viscosity (75-125 mPa.s, 2% in water, 20°C), CAS#54290-to increase viscosity and to keep sugar in solution.
- Preservative: Preventol D-7 Bayer AG, D-51368 Leverkusen, CAS#55965-84-9- to prevent the spread of bacteria and molds.
- ➤ **DGMBE**: Deithlenglycol-monobuthyl ether (DGMBE), Fluka Chemie GmbH, CAS#112-34-5 to reduce relative permittivity.

Table 6.1 gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity		
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(ε _r)		
For Head										
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5		
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5		
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0		
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2		
				For Body						
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2		
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0		
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3		
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7		

Table 6.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 18 of 30

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Mar. 19, 2009

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Report No.: FA930301B

Table 6.2 gives the targets for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Conductivity (σ)	±5% Range	Permittivity (ε _r)	±5% Range
835	Head	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
900	Head	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6
1800, 1900, 2000	Head	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0
2450	Head	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2
835	Body	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0
900	Body	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8
1800, 1900, 2000	Body	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0
2450	Body	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3

Table 6.2 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 6.3 shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Band	Position	Temperature ()	Frequency (MHz)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Measurement Date
000 44h/a		21.5	2412	1.78	39.5	
	Head		2437	1.81	39.5	Mar. 12, 2009
			2462	1.84	39.4	
802.11b/g	Body	21.2	2412	1.92	51.7	
			2437	1.95	51.6	Mar. 13, 2009
			2462	1.98	51.6	

Table 6.3 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 19 of 30

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Mar. 19, 2009

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

7. <u>Uncertainty Assessment</u>

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 7.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-shape
Multiplying factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

⁽a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 7.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY5 uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 7.2.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 20 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01

Error Description	Uncertainty Value ± %	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Unc. (1g)	vi or Veff
Measurement Equipment						
Probe Calibration	±5.9 %	Normal	1	1	±5.9 %	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±1.9 %	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	Rectangular	√3	0.7	±3.9 %	∞
Boundary Effects	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Linearity	±4.7 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.7 %	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3 %	Normal	1	1	±0.3 %	8
Response Time	±0.8 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.5 %	8
Integration Time	±2.6 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.5 %	8
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.2 %	8
Probe Positioning	±2.9 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±1.7 %	8
Max. SAR Eval.	±1.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±0.6 %	8
Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	±2.9 %	Normal	1	1	±2.9	145
Device Holder	±3.6 %	Normal	1	1	±3.6	5
Power Drift	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.9	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	±4.0 %	Rectangular	√3	1	±2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.64	±1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.64	±1.6	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	±5.0 %	Rectangular	√3	0.6	±1.7	8
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	±2.5 %	Normal	1	0.6	±1.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty					±10.9	387
Coverage Factor for 95 %		K=2				
Expanded uncertainty (Coverage factor = 2)					±21.9	

Table 7.2 Uncertainty Budget of DASY5

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 21 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



Report No.: FA930301B

8. SAR Measurement Evaluation

Each DASY5 system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY5 software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

8.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

8.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 2450 MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

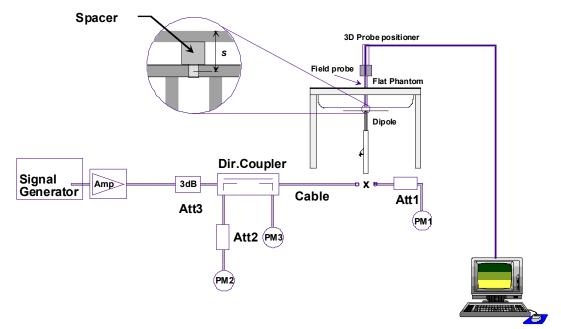


Fig. 8.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 22 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

- 1. Signal Generator
- 2. Amplifier
- 3. Directional Coupler
- 4. Power Meter
- 5. 2450 MHz Dipole

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.



Fig 8.2 Dipole Setup

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 23 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

8.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 8.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

Frequency (MHz)	Position	SAR	Target (W/kg)	Measurement data (W/kg)	Variation	Measurement Date
	Head	SAR (1g)	52.7	52.1	-1.1 %	Mar. 12, 2009
0.450		SAR (10g)	24.5	24.3	-0.8 %	Mai. 12, 2009
2450 -	Dody	SAR (1g)	52.5	49.2	-6.3 %	Mor 12 2000
	Body	SAR (10g)	24.4	23	-5.7 %	Mar. 13, 2009

Table 8.1 Target and Measurement Data Comparison

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 24 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01

9. Description for DUT Testing Position

This DUT was tested in six different positions. They are right cheek, right tilted, left cheek, left tilted, face with 1.5 cm Gap and bottom with 1.5 cm Gap as illustrated below: (Please refer to Appendix E for the test setup photos.)

1) "Cheek Position"

- i) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- ii) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 9.1).

2) "Tilted Position"

- i) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above
- ii) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (sees Fig. 9.2).

3) "Body Worn"

- i) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- ii) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- iii) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1.5 cm.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

TEL: 886-3-327-3456

Page Number : 25 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01

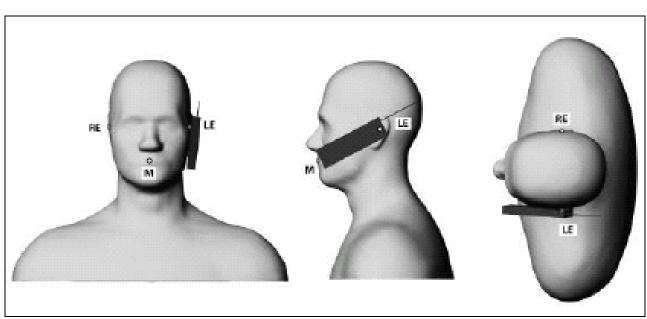


Fig. 9.1 Phone Position 1, "Cheek" or "Touch" Position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the plane for phone positioning, are indicated.

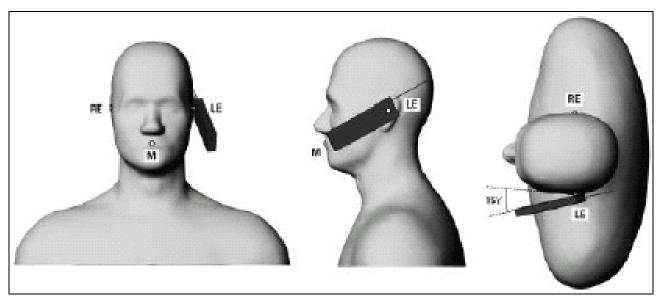


Fig. 9.2 Phone Position 2, "Tilted Position". The reference point for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE) and mouth (M), which define the plane for phone positioning, are indicated.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 26 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



10. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

- Using engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx)
- \triangleright Measuring output power through RF cable and power meter
- \triangleright Placing the DUT in the positions described in the last section
- Setting scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY5 software \triangleright
- Taking data

According to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- \triangleright Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan \triangleright
- Power reference measurement

10.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 27 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

Report Version : Rev. 01



10.2 Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 1 g.

10.3SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY5, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 28 of 30
Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01



11. SAR Test Results

11.1 Conducted Power

Band Data Rate	802.11b (dBm)	802.11g (dBm)		
Channel	1 Mbps	6 Mbps		
1	8.49	8.31		
6	8.48	8.12		
11	8.56	8.23		

11.2 Test Records for Head SAR Test

Position	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Right Cheek	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.018	1.6	Pass
Right Tilted	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.016	1.6	Pass
Left Cheek	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.034	1.6	Pass
Left Tilted	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.00951	1.6	Pass

11.3 Test Records for Body SAR Test

Position	Band	Chan.	Freq. (MHz)	Modulation Type	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Face with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.00767	1.6	Pass
Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap	802.11b	11	2462	DSSS	0.055	1.6	Pass

11.4 Volume Scan

Position	Mode	Channel	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Multi Band 1g SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Result
Right Cheek	GSM1900	9262	0.736	0.752	1.6	Pass
	802.11b	11	0.020	0.732		

Test Engineer: A-Rod Chen, and Robert Liu

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Page Number : 29 of 30 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009

Report No.: FA930301B

: Rev. 01 Report Version

12. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

Report No.: FA930301B

- [2] IEEE Std. P1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", April 21, 2003
- [3] Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), "Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to RF Emissions", June 2001
- [4] IEEE Std. C95.1-1999, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", 1999
- [5] Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148
- [6] DASY5 System Handbook
- [7] KDB 248227 r1.2, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11abg Transmitters", May 2007
- [8] KDB 648474 D01 v01r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas", Sept 2008

 SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
 Page Number
 : 30 of 30

 TEL: 886-3-327-3456
 Report Issued Date
 : Mar. 19, 2009

 FAX: 886-3-328-4978
 Report Version
 : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Appendix A - System Performance Check Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

System Check_Head_2450MHz_090312

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.83 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 22.2; Liquid Temperature: 21.5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Front; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

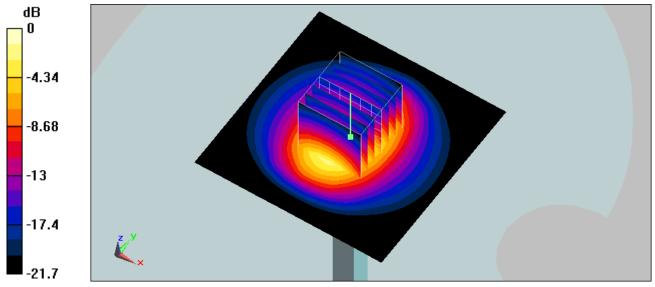
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.93 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00241 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.43 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.78 mW/g



0 dB = 5.78 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456

FAX: 886-3-328-4978

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009 Report Version : Rev. 01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/13

System Check_Body_2450MHz_090313

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.96 mho/m; ε_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA930301B

Ambient Temperature: 22.1; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(3.98, 3.98, 3.98); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Back; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

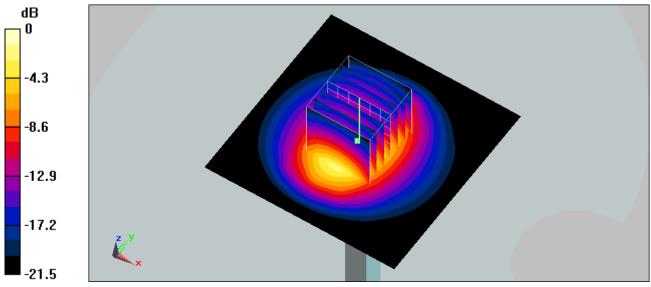
Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.7 mW/g

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.92 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.52 mW/g



0 dB = 5.52 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01
FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Appendix B - SAR Measurement Data

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

Right Cheek 802.11b Ch11

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA930301B

Ambient Temperature: 22.2; Liquid Temperature: 21.5

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.022 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.041 W/kg

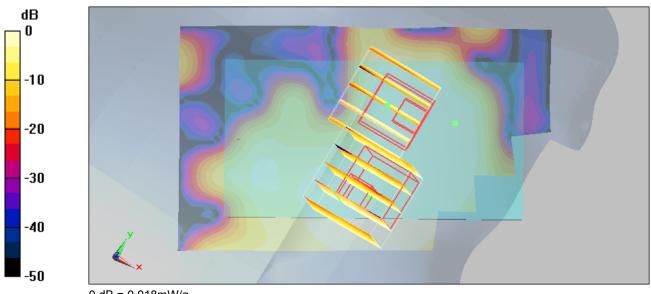
SAR(1 g) = 0.018 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.019 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.101 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.029 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.015 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00864 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.018 mW/g



0 dB = 0.018 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

Right Tilted_802.11b Ch11

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5

Report No.: FA930301B

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

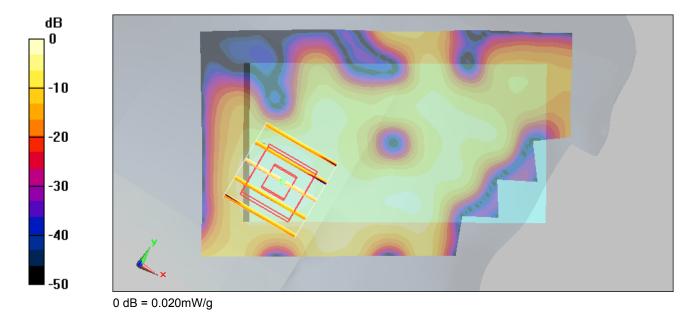
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.184 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.032 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00773 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.020 mW/g



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

Left Cheek_802.11b Ch11

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5

Report No.: FA930301B

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

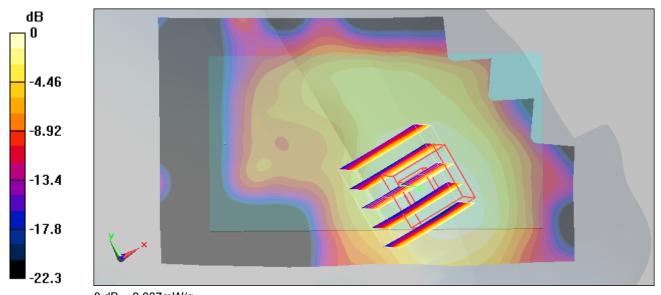
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.037 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.145 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.074 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



0 dB = 0.037 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

Left Tilted_802.11b Ch11

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5

Report No.: FA930301B

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

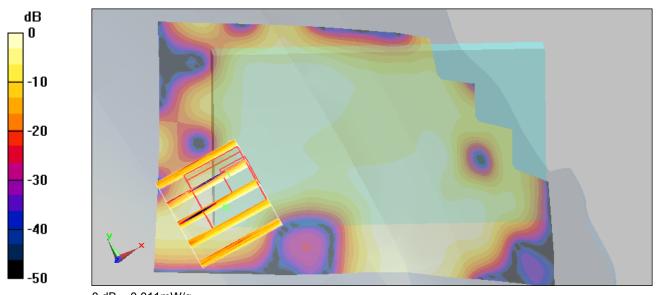
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.017 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.113 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.016 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00385 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.011 mW/g



0 dB = 0.011 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/13

Body_802.11b Ch11_Face with 1.5 cm Gap

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA930301B

Ambient Temperature: 22.1; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(3.98, 3.98, 3.98); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Back; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

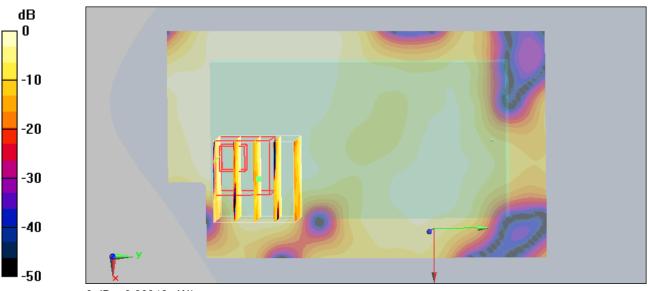
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.011 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.183 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00767 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.004 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00948 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00948 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009
FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version: Rev. 01
FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/13

Body_802.11b Ch11_Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; $\sigma = 1.98$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 51.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Report No.: FA930301B

Ambient Temperature: 22.1; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(3.98, 3.98, 3.98); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Back; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

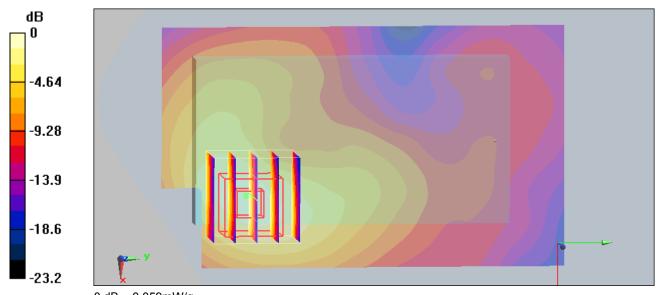
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.058 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.112 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



0 dB = 0.059 mW/g

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/12

Left Cheek_802.11b Ch11_2D

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.84 mho/m; ϵ_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m³ Ambient Temperature : 22.3 ; Liquid Temperature : 21.5

Report No.: FA930301B

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(4.68, 4.68, 4.68); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12

- Phantom: SAM - Front; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1446

- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

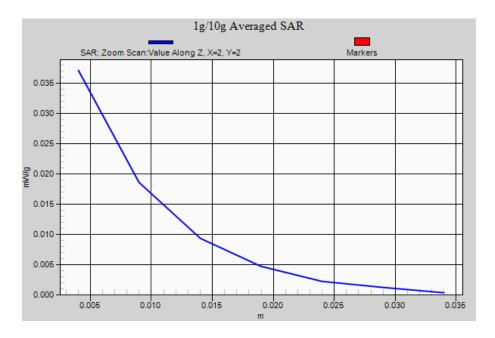
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.037 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.145 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.074 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/gMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.037 mW/g



TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date: Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01

FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2009/3/13

Body_802.11b Ch11_Bottom with 1.5 cm Gap_2D

DUT: 930301

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.98 mho/m; ϵ_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Report No.: FA930301B

Ambient Temperature: 22.1; Liquid Temperature: 21.2

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1788; ConvF(3.98, 3.98, 3.98); Calibrated: 2008/9/23

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2008/11/12
- Phantom: SAM-Back; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1383
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ch11/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

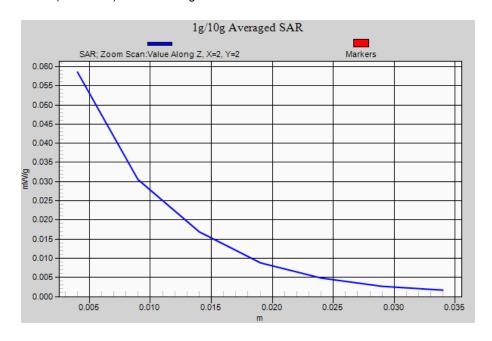
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.058 mW/g

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.79 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.112 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.055 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 Report Version : Rev. 01



Appendix C - Calibration Data

Please refer to the calibration certificates of DASY as below.

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.

TEL: 886-3-327-3456 FAX: 886-3-328-4978 FCC ID: DGIBC0338AAA000 Report Issued Date : Mar. 19, 2009
Report Version : Rev. 01