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Measured Radio Frequency Emissions From

Lamson & Sessions Transmitter Model(s): RC3922T

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#### Summary

Tests for compliance with FCC Regulations Part 15, Subpart C, and Industry Canada RSS-210/GEN, were performed on Lamson & Sessions model(s) RC3922T. This device is subject to the Rules and Regulations as a Transmitter.

In testing completed on August 2, 2006, the device tested in the worst case met the allowed FCC specifications for radiated emissions by 2.7 dB (see p. 6). Besides harmonics, there were no other significant spurious emissions found; emissions from digital circuitry were negligible. The conducted emission tests do not apply, since the device is powered from two 3 VDC batteries.

#### 1. Introduction

Lamson & Sessions model RC3922T was tested for compliance with FCC Regulations, Part 15, adopted under Docket 87-389, April 18, 1989 as subsequently amended, and with Industry Canada RSS-210/Gen, Issue 6, September 2005. The tests were performed at the University of Michigan Radiation Laboratory Willow Run Test Range following the procedures described in ANSI C63.4-2003 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The Site description and attenuation characteristics of the Open Area Tes Site are on file with FCC Laboratory, Columbia, Maryland (FCC Reg. No: 91050) and with Industry Canada, Ottawa, ON (File Ref. No: IC 2057).

# 2. Test Procedure and Equipment Used

The pertinent test equipment commonly used in our facility for measurements is listed in Table 2.1 below. The middle column identifies the specific equipment used in these tests.

Table 2.1 Test Equipment.

| <b>Test Instrument</b>             | Eqpt. Used | Manufacturer/Model                     |
|------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Spectrum Analyzer (0.1-1500 MHz)   |            | Hewlett-Packard, 182T/8558B            |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-22GHz)     | X          | Hewlett-Packard 8593A SN: 3107A01358   |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26GHz)     | X          | Hewlett-Packard 8593E, SN: 3412A01131  |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26GHz)     |            | Hewlett-Packard 8563E, SN: 3310A01174  |
| Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-40GHz)     |            | Hewlett-Packard 8564E, SN: 3745A01031  |
| Power Meter                        |            | Hewlett-Packard, 432A                  |
| Power Meter                        |            | Anritsu, ML4803A/MP                    |
| Harmonic Mixer (26-40 GHz)         |            | Hewlett-Packard 11970A, SN: 3003A08327 |
| Harmonic Mixer (40-60 GHz)         |            | Hewlett-Packard 11970U, SN: 2332A00500 |
| Harmonic Mixer (75-110 GHz)        |            | Hewlett-Packard 11970W, SN: 2521A00179 |
| Harmonic Mixer (140-220 GHz)       |            | Pacific Millimeter Prod., GMA, SN: 26  |
| S-Band Std. Gain Horn              |            | S/A, Model SGH-2.6                     |
| C-Band Std. Gain Horn              |            | University of Michigan, NRL design     |
| XN-Band Std. Gain Horn             |            | University of Michigan, NRL design     |
| X-Band Std. Gain Horn              |            | S/A, Model 12-8.2                      |
| X-band horn (8.2- 12.4 GHz)        |            | Narda 640                              |
| X-band horn (8.2- 12.4 GHz)        |            | Scientific Atlanta, 12-8.2, SN: 730    |
| K-band horn (18-26.5 GHz)          |            | FXR, Inc., K638KF                      |
| Ka-band horn (26.5-40 GHz)         |            | FXR, Inc., U638A                       |
| U-band horn (40-60 GHz)            |            | Custom Microwave, HO19                 |
| W-band horn(75-110 GHz)            |            | Custom Microwave, HO10                 |
| G-band horn (140-220 GHz)          |            | Custom Microwave, HO5R                 |
| Bicone Antenna (30-250 MHz)        | X          | University of Michigan, RLBC-1         |
| Bicone Antenna (200-1000 MHz)      | X          | University of Michigan, RLBC-2         |
| Dipole Antenna Set (30-1000 MHz)   | X          | University of Michigan, RLDP-1,-2,-3   |
| Dipole Antenna Set (30-1000 MHz)   |            | EMCO 2131C, SN: 992                    |
| Active Rod Antenna (30 Hz-50 MHz)  |            | EMCO 3301B, SN: 3223                   |
| Active Loop Antenna (30 Hz-50 MHz) |            | EMCO 6502, SN:2855                     |
| Ridge-horn Antenna (300-5000 MHz)  | X          | University of Michigan                 |
| Amplifier (5-1000 MHz)             | X          | Avantak, A11-1, A25-1S                 |
| Amplifier (5-4500 MHz)             | X          | Avantak                                |
| Amplifier (4.5-13 GHz)             |            | Avantek, AFT-12665                     |
| Amplifier (6-16 GHz)               |            | Trek                                   |
| Amplifier (16-26 GHz)              |            | Avantek                                |
| LISN Box                           |            | University of Michigan                 |
| Signal Generator                   |            | Hewlett-Packard 8657B                  |

## 3. Configuration and Identification of Device Under Test

The DUT is a 315 MHz transmitter, 5.4 x 1.7 x 3.2 inches in size. Once activated, the micro sends out a pulse-position encoded word to the Atmel U2745 RFIC, which generates 315MHz using a 9.8745MHZ crystal, functioning in the ASK mode. The modulated bits are unique to the receiver and contain address bits, song bits, and more. The RF section employs a PCB track loop antenna. The DUT was designed and manufactured by Lamson & Sessions, 25701 Science Park Drive, Cleveland, Ohio 44122. It is identified as:

Lamson & Sessions Transmitter

Model: RC3922T

FCC ID: DE4-RC3922T IC: 2998A-RC3922T

## 3.2 Models

Only one model of the device was provided for testing.

## 3.3 Modes of Operation

The DUT has only one mode of operation, and is manually activated. The device ceases to transmit within 5 seconds of deactivation. See Figure 6.1.

#### 3.3 EMI/EMC Relevant Modifications

There were no modifications made to the DUT by this laboratory. However, an engineer from Lamson made circuit modification to the DUT during pre-testing to bring emissions into compliance.

#### 4. Emission Limits

The DUT tested falls under the category of an Intentional Radiators and the Digital Devices. For FCC, it is subject to Part 15, Subpart C, (Section 15.231(a-c), 15.209), and Subpart A, (Section 15.33). For Industry Canada it is subject to RSS-210 (Section 2.6 and 2.7). The applicable testing frequencies with corresponding emission limits are given in Tables 4.1 and 4.2 below.

## **4.1 Radiated Emission Limits**

Table 4.1. Radiated Emission Limits (FCC: 15.33, 15.35, 15.209; IC: RSS-210, 2.7 Table 2). (Digital Class B)

| Freq. (MHz) | $E_{lim}$ (3m) $\mu$ V/m | $E_{lim} dB(\mu V/m)$ |
|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 30-88       | 100                      | 40.0                  |
| 88-216      | 150                      | 43.5                  |
| 216-960     | 200                      | 46.0                  |
| 960-2000    | 500                      | 54.0                  |

Note: Average readings apply above 1000 MHz (1 MHz BW)

Quasi-Peak readings apply to 1000 MHz (120 kHz BW)

Table 4.2. Radiated Emission Limits (FCC: 15.231(b), 15.205(a); IC: RSS-210; 2.7 Table 4). (Transmitter)

| Frequency  | Fundar<br>Ave. E <sub>li</sub> |           | Spurious** Ave. E <sub>lim</sub> (3m) |           |  |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| (MHz)  | (µV/m)                         | dB (μV/m) | (µV/m)                                | dB (μV/m) |  |
| 260.0-470.0  | 3750-12500*                    |           | 375-1250                              | •         |  |
| 315  | 6042                           | 75.6      | 604.2                                 | 55.6      |  |
| 433.9  | 10966                          | 80.8      | 1096.6                                | 60.8      |  |
| 322-335.4<br>399.9-410<br>608-614  | Restricted<br>Bands            |           | 200                                   | 46.0      |  |
| 960-1240/1427(IC)<br>1300-1427<br>1435-1626.5<br>1645.5-1646.5 (IC)<br>1660-1710<br>1718.9-1722.2<br>2200-2300 | Restricted<br>Bands            |           | 500                                   | 54.0      |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Linear interpolation, formula: E = -7083 + 41.67\*f (MHz)

## 4.3 Exemptions

None.

## **4.4 Power Line Conducted Emission Limits**

The power line conducted emission limits and tests do not apply here, as the DUT is powered by a 6 VDC battery.

## 4.5 Supply Voltage Variation

Measurements of the variation in the fundamental radiated emission shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated value. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

#### 5. Test Procedures

## 5.1 Semi-Anechoic Chamber Radiated Emission Testing

To become familiar with the emission behavior of the DUT, the DUT was first studied and measured in a shielded semi-anechoic chamber. In the chamber is set-up similar to that of an outdoor 3-meter site, with a turntable, antenna mast, and a ground plane. Instrumentation includes spectrum analyzers and other equipment as needed.

In testing for radiated emissions, a transmitter was provided by the manufacturer that is capable of repeated emissions. It was placed on the test table flat, on its side, and on its end. In the chamber we studied and recorded all the emissions using a Bicone antenna up to 300 MHz and a ridged horn antenna above 200 MHz. The measurements made in the chamber below 1 GHz are used for pre-test evaluation only. The measurements made above 1 GHz are used in pre-test evaluation and in final compliance assessment. We note that for the horn antenna, the antenna pattern is directive and the measurement is essentially that of free space (no ground reflection). Consequently, it is not essential to measure the DUT for both antenna polarizations, as long as the DUT is measured on all three of its major axis. In the chamber we also recorded the spectrum and modulation characteristics of the carrier. These data are presented in subsequent sections.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Measure up to tenth harmonic; 120 kHz BW up to 1 GHz, 1 MHz BW above 1 GHz

## 5.2 Open Area Test Site (OATS) Radiated Emission Testing

After the chamber measurements are complete, emissions are re-measured on the outdoor 3-meter open area test site at the fundamental and harmonics up to 1 GHz using tuned dipoles and/or a high frequency biconical antenna. The DUT is placed on the test table flat, on its side, and on its end, and worst case emissions are recorded. Photographs included in this filing show the DUT on the OATS.

#### **5.3** Field Calculation for Radiated Emission Measurements

To convert the dBm's measured on the spectrum analyzer to  $dB(\mu V/m)$ , we use expression

$$E_3(dB\mu V/m) = 107 + P_R + K_A - K_G$$

P<sub>R</sub> = power recorded on spectrum analyzer, dB, measured at 3m

 $K_A$  = antenna factor, dB/m

K<sub>G</sub> = pre-amplifier gain, including cable loss, dB

When presenting the data, at each frequency the highest measured emission under all of the possible orientations is given. Computations and results are given in Table 5.1. There we see that the DUT meets the limit by 2.7 dB.

#### **5.4 Power Line Conducted Emission Testing**

These tests do not apply, since the DUT is powered from a 6 VDC battery.

#### 6. Test Results

where

## **6.1 Correction For Pulse Operation**

When the transmitter is activated (by button press), it will, in the worst case, transmit 4 words of pulse position modulated (PPM) ASK data, with period of 401.25 ms for a total transmission time of 1.575 seconds. A single PPM word consists of 200 ms of high data rate 0.150 ms pulses with 1.120 ms period, followed by two sets of twelve 0.550 ms pulses with 1.588 ms lead-in pulses. Within any given 100 ms window, the worst case on time occurs in the first dataset. See Figure 6.1. Computing the duty factor results in:

$$K_E = 0.150 \text{ ms} / 1.120 \text{ ms} = 0.13 \text{ or } 17.5 \text{ dB}.$$
  
 $K_E = (2 \text{ x } 1.588 \text{ ms} + 13 \text{ x } 0.550 \text{ ms}) / 100 \text{ ms} = 0.10 \text{ or } -19.7 \text{ dB}.$  (not used)

### **6.2 Emission Spectrum**

Using the ridge-horn antenna and DUT placed in its aperture, emission spectrum was recorded and is shown in Figure 6.2. We note that in scanning from 30 MHz to 4.5 GHz using Bicone and the ridge horn antennas, there were no other significant spurious emissions observed.

## 6.3 Bandwidth of the Emission Spectrum

The measured spectrum of the signal is shown in Figure 6.3. The allowed (-20 dB, 99%) bandwidth is 0.25% of 315 MHz, or 787.25 kHz. From the plot we see that the -20 dB bandwidth is 140.0 kHz, and the center frequency is 315.0 MHz.

# 6.4 Effect of Supply Voltage Variation and Test Battery Voltages

The DUT has been designed to be powered by a 6 VDC battery. For this test, the battery was replaced by a laboratory variable power supply. Relative power radiated was measured at the fundamental as the voltage was varied from 3 to 8 volts. The emission variation is shown in Figure 6.4.

Batteries: before testing,  $V_{oc} = 5.7 \text{ V}$  (max LiIon Voltage), after testing  $V_{oc} = 5.4 \text{ V}$ 

Ave. current from batteries: I = 13.8 mA (pulsed)

**Table 5.1 Highest Emissions Measured** 

| Radiated Emission - RF Lamson RC3922T; FC |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             | Lamson RC3922T; FCC/IC |        |          |
|---|--------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|------------------------|--------|----------|
|   | Freq.  | Ant. | Ant. | Pr      | Det.    | Ka      | Kg      | E3*         | E3lim                  | Pass   |          |
| #   | MHz    | Used | Pol. | dBm     | Used    | dB/m    | dB      | $dB\muV/m$  | $dB\mu V/m$            | dB     | Comments |
| 1   | 315.0  | Dip  | Н    | -12.5   | Pk      | 18.6    | 22.7    | 72.9        | 75.6                   | 2.7    | flat     |
| 2   | 315.0  | Dip  | V    | -15.6   | Pk      | 18.6    | 22.7    | 69.8        | 75.6                   | 5.8    | end      |
| 3   | 630.0  | Dip  | Н    | -45.1   | Pk      | 24.4    | 19.6    | 49.1        | 55.6                   | 6.5    | flat     |
| 4   | 630.0  | Dip  | V    | -47.9   | Pk      | 24.4    | 19.6    | 46.3        | 55.6                   | 9.3    | end      |
| 5   | 945.0  | Dip  | Н    | -60.9   | Pk      | 28.8    | 17.7    | 39.7        | 55.6                   | 15.9   | side     |
| 6   | 945.0  | Dip  | V    | -64.0   | Pk      | 28.8    | 17.7    | 36.6        | 55.6                   | 19.0   | end      |
| 7   | 1260.0 | Horn | Н    | -48.8   | Pk      | 20.6    | 28.0    | 33.3        | 54.0                   | 20.7   | flat     |
| 8   | 1575.0 | Horn | Н    | -49.0   | Pk      | 21.5    | 28.0    | 34.0        | 54.0                   | 20.0   | flat     |
| 9   | 1890.0 | Horn | Н    | -51.0   | Pk      | 22.2    | 28.0    | 32.7        | 55.6                   | 22.9   | side     |
| 10  | 2205.0 | Horn | Н    | -59.5   | Pk      | 23.0    | 28.1    | 24.9        | 54.0                   | 29.1   | flat     |
| 11  | 2520.0 | Horn | Н    | -60.4   | Pk      | 23.9    | 28.3    | 24.7        | 55.6                   | 31.0   | flat     |
| 12  | 2835.0 | Horn | Н    | -58.7   | Pk      | 24.8    | 28.2    | 27.4        | 54.0                   | 26.6   | flat     |
| 13  | 3150.0 | Horn | Н    | -64.2   | Pk      | 25.8    | 27.9    | 23.2        | 55.6                   | 32.4   | flat     |
| 14  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 15  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 16  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 17  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 18  |        |      |      |         |         | * Incl  | udes17. | 5 dB duty f | actor                  |        |          |
| 19  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 20  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 21  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 22  |        |      |      | Digital | emissio | ns more | than 20 | dB below l  | FCC/IC Clas            | s B Li | nit.     |
| 23  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 24  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 25  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 26  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |
| 27  |        |      |      |         |         |         |         |             |                        |        |          |

|   | Conducted Emissions |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|---|---------------------|------|------|-------|------|------|----------|--|--|
|   | Freq.               | Line | Det. | Vtest | Vlim | Pass |          |  |  |
| # | MHz                 | Side | Used | dΒμV  | dΒμV | dB   | Comments |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   | Not applicable      |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |
|   |                     |      |      |       |      |      |          |  |  |

Meas. 04/05,20/06; U of Mich.

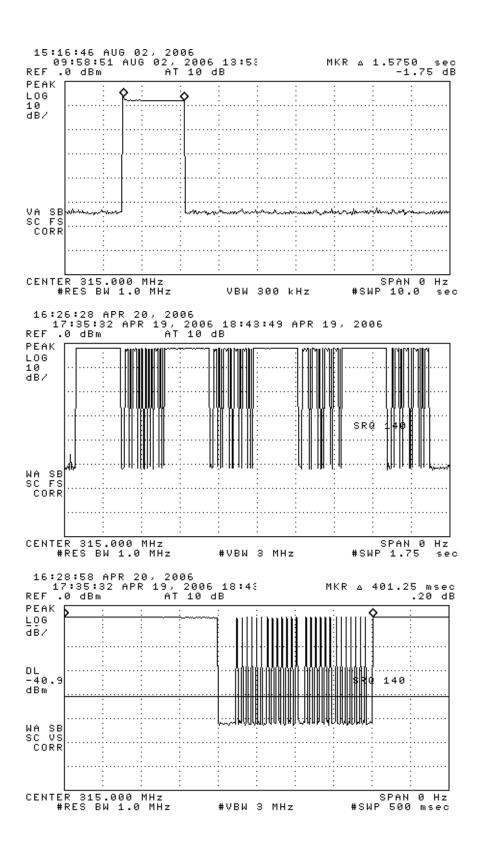


Figure 6.1(a). Transmissions modulation characteristics: (top) complete transmission, (center) expanded transmission, (bottom) expanded period.

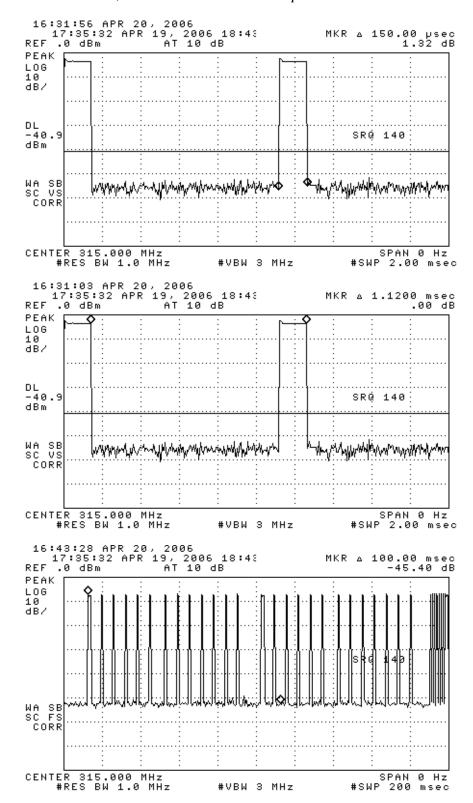


Figure 6.1(b). Transmissions modulation characteristics: (top) first half pulse width, (center) first half pulse period, (bottom) second half worst case window.

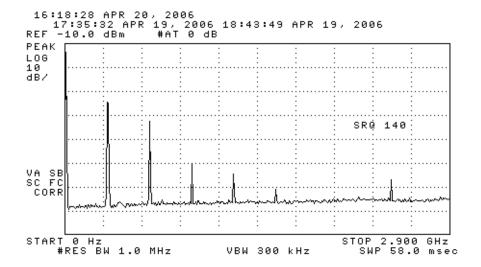


Figure 6.2. Emission spectrum of the DUT (pulsed emission). The amplitudes are only indicative (not calibrated).

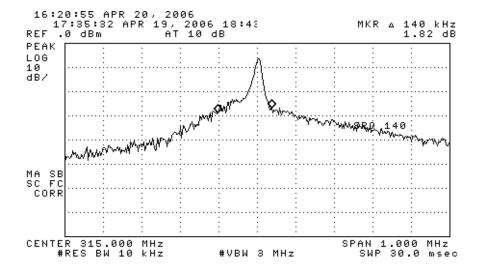


Figure 6.3. Measured bandwidth of the DUT (pulsed emission).

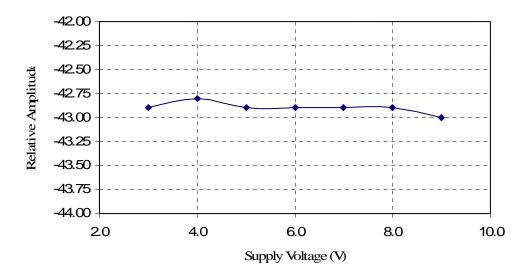


Figure 6.5. Relative emission at 315.0 MHz vs. supply voltage (pulsed emission).



DUT on OATS



DUT on OATS (close-up)