



JRC
JHM-875S35J
Digital Mobile Radio

MANUAL REVISION HISTORY

REV	DATE	REASON FOR CHANGE
-	Nov/08	Initial Release.

JRC Technical Publications would particularly appreciate feedback on any errors found in this document and suggestions on how the document could be improved. Submit your comments and suggestions to:

JRC or fax your comments to: +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX

Japan Radio Co.,Ltd.

or e-mail us at: <http://www.jrc.co.jp>

1-1, Shimorenjaku 5 Chome,
Mitaka-shi, Tokyo 181-8510, Japan

CREDITS

This device is made under license under one or more of the following US patents: 4,590,473; 4,636,791; 5,148,482; 5,185,796; 5,271,017; 5,377,229; 4,716,407; 4,972,460; 5,502,767; 5,146,497; 5,164,986; 5,185,795.

The voice coding technology embodied in this product is protected by intellectual property rights including patent rights, copyrights, and trade secrets of Digital Voice Systems, Inc. The user of this technology is explicitly prohibited from attempting to decompile, reverse engineer, or disassemble the Object Code, or in any other way convert the Object Code into human-readable form. OpenSky are registered trademarks of M/A-COM. ProVoice is a trademark of M/A-COM

All other brand and product names are trademarks, registered trademarks or service marks of their respective holders.

NOTICE!



This product conforms to the European Union WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC. Do not dispose of this product in a public landfill. Take it to a recycling center at the end of its life.

This manual covers JRC products manufactured and sold by **JRC**.

Repairs to this equipment should be made only by an authorized service technician or facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs, alterations or substitutions of recommended parts made by the user to this equipment not approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment in addition to the manufacturer's warranty.

This manual is published by **JRC**, without any warranty. Improvements and changes to this manual necessitated by typographical errors, inaccuracies of current information, or improvements to programs and/or equipment, may be made by **JRC**, at any time and without notice. Such changes will be incorporated into new editions of this manual. No part of this manual may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, for any purpose, without the express written permission of **JRC**.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
1 SAFETY SYMBOL CONVENTION	9
2 RF ENERGY EXPOSURE INFORMATION	11
2.1 RF ENERGY EXPOSURE AWARENESS, CONTROL INFORMATION, AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FCC OCCUPATIONAL USE REQUIREMENTS	11
2.1.1 Federal Communications Commission Regulations.....	12
2.2 COMPLIANCE WITH RF EXPOSURE STANDARDS	12
2.2.1 Mobile Antennas (Vehicle Installations)	13
2.2.2 Approved Accessories	13
2.2.3 Contact Information.....	14
3 OPERATION SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS	15
3.1 TRANSMITTER HAZARDS	15
3.2 SAFE DRIVING RECOMMENDATIONS.....	16
4 OPERATING RULES AND REGULATIONS	17
4.1 OPERATING TIPS	18
5 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	19
5.1 REMOTE CONTROL HEAD OPERATION.....	20
6 CHANGE OPERATING MODE	21
6.1 CHANGE FROM OTP MODE.....	21
6.2 CHANGE TO OTP MODE.....	21
7 OPENSKY OPERATION	23
7.1 NCE-5341 FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS.....	23
7.2 POWER UP AND VOLUME CONTROL	25
7.2.1 Power Up	25
7.2.2 Volume Control	25
7.3 SELF-TEST.....	25
7.4 LOGIN TO THE NETWORK	25
7.5 LOG OFF THE NETWORK.....	26
7.6 TURNING THE RADIO OFF	26
7.7 MENU DISPLAY AND CONTROL AREA	26
7.8 RADIO STATUS ICONS	27
7.9 DWELL DISPLAY	27
7.10 PERSONALITY	28
7.10.1 Profiles.....	28
7.10.2 Talk Groups	29
7.11 ALERT TONES	30
7.12 BASIC MENU STRUCTURE	31
7.13 CHANGING THE ACTIVE PROFILE	33
7.14 CHECKING OR CHANGING THE SELECTED TALK GROUP.....	33
7.15 ADJUSTING DISPLAY AND BUTTON BACKLIGHT BRIGHTNESS.....	34
7.16 STEALTH MODE	34
7.16.1 Enabling Stealth Mode	34
7.16.2 Disabling Stealth Mode	34
7.17 ADJUSTING SIDE TONE AUDIO LEVEL.....	35

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
7.18 CHANGE OPERATING MODE.....	35
7.19 RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING VOICE CALLS.....	36
7.19.1 Receiving a Voice Call	36
7.19.2 Transmitting a Voice Call.....	36
7.20 ADJUSTING AUDIO TREBLE LEVEL	37
7.21 INTERCOM MODE	38
7.22 TALK GROUP LOCK OUT.....	38
7.22.1 Lock Out a Talk Group.....	39
7.22.2 Unlock a Talk Group	39
7.23 SCANNING	40
7.23.1 Checking or Changing Active Scan Mode	40
7.23.2 Scanning Priority	41
7.24 MAKING SELECTIVE CALLS	41
7.24.1 Speed Dialing a Selective Call	42
7.24.2 Receiving a Selective Call	42
7.24.3 Terminating a Selective Call	42
7.25 SELECTIVE ALERT	43
7.25.1 Sending Selective Alert Messages	43
7.25.2 Receiving Messages.....	44
7.25.3 Defining Pre-Programmed Messages	44
7.26 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS	45
7.26.1 Declaring an Emergency Call or Alert	45
7.26.2 Silent Emergency.....	46
7.26.3 Clearing an Emergency Call or Alert	46
7.26.4 Receiving an Emergency Call	47
7.26.5 Dismissing an Emergency Call.....	47
7.27 ENCRYPTION	48
7.27.1 Automatic Encryption.....	48
7.28 PRESET BUTTONS	48
7.29 DYNAMIC REGROUPING	49
7.30 GPS COORDINATES	49
8 P25/CONVENTIONAL COMMON OPERATION	51
8.1 NCE-5341 FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS.....	51
8.1.1 Primary Functions (Quick Access)	53
8.2 TURNING THE RADIO ON.....	53
8.3 SELECTION MODE RULES	53
8.4 FEATURE ENCRYPTION DISPLAY	55
8.4.1 Serial Number ROM (12 Hex Digits).....	55
8.4.2 Feature Encryption Data Stream.....	55
8.4.3 Features Enabled.....	56
8.5 SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL SELECTION.....	58
8.5.1 System Selection.....	58
8.5.2 Group and Channel Selection	58
8.6 LAST SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL RECALL.....	59
8.7 DIGITAL VOICE OPERATION (PROVOICE)	59
8.7.1 Voice Modes.....	59

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
8.7.2 Clear Modes.....	59
8.7.3 ProVoice Digital Mode.....	60
8.7.4 ProVoice Private Mode	61
8.7.5 Private Operation	62
8.7.6 Conventional Operation.....	63
8.8 MACRO KEY OPERATION	63
9 CONVENTIONAL OPERATION	65
9.1 RADIO STATUS ICONS	65
9.2 MESSAGES	66
9.3 ALERT TONES	68
9.4 MENU.....	69
9.5 RECEIVING A CALL	73
9.6 SENDING A CALL	73
9.7 EMERGENCY OPERATION	74
9.7.1 Using 5-Tone Signaling to Declare an Emergency	74
9.7.2 Tone Encode Transmission.....	75
9.8 SCANNING CONVENTIONAL CHANNELS	75
9.8.1 Adding Channels to a Scan List.....	76
9.8.2 Deleting Channels From A Scan List	76
9.8.3 Nuisance Delete	76
9.9 TURNING SCAN ON	77
9.10 TURNING SCAN OFF.....	77
9.11 SQUELCH ADJUST	77
9.11.1 Menu Selection	78
9.11.2 Pre-Programmed Keypad Key	78
9.12 TYPE 99 DECODE.....	79
9.12.1 Menu Selection	79
9.12.2 Pre-Programmed Keypad Key	79
9.13 DIRECT MODE OPERATION	80
10 P25 CONVENTIONAL OPERATION.....	81
10.1 RADIO STATUS ICONS	81
10.2 MESSAGES	82
10.3 ALERT TONES	85
10.4 MENU.....	86
10.5 GROUP CALLS IN P25 MODE	90
10.5.1 Transmitting a Group Call	90
10.5.2 Receiving a Group Call	90
10.6 INDIVIDUAL CALLS IN P25 MODE	91
10.6.1 Transmitting an Individual Call.....	91
10.6.2 Receiving an Individual Call	91
10.7 EMERGENCY GROUP CALLS IN P25 MODE.....	92
10.7.1 Declaring an Emergency Group Call.....	92
10.7.2 Receiving an Emergency Group Call	92
11 BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING	93

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<i>Page</i>
12 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE	95
13 KEYPAD REMAPPING	97
14 RADIO SETUP	99

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FIGURES	
Figure 7-1: Scan Model	23
Figure 7-2: Typical Display.....	27
Figure 7-3: Personality Structure Example	28
Figure 8-1: Scan Model	51
Figure 9-1: Typical Display.....	65
Figure 10-1: Typical Display.....	81
 TABLES	
Table 2-1: Rated Power and Recommended Minimum Safe Lateral Distance (Vehicle Installations).....	13
Table 7-1: Front Panel Default Controls and Functions	24
Table 7-2: Icons and Descriptions	27
Table 7-3: JHM-875S35J OpenSky Mode Alert Tones	30
Table 7-4: Basic Menu Structure.....	31
Table 7-5: Scan Modes	40
Table 7-6: Status of Selective Alert.....	44
Table 8-1: Front Panel Default Controls and Functions	52
Table 8-2: Available Feature Numbers	57
Table 8-3: Transmit/Receive Mode Compatibility for ProVoice Operation	59
Table 8-4: Current Cryptographic Key Display	61
Table 9-1: Icons and Descriptions	65
Table 9-2: Display Messages.....	66
Table 9-3: JHM-875S35J Alert Tones.....	68
Table 9-4: Menu Item Information.....	70
Table 10-1: Icons and Descriptions	81
Table 10-2: Display Messages.....	82
Table 10-3: JHM-875S35J Alert Tones.....	85
Table 10-4: Menu Item Information.....	87
Table 11-1: Basic Troubleshooting	93

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

1 SAFETY SYMBOL CONVENTION

The following conventions are used throughout this manual to alert the user to general safety precautions that must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this product. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the product. JRC assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these standards.



The **WARNING** symbol calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a **WARNING** symbol until the conditions identified are fully understood or met.



The **CAUTION** symbol calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not performed correctly or adhered to, could result in a risk of danger, damage to the equipment, or severely degrade the equipment performance.



The **NOTE** symbol calls attention to supplemental information, which may improve system performance or clarify a process or procedure.



The **ESD** symbol calls attention to procedures, practices, or the like, which could expose equipment to the effects of **Electro-Static Discharge**. Proper precautions must be taken to prevent ESD when handling circuit modules.

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

2 RF ENERGY EXPOSURE INFORMATION

2.1 RF ENERGY EXPOSURE AWARENESS, CONTROL INFORMATION, AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS FOR FCC OCCUPATIONAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Before using your mobile two-way radio, read this important RF energy awareness and control information and operational instructions to ensure compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines.



NOTE

This radio is intended for use in occupational/controlled conditions, where users have full knowledge of their exposure and can exercise control over their exposure to meet FCC limits. This radio device is NOT authorized for general population, consumer, or any other use.



CAUTION

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by JRC could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This two-way radio uses electromagnetic energy in the radio frequency (RF) spectrum to provide communications between two or more users over a distance. It uses RF energy or radio waves to send and receive calls. RF energy is one form of electromagnetic energy. Other forms include, but are not limited to, electric power, sunlight, and x-rays. RF energy, however, should not be confused with these other forms of electromagnetic energy, which, when used improperly, can cause biological damage. Very high levels of x-rays, for example, can damage tissues and genetic material.

Experts in science, engineering, medicine, health, and industry work with organizations to develop standards for exposure to RF energy. These standards provide recommended levels of RF exposure for both workers and the general public. These recommended RF exposure levels include substantial margins of protection. All two-way radios marketed in North America are designed, manufactured, and tested to ensure they meet government established RF exposure levels. In addition, manufacturers also recommend specific operating instructions to users of two-way radios. These instructions are important because they inform users about RF energy exposure and provide simple procedures on how to control it. Please refer to the following websites for more information on what RF energy exposure is and how to control your exposure to assure compliance with established RF exposure limits.

<http://www.fcc.gov/oet/rfsafety/rf-faqs.html>

<http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/radiofrequencyradiation/index.html>

2.1.1 Federal Communications Commission Regulations

Your JRC JHM-875S35J mobile two-way radio is designed and tested to comply with the FCC RF energy exposure limits for mobile two-way radios before it can be marketed in the United States. When two-way radios are used as a consequence of employment, the FCC requires users to be fully aware of and able to control their exposure to meet occupational requirements. Exposure awareness can be facilitated by the use of a label directing users to specific user awareness information. Your JRC JHM-875S35J two-way radio has an RF exposure product label. Also, your JHM-875S35J Installation and Operator's Manuals include information and operating instructions required to control your RF exposure and to satisfy compliance requirements.

2.2 COMPLIANCE WITH RF EXPOSURE STANDARDS

Your JRC JHM-875S35J mobile two-way radio is designed and tested to comply with a number of national and international standards and guidelines (listed below) regarding human exposure to RF electromagnetic energy. This radio complies with the IEEE and ICNIRP exposure limits for occupational/controlled RF exposure environment at duty factors of up to 50% talk-50% listen and is authorized by the FCC for occupational use. In terms of measuring RF energy for compliance with the FCC exposure guidelines, your radio antenna radiates measurable RF energy only while it is transmitting (talking), not when it is receiving (listening) or in standby mode.

Your JRC JHM-875S35J mobile two-way radio complies with the following RF energy exposure standards and guidelines:

- United States Federal Communications Commission (FCC), Code of Federal Regulations; 47 CFR §§ 2 sub-part J.
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI)/Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-1992.
- Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-1999.



Table 2-1 lists the recommended minimum lateral distance for a controlled environment and for unaware bystanders in an uncontrolled environment, from transmitting types of antennas (i.e., monopoles over a ground plane, or dipoles) at rated radio power for mobile radios installed in a vehicle. Transmit only when unaware bystanders are at least the uncontrolled recommended minimum lateral distance away from the transmitting antenna.

2.2.1 Mobile Antennas (Vehicle Installations)

Table 2-1: Rated Power and Recommended Minimum Safe Lateral Distance (Vehicle Installations)

MOBILE RADIO FREQUENCY SPLIT	ANTENNA P/N	DESCRIPTION	RECOMMENDED SAFE MINIMUM LATERAL DISTANCE FROM TRANSMITTING ANTENNA	
			CONTROLLED (cm)	UNCONTROLLED (cm)
700/800 MHz	WH-900A(3/4)-09	Grounded capacitor 3λ/4 whip antenna, Magnet, Roof top	109	226
700/800 MHz	GB-900B-09	Grounded capacitor λ/4 whip antenna, Garter, Roof side	57	127
700/800 MHz	GB-900A-09	Grounded capacitor λ/4 whip antenna, Garter, Roof side	57	127
700/800 MHz	MCA(3/4)EL	Grounded capacitor λ/4 whip antenna	109	226
700/800 MHz	HSB-900B-1-09	Grounded capacitor λ/4 whip antenna, Stick-on, Roof top	109	226
700/800 MHz	HMG-900B-09	Grounded capacitor 3λ/4 whip antenna, Magnet, Roof top	109	226
700/800 MHz	GB-900A-09	Grounded capacitor λ/4 whip antenna, Magnet, Roof top	109	226

Install the radio's antenna (refer to Table 2-1 for applicable antenna part numbers) in the center of the vehicle's roof. These mobile antenna installation guidelines are limited to metal body motor vehicles or vehicles with appropriate ground planes. The antenna installation should additionally be in accordance with the following:

- The requirements of the antenna manufacturer/supplier included with the antenna.
- Instructions in the JHM-875S35J Radio Installation Manual, including minimum antenna cable lengths.
- The installation manual providing specific information of how to install the antennas to facilitate recommended operating distances to all potentially exposed persons.

Use only the JRC approved/supplied antenna(s) or approved replacement antenna. Unauthorized antennas, modifications, or attachments could damage the radio and may violate FCC regulations.

2.2.2 Approved Accessories

This radio has been tested and meets the FCC RF guidelines when used with the JRC accessories supplied or designated for use with this product. Use of other accessories may not ensure compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, and may violate FCC regulations.

For a list of JRC approved accessories refer to the product manuals, JRC's Products and Services Catalog, or contact JRC at +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX.

2.2.3 Contact Information

For additional information on exposure requirements or other information, contact JRC at +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX or at <http://www.jrc.co.jp>.

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

3 OPERATION SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 TRANSMITTER HAZARDS



The operator of any mobile radio should be aware of certain hazards common to the operation of vehicular radio transmitters. A list of several possible hazards is given:

- **Explosive Atmospheres** – Just as it is dangerous to fuel a vehicle with the motor running, similar hazards exist when operating a mobile radio. Be sure to turn the radio off while fueling a vehicle. Do not carry containers of fuel in the trunk of a vehicle if the radio is mounted in the trunk.
Areas with potentially explosive atmosphere are often, but not always, clearly marked. Turn OFF your radio when in any area with a potentially explosive atmosphere. It is rare, but not impossible that the radio or its accessories could generate sparks.
- **Interference to Vehicular Electronics Systems** – Electronic fuel injection systems, electronic anti-skid braking systems, electronic cruise control systems, etc., are typical electronic systems that can malfunction due to the lack of protection from radio frequency energy present when transmitting. If the vehicle contains such equipment, consult the dealer and enlist their aid in determining the expected performance of electronic circuits when the radio is transmitting.
- **Electric Blasting Caps** – To prevent accidental detonation of electric blasting caps, **DO NOT** use two-way radios within 1000 feet of blasting operations. Always obey the “**Turn off Two-Way Radios**” signs posted where electric blasting caps are being used. (OSHA Standard: 1926-900)
- **Liquefied Petroleum (LP) Gas Powered Vehicles** – Mobile radio installations in vehicles powered by liquefied petroleum gas with the LP gas container in the trunk or other sealed-off space within the interior of the vehicle must conform to the **National Fire Protection Association standard NFPA 58** requiring:
 - The LP gas container and its fittings.
 - Outside filling connections shall be used for the LP gas container.
 - The LP gas container shall be vented to the outside of the vehicle.

3.2 SAFE DRIVING RECOMMENDATIONS

(Recommended by AAA)

- Read the literature on the safe operation of the radio.
- Keep both hands on the steering wheel and the microphone in its hanger whenever the vehicle is in motion.
- Place calls only when the vehicle is stopped.
- When talking from a moving vehicle is unavoidable, drive in the slower lane. Keep conversations brief.
- If a conversation requires taking notes or complex thought, stop the vehicle in a safe place and continue the call.
- Whenever using a mobile radio, exercise caution.

4 OPERATING RULES AND REGULATIONS

Two-way FM radio systems must be operated in accordance with the rules and regulations of the local, regional, or national government.

In the United States, the JHM-875S35J mobile radio must be operated in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). As an operator of two-way radio equipment, you must be thoroughly familiar with the rules that apply to your particular type of radio operation. Following these rules helps eliminate confusion, assures the most efficient use of the existing radio channels, and results in a smoothly functioning radio network.

When using your two-way radio, remember these rules:

- It is a violation of FCC rules to interrupt any distress or emergency message. As your radio operates in much the same way as a telephone “**party line**,” always listen to make sure that the channel is clear before transmitting. Emergency calls have priority over all other messages. If someone is sending an emergency message – such as reporting a fire or asking for help in an accident – **KEEP OFF THE AIR!**
- The use of profane or obscene language is prohibited by Federal law.
- It is against the law to send false call letters or false distress or emergency messages. The FCC requires that you keep conversations brief and confine them to business. To save time, use coded messages whenever possible.
- Using your radio to send personal messages (except in an emergency) is a violation of FCC rules. You may send only those messages that are essential for the operation of your business.
- It is against Federal law to repeat or otherwise make known anything you overhear on your radio. Conversations between others sharing your channel must be regarded as confidential.
- The FCC requires that you identify yourself at certain specific times by means of your call letters. Refer to the rules that apply to your particular type of operation for the proper procedure.
- No changes or adjustments shall be made to the equipment except by an authorized or certified electronics technician.



Under U.S. law, operation of an unlicensed radio transmitter within the jurisdiction of the United States may be punishable by a fine of up to \$10,000, imprisonment for up to two (2) years, or both.

4.1 OPERATING TIPS

The following conditions tend to reduce the effective range of two-way radios and should be avoided whenever possible:

- Operating the radio in areas of low terrain, or while under power lines or bridges.
- Obstructions such as mountains and buildings.
- In areas where transmission or reception is poor, some improvement can be obtained by moving a few yards in another direction or moving to a higher elevation.

5 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The JHM-875S35J mobile is a state-of-the-art radio that operates seamlessly between the 800 MHz frequency band and the 700 MHz frequency band. The JHM-875S35J is designed to meet the critical communications demands of public service users and complies with MIL-STD-810F specifications.

The JHM-875S35J is capable of supporting multiple operating modes, including OpenSky digital operation, P25 digital conventional mode, and conventional analog mode.

The JHM-875S35J uses Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) technology in the OpenSky mode to allow multiple users to share a single RF channel. In addition, a single RF channel can support simultaneous digital voice and data communications.

The JHM-875S35J provides integrated voice and data services. Voice operation is provided using a microphone and speaker included in the radio installation kit. For data transfers, the JHM-875S35J is constructed with an industry-standard RS-232 interface serial port for connecting an optional laptop PC.

A PC, not included with the JHM-875S35J, provides network connectivity through the standard serial (DCE-type) interface.

The JHM-875S35J has an integrated Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver. This allows the JHM-875S35J to fully support the Automatic Vehicular Locator (AVL) for fleet management and dispatch applications.

The OpenSky JHM-875S35J benefits from a flexible, software-based digital radio design. Features and user profiles are software-defined and can be reprogrammed over the air. The optional over-the-air programming feature allows communication protocols to be changed easily and added at any time.

5.1 REMOTE CONTROL HEAD OPERATION

For remote mount installations configured with a NCE-5341 control head, all normal radio operations and interfaces can be handled via the control head connected to the radio unit by a single twisted-pair connection routed through a vehicle. Up to six control units may be attached to a trunk mount radio. Each control head provides a serial access point for data and any one (only one at a time) can be connected to a data device such as a personal computer.

Where multiple control heads are connected or where a dash-mount radio is installed with additional remote control heads, the following features are available from each position:

- Outgoing voice calls can be initiated. Any control head can initiate a call but only one can talk at a time. All other connected control heads will hear both sides of the conversation.
- Incoming and outgoing audio can be heard. Outgoing audio is not broadcast at the source position.
- Independent audio control is available.
- Radio settings such as talk group, scan mode etc., can be controlled. Any connected control head can override the radio settings of other connected control heads.
- Comfort settings, such as volume and display brightness that are applicable to the individual control head can be adjusted and cannot be overridden by other control heads.
- An optional intercom function is available between control units. Audio will be broadcast to ALL connected control heads.

6 CHANGE OPERATING MODE

6.1 CHANGE FROM OTP MODE

To change from OTP operating mode to P25, or Conventional:

1. Use  to cycle through the menu until the “Mode Menu” appears in the bottom line of the display.
2. Use  to choose an available mode. Press **MENU** and confirm (Y/N) with  and press **MENU** again.
3. Press the **MENU** button to confirm.

6.2 CHANGE TO OTP MODE

1. Use  to scroll through available systems until OpenSky is displayed.
2. The radio transitions to OTP mode.

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

7 OPENSKY OPERATION

7.1 NCE-5341 FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS

The front panel of the control head includes a dot matrix display, controls for menu navigation, an emergency button, three pre-set buttons, a Power On-Off/Volume Control knob, and a microphone connector. Table 7-1 lists all default front panel controls and their functions.



Figure 7-1: Front Panel

The buttons on the front panel are backlit for operation in a low ambient light level such as nighttime operation. Some buttons also flash to provide feedback of various operating conditions.

In addition, the front panel contains a light-level sensor that samples ambient light levels for automatic display and button backlight brightness adjustments. In other words, it automatically brightens the display and backlights when higher external light levels exist and it automatically dims the display and backlights during lower external light levels.

Table 7-1: Front Panel Default Controls and Functions

PART	FUNCTION
Power On-Off/Volume Control knob	Turn knob clockwise to power on the radio and increase volume. Turn counter-clockwise to decrease volume and power off the radio.
Mic Connection	Connection for hand-held, hands-free, speaker-mic, or headset.
	If enabled through programming, the emergency button sends an emergency alert and opens voice communication on the currently selected talk group or the default emergency talk group (depending upon how the system is defined).
Ambient Light Sensor	Radio automatically adjusts the display and button backlight brightness level based on ambient light. Do not block this sensor.
	While in the dwell display, scrolls through available talk groups. Scrolls through selections within the active menu (available talk groups, pre-programmed speed dial numbers, canned alert messages, etc.).
	Scrolls through available menu items.
CLEAR	
MENU	Press to activate the current selection. In some cases, this is not necessary as the last selection will automatically activate after a short period.
Display Area	Menu selections and messages. Network Connectivity icon. Current Volume Level icon. Volume represented numerically within the display (0 = Muted, 40 = Loudest). User may select which one of several dwell displays the radio uses.
Pre-Set Buttons	These buttons are used to store and recall user-selectable parameters such as scan mode, selected profile, selected talk group, and priority talk group. Different parameters can be stored at each of the three different pre-set buttons.
A, B, & C	Preset button C can be configured via programming to reboot the radio into a particular application mode. Contact your system administrator to determine if this feature is enabled in your radio.
SCAN	Not functional in OpenSky systems.

7.2 POWER UP AND VOLUME CONTROL

7.2.1 Power Up

1. Rotate the Power On-Off/Volume Control knob clockwise to power on the radio. The display will illuminate when the radio powers up.
2. Wait for the power-up sequence to complete, which takes approximately ten (10) seconds.

During this time, if enabled for auto registration, the radio is provisioned with a customized user personality designed for the user's specific needs by the OpenSky network administrator.

3. When provisioning is complete, the radio will display the Dwell Display.

If User Login is required, the bottom line of the Dwell Display will flash the message "Pls Login."

7.2.2 Volume Control

Turn the Power On-Off/Volume Control knob clockwise to increase the volume and counter-clockwise to decrease the volume.

7.3 SELF-TEST

After power-up, the JHM-875S35J radio undergoes a multi-function automatic registration procedure. As many as sixteen (16) possible radio profiles are downloaded to the radio from the network in response to the User's ID.

7.4 LOGIN TO THE NETWORK

Login occurs either automatically (auto registration) if the radio has a valid registration or, if enabled and authorized for encryption (Section 7.27), requires a User ID and password.

The User ID may be remembered from the previous log-in. (Refer to Section 0 for further details regarding log-off commands.) The password will be established before the radio is put into operation. Contact the local OpenSky network administrator for more information.



If necessary, contact radio system administration personnel for log-in assistance and/or radio-specific log-in instructions.

7.5 LOG OFF THE NETWORK

Log-off is automatically performed when powering down the radio.

If a user is logged in using encryption features, it is necessary to log-off when encryption is no longer required.

7.6 TURNING THE RADIO OFF

To turn the radio off, rotate the **Power On-Off/Volume Control knob** counter-clockwise. In multiple control head installations, turning off the last powered-up control head will also automatically turn off the radio.

Several user-selected radio settings (i.e., scan mode, pre-set buttons, and side tone levels) are maintained for the next operational session. At the next radio power-up, maintained settings will automatically restore, along with the network personality settings. In multiple control head installations, settings are maintained for each control head position.



NOTE

If power is abruptly disconnected from the radio prior to executing the correct turn-off procedure, user-selected radio settings and last-tuned channel information will be lost. This can extend the time required for the radio to register with the network upon the subsequent power-up.

7.7 MENU DISPLAY AND CONTROL AREA

Following power-up, the radio display shows the default talk group (Figure 7-2). Pressing up or down with changes the display to the next available menu. In many cases, the dwell display automatically re-appears after no menu buttons are pressed for a short period of time (between 10 and 30 seconds). For some menus such as the GPS and User ID menus, this does not occur until the user presses a front panel button.

When the dwell display is active, it will change dynamically to reflect the current profile, received talk group/caller ID (when available), or channel (when enabled).

The radio's display is highly interactive. It responds in the top and bottom text lines as the user presses the menu buttons (, and **MENU**) to scroll through the menu loop and the entries for each menu. Table 7-4 outlines the basic menu structure.

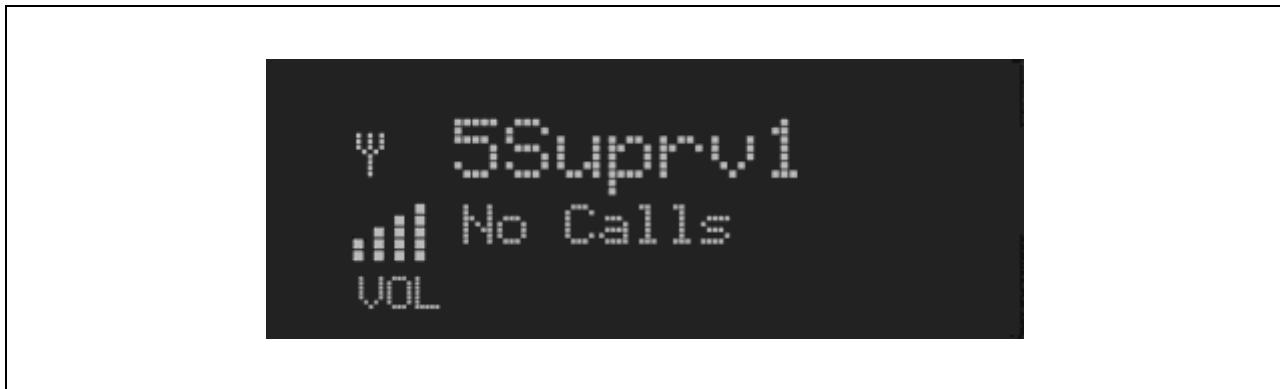


Figure 7-2: Typical Display

7.8 RADIO STATUS ICONS

Status Icons indicate the various operating characteristics of the radio. The icons show operating modes and conditions (see Table 7-2). The location of icons on the display may vary depending on configuration.

Table 7-2: Icons and Descriptions

ICON	DESCRIPTION
	Indicates data registration.
	Volume bars – indicates relative volume level.

7.9 DWELL DISPLAY

When not engaged in menu selection, the first two lines of the display default to the user-defined display, known as the “dwell display.” The top line indicates the currently selected talk group. The second line will display the currently selected profile, caller ID/alias¹, received talk group, and current channel name. Press the - ramp control to scroll through and view one of these second line options.

¹ Alias is a logical ID name such as “J_Smith.” The name corresponds to a user ID such as 003-542-0001.

7.10 PERSONALITY

As illustrated in Figure 7-3, a personality defines the profiles and talk groups available to the user. It is the structuring of a collection of profiles and privileges established by the OpenSky network administrator to provide the user with a comprehensive set of profiles to communicate effectively with the necessary talk groups or individuals.

Personalities are stored on the network and downloaded over-the-air to the radio. This process is called “provisioning.” Provisioning occurs at radio power-up and at user log-in. Each personality can contain up to sixteen (16) profiles and each profile can contain up to sixteen talk groups.

7.10.1 Profiles

As stated above, each profile can contain up to sixteen (16) talk groups. A profile also defines the radio’s emergency behavior. All transmissions are made on the selected talk group (displayed on the top line of the dwell display). The user can change the selected talk group to any of the other talk groups within the profile.

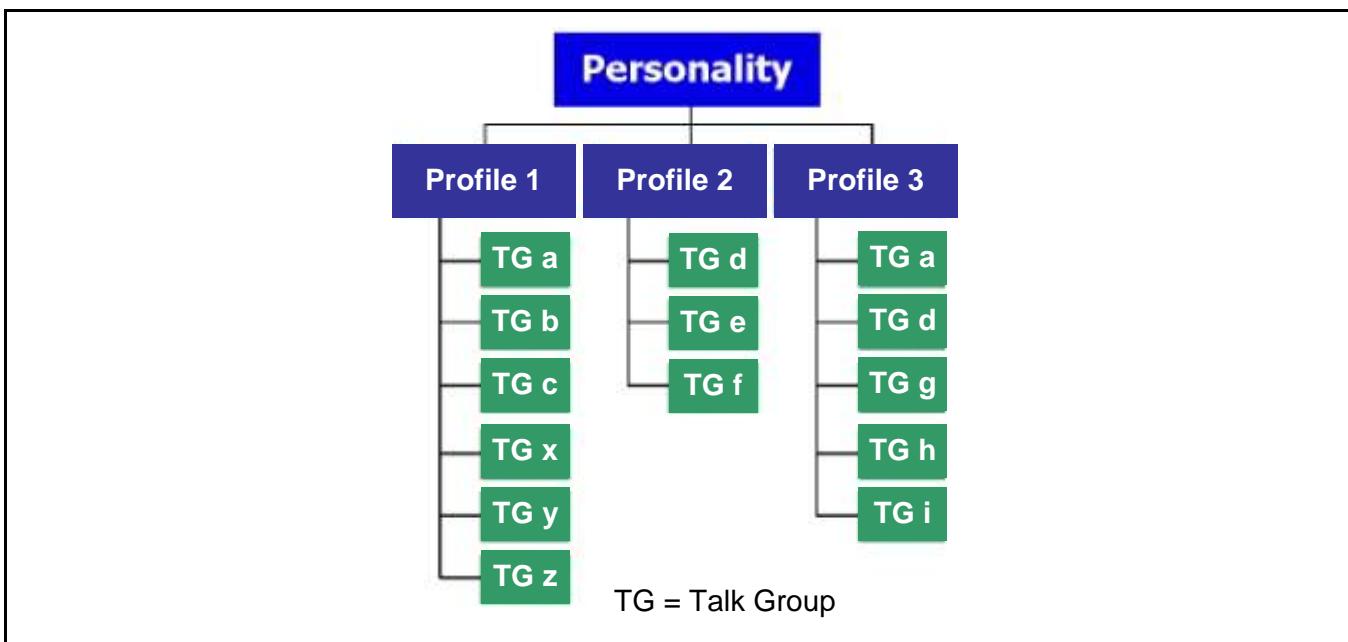


Figure 7-3: Personality Structure Example



If Global Profile is enabled by the system administrator, the number of available talk groups to scan doubles.

7.10.2 Talk Groups

A talk group represents a set of users that regularly need to communicate with one another. There can be any number of authorized users assigned to a talk group. Talk groups are established and organized by the OpenSky network administrator. An OpenSky talk group is similar to a channel within a conventional FM radio system.

7.11 ALERT TONES

The JHM-875S35J radio also provides audible Alert Tones or “beeps” to indicate the various operating conditions (see Table 7-3).

Table 7-3: JHM-875S35J OpenSky Mode Alert Tones

NAME	TONE	DESCRIPTION
Call Queued	one low tone/two high tones	Call queued for processing.
Call Denied	three short beeps	Radio is out of coverage area or requested talk group is active.
Grant (or Go-Ahead)	single short beep	Sounded when resources become available for a call request placed in the queue (if enabled) upon channel access. If the radio roams to another site while transmitting, then it will auto rekey and begin transmitting on that tower. It gives a second grant tone to let the user know they have roamed.
Call Removed	single long low-pitched tone	Notifies the user access to the channel has been lost (out of coverage area or pre-empted by higher-priority call)
Selective Alert Received	four short tones	Only played once to indicate a selective alert has been received.
Emergency Alert Tone	three long tones	Sounds when an emergency alert is declared
Emergency Cleared Tone	one long low-pitched tone	Sounds when an emergency is cleared
Selective Call Ring Tone	a ringing tone similar to a telephone	Ringing is repeated every four seconds until the call is accepted or rejected by the radio being called or until the network drops the call if unanswered after one minute
PSTN Ring Tones	a single medium-pitch repeating tone	Two ring tone - one generated by the radio when there is an incoming telephone call or an outgoing telephone call attempt is waiting for the telephone interconnect gateway equipment to dial the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). The second ring tone sounds when the gateway equipment has dialed the number.
Roam Tone	Two short tones, one high-pitched and one low-pitched	Sounds when the radio transitions from one radio base station site to another.
Out of Range Tone	three brief tones	If enabled via programming, sounds at a programmable interval while the radio is in a state of persistent deactivation.

7.12 BASIC MENU STRUCTURE

Table 7-4 illustrates the basic JHM-875S35J OpenSky menu structure. Menu items will vary depending upon system programming, radio hardware, and optional configurations. All menus except the dwell display menu can be turned off by network administration personnel.

Table 7-4: Basic Menu Structure

Menu Name	Radio Displays (top and bottom lines)	Usage Notes
	To/From Dwell Display 	
Engineering Display (Menu may not be available per programming.)	registration, RF sync and transceiver status codes bit-error rates and RSSI data 	Displays radio system connection data. For engineering use.
Silent Emergency	OFF/ON “SilentEmerg” 	Use + to toggle Silent Emergency OFF/ON.
Operating Mode (e.g., OTP, etc.)	available modes “Mode Menu” 	Use + to choose an available mode. Press MENU and confirm (Y/N) with + and press MENU again.
GPS Fix	current latitude and longitude “GPS Fix” 	Radio’s current GPS latitude and longitude position scrolls across top line of the display. Applies to GPS-equipped radios only.
User ID	User ID # of user currently logged in “User ID” 	User’s identification/name scrolls across top line of the display (if programmed).
IP Address	Radio’s IP address “IP Address” 	Radio’s Internet Protocol (IP) address scrolls across top line of the display.
Station Identification	station’s call sign “Station ID” 	Station’s identification/name scrolls across top line of the display (if programmed).
Stealth Mode	“OFF” “StealthMenu” 	Use + to enable. Press any button to disable.
Treble Level	“LOW”, “MEDIUM”, “MEDHIGH”, “HIGH” “Treble Menu” 	Use + to choose speaker/headset treble level. Press Select to return to dwell display.

Menu Name	Radio Displays (top and bottom lines)	Usage Notes
Display Brightness	<p>“<< >>”</p> <p>“Bright Menu”</p> 	Use  to dim or brighten. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Side Tone Level	<p>“OFF”, “LOW”, “MED”, “HIGH”</p> <p>“Side Menu”</p> 	Use  to choose side tone level. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Intercom	<p>“ON” or “OFF”</p> <p>“INTERCOM”</p> 	Use  to turn intercom on and off. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Selected Channel (Menu may not be available per radio programming)	<p>selected channel</p> <p>“ChannelMenu”</p> 	Displays the current channel. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Scan Mode	<p>current scan mode</p> <p>“ScnModeMenu”</p> 	Use  to turn scan on and off. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Talk group Lock Out	<p>talk group “<”</p> <p>“LockOutMenu”</p> 	Use  to choose a talk group for locking/unlocking. Press MENU to toggle “<” on (locked out) and off.
Priority 1 Talk group	<p>current priority talk group</p> <p>“Priority2”</p> 	Use  to choose new priority talk group. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Priority 2 Talk group	<p>current priority talk group</p> <p>“Priority1”</p> 	Use  to choose new priority talk group. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Emergency Dismiss	<p>alert received</p> <p>“EmgDismiss”</p> 	Use  to choose emergency talk group. Press MENU to dismiss.
Alerts Received	<p>time/sender’s name/ alias/message text</p> <p>“AlertsRcvd”</p> <p>or oldest message</p> 	“No alerts” or alert message text scrolls in display. Use  to view messages.
Alert Destination	<p>current speed dial #</p> <p>“AlertDest”</p> 	Use  to choose a speed-dial number. Press MENU to go to “AlertMsg” menu. Scroll through canned messages with  . Press MENU to send message and return to dwell display.
Speed Dial	<p>current speed dial #</p> <p>“SpeedDial”</p> 	Use  to choose a speed-dial number. Press MENU , then use  to select canned message.

Menu Name	Radio Displays (top and bottom lines)	Usage Notes
Profile Selection	 currently active profile “ProfileMenu”	Use  to choose an available profile. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Talk group Selection	 selected talk group “TalkGrpMenu”	Use  to choose a talk group in current profile. Press MENU to return to dwell display.
Dwell Display	 Selected talk group (bottom line option)	Use  to scroll top line through talk groups. Press MENU to change bottom line option. Use  , CLEAR , or OPTION to scroll through menus.



Menus will vary depending upon system programming, radio hardware, and optional configurations.

7.13 CHANGING THE ACTIVE PROFILE

The radio can store up to sixteen (16) standard profiles, one of which is the currently active profile. To change the currently active profile:

1. Scroll through the menu with  until “ProfileMenu” is displayed.
2. Use  to scroll through the list of available profiles.
3. Profile becomes active when selected for longer than 2 seconds, when the **MENU** is pressed, or when the menu is changed using .

7.14 CHECKING OR CHANGING THE SELECTED TALK GROUP

Each profile stored in the radio can have up to sixteen (16) talk groups. One talk group within the currently active profile is set as the “selected talk group.” For the radio user, the selected talk group is typically the focus of most voice transmissions and receptions. There are two ways to change the selected talk group:

First Method:

1. Use  to scroll through the menu until “TalkGrpMenu” appears on the bottom line of the display. The currently selected talk group appears in the top line of the display.
2. Use  to scroll through the available list of talk groups in the active profile. This list is determined by the OpenSky network administrator.

Second Method:

From the dwell display, use the talk group selection knob or  to scroll through the available list of talk groups in the active profile.

7.15 ADJUSTING DISPLAY AND BUTTON BACKLIGHT BRIGHTNESS

The radio uses a light sensor on the front panel to automatically adjust display brightness and button backlight brightness to ambient light conditions. The display and backlights automatically brighten at higher external light levels and automatically dim at lower external light levels. However, the “Bright Menu” gives the user some manual brightness control as follows:

1. Using , scroll through the menu until “Bright Menu” appears.
2. Use  to increase or decrease brightness. Display and button backlight brightness will immediately dim or brighten.

7.16 STEALTH MODE

For some users, it is important to be able to turn off the radio’s display lights, button backlighting, volume and side tones, but not the radio traffic. For example, in covert operations, lights and sounds could inadvertently expose an otherwise unobservable radio user. For this purpose, the radio has a Stealth feature that disables the radio display light, indicator light and audible side tones.

When stealth mode is on, the radio continues to scan the programmed list of talk groups and the user can key-up on the selected talk group.

7.16.1 Enabling Stealth Mode

1. Using , scroll through the menu until “StealthMenu” appears.
2. To immediately turn stealth mode on, press (+) or (-) with .
3. To turn stealth mode off, press any button on the radio’s front panel.

7.16.2 Disabling Stealth Mode

Pressing any radio button other than the mic’s PTT button or the emergency button on front panel will immediately turn stealth mode off. For example, pressing the **MENU** button on the front panel will turn stealth mode off.



With stealth mode on, pressing any radio button (other than the mic’s PTT button or the emergency button) on front panel will immediately turn stealth mode off.

7.17 ADJUSTING SIDE TONE AUDIO LEVEL

The radio sounds confirming tones called “side tones” when its buttons are pressed. Most users find this audible confirmation helpful when navigating the menus. Side tone audio level can be adjusted or turned completely off using the “Side Menu.”

For covert operations, it may be necessary to turn off side tones. For safety’s sake, turning off the radio during covert operations is not recommended.

To temporarily disable the side tones that could expose the user’s presence and position, use the menu buttons to access the “Side Menu” and select “Off” from the menu choices.

If the radio is operating properly but side tones are not heard when the menu buttons are pressed, the side tones are probably turned off. To turn them back on, access the “Side Tone” menu and select a setting other than “off.”

Use the following procedure set side tone level:

1. Use  to cycle through the menu until the “Side Menu” appears in the bottom line of the display.
2. Use  to change to the desired level (Off, Low, Medium, and High). To turn side tones completely off, use the “Off” setting.

7.18 CHANGE OPERATING MODE

4. Use  to cycle through the menu until the “Mode Menu” appears in the bottom line of the display.
5. Use  to choose an available mode. Press **MENU** and confirm (Y/N) with  and press **MENU** again.

7.19 RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING VOICE CALLS

As soon as the radio completes the startup/log-on/provision/self-test sequence and registers on the OpenSky network, voice calls from talk groups in the active profile will be audible.

7.19.1 Receiving a Voice Call

No action is required to receive a voice call. The display responds to incoming voice calls as follows:

- When the dwell display is set to received talk group and the scan mode is Normal or Fixed:
 - a. If the received talk group matches the selected talk group, then the alias (if available) or user id of the incoming caller is displayed.
 - b. If the received talk group does not match the selected talk group, then the received talk group name is displayed
- When the dwell display is set to received talk group and the scan mode is None:
 - a. If the received talk group matches the selected talk group, then the alias (if available) or the user id of the incoming caller is displayed.
 - b. If the received talk group does not match the selected talk group, then None is displayed.
- When the dwell display is not set to received talk group, then there is no display indication of an incoming call.

Refer to Section 7.23 for detailed information on talk group scanning. Refer to Section 7.27 for detailed information regarding sending and receiving encrypted calls.

7.19.2 Transmitting a Voice Call

Transmit a voice call as follows:

1. Turn the radio on.
2. If required, log-in to the network using a user ID and password (see Section 7.4).
3. Select the desired talk group for transmitting on.
4. Press and hold the **Push-to-Talk (PTT)** button on the hand-held microphone, pause for a moment, and then speak normally. For maximum clarity, hold the microphone approximately 1 ½ inches from the mouth and do not shout or whisper into it. If the call is queued by the network, wait for the grant tone to sound before speaking.
5. Release the PTT button when finished speaking.

Refer to Section 7.27 for detailed information regarding sending and receiving encrypted calls.

7.20 ADJUSTING AUDIO TREBLE LEVEL

The tone of received signals can be adjusted using the radio's "Treble Menu" as follows:

1. Use  to scroll through the menu until "Treble Menu" appears. The radio's current treble level setting indicates in the top line of the display. There are four levels available: low, medium, medium-high and high.
2. Use  to increase or decrease.
3. Press the **MENU** button or wait a few seconds to return to the Dwell Display.

7.21 INTERCOM MODE

The optional intercom mode gives users at multiple control heads connected to the same radio the ability to communicate with each other without transmitting over-the-air. Turn intercom mode on and off using the “INTERCOM” menu as follows:

1. Use  to cycle through the available menu items until “INTERCOM” appears in the display.
2. Use  to toggle between “On” and “Off.”

When intercom mode is turned on:

- Incoming voice calls will override intercom communications for the duration of the voice call. The radio and associated control heads will remain in intercom mode and intercom communications will resume when the voice call ends.
- “TG: INTERCOM” appears in the control head’s display when talking on the intercom. This indicates microphone audio is not sent out on the selected talk group; rather, it remains localized between the radio control positions (i.e., the control heads connected to the mobile radio).
- If a call exists on the currently selected talk group when a PTT button is pressed at one of the control heads, “TG: in use” appears in the display to indicate intercom mic audio cannot preempt the call on the talk group.



A user at a radio with only one control head/front panel can turn intercom mode on. In this case, pressing the microphone’s PTT button will not send microphone audio anywhere.

7.22 TALK GROUP LOCK OUT

There are two ways of focusing voice communications by suppressing calls from talk groups in the currently active profile:

1. **No Scan.** By turning scan off (selecting “No Scan” via the “ScnModeMenu”), only the selected talk group is audible.
2. **Lock Out.** By locking out selected talk groups, the “chatter” of the locked-out talk groups cannot be heard. This focuses the user’s scanning resources to calls only on desired talk groups.

Talk group lock out is a scan-related feature. With lock out, one or more talk groups in the active profile can be temporarily disabled from being scanned. Calls are not received on locked-out talk groups. Lock out settings are not retained between profile changes or when the radio is power cycled.



Lock out is a listening (receive) function and only blocks received calls on locked out talk groups. Lock out does not affect transmit capability. The above methods do not apply to recent emergency lock outs.

Only talk groups in the active profile can be locked out, since they are the only talk groups whose voice calls can be heard on the radio.



P1 and P2 talk groups cannot be locked out.

The default emergency and emergency-capable talk groups can be locked out if they are NOT in an emergency state. If a talk group is locked out and is subsequently changed to the currently selected talk group, it will automatically be unlocked by the radio so the user can hear calls on the talk group. The radio may be configured so all talk groups are automatically locked out by default. In this case, they must be manually unlocked, if desired.

7.22.1 Lock Out a Talk Group

1. Use to scroll through the menu until “LockOutMenu” appears in the bottom line of the display. The name of a talk group in the currently active profile will appear in the top line.
2. Use to scroll through the list of talk groups, if any, until the desired talk group for lock out appears in the top line of the display.
3. Press the **MENU** button to lockout the displayed talk group. A less than symbol (<) appears next to the talk group’s name.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3, as needed, to lockout additional talk groups.

The dwell display will re-appear a few seconds after button presses end.

While scrolling through talk groups in the active profile, the only talk groups that appear in the “LockOutMenu” are those in the active profile.

7.22.2 Unlock a Talk Group

1. Use to scroll through the menu until “LockOutMenu” appears in the bottom line of the display. The name of a talk group in the currently active profile will appear in the top line.
2. Use to scroll through the list of talk groups, if any, until the talk group desired for unlocking appears in the top line of the display. A less-than symbol (“<”) appears next to the name of a talk group that is currently locked out.
3. Press the **MENU** button to unlock the talk group. The less-than symbol (“<”) next to the name of the talk group disappears. The dwell display appears as soon as the radio acknowledges the selection.



- Changing the active profile removes any lockouts you have made.
- Turning off the radio removes any lockouts you have made.

7.23 SCANNING

Three scanning modes are available for the radio, but only one can be active at any time. Changing the scanning mode changes the way the radio scans voice calls for all of profiles in the radio personality, no matter which profile is or becomes active.

As described in Table 7-5, the choice of scanning mode changes the span of communications with all the talk groups in the radio's profiles, but does not affect interaction with the talk groups.

Table 7-5: Scan Modes

SCAN MODE	EXPLANATION
No Scan	Eliminates distractions. Full communications (transmit and receive) on selected talk group. No calls received from other talk groups.
Normal (Default)	The user can scan all talk groups in the active profile that are not locked out as long as there is demand on the site. Priority (P1 and P2) groups are user selectable. Receive calls from more than one talk group, if available from the current site. Allows dragging of the selected talk group, P1, P2, and default emergency talk groups to the site on which the radio is registered. (If other calls are available at the site, they also can be heard but they will not be actively dragged.) The default emergency talk group, as well as any emergency-enabled talk groups, is only dragged if it is in emergency mode.
Fixed	Functions the same as Normal Scan Mode except the priority groups are fixed to the selected profile's pre-defined P1 and P2 groups (configured via the UAS). In this mode, P1 and P2 groups CANNOT be locked out.

7.23.1 Checking or Changing Active Scan Mode

The currently active scan mode does not appear in the dwell display. To check it, access “ScnModeMenu” and observe it in the top line of the display. To change the active scan mode:

1. Use  to scroll through the menus until “ScnModeMenu” appears in the display.
2. Use  to scroll through the scan options until the desired mode appears. See Table 7-5.

7.23.2 Scanning Priority

The following lists the scanning priority order (from highest to lowest):

1. Selected talk group in emergency state.
2. Default emergency group in emergency state.
3. Selected talk group.
4. Emergency capable group in emergency state
5. Priority 1 talk group.
6. Priority 2 talk group.
7. Other (non-priority)

7.23.2.1 Changing Scanning Priority

Follow this procedure to set talk groups in the current profile as the Priority 1 or Priority 2 talk group:

1. Use  to scroll through the menu until “Priority1” or “Priority2” appears in the bottom line of the display (Priority1 group has higher priority than the Priority2 group. The talk group currently set as the priority talk group appears in the top line of the display).
2. Use  to select a new priority talk group.
3. Press the **MENU** button to set the newly selected talk group as the priority talk group.

7.24 MAKING SELECTIVE CALLS

Selective calling is a feature that allows two radio units to obtain and utilize an independent voice path for a private call. Radios can be configured to both initiate and receive selective calls or to only receive selective calls.

In the OpenSky system, a source radio can be configured to initiate selective calls through a pre-programmed list in memory. This method uses the “speed dial list” set up by the OpenSky network administrator and provisioned as part of the registration process.



Selective calls are terminated if an emergency is declared. The network limits selective calls to ten (10) minutes maximum.

7.24.1**Speed Dialing a Selective Call**

Speed dial numbers are defined and provisioned by the OpenSky network administrator and cannot be manually entered into the radio by the user. Contact the administrator if changes to the speed dial list are required.

1. Scroll through the Menu options using until “SpeedDial” appears in the bottom line of the display.
2. Using +, scroll through the pre-programmed speed-dial numbers until the desired number appears in the display.
3. Press and release the PTT button to ring the other user.
 - a. The ring tone is sounded.
 - b. If the other user accepts the call, the called user’s alias will appear in the initiating caller’s display. The two are now in a private call until one ends the call, the call is terminated due to an initiated emergency, or the maximum time limit of ten (10) minutes is reached.
4. To end the call, press (-) using +.

7.24.2**Receiving a Selective Call**

When someone calls in from another radio using the selective call function, a ring sounds in the speaker and/or headset. Press up or down using or any number key to accept an incoming Selective Call. Press the microphone’s PTT button when speaking (transmitting) to the caller.

Press (-) using + to reject an incoming Selective Call.

A selective call will be interrupted if an emergency is declared on a monitored talk group.

7.24.3**Terminating a Selective Call**

Press (-) using + to terminate an incoming Selective Call.

7.25 SELECTIVE ALERT

Selective alert messaging is an OTP feature allowing one of up to eight (8) pre-programmed text messages (refer to Section 7.25.3) to be sent from one radio to another. The user specifies a destination radio's User ID, selects one of the pre-programmed text messages, and then transmits it to the destination radio. The message delivery system adds time-of-day information and forwards the message to the destination (receiving) radio. The sending radio receives a brief message noting the status of the transmission. Refer to Table 7-6 for a list of possible status messages.

The first few characters of a message are part of the message text entered when the message is programmed. This programming is performed by the system or network administration personnel.

Messages successfully received by the destination radio are stored until deleted or until it is power cycled.

7.25.1 Sending Selective Alert Messages

The destination radio's User ID can be selected via the menu.

1. Using +, scroll through the menu until "AlertDest" (Alert Destination) appears in the bottom line of the display. The current speed dial number scrolls on the top line.
2. Use + to change to a different speed-dial number.
3. When the desired speed-dial number appears, press the **MENU** button to activate the selection.
4. Choose and send the message.

Choosing and Sending the Message

After specifying the destination radio's User ID (Section 7.25.1), the radio automatically allows you to choose a message. The current message scrolls across the top line of the display. To choose a message:

1. Scroll through the message list using +. The next available message in the list is displayed. Pause between each arrow button press to observe the entire message as it scrolls across the top line of the display.
2. To select and send the displayed message, press the **Select** button.
3. The status of the sent message will be momentarily displayed (Table 7-6).

Table 7-6: Status of Selective Alert

STATUS MESSAGE	DEFINITION
Delivering	Select Alert message transmit attempt
Busy	Too busy – Try again
Dest Down	Receiving radio not logged on – Not registered
Not Reg	Transmitting radio not logged on – Not registered
Delivered	Transmission complete
Unreachable	No response
Partial	Transmission interrupted

7.25.2 Receiving Messages

When a selective alert message is received by a radio, a four-beep tone (one low, two high, and one low) is heard and “NewAlert” flashes until the new message is read. Up to eight (8) received messages are stored. If another message is received, the first (oldest) message is automatically deleted to make room for new incoming messages.

Displaying Received Messages

1. Using   , scroll through the menu until “AlertsRecv” (Alerts Received) appears in the bottom line of the display. “No alerts” or the last received (newest) message appears in the display. It is preceded by the time the message was received, and the sender’s name/alias.
2. View other received messages using   .
3. To delete the message currently being viewed, press the **MENU** button.

Deleting Received Messages

To delete a received message:

1. Display the message.
2. Delete the message by pressing the **MENU** button.
3. Confirm the deletion by pressing the **MENU** button again.

7.25.3 Defining Pre-Programmed Messages

All selective alert messages are pre-defined by the radio system’s maintenance personnel. These messages are sometimes referred to as “canned” messages. Custom selective alert messages cannot be created by the radio user. The entire selective alert message, including the abbreviation, can include up to 99 text characters.

7.26 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

The JHM-875S35J mobile radio can transmit both emergency voice calls and emergency alerts over the entire network. OpenSky handles emergency calls and alerts with the highest priority.

For critical voice communications, an emergency call can be raised on the default talk group or the currently selected talk group by “declaring” an emergency on the talk group. The exact talk group is determined by the currently active profile. After successfully declaring an emergency on a talk group, the declaring radio’s microphone remains “hot” for a predetermined amount of time. In other words, the radio transmits audio for a period of time even when the microphone’s PTT button is not pressed. An emergency talk group is provided greater priority and infinite hang-time by the radio system’s infrastructure. Hang-time is the maximum duration of quiet time between transmissions on the talk group before the infrastructure assets are automatically taken away. Because an emergency call is handled on a talk group, it is received by all radios and consoles monitoring the talk group.

An emergency alert is a data message sent by the radio to the MIS console (or any console capable of receiving it). It identifies the radio declaring the emergency, and the radio’s location (if the radio is equipped with a GPS receiver). Voice audio is not automatically transmitted during the emergency if the administrator configures the radio for alert notification only.

7.26.1 Declaring an Emergency Call or Alert

To declare an emergency call or emergency alert, press and release the orange Emergency button. This button is located just to the right of the **CLEAR** button; see Figure 7-1 on page 17. The emergency is raised after the Emergency Raise Delay (default is one second).

- The OpenSky network administrator determines if the Emergency button is used to declare an emergency call or if it is used to declare an emergency alert. This is based upon the radio’s currently active profile.
- The OpenSky network administrator also determines if the emergency is declared on the currently selected talk group or a “default” emergency talk group. Again, this is based upon the radio’s currently active profile. A talk group upon which an emergency is declared on is considered an “emergency talk group.”
- Upon successful emergency declaration:
 - An emergency tone will sound in the radio’s speaker/headset if the radio is not in stealth mode.
 - At the declaring radio, the Emergency button flashes red if the radio is not in stealth mode. The administrator can configure the radio to automatically transmit upon successful emergency declaration, at which point the **MENU** button will flash red. However, the **MENU** button flashing red is not a requirement for successful emergency declaration.

- On the declaring radio during an emergency call declaration, the talk group that the emergency is declared on is temporarily displayed and then the word “EMERGENCY” flashes on the second line of the display.
- For an emergency alert declaration, “EMERG ALERT” appears in the bottom line of the display.
- For an emergency call declaration, other radio users and/or dispatchers at consoles will hear the emergency signal, a distinctive 3-tone burst. They will also hear audio from the declaring radio’s “hot” microphone, if any.
- For an emergency alert declaration, only dispatchers at consoles will hear the emergency signal and, if any, audio from the declaring radio’s “hot” microphone.
- For an emergency call, the declaring radio’s microphone remains “hot” for a predetermined amount of time. In other words, the radio transmits audio for a period of time even when the microphone’s PTT button is not pressed. Audio is transmitted over the emergency talk group. When the microphone is “hot” for this initial period (typically ten seconds), simply speak into it for voice transmission.

If an emergency declaration is not successful, the radio will periodically re-attempt until it is successful. During this retry period, the radio will flash “EMERG PEND” on the bottom line of the display. It will display “EMERG RETRY” for each attempt.

7.26.2 Silent Emergency

When this feature is enabled and an emergency call or alert is declared by pressing the emergency button, the radio will not play a tone and will display an abbreviated emergency message (default is EBA). This feature is enabled or disabled via programming or via the menu.



NOTE

If the Silent Emergency feature is enabled or disabled via programming, the setting will survive power cycle. Enable/Disable selection via the menu will NOT survive power cycle and the enable/disable state will revert to the programmed setting at power up.

7.26.3 Clearing an Emergency Call or Alert



NOTE

Check with the system administrator to ensure that the radio is programmed to allow an emergency to be cleared.

If enabled via programming, clear an emergency by:

1. Pressing and holding the **CLEAR** button and simultaneously pressing the emergency button.
2. After the Emergency Cleared Tone sounds, release both buttons.



NOTE

If the radio is in stealth mode, clearing the emergency will take the radio out of stealth mode.

7.26.4 Receiving an Emergency Call

Upon receiving an emergency call declared by another radio:

- An emergency tone sounds in the radio's speaker/headset (three short high-pitched beeps).
- “EMERGENCY” flashes in the display if the radio is not in stealth mode.
- On receiving radios with the emergency talk group selected, the alias of the sending party is displayed for 5 seconds during the open-mic period, then the word “Emergency” flashes on the second line of the display and continues until the emergency state ends.
- If scan mode is set to “No Scan” and the emergency was declared on the selected talk group, audio on the emergency talk group is heard in the speaker/headset. See page 30 for additional information on “No Scan” operation.
- If scan mode is set to “No Scan” and the emergency was declared on a talk group **other than** the selected talk group, the emergency talk group (identified by an “*”) must be selected before audio on it is heard in the speaker/headset.
- If scan mode is set to “Normal” and the emergency was declared on the selected talk group, the selected/emergency talk group’s name remains in the top line of the display. Audio on the emergency talk group is heard in the speaker/headset.
- If scan mode is set to “Normal” and the emergency was declared on a talk group **other than** the selected talk group, the emergency talk group’s name appears in the bottom line of the display. Audio on the emergency talk group is heard in the speaker/headset.
- The declaring radio’s alias appears in the bottom line of the display when the emergency talk group is selected.
- An emergency call can be dismissed as described in the following section.



NOTE

A radio declaring an emergency on a talk group has a “hot” mic time period of typically ten (10) seconds just after it declares the emergency. This time period may be adjusted by system or network administration personnel on a per radio basis.

7.26.5 Dismissing an Emergency Call



NOTE

An emergency is dismissed for a configurable amount of time only (default = 5 minutes).

To ignore an emergency call declared by another radio user:

1. Press  until “EmgDismiss” appears in the display.
2. Press  until the talk group in the emergency state appears, as indicated by an asterisk (*) following the talk group’s name.
3. Press the MENU button.



The emergency dismiss timer is cleared when the emergency is cleared.

7.27 ENCRYPTION

In the OpenSky network, both data and voice use a 128-bit or 256-bit key encryption standard published by the Federal Information Processing Service (FIPS), called Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). AES is approved by the U.S. Department of Commerce for encryption of classified materials.

When encryption is enabled on the network, data is encrypted from the MDIS to the Mobile End System (MES) (e.g., JHM-875S35J mobile radio). This form of encryption provides air-link security.

Voice encryption is handled automatically. Automatic encryption is initiated through the Unified Administration Server (UAS) for a specific talk group and requires nothing from the user.

7.27.1 Automatic Encryption

For automatic encryption, a network administrator will select the talk group to be encrypted at the interface to the UAS. Once the talk groups have been selected and identified as secure, credentials for key generation are generated automatically by the system and provisioned to authorized users. This process requires that authorized users login to the network and be authenticated. Encryption keys require no manual handling and are never sent “in the clear” over any network interface or air-link.

If a user is engaged in a call on a talk group encrypted at the network administrator level, “Secure Call” will appear in the bottom line of the dwell display if the user is logged in to that talk group.

If a secure call is in progress elsewhere and the user has not logged in, the bottom of the dwell display will alternate between “No Access” and the alias of the radio that is currently engaged in the secure call.

7.28 PRESET BUTTONS

The front panel contains three buttons labeled A, B, and C. By holding one of these buttons down for approximately three (3) seconds, the following current information is saved to the function of that button:

- Selected talk group
- Selected profile
- Selected priority talk group
- Lockouts
- Scan mode
- Intercom mode

Presets are saved and restored to/from non-volatile memory. Changing the User ID (login in as a different user) will clear the presets since they are stored on a per-user basis. Changing control heads will not recall presets for the previous control head.



Preset button C can be configured via programming to reboot the radio into a particular application mode. Contact your system administrator to determine if this feature is enabled in your radio.

7.29 DYNAMIC REGROUPING

Dynamic regrouping requires that the network administrator determine which radio users should be formed into an impromptu talk group to respond to particular emergency conditions.

The administrator will edit the personalities of the affected radios to include an emergency profile and then page the affected radios to re-register with the network to receive their edited personalities.

In response, affected radios automatically re-register to receive their edited personalities. During re-registration, subscriber equipment will default to the emergency profile selected by the administrator.

7.30 GPS COORDINATES

The radio's current latitude and longitude coordinates may be displayed using the "GPS" menu. The following procedure assumes a GPS antenna is connected to the radio and it is receiving adequate signals from GPS satellites:

1. Press  until the "GPS" menu appears in the bottom line of the display. Current GPS coordinate latitude and longitude data continuously scrolls in the top line of the display in a degrees:minutes:seconds format.
2. Use  to change to another menu.



If the internal GPS receiver's data is expired (30 minutes or more) or unavailable, the radio uses the serving base station's coordinates [GPS (Site) is displayed]. The GPS Menu will also indicate if the data is aged (2 minutes or more) [GPS (Aged) is displayed]

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

8 P25/CONVENTIONAL COMMON OPERATION

8.1 NCE-5341 FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS

The front panel of the control head includes a dot matrix display, controls for menu navigation, an emergency button, three pre-set buttons, a Power On-Off/Volume Control knob, and a microphone connector.

Table 8-1 lists all default front panel controls and their functions. All functions and controls of the Scan radio operate the same as the corresponding functions and controls on the System radio.



Figure 8-1: Front Panel



Button function may vary depending upon system programming, radio hardware, and optional configurations. Complete the table in Section 13 if the keys have been remapped to provide new functions.

Table 8-1: Front Panel Default Controls and Functions

PART	FUNCTION
Power On-Off/Volume Control knob	Turn knob clockwise to power on the radio and increase volume. Turn counter-clockwise to decrease volume and power off the radio.
Mic Connection	Connection for hand-held, hands-free, speaker-mic, or headset.
	The Emergency button declares an emergency if enabled through programming.
Ambient Light Sensor	Radio automatically adjusts the display and button backlight brightness level based on ambient light. Do not block this sensor.
	This rotary switch selects the systems or groups/channels, depending upon programming.
	This rocker type button is used to display the current SCAN status for a group/channel and then add or delete the group/channel from the system scan list. Pressing the add/delete button twice while the radio is actively receiving or three times when the radio is not receiving selects the last scanned channel (Last Scanned Channel Recall).
	The primary function of this rocker type button is to scroll through the System list or the Group/Channel list depending upon programming. The secondary function is to increment or decrement items within a list (phone list for example).
OPTION	Toggle a PC programmable feature ON and OFF.
CLEAR	In Conventional mode, pressing this button unmutes the receiver so activity on the selected channel can be monitored. When pressed and held for approximately 3 seconds, this button toggles conventional channel decoding (Channel Guard, Digital Channel Guard, T99) ON and OFF if programmed for the selected channel.
MENU	Primary function - access the menu list. This is a list of additional features that are not available directly from the keypad. Secondary function - activate a selected item within a list, similar to an enter key.
SCAN	Primary function - toggle scan operation on and OFF. Secondary function - toggle the keypad buttons between their primary function and their secondary function.
Pre-Set buttons (A, B, & C)	Used to store and recall user-selectable parameters.

8.1.1 Primary Functions (Quick Access)

The secondary function of the **SCAN** button is to toggle the keypad buttons between their primary function and their secondary function. When the secondary keypad is active, the **SCAN** button can be used to toggle the keypad buttons back to their primary function. **PRIMARY** is displayed when the **SCAN** button is used to toggle the keypad keys back to their primary functions. This provides quick access to the primary functions of the keypad. This is a programmable feature of the **SCAN** button only. Careful consideration should be given to possible operational conflicts before enabling this feature.

Several keys on the Scan version have a secondary function. The **MENU** key is the **SELECT** secondary function with the **CLEAR** key remaining the same for the secondary function.

8.2 TURNING THE RADIO ON

Rotate the **POWER ON-OFF/VOLUME** knob clockwise, out of detent to turn the radio on. A short beep (if enabled through programming) indicates the radio is ready for operation. The display indicates, if programmed, the last selected system name on line 1 and the last selected group or channel name on line 2.

8.3 SELECTION MODE RULES

Many operations require selection from a list such as system, group or phone number. This selection process is handled in the same manner for all lists. The  ramp control, **MENU**, and the **CLEAR** button are used during the selection process. The following example systems list is used to explain the process:



The hook switch functions the same as the **CLEAR** key in menu modes.

SYSTEM

1	NORTH
2	SOUTH
3	EAST
4	WEST

After entering a selection mode, the following generic display format will appear:

X X X X X X X X X
Y Y Y = Z Z Z

Line 1 shows the currently selected item name (XXXXXXXX) from the list. Line 2 indicates the list (YYY) that the selection is to be made from and the number of the selected item (ZZZ) within the list. (In some cases the information on lines 1 and 2 will be exchanged.) Enter the system selection mode by using the  ramp control. If SYSTEM 2 is the current selection, the display appears as follows:

S O U T H
S Y S = 2

Line 1 contains the current system name, SOUTH; and line 2, SYS = 2, indicates that selection is from the system list and it is the second system within the list.

A new system from the list is selected by using the  ramp control or by directly entering the system number with the numeric keys. The  ramp control scrolls through the list in increasing and decreasing order. In the previous example, pressing up with the  ramp control selects the EAST system as shown in the next display.

E A S T
S Y S = 3

The radio can be programmed to wrap around from one end of a list to the other end or to stop at the ends.

8.4 FEATURE ENCRYPTION DISPLAY

Feature Encryption Display is available through the menu function and, if programmed, appears in the menu as “**FEATURES**.” This data indicates current features programmed into the radio as well as information required to add features to the radio.

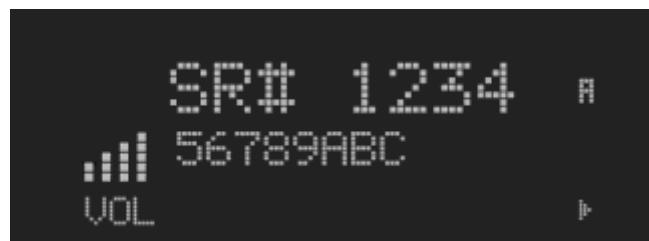
Once the feature has been accessed, all normal menu functions work. The user can scroll up or down through all of the entries.

Feature Encryption Display provides the ability to view, in the order displayed, the following:

- Serial number ROM data - serial number of the ROM
- Feature encryption data stream - used to enable features
- Number Fields - defines limits
- Features enabled - displays bit fields of enabled features

8.4.1 Serial Number ROM (12 Hex Digits)

Example:



When the user wants to enable a feature in his radio, he will need to call JRC. They will ask for the ROM serial number. The serial number shown here is for example only.

8.4.2 Feature Encryption Data Stream

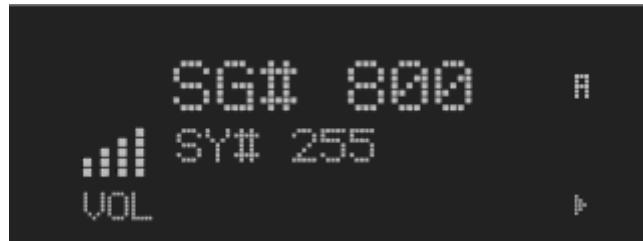
Example:



These data streams define the features the user has enabled in his radio and are required by JRC to enable other features. The data streams shown here are for example only. *Note:* There are three displays: FD1, FD2, and FD3. All three are required.

Number Fields

Example:



These number fields show the set limits of the of the user's radio as:

- SG# XXX - Maximum number of system/groups combination available
- SY# XXX - Maximum trunked system limit
- CH# XXX - Maximum number of conventional channels available

The user needs to know the limits of his radio before attempting to enable other features. The numbers shown here are for example only.

8.4.3 Features Enabled

These numbers indicate which features are enabled.

Example:

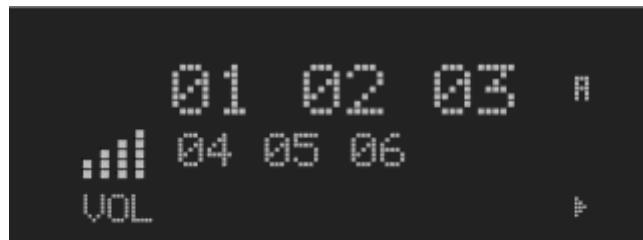


Table 8-2 lists possible features available in the user's radio.

Table 8-2: Available Feature Numbers

FEATURE NUMBER	POSSIBLE FEATURES	STANDARD OR OPTIONAL
01	Conventional Priority Scan	Standard
07	Dynamic Regroup	Standard
09	Type 99 Encode	Standard
10	Conventional Emergency	Standard
12	Aegis™ Digital Voice Encryption	Optional
14	DES Encryption	Optional
16	Mobile Data	Optional
23	Narrowband	Standard
29	ProVoice™	Optional
32	FIPS-140-2	Optional
33	P25 Common Air Interface	Optional
34	Direct Frequency Entry	Optional
38	Radio TextLink	Optional

8.5 SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL SELECTION

In the following description of **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL SELECTION**, the term group is used for both group and channel.

The JHM-875S35J **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob and the  ramp control are programmable for maximum flexibility. If the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob is assigned to select groups, then the  ramp control is assigned to select systems. If the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob is assigned to select systems, then the  ramp control is assigned to select groups. System, group, and channel selection is the primary function for these controls.

8.5.1 System Selection

Several methods, some of which depend on programming, can be used to select a new system. These procedures are presumed to be starting from the normal receive display.

- METHOD 1:** If system selection is programmed to the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob, select a system by turning the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob to the desired system position. The display registers the new system name on line 1. If the wrap option is OFF and the knob is moved to a position greater than the number of programmed systems, the highest programmed system will remain selected.
- METHOD 2:** If system selection is programmed as the primary function of the  ramp control, select a system by pressing up or down to scroll through the system list. The display registers the new system name on line 1.

8.5.2 Group and Channel Selection

Several methods, some of which depend on programming, can be used to select a new group or channel. These procedures assume starting from the normal receive display.

- METHOD 1:** If group selection is programmed to the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob, select a group by turning the **SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL** knob to the desired group. The display registers the new group name on line 2. If the wrap option is OFF and the knob is moved to a position greater than the number of programmed groups, the highest programmed group will remain selected.
- METHOD 2:** If group selection is programmed as the primary function of the  ramp control, select a group by pressing up or down, to scroll through the group list. The display registers the new group name on line 2.

8.6 LAST SYSTEM/GROUP/CHANNEL RECALL

This feature, enabled through programming, allows the user to recall the last selected system/group after an emergency or home function or system/group key function. For example, if the Home button (pre-programmed) is pressed, the radio will go to the designated Home system/group or channel. If the Home button is pressed again, the radio returns to the previous system/group or channel. At this time, the user can toggle between the Home system/group or channel and the previous system/group or channel. The operation is the same for the SG1-SG5 buttons.

8.7 DIGITAL VOICE OPERATION (PROVOICE)

8.7.1 Voice Modes

Each system (trunked or conventional) in the radio is programmed for no digital voice operation (analog only) or digital voice format ProVoice. ProVoice programmed systems have three (3) different voice modes: clear (analog), digital, and private. The voice modes are programmed on a per-group basis within each trunked system and on a per-channel basis within each conventional system. A radio must be equipped with the encrypt/decrypt option before it will operate in private mode.



NOTE

Current ProVoice Conventional operation is for talk-around mode only.

Table 8-3: Transmit/Receive Mode Compatibility for ProVoice Operation

GROUP/CHANNEL PROGRAMMING (TRANSMIT)	CLEAR RECEIVE	DIGITAL RECEIVE	PRIVATE RECEIVE
CLEAR	Yes	No	No
DIGITAL	Yes	Yes	No
PRIVATE	Yes	No	Yes

8.7.2 Clear Modes

In Clear Mode, the radio transmits and receives only clear (analog) voice signals. These analog signals are non-digitized and non-encrypted. Clear Mode transmissions can easily be monitored by unauthorized persons. Groups or channels programmed for clear operation cannot transmit or receive unencrypted digital or private messages.

8.7.3 ProVoice Digital Mode

ProVoice digital mode allows the radio to transmit and receive digitized voice signals. These digital signals provide improved weak signal performance and they cannot be easily monitored with a standard receiver. Groups and channels programmed for ProVoice digital operation transmit only digital signals. Private calls cannot be received or transmitted when the radio is in ProVoice digital mode because the radio does not know the cryptographic key used.

Message trunked group calls and individual calls will be answered back in the mode they were received, assuming the call or hang time is still active. Individual, all and emergency calls will be transmitted clear if digital mode is disabled or inoperative.

- If receiving an analog message trunked call, the radio will respond in analog mode during the hang time on the working channel.
- If receiving an analog I-Call, the radio will respond in analog mode during the hang time.
- When using the "WHC" feature to respond to an I-Call (after the hang time has expired), the call will be transmitted in the mode defined by the system mode as programmed for the current system if the ID being called is not in the I-Call list. If the ID is in the I-Call list, then the call will be transmitted as defined by the I-Call mode programmed in the list for that ID.

ERROR Messages

If any of the following error messages are displayed, the radio was either programmed incorrectly or needs servicing:

DSP ERR
ERR=xxxx

DSP ERR

DIGV ERR

Power Up Only

If the ProVoice circuit board is not responding, correctly, one of the following error messages will be displayed and the radio needs servicing:

HARDWARE
ERR= 3X

3X will be a number between 30 and 38

8.7.4 ProVoice Private Mode

ProVoice private mode allows the radio to transmit encrypted messages and receive clear or private transmissions. The radio will transmit private if the group/channel is programmed for private operation and forced operation is pre-programmed.

If the radio was pre-programmed for auto-select, the radio will transmit in the following modes;

- If Private mode is enabled, transmissions are always in private mode.
- If Private mode is disabled and a private call is received, the Reply transmission will be in Private mode if the transmission is made during the scan hangtime. If the reply transmission occurs after the scan hangtime, the transmission will be in Clear mode.

When operating on a group or channel programmed for private mode, all transmissions will be private transmissions and the radio will receive clear and private signals. If the selected group or channel is programmed for auto-select capability, the mode can be toggled between private and clear with the **OPTION** button. Radios programmed for forced private operation do not allow a change of the transmit mode; therefore, the **OPTION** has no effect.

8.7.4.1 Displaying the Currently Used Cryptographic Key Number

To display the cryptographic key currently in use for either the system encryption key (for special call such as individual, phone, all, agency or fleet) or the group/channel key (for group or conventional calls), perform the following procedure (Not Available on Conventional radios):

1. Press the **MENU** button.
2. Use  to select **DISP KEY**. Then press the **MENU** button.
3. Then use  to toggle between displaying the system key or the group/channel key.

Table 8-4: Current Cryptographic Key Display

ENCRYPTION KEY DISPLAYED	MESSAGE DISPLAYED
System	"SYS KEY" "KEY = 1"
Group/Channel	"GRP KEY"/"CHN KEY" "KEY = 2"/"KEY = 2"

8.7.4.2 Key Zero

All cryptographic keys can be zeroed (erased from radio memory) by pressing the **CLEAR** and while still pressing this button, press and hold the **OPTION**. Press both buttons for 2 seconds. A series of warning beeps will begin at the start of this 2-second period and then switch to a solid tone after the keys have been zeroed. The display will indicate **KEY ZERO**.

If the cryptographic key(s) are zeroed, one or more keys must be transferred from the Key Loader into the radio before private communications can continue. (Refer to Key Manager TQS3416 Administration and Software Release Notes for further information.)

8.7.5 Private Operation

8.7.5.1 Receiving an Encrypted Call

When receiving, the radio automatically switches between clear or private operation. If the transmission being received is an encrypted transmission, it will be decrypted, the receiver will unsquelch and the message will be heard in the speaker. The selected group or channel must be programmed for private operation and the correct cryptographic key must be loaded into the radio for this to occur.

8.7.5.2 Transmitting an Encrypted Call

1. Select the desired group or channel.
2. Place the radio in private mode by pressing the **OPTION**.

If the last state of the radio was private mode, the private mode will be enabled on power up. In addition, the private mode will be enabled if forced operation has been programmed in the radio

If a group or channel is not programmed for private mode operation, **PVT DIS** will be displayed if an attempt is made to enable private transmit mode. It is not possible to operate on this group/channel in private mode.

If the radio is programmed for forced private transmit operation, **FRCD PVT** will be displayed if an attempt is made to disable private transmit mode. It is not possible to transmit on this group/channel in clear mode.

If the radio does not have the correct encryption key loaded, **NO KEY #** will be displayed and the call will not be transmitted.

3. Continue with standard transmission procedures. A private mode access tone will be heard when the PTT button is pressed.

8.7.5.3 Scanned Group Calls

Receiving a scanned group call is the same as receiving a selected group call. During the scan hang time, if the radio was programmed for auto-select, it will transmit back in the same mode it received the call. For example, if a clear group is entered in the scan list, it will only receive clear calls. If the same group was available in private and entered in the scan list, it can receive clear and private calls, provided auto-select was programmed in the radio. The user can select transmitting on the scanned or selected group. If a group is entered in the scan list more than once in different modes (clear, digital, private), only the first occurrence of the group will be used.

8.7.6 Conventional Operation

8.7.6.1 Outside Address

The same outside address (works similar to Channel Guard operation) must be programmed in the transmitting and receiving radios when ProVoice digital or private operation is enabled. If address is not correct, the radios will not communicate.

8.7.6.2 Channel Guard

Channel Guard encode is transmitted on analog clear channels only. Channel Guard decode will operate on either a clear or private channel. The exception is when G-STAR signaling is used (see G-STAR paragraph).

8.7.6.3 G-STAR

When G-STAR is programmed on a private channel, the radio will transmit G-STAR in clear mode and then switch to private for the voice portion of the call. If G-STAR is sent with Channel Guard, then both are sent in clear mode and the radio switches to private mode. Emergency G-STAR data burst is transmitted in clear mode.

8.8 MACRO KEY OPERATION

Macro key operation permits the user to accomplish a series of keystrokes with a single "macro" keystroke. Up to ten (10) macro keys can be defined, each capable of executing up to twenty (20) keystrokes, to any pushbutton input (i.e., keypad keys, buttons, etc.). Each macro key can be pre-programmed to activate when pressed or when released.

A macro key can also be pre-programmed to change the keystroke sequence the next time the macro key is activated.

For detail operation and assignment of macro keys, contact your communications supervisor or administrator.

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

9 CONVENTIONAL OPERATION

9.1 RADIO STATUS ICONS

Status icons are indicators that show the various operating characteristics of the radio. The icons appear on the first line of the display.



Figure 9-1: Typical Display

Table 9-1: Icons and Descriptions

ICON	DESCRIPTION
	Indicates selected group or channel is in scan list.
	Indicates selected group or channel is programmed as Priority 1 in scan list.
	Indicates selected group or channel is programmed as Priority 2 in scan list.
	Indicates a conventional channel enabled with Channel Guard Function.
	Indicates the current channel is set up as an analog channel.
	Volume bars – indicates relative volume level.
	Scan mode enabled.

9.2 MESSAGES

During radio operation, various messages are displayed on either line 1 or line 2. Typical messages include control channel status information, such as system busy or call denied, or messages associated with the radio's operation, (i.e. volume adjust). These messages are described as follows:

Table 9-2: Display Messages

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
TALKAR ND	Talk-around	Indicates the radio is operating on conventional channels in talk-around mode (no repeater).
VOL=31	Volume Level	Indicates the current volume level. The volume level display ranges from OFF (silent) to 31 (loudest).
UNKNOW N	Caller's ID Not Received	Indicates that an individual call is being received, but the caller's ID was not received.
T99 ON	Type 99 Decode ON	Indicates the Type 99 Decode feature is enabled.
T99 OFF	Type 99 Decode OFF	Indicates the Type 99 Decode feature is disabled.
PA ON	Public Address ON	Indicates that the public address function of the radio is enabled.
PA OFF	Public Address OFF	Momentary (2 seconds) indicates that public address function of the radio was disabled.
ALRM ON	External Alarm Enabled	Indicates that the external alarm function of the radio is enabled.
ALRM OFF	External Alarm Disabled	Momentary (2 seconds) indicates that the external alarm function of the radio was disabled.
NO KEY #	Encryption Key Missing	Flashing indicator indicates that no encryption key or an incorrect encryption key is programmed into the radio.
BCKL=1-6	Backlight	Indicates the display intensity and keypad backlight level.
GR	Group ID	Indicates that the call is a group call and is followed by the GID of the caller.
MENU		Displayed when the menu key is pressed and remains displayed in line 1 until a menu item is selected.
SYS=1-64	System = 1 - 64	The system number for the current base station of the system displayed in line 1. It is displayed in line 2 of the display. Press the system key to obtain this display.
SEL PHN	Select Phone	After pressing the PHN key, selecting an entry from the phone list by typing the entry number will display this message on Line 1.

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
Ggg-v.vv	Code Group and Revision Number	This is code group and revision number that is displayed in line 2 when the menu item “REVISION” is selected. The ‘gg’ is the group number of the software. The first ‘v’ is the hardware version and ‘vv’ is the revision of the software.
NO ENTRY		Indicates that there is no data stored in one of the programmable items in either the phone list or individual call list. The user programmable items are items 1 through 10 in each list.
INV SYS	Invalid System	Displayed when the current system is an invalid type.
CHN=1-99	Channel = 1 - 99	Displayed on line 1 of the display. This is a conventional channel index displayed when the group key is pressed.
FIX LIST	Fixed List	The Priority scan list is fixed and cannot be changed using the add or delete keys.
FIXED P1	Fixed Priority 1	The Priority 1 scan channel is fixed and cannot be changed using the add or delete keys.
(c) 2004		Displayed in line 2 when the message ‘JRC’ is displayed in line 1 while displaying different items under the menu when “REVISION” is selected by the operator.
EM	Emergency	Indicates an emergency has been declared by the LID that follows the display, “EM.” An example of this is “EM 01201.”
INDV	Individual Call	Displayed in line 2 of the display when an individual call is in progress (trunked and T99 modes only).
GROUP	Group Call	Indicates a group call is in progress and is displayed on line 1 of the display (trunked and T99 modes only).
SPKR ON	External Speaker ON	Displayed when the external speaker is enabled.
SPKR OFF	External Speaker OFF	Displayed when the external speaker is disabled.
BANK=1-8		The bank of keys that are going to be loaded when the keyloader loads encryption keys. This is only valid for radios that support VGS, VGE, or DES encryption. It is displayed on line 2 of the display when the encryption keyloader is connected.
KEY LOAD		Displayed on line 1 of the display when the encryption keyloader is connected.
KEY ZERO		Displayed on line 2 of the display when the reset and option buttons are pressed simultaneously for approximately two seconds. The encryption keys are zeroed.

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
SYS KEY	System Key	Displayed on line 1 of the display in the display key mode of the menu. It is followed in the second line with a key number “KEY = <1..7>”.
KEY=1-7		Displayed on line 2 of the display in the display key mode of the menu for conventional systems when the “SYS KEY” or “CHN KEY” is displayed in line 1 and for trunked systems when the “SYS KEY” or “GRP KEY” is displayed in line 1.
PRIMARY		Displayed on line 1 of the display when the primary keys are enabled.
PRS NAME	Personality Name	Displayed on line 1 of the display under the revision selection of the menu. The personality name is displayed on line 2 at the same time.
JRC		Displayed on line 1 of the display under the revision selection of the menu. The copyright year is shown in line 2 of display at the same time “(c) 2007.”

9.3 ALERT TONES

The JHM-875S35J mobile radio also provides audible alert tones or “beeps” to indicate the various operating conditions. These alert tones can be enabled or disabled through programming.

Table 9-3: JHM-875S35J Alert Tones

NAME	TONE	DESCRIPTION
Call Originate	A short mid-pitched tone.	Sounds after keying the radio (Push-To-Talk button is pressed). Indicates the radio has been assigned a working channel
Carrier Control Timer	Five short high-pitched warning tones followed by a long low-pitched tone.	Sounds if the programmed time for continuous transmission is exceeded. The transmitter will shut down shortly after the alert, interrupting communications. Release and re-key the PTT button to maintain communications. This will reset the carrier control timer and turn the transmitter back on.
Key Press Alert	A short tone.	Indicates a key has been pressed. A short low-pitched tone indicates no action was taken because the key is not active in the current mode.

9.4 MENU

The menu function accesses features that are not available directly from the keypad. The order and specific number of menu items available is configurable through programming. Upon radio power up, the menu item at the beginning of the menu list will always be displayed first. Subsequent access to the menu function will return the last menu item that was shown in the display. To enter the menu mode, press **MENU**. The  ramp control, **MENU**, and **CLEAR** are used during the selection process. All of the selection mode rules previously detailed apply to the menu item selection process with the exception of direct access. The radio will continue to receive and transmit normally while in the menu function.

A new item is displayed by using the  ramp control to scroll through the list in increasing and decreasing order. The displayed menu item is made active by pressing **MENU**.

After entering the menu selection mode, the following generic display format will appear.

M E N U
Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

Line 1 indicates the radio is in the menu selection mode. Line 2 indicates the menu item (YYYYYYYYYY) that is to be viewed or changed (some menu items provide radio information and do not have changeable parameters).

An example of the menu item selection process and menu item parameter change is detailed below for the contrast menu item.

1. Press **MENU** to enter the menu mode.
2. Press the  ramp control until the display shows:

M E N U
CONTRAST

3. Press **MENU**. The contrast menu item is activated and the display will be similar to the following:

CNTRST = X
Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

Line 1 shows the active menu item and its current parameter setting (XXX). Line 2 shows the currently selected system or group name (YYYYYYYY).

4. The menu item's parameter setting shown in the display can now be changed by using the  ramp control to scroll through the list of parameter values. Once the desired setting is reached, press **MENU** to store the value and return to the normal display. For menu items that display radio information, use  to scroll through a list of informational displays. The menu items are listed in Table 9-4.

Table 9-4: Menu Item Information

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
Contrast Adjust	Menu Item: CONTRAST Once selected: CNTRST=	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	Selects the Contrast level.
Radio Revision Information	Menu item: REVISION	Informational displays only (see radio); no user selectable settings.	Selects the information display to view.
Phone Call	Menu item: PHN CALL Once selected: See Telephone Interconnect Call Section		Allows access to the Phone Call Feature.
External Alarm	Menu Item: EXTALARM Once Selected: EXTALARM	ON, OFF	EXTALARM replaces the system name on the display as long as the external alarm feature is enabled.
Public Address	Menu item: PUB ADDR Once selected: PA ON or PA OFF	ON, OFF	Public Address is toggled ON and OFF.
External Speaker	Menu item: EXT SPKR Once selected: SPKR ON or SPKR OFF	ON, OFF	External Speaker is toggled ON and OFF.
Encryption Key Loading	Menu item: KEYLOAD Once selected: KEY LOAD BANK = N	Up to 8 banks of 7 keys	Enables the radio to accept the loading of encryption keys.
Display Current Encryption Key(s)	Menu item: DISP KEY Once selected: SYS KEY, GRP KEY or CHN KEY and KEY = N		Displays current encryption key number.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
Front Panel Squelch Adjust	Menu item: SQUELCH Once selected: SQLCH=xx	1-16	Allows setting of squelch.
Scan	Menu item: SCAN	ON, OFF	Toggles scan function ON or OFF.
Scan Add	Menu item: SCAN ADD Once selected: Proper scan icon displayed.	S, 2 or 1	Adds group or channel to scan list.
Scan Delete	Menu item: SCAN DEL Once selected: Scan icon goes out.		Deletes group or channel from scan list.
Scan Add/Delete	Menu item: SCAN A/D When selected: Toggles through scan selections	Toggle sequence S, 2, 1, S, ...	Changes present group or channel to next scan choice in scan list.
Last Scanned Channel Recall	Menu Item: SCAN ADD Press twice when actively receiving; three times when not receiving. Scan icon displayed.		Changes the selected channel to the last scanned channel.
Home channel selection	Menu item: HOME Once selected: Home group or channel displayed.		Changes to the group or channel defined for Home function.
System select	Menu item: SYS SEL Once selected: SYS = n	1-64 = (n)umber of desired system	Displays the system selected.
External alarm #2	Menu item: EXTALRM2	ON, OFF	Toggles external alarm #2 feature ON or OFF.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
System selection	Menu item: SYSGRP 1 Menu item: SYSGRP 2 Menu item: SYSGRP 3 Menu item: SYSGRP 4 Menu item: SYSGRP 5		Changes to the System & Group/Channel programmed for SYSGRP 1-5.
Mute	Menu item: MUTE	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute function ON or OFF to control the audio output from the selected radio.
Mute #1	Menu item: MUTE 1	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute 1 function ON or OFF on radio #1.
Mute #2	Menu item: MUTE 2	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute 2 function ON or OFF on radio #2.
Multiple radio operation	Menu item: RADIO	ON, OFF	Toggles the currently selected radio.
Radio selection	Menu item: RADIO 1	ON, OFF	Changes to radio #1.
	Menu item: RADIO 2	ON, OFF	Changes to radio #2.
Talkaround feature	Menu item: TALKARND Once selected: TALKARND on line 1	ON, OFF	Toggles talkaround ON or OFF (transmit frequency changed to receive frequency).
Channel selection	Menu item: CHN SEL Once selected: CHN = n	1-99 = (n)umber of desired channel	Displays the conventional channel selected.
Feature Encryption Display	Menu Item: FEATURES Once selected: See Feature Encryption Display section	Informational displays only; no user selectable settings	Indicates current features programmed into the radio as well as certain information required to add features to the radio (refer to the Table of Contents for Feature Encryption Display).
Type 99 Decode Enable	Menu Item: T99 ENAB Once selected: T99 ON or T99 OFF	ON, OFF	Type 99 Decode is toggled ON and OFF.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
System Scan Enable	Menu Item: SYS SCAN Once selected: SYSC ON or SYSC OFF	ON, OFF	System Scan features like ProScan are toggled ON and OFF.

9.5 RECEIVING A CALL

1. Turn the radio on by rotating the **POWER ON-OFF/VOLUME** knob clockwise (out of detent). A short alert signal (if enabled through programming) indicates the radio is ready to use.
2. Adjust the **POWER ON-OFF/VOLUME** knob to the desired volume level.
3. Select the desired conventional system and channel. The display indicates the current conventional system and channel names.
4. The radio is now ready to receive calls.
5. When the radio receives a call (and the correct encoding is decoded, if programmed and enabled), it unmutes on the channel and the **BSY** indicator comes on.

9.6 SENDING A CALL

1. Turn ON the radio and set the **POWER ON-OFF/VOLUME** knob to the desired volume level. Select the desired conventional system and channel.
2. Ensure that the channel is not busy by pressing the **CLEAR** button to briefly disable any channel decoding and unmute the receiver or observe the unlit **BSY** indicator. If the Channel Busy Lockout feature is programmed for the selected channel, the radio will not transmit when the channel is busy.
3. Press and hold the PTT button. The **TX** indicator will turn on and a short beep sounds (if programmed) indicating that communication can begin.
4. Hold the microphone approximately three inches from the mouth and speak in a normal voice.
5. Release the PTT button when the transmission is complete and listen for a reply.

9.7 EMERGENCY OPERATION

If enabled, G-STAR emergency signaling can be transmitted when operating in the conventional mode. This G-STAR signaling will transmit 5 times with a delay between each transmission. To send an emergency call on the selected conventional system and channel (or on an optionally pre-programmed conventional emergency system and channel), proceed as follows:

Press and hold the red Emergency button for approximately one second (this time is programmable and, therefore, could be longer or shorter; check with the system administrator). The radio turns on the **TX** indicator and proceeds to transmit the pre-programmed G-STAR emergency signaling sequence.

G-STAR is programmed to transmit in one of the following methods:

METHOD 1: G-STAR is transmitted on the selected channel. If the channel is changed the emergency signaling will continue to be transmitted on the newly selected channel.

METHOD 2: Same as METHOD 1 but the radio will lock on to the currently selected channel. Any attempts to change the system or channel will be disabled.

METHOD 3: G-STAR is transmitted on a pre-programmed conventional emergency system and channel regardless of the selected channel. In this case the selected channel is available for voice transmission and the radio will periodically change to the pre-programmed emergency system and channel to send the emergency signaling and then change back to the selected channel.

METHOD 4: Same as METHOD 3 but the radio will lock on to the pre-programmed emergency system and channel. Any attempts to change the system or channel will be disabled.

The emergency state can be cleared by turning the radio OFF and then back ON.

9.7.1 Using 5-Tone Signaling to Declare an Emergency

If 5-Tone signaling is defined for emergency declaration in place of G-STAR emergency signaling, a pre-programmed tone sequence will be transmitted instead of the G-STAR sequence. This emergency declaration functions as the G-STAR emergency in all other respects.

9.7.2 Tone Encode Transmission

In conventional mode, two keys can be defined to be tone encode triggers. If either one of the pre-programmed tone encode triggers is pressed, a pre-programmed tone sequence will be transmitted on the current system and channel. (See Section 9.7 if the emergency key is used.) The **TX** indicator will light during tone transmission and a beep will sound at the end of the transmission. If enabled, audible side tones will be heard in the radio speaker as well. If PTT is pre-programmed as one of the triggers, the microphone will become active for voice communication after the tone sequence is complete.

Tone encode will be transmitted with Channel Guard if one is defined, and tones are always transmitted in clear voice mode, even if the channel is set for digital or private (see **VOICE MODES**). Digital or private voice transmission will resume normally after the tone transmission.

9.8 SCANNING CONVENTIONAL CHANNELS

Channels, which have been previously added to the scan list on a per system basis, can be scanned. The selected channel is scanned (if enabled through programming) whether or not it is in the scan list. Each conventional system's channel scan list is retained in memory when the radio is turned OFF.

The scan rate will vary depending upon the number of channels in the scan list and whether or not the radio is programmed to scan for channels with decoding enabled. Fewer channels will result in a faster scan rate. If programmed for dual-priority scan operation, the priority-one, priority-two and the remaining scan list channels are scanned. Once a signal is detected and the correct encoded squelch signal is decoded (if programmed), the radio receives the message and displays the received scan channel. At the same time, scanning continues on the priority-one and priority-two channels. If a priority-one or priority-two channel carrier, regardless of encoded squelch decoding, is detected while a non-priority channel is being received, the display name is updated and the received channel is switched to the priority channel. Scanning of the priority-one channel will continue if a message is being received on the priority-two channel.

While receiving a call on a non-priority or a priority two channel, the radio periodically checks the priority one and two channels. If Scan with Channel Guard is enabled, the radio will use Channel Guard to decide whether to unmute on a priority channel. The radio will stop, on squelch detection, on a priority channel. In normal operation, the radio will unmute only on detecting the correct Channel Guard; otherwise, it will remain muted until the priority channel call and hang time have ended. An optional feature allows the radio to continue scanning upon the detection of the wrong Channel Guard on a priority channel. The user can then select the rate at which this channel is scanned until the call ends.

9.8.1 Adding Channels to a Scan List

1. With scan operation turned OFF, select the desired channel to add to the selected conventional system channel scan list.
2. Press (+) or (-) with  + to display the current scan status on line 1 of the display for a time-out period.
3. While current scan status is displayed, press (+) to add the channel to the scan list.  is displayed. This sets the selected channel for non-priority scanning.
4. Press (+) again to set the channel for Priority 2 (P2) scanning and  is displayed.
5. A third press of (+) sets the channel for Priority 1 (P1) scanning and  is displayed on line 1. If the P1 or P2 channels are already set and a new channel is then assigned as the P1 or P2 channel, the previously assigned priority channel will change to non-priority scanning. The priority setting selection sequence is set and stops at P1, therefore the channel must be deleted from the scan list by pressing (-) before the channel is set to a previous priority setting. Any channel that is in a system's channel scan list will show , , or  when it is the selected channel.

9.8.2 Deleting Channels From A Scan List

1. With scan operation turned OFF select the desired channel to delete from the selected conventional system's channel scan list.
2. Press (+) or (-) with  +. The current status is displayed for a time-out period. Press - with  + to delete the channel from the scan list. , , or  will turn OFF.

9.8.3 Nuisance Delete

A channel can also be deleted from the scan list, if it is not the currently selected channel, by pressing down with  + twice during scan operation while the radio is displaying the unwanted channel. The channel will be deleted from the conventional system's channel scan list in the same manner as if done using the steps above. Deletions done in this manner will not remain deleted if the radio is turned OFF and then back ON.

9.9 TURNING SCAN ON

1. Toggle the scan operation ON by pressing **SCAN**. The **SCAN** indicator will turn ON when the radio is scanning.



Scanning will stop while the microphone is off-hook if the hook switch feature is enabled through programming.

2. When a channel on the scan list receives a channel assignment, the radio unmutes on the assigned channel, **BSY** indicator comes ON and the received scan channel is displayed.
 - The radio will continue scanning if a new channel is selected when scan is ON.
 - Pressing the **PTT** button when scan is ON will cause the radio to transmit on the displayed channel or to the currently selected channel depending on programming.
 - Pressing (+) with  when scan is ON causes the radio to recall the scanned channel that was last received. This channel is recalled for a period equal to the scan hang time.

9.10 TURNING SCAN OFF

Toggle the scan operation OFF by pressing **SCAN**. The radio will resume operation on the selected channel.

9.11 SQUELCH ADJUST

In the conventional mode of operation, the squelch can be re-adjusted in the **MENU** selection mode or from a front panel key on the keypad that has been pre-programmed. A default value of 9, or any user level between 1 and 16, can be selected using programming software. The user can change this setting either of two ways from the front panel keys.



A value of 16 requires a strong signal to open squelch, a value of 2 requires a very weak signal to open squelch, and a value of 1 is open squelch.



When the squelch adjust feature is activated, Channel Guard, T99 decode, and Scan are disabled. When the squelch adjust feature is exited, Channel Guard, T99 decode, and Scan are restored to their previous states.

9.11.1 Menu Selection

1. Press the **MENU** key and then use the RAMP control  to scroll through the selections until **SQUELCH** is displayed. Then press **MENU** (select) again.
2. The display will show **SQLCH=xx**, where "xx" is the value between 1 and 16.
3. Use the RAMP control  to scroll through the values. Then press the **MENU** (select) key to save the new value after the display time-out (2 seconds). The displayed value will be selected and saved.
4. If the **MENU** or **CLEAR** key is pressed before the time-out, the menu feature will exit and the squelch level will not be updated. The original value will be restored.

9.11.2 Pre-Programmed Keypad Key

1. Press the pre-programmed key and the display will indicate **SQLCH=xx**, where "xx" is the value between 1 and 16.
2. Use the RAMP control  to scroll through the values. Then press **MENU** to save the new value or wait for the display time-out (2 seconds). The displayed value will be selected and saved.
3. If the **CLEAR** key is pressed before the time-out, the squelch level will not be updated and the original value will be restored.

9.12 TYPE 99 DECODE

If the Type 99 Decode Option has been pre-programmed, individual selective calling is possible. The radio can now decode individual, group or supergroup paging calls. Two sets of Type 99 paging codes must be pre-programmed into the radio. When the radio decodes an appropriate Type 99 code sequence, an alert tone and visual indicator is provided to the user. The receiver then operates as a noise squelched unit until Type 99 is reset. Type 99 decode continues to operate during this noise squelched period. The appropriate Type 99 alert tone will sound again if it detects a valid two-tone sequence.

Type 99 operation can be reset manually or automatically (pre-programmed). Manual reset is achieved by briefly pressing **CLEAR**, if programmed. Automatic reset, if enabled, occurs after a 30 second interval following the most recent decode of a Type 99 tone sequence. Hook switch (pre-programmed) can also enable or disable Type 99 decode. The pre-programmed key light will blink when Type 99 is disabled by the hook switch.

Type 99 decode will continue to be active while the radio's **CLEAR** button is pressed. This allows the user to monitor calls and still be alerted when a call is directed to the user. While the user continues to press **CLEAR**, the user will hear both calls and all Type 99 tone signals. If **CLEAR** is pressed for longer than two (2) seconds, Type 99 decode will either be disabled or re-enabled depending upon its present state.

To check the Type 99 enable status, press the Scan Add/Delete  ramp control. The current status of Type 99 decode will be displayed for a time-out period.

If a Horn Alert Option is installed and enabled with the Type 99 Decode Option, the radio can beep the vehicle horn when a Type 99 call is received. This option permits alerting persons out of the vehicle when a call is received.



Type 99 is automatically disabled when Scan is enabled.

9.12.1 Menu Selection

Press **MENU** and then use the  ramp control to scroll through the selections until **T99 ENAB** is displayed. Then press **MENU** to toggle the Type 99 decode state. The **T99 ON** or **T99 OFF** display message is displayed for two seconds to show the new state.

9.12.2 Pre-Programmed Keypad Key

Press the pre-programmed key and the **T99 ON** or **T99 OFF** display message is displayed for two seconds to show the new state.

9.13 DIRECT MODE OPERATION

The direct mode (or talk-around) provides short range, line of sight communications. One of the buttons on the control unit must be pre-programmed for this feature to function.

1. Make sure the radio is ON and then select the desired conventional system and channel.
2. Press the pre-programmed button to toggle the talk-around function ON.
3. Ensure that the channel is not busy by pressing the **CLEAR** to briefly disable any channel decoding and unmute the receiver or observe the unlit **BSY** indicator. If the Channel Busy Lockout feature is programmed for the selected channel, the radio will not transmit when the channel is busy.
4. Press and hold the PTT button. The **TX** indicator will light and a short beep sounds (if pre-programmed) indicating that communication can begin.
5. Release the PTT button when the transmission is complete and listen for a reply.
6. When the communications is completed, press the pre-programmed button to toggle the talk-around function OFF.

10 P25 CONVENTIONAL OPERATION

10.1 RADIO STATUS ICONS

Status icons are indicators that show the various operating characteristics of the radio. The icons appear on the first line of the display.



Figure 10-1: Typical Display

Table 10-1: Icons and Descriptions

ICON	DESCRIPTION
	Indicates selected group or channel is in scan list.
	Indicates selected group or channel is programmed as Priority 1 in scan list.
	Indicates selected group or channel is programmed as Priority 2 in scan list.
	Indicates a conventional channel enabled with Channel Guard Function.
	Transmitting or receiving in encrypted mode.
	Indicates the current channel is set up as an analog channel.
	Indicates the current channel is set up as a ProVoice channel.
	Scan mode enabled.
	Indicates the current channel is set up as a Project 25 (P25) channel.

10.2 MESSAGES

During radio operation, various messages are displayed on either line 1 or line 2. Typical messages include control channel status information, such as system busy or call denied, or messages associated with the radio's operation, (i.e. volume adjust). These messages are described as follows:

Table 10-2: Display Messages

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
TALKAR ND	Talk-around	Indicates the radio is operating on conventional channels in talk-around mode (no repeater).
VOL=31	Volume Level	Indicates the current volume level. The volume level display ranges from OFF (silent) to 31 (loudest).
UNKNOWN	Caller's ID Not Received	Indicates that an individual call is being received, but the caller's ID was not received.
T99 ON	Type 99 Decode ON	Indicates the Type 99 Decode feature is enabled.
T99 OFF	Type 99 Decode OFF	Indicates the Type 99 Decode feature is disabled.
PA ON	Public Address ON	Indicates that the public address function of the radio is enabled.
PA OFF	Public Address OFF	Momentary (2 seconds) indicates that public address function of the radio was disabled.
ALRM ON	External Alarm Enabled	Indicates that the external alarm function of the radio is enabled.
ALRM OFF	External Alarm Disabled	Momentary (2 seconds) indicates that the external alarm function of the radio was disabled.
PVT DIS	Private Mode Disabled	Indicates that private mode is disabled or no encryption key has been programmed for the selected group/channel or special call.
FRCD PVT	Forced Private Operation	Indicates that forced private operation has been pre-programmed into radio.
NO KEY #	Encryption Key Missing	Flashing indicator indicates that no encryption key or an incorrect encryption key is programmed into the radio.
BCKL=1-6	Backlight	Indicates the display intensity and keypad backlight level.
GR	Group ID	Indicates that the call is a group call and is followed by the GID of the caller.

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
WHC=1	Who Has Called	This display indicates the number from the <i>Who Has Called</i> list. Individual calls received but not responded to are stored in a <i>Who Has Called</i> list. This list is accessible by pressing the # key and then the INDV key after the Individual call has timed out or the Clear button is pressed. This display is on line 2 and the LID of the caller is displayed on the top line. Currently the list is not implemented and the display will always be WHC=1.
PHONE	Phone Call	Displayed when a phone call is received from the site. It is displayed in line 1 of the display. Line 2 of the display will contain the display *INDV* when line 1 contains this message. The radio interprets a received phone call as an individual call.
MENU		Displayed when the menu key is pressed and remains displayed in line 1 until a menu item is selected.
SYS=1-64	System = 1 - 64	The system number for the current base station of the system displayed in line 1. It is displayed in line 2 of the display. Press the system key to obtain this display.
INDV=1-99	Individual = 1 - 99	Indicates which item in the individual call list is being displayed. It is displayed in line 2 of the display. The name or ID of the item in the list is displayed in line 1 of the display.
PHN=1-99	Phone = 1 - 99	Indicates which item in the phone list is being displayed. It is displayed in line 2 of the display. Line 1 of the display will be the last 3 characters of the list item contents.
SEL PHN	Select Phone	After pressing the PHN key, selecting an entry from the phone list by typing the entry number will display this message on Line 1.
Ggg-v.vv	Code Group and Revision Number	This is code group and revision number that is displayed in line 2 when the menu item "REVISION" is selected. The 'gg' is the group number of the software. The first 'v' is the hardware version and 'vv' is the revision of the software.
PHONE	Phone Call	Displayed when an initiated phone call is in progress. This is displayed on line 2 of the display.
NO ENTRY		Indicates that there is no data stored in one of the programmable items in either the phone list or individual call list. The user programmable items are items 1 through 10 in each list.
INV SYS	Invalid System	Displayed when the current system is an invalid type.
CHN=1-99	Channel = 1 - 99	Displayed on line 1 of the display. This is a conventional channel index displayed when the group key is pressed.

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
FIX LIST	Fixed List	The Priority scan list is fixed and cannot be changed using the add or delete keys.
FIXED P1	Fixed Priority 1	The Priority 1 scan channel is fixed and cannot be changed using the add or delete keys.
(c) 2004		Displayed in line 2 when the message 'JRC' is displayed in line 1 while displaying different items under the menu when "REVISION" is selected by the operator.
EM	Emergency	Indicates an emergency has been declared by the LID that follows the display, "EM." An example of this is "EM 01201."
INDV	Individual Call	Displayed in line 2 of the display when an individual call is in progress (trunked and T99 modes only).
GROUP	Group Call	Indicates a group call is in progress and is displayed on line 1 of the display (trunked and T99 modes only).
SPKR ON	External Speaker ON	Displayed when the external speaker is enabled.
SPKR OFF	External Speaker OFF	Displayed when the external speaker is disabled.
BANK=1-8		The bank of keys that are going to be loaded when the keyloader loads encryption keys. This is only valid for radios that support VGS, VGE, or DES encryption. It is displayed on line 2 of the display when the encryption keyloader is connected.
KEY LOAD		Displayed on line 1 of the display when the encryption keyloader is connected.
KEY ZERO		Displayed on line 2 of the display when the reset and option buttons are pressed simultaneously for approximately two seconds. The encryption keys are zeroed.
SYS KEY	System Key	Displayed on line 1 of the display in the display key mode of the menu. It is followed in the second line with a key number "KEY = <1..7>".
KEY=1-7		Displayed on line 2 of the display in the display key mode of the menu for conventional systems when the "SYS KEY" or "CHN KEY" is displayed in line 1 and for trunked systems when the "SYS KEY" or "GRP KEY" is displayed in line 1.
PRIMARY		Displayed on line 1 of the display when the primary keys are enabled.
PRS NAME	Personality Name	Displayed on line 1 of the display under the revision selection of the menu. The personality name is displayed on line 2 at the same time.

MESSAGE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
JRC		Displayed on line 1 of the display under the revision selection of the menu. The copyright year is shown in line 2 of display at the same time "(c) 2007."

10.3 ALERT TONES

The JHM-875S35J mobile radio also provides audible alert tones or “beeps” to indicate the various operating conditions. These alert tones can be enabled or disabled through programming.

Table 10-3: JHM-875S35J Alert Tones

NAME	TONE	DESCRIPTION
Call Originate	A short mid-pitched tone.	Sounds after keying the radio (Push-To-Talk button is pressed). Indicates the radio has been assigned a working channel
Carrier Control Timer	Five short high-pitched warning tones followed by a long low-pitched tone.	Sounds if the programmed time for continuous transmission is exceeded. The transmitter will shut down shortly after the alert, interrupting communications. Release and re-key the PTT button to maintain communications. This will reset the carrier control timer and turn the transmitter back on.
Key Press Alert	A short tone.	Indicates a key has been pressed. A short low-pitched tone indicates no action was taken because the key is not active in the current mode.

10.4 MENU

The menu function accesses features that are not available directly from the keypad. The order and specific number of menu items available is configurable through programming. Upon radio power up, the menu item at the beginning of the menu list will always be displayed first. Subsequent access to the menu function will return the last menu item that was shown in the display. To enter the menu mode, press **MENU**. The  ramp control, **MENU**, and **CLEAR** are used during the selection process. All of the selection mode rules previously detailed apply to the menu item selection process with the exception of direct access. The radio will continue to receive and transmit normally while in the menu function.

A new item is displayed by using the  ramp control to scroll through the list in increasing and decreasing order. The displayed menu item is made active by pressing **MENU**.

After entering the menu selection mode, the following generic display format will appear.

M E N U
Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

Line 1 indicates the radio is in the menu selection mode. Line 2 indicates the menu item (YYYYYYYYYY) that is to be viewed or changed (some menu items provide radio information and do not have changeable parameters).

An example of the menu item selection process and menu item parameter change is detailed below for the contrast menu item.

1. Press **MENU** to enter the menu mode.
2. Press the  ramp control until the display shows:

M E N U
CONTRAST

3. Press **MENU**. The contrast menu item is activated and the display will be similar to the following:

CNTRST = X
Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y

Line 1 shows the active menu item and its current parameter setting (XXX). Line 2 shows the currently selected system or group name (YYYYYYYYYY).

4. The menu item's parameter setting shown in the display can now be changed by using the  ramp control to scroll through the list of parameter values. Once the desired setting is reached, press **MENU** to store the value and return to the normal display. For menu items that display radio information, use  to scroll through a list of informational displays. The menu items are listed in Table 10-4 Menu Item Information.

Table 10-4: Menu Item Information

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
Contrast Adjust	Menu Item: CONTRAST Once selected: CNTRST=	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	Selects the Contrast level.
Radio Revision Information	Menu item: REVISION	Informational displays only (see radio); no user selectable settings.	Selects the information display to view.
Phone Call	Menu item: PHN CALL Once selected: See Telephone Interconnect Call Section		Allows access to the Phone Call Feature.
External Alarm	Menu Item: EXTALARM Once Selected: EXTALARM	ON, OFF	EXTALARM replaces the system name on the display as long as the external alarm feature is enabled.
Public Address	Menu item: PUB ADDR Once selected: PA ON or PA OFF	ON, OFF	Public Address is toggled ON and OFF.
External Speaker	Menu item: EXT SPKR Once selected: SPKR ON or SPKR OFF	ON, OFF	External Speaker is toggled ON and OFF.
Encryption Key Loading	Menu item: KEYLOAD Once selected: KEY LOAD BANK = N	Up to 8 banks of 7 keys	Enables the radio to accept the loading of encryption keys.
Display Current Encryption Key(s)	Menu item: DISP KEY Once selected: SYS KEY, GRP KEY or CHN KEY and KEY = N		Displays current encryption key number.
Scan	Menu item: SCAN	ON, OFF	Toggles scan function ON or OFF.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
Private Mode	Menu Item: PRIVATE Once selected: PVT or key light.	ON, OFF	Toggles private function ON or OFF.
Front Panel Squelch Adjust	Menu Item: SQUELCH Once selected: SQLCH=xx	1-16	Allows setting of squelch.
Scan Add	Menu item: SCAN ADD Once selected: Proper scan icon displayed.	S, 2 or 1	Adds group or channel to scan list.
Scan Delete	Menu item: SCAN DEL Once selected: Scan icon goes out.		Deletes channel from scan list.
Scan Add/Delete	Menu item: SCAN A/D When selected: Toggles through scan selections	Toggle sequence S, 2, 1, S, ...	Changes present group or channel to next scan choice in scan list.
Last Scanned Channel Recall	Menu Item: SCAN ADD Press twice when actively receiving; three times when not receiving. Scan icon displayed.		Changes the selected channel to the last scanned channel.
Home channel selection	Menu item: HOME Once selected: Home group or channel displayed.		Changes to the group or channel defined for Home function.
System select	Menu item: SYS SEL Once selected: SYS = n	1-64 = (n)umber of desired system	Displays the system selected.
External alarm #2	Menu item: EXTALRM2	ON, OFF	Toggles external alarm #2 feature ON or OFF.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
System and Channel selection	Menu item: SYSGRP 1 Menu item: SYSGRP 2 Menu item: SYSGRP 3 Menu item: SYSGRP 4 Menu item: SYSGRP 5		Changes to the System & Channel programmed for SYSGRP 1-5.
Mute	Menu item: MUTE	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute function ON or OFF to control the audio output from the selected radio.
Mute #1	Menu item: MUTE 1	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute 1 function ON or OFF on radio #1.
Mute #2	Menu item: MUTE 2	ON, OFF	Toggles the mute 2 function ON or OFF on radio #2.
Multiple radio operation	Menu item: RADIO	ON, OFF	Toggles the currently selected radio.
Radio selection	Menu item: RADIO 1	ON, OFF	Changes to radio #1.
	Menu item: RADIO 2	ON, OFF	Changes to radio #2.
Talkaround feature	Menu item: TALKARND Once selected: TALKARND on line 1	ON, OFF	Toggles talkaround ON or OFF (transmit frequency changed to receive frequency).
Feature Encryption Display	Menu Item: FEATURES Once selected: See Feature Encryption Display section	Informational displays only; no user selectable settings	Indicates current features programmed into the radio as well as certain information required to add features to the radio (refer to the Table of Contents for Feature Encryption Display).
System Scan Enable	Menu Item: SYS SCAN Once selected: SYSC ON or SYSC OFF	ON, OFF	System Scan features like ProScan are toggled ON and OFF.

FEATURE	DISPLAY	PARAMETER SETTINGS	COMMENT
Type 99 Decode Enable	Menu Item: T99 ENAB Once selected: T99 ON or T99 OFF	ON, OFF	Type 99 Decode is toggled ON and OFF.

10.5 GROUP CALLS IN P25 MODE

10.5.1 Transmitting a Group Call

1. Select the desired P25 system.
2. Select the Talk Group/Conventional Channel. (Selected simultaneously using either the system/group/channel knob or the group key.)
3. Press and hold the PTT.
4. When a grant tone is received (if enabled through programming), speak into the microphone.
5. Release PTT and wait for response.

10.5.2 Receiving a Group Call

The radio will unmute according to the squelch mode defined in the radio personality (monitor, normal, selective).

1. Select the desired P25 system and Talk Group/Channel or turn scan on and make sure the desired channel is in the scan list.
2. When the radio receives a P25 call, the radio will unmute and the channel name will appear in the display.
3. Press the PTT button to respond.

10.6 INDIVIDUAL CALLS IN P25 MODE

10.6.1 Transmitting an Individual Call

1. Select the desired P25 system.
2. Select the radio unit to call (callee source ID) from the pre-programmed individual call list or enter the ID number on the radio keypad.
3. Press and hold the PTT.
4. When grant tone is received (if enabled through programming) speak into the microphone.
5. Release the PTT.

10.6.2 Receiving an Individual Call

The radio will unmute according to the squelch mode defined in the radio personality (monitor, normal, selective).

1. Select the desired P25 system and Talk Group/Channel or turn scan on and make sure the desired channel is in the scan list.
2. When the radio receives a P25 call, the radio will unmute and the ID of the transmitting radio will appear in the display.
3. Press the PTT button to respond.

Unanswered calls will appear in the Who Has Called (WHC) list.

10.7 EMERGENCY GROUP CALLS IN P25 MODE



There is no method available for a system-wide Emergency clear. An emergency group call must be cleared on each individual radio.

10.7.1 Declaring an Emergency Group Call

1. Select the desired P25 system and Talk Group/Channel.
2. Press the red emergency button on the top of the radio. The radio will broadcast a short emergency transmission with the emergency bit set. “**TXEMER**” will appear in the display of the transmitting radio.
3. To send a voice message, press the PTT and speak into the microphone.
4. To clear an emergency from the transmitting radio, perform one of the following steps:
 - a. Change systems.
 - b. Change channels (if not prohibited by programming).
 - c. Cycle power by turning radio off and then back on.
 - d. Press the Clear and Emergency buttons simultaneously, providing the Clear Emergency option is enabled in the Supervisory Options in the personality.

10.7.2 Receiving an Emergency Group Call

1. Select the desired P25 System and Talk Group/Channel.
2. When the radio detects an incoming Emergency Group Call, the radio will sound an alert tone and “**RXEMER**” will appear in the display.
3. Voice or emergency transmissions will be heard at the receiving radio.
4. To clear an emergency from the receiving radio, perform one of the following steps:
 - a. Change systems.
 - b. Change channels (if not prohibited by programming).
 - c. Cycle power by turning radio off and then back on.
 - d. Press the Clear and Emergency buttons simultaneously, providing the Clear Emergency option is enabled in the Supervisory Options in the personality.

11 BASIC TROUBLESHOOTING

If the radio is not operating properly, check Table 11-1 for likely causes. For additional assistance, contact a qualified service technician.

Table 11-1: Basic Troubleshooting

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Radio will not turn on.	No power.	Test the connection to the vehicle power supply.
Radio will not turn off.	If in multiple control head configuration, one of the attached control heads is still powered up.	Power off all control heads.
Radio will not register or does not receive provisioning data.	Bad logon credentials.	Check logon and password.
No audio.	Speaker volume is muted.	Increase the volume level.
Poor audio.	Transmitting or receiving in a poor coverage area or subject to interference.	Check network connectivity and move to a better coverage area if possible. Report the area without coverage to an authorized network technician.
Poor display visibility.	Ambient Light Sensor is obstructed.	Clear the obstruction and give the sensor a clear path to ambient light.
No network connectivity icon in display.	Radio is out-of-range or cannot connect with the OpenSky network. Base station network connection has failed.	Return to coverage area if possible and wait for condition to clear. Use single-site trunking or switch to an alternate channel.
Radio will not transmit.	Radio may be out of coverage area or may be overheated.	Return to coverage area if possible. If overheated, let radio cool before retrying transmission. Report this failure to an authorized technician.
“Warning: No MRU” Message.	Radio control head is unable to communicate with mobile radio unit (radio transceiver).	Have the radio connections checked by an authorized technician.
Control head randomly changes display.	In multiple control head configurations, another user is operating the radio from another control head.	None
Encrypted calls cannot be made.	Not authorized to use.	Contact system administrator to request encryption privileges.

SYMPTOM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
Screen displays: UNAUTH3	The radio network ID has not been added to the network.	Contact system administrator.
Screen displays: NOAUTHV	Radio authentication of the VNIC failed.	Contact system administrator.
Screen displays: NOAUTHM	VNIC authentication of the radio failed.	Contact system administrator.
Screen displays: NOSUPRT	The voice authentication security policy is set to only allow authenticated users.	Contact system administrator.
Encrypted calls cannot be made.	User not logged in.	Log in.

12 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

The Technical Assistance Center's (TAC) resources are available to help with overall system operation, maintenance, upgrades and product support. TAC is the point of contact when answers are needed to technical questions.

Product specialists, with detailed knowledge of product operation, maintenance and repair provide technical support via a toll-free (in North American) telephone number. Support is also available through mail, fax and e-mail.

For more information about technical assistance services, contact your sales representative, or call the Technical Assistance Center at:

North America: +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX

International: +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX

Fax: +XX-XXX-XX-XXXX

E-mail: <http://www.jrc.co.jp>

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

13 KEYPAD REMAPPING

If the keys have been remapped to provide new functions, fill in the following template for future reference.

Button	Function	Button	Function
Emergency		1	
Preset A		2	
Preset B		3	
Preset C		4	
Rocker •		5	
Rocker ••		6	
Rocker +		7	
Rocker -		8	
MENU		9	
OPT/OPTION		*	
CLR/CLEAR		0	
SCAN		#	

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

14 RADIO SETUP

RADIO TYPE:

FREQUENCY BAND:

OPERATOR'S NAME:

EMERGENCY GROUP:

INDEX**[A]**

Adjusting Audio Treble Level 44
Adjusting Display and Button Backlight Brightness 41
Adjusting Side Tone Audio Level 42
ALERT TONES 36, 95, 112

[B]

Basic Menu Structure 37

[C]

Change operating mode 27, 42
Changing Scanning Priority 48
Changing the Active Profile 39
Checking or Changing Active Scan Mode 47
Checking or Changing the Selected Talk Group 39
Clearing an Emergency Call or Alert 53

[D]

Declaring an Emergency Call or Alert 52
Declaring an Emergency Group Call 119
DIRECT MODE OPERATION 107
Disabling Stealth Mode 41
Dismissing an Emergency Call 54
Dwell Display 33

[E]

EMERGENCY OPERATION 101
Enabling Stealth Mode 41

[F]

FRONT PANEL COMPONENTS 29, 58

[G]

Group and Channel Selection 65

[I]

INTERCOM MODE 45

[L]

Lock Out a Talk Group 46
Log off the Network 32
LogIn to the Network 31

[M]

Menu Display and Control Area 32

[P]

PERSONALITY 34
Power Up 31

[R]

RADIO STATUS ICONS 4, 33, 71, 92, 108
RECEIVING A CALL 100
Receiving a Group Call 117
Receiving a Selective Call 49
Receiving a Voice Call 43
Receiving an Emergency Call 54
Receiving an Emergency Group Call 119
Receiving an Encrypted Call 69
Receiving an Individual Call 118
Receiving Messages 51
REMOTE CONTROL HEAD OPERATION 4, 26

[S]

SCANNING CONVENTIONAL CHANNELS 102
SELF-TEST 31
SENDING A CALL 100
Sending Selective Alert Messages 50
SQUELCH ADJUST 104
System Selection 65

[T]

Terminating a Selective Call 49
Transmitting a Group Call 117
Transmitting a Voice Call 43
Transmitting an Encrypted Call 69
Transmitting an Individual Call 118
TURNING SCAN OFF 104
TURNING SCAN ON 104
Turning the Radio Off 32
TYPE 99 DECODE 106

[U]

Unlock a Talk Group 46

[V]

Volume Control 31

<This page is intentionally left blank.>

