Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY4 | V4.7 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V4.9 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 15 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 835 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 41.5 | 0.90 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 40.3 ± 6 % | 0.88 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (22.5 ± 0.2) °C | | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm3 (1 g) of Head TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.26 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 9.04 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1 | normalized to 1W | 9.01 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1,49 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 5.96 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1 | normalized to 1W | 5.93 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d026_Aug07 Page 3 of 9

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 55.2 | 0.97 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 55.2 ± 6 % | 1.00 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (22.4 ± 0.2) °C | **** | |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 2.47 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 9.88 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2 | normalized to 1W | 9.69 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 1.64 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 6.56 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters 2 | normalized to 1W | 6.48 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d026_Aug07 Page 4 of 9

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 54.1 Ω - 2.4 jΩ | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Return Loss | - 26.8 dB | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 49.0 Ω - 5.1 jΩ |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Return Loss | - 25.7 dB |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| parties and the second | • |
|---|----------|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.389 ns |
| | |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| Manufactured by | SPEAG | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| Manufactured on | December 17, 2004 | |

Certificate No: D835V2-4d026_Aug07

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 27.08.2007 13:39:09

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.881$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 19.10.2006

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

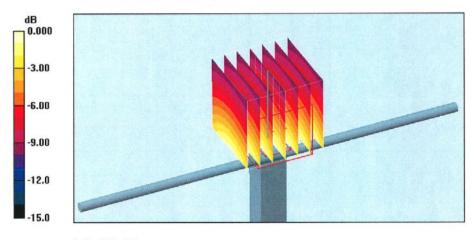
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.26 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.49 mW/g

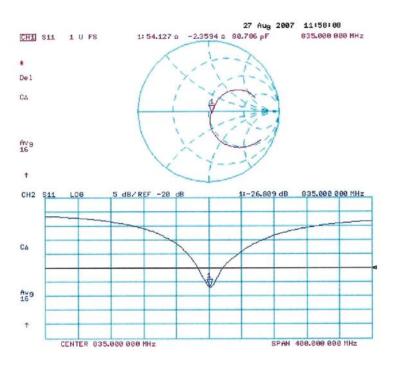
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.46 mW/g



0 dB = 2.46 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d026_Aug07

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.08.2007 11:48:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d026

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900;

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 1.01$ mho/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (HF); ConvF(5.75, 5.75, 5.75); Calibrated: 19.10.2006

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.01.2007

Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 53; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

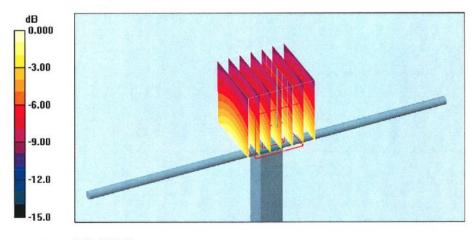
Pin = 250mW, d = 15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 54.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.47 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 mW/g

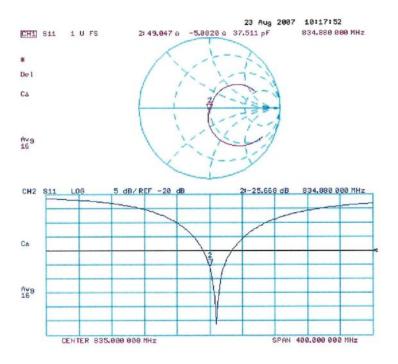
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.68 mW/g



0 dB = 2.68 mW/g

Certificate No: D835V2-4d026_Aug07

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

PC Test

Certificate No: D1900V2-502-Jan09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE Object D1900V2 - SN: 502 QA CAL-05.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits January 20, 2009 Calibration date: In Tolerance Condition of the calibrated item This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) D# Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Primary Standards Oct-09 GB37480704 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Power meter EPM-442A Oct-09 08-Oct-08 (No. 217-00898) Power sensor HP 8481A US37292783 Jul-09 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5086 (20g) 01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00864) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 01-Jul-08 (No. 217-00867) Jul-09 Type-N mismatch combination Apr-09 28-Apr-08 (No. ES3-3025_Apr08) Reference Probe ES3DV2 SN: 3025 Mar-09 SN: 601 14-Mar-08 (No. DAE4-601_Mar08) DAE4 Scheduled Check Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) 18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-07) In house check: Oct-09 Power sensor HP 8481A MY41092317 In house check: Oct-09 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) 100005 RF generator R&S SMT-06 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) In house check: Oct-09 US37390585 S4206 Network Analyzer HP 8753E Name Function Laboratory Technician Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Approved by: Issued: January 21, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| DASY Version | DASY5 | V5,0 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Extrapolation | Advanced Extrapolation | y panena same |
| Phantom | Modular Flat Phantom V5.0 | |
| Distance Dipole Center - TSL | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| Zoom Scan Resolution | dx, dy, dz = 5 mm | |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz ± 1 MHz | 76.363.402.433.743.636 U |

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal Head TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 40.0 | 1.40 mho/m |
| Measured Head TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 39.2 ± 6 % | 1.47 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Head TSL temperature during test | (21.0 ± 0.2) °C | 73 d | |

SAR result with Head TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.3 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 41.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters 1 | normalized to 1W | 39.9 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL | Condition | 100 000/2011/31/40-21: |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.32 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 21.3 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters ¹ | normalized to 1W | 20.9 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D1900V2-502_Jan09 Page 3 of 9

¹ Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | Temperature | Permittivity | Conductivity |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Nominal Body TSL parameters | 22.0 °C | 53.3 | 1.52 mho/m |
| Measured Body TSL parameters | (22.0 ± 0.2) °C | 54.7 ± 6 % | 1.57 mho/m ± 6 % |
| Body TSL temperature during test | (21.0 ± 0.2) °C | .5.79V | 7489000000000000000000000000000000000000 |

SAR result with Body TSL

| SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL | Condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 10.5 mW/g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 42.0 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 41.5 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2) |

| SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL | condition | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|
| SAR measured | 250 mW input power | 5.55 mW / g |
| SAR normalized | normalized to 1W | 22.2 mW / g |
| SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters ² | normalized to 1W | 22.1 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2) |

Certificate No: D1900V2-502_Jan09

² Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.1 Ω - 3.3 jΩ | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Return Loss | - 26.8 dB | | |

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 43.3 Ω - 3.4]Ω | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Return Loss | - 21.9 dB | | |

General Antenna Parameters and Design

| C. 1910 Section 1910 | | | | **** | - |
|----------------------|---|------|------------------|------|---------|
| Electrical Delay | (one direction) | | 1.183 ns | | erene . |
| | - A Contract and the Contract of the Contract | | 1-1-1-0-0-0-0-0- | | - |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

| M | The state of the s | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG | | |
| Manufactured on | November 14, 1998 | | |

Certificate No: D1900V2-502_Jan09

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 20.01.2009 12:10:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.47 \text{ mho/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg)

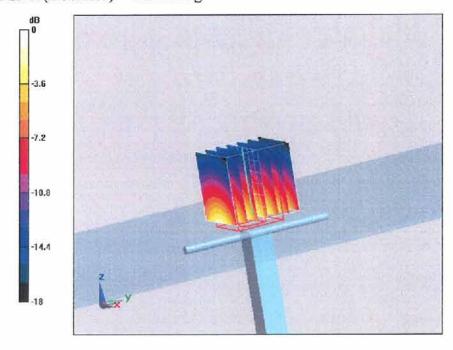
(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.042 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

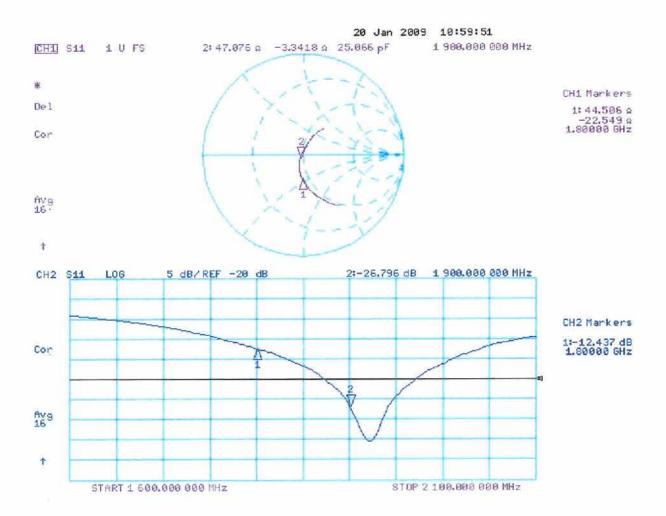
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.2 mW/g



0 dB = 12.2 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 13.01.2009 13:05:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.57 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 28.04.2008

• Sensor-Surface: 3.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 14.03.2008

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 120; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 45

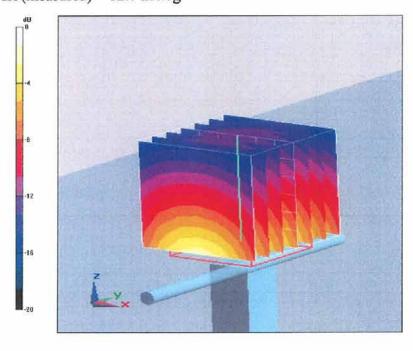
Pin = 250 mW; dip = 10 mm, scan at 3.4mm 2 2/Zoom Scan (dist=3.4mm, probe 0deg) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00443 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg

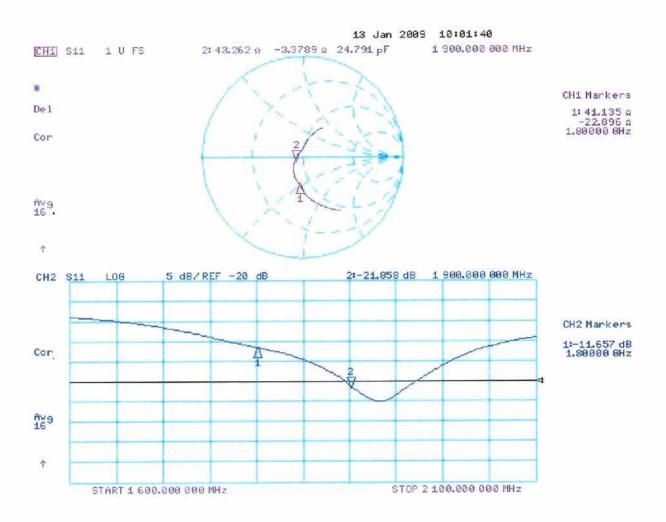
SAR(1 g) = 10.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 mW/g



0 dB = 12.7 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3022_Oct08

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

| lient PC lest | | Controls | , 200 0022 – 0000 |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| ALIBRATION (| CERTIFICAT | E | |
| Dbject | ES3DV2 - SN:3 | 022 | |
| Calibration procedure(s) | | QA CAL-12.v5 and QA CAL-23.v3 edure for dosimetric E-field probes | |
| Calibration date: | October 21, 200 | 8 | |
| Condition of the calibrated item | In Tolerance | | |
| The measurements and the unce | ertainties with confidence | tional standards, which realize the physical uniprobability are given on the following pages an ory facility: environment temperature (22 \pm 3)°C | d are part of the certificate. |
| Calibration Equipment used (M& | | | |
| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) | Apr-09 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) | Apr-09 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788) | Арг-09 |
| Reference 3 d8 Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865) | Jul-09 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787) | Apr-09 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866) | Jul-09 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08) | Jan-09 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08) | Sep-09 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-08 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Marcel Fehr | Laboratory Technician | 11/1/11 |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | IX. Aş |
| | | | Issued: October 21, 2008 |

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL NORMx,y,z tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP

diode compression point

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

October 21, 2008

ES3DV2 SN:3022

Probe ES3DV2

SN:3022

Manufactured:

April 15, 2003

Last calibrated:

October 23, 2007

Recalibrated:

October 21, 2008

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

ES3DV2 SN:3022 October 21, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV2 SN:3022

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

| NormX | 1.00 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m) ² | DCP X | 94 mV |
|-------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------|--------------|
| NormY | 1.04 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m)² | DCP Y | 91 mV |
| NormZ | 0.99 ± 10.1% | μ V/(V/m) ² | DCP Z | 94 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

835 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| Sensor Center to | Phantom Surface Distance | 3.0 mm | 4.0 mm |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 8.1 | 4.6 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 0.9 | 0.1 |

TSL

1810 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| Sensor Center to | Phantom Surface Distance | 3.0 mm | 4.0 mm |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 9.8 | 6.0 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 8.0 | 0.3 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.0 mm

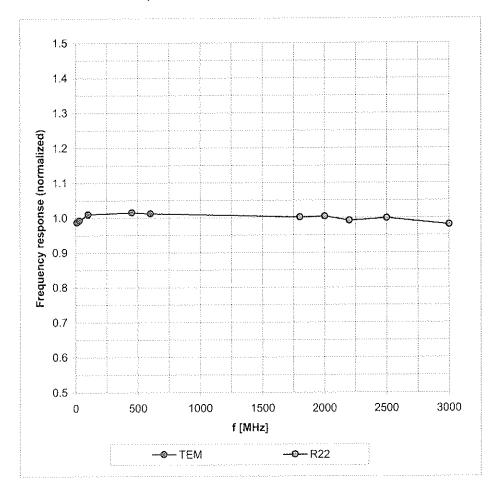
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter; uncertainty not required.

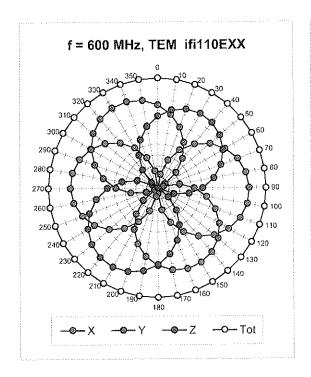
Frequency Response of E-Field

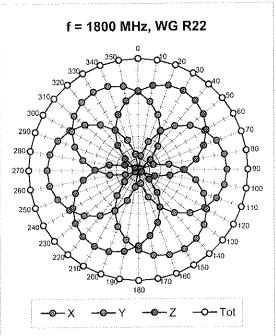
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

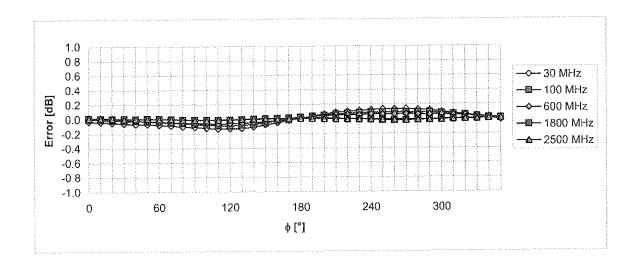


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



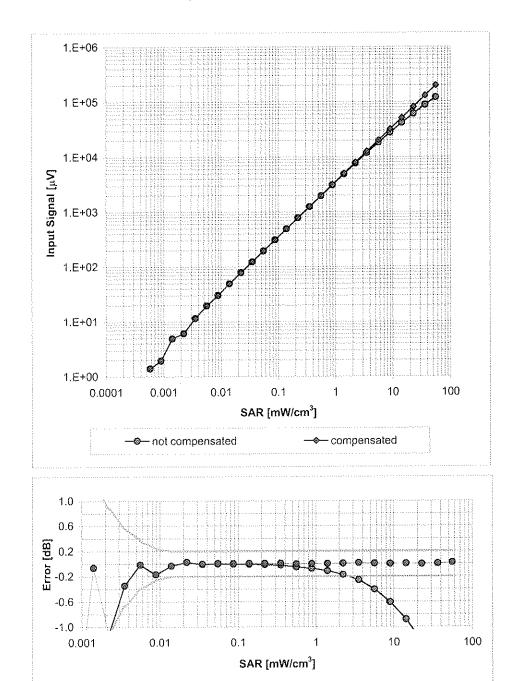




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

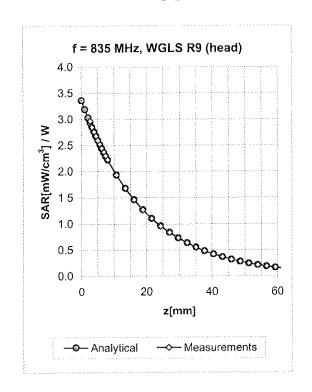
Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

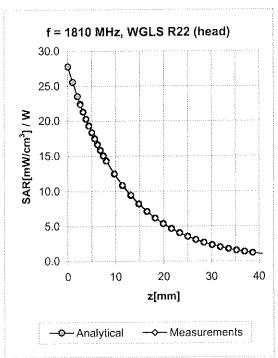
(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment



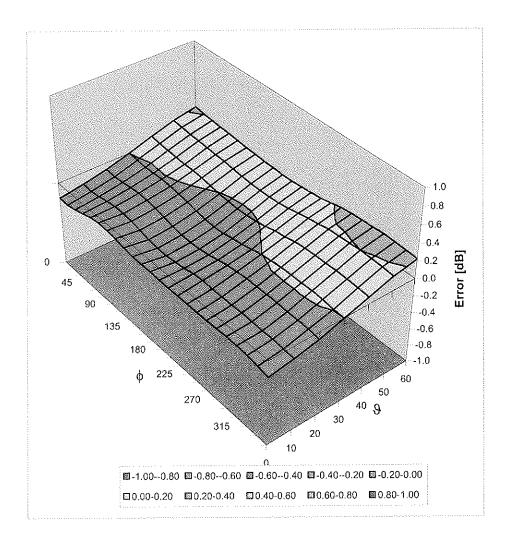


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 43.5 ± 5% | 0.87 ± 5% | 0.26 | 1.52 | 6.50 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.51 | 6.15 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.5 ± 5% | 1.20 ± 5% | 0.20 | 2.51 | 5.14 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.25 | 2.30 | 4.90 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.76 | 1.21 | 4.35 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 56.7 ± 5% | 0.94 ± 5% | 0.25 | 1.00 | 6.76 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.37 | 1.54 | 5.96 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 54.0 ± 5% | 1.30 ± 5% | 0.27 | 2.01 | 4.76 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.25 | 2.42 | 4.68 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.91 | 1.13 | 3.96 ± 11.0% (k=2) |

 $^{^{\}rm c}$ The validity of \pm 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ) , f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

| Type: | ES3DV2 |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| Serial Number: | 3022 |
| Place of Assessment: | Zurich |
| Date of Assessment: | October 23, 2008 |
| Probe Calibration Date: | October 21, 2008 |

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. The evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors (probe calibration date indicated above). The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 835 MHz or at 1810 MHz.

Assessed by:

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV2 SN:3022

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

| $550 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.6 ± 7% | $\epsilon_r = 43.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.88 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
|------------------------------|-------|-----------|---|
| $650 \pm 50 \; \mathrm{MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.4 ± 7% | $\epsilon_r = 42.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.89 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| $750 \pm 50 \; \mathrm{MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.2 ± 7% | $\epsilon_r = 41.9 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.89 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| $550 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.7 ± 7% | $\epsilon_r = 56.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| $650 \pm 50 \; \mathrm{MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.3 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 55.9 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| $750 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.0 ± 7% | $\epsilon_r = 55.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.96 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (body tissue) |

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.

s p e a g

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Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

| Type: | ES3DV2 | |
|--|--|---|
| Serial Number: | 3022 | |
| Place of Assessment: | Zurich | |
| Date of Assessment: | February 23, 2009 | |
| Probe Calibration Date: | October 21, 2008 | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby ce have been evaluated on the date indicated about FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid coupled with measured conversion factors (pruncertainty of the numerical assessment is bat at 835 MHz or at 1810 MHz. | ove. The assessment was p & Partner Engineering AG robe calibration date indicates | performed using the a. The evaluation is ated above). The |
| Assessed by: | | |

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV2 SN:3022

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

| $1750 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 5.1 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 40.1 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.37 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
|---------------------------|-------|-----------|--|
| $1900 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 4.8 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| $1750 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 4.8 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 53.4 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.49 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| 1900 ± 50 MHz | ConvF | 4.5 ± 7% | $\varepsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.

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Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

| Type: | ES3DV2 | |
|--|---|---|
| Serial Number: | 3022 | |
| Place of Assessment: | Zurich | |
| Date of Assessment: | October 23, 2008 | |
| Probe Calibration Date: | October 21, 2008 | |
| Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby cer have been evaluated on the date indicated above FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & coupled with measured conversion factors (prouncertainty of the numerical assessment is bas at 835 MHz or at 1810 MHz. | ve. The assessment was p & Partner Engineering AG obe calibration date indica | erformed using the . The evaluation is tted above). The |

Assessed by:

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ES3DV2 SN:3022

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

| $550 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | $6.6 \pm 7 \%$ | $\epsilon_r = 43.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.88 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue) |
|--------------------------|-------|----------------|---|
| $650 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.4 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 42.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.89 \pm 5\%$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| $750 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | 6.2 ± 7 % | $\epsilon_r = 41.9 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.89 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue) |
| $550 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | $6.7 \pm 7\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 56.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.95 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |
| $650 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | $6.3 \pm 7\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 55.9 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.95 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |
| $750 \pm 50 \text{ MHz}$ | ConvF | $6.0 \pm 7\%$ | $\epsilon_r = 55.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.96 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue) |

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client

PC Test

Certificate No: ES3-3213 Apr09

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

ES3DV3 - SN:3213

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v6 and QA CAL-23.v3

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

April 15, 2009

Condition of the calibrated item

In Tolerance

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (Si).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID# | Cal Date (Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030) | Apr-10 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026) | Mar-10 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028) | Mar-10 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01027) | Mar-10 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 2-Jan-09 (No. ES3-3013_Jan09) | Jan-10 |
| DAE4 | SN: 660 | 9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08) | Sep-09 |
| Secondary Standards | ID# | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-08) | In house check: Oct-09 |
| | Name | Function | Signature |
| Calibrated by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | a de |
| | | | |
| Approved by: | Fin Bomholt | R&D Director | F Kombolt |
| | | / | |

Issued: April 15, 2009

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: ES3-3213_Apr09

Page 1 of 9

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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S wiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid sensitivity in free space

NORMx,y,z ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

DCP

diode compression point

Polarization φ

φ rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9

9 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at

measurement center), i.e., $\theta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z*: Assessed for E-field polarization θ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Certificate No: ES3-3213_Apr09

Page 2 of 9

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3213

Manufactured:

October 14, 2008

Calibrated: April 15, 2009

Calibrated for DASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ES3-3213 Apr09

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 SN:3213

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

| NormX | 1.23 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m)² | DCP X | 90 mV |
|-------|---------------------|-----------|-------|--------------|
| NormY | 1.40 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m)² | DCP Y | 92 mV |
| NormZ | 1.36 ± 10.1% | μV/(V/m)² | DCP Z | 94 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL

835 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

| Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | | 3.0 mm | 4.0 mm |
|---|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 10.4 | 6.1 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 8.0 | 0.5 |

TSL

1750 MHz

Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

| Sensor Center to | 3.0 mm | 4.0 mm | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----|
| SAR _{be} [%] | Without Correction Algorithm | 9.6 | 5.8 |
| SAR _{be} [%] | With Correction Algorithm | 8.0 | 0.6 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center

2.0 mm

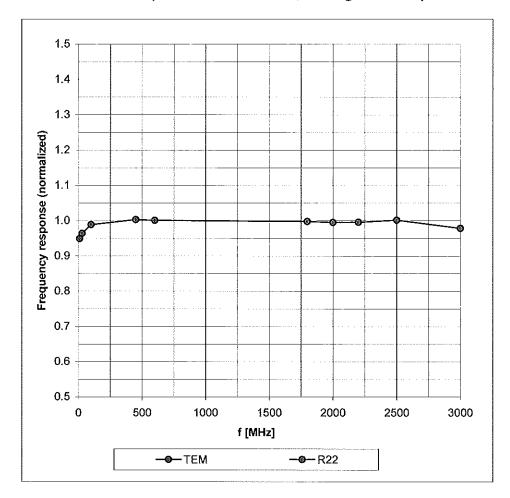
The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

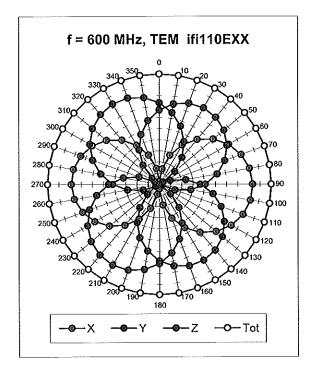
Frequency Response of E-Field

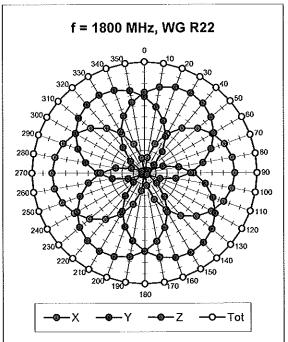
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

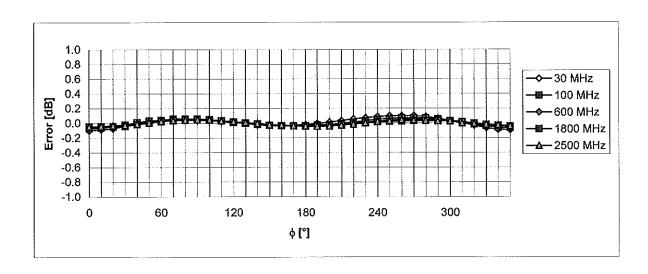


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^{\circ}$







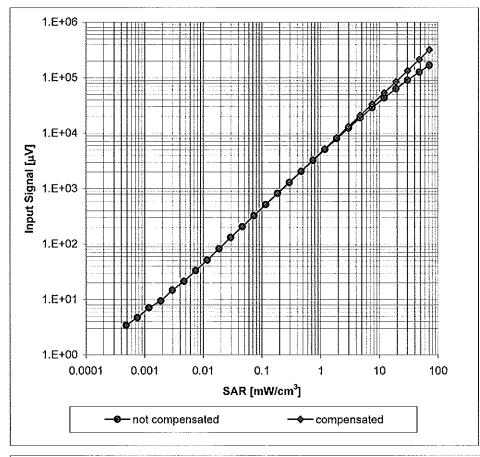
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

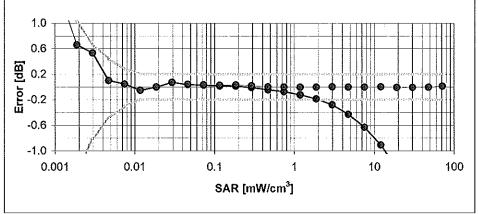
Certificate No: ES3-3213_Apr09 Page 6 of 9

April 15, 2009

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

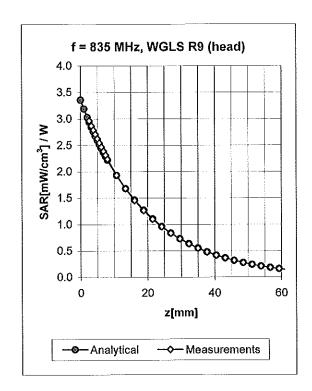


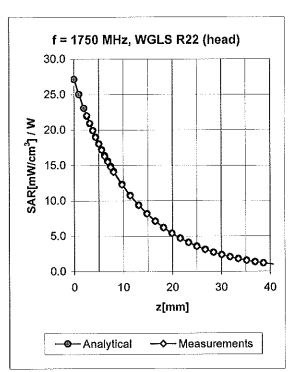


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

April 15, 2009

Conversion Factor Assessment



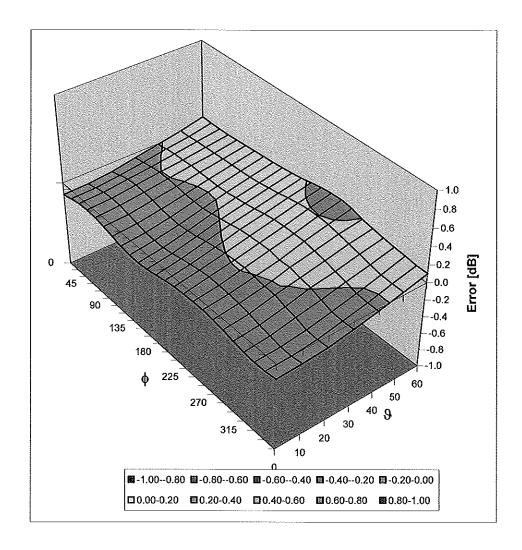


| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^C | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty | |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|--|
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.90 ± 5% | 0.85 | 1.13 | 5.94 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.1 ± 5% | 1.37 ± 5% | 0.51 | 1.48 | 5.23 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.46 | 1.60 | 5.02 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 835 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.2 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.75 | 1.21 | 5.92 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |
| 1750 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.4 ± 5% | 1.49 ± 5% | 0.35 | 2.08 | 4.82 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |
| 1900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.33 | 2.33 | 4.52 ± 11.0% (k=2) | |

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)