

TEST REPORT

Part 15 Subpart C 15.247

Equipment under test Bluetooth keyboard

Model name BK2042

FCC ID BCYBK2042

Applicant Podopod

Manufacturer Podopod

Date of test(s) 2012.02.03 ~ 2012.02.10

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Issued to

Podopod

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Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2012.02.23	KES-RF-120003	Initial



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1.0 General product description

Equipment under test	Bluetooth keyboard
Model name	BK2042
Serial number	LK-008-AD
Frequency Range	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Modulation technique	GFSK
Number of channels	79
Antenna type & gain	Chip antenna / 2.66 dBi
Power source	DC 3.7 V

1.1 Test frequency

	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
Frequency (MHz)	2 402	2 441	2 480

1.2 Model differences

N/A

1.3 Device modifications

N/A



1.4 Test facility

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The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

1.5 Laboratory accreditations and listings

Country	Agency	Scope of accreditation	Logo
USA	FCC	3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site to perform FCC Part 15/18 measurements.	 343818
KOREA	KC	EMI (10 meter Open Area Test Site and two conducted sites) Radio (3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site)	 KR0100
Canada	IC	3 & 10 meter Open Area Test Sites and one conducted site	 4769B-1



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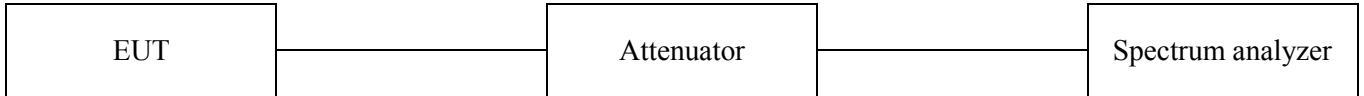
2.0 Summary of tests

Section in FCC Part 15	Parameter	Status
15.247(a)(1)	Frequency separation	C
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Number of hopping frequency	C
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB bandwidth	C
15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of occupancy(Dwell time)	C
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum peak output power	C
15.247(d)	Conducted spurious emission & band edge	C
15.247(d)	Radiated spurious emission & band edge	C
Note 1: C=Complies NC=Not complies NT=Not tested NA=Not applicable		

2.1 Test data

2.1.1 Frequency separation

Test setup



Test procedure

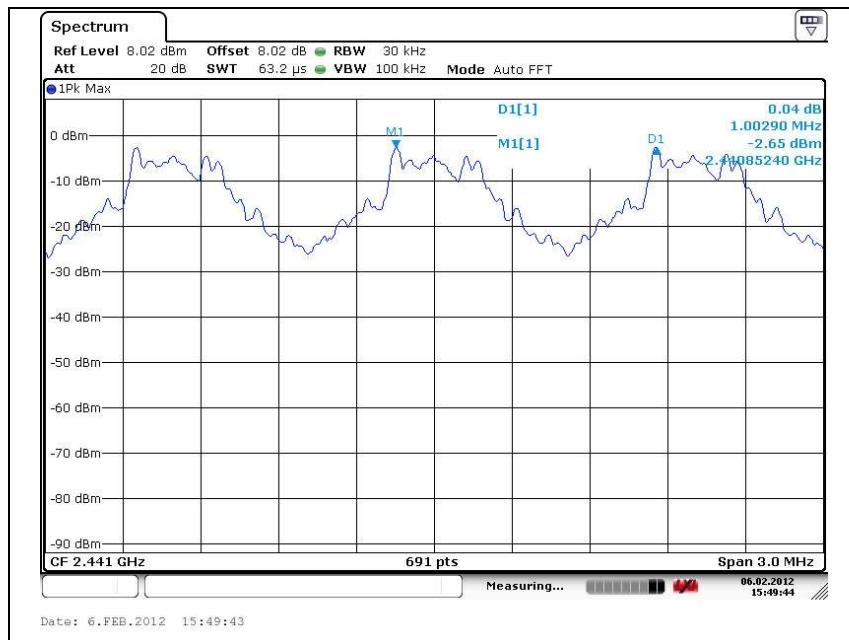
1. The EUT must have its hopping function enabled.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting
Span = 3 MHz (wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels)
RBW = 30 kHz (\geq 1% of the span)
VBW = 100 kHz (\geq RBW)
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
3. All the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

Limit

15.247(a)(1) Frequency hopping system operating in 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 MHz. Band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-third of 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

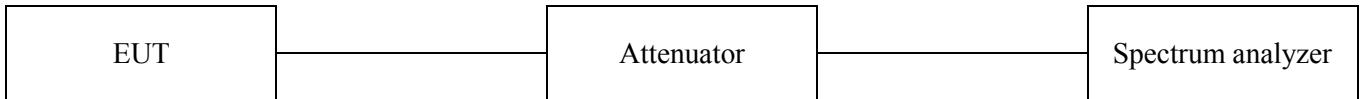
Test results

Operation mode	Frequency (MHz)	Adjacent hopping channel separation(MHz)	Two-third of 20 dB bandwidth (kHz)	Minimum bandwidth (kHz)
GFSK	2.441	1.0029	603	25



2.1.2 Number of hopping frequency

Test setup



Test procedure

1. The EUT must have its hopping function enabled.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting

Frequency range: 2 400 MHz ~ 2 441.5 MHz, 2 441.5 MHz ~ 2 483.5 MHz

Span = the frequency band of operation

RBW = 300 kHz ($\geq 1\%$ of the span)

VBW = 300 kHz (\geq RBW)

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

3. All the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

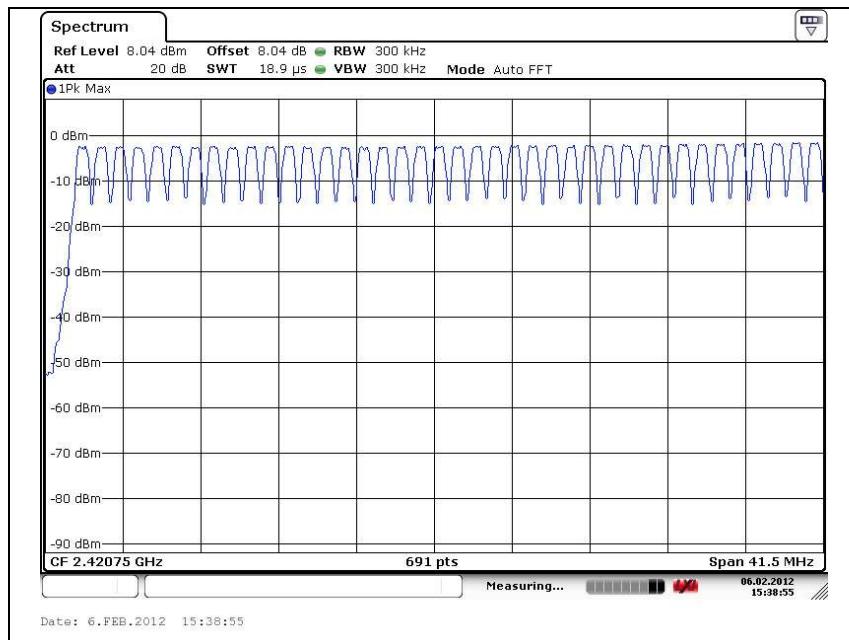
Limit

15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

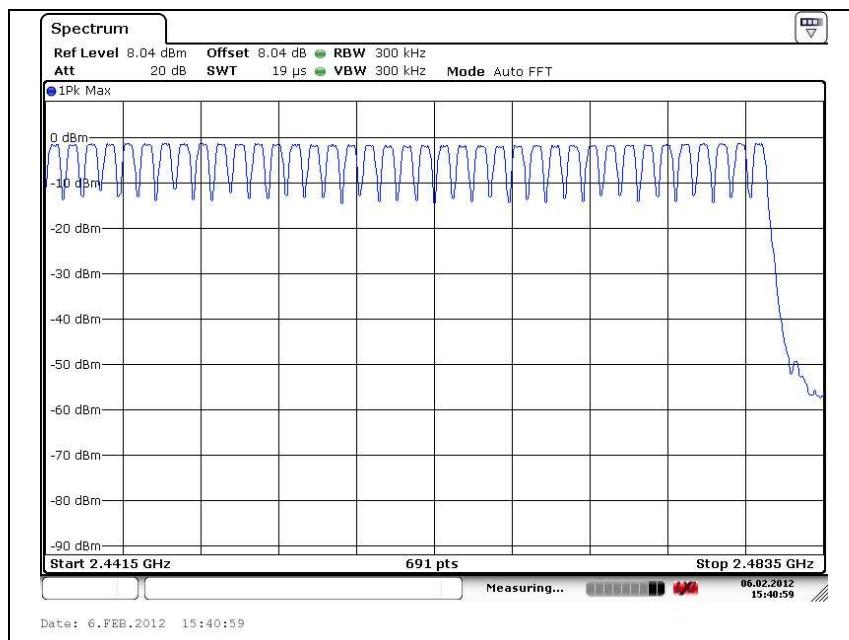
Test results

Operation mode	Number of Hopping Frequency	Limit
GFSK	79	≥ 15

2 400 MHz ~ 2 441.5 MHz

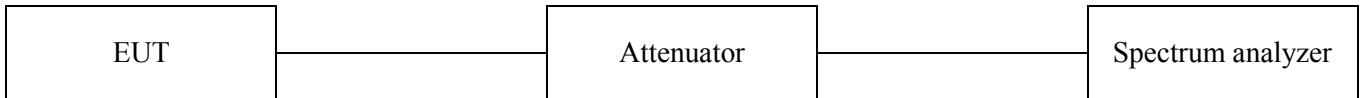


2 441.5 MHz ~ 2 483.5 MHz



2.1.3 20 dB bandwidth

Test setup



Test procedure

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting
 - Center frequency: Lowest, middle and highest channels
 - Span = 5 MHz (Approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel)
 - RBW = 10 kHz (\geq 1% of the span)
 - VBW = 10 kHz (\geq RBW)
 - Sweep = auto
 - Detector function = peak
 - Trace = max hold
2. The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down on side of the emission. Reset the marker-delta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level.

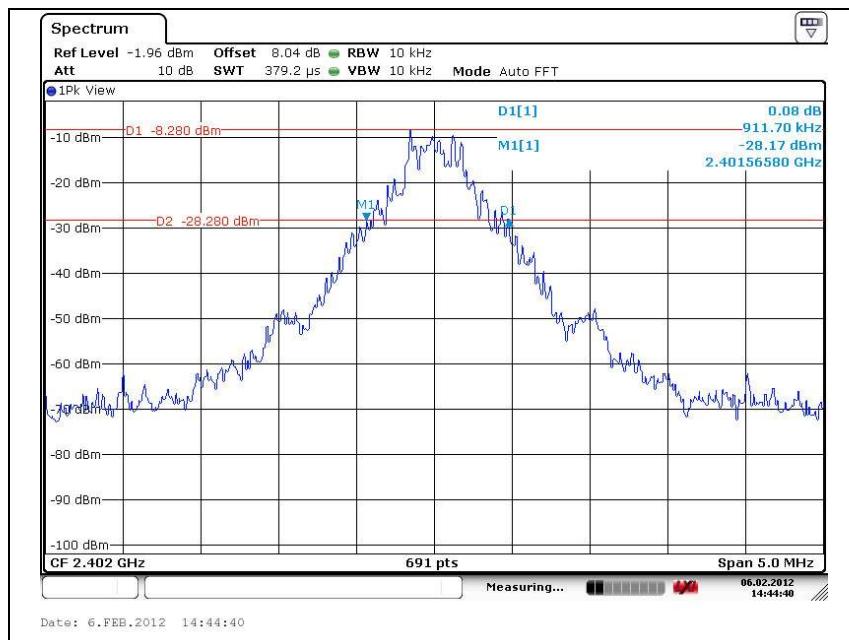
Limit

Not applicable

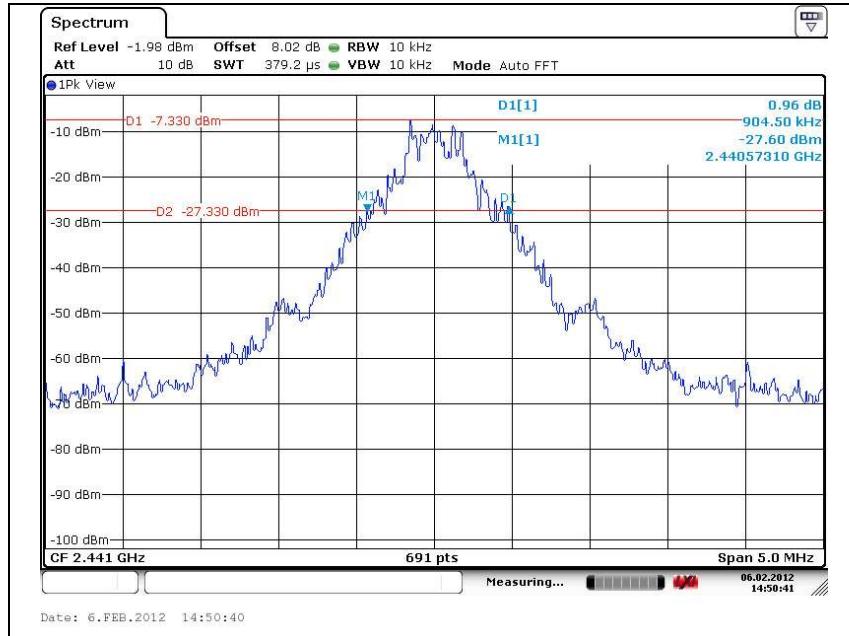
Test results

Operation mode	Frequency(MHz)	20 dB bandwidth(MHz)
GFSK	2 402	0.912
	2 441	0.905
	2 480	0.912

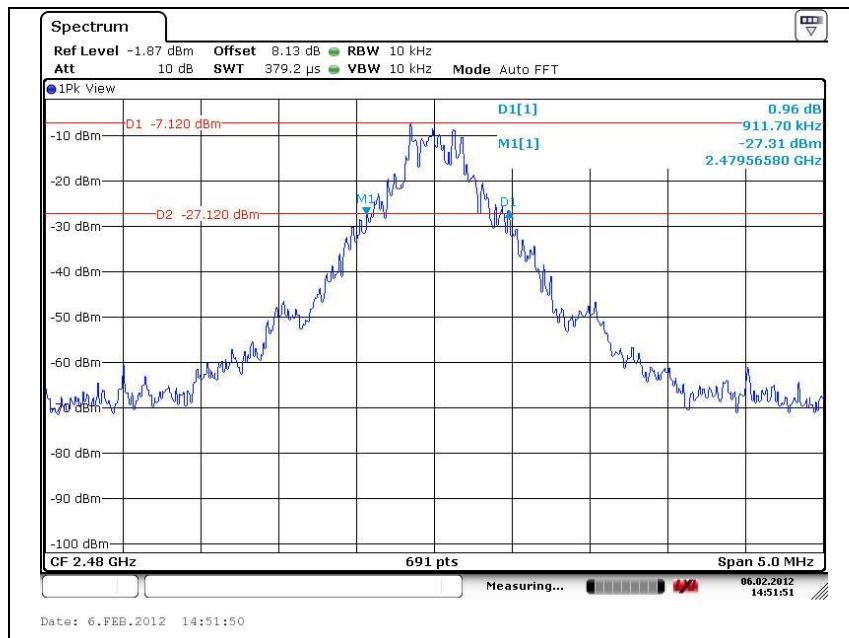
Low channel



Middle channel

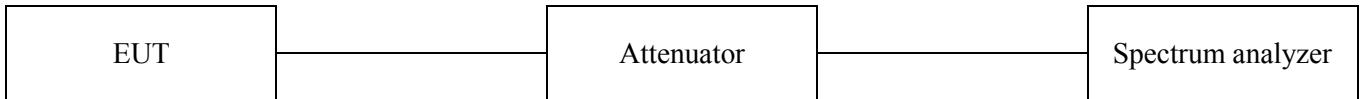


High channel



2.1.4 Time of occupancy (Dwell time)

Test setup



Test procedure

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting

Center frequency: 2 441 MHz

Span = Zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW = 1 MHz (\geq RBW)

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

2. If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., date rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

3. The Bluetooth has 3 type of payload DH1, DH3, DH5. The hopping rate is 1 600 per second.

Limit

15.247(a)(1)(iii) For frequency hopping system operating in the 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 second within a 31.6 second period.

A period time = $0.4(s) \times 79 = 31.6(s)$

Test results

Time of occupancy on the TX channel in 31.6 sec

= time domain slot length \times (hop rate \div number of hop per channel) \times 31.6

Operation mode: GFSK

Packet type	Frequency (MHz)	Dwell Time (ms)	Time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 31.6 sec (ms)	Limit for time of occupancy on the Tx channel in 31.6 sec (ms)
DH1	2.441	0.377	120.64	400
DH3	2.441	1.623	259.68	400
DH5	2.441	2.841	303.04	400

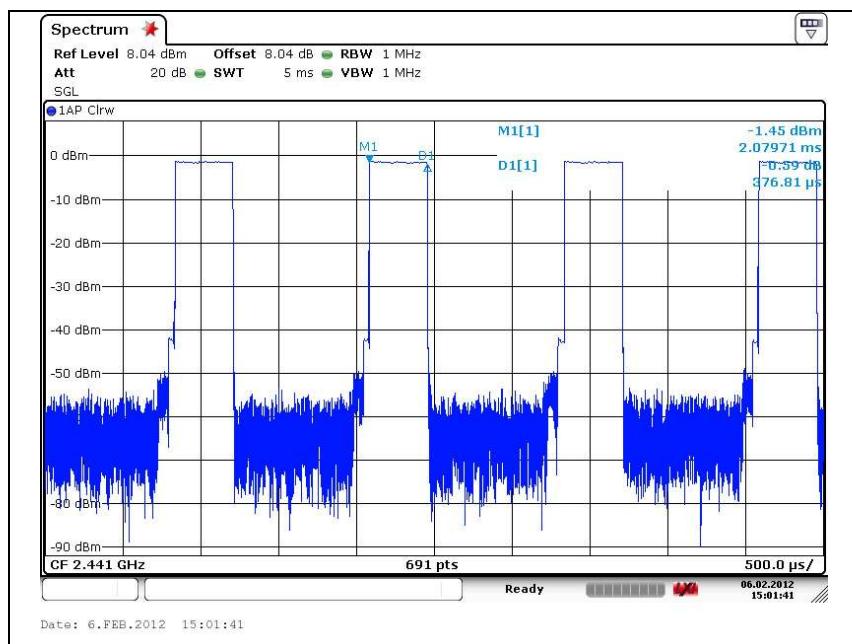
* Remark:

DH1: Dwell time (ms) \times [(1 600 \div 2) \div 79] \times 31.6(s) = 120.64 (ms)

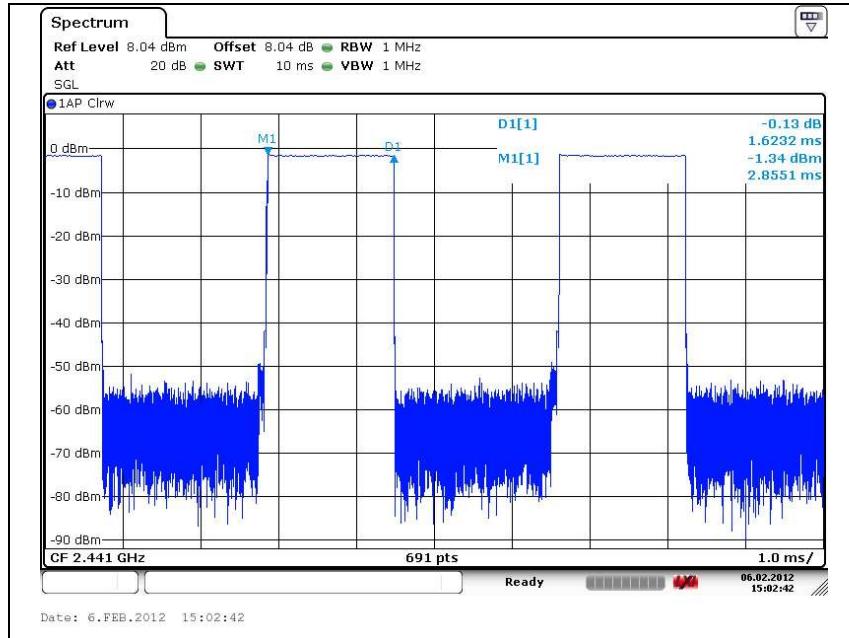
DH3: Dwell time (ms) \times [(1 600 \div 4) \div 79] \times 31.6(s) = 259.68 (ms)

DH5: Dwell time (ms) \times [(1 600 \div 6) \div 79] \times 31.6(s) = 303.04 (ms)

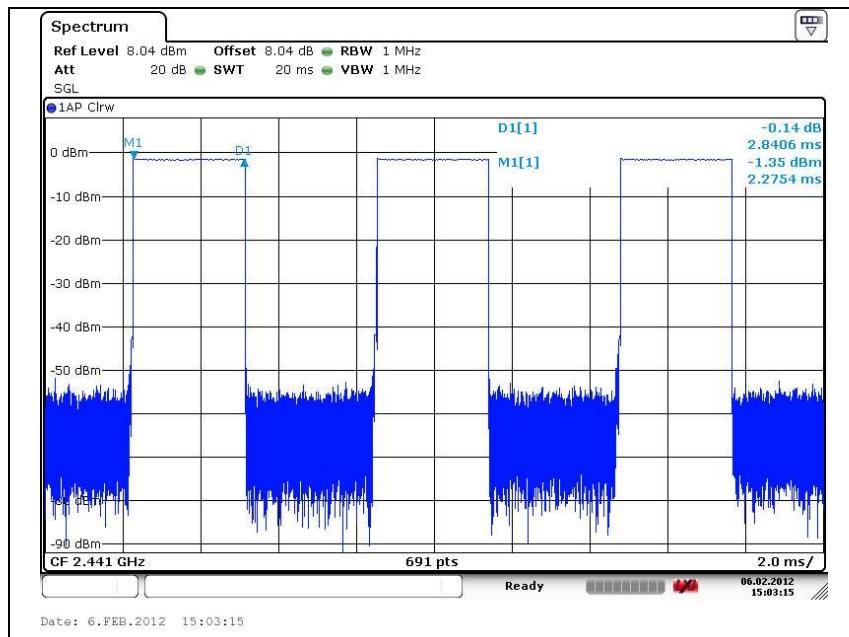
Packet type: DH1



Packet type: DH3

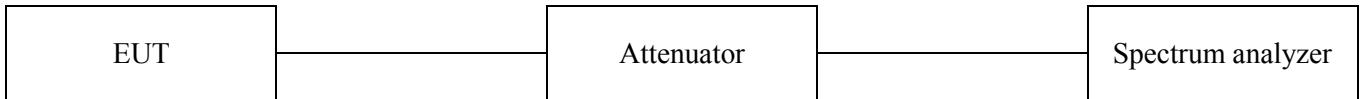


Packet type: DH5



2.1.5 Maximum peak power output power

Test setup



Test procedure

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting
 Center frequency: Lowest, middle and highest channels

Span = 5 MHz (Approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel)

RBW = 1 MHz (the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured)

VBW = 3 MHz (\geq RBW)

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
 The indicated level is the peak output power.

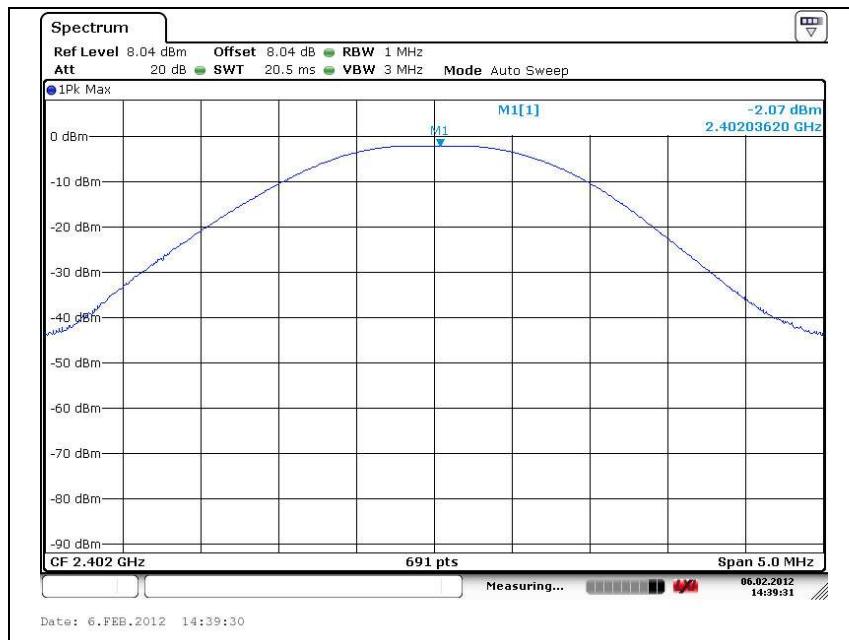
Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902 ~ 928 MHz, 2 400 ~ 2 483.5 MHz, and 5 725 ~ 5 850 MHz band: 1 Watt.

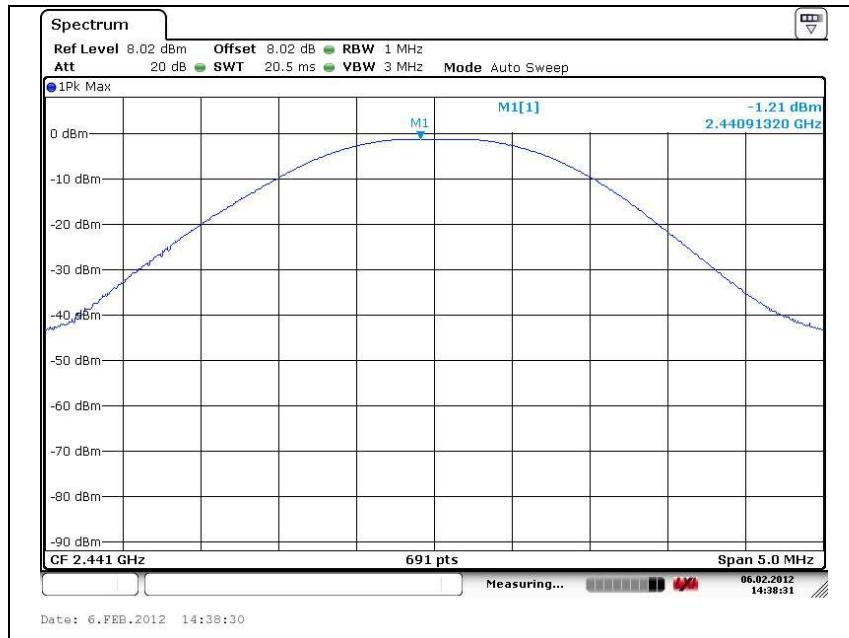
Test results

Operation mode	Frequency(MHz)	Output power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK	2 402	-2.70	30
	2 441	-1.21	30
	2 480	-0.71	30

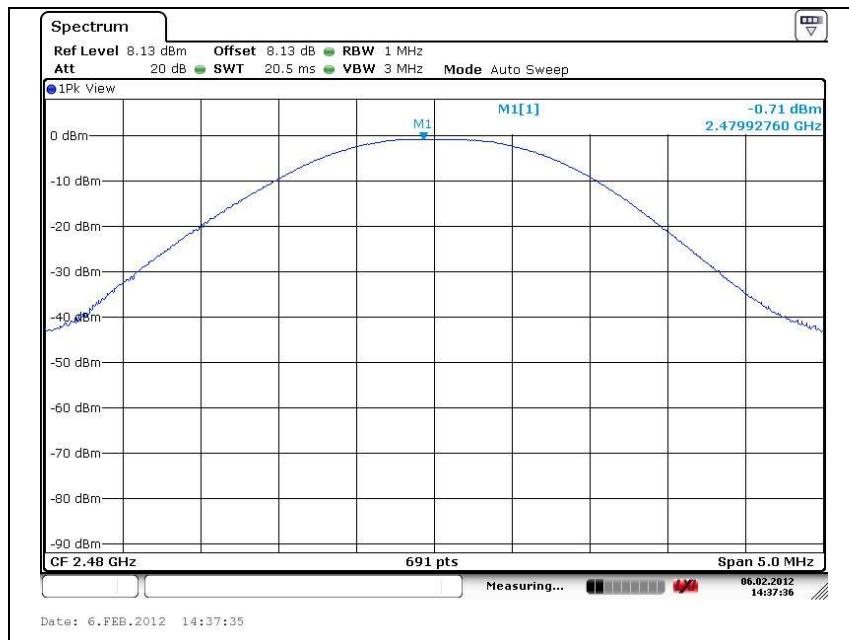
Low channel



Middle channel

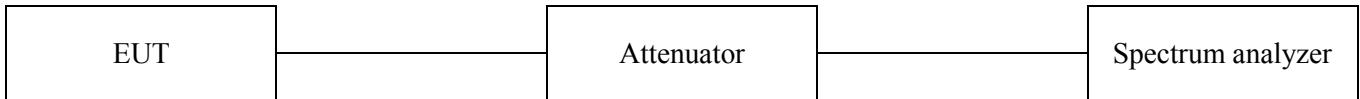


High channel



2.1.6 Conducted spurious emission & band edge

Test setup



Test procedure for band edge

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting
 Center frequency: Low, middle and high channel.
 Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 RBW = 100 kHz
 VBW = 100 kHz (\geq RBW)
 Sweep = auto
 Detector function = peak
 Trace = max hold
2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation on product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission

Test procedure for spurious emission

1. Use the following spectrum analyzer setting
 Center frequency: Low, middle and high channel.
 Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 RBW = 100 kHz
 VBW = 100 kHz (\geq RBW)
 Sweep = auto
 Detector function = peak
 Trace = max hold
2. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded.



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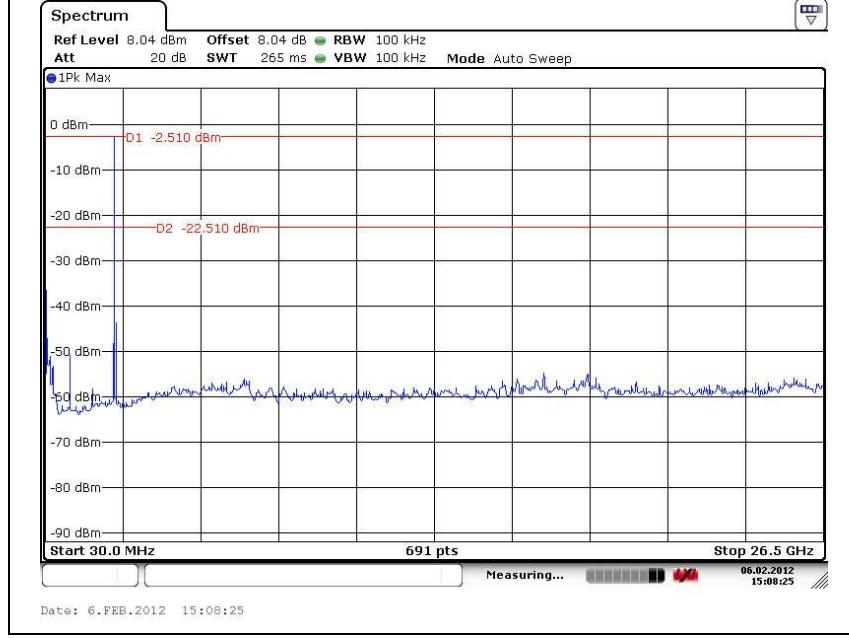
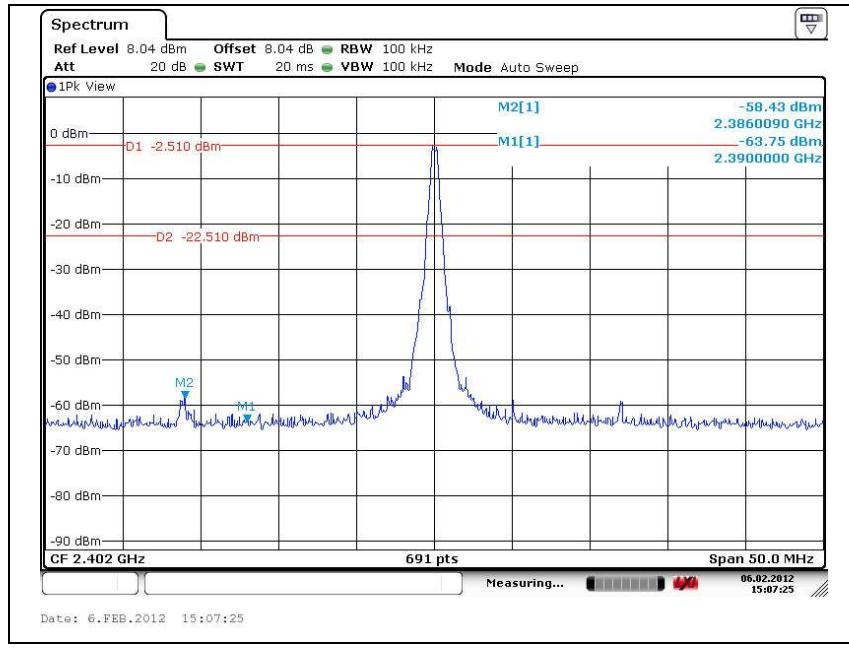
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Limit

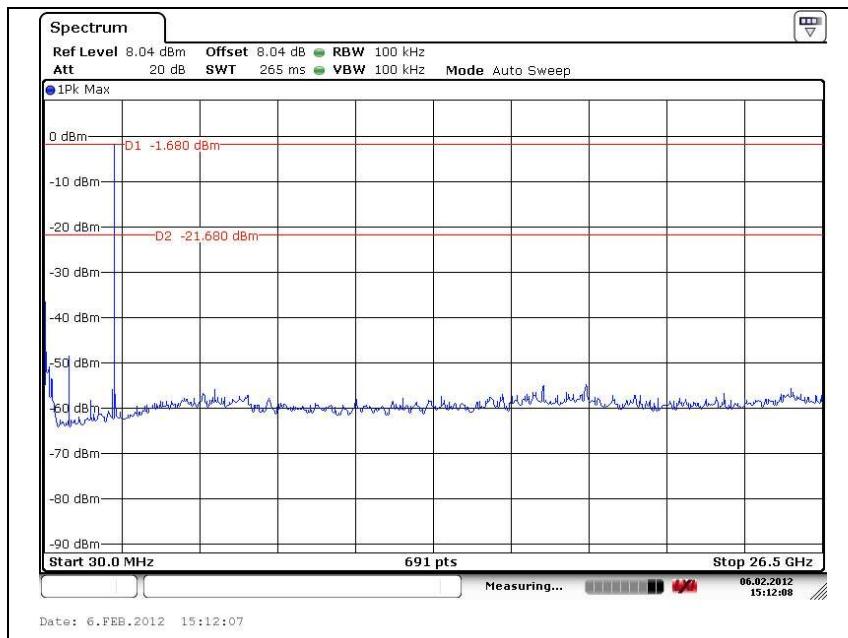
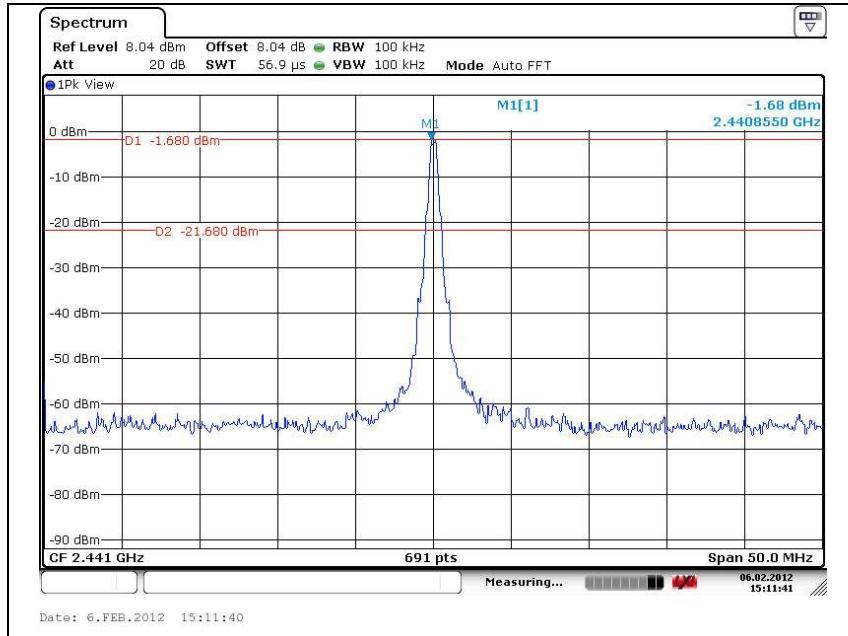
According to 15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement , provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval , as permitted under paragraph(b)(3) of this section , the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which in the restricted band, as define in section 15.205(a), must also comply the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (see section 15.205(c))

Test results

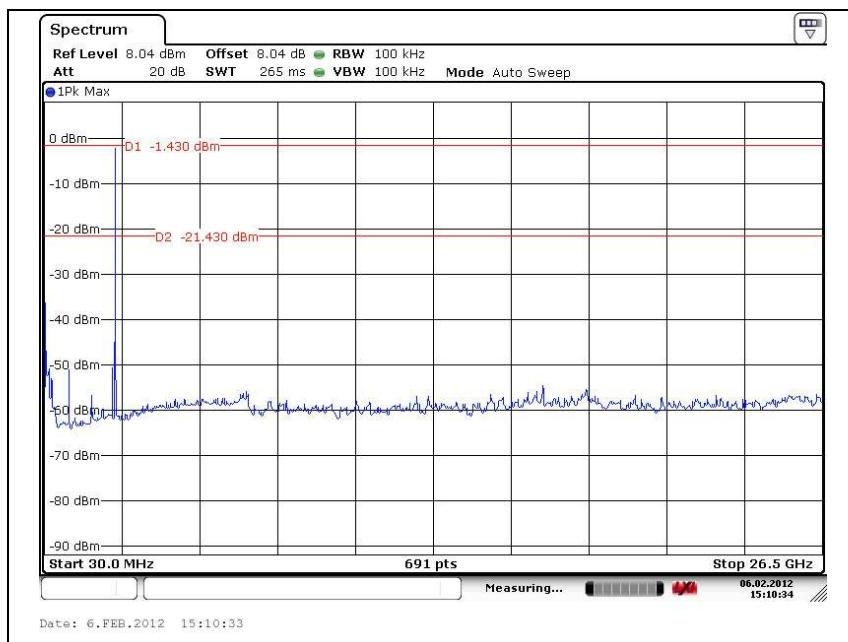
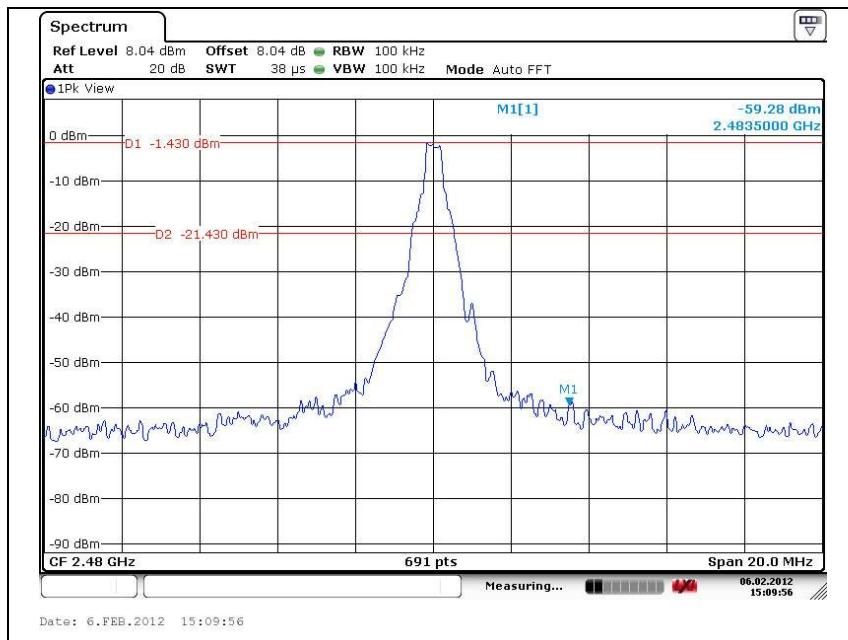
Low channel



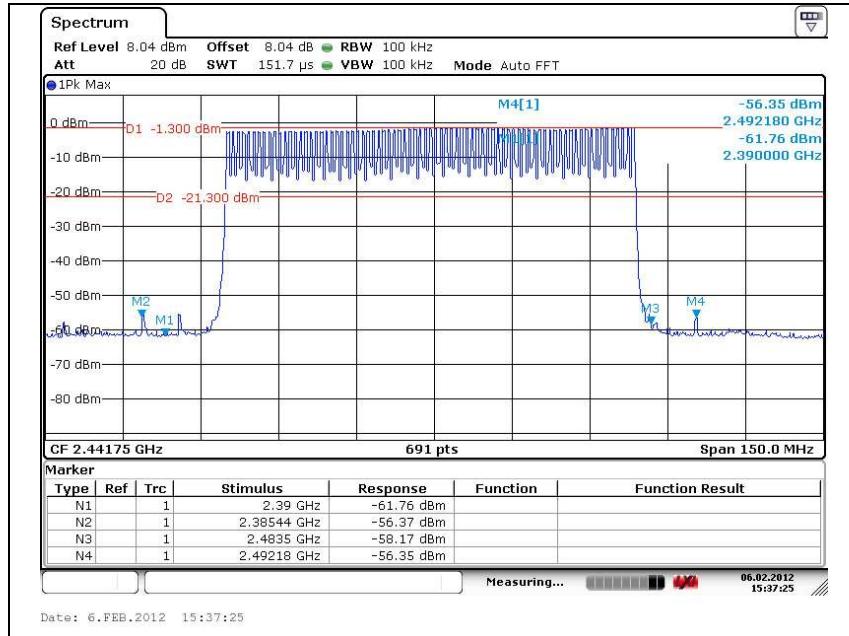
Middle channel



High channel



Band edge (Hopping mode)



2.1.7 Radiated spurious emission & band edge

Test location

Testing was performed at a test distance of 3 meter Open Area Test Site

Test procedures

[9 kHz to 30 MHz]

The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meter above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading. The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-peak function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode.

The spectrum analyzer is set to:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 200 Hz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 9 kHz~ 150 kHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 9 kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 150 kHz~ 30 MHz.

[30 MHz to 1 GHz and 1 GHz to 24 GHz]

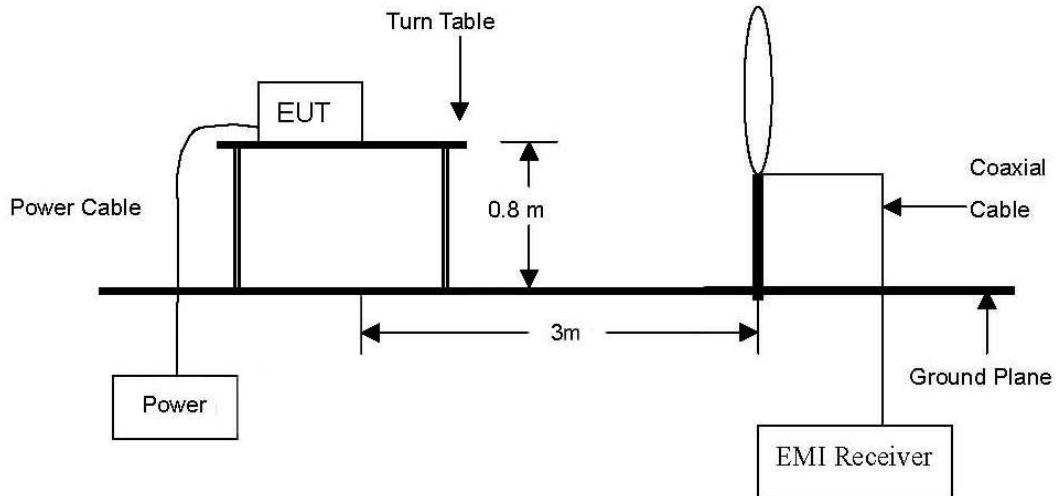
The height of the measuring antenna was varied between 1 to 4 m and the table was rotated a full revolution in order to obtain maximum values of the electric field intensity.

The measurement was made in both the vertical and horizontal polarization, and the maximum value is presented in the report.

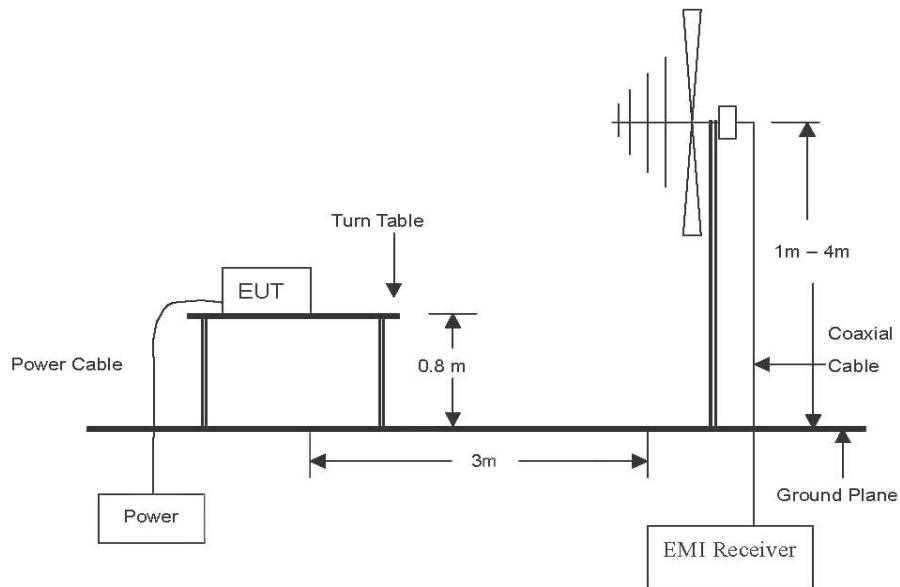
The spectrum analyzer is set to:

1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer 120 kHz for Peak detection (PK) or Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1 GHz.
2. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz for Peak detection at frequency above 1 GHz.
3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 10 Hz for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1 GHz.

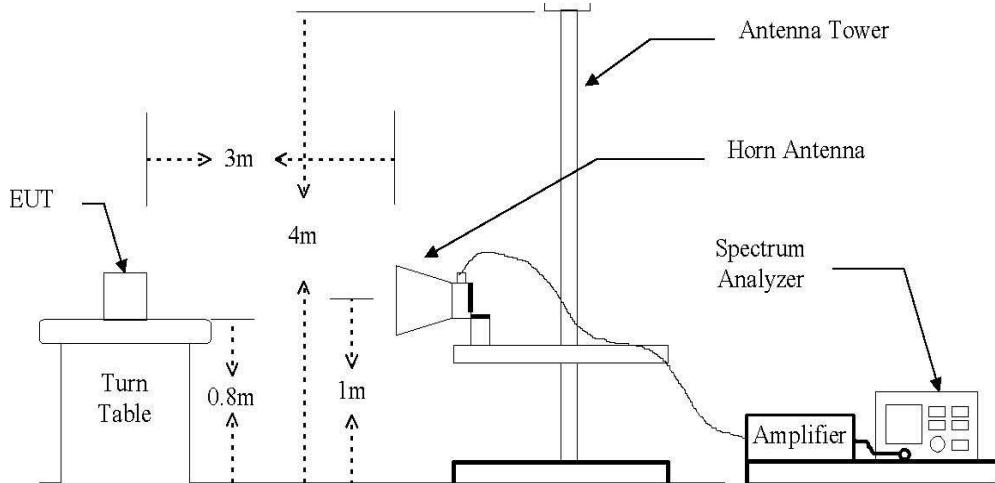
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 kHz to 30 MHz Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 1 GHz to 24 GHz emissions.



Limit

According to 15.209(a), for an intentional radiator devices, the general required of field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the following values :

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (μ V/m)
0.0009 ~ 0.490	300	2400 / F(kHz)
0.490 ~ 1.705	30	24000 / F(kHz)
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	3	100
88 ~ 216	3	150
216 ~ 960	3	200
Above 960	3	500



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Test results (Below 30 MHz)

The frequency spectrum from 9 kHz to 30 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

Radiated emissions		Ant.	Correction factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	F _d (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
No emissions were detected at a level greater than 20 dB below limit.								

* Remark

1. All spurious emission at channels are almost the same below 30 MHz, so that high channel was chosen at representative in final test.
2. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Cable loss + F_d
3. F_d = 40log(D_m / D_s)

Where:

F_d = Distance factor in dB
 D_m = Measurement distance in meters
 D_s = Specification distance in meters

Test results (Below 1 000 MHz)

The frequency spectrum from 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz was investigated. Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB.

Radiated emissions		Ant.	Correction factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Cable loss (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)	
144.000	17.13	H	9.42	1.26	27.81	43.50	15.69	
144.000	17.44	V	9.62	1.27	28.33	43.50	15.17	
265.200	17.36	V	11.81	1.31	30.48	46.00	15.52	
384.100	16.90	H	13.31	1.61	31.82	46.00	14.18	
384.100	17.5	V	11.77	1.63	30.90	46.00	15.10	
408.300	17.43	H	10.86	1.84	30.13	46.00	15.87	
408.300	17.28	V	12.75	1.95	31.98	46.00	14.02	
468.900	17.41	H	12.88	1.96	32.25	46.00	13.75	

* Remark

1. All spurious emission at channels are almost the same below 1 GHz, so that high channel was chosen at representative in final test.
2. Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Cable loss
3. Detector mode: Quasi peak
4. To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.



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Test results (Above 1 000 MHz)

Low channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2390.0*	54.46	Peak	H	28.31	-38.62	44.15	74.00	29.85
2390.0*	36.60	Average	H	28.31	-38.62	26.29	54.00	27.71
2390.0*	49.67	Peak	V	28.31	-38.62	39.36	74.00	34.64
2390.0*	36.49	Average	V	28.31	-38.62	26.18	54.00	27.82
4804.0*	49.12	Peak	H	33.91	-35.21	47.82	74.00	26.18
4804.0*	37.34	Average	H	33.91	-35.21	36.04	54.00	17.96
4804.0*	49.71	Peak	V	33.91	-35.21	48.41	74.00	25.59
4804.0*	40.02	Average	V	33.91	-35.21	38.72	54.00	15.28

Middle channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
4882.0*	48.87	Peak	H	34.16	-35.09	47.94	74.00	26.06
4882.0*	37.70	Average	H	34.16	-35.09	36.77	54.00	17.23
4882.0*	49.60	Peak	V	34.16	-35.09	48.67	74.00	25.33
4882.0*	40.76	Average	V	34.16	-35.09	39.83	54.00	14.17



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High channel

Radiated emissions			Ant.	Correction factors		Total	Limit	
Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ N)	Detector mode	Pol.	Ant. factor (dB/m)	Amp + CL (dB)	Actual (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)	Margin (dB)
2483.5	51.57	Peak	H	28.50	-38.48	41.59	74.00	32.41
2483.5	36.95	Average	H	28.50	-38.48	26.97	54.00	27.03
2483.5	50.84	Peak	V	28.50	-38.48	40.86	74.00	33.14
2483.5	37.07	Average	V	28.50	-38.48	27.09	54.00	26.91
4960.0	48.23	Peak	H	34.42	-34.97	47.68	74.00	26.32
4960.0	35.06	Average	H	34.42	-34.97	34.51	54.00	19.49
4960.0	49.03	Peak	V	34.42	-34.97	48.48	74.00	25.52
4960.0	39.56	Average	V	34.42	-34.97	39.01	54.00	14.99

* Remark

- “*” means the restricted band.
- Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 MHz were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
- Average test would be performed if the peak result were greater than the average limit.
- Actual = Reading + Ant. factor + Amp + CL (Cable loss)
- To get a maximum emission level from the EUT, the EUT was moved throughout the XY, XZ and YZ planes.



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Appendix A. Test equipment used for test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Calibration due.
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	2013.01.10
Vector Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV2100A	2013.01.10
DC Power Supply	Agilent	6632B	2012.05.06
Power Divider	Weinschel	1515	2012.05.04
Loop Antenna	R&S	HFH2-Z2.335.4711.52	2013.03.10
Trilog-Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	2013.10.25
Horn Antenna	A.H. System	SAS-571	2013.03.22
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument	WHJS3000-10TT	2013.01.10
Preamplifier	A.H. System	PAM-0118	2012.05.04
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESVS10	2012.05.20

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
N/A			

Appendix B. Test setup photo

Radiated field emissions

