

Appendixes for			
SAR_Re	port_FCC_ISED_60320_6180340_WHB050HS		
	EUT Information		
Manufacturer	GN Audio A/S		
Brand Name	WHB050HS		
FCC ID	BCE-WHB050HS		
IC number	2386C-WHB050HS		
EUT Type	portable device / DECT headset		
Intended Use	on the head		
	Prepared by		
	IMST GmbH, Test Center		
Testing Laboratory	Carl-Friedrich-Gauß-Str. 2 – 4		
resumg Laboratory	47475 Kamp-Lintfort		
	Germany		
	Prepared for		
	GN Audio A/S		
Annlicant	Lautrupbjerg 7		
Applicant	2750 Ballerup		
	Denmark		
	Test Specification		
Applied Rules/Standards	IEEE 1528-2013, FCC CFR 47 § 2.1093, RSS-102 Issue 5		
Exposure Category	☐ general public / uncontrolled exposure ☐ occupational / controlled exposure		
	Report Information		
Data Stored	60320_6180340_WHB050HS		
Issue Date	March 12, 2018		
Revision Date			
Revision Number	-		
	Appendix A - Pictures		
	Appendix B - SAR Distribution Plots		
	Appendix C - System Verification Plots		
Appendixes	Appendix D – Certificates of Conformity		
	Appendix E – Calibration Certificates for DAEs		
	Appendix F – Calibration Certificates for E-Field Probes		
	Appendix G – Calibration Certificates for Dipoles		

# I M S S T

# **Appendix A - Pictures**

## **Pictures of the EUT**



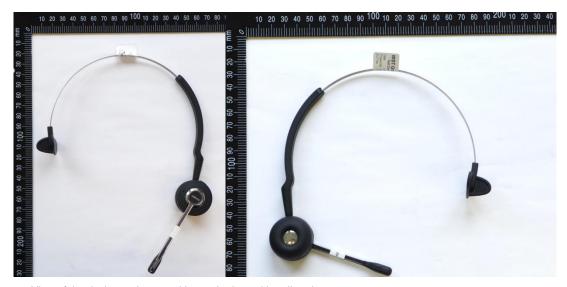
Revision Date:

Pic.1: Outer side view of the device under test.



Pic. 2: Inner side view of the device under test with and without the rubber ear bud.

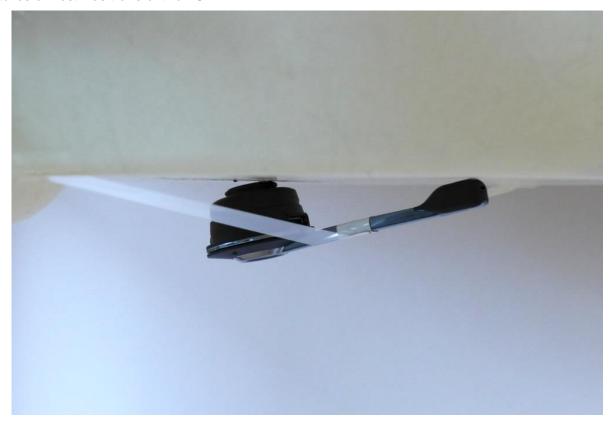




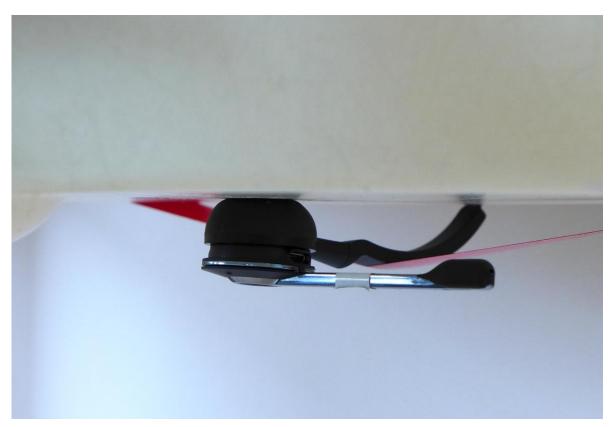
Pic. 3: View of the device under test with attached metal headband.



# **Pictures of Test Positions of the EUT**



Pic. 4: Test position – inner side, 0 mm distance to phantom.



Pic. 5: Test position – inner side with attached metal headband, 0 mm distance to phantom.



### **Appendix B - SAR Distribution Plots**

### Worst Case Plots for SAR Measurement per Technology

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: WHB050HS\_b\_DECT\_fh.da4

DUT: Jabra; Type: WHB050HS; Serial: A2.11\_IMST01

**Program Name: US DECT** 

Communication System: DECT US; Frequency: 1928.45 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:15

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1928.45 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.43$  mho/m;  $\varepsilon_r = 40.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48); Calibrated: 2/21/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 2/15/2018
- Phantom: SAM 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Flat/Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 mW/g

Flat/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm

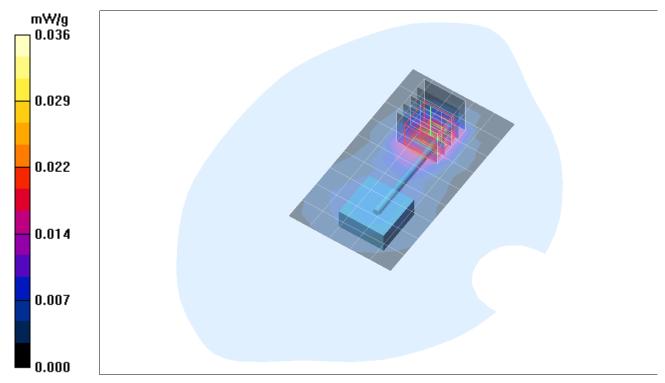
Reference Value = 3.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.062 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.032 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g

Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.036 mW/g



Plot. 1: SAR distribution plot for DECT, channel 0, flat part of the phantom.



### **Appendix C - System Verification Plots**

Test Laboratory: IMST GmbH, DASY Blue (I); File Name: 060318\_b\_1900h\_1579\_335.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz SN: 535; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN535

Program Name: System Performance Check at 1900 MHz

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.4 \text{ mho/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 39.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R SN1579; ConvF(5.48, 5.48, 5.48); Calibrated: 2/21/2018
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn335; Calibrated: 2/15/2018
- Phantom: SAM 1176; Type: Speag; Serial: 1176
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

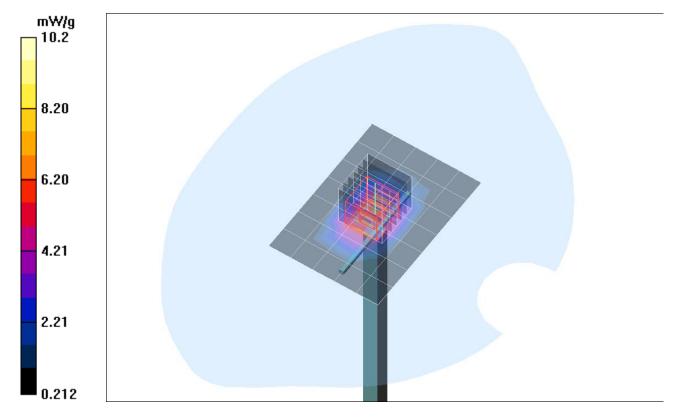
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.53 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.94 mW/g Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 mW/g



Plot. 2: System Verification Measurement 1900 MHz, Head.



# Appendix D - Certificates of Conformity

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Certificate of conformity

Item	Dosimetric Assessment System DASY4
Type No	SD 000 401A, SD 000 402A
Software Version No	DASY 4.7
Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
	Zeughausstrasse 43, CH-8004 Zürich, Switzerland

### References

- [1] IEEE 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- [2] IEC 62209 1, "Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz Measurement Procedure, Part 1: Hand-held mobile wireless communication devices", February 2005
- [3] IEC 62209 2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation and Procedures, Part 2: Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for ... including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- [4] KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- [5] ANSI-C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communication Devices and Hearing Aids", May 2011

#### Conformity

We certify  $\bar{t}$  that this **system is designed to be fully compliant** with the standards [1 – 5] for RF emission tests of wireless devices.

### Uncertainty

The uncertainty of the measurements with this system was evaluated according to the above standards and is documented in the applicable chapters of the DASY4 system handbook and in Chapter 27 of the DASY5 system handbook.

The uncertainty values represent current state of methodology and are subject to changes. They are applicable to all laboratories using DASY4 provided the following requirements are met (responsibility of the system end user):

- the system is used by an experienced engineer who follows the manual and the guidelines taught during the training provided by SPEAG,
- the probe and validation dipoles have been calibrated for the relevant frequency bands and media within the requested period,
- 3) the DAE has been calibrated within the requested period,
- 4) the "minimum distance" between probe sensor and inner phantom shell and the radiation source is selected properly,
- 5) the system performance check has been successful,
- 6) the operational mode of the DUT is CW, CDMA, FDMA or TDMA (GSM, DCS, PCS, IS136, PDC) and the measurement/integration time per point is ≥ 500 ms,
- if applicable, the probe modulation factor is evaluated and applied according to field level, modulation and frequency,
- 8) the dielectric parameters of the liquid are conform with the standard requirement,
- 9) the DUT has been positioned as described in the manual.
- 10) the uncertainty values from the calibration certificates, and the laboratory and measurement equipment dependent uncertainties, are updated by end user accordingly.

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Signature / Stamp

Doc No 880 - SD00040XA-Standards\_1609 - G

Certificate of conformity for the used DASY4 system:

KP/FB

Page 1 (1)

Fig. 4:



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s p e a g

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### Certificate of Conformity / First Article Inspection

Item	SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 and V5.0	
Type No	QD 000 P40 C	
Series No	TP-1150 and higher	
Manufacturer	Untersee Composites Knebelstrasse 8, CH-8268 Mannenbach, Switzerland	

#### Tests

Complete tests were made on the pre-series QD 000 P40 A, # TP-1001, on the series first article QD 000 P40 B # TP-1006. Certain parameters are retested on series items.

Test	Requirement	Details	Units tested
Dimensions	Compliant with the geometry according to the CAD model.	IT'IS CAD File *	First article, Samples
Material thickness of shell	2mm +/- 0.2mm in flat section, other locations: +/- 0.2mm with respect to CAD file	in flat section, in the cheek area	First article, Samples, TP-1314 ff.
Material thickness at ERP	6mm +/- 0.2mm at ERP		First article, All items
Material parameters	rel. permittivity 2 – 5, loss tangent ≤ 0.05, at f ≤ 6 GHz	rel. permittivity 3.5 +/- 0.5 loss tangent ≤ 0.05	Material samples
Material resistivity	Compatibility with tissue simulating liquids .	Compatible with SPEAG liquids. **	Phantoms, Material sample
Sagging	Sagging of the flat section in tolerance when filled with tissue simulating liquid.	< 1% for filling height up to 155 mm	Prototypes, Sample testing

The IT'IS CAD file is derived from [2] and is also within the tolerance requirements of the shapes of the other documents.

### Standards

- OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition 01-01
- [2] IEEE 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques, December 2003
- [3] IEC 62209–1 ed1.0, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", 2005-02-18
- [4] IEC 62209–2 ed1.0, "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices Human models, instrumentation, and procedures Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", 2010-03-30

### Conformity

Based on the sample tests above, we certify that this item is in compliance with the uncertainty requirements of **hand-held** SAR measurements and system performance checks as specified in [1-4] and further standards. **s** p e a g

Date 25.07.2011

Signature / Stamp

Doc No 881 – QD 000 P40 C – H Page 1 (1)

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerlan Phony 41 44 25 3100 Lag + Class 5979

Fig. 5: Certificate of conformity for the used SAM phantom.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Note: Compatibility restrictions apply certain liquid components mentioned in the standard, containing e.g. DGBE, DGMHE or Triton X-100. Observe technical note on material compatibility.



# Appendix E – Calibration Certificates for DAEs

**DAE 3 - SN: 335** 







S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client IMST

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE3-335\_Feb18

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE** 

Object DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 335

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: February 15, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).

The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility; environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No:21092)	Aug-18
ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SE UWS 053 AA 1001	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19
SE UMS 006 AA 1002	04-Jan-18 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-19
	SN: 0810278 ID # SE UWS 053 AA 1001	SN: 0610278 31-Aug-17 (No:21092)

Calibrated by:

Name Eric Hainfeld Function Laboratory Technician Signature

Approved by: Sven Kühn Deputy Manager

Issued: February 15, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: DAE3-335\_Feb18

Page 1 of 5



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Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary

DAE data acquisition electronics

Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - Input Offset Measurement. Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-335\_Feb18

Page 2 of 5



# DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:  $1LSB = 6.1 \mu V$ , full range = -100...+300 mVLow Range: 1LSB = 61 nV, full range = -1.....+3 mVDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	x	Y	z
High Range	404.008 ± 0.02% (k=2)	404.570 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.683 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.96123 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.97229 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96600 ± 1.50% (k=2)

# Connector Angle

	7/2017/04/2017/04
Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	344.5 ° ± 1 °

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Page 3 of 5



# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range	Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	199994.21	-1.22	-0.00
Channel X + Input	20005.02	2.91	0.01
Channel X - Input	-19996.52	4.14	-0.02
Channel Y + Input	199993,47	-1.86	-0.00
Channel Y + Input	20004.32	2.25	0.01
Channel Y - Input	-19998.31	2.45	-0.01
Channel Z + Input	199994.08	-1.11	-0.00
Channel Z + Input	20002.26	0.27	0.00
Channel Z - Input	-20000.94	-0.08	0.00

Reading (µV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
2003.59	1.86	0.09
202.67	0.64	0.32
-197.64	0.19	-0.10
2003.05	1.29	0.06
201.88	-0.20	-0.10
-198.54	-0.71	0.36
2003.24	1.60	0.08
201.31	-0.63	-0.31
-199.09	-1.04	0.52
	2003.59 202.67 -197.64 2003.05 201.88 -198.54 2003.24 201.31	2003.59 1.86 202.67 0.64 -197.64 0.19 2003.05 1.29 201.88 -0.20 -198.54 -0.71 2003.24 1.60 201.31 -0.63

# 2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-10.61	-12.33
	- 200	13.81	12.32
Channel Y	200	-10.05	-10.38
	- 200	10.29	9.60
Channel Z	200	2.76	2.66
	- 200	-4.47	-4.91

# 3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.33	-1.60
Channel Y	200	9.46		-0.02
Channel Z	200	4.56	6.81	8.45

Certificate No: DAE3-335\_Feb18

Page 4 of 5



# 4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16178	15938
Channel Y	16088	16781
Channel Z	16104	15801

## 5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input  $10 M\Omega$ 

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	0.42	-0.31	1.18	0.30
Channel Y	0.83	-0.21	2.13	0.47
Channel Z	0.27	-1.71	2.07	0.56

# 6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for Information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

# 8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE3-335\_Feb18



### Appendix F - Calibration Certificates for E-Field Probes

### Probe ET3DV6R - SN1579

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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IMST

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

# **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

ET3DV6R - SN:1579

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-12.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6

Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date:

February 21, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI) The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID .	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521/02522)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02521)	Apr-18
Power sensor NRP-Z91	5N: 103245	04-Apr-17 (No. 217-02525)	Apr-18
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 85277 (20x)	07-Apr-17 (No. 217-02528)	Apr-18
Reference Probe ES30V2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-17 (No. ES3-3013_Dec17)	Dec-18
DAE4	SN: 660	21-Dec-17 (No. DAE4-650_Dec17)	Dec-18
Secondary Standards	10	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Power sensor E4412A	5N: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-16)	In house check: Jun-18
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	SN: US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-18

Function Calibrated by: Jeton Kastrati Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: February 22, 2018 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 1 of 11



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### Glossary:

tissue simulating liquid NORMx,y,z sensitivity in free space sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z ConvF DCP diode compression point

CF crest factor (1/duty\_cycle) of the RF signal A, B, C, D modulation dependent linearization parameters

Polarization o o rotation around probe axis

Polarization 9 3 rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center),

i.e., 9 = 0 is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement. Techniques", June 2013
  b) IEC 62209-1, ", "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-
- held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010 d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORMx,y,z: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  (f  $\leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCPx,y,z: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- Ax.y.z; Bx.y.z; Cx.y.z; Dx.y.z; VRx.y.z; A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORMx,y,z \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORMx (no uncertainty required).

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 2 of 11



February 21, 2018

# Probe ET3DV6R

SN:1579

Manufactured:

May 7, 2001

Calibrated:

February 21, 2018

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems (Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 3 of 11



ET3DV6R-SN:1579 February 21, 2018

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R - SN:1579

### **Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm (µV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> ) <sup>A</sup>	1.80	1.82	1.54	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>6</sup>	101.5	100.5	102.0	

### Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	С	D dB	VR mV	Unc* (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	268.2	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		249.2	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		251.0	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 4 of 11

The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

Uncertainty is determined using the max, deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



February 21, 2018

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R - SN:1579

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	7.95	7.95	7.95	0.35	1.80	± 13.3 %
750	41.9	0.89	7.31	7.31	7.31	0.30	2.63	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.62	6.62	6.62	0.39	2.31	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.70	5.70	5.70	0.78	2.05	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.48	5.48	5.48	0.79	2.04	± 12.0 %

 $<sup>^{\</sup>circ}$  Frequency validity above 300 MHz of  $\pm$  100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to  $\pm$  50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is  $\pm$  10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 54, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 5 of 11

below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz respectively, validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

All frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target fissue parameters.

Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



February 21, 2018

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R - SN:1579

### Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity	Conductivity (S/m)	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>q</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.97	7.97	7.97	0.25	1.80	± 13.3 %
750	55.5	0.96	6.76	6.76	6.76	0.39	2.32	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	5.02	5.02	5.02	0.80	2.46	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.67	4.67	4.67	0.80	2.38	± 12.0 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (c and α) can be released to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 6 of 11

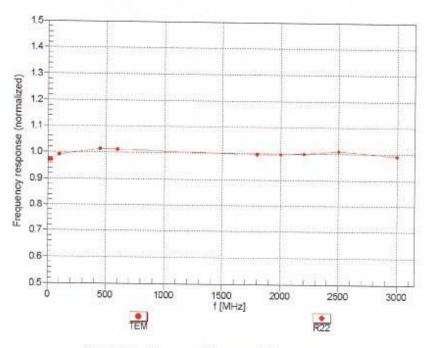
At requencies below 3 GHz, the validity of issue parameters (c and d) can be released to 2 10% in right compensation formula is appeared measured SAR values. At hequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of issue parameters (c and d) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Apha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



February 21, 2018

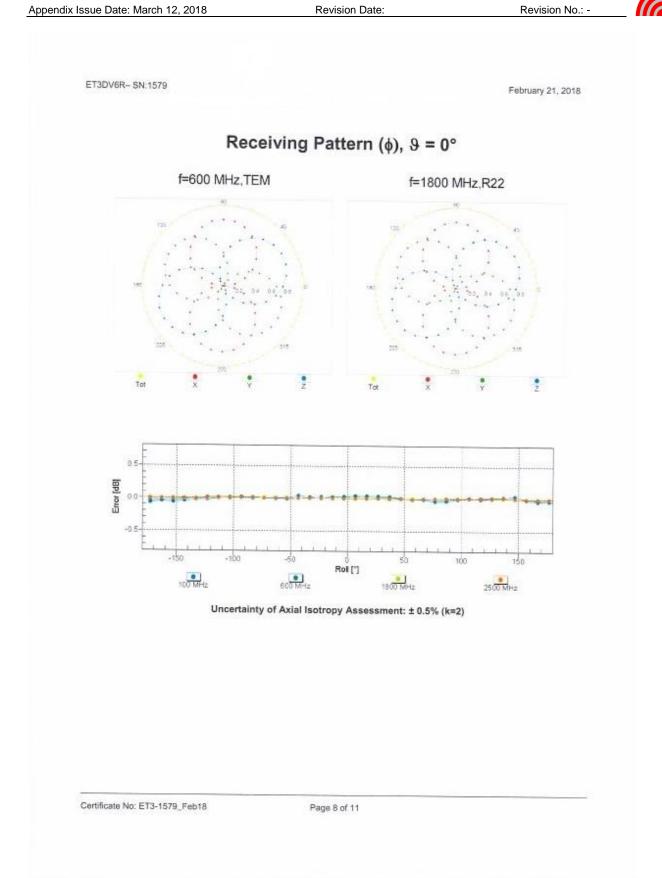
# Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 7 of 11

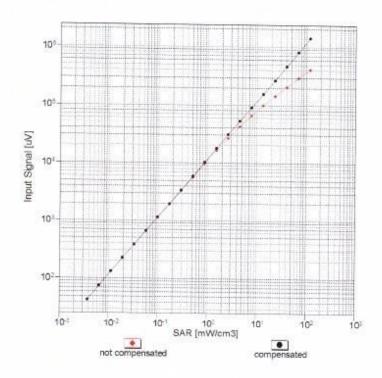


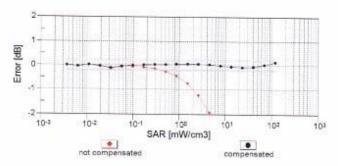


February 21, 2018

Revision No.: -

# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>head</sub>) (TEM cell , f<sub>eval</sub>= 1900 MHz)



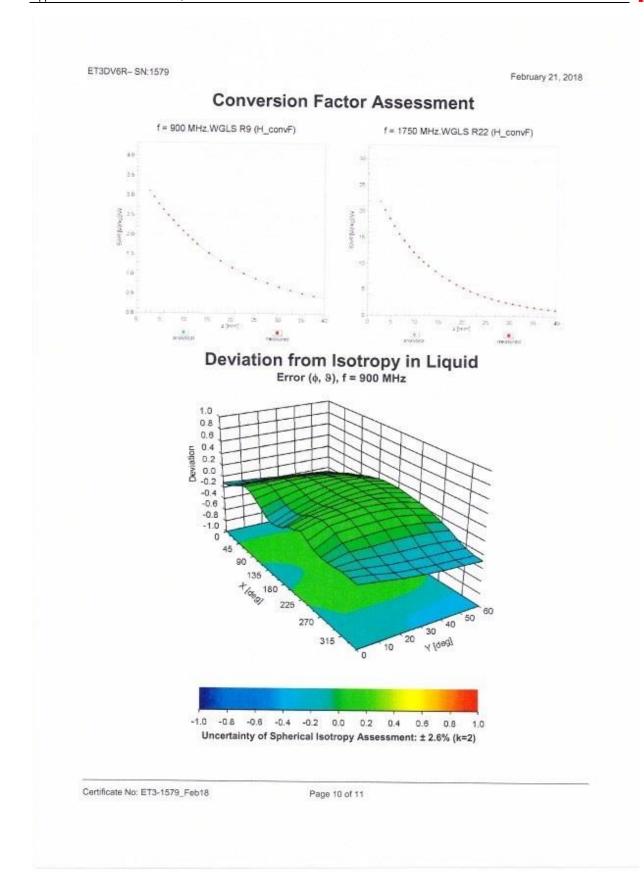


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 9 of 11







February 21, 2018

Revision No.: -

# DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R - SN:1579

## Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	76.8
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

Certificate No: ET3-1579\_Feb18

Page 11 of 11

# Appendix G - Calibration Certificates for Dipoles

### 8.1.1 Dipole 1900 MHz - SN535

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Revision No.: -

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client IMST Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

CALIBRA	MOITA	CERT	IFICATE
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Object D1900V2 - SN: 535

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: March 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15	
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15	
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15	
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15	
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15	
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15	
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15	
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16	
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15	
	130mmo		2200	

Name Function Signature
Calibrated by: Michael Weber Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: March 24, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

Page 1 of 8



Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### **Additional Documentation:**

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
  point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
  parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
  positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
  measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
  reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Page 2 of 8

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15



### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	H10
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

# **Head TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	(MANA)	

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

# **Body TSL parameters**

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

# SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.88 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15



Revision No.: -

# Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.6 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 23.0 dB	

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.1 $\Omega$ + 7.4 j $\Omega$		
Return Loss	- 22.5 dB		

# General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.185 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### **Additional EUT Data**

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2001

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

Page 4 of 8

### **DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL**

Date: 24.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 535

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.38 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 39$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

## DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

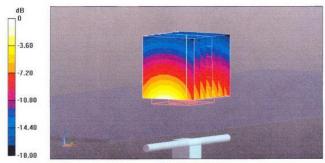
• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

# Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 97.90 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg

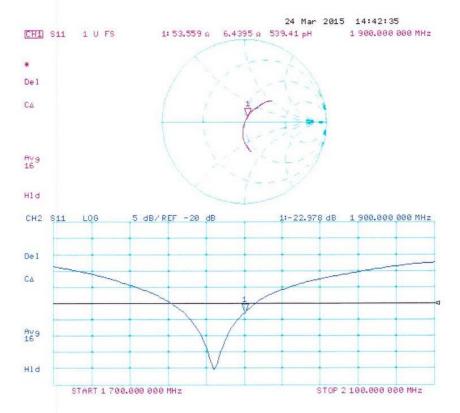


0 dB = 12.5 W/kg = 10.97 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

Page 5 of 8

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

Page 6 of 8



## **DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL**

Date: 24.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 535

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz;  $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\varepsilon_r = 52.8$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ 

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

### DASY52 Configuration:

• Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;

• Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014

• Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

• DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

# Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

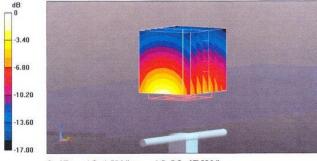
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.88 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg

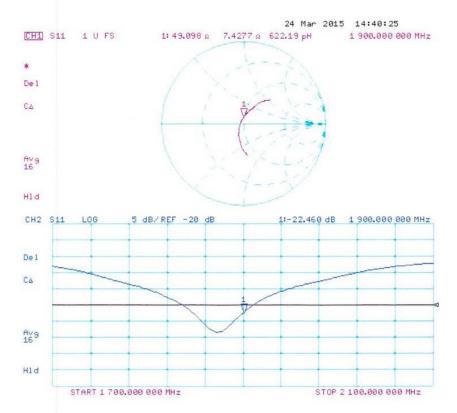


0 dB = 12.4 W/kg = 10.93 dBW/kg

Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

Page 7 of 8

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Certificate No: D1900V2-535\_Mar15

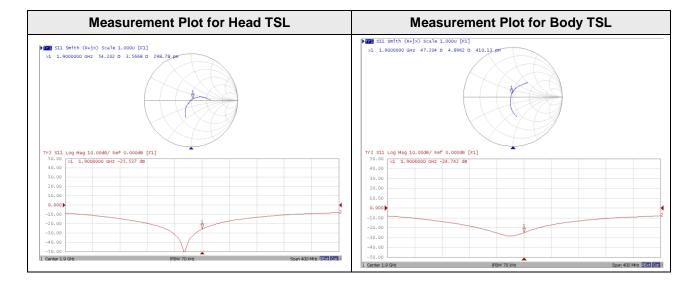
Page 8 of 8



# Extended Dipole Calibration for D1900V2, SN: 535

Referring to section 3.2.2 of KDB 865664 D01, the tables below contain the measurement results for the impedance and return loss of the dipole.

Justification of the Extended Calibration						
1900 HEAD TSL	Calibration March 24, 2015		Verification			
1900 FIEAD TOE			March 07, 2017			
	Target		Measured		Delta	
Impedance transformed to feed point	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]
	53.6	+6.4	54.2	+3.6	+0.6	-2.8
	Target [dB]		Measured [dB]		Delta [%]	
Return Loss	-23.0		-25.3		+10.0	
1900 BODY TSL	Calibration Verification					
1900 BOD1 13L	March 24, 2015		March 08, 2017			
	Tai	rget	Measured		Delta	
Impedance transformed to feed point	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]	R [Ω]	Χ [jΩ]
	49.1	+7.4	47.2	+4.9	-1.9	-2.5
	Target [dB]		Measured [dB]		Delta [%]	
Return Loss	-22.5		-24.7		+9.8	



The impedance is within 5 ohm of prior calibration.

The return loss is <-20 dB and within 20% of prior calibration.

Therefore the verification result supports extended dipole calibration.