

FCC Measurement/Technical Report on

Jabra Speak 710

FCC ID: BCE-PHS040W

IC: 2386C-PHS040W

Test Report Reference: MDE_GNAUD_1601_FCCa_rev01

Test Laboratory:

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Note:

The following test results relate only to the devices specified in this document. This report shall not be reproduced in parts without the written approval of the test laboratory.

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1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Intentional Radiator.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 15 (10-1-15 Edition). The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 15, Subpart C – Intentional Radiators

§ 15.201 Equipment authorization requirement

§ 15.207 Conducted limits

§ 15.209 Radiated emission limits; general requirements

§ 15.247 Operation within the bands 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz

Note 1: (DTS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice "Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247, 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r05, 2016-04-08". ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

Note 2: (FHSS Equipment)

The tests were selected and performed with reference to the FCC Public Notice DA 00-705, released March 30, 2000. Instead of applying ANSI C63.4-1992 which is referenced in the FCC Public Note, the newer ANSI C63.10-2013 is applied.

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complied with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary / Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

**Correlation of measurement requirements for
FHSS (e.g. Bluetooth®) equipment
from
FCC and IC**

FHSS equipment

| Measurement | FCC reference | IC reference |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Conducted emissions on AC Mains | § 15.207 | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8 |
| Occupied bandwidth | § 15.247 (a) (1) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.1 (2) |
| Peak conducted output power | § 15.247 (b) (1), (4) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.4 (2) |
| Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13/8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Transmitter spurious radiated emissions | § 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a) | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Band edge compliance | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Dwell time | § 15.247 (a) (1) (iii) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.1 (4) |
| Channel separation | § 15.247 (a) (1) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.1 (2) |
| No. of hopping frequencies | § 15.247 (a) (1) (iii) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.1 (4) |
| Hybrid systems (only) | § 15.247 (f); § 15.247 (e) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.3 |
| Antenna requirement | § 15.203 / 15.204 | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.3 |
| Receiver spurious emissions | - | - |

**Correlation of measurement requirements for
DTS (e.g. WLAN 2.4 GHz, BT LE) equipment
from
FCC and IC**

DTS equipment

| Measurement | FCC reference | IC reference |
|---|-------------------------------|---|
| Conducted emissions on AC Mains | § 15.207 | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.8 |
| Occupied bandwidth | § 15.247 (a) (2) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.2 (1) |
| Peak conducted output power | § 15.247 (b) (3), (4) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.4 (4) |
| Transmitter spurious RF conducted emissions | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Transmitter spurious radiated emissions | § 15.247 (d); § 15.209 (a) | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 6.13 / 8.9/8.10; RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Band edge compliance | § 15.247 (d) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.5 |
| Power density | § 15.247 (e) | RSS-247 Issue 1: 5.2 (2) |
| Antenna requirement | § 15.203 / 15.204 | RSS-Gen Issue 4: 8.3 |
| Receiver spurious emissions | - | - |

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY / SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C **§ 15.207**
§15.247

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| Conducted Emissions at AC Mains | Final Result | | |
| The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 | | | |
| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
| Operating mode | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid | | | |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C **§ 15.247 (a) (1)**
§15.247

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| Occupied Bandwidth (20 dB) | Final Result | | |
| The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 | | | |
| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| Bluetooth BDR, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C **§ 15.247 (a) (2)**
§15.247

| | | | |
|--|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| Occupied Bandwidth (6 dB) | Final Result | | |
| The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10 | | | |
| OP-Mode | Setup | FCC | IC |
| Radio Technology, Operating Frequency | | | |
| Bluetooth LE, high | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth LE, low | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth LE, mid | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C

-

§15.247

Occupied Bandwidth (99%)

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency

Bluetooth LE, high

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AC01

N/A

Passed

Bluetooth LE, low

S01_AC01

N/A

Passed

Bluetooth LE, mid

S01_AC01

N/A

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§ 15.247 (b) (1)
§15.247

Peak Power Output

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement method

Bluetooth BDR, high, conducted

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth BDR, low, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth BDR, mid, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, high, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, low, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, mid, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, high, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, low, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, mid, conducted

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§ 15.247 (b) (3)
§15.247

Peak Power Output

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Operating Frequency, Measurement method

Bluetooth LE, high, conducted

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, low, conducted

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, mid, conducted

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (d)

Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency

| | Setup | FCC | IC |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Bluetooth BDR, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, high | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, low | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 3, mid | S01_AB01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth LE, high | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth LE, low | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth LE, mid | S01_AC01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (d)

Transmitter Spurious Radiated Emissions

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Measurement range

| | Setup | FCC | IC |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Bluetooth BDR, high, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, high, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, low, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, low, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid, 1 GHz - 26 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid, 30 MHz - 1 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth BDR, mid, 9 kHz - 30 MHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, low, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, mid, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |
| Bluetooth EDR 2, high, 1 GHz - 8 GHz | S01_AE01 | Passed | Passed |

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (d)

Band Edge Compliance Conducted

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge

Bluetooth BDR, high, high

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth BDR, hopping, high

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth BDR, hopping, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth BDR, low, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, high, high

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, hopping, high

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, hopping, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, low, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, high, high

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, hopping, high

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, hopping, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, low, low

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, high, high

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, low, low

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§ 15.247 (d)
§15.247

Band Edge Compliance Radiated

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency, Band Edge

Bluetooth BDR, high, high

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AE01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 2, high, high

S01_AE01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth EDR 3, high, high

S01_AE01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§ 15.247 (e)
§15.247

Power Density

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology, Operating Frequency

Bluetooth LE, high

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, low

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

Bluetooth LE, mid

S01_AC01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (a) (1)

Channel Separation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology

Bluetooth BDR

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Dwell Time

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology

Bluetooth BDR

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 15 Subpart C
§15.247
§ 15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Number of Hopping Frequencies

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.10

Final Result
OP-Mode

Radio Technology

Bluetooth BDR

Setup
FCC
IC

S01_AB01

Passed

Passed

Revision History

| Report version control | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|--|------------------|
| Version | Release date | Change Description | Version validity |
| initial | 2017-01-25 | -- | invalid |
| rev01 | 2017-02-15 | FCC registration number on page 12 changed | valid |

 (responsible for accreditation scope)
 Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

 (responsible for testing and report)
 B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Company Name: 7layers GmbH

Address: Borsigstr. 11
40880 Ratingen
Germany

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the FCC and accepted under the registration number 929146.

This facility has been fully described in a report submitted to the IC and accepted under the registration number: Site# 3699A-1.

The test facility is also accredited by the following accreditation organisation:

Laboratory accreditation no: DAkkS D-PL-12140-01-00

Responsible for accreditation scope: Dipl.-Ing. Marco Kullik

Report Template Version: 2016-06-07

2.2 PROJECT DATA

Responsible for testing and report: B.Sc. Jens Dörwald

Employees who performed the tests: documented internally at 7Layers

Date of Report: 2017-02-15

Testing Period: 2016-12-28 to 2017-01-02

2.3 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: GN Audio A/S

Address: Lautrupbjerg 7
2750 Ballerup
Denmark

Contact Person: Mr. Tom Ringtved

2.4 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: please see applicant data

Address:

Contact Person:

3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

| | |
|--|--|
| Kind of Device product description | Bluetooth Wireless Speakerphone |
| Product name | Jabra Speak 710 |
| Type | PHS040W |
| Declared EUT data by the supplier | |
| Voltage Type | DC (internal battery) |
| Voltage Level | 3.6 V – 4.2 V |
| Tested Modulation Type | GFSK Modulation, 1-DHx packets $\pi/4$ DQPSK Modulation, 2-DHx packets 8-DQPSK Modulation, 3-DHx packets |
| General product description | The EUT is a Bluetooth Wireless Speaker. |
| The EUT provides the following ports: | USB |
| Tested datarates | 1 Mbps, 2 Mbps, 3 Mbps |

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.

3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

| Sample Name | Sample Code | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| DE1230001ab01 | ab01 | condcuted sample (BT) |
| Sample Parameter | | Value |
| Integral Antenna | deactivated | |
| Serial No. | 02 | |
| HW Version | 28-04764 | |
| SW Version | 0.0.38 | |
| Comment | - | |

| Sample Name | Sample Code | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| DE1230001ac01 | ac01 | condcuted sample (BT low energy) |
| Sample Parameter | | Value |
| Integral Antenna | deactivated | |
| Serial No. | 03 | |
| HW Version | 28-04764 | |
| SW Version | 0.0.38 | |
| Comment | - | |

| Sample Name | Sample Code | Description |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| DE1230001ae01 | ae01 | radiated sample |
| Sample Parameter | Value | |
| Integral Antenna | 3.24 dBi | |
| Serial No. | 05 | |
| HW Version | 28-04764 | |
| SW Version | 0.0.38 | |
| Comment | - | |

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

| Device | Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code) | Description |
|--------|---|-------------|
| - | - | - |

3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

| Device | Details (Manufacturer, HW, SW, S/N) | Description |
|---------------|--|--------------|
| AC/DC Adapter | (HTC, - , - , 79H00098-02M) | for charging |

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

| Setup | Combination of EUTs | Description and Rationale |
|----------|---------------------|--|
| S01_AE01 | DE1230001ae01, | radiated setup |
| S01_AC01 | DE1230001ac01, | conducted setup for Bluetooth low energy |
| S01_AB01 | DE1230001ab01, | conducted setup for Bluetooth |

3.6 OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUTs used for testing.

3.6.1 TEST CHANNELS

BT Test Channels:
Channel:
Frequency [MHz]

| 2.4 GHz ISM 2400 - 2483.5 MHz | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| low | mid | high |
| 0 | 39 | 78 |
| 2402 | 2441 | 2480 |

BT LE Test Channels:
Channel:
Frequency [MHz]

| 2.4 GHz ISM 2400 - 2483.5 MHz | | |
|--|------------|-------------|
| low | mid | high |
| 0 | 19 | 39 |
| 2402 | 2440 | 2480 |

3.7 PRODUCT LABELLING

3.7.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.7.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 CONDUCTED EMISSIONS AT AC MAINS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.10

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C 63.10. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was setup in a shielded room to perform the conducted emissions measurements in a typical installation configuration. The EUT was powered from 50µH || 50 Ohm Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The LISN's unused connections were terminated with 50 Ohm loads.

The measurement procedure consists of two steps. It is implemented into the EMI test software EMC-32 from R&S.

Step 1: Preliminary scan

Intention of this step is, to determine the conducted EMI-profile of the EUT.

EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold & Average
- Frequency range: 150 kHz – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 2.5 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)
- Measurement on phase + neutral lines of the power cords

On basis of this preliminary scan the highest amplitudes and the corresponding frequencies relative to the limit are identified. Emissions above the limit and emissions which are in the 10 dB range below the limit are considered.

Step 2: Final measurement

Intention of this step is, to determine the highest emissions with the settings defined in the test specification for the frequencies identified in step 1.

EMI receiver settings:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- IF Bandwidth: 9 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s / frequency

At each frequency determined in step 1, four measurements are performed in the following combinations:

- 1) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
- 2) Phase lead - reference ground (PE grounded)
- 3) Neutral lead - reference ground (PE floating)
- 4) Phase lead - reference ground (PE floating)

The highest value is reported.

4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.207

| Frequency (MHz) | QP Limits (dB μ V) | AV Limits (dB μ V) |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 0.15 - 0.5 | 66 - 56 | 56 - 46 |
| 0.5 - 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 - 30 | 60 | 50 |

Used conversion factor: Limit (dB μ V) = 20 log (Limit (μ V)/1 μ V).

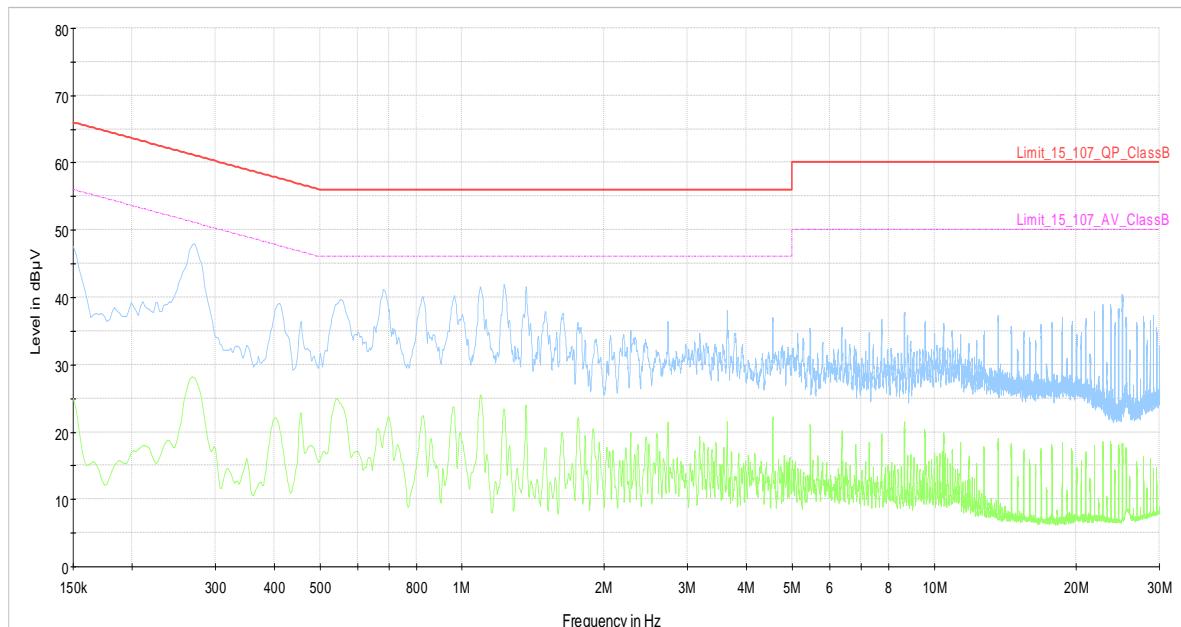
4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Temperature: 22 °C
Air Pressure: 1037 hPa
Humidity: 34 %

| Power line | PE | Frequency [MHz] | Measured value QP [dB μ V] | Measured value AV [dB μ V] | Limit [dB μ V] | Margin [dB] |
|------------|----|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH 39

4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Conducted Emissions FCC

4.2 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (20 DB)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (widest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1% to 5 % of the OBW
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 x RBW
- Span: 2 to 5 times the OBW
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 8.5 ms
- Detector: Peak

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

For the band: 902 – 928 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 500 kHz

For the band: 5725 – 5850 MHz

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

The maximum allowed 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 1 MHz

For the frequency band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Implication by the test laboratory:

Since the Bluetooth technology defines a fixed channel separation of 1 MHz this design parameter defines the maximum allowed occupied bandwidth depending on the EUT's output power:

1. Under the provision that the system operates with an output power not greater than 125 mW (21.0 dBm):

Implicit Limit: $\text{Max. 20 dB BW} = 1.0 \text{ MHz} / 2/3 = 1.5 \text{ MHz}$

2. If the system output power exceeds 125 mW (21.0 dBm):

Implicit Limit: $\text{Max. 20 dB BW} = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$

Used conversion factor: $\text{Output power (dBm)} = 10 \log (\text{Output power (W)} / 1\text{mW})$

The measured output power of the system is below 125 mW (21.0 dBm). For the results, please refer to the related chapter of this report.

Therefore the limit is determined as 1.5 MHz.

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
 Humidity: 43 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 20 dB Bandwidth [kHz] | Limit [kHz] | Margin to Limit [kHz] |
|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 974.4 | 1500 | 525.6 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 1022.4 | 1500 | 477.6 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 1004.4 | 1500 | 495.6 |

BT π/4 DQPSK (2-DH1)

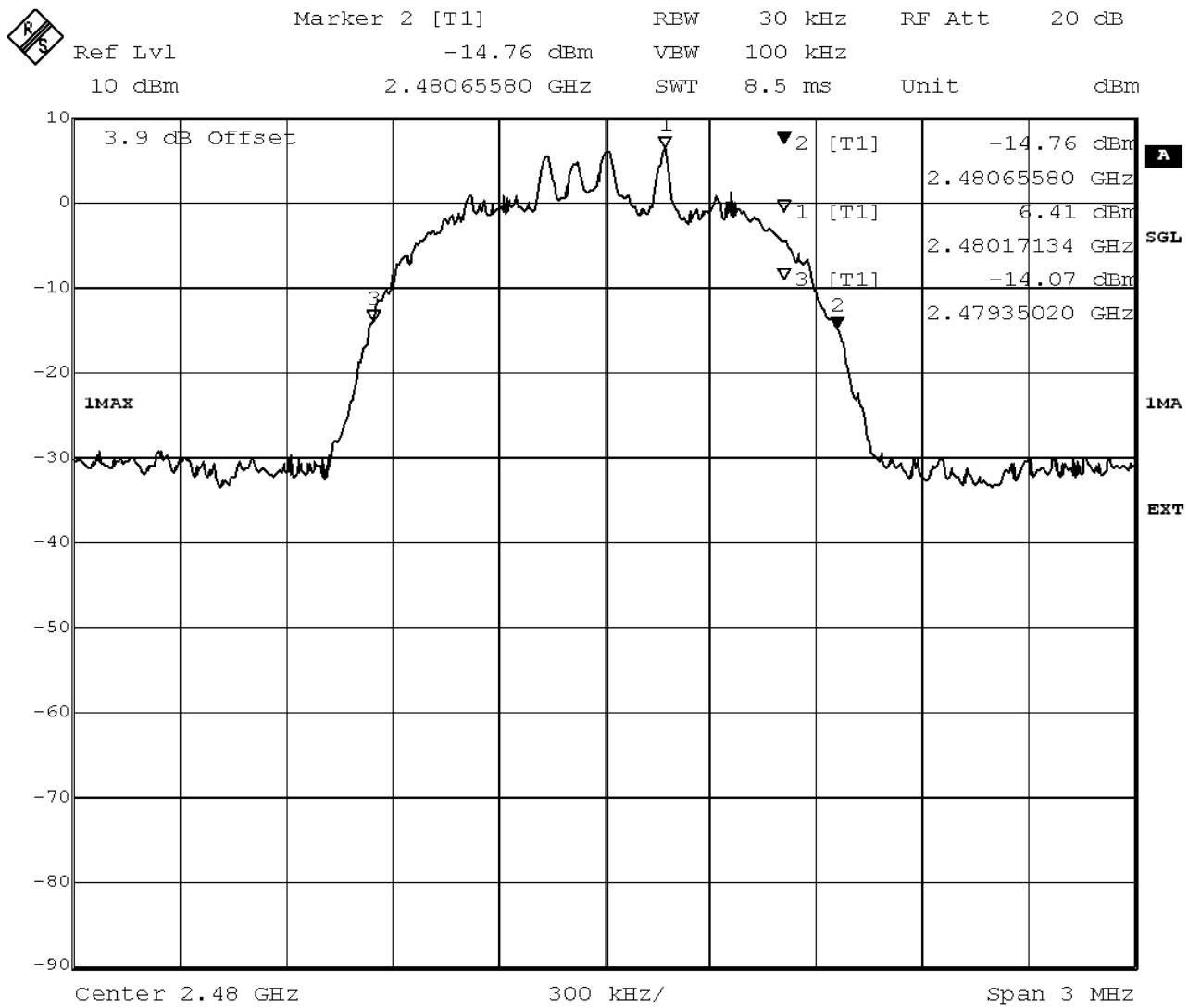
| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 20 dB Bandwidth [kHz] | Limit [kHz] | Margin to Limit [kHz] |
|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 1299.6 | 1500 | 200.4 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 1299.6 | 1500 | 200.4 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 1287.6 | 1500 | 212.4 |

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1)

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 20 dB Bandwidth [kHz] | Limit [kHz] | Margin to Limit [kHz] |
|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 1299.6 | 1500 | 200.4 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 1299.6 | 1500 | 200.4 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 1305.6 | 1500 | 194.4 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.2.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: 20dB Bandwidth

Comment A: CH T: 2480 MHz; 20dB bandwidth (kHz):1305.6

Date: 30.DEC.2016 13:28:11

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1), CH 78

4.2.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (6 DB)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produce the worst-case (smallest) emission bandwidth.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (2)

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

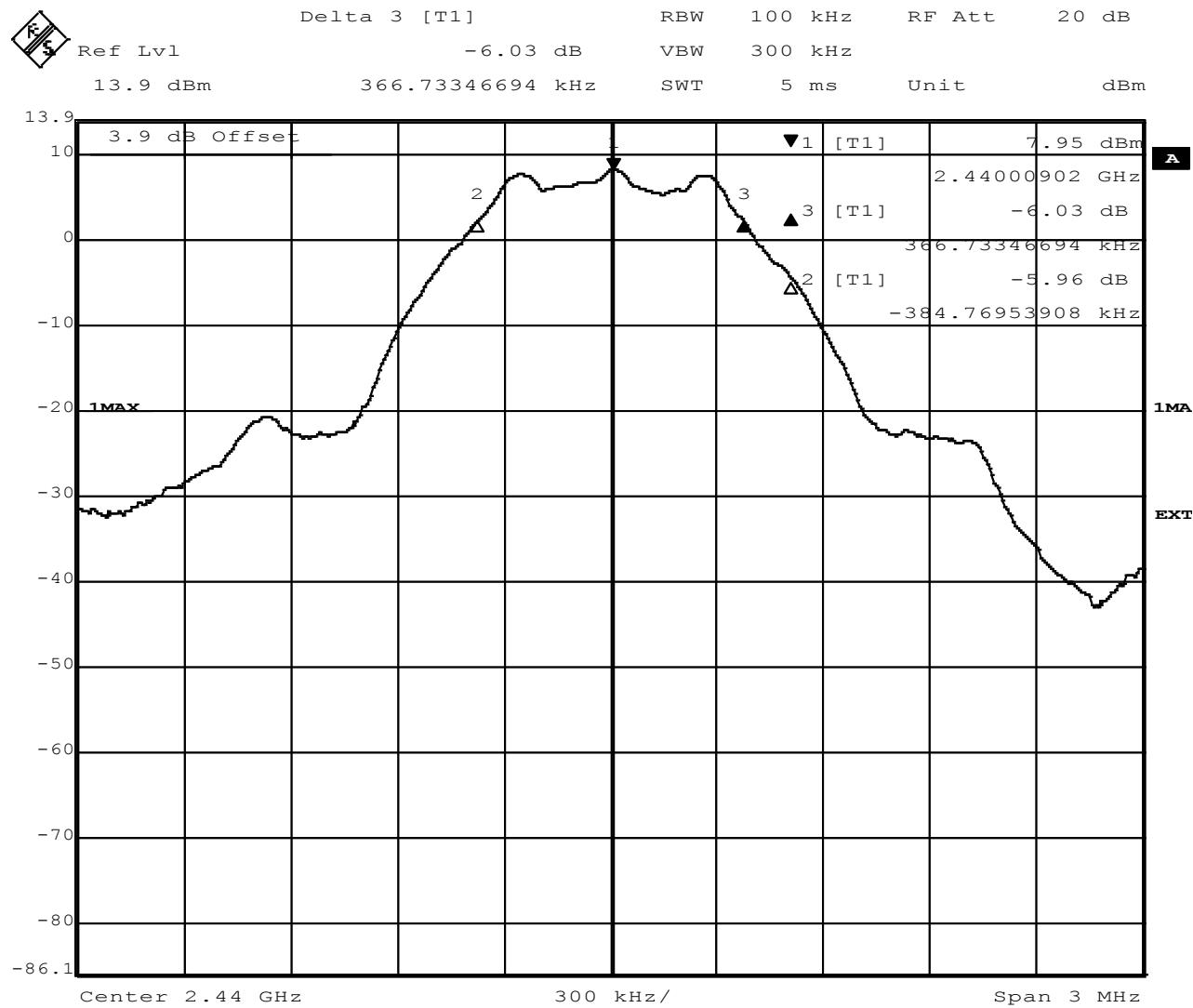
Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
 Humidity: 43 %

BT LE GFSK

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 6 dB Bandwidth [kHz] | Limit [MHz] | Margin to Limit [kHz] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 757.5 | 1 | 257.5 |
| | 19 | 2440 | 751.5 | 1 | 251.5 |
| | 39 | 2480 | 757.5 | 1 | 257.5 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.3.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 3.JAN.2017 11:40:49

BT LE GFSK, CH 19

4.3.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

R&S TS8997

4.4 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the occupied bandwidth measurements.

The reference level is the level of the highest amplitude signal observed from the transmitter at either the fundamental frequency or first-order modulation products in all typical modes of operation, including the unmodulated carrier, even if atypical.

The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Span: 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 8.5 ms
- Detector: Sample

The 99 % measurement function of the spectrum analyser function was used to determine the 99 % bandwidth.

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

No applicable limit:

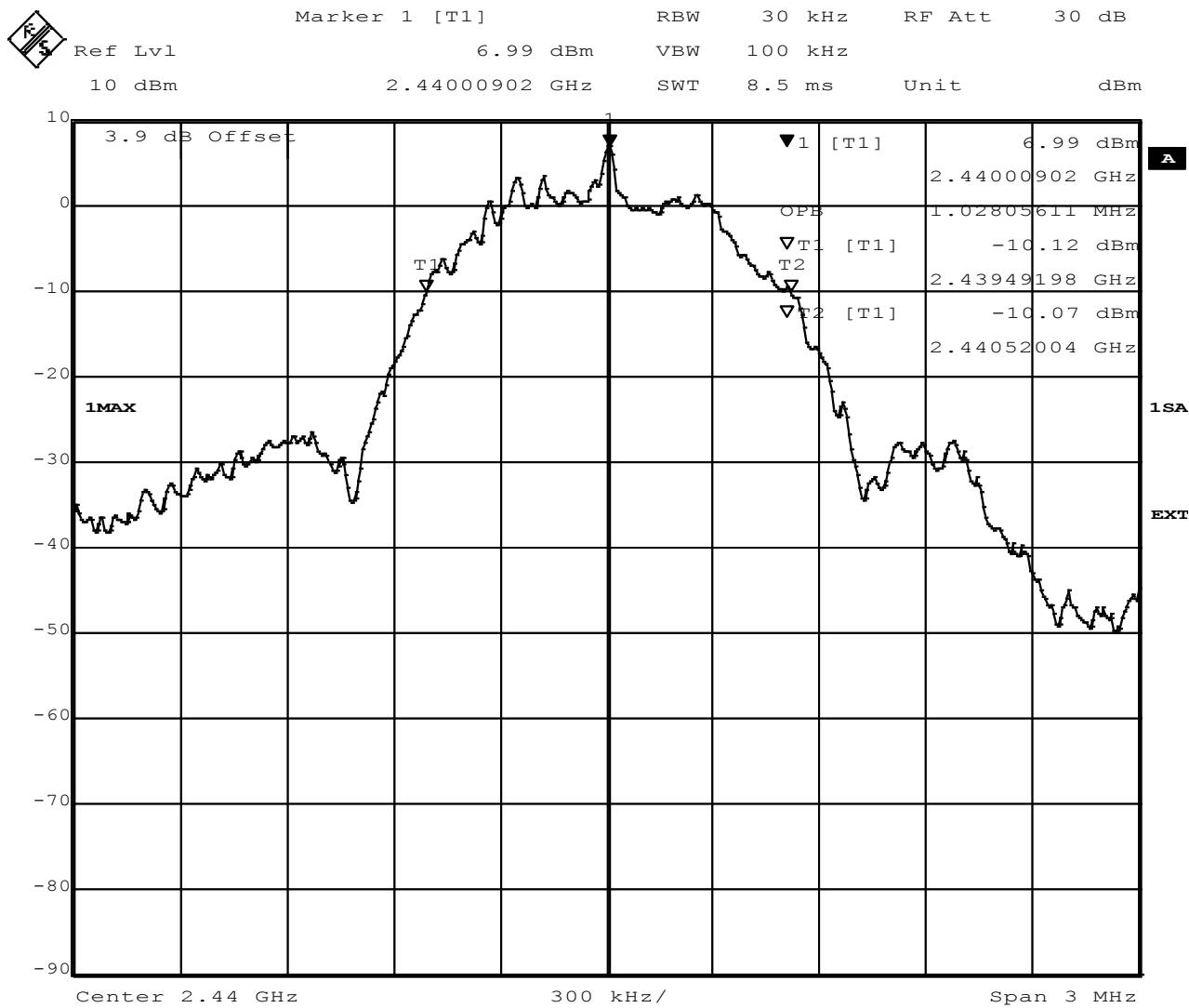
4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
 Humidity: 43 %
 BT LE GFSK

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | 99 % Bandwidth [kHz] |
|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 1028.1 |
| | 19 | 2440 | 1028.1 |
| | 39 | 2480 | 1028.1 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.4.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 3.JAN.2017 13:37:01

BT LE GFSK, CH 19

4.4.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.5 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

DTS EQUIPMENT:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

FHSS EQUIPMENT:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 3 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Frequency Hopping Systems:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = 10 log (Limit (W)/1mW)

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
 Humidity: 43 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 7.8 | 21.0 | 13.2 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 8.3 | 21.0 | 12.7 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 8.7 | 21.0 | 12.3 |

BT $\pi/4$ DQPSK (2-DH1)

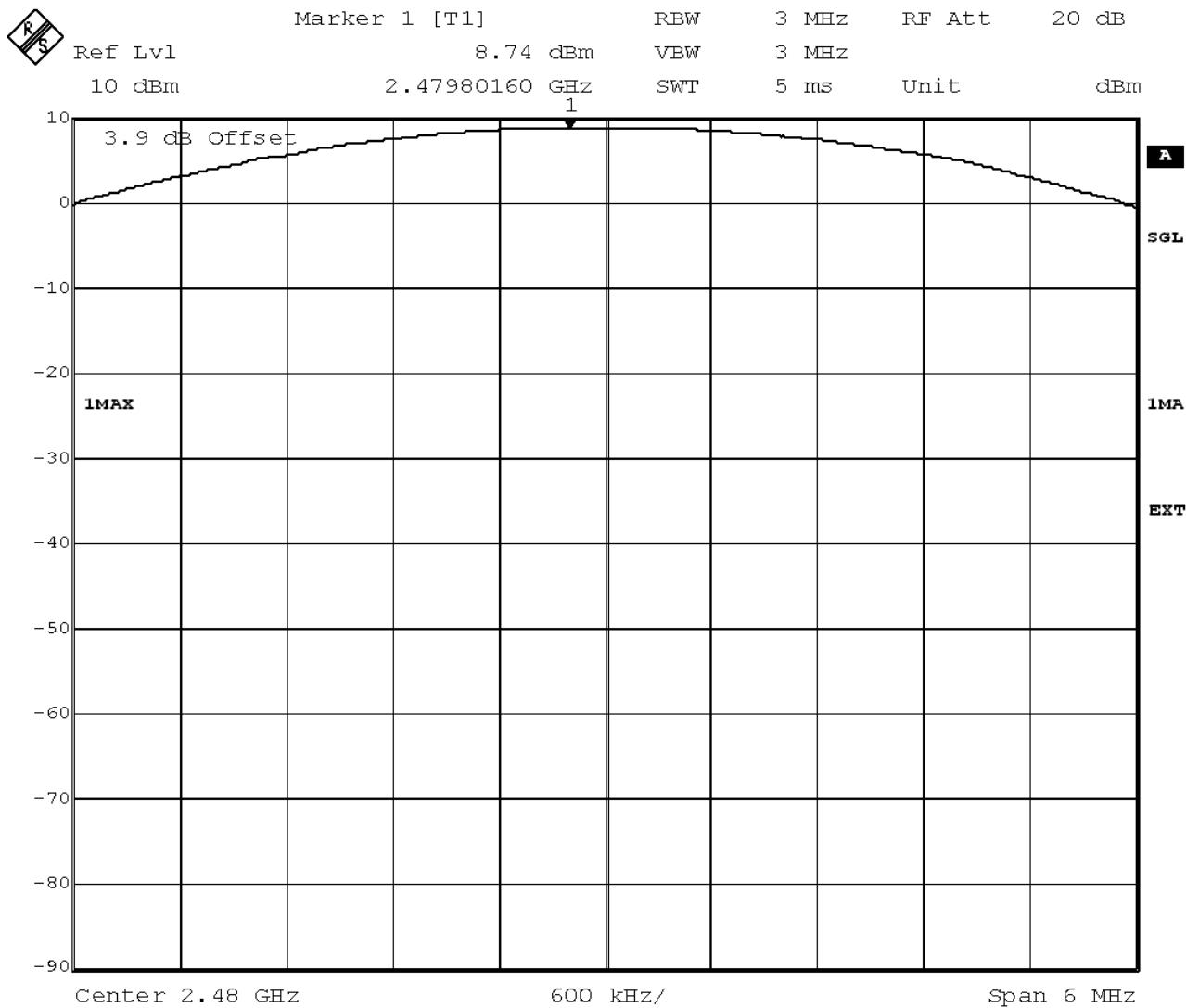
| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 6.2 | 21.0 | 14.8 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 6.9 | 21.0 | 14.1 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 7.7 | 21.0 | 13.3 |

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1)

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 6.6 | 21.0 | 14.4 |
| | 39 | 2441 | 7.2 | 21.0 | 13.8 |
| | 78 | 2480 | 8.0 | 21.0 | 13.1 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.5.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Peak outputpower Power

Comment A: CH T: 2480 MHz

Date: 30.DEC.2016 11:57:53

BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH 78

4.5.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.6 PEAK POWER OUTPUT

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the output power measurements. The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) output power. The reference level of the spectrum analyzer was set higher than the output power of the EUT.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 1 MHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 MHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 5 ms
- Detector: Peak

The channel power function of the spectrum analyser was used (Used channel bandwidth = DTS bandwidth)

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

DTS devices:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (3)

For systems using digital modulation techniques in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 watt.

==> Maximum conducted peak output power: 30 dBm (excluding antenna gain, if antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi are used).

Frequency Hopping Systems:

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (1)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (b) (2)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: 1 watt for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.

Used conversion factor: Limit (dBm) = $10 \log (\text{Limit (W)}/1\text{mW})$

4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

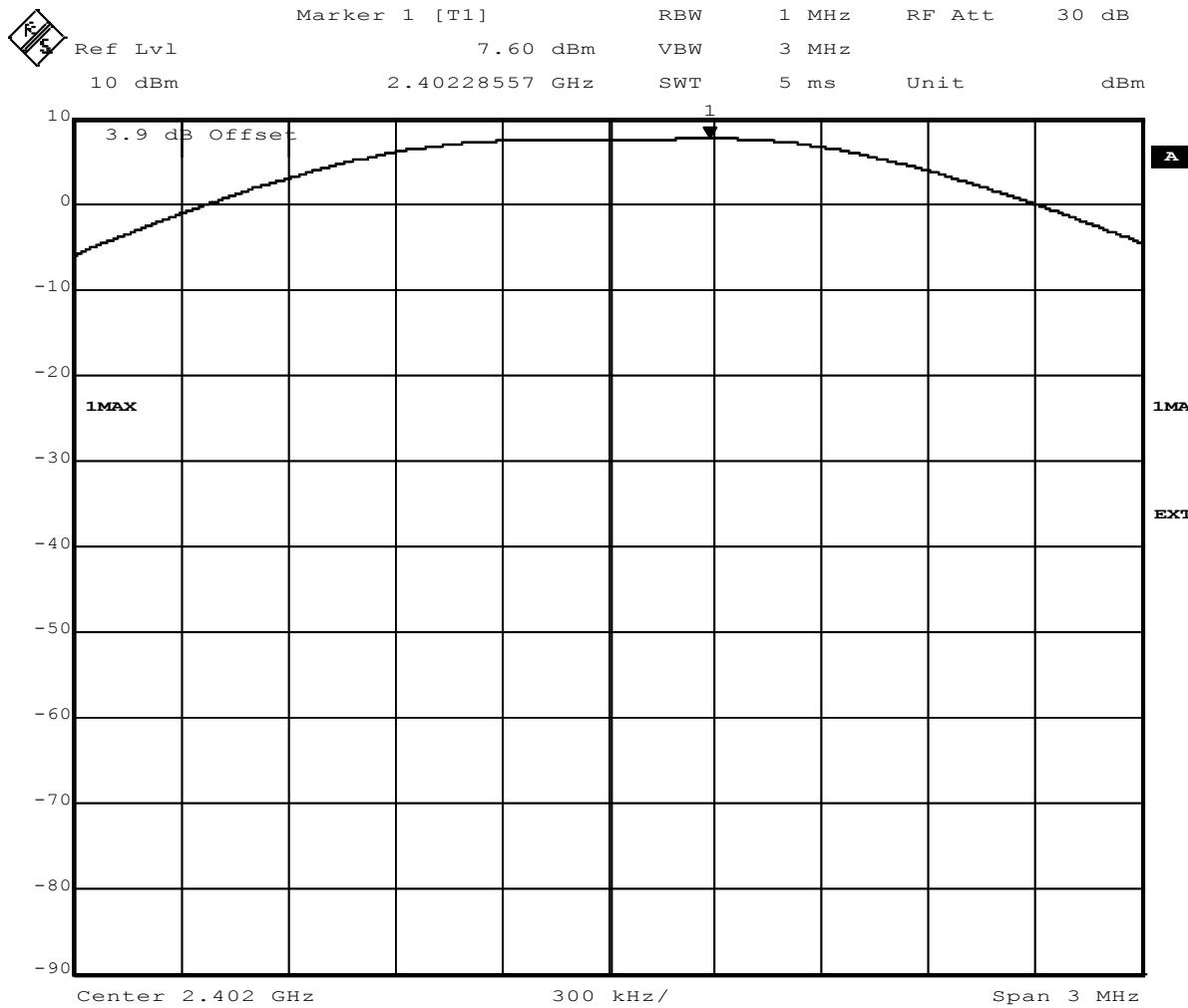
Ambient temperature: 23 °C
Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
Humidity: 43 %

BT LE GFSK

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Peak Power [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | 7.6 | 30.0 | 22.4 |
| | 19 | 2440 | 8.3 | 30.0 | 21.7 |
| | 39 | 2480 | 8.6 | 30.0 | 21.4 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 3.JAN.2017 12:27:07

BT LE GFSK, CH 0

4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.7 SPURIOUS RF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the spurious emissions measurements. The EUT was connected to spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss. Analyzer settings:

- Frequency range: 30 – 25000 MHz
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2
- Sweep Time: 330 s
- Detector: Peak

The reference value for the measurement of the spurious RF conducted emissions is determined during the test "band edge compliance conducted". This value is used to calculate the 20 dBc limit.

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1010 hPa
 Humidity: 41 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2441 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 78 | 2480 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |

BT n/4 DQPSK (2-DH1)

| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2441 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 78 | 2480 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1)

| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2441 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 78 | 2480 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |

BT LE GFSK

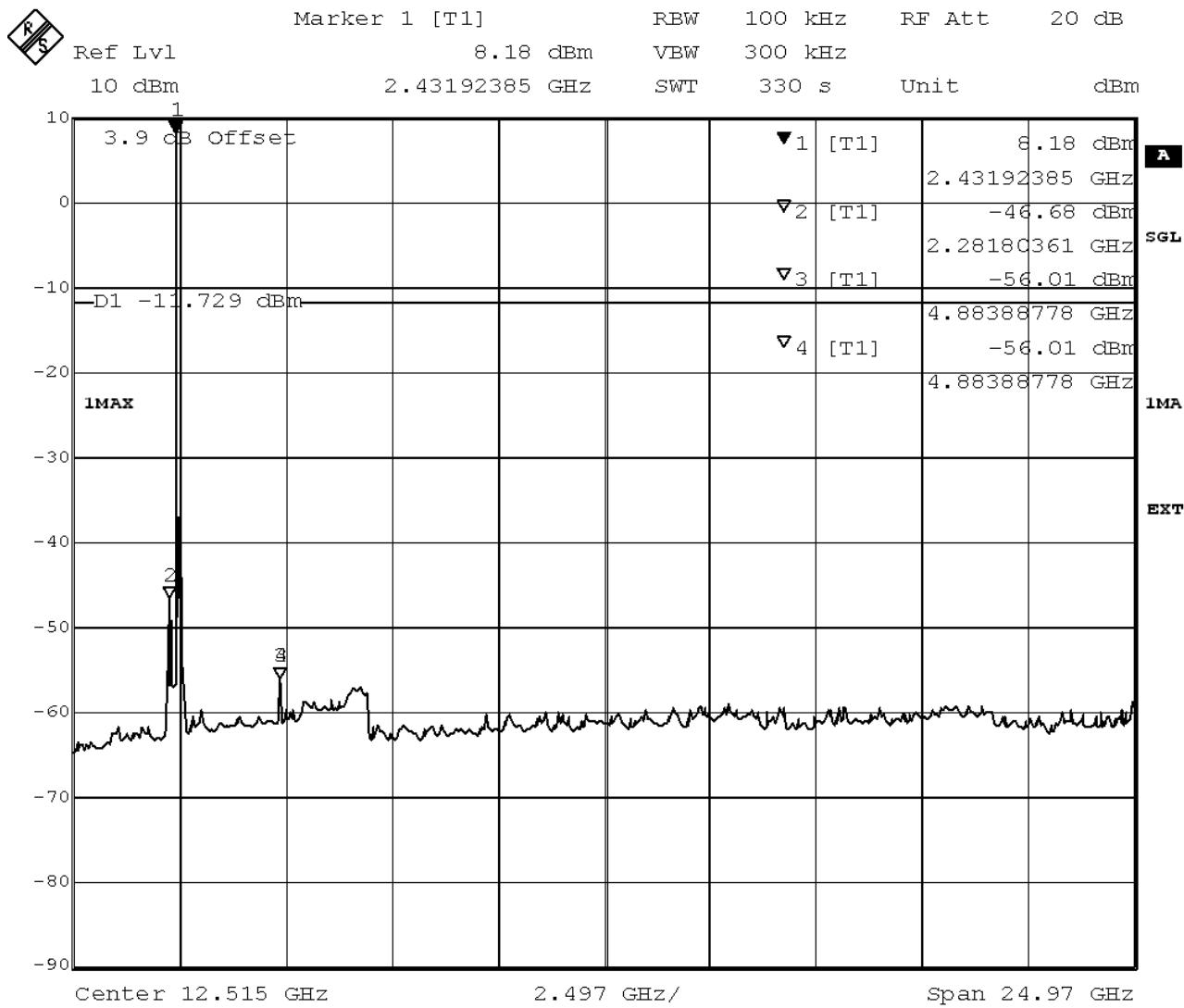
| Channel No | Channel Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 19 | 2441 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2480 | - | - | PEAK | 100 | - | - | - |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

COMMENT:

No (further) spurious emissions in the range 20dB below the limit were found, therefore no measurement values are reported in the tables.

4.7.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: spurious emissions
Comment A: CH M: 2441 MHz
Date: 30.DEC.2016 11:37:10
BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH 39

4.7.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

R&S TS8997

4.8 TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.8.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.0 x 2.0 m² in the semi-anechoic chamber. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software EMC32 from R&S. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered from a DC power source.

1. Measurement up to 30 MHz

The Loop antenna HFH2-Z2 is used.

Step 1: pre measurement

- Anechoic chamber
- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold
- Frequency range: 0.009 - 0.15 MHz and 0.15 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: 0.05 kHz and 2.25 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 kHz and 9 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms (FFT-based)

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: final measurement

For the relevant emissions determined in step 1, an additional measurement with the following settings will be performed. Intention of this step is to find the maximum emission level.

- Open area test side
- Antenna distance: according to the Standard
- Detector: Quasi-Peak
- Frequency range: 0.009 – 30 MHz
- Frequency steps: measurement at frequencies detected in step 1
- IF-Bandwidth: 0.2 - 10 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 1 s

2. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 3 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold / Quasipeak (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz

- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time / Frequency step: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: -180° to 90°
- Turntable step size: 90°
- Height variation range: 1 – 3 m
- Height variation step size: 2 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by ± 45° around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by ± 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: ± 45 ° around the determined value
- Height variation range: ± 100 cm around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz)
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support (tilt device) at 1.5 m height in the fully-anechoic chamber.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 90 °.

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 45 °.

Step 2:

Due to the fact, that in this frequency range the test is performed in a fully anechoic room, the height scan of the receiving antenna instep 2 is omitted. Instead of this, a maximum search with a step size ± 45° for the elevation axis is performed.

The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 22.5^\circ$.

The elevation angle will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak / Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.8.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (d)

... In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (μ V/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 - 0.49 | 2400/F(kHz)@300m | 3 | (48.5 - 13.8)@300m |
| 0.49 - 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz)@30m | 3 | (33.8 - 23.0)@30m |
| 1.705 - 30 | 30@30m | 3 | 29.5@30m |

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (μ V/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 30 - 88 | 100@3m | 3 | 40.0@3m |
| 88 - 216 | 150@3m | 3 | 43.5@3m |
| 216 - 960 | 200@3m | 3 | 46.0@3m |
| 960 - 26000 | 500@3m | 3 | 54.0@3m |
| 26000 - 40000 | 500@3m | 1 | 54.0@3m |

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) = 20 log (Limit (μ V/m)/1 μ V/m)

4.8.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 22–23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1024–1028 hPa
 Humidity: 32–34 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2441 | 30.0 | 35.6 | QP | 120 | 40.0 | 4.4 | RB |
| 39 | 2441 | 31.0 | 32.7 | QP | 120 | 40.0 | 7.3 | RB |
| 39 | 2441 | 36.8 | 24.0 | QP | 120 | 40.0 | 16.0 | RB |
| 78 | 2480 | 4960.0 | 55.6 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 18.4 | RB |
| 78 | 2480 | 4960.0 | 42.2 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 11.8 | RB |

BT $\pi/4$ DQPSK (2-DH1)

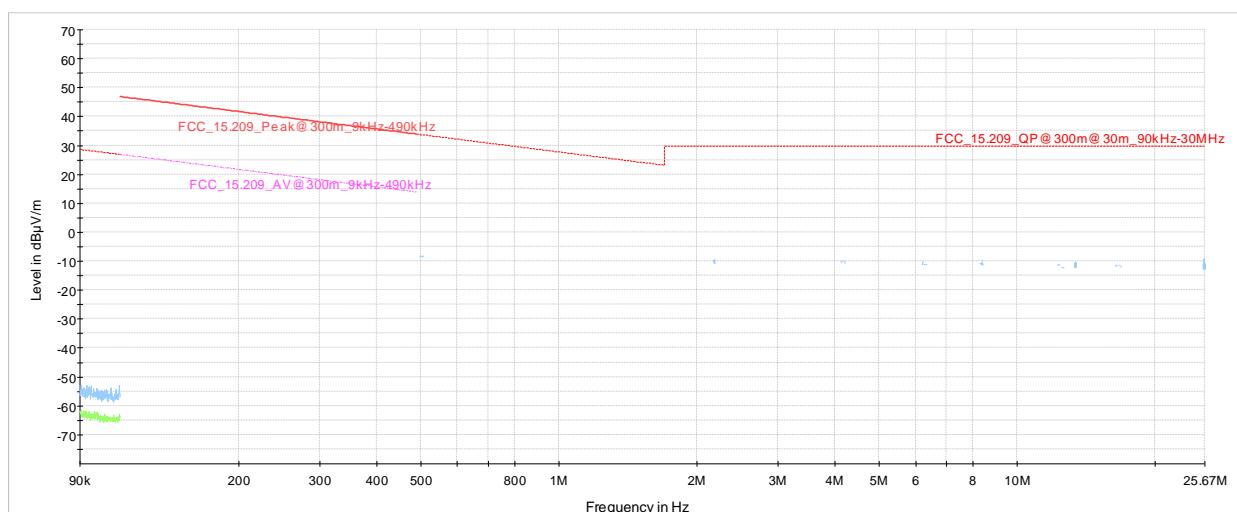
| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 0 | 2402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 39 | 2441 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 78 | 2480 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

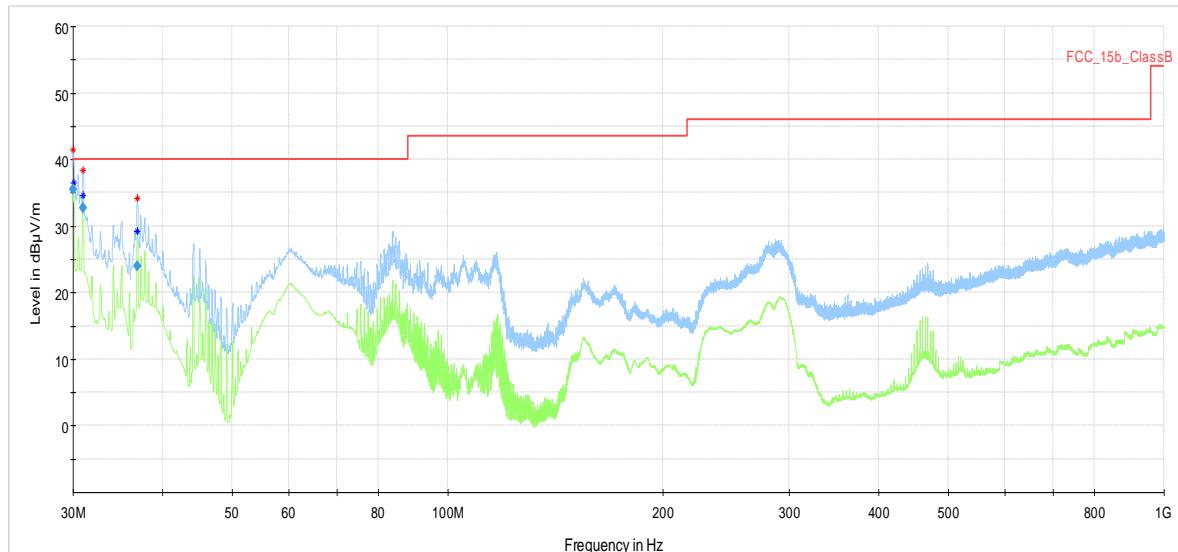
COMMENT:

No (further) spurious emissions in the range 20dB below the limit were found, therefore no measurement values are reported in the tables. For BT 8-DPSK (3DH-1) and BT LE GFSK the measurement were not repeated, because no significant spurious emissions were found in BT $\pi/4$ GFSK (1-DH1) and BT DQPSK (2-DH1).

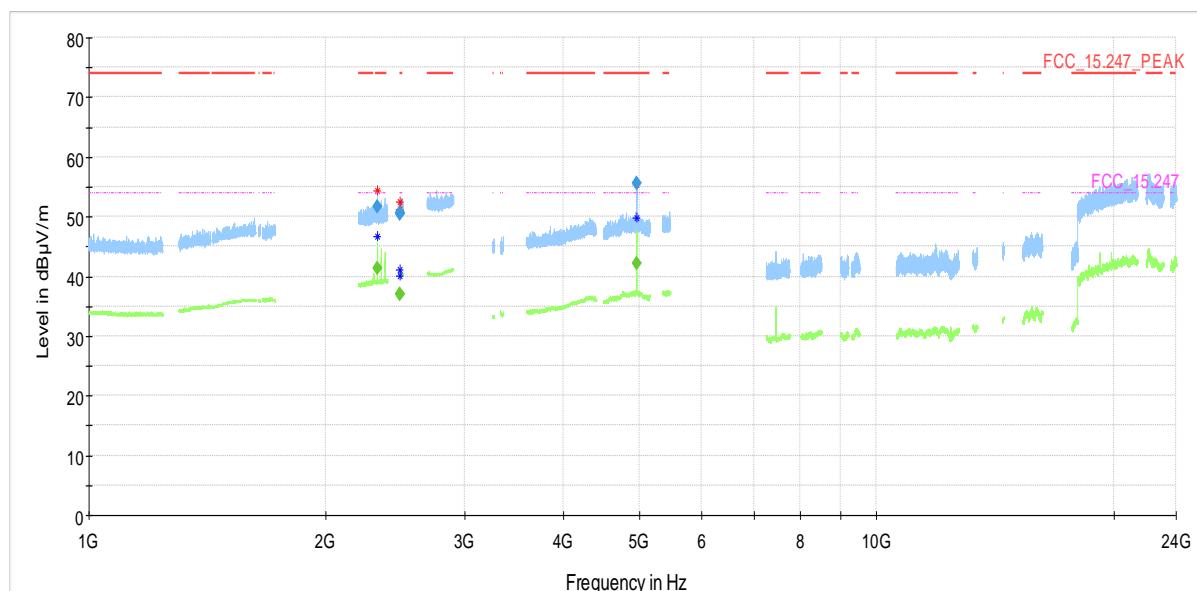
4.8.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



9 kHz – 30 MHz: BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH39



30 MHz – 1 GHz: BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH39



1 GHz – 26 GHz: BT GFSK (1-DH1), CH78

4.8.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Radiated Emissions

4.9 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE CONDUCTED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.9.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

For the conducted measurement, the Equipment Under Test (EUT) is placed in a shielded room. The reference power was measured in the test case "Spurious RF Conducted Emissions". The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Frequency Range 2397 MHz – 2485 MHz
- Detector: Peak
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 100 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 300 kHz
- Sweptime: 5 ms
- Sweeps: 2
- Trace: Maxhold

4.9.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15.247 (d)

"In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. ...

If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c))."

For the conducted measurement the RF power at the band edge shall be "at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power..."

4.9.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
Humidity: 43 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | 2400.0 | -41.4 | PEAK | 100 | 7.8 | -12.2 | 29.2 |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | -55.4 | PEAK | 100 | 8.6 | -11.4 | 44.0 |
| hopping | hopping | 2400.0 | -41.4 | PEAK | 100 | 8.4 | -11.7 | 29.8 |
| hopping | hopping | 2483.5 | -52.6 | PEAK | 100 | 8.9 | -11.1 | 41.4 |

BT n/4 DQPSK (2-DH1)

| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | 2400.0 | -35.5 | PEAK | 100 | 5.0 | -15.0 | 20.6 |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | -55.7 | PEAK | 100 | 6.8 | -13.3 | 42.5 |
| hopping | hopping | 2400.0 | -35.6 | PEAK | 100 | 5.8 | -14.2 | 21.4 |
| hopping | hopping | 2483.5 | -51.8 | PEAK | 100 | 7.0 | -13.0 | 38.8 |

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1)

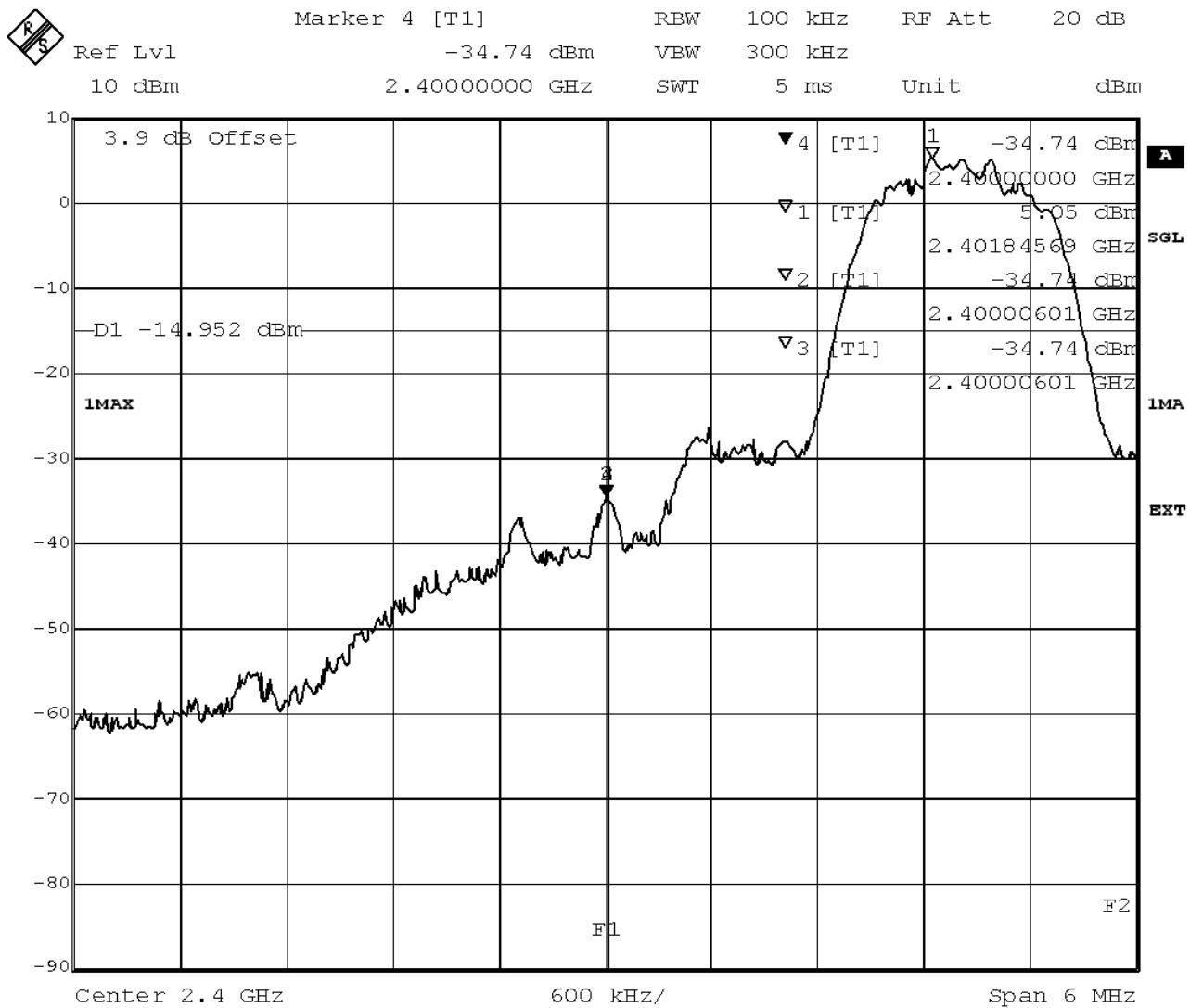
| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | 2400.0 | -34.7 | PEAK | 100 | 5.1 | -15.0 | 19.8 |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | -53.9 | PEAK | 100 | 6.8 | -13.2 | 40.7 |
| hopping | hopping | 2400.0 | -34.1 | PEAK | 100 | 6.1 | -13.9 | 20.2 |
| hopping | hopping | 2483.5 | -52.7 | PEAK | 100 | 7.0 | -13.0 | 39.7 |

BT LE GFSK

| Channel No. | Channel Center Frequency [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dBm] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Ref. Level [dBm] | Limit [dBm] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-----------|------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 2402 | 2400.0 | -42.6 | PEAK | 100 | 6.7 | -13.3 | 29.3 |
| 39 | 2480 | 2483.5 | -49.1 | PEAK | 100 | 9.6 | -10.4 | 38.7 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.9.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Band Edge Compliance
 Comment A: CH B: 2402 MHz
 Date: 30.DEC.2016 10:22:05
 BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1), CH 0

4.9.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.10 BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE RADIATED

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

4.10.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

Please see test description for the test case "Spurious Radiated Emissions"

4.10.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For band edges connected to a restricted band, the limits are specified in Section 15.209(a)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.209, Radiated Emission Limits

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (μ V/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 0.009 – 0.49 | 2400/F(kHz)@300m | 3 | (48.5 – 13.8)@300m |
| 0.49 – 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz)@30m | 3 | (33.8 – 23.0)@30m |
| 1.705 – 30 | 30@30m | 3 | 29.5@30m |

The measured values are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (40 dB/decade) according FCC 15.31 (2).

| Frequency in MHz | Limit (μ V/m) | Measurement distance (m) | Limits ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 30 – 88 | 100@3m | 3 | 40.0@3m |
| 88 – 216 | 150@3m | 3 | 43.5@3m |
| 216 – 960 | 200@3m | 3 | 46.0@3m |
| 960 – 26000 | 500@3m | 3 | 54.0@3m |
| 26000 – 40000 | 500@3m | 1 | 54.0@3m |

The measured values above 26 GHz are corrected with an inverse linear distance extrapolation factor (20 dB/decade).

§15.35(b) ..., there is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit....

Used conversion factor: Limit ($\text{dB}\mu$ V/m) = 20 log (Limit (μ V/m)/1 μ V/m)

4.10.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 22–23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1024–1028 hPa
 Humidity: 32–34 %

BT GFSK (1-DH1)

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 50.7 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 23.3 | BE |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 37.1 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 16.9 | BE |

BT n/4 DQPSK (2-DH1)

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 50.1 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 23.9 | BE |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 37.1 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 16.9 | BE |

BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1)

| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 52.0 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 22.0 | BE |
| 78 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 37.3 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 16.7 | BE |

BT LE GFSK

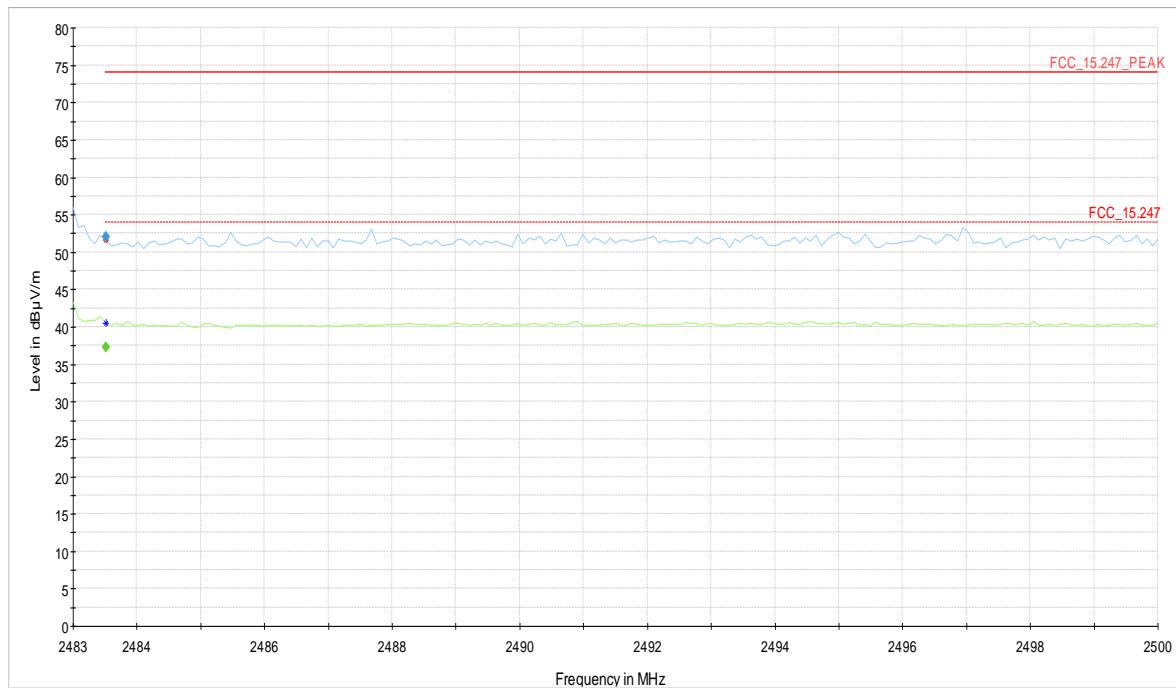
| Ch. No. | Ch. Center Freq. [MHz] | Band Edge Freq. [MHz] | Spurious Level [dB μ V/m] | Detector | RBW [kHz] | Limit [dB μ V/m] | Margin to Limit [dB] | Limit Type |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|
| 39 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 53.4 | PEAK | 1000 | 74.0 | 20.6 | BE |
| 39 | 2480 | 2483.5 | 40.3 | AV | 1000 | 54.0 | 13.7 | BE |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

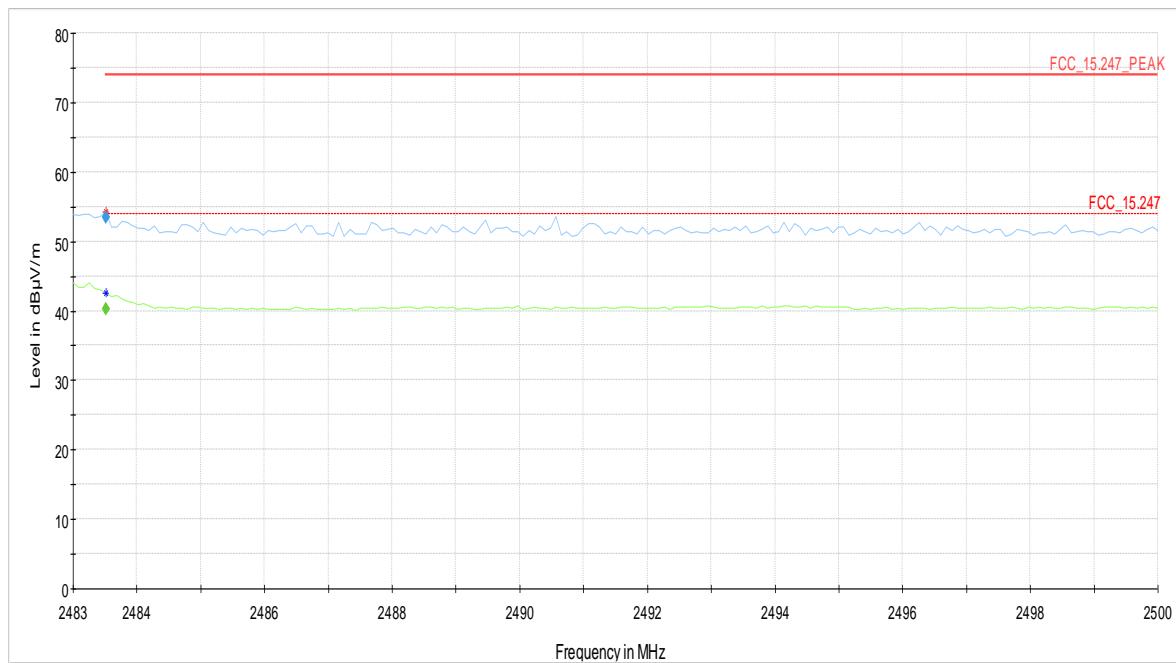
COMMENT:

For the "lower band edge" (nearest, lower restricted band to the 2.4 GHz ISM band) the measurement values are reported in section 4.5 "TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS" in case that the margin to the compliance limit is less than 20 dB.

4.10.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



BT 8-DPSK (3-DH1), CH 78



BT LE GFSK, CH 39

4.10.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Radiated Emissions

4.11 POWER DENSITY

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
 ANSI C63.10

4.11.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up in a shielded room to perform the Power Density measurements.

The results recorded were measured with the modulation which produces the worst-case (highest) power density.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): 3 kHz
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 10 kHz
- Trace: Maxhold
- Sweeps: 2000
- Sweptime: 420 ms
- Detector: Peak

4.11.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (e)

For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

...
 The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

4.11.3 TEST PROTOCOL

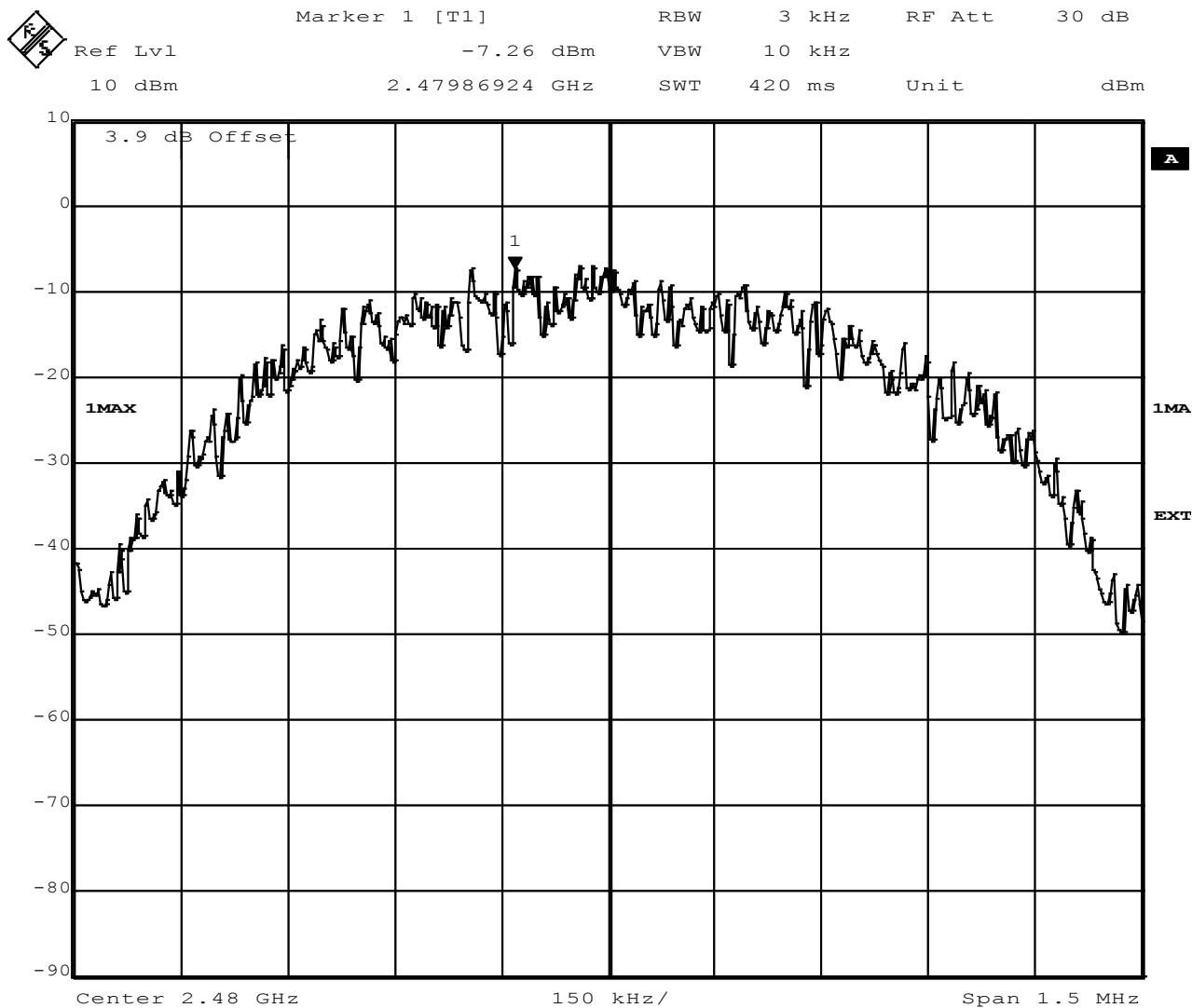
Ambient temperature: 23 °C
 Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
 Humidity: 43 %

BT LE GFSK

| Band | Channel No. | Frequency [MHz] | Power Density [dBm/3kHz] | Limit [dBm/3kHz] | Margin to Limit [dB] |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 2.4 GHz ISM | 0 | 2402 | -8.4 | 8.0 | 16.4 |
| | 19 | 2440 | -7.6 | 8.0 | 15.6 |
| | 39 | 2480 | -7.3 | 8.0 | 15.3 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.11.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Date: 3.JAN.2017 13:31:46

BT LE GFSK, CH 39

4.11.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.12 CHANNEL SEPARATION

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.12.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the channel separation measurements. The channel separation is independent from the modulation pattern.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Detector: Peak
- Trace: Maxhold
- Span: appr. 3 x OBW
- Centre Frequency: a mid frequency of the used band
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): appr. 3 % of channel spacing
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 x RBW
- Sweep Time: 8.5 ms
- Sweeps: 2000

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.

4.12.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

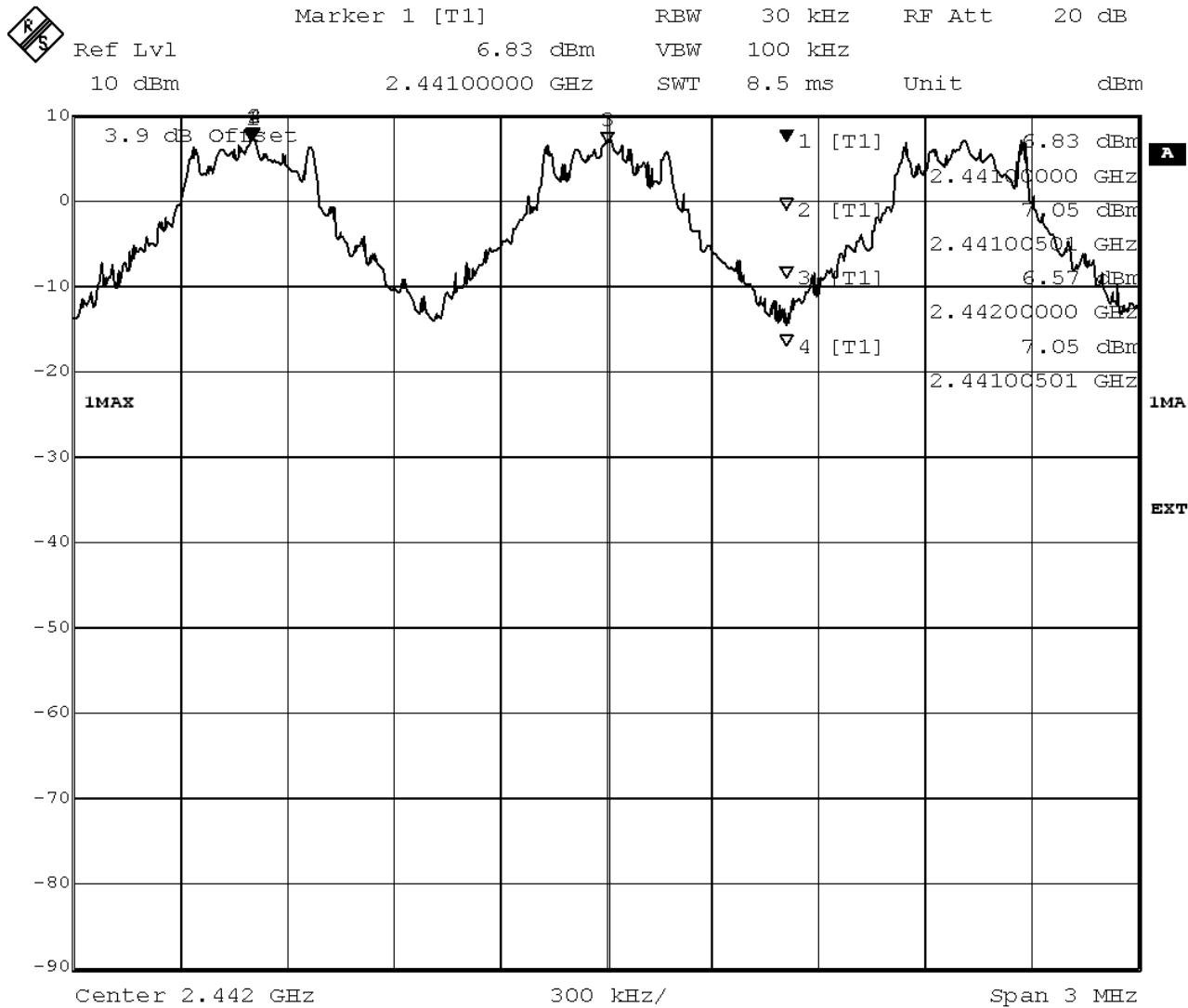
4.12.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
Humidity: 43 %

| Radio Technology | Channel Separation [MHz] | Limit [MHz] | Margin to Limit [MHz] |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| BT GFSK (1-DH1) | 1000.000 | 0.682 | 999.318 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.12.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Channel separation
Comment A: CH H: Hopping
Date: 30.DEC.2016 13:55:59
BT GFSK (1-DH1), HOPPING

4.12.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.13 DWELL TIME

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.13.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the dwell time measurements. The dwell time is independent from the modulation pattern. The dwell time is calculated by:

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Dwell time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels * 31.6 s

with:

- hop rate = $1600 * 1/s$ for DH1 packets = 1600 s^{-1}
- hop rate = $1600/3 * 1/s$ for DH3 packets = 533.33 s^{-1}
- hop rate = $1600/5 * 1/s$ for DH5 packets = 320 s^{-1}
- number of hopping channels = 79
- $31.6 \text{ s} = 0.4 \text{ seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels} = 0.4 \text{ s} * 79$

The highest value of the dwell time is reported.

Analyzer settings:

- Center Frequency: mid channel frequency
- Span: Zero span
- Detector: Peak
- Trace: Maxhold
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): \leq channel separation
- Trigger: Video

4.13.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For the band: 902 – 928 MHz
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 20 second period. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period.

For the band: 5725 – 5850 MHz
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

The average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 30 second period.

For the frequency band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz:
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

...The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Since the Bluetooth technology uses 79 channels this period is calculated to be 31.6 seconds.

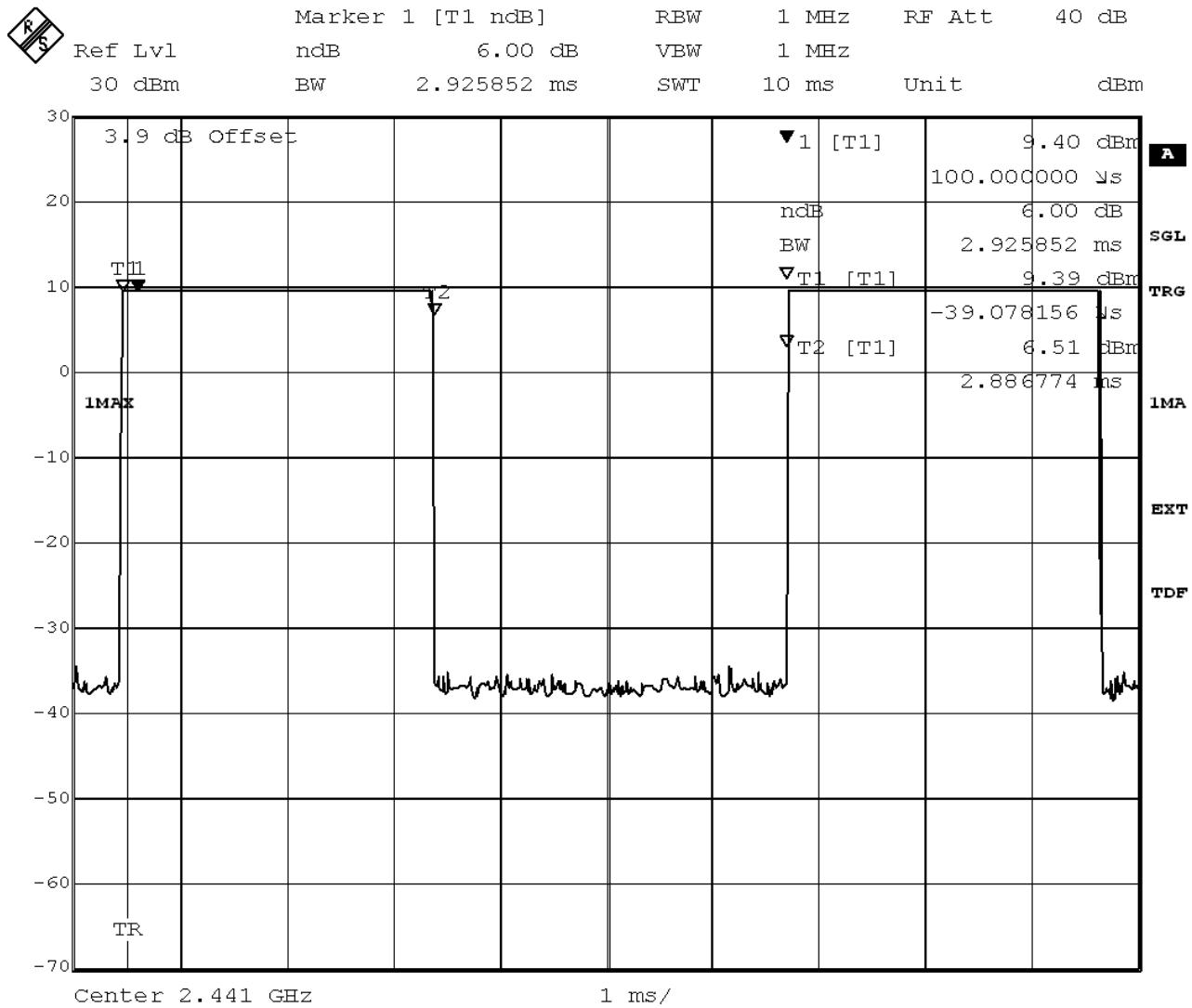
4.13.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23 °C
Air Pressure: 1017 hPa
Humidity: 43 %

| Radio Technology | Time Slot Length [ms] | Dwell Time [ms] | Limit [s] | Margin to Limit [ms] |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| BT GFSK (1-DH5) | 2.9 | 375.040 | 0.4 | 25.0 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.13.4MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Dwell time
 Comment A: CH M: 2441 MHz
 Date: 30.DEC.2016 13:33:34
 BT GFSK (1-DH5)

4.13.5TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

4.14 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

Standard **FCC Part 15 Subpart C**

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.10

4.14.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up to perform the number of hopping frequencies measurement. The number of hopping frequencies is independent from the modulation pattern.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a short coax cable with a known loss.

Analyzer settings:

- Detector: Peak
- Trace: Maxhold
- Centre frequency: 2442 MHz
- Frequency span: Frequency band of operation
- Resolution Bandwidth (RBW): < 30 % of channel spacing or 20 dB bandwidth (whichever is maller)
- Video Bandwidth (VBW): 3 x RBW
- Sweep Time: 21 ms
- Sweeps: 2000

The technology depending measurement parameters can be found in the measurement plot.

4.14.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS / LIMITS

For the band: 902 – 928 MHz
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (i)

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies.

If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies

For the band: 5725 – 5850 MHz
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (ii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band shall use at least 75 hopping frequencies.

For the band: 2400 – 2483.5 MHz
FCC Part 15, Subpart C, §15.247 (a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

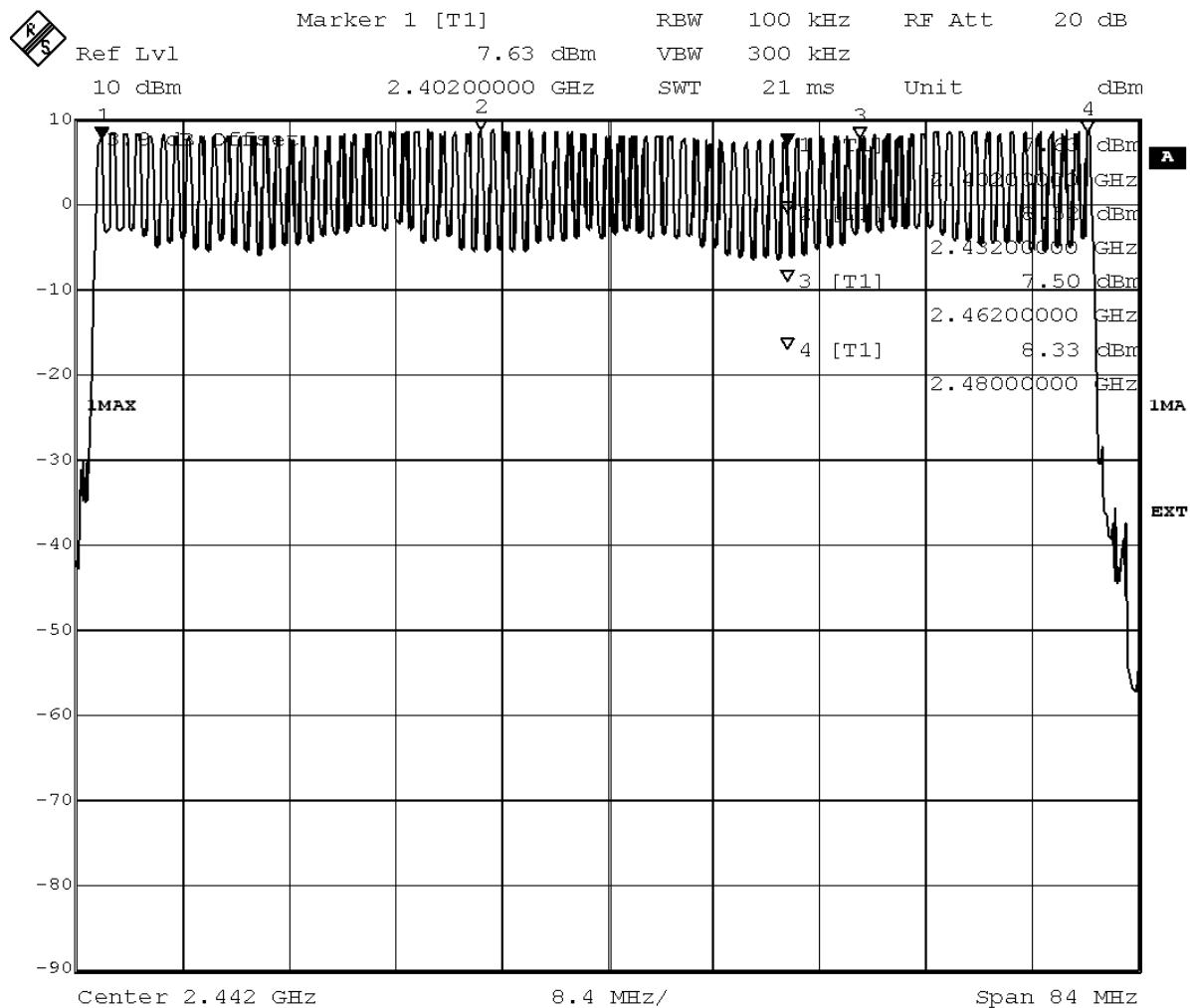
4.14.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Ambient temperature: 23°C
 Air Pressure: 1017hPa
 Humidity: 43%

| Radio Technology | Number of Hopping Frequencies | Limit | Margin to Limit |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------|
| BT GFSK (1-DH1) | 79 | 15 | 64 |

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.14.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")



Title: Number of hopping frequencies

Comment A: CH H: Hopping

Date: 30.DEC.2016 14:07:25

BT GFSK (1-DH1), HOPPING

4.14.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution

5 TEST EQUIPMENT

1 Conducted Emissions FCC
 Conducted Emissions power line for FCC standards

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1.1 | ESH 3-Z5 | Two-Line V-Network | Rohde & Schwarz | 828304/029 | 2015-03 | 2017-03 |
| 1.2 | ESR 7 | EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 101424 | 2016-11 | 2018-11 |
| 1.3 | EP 1200/B, NA/B1 | Amplifier with integrated variable Oscillator | Spitzenberger & Spieß | B6278 | 2015-07 | 2018-07 |
| 1.4 | Fluke 177 | Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter) | Fluke Europe B.V. | 86670383 | 2016-02 | 2018-02 |
| 1.5 | Shielded Room 02 | Shielded Room for conducted testing, 12qm | Frankonia | - | | |
| 1.6 | ESIB 26 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 830482/004 | 2015-12 | 2017-12 |
| 1.7 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | ThermoHygro Datalogger 02 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 7489 | 2015-02 | 2017-02 |
| 1.8 | ESH 3-Z5 | Two-Line V-Network | Rohde & Schwarz | 829996/002 | 2015-03 | 2017-03 |
| 1.9 | Opus10 TPR (8253.00) | ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 13936 | 2015-02 | 2017-02 |
| 1.10 | Chroma 6404 | AC Power Source | Chroma ATE INC. | 64040001304 | | |

2 R&S TS8997
 EN300328/301893 Test Lab

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2.1 | OSP120 | Switching Unit with integrated power meter | Rohde & Schwarz | 101158 | 2016-11 | 2018-11 |
| 2.2 | A8455-4 | 4 Way Power Divider (SMA) | | - | | |
| 2.3 | Fluke 177 | Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter) | Fluke Europe B.V. | 86670383 | 2016-02 | 2018-02 |
| 2.4 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | ThermoHygro Datalogger 03 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 7482 | 2015-02 | 2017-02 |

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2.5 | SMB100A | Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz | 107695 | 2014-06 | 2017-06 |
| 2.6 | VT 4002 | Climatic Chamber | Vötsch | 58566002150010 | 2016-03 | 2018-03 |
| 2.7 | FSV30 | Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 30 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz | 103005 | 2016-02 | 2018-02 |
| 2.8 | SMBV100A | Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz | 259291 | 2016-10 | 2019-10 |
| 2.9 | 1515 / 93459 | Broadband Power Divider SMA (Aux) | Weinschel Associates | LN673 | | |
| 2.10 | Datum, Model: MFS | Rubidium Frequency Standard | Datum-Beverly | 5489/001 | 2016-06 | 2017-06 |

3 Radiated Emissions

Lab to perform radiated emission tests

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 3.1 | 3160-09 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 26.5 GHz | EMCO Elektronic GmbH | 00083069 | | |
| 3.2 | WHKX 7.0/18G-8SS | High Pass Filter | Wainwright | 09 | | |
| 3.3 | 5HC3500/1800 0-1.2-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 200035008 | | |
| 3.4 | Datum MFS | Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS | Datum GmbH | 002 | 2016-09 | 2017-09 |
| 3.5 | Fully Anechoic Room | 8.80m x 4.60m x 4.05m (l x w x h) | Albatross Projects | P26971-647-001-PRB | | |
| 3.6 | AM 4.0 | Antenna mast | Maturo GmbH | AM4.0/180/1192 0513 | | |
| 3.7 | ESR 7 | EMI Receiver / Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 101424 | 2016-11 | 2018-11 |
| 3.8 | TT 1.5 WI | Turn Table | Maturo GmbH | - | | |
| 3.9 | Anechoic Chamber | 10.58 x 6.38 x 6.00 m ³ | Frankonia | none | 2014-01 | 2017-01 |
| 3.10 | Fluke 177 | Digital Multimeter 03 (Multimeter) | Fluke Europe B.V. | 86670383 | 2016-02 | 2018-02 |

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 3.11 | ESIB 26 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 830482/004 | 2015-12 | 2017-12 |
| 3.12 | Tilt device Maturo (Rohacell) | Antrieb TD1.5-10kg | Maturo GmbH | TD1.5-10kg/024/3790709 | | |
| 3.13 | 5HC2700/1275 0-1.5-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 9942012 | | |
| 3.14 | AS 620 P | Antenna mast | HD GmbH | 620/37 | | |
| 3.15 | NRV-Z1 | Sensor Head A | Rohde & Schwarz | 827753/005 | 2016-05 | 2017-05 |
| 3.16 | 4HC1600/1275 0-1.5-KK | High Pass Filter | Trilithic | 9942011 | | |
| 3.17 | ASP 1.2/1.8-10 kg | Antenna Mast | Maturo GmbH | - | | |
| 3.18 | JS4-18002600-32-5P | Broadband Amplifier 18 GHz - 26 GHz | Miteq | 849785 | | |
| 3.19 | JS4-00101800-35-5P | Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 18 GHz | Miteq | 896037 | | |
| 3.20 | HL 562 | Ultralog new biconicals | Rohde & Schwarz | 830547/003 | 2015-06 | 2018-06 |
| 3.21 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | ThermoHygro Datalogger 12 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 12482 | 2015-03 | 2017-03 |
| 3.22 | JS4-00102600-42-5A | Broadband Amplifier 30 MHz - 26 GHz | Miteq | 619368 | | |
| 3.23 | HFH2-Z2 | Loop Antenna | Rohde & Schwarz | 829324/006 | 2014-11 | 2017-11 |
| 3.24 | FSW 43 | Spectrum Analyzer | Rohde & Schwarz | 103779 | 2016-12 | 2018-12 |
| 3.25 | Opus10 TPR (8253.00) | ThermoAirpressure Datalogger 13 (Environ) | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 13936 | 2015-02 | 2017-02 |
| 3.26 | Chroma 6404 | AC Power Source | Chroma ATE INC. | 64040001304 | | |
| 3.27 | 3160-10 | Standard Gain / Pyramidal Horn Antenna 40 GHz | EMCO Elektronic GmbH | 00086675 | | |
| 3.28 | HL 562 Ultralog | Log.-per. Antenna | Rohde & Schwarz | 100609 | 2016-04 | 2019-04 |
| 3.29 | PAS 2.5 - 10 kg | Antenna Mast | Maturo GmbH | - | | |

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 3.30 | HF 907 | Double-ridged horn | Rohde & Schwarz | 102444 | 2015-05 | 2018-05 |

4 Regulatory Bluetooth RF Test Solution
 Regulatory Bluetooth RF Tests

| Ref.No. | Device Name | Description | Manufacturer | Serial Number | Last Calibration | Calibration Due |
|---------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 4.1 | CBT | IL BT RF Test Solution | Rohde & Schwarz | 100302 | 2016-02 | 2017-02 |
| 4.2 | EX520 | Digital Multimeter 12 (Multimeter) | Extech Instruments Corp | 05157876 | 2016-02 | 2018-02 |
| 4.3 | SMIQ03B | Signal Generator | Rohde & Schwarz | 832870/017 | 2016-06 | 2019-06 |
| 4.4 | Datum MFS | Rubidium Frequency Normal MFS | Datum GmbH | 002 | 2016-09 | 2017-09 |
| 4.5 | FSIQ26 | Signal Analyser | Rohde & Schwarz | 832695/007 | 2016-09 | 2018-09 |
| 4.6 | NRVD | Powermeter | Rohde & Schwarz | 832025/059 | 2016-08 | 2017-08 |
| 4.7 | TOCT Switching Unit | | 7layers, Inc. | 040107 | | |
| 4.8 | SMP03 | Signal Generator 2 GHz - 27 GHz | Rohde & Schwarz | 833680/003 | 2013-10 | 2016-10 |
| 4.9 | Opus10 THI (8152.00) | T/H Logger 15 | Lufft Mess- und Regeltechnik GmbH | 13985 | 2015-03 | 2017-03 |
| 4.10 | NRV Z1 A | Power Sensor | Rohde & Schwarz | 832279/013 | 2016-09 | 2017-08 |
| 4.11 | ADU 200 Relay Box 7 | used for automated testing (EMMI) only | Ontrak Control Systems Inc | A04380 | | |
| 4.12 | R&S CBT | Bluetooth Signalling Unit | Rohde & Schwarz | 100589 | 2015-01 | 2018-01 |
| 4.13 | KWP 120/70 | Temperature Chamber Weiss 01 | Weiss | 59226012190010 | 2016-03 | 2018-03 |
| 4.14 | NGSM 32/10 | Power Supply | Rohde & Schwarz | 2725 | 2015-06 | 2017-06 |
| 4.15 | SMP02 | Signal Generator SMP | Rohde & Schwarz | 833286/0014 | 2016-05 | 2019-05 |

The calibration interval is the time interval between "Last Calibration" and "Calibration Due"

6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas as well as the insertion loss of the LISN.

6.1 LISN R&S ESH3-Z5 (150 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

| Frequency | Corr. | LISN insertion loss ESH3-Z5 | cable loss (incl. 10 dB attenuator) |
|-----------|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| MHz | dB | dB | dB |
| 0,15 | 10,1 | 0,1 | 10,0 |
| 5 | 10,3 | 0,1 | 10,2 |
| 7 | 10,5 | 0,2 | 10,3 |
| 10 | 10,5 | 0,2 | 10,3 |
| 12 | 10,7 | 0,3 | 10,4 |
| 14 | 10,7 | 0,3 | 10,4 |
| 16 | 10,8 | 0,4 | 10,4 |
| 18 | 10,9 | 0,4 | 10,5 |
| 20 | 10,9 | 0,4 | 10,5 |
| 22 | 11,1 | 0,5 | 10,6 |
| 24 | 11,1 | 0,5 | 10,6 |
| 26 | 11,2 | 0,5 | 10,7 |
| 28 | 11,2 | 0,5 | 10,7 |
| 30 | 11,3 | 0,5 | 10,8 |

Sample calculation

$$U_{\text{LISN}} (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

LISN Insertion loss = Voltage Division Factor of LISN

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used LISN, cables, switch units (if used)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

6.2 ANTENNA R&S HFH2-Z2 (9 KHZ – 30 MHZ)

| Frequency | AF HFH-Z2) | Corr. | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-40 dB/ decade) | d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d_{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|-----------|---------------|-------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | m | m |
| 0,009 | 20,50 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,01 | 20,45 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,015 | 20,37 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,02 | 20,36 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,025 | 20,38 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,03 | 20,32 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,05 | 20,35 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,08 | 20,30 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,1 | 20,20 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,2 | 20,17 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,3 | 20,14 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,49 | 20,12 | -79,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -80 | 300 | 3 |
| 0,490001 | 20,12 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 0,5 | 20,11 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 0,8 | 20,10 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 1 | 20,09 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 2 | 20,08 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 3 | 20,06 | -39,6 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 4 | 20,05 | -39,5 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 5 | 20,05 | -39,5 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 6 | 20,02 | -39,5 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 8 | 19,95 | -39,5 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,1 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 10 | 19,83 | -39,4 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 12 | 19,71 | -39,4 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 14 | 19,54 | -39,4 | 0,2 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 16 | 19,53 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 18 | 19,50 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 20 | 19,57 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 22 | 19,61 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 24 | 19,61 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 26 | 19,54 | -39,3 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,2 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 28 | 19,46 | -39,2 | 0,3 | 0,1 | 0,3 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |
| 30 | 19,73 | -39,1 | 0,4 | 0,1 | 0,3 | 0,1 | -40 | 30 | 3 |

Sample calculation

$$E (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}/\text{m}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + AF (\text{dB } 1/\text{m}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-40 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}}/ d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values

6.3 ANTENNA R&S HL562 (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 3 \text{ m}$)

| Frequency | AF R&S HL562 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 30 | 18,6 | 0,6 |
| 50 | 6,0 | 0,9 |
| 100 | 9,7 | 1,2 |
| 150 | 7,9 | 1,6 |
| 200 | 7,6 | 1,9 |
| 250 | 9,5 | 2,1 |
| 300 | 11,0 | 2,3 |
| 350 | 12,4 | 2,6 |
| 400 | 13,6 | 2,9 |
| 450 | 14,7 | 3,1 |
| 500 | 15,6 | 3,2 |
| 550 | 16,3 | 3,5 |
| 600 | 17,2 | 3,5 |
| 650 | 18,1 | 3,6 |
| 700 | 18,5 | 3,6 |
| 750 | 19,1 | 4,1 |
| 800 | 19,6 | 4,1 |
| 850 | 20,1 | 4,4 |
| 900 | 20,8 | 4,7 |
| 950 | 21,1 | 4,8 |
| 1000 | 21,6 | 4,9 |

| cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) | d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d_{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | m | m |
| 0,29 | 0,04 | 0,23 | 0,02 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 0,39 | 0,09 | 0,32 | 0,08 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 0,56 | 0,14 | 0,47 | 0,08 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 0,73 | 0,20 | 0,59 | 0,12 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 0,84 | 0,21 | 0,70 | 0,11 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 0,98 | 0,24 | 0,80 | 0,13 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,04 | 0,26 | 0,89 | 0,15 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,18 | 0,31 | 0,96 | 0,13 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,28 | 0,35 | 1,03 | 0,19 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,39 | 0,38 | 1,11 | 0,22 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,44 | 0,39 | 1,20 | 0,19 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,55 | 0,46 | 1,24 | 0,23 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,59 | 0,43 | 1,29 | 0,23 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,67 | 0,34 | 1,35 | 0,22 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,67 | 0,42 | 1,41 | 0,15 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,87 | 0,54 | 1,46 | 0,25 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,90 | 0,46 | 1,51 | 0,25 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 1,99 | 0,60 | 1,56 | 0,27 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 2,14 | 0,60 | 1,63 | 0,29 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 2,22 | 0,60 | 1,66 | 0,33 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |
| 2,23 | 0,61 | 1,71 | 0,30 | 0,0 | 3 | 3 |

($d_{\text{Limit}} = 10 \text{ m}$)

| | | |
|------|------|------|
| 30 | 18,6 | -9,9 |
| 50 | 6,0 | -9,6 |
| 100 | 9,7 | -9,2 |
| 150 | 7,9 | -8,8 |
| 200 | 7,6 | -8,6 |
| 250 | 9,5 | -8,3 |
| 300 | 11,0 | -8,1 |
| 350 | 12,4 | -7,9 |
| 400 | 13,6 | -7,6 |
| 450 | 14,7 | -7,4 |
| 500 | 15,6 | -7,2 |
| 550 | 16,3 | -7,0 |
| 600 | 17,2 | -6,9 |
| 650 | 18,1 | -6,9 |
| 700 | 18,5 | -6,8 |
| 750 | 19,1 | -6,3 |
| 800 | 19,6 | -6,3 |
| 850 | 20,1 | -6,0 |
| 900 | 20,8 | -5,8 |
| 950 | 21,1 | -5,6 |
| 1000 | 21,6 | -5,6 |

| | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|----|---|
| 0,29 | 0,04 | 0,23 | 0,02 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 0,39 | 0,09 | 0,32 | 0,08 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 0,56 | 0,14 | 0,47 | 0,08 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 0,73 | 0,20 | 0,59 | 0,12 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 0,84 | 0,21 | 0,70 | 0,11 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 0,98 | 0,24 | 0,80 | 0,13 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,04 | 0,26 | 0,89 | 0,15 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,18 | 0,31 | 0,96 | 0,13 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,28 | 0,35 | 1,03 | 0,19 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,39 | 0,38 | 1,11 | 0,22 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,44 | 0,39 | 1,20 | 0,19 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,55 | 0,46 | 1,24 | 0,23 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,59 | 0,43 | 1,29 | 0,23 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,67 | 0,34 | 1,35 | 0,22 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,67 | 0,42 | 1,41 | 0,15 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,87 | 0,54 | 1,46 | 0,25 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,90 | 0,46 | 1,51 | 0,25 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 1,99 | 0,60 | 1,56 | 0,27 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 2,14 | 0,60 | 1,63 | 0,29 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 2,22 | 0,60 | 1,66 | 0,33 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |
| 2,23 | 0,61 | 1,71 | 0,30 | -10,5 | 10 | 3 |

Sample calculation

$$E (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}/\text{m}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + AF (\text{dB } 1/\text{m}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}}/ d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

6.4 ANTENNA R&S HF907 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 1000 | 24,4 | -19,4 |
| 2000 | 28,5 | -17,4 |
| 3000 | 31,0 | -16,1 |
| 4000 | 33,1 | -14,7 |
| 5000 | 34,4 | -13,7 |
| 6000 | 34,7 | -12,7 |
| 7000 | 35,6 | -11,0 |

| cable loss 1 (relay + cable inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | | |
|--|---|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | | |
| 0,99 | 0,31 | -21,51 | 0,79 | | |
| 1,44 | 0,44 | -20,63 | 1,38 | | |
| 1,87 | 0,53 | -19,85 | 1,33 | | |
| 2,41 | 0,67 | -19,13 | 1,31 | | |
| 2,78 | 0,86 | -18,71 | 1,40 | | |
| 2,74 | 0,90 | -17,83 | 1,47 | | |
| 2,82 | 0,86 | -16,19 | 1,46 | | |

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 3000 | 31,0 | -23,4 |
| 4000 | 33,1 | -23,3 |
| 5000 | 34,4 | -21,7 |
| 6000 | 34,7 | -21,2 |
| 7000 | 35,6 | -19,8 |

| cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (inside chamber) | cable loss 3 (outside chamber) | cable loss 4 (switch unit, atten- uator & pre-amp) | cable loss 5 (to receiver) | used for FCC 15.247 |
|---|--|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | |
| 0,47 | 1,87 | 0,53 | -27,58 | 1,33 | |
| 0,56 | 2,41 | 0,67 | -28,23 | 1,31 | |
| 0,61 | 2,78 | 0,86 | -27,35 | 1,40 | |
| 0,58 | 2,74 | 0,90 | -26,89 | 1,47 | |
| 0,66 | 2,82 | 0,86 | -25,58 | 1,46 | |

| Frequency | AF R&S HF907 | Corr. |
|-----------|--------------------|-------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB |
| 7000 | 35,6 | -57,3 |
| 8000 | 36,3 | -56,3 |
| 9000 | 37,1 | -55,3 |
| 10000 | 37,5 | -56,2 |
| 11000 | 37,5 | -55,3 |
| 12000 | 37,6 | -53,7 |
| 13000 | 38,2 | -53,5 |
| 14000 | 39,9 | -56,3 |
| 15000 | 40,9 | -54,1 |
| 16000 | 41,3 | -54,1 |
| 17000 | 42,8 | -54,4 |
| 18000 | 44,2 | -54,7 |

| cable loss 1 (relay inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (High Pass) | cable loss 3 (pre- amp) | cable loss 4 (inside chamber) | cable loss 5 (outside chamber) | cable loss 6 (to receiver) |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB |
| 0,56 | 1,28 | -62,72 | 2,66 | 0,94 | 1,46 |
| 0,69 | 0,71 | -61,49 | 2,84 | 1,00 | 1,53 |
| 0,68 | 0,65 | -60,80 | 3,06 | 1,09 | 1,60 |
| 0,70 | 0,54 | -61,91 | 3,28 | 1,20 | 1,67 |
| 0,80 | 0,61 | -61,40 | 3,43 | 1,27 | 1,70 |
| 0,84 | 0,42 | -59,70 | 3,53 | 1,26 | 1,73 |
| 0,83 | 0,44 | -59,81 | 3,75 | 1,32 | 1,83 |
| 0,91 | 0,53 | -63,03 | 3,91 | 1,40 | 1,77 |
| 0,98 | 0,54 | -61,05 | 4,02 | 1,44 | 1,83 |
| 1,23 | 0,49 | -61,51 | 4,17 | 1,51 | 1,85 |
| 1,36 | 0,76 | -62,36 | 4,34 | 1,53 | 2,00 |
| 1,70 | 0,53 | -62,88 | 4,41 | 1,55 | 1,91 |

Sample calculation

$$E (\text{dB } \mu\text{V/m}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + AF (\text{dB } 1/\text{m}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.

6.5 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-09 (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ)

| Frequency | AF EMCO 3160-09 | Corr. | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (pre- amp) | cable loss 3 (inside chamber) | cable loss 4 (switch unit) | cable loss 5 (to receiver) |
|-----------|-----------------------|-------|--|----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| MHz | dB (1/m) | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB | dB |
| 18000 | 40,2 | -23,5 | 0,72 | -35,85 | 6,20 | 2,81 | 2,65 |
| 18500 | 40,2 | -23,2 | 0,69 | -35,71 | 6,46 | 2,76 | 2,59 |
| 19000 | 40,2 | -22,0 | 0,76 | -35,44 | 6,69 | 3,15 | 2,79 |
| 19500 | 40,3 | -21,3 | 0,74 | -35,07 | 7,04 | 3,11 | 2,91 |
| 20000 | 40,3 | -20,3 | 0,72 | -34,49 | 7,30 | 3,07 | 3,05 |
| 20500 | 40,3 | -19,9 | 0,78 | -34,46 | 7,48 | 3,12 | 3,15 |
| 21000 | 40,3 | -19,1 | 0,87 | -34,07 | 7,61 | 3,20 | 3,33 |
| 21500 | 40,3 | -19,1 | 0,90 | -33,96 | 7,47 | 3,28 | 3,19 |
| 22000 | 40,3 | -18,7 | 0,89 | -33,57 | 7,34 | 3,35 | 3,28 |
| 22500 | 40,4 | -19,0 | 0,87 | -33,66 | 7,06 | 3,75 | 2,94 |
| 23000 | 40,4 | -19,5 | 0,88 | -33,75 | 6,92 | 3,77 | 2,70 |
| 23500 | 40,4 | -19,3 | 0,90 | -33,35 | 6,99 | 3,52 | 2,66 |
| 24000 | 40,4 | -19,8 | 0,88 | -33,99 | 6,88 | 3,88 | 2,58 |
| 24500 | 40,4 | -19,5 | 0,91 | -33,89 | 7,01 | 3,93 | 2,51 |
| 25000 | 40,4 | -19,3 | 0,88 | -33,00 | 6,72 | 3,96 | 2,14 |
| 25500 | 40,5 | -20,4 | 0,89 | -34,07 | 6,90 | 3,66 | 2,22 |
| 26000 | 40,5 | -21,3 | 0,86 | -35,11 | 7,02 | 3,69 | 2,28 |
| 26500 | 40,5 | -21,1 | 0,90 | -35,20 | 7,15 | 3,91 | 2,36 |

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB } 1/\text{m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

6.6 ANTENNA EMCO 3160-10 (26.5 GHZ – 40 GHZ)

| Frequency | AF EMCO 3160-10 | Corr. | cable loss 1 (inside chamber) | cable loss 2 (outside chamber) | cable loss 3 (switch unit) | cable loss 4 (to receiver) | distance corr. (-20 dB/ decade) | d_{Limit} (meas. distance (limit)) | d_{used} (meas. distance (used)) |
|-----------|-----------------------|-------|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | dB | dB | dB | dB | m | m | |
| 26,5 | 43,4 | -11,2 | 4,4 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 27,0 | 43,4 | -11,2 | 4,4 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 28,0 | 43,4 | -11,1 | 4,5 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 29,0 | 43,5 | -11,0 | 4,6 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 30,0 | 43,5 | -10,9 | 4,7 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 31,0 | 43,5 | -10,8 | 4,7 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 32,0 | 43,5 | -10,7 | 4,8 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 33,0 | 43,6 | -10,7 | 4,9 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 34,0 | 43,6 | -10,6 | 5,0 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 35,0 | 43,6 | -10,5 | 5,1 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 36,0 | 43,6 | -10,4 | 5,1 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 37,0 | 43,7 | -10,3 | 5,2 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 38,0 | 43,7 | -10,2 | 5,3 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 39,0 | 43,7 | -10,2 | 5,4 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |
| 40,0 | 43,8 | -10,1 | 5,5 | | | | -15,6 | 3 | 0,5 |

Sample calculation

$$E (\text{dB } \mu\text{V/m}) = U (\text{dB } \mu\text{V}) + AF (\text{dB } 1/\text{m}) + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

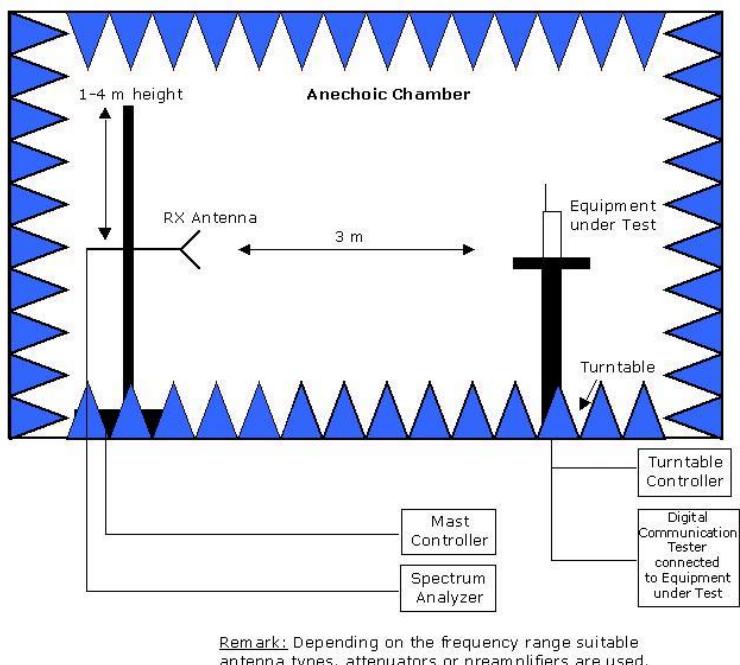
Linear interpolarisation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

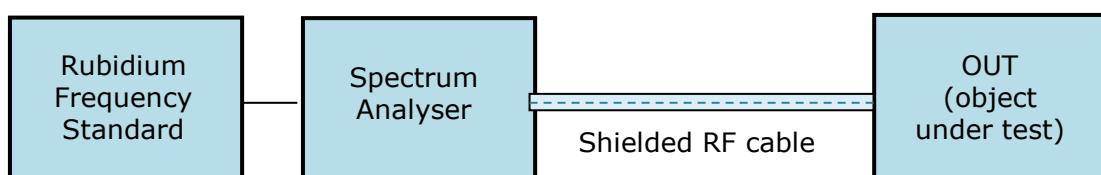
Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.

7 SETUP DRAWINGS



Drawing 1: Setup in the Anechoic chamber. For measurements below 1 GHz the ground was replaced by a conducting groundplane.



Drawing 2: Setup for conducted radio tests.

8 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

| Test Case | Parameter | Uncertainty |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| AC Power Line | Power | ± 3.4 dB |
| Field Strength of spurious radiation | Power | ± 5.5 dB |
| 6 dB / 26 dB / 99% Bandwidth | Power Frequency | ± 2.9 dB ± 11.2 kHz |
| Conducted Output Power | Power | ± 2.2 dB |
| Band Edge Compliance | Power Frequency | ± 2.2 dB ± 11.2 kHz |
| Frequency Stability | Frequency | ± 25 Hz |
| Power Spectral Density | Power | ± 2.2 dB |

9 PHOTO REPORT

Please see separate photo report.