

FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : SABVCZ-W7L-P21050037

Applicant : GN Audio USA Inc.

Address : 900 Chelmsfort St, Tower 2, Floor 8 Lowell, Massachusetts United States

01851

Manufacturer : GN Audio A/S

Address : Lautrupbjerg 7, 2750 Ballerup, Denmark

Product : Bluetooth Headset

FCC ID : BCE-OTE150

Brand : Jabra

Model No. : OTE150R (Right Earbud); OTE150L (Left Earbud)

Standards : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013

KDB 248227 D01 v02r01 / KDB 447498 D01 v05r02

Sample Received Date : Jun. 18, 2021

Date of Testing : Jun. 18, 2021 ~ Jun. 21, 2021

FCC Designation No. : CN1171

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD.**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by A2LA or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SABVCZ-W7L-P21050037	Initial release	Jun. 21, 2021

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1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR 1g (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
DSS	Bluetooth	1.00

Note:

1. The SAR limit (Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg) for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

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2. <u>Description of Equipment Under Test</u>

EUT Type	Bluetooth Headset
FCC ID	BCE-OTE150
Brand Name	Jabra
Model Name	OTE150R (Right Earbud); OTE150L (Left Earbud)
EUT Configurations	Sample1 (With microphone)
LOT Comigurations	Sample2 (Without microphone)
HW Version	E
SW Version	V1.0.1
Tx Frequency Bands	Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
(Unit: MHz)	DI LI LI OFOIC A DROIC
	Bluetooth : GFSK, 8-DPSK
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	Please refer to section 4.5.1 of this report.
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

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3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

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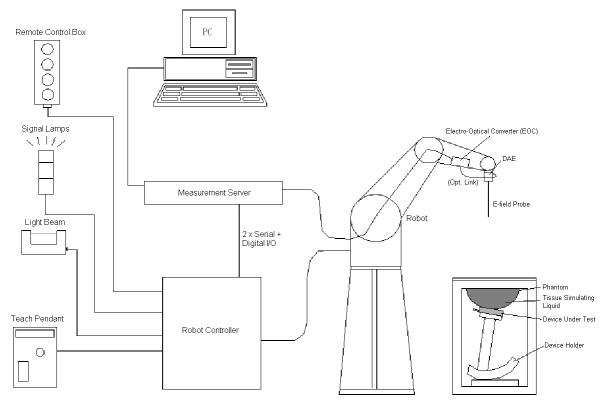


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- · Jerk-free straight movements
- · Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



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3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 μW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,	
Range	400mV)	Tales
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

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3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume approx. 25 liters		



Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	



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3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	_
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

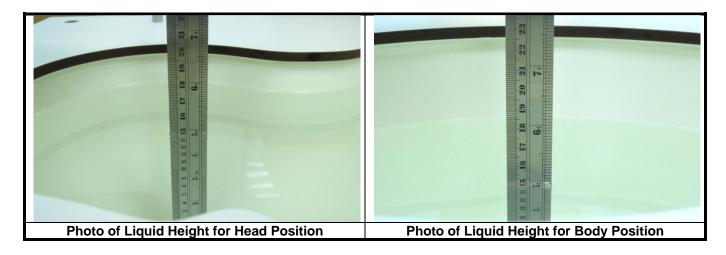
Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with I/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

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3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.



The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

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Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

			• •	_
Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
		For Head		
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

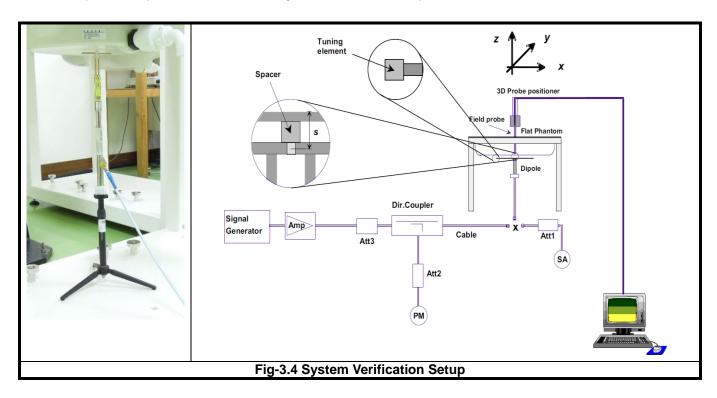
Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono- hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	ı	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3

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3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

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3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

- (a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
- (b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
- (c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
- (d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
- (e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of $\Delta x / \Delta y$ (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

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3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

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4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

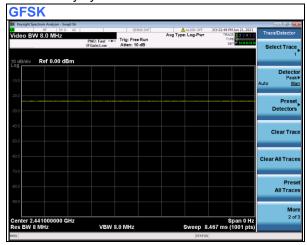
<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

<Duty Cycle of Test Signal>

BT

GFSK: Duty cycle = 100%



4.2 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested for all the Close to the human body of intended use surfaces of the EUT. The separation distance between this EUT and phantom is 0 cm.

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4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε _r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Jun. 19, 2021	Head	2450	22.5	1.789	39.185	1.80	39.20	-0.61	-0.04

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ± 2 °C

4.4 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date		Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Jun. 19,	2021	Head	2450	53.10	14.20	56.80	6.97	893	3873	1341

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

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4.5 Maximum Output Power

4.5.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Right Earbud

	Blueto	oth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	0	2402	12.00
GFSK	39	2441	12.00
	78	2480	12.00
	0	2402	11.00
8-DPSK	39	2441	11.00
	78	2480	11.00
	0	2402	11.00
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	11.00
	39	2480	11.00
	0	2402	11.00
BT 5.0 LE	19	2440	11.00
	39	2480	11.00

Left Earbud

	Blueto	ooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up limit (dBm)
	0	2402	12.00
GFSK	39	2441	12.00
	78	2480	12.00
	0	2402	11.00
8-DPSK	39	2441	11.00
	78	2480	11.00
	0	2402	11.00
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	11.00
	39	2480	11.00
	0	2402	11.00
BT 5.0 LE	19	2440	11.00
	39	2480	11.00

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4.5.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Right Earbud

	Blueto	oth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	0	2402	10.62
GFSK	39	2441	10.71
	78	2480	10.49
	0	2402	9.56
8-DPSK	39	2441	9.78
	78	2480	9.58
	0	2402	10.08
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	10.33
	39	2480	10.15
	0	2402	10.16
BT 5.0 LE	19	2440	10.39
	39	2480	10.23

Left Earbud

	Blueto	ooth	
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Avg. Power (dBm)
	0	2402	10.60
GFSK	39	2441	10.81
	78	2480	10.59
	0	2402	9.28
8-DPSK	39	2441	9.57
	78	2480	9.39
	0	2402	9.79
BT 4.0 LE	19	2440	10.08
	39	2480	9.91
	0	2402	9.84
BT 5.0 LE	19	2440	10.14
	39	2480	9.97

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4.6 SAR Testing Results

4.6.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
- (2) \leq 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

4.6.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Right Earbud

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.01	0.536	1.00	1.35	0.72
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.13	0.340	1.00	1.35	0.46
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.18	0.343	1.00	1.35	0.46
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.02	0.170	1.00	1.35	0.23
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.03	0.111	1.00	1.35	0.15
	BT	GFSK	Right Cheek	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.71	0.05	0.031	1.00	1.35	0.04
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	-0.09	0.680	1.00	1.35	0.92
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	-0.03	0.437	1.00	1.35	0.59
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	0.02	0.479	1.00	1.35	0.64
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	0.06	0.382	1.00	1.35	0.51
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	0.08	0.076	1.00	1.35	0.10
	BT	GFSK	Right Cheek	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.71	0.06	0.096	1.00	1.35	0.13
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	0	2	100	12.0	10.62	-0.06	0.582	1.00	1.37	0.80
1	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	78	2	100	12.0	10.49	0.02	0.705	1.00	1.42	1.00

Note:

- 1. According to the antenna position, the Right Cheek position cannot be touch the antenna for testing, the more conservative position A is used instead to test, and verified that Right Cheek position;
- 2. SAR testing for Bluetooth was performed on the maximum power mode.

Left Earbud

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
2	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	-0.07	0.614	1.00	1.32	0.81
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	0.19	0.419	1.00	1.32	0.55
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	-0.03	0.380	1.00	1.32	0.50
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	0.05	0.177	1.00	1.32	0.23
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	0.07	0.124	1.00	1.32	0.16
	BT	GFSK	Left Cheek	0	39	1	100	12.0	10.81	0.03	0.0932	1.00	1.32	0.12
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	0	1	100	12.0	10.60	-0.11	0.521	1.00	1.38	0.72
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	78	1	100	12.0	10.59	0.04	0.567	1.00	1.38	0.78
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 1	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	-0.05	0.372	1.00	1.32	0.49
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 2	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	0.05	0.457	1.00	1.32	0.60
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 3	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	0.05	0.469	1.00	1.32	0.62
	ВТ	GFSK	Test Position 4	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	-0.04	0.314	1.00	1.32	0.41

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FCC SAR Test Report

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Separation Distance (cm)	Ch.	Sample	Duty Cycle %	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	BT	GFSK	Test Position 5	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	-0.12	0.111	1.00	1.32	0.15
	BT	GFSK	Left Cheek	0	39	2	100	12.0	10.81	0	0.108	1.00	1.32	0.14

Note:

- 1. According to the antenna position, the Left Cheek position cannot be touch the antenna for testing, the more conservative position A is used instead to test, and verified that Left Cheek position;
- 2. SAR testing for Bluetooth was performed on the maximum power mode.

4.6.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

Test Engineer : Dennis Ye,

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5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	Aug. 27, 2020	1 Year
Dielectric Probe Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1076	Aug. 19, 2020	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3873	Aug. 27, 2020	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1341	Aug. 26, 2020	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214638	Jun. 03, 2021	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010A	MY54510355	Jun. 03, 2021	1Year
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	Mar. 09, 2021	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	Mar. 02, 2021	1 Year
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	Feb. 25, 2021	1 Year
Power Meter	ANRITSU	ML2495A	1506002	Apr. 07, 2021	1 Year
Power Sensor	ANRITSU	MA2411B	1339353	May. 07, 2021	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	CLOCK	HTC-1	157248	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	COM27RW1A3	Jun. 02, 2021	1 Year

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6. Measurement Uncertainty

DASY5 Uncertainty Budget								
Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)	\ \ \ \
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	Т
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7	+
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6	+
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8	+
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	+
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	\top
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5	+
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	+
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2	+
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7	
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2	
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	T
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9	
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0	
Phantom and Setup				_				
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5	
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1	_
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0	_
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0	
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4	
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0	4
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8	\bot
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4	4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1	+
	nbined Std. Uncerta					11.4% K=2	11.4% K=2	1
	verage Factor for 99 anded STD Uncerta					22.9%	22.7%	-

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

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7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, BV 7LAYERS COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (SHENZHEN) CO. LTD., were founded in 2015 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

Add: No. B102, Dazu Chuangxin Mansion, North of Beihuan Avenue, North Area, Hi-Tech Industry Park, Nanshan

District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Tel: 86-755-8869-6566 Fax: 86-755-8869-6577

Email: customerservice.dg@cn.bureauveritas.com

Web Site: www.bureauveritas.com

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

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System Check_HSL2450_210619

DUT: Dipole:2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450_0619 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.789 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.185; ρ =

Date: 6/19/2021

 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

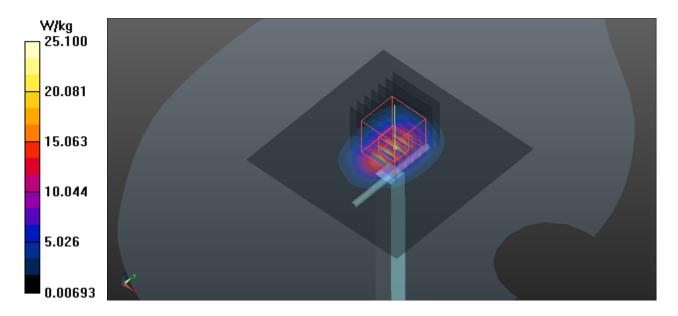
DASY5 Configuration:

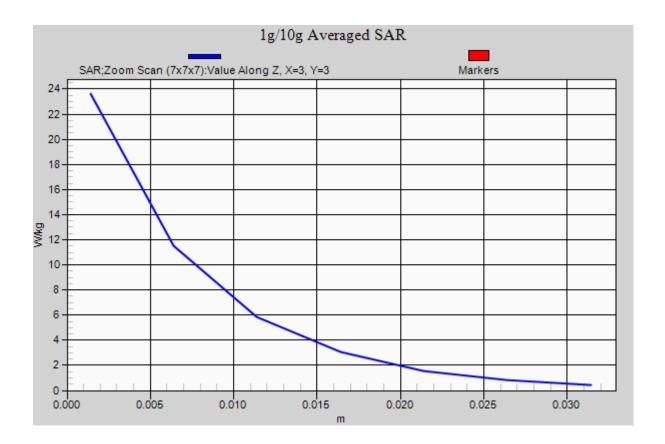
- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 25.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 114.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.55 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 23.7 W/kg









Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

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Report No.: SABVCZ-W7L-P21050037

P01 BT GFSK Test Position 1 0cm Ch78

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2480 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450_0619 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.82 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.084; ρ =

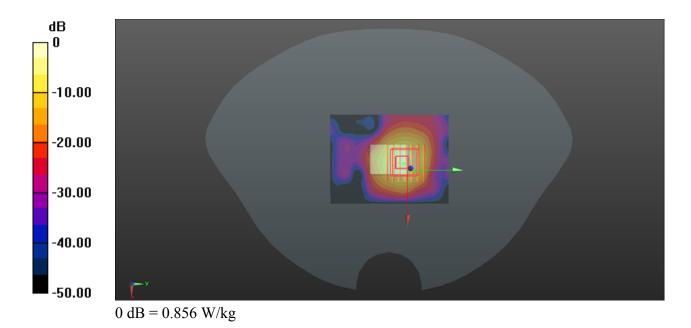
Date: 6/19/2021

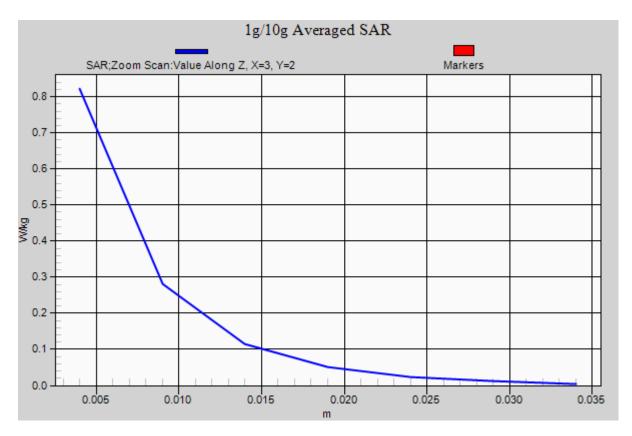
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.856 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 9.552 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.705 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 W/kg





SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

P02 BT GFSK Test Position 1 0cm Ch39

Communication System: BT; Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450_0619 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.78 S/m; ϵ_r = 39.221; ρ =

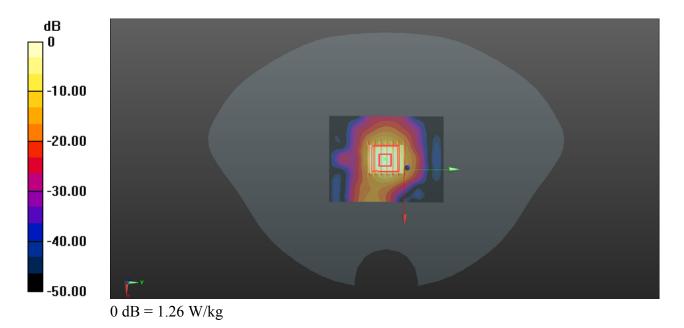
Date: 6/19/2021

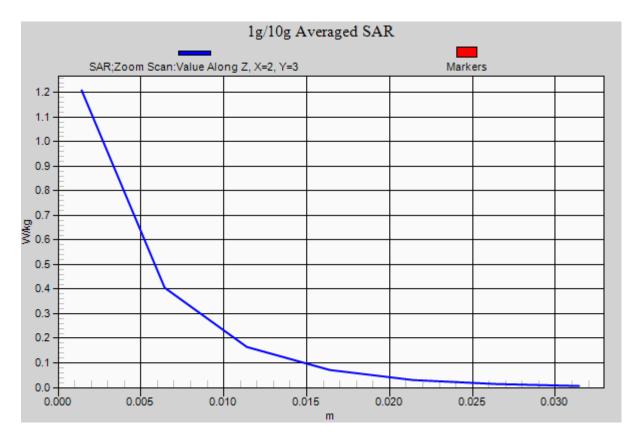
 1000 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.3°C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3873; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 8/27/2020;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 8/26/2020
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1781
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)
- Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg
- Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 20.169 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.614 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg





SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)





Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Report Format Version 5.0.0 Issued Date : Jun. 21, 2021

Report No.: SABVCZ-W7L-P21050037



In Collaboration with





Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

ADT

Certificate No:

Z20-60321

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D2450V2 - SN: 893

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

August 27, 2020

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	12-May-20 (CTTL, No.J20X02965)	May-21
ReferenceProbe EX3DV4	SN 3617	30-Jan-20(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617 Jan20)	Jan-21
DAE4	SN 771	10-Feb-20(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z20-60017)	Feb-21
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	25-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00516)	Feb-21
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Feb-20 (CTTL, No.J20X00515)	Feb-21

Name Function Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Lin Hao SAR Test Engineer

Approved by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader

Issued: September 2, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: Z20-60321



Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z20-60321



Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

not given on page 1.	
DASY52	V52.10.4
Advanced Extrapolation	
Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
10 mm	with Spacer
dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	
	DASY52 Advanced Extrapolation Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C 10 mm dx, dy, dz = 5 mm

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.5 ± 6 %	1.79 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.1 W/kg ± 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.4 W/kg ± 18.7 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.1Ω+ 5.96 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 23.2dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.024 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG



DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 893

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 39.53$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.65, 7.65, 7.65) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2020-01-30

Date: 08.27.2020

- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2020-02-10
- Phantom: MFP V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 101.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

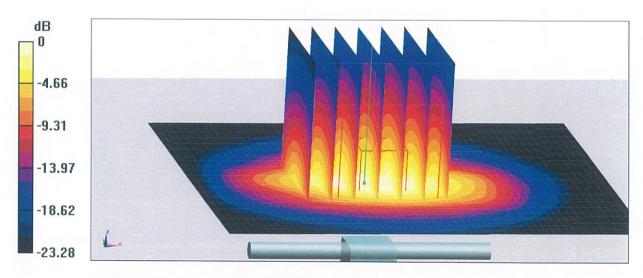
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.07 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 46.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg

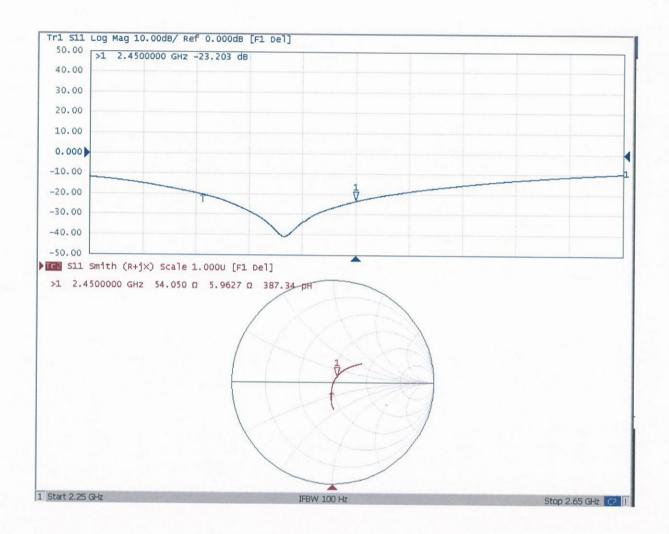


0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Certificate No: Z20-60321

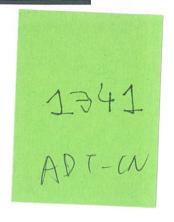


Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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IMPORTANT NOTICE



USAGE OF THE DAE4

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE4 unit is fixed using a screw, over tightening the screw may cause the threads inside the DAE to wear out.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration, remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts during transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, the customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client ADT-CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

C

S

Certificate No: DAE4-1341_Aug20

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 1341

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v30

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

August 26, 2020

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
	Torre		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	09-Jan-20 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-21

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Dominique Steffen

Laboratory Technician

and

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: August 26, 2020

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Service suisse d'étalonnage
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Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - Input Offset Current: Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:

1LSB =

 $6.1\mu V$,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB =

61nV,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	Х	Υ	Z
High Range	403.733 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.943 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.650 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98077 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99231 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99865 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	170.0 ° ± 1 °
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Certificate No: DAE4-1341_Aug20

Page 3 of 5

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS0108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200032.99	0.21	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20010.39	4.82	0.02
Channel X	- Input	-20003.57	1.85	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200032.83	0.07	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20006.23	0.83	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20006.77	-1.16	0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200032.43	-0.55	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20004.65	-0.74	-0.00
Channel Z	- Input	-20006.21	-0.56	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.92	-0.31	-0.02
Channel X	+ Input	201.33	0.05	0.02
Channel X	- Input	-198.68	0.22	-0.11
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.02	-0.19	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200.38	-0.80	-0.40
Channel Y	- Input	-199.65	-0.69	0.35
Channel Z	+ Input	2001.47	0.40	0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	200.69	-0.41	-0.21
Channel Z	- Input	-200.17	-1.21	0.61

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	12.23	10.80
	- 200	-9.82	-11.86
Channel Y	200	-6.23	-6.25
	- 200	4.89	4.21
Channel Z	200	-22.63	-22.96
	- 200	21.68	21.59

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	-3.95	-2.72
Channel Y	200	5.05		-2.13
Channel Z	200	9.91	3.43	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	15985	15105
Channel Y	15940	15948
Channel Z	16249	14903

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (µV)
Channel X	1.27	0.23	2.33	0.41
Channel Y	-0.50	-1.38	0.36	0.35
Channel Z	-2.14	-3.04	-1.26	0.38

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9