

**CETECOM Inc.**



**CETECOM Inc.**

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Issued test report consists of 56 Pages

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**RECOGNIZED BY INDUSTRY CANADA**

**IC - 3925**

**Test report no.: 149B FCC/2001**

**FCC Part 15.247**

**FCC ID: B94C8925A**

**(HP Deskjet 995C with CSR Module)**

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**1 General information**

**1.1 Notes**

**The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.5. The CETECOM Inc. USA does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the CETECOM Inc USA.**

**1.2 Testing laboratory**

**CETECOM Inc.**

411 Dixon Landing Road, Milpitas, CA-95035, USA

Phone: +1 408 586 6200 Fax: +1 408 586 6299

E-mail: lothar.schmidt@cetecomusa.com

Internet: www.cetecom.com

**1.3 Details of applicant**

**Name** : Hewlett Packard Company  
**Street** : 18110 SE 34th St.  
**City** : Vancouver, WA 98683  
**Country** : USA  
**Telephone** : +1 360 212 0471  
**Telefax** : +1 360 212 7676  
**Contact** : Henry Benitez  
**e-mail** : Henry\_benitez@hp.com

#### 1.4 Application details

Date of receipt of application : 2001-04-11  
Date of receipt of test item : 2001-05-01  
Date of test : 2001-05-01/02

#### 1.5 Test item

Manufacturer : applicant  
Name of EUT : HP Deskjet 995C  
Description : Bluetooth Wireless Printer using CSR (3Com) Module  
HP part # C8925-60032  
Model No. : C8925A  
Serial No. : N/A  
FCC ID : B94C8925A  
**Additional informations:** :  
Frequency : 2400 – 2483.5 MHz  
Type of modulation : GFSK FHSS  
Number of channels : 79  
Antenna : Integral  
Power supply : 100-240 VAC 50/60 Hz  
Output power : -1.4 dBm  
Extreme Temp. Limits : 0°C - +60°C

#### 1.6 Test standards: FCC Part 15 §15.247 measured according the FCC Public notice DA00-705

**2 Technical test**

**2.1 Summary of test results**

**No deviations from the technical specification(s) were ascertained in the course of the tests performed.**

**Technical responsibility for area of testing :**

**2000-05-17    EMC& Radio    Lothar Schmidt**  
Date            Section            Name

  
Signature

**2.2 Testreport**

**TEST REPORT**

**Testreport no. : 149B FCC/2001**

**FCC ID: B94C8925A**

**(HP Deskjet 995C with CSR Module)**

**TEST REPORT REFERENCE**

**LIST OF MEASUREMENTS**

<b>Paragraph</b>	<b>PARAMETER TO BE MEASURED</b>	<b>PAGE</b>
	<b>Transmitter parameters</b>	
§ 15.204	Antenna gain	7
§ 15.247 (a)	Carrier frequency separation	8
§ 15.247 (a)	Number of hopping channels	9
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	<b>Receiver parameters</b>	
§ 15.209	Spurious radiations - Radiated	46
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	Test Site	51
	Photographs of the equipment	52
	<b>ANNEX: Processing Gain (provided by manufacturer)</b>	<b>11 pages</b>

**NOTE: Conducted Emissions as per § 15.107/207 are carried out and documented in the HP report 1580-E.**

**Antenna Gain**

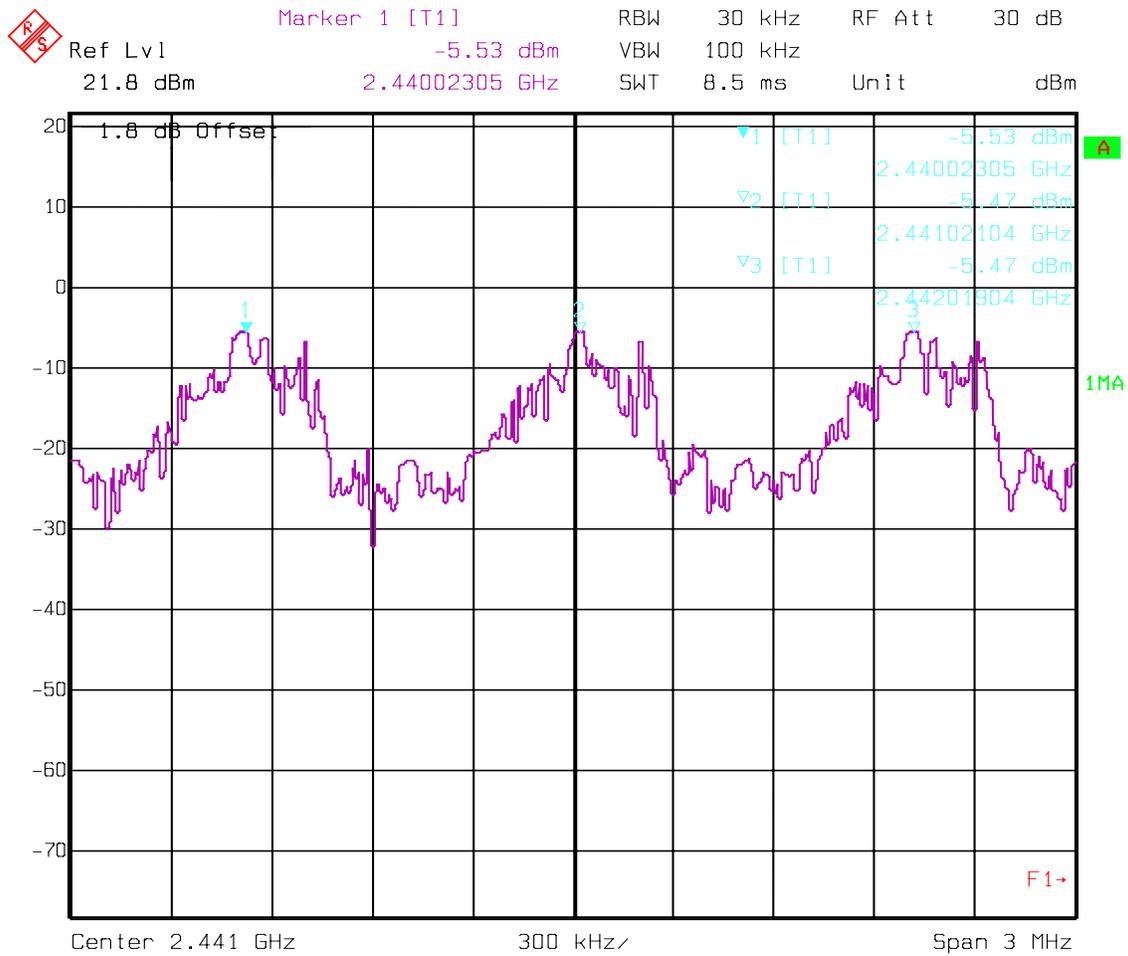
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.204**

**The max gain is +1.74dBi**

**(measured effective radiated power – measured conducted power with a temporary RF-connector)**

CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPERATION

§15.247(a)



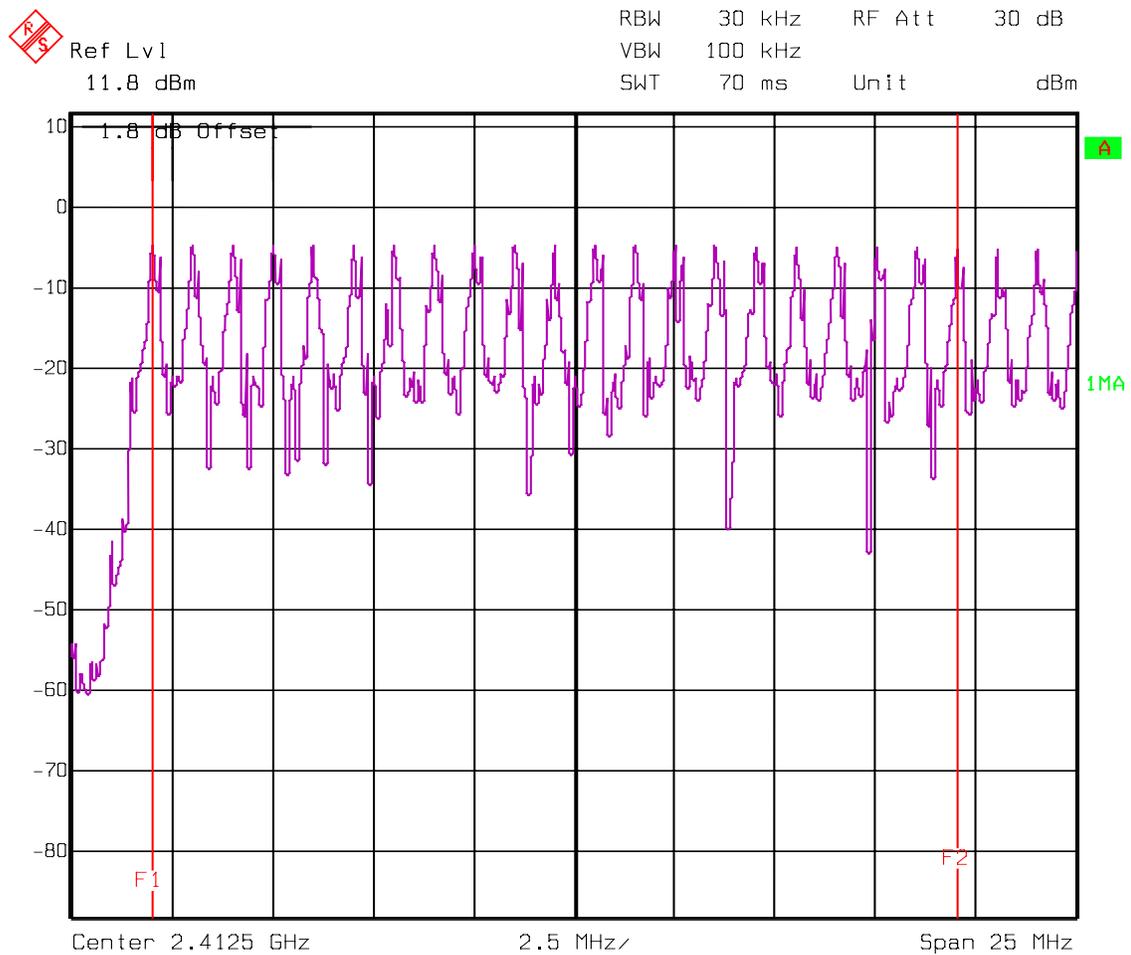
Date: 2.MAY.01 13:05:51

NUMBER OF HOPPING CHANNELS

§15.247(a)

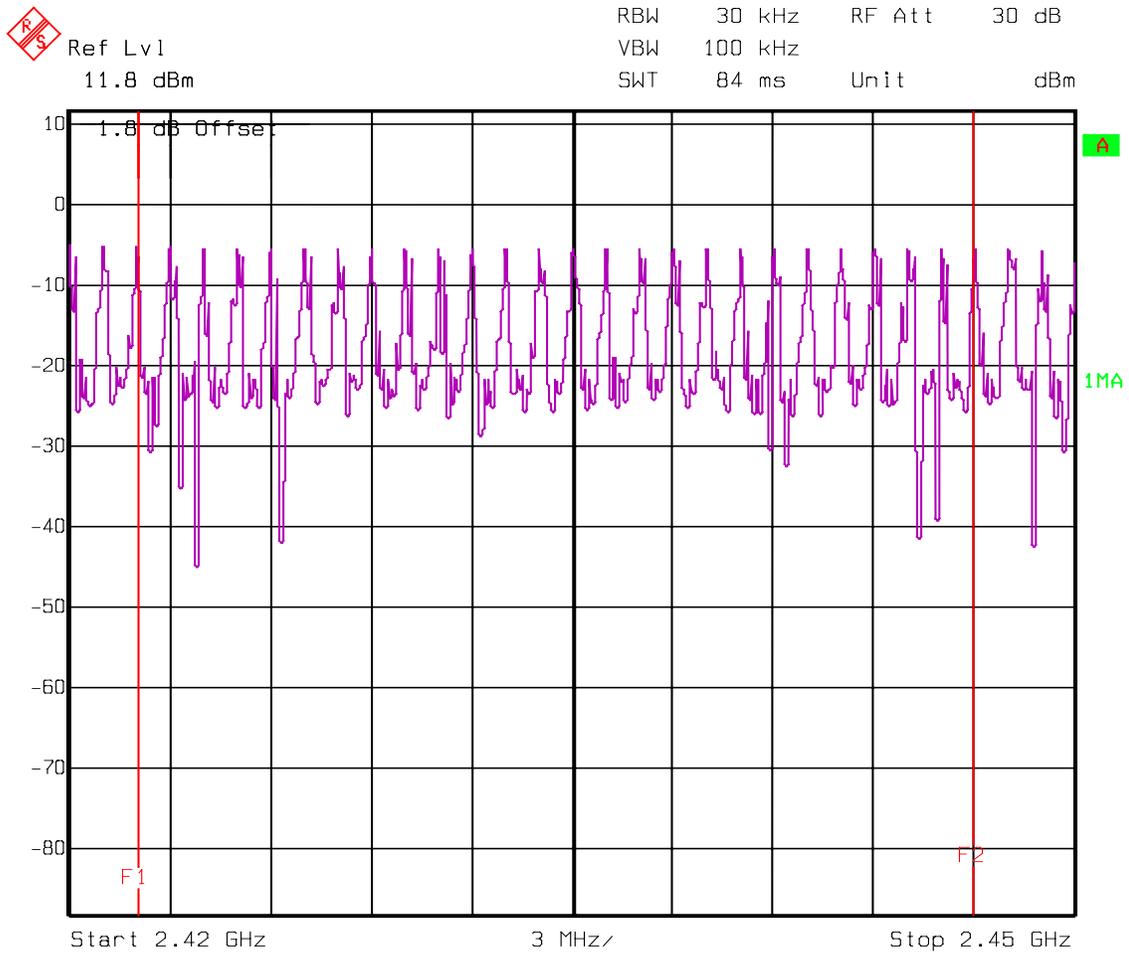
The number of hopping channels is 79 (see next 4 plots)  
The right red line corresponds to the left red line from the next plot.

Plot 1:



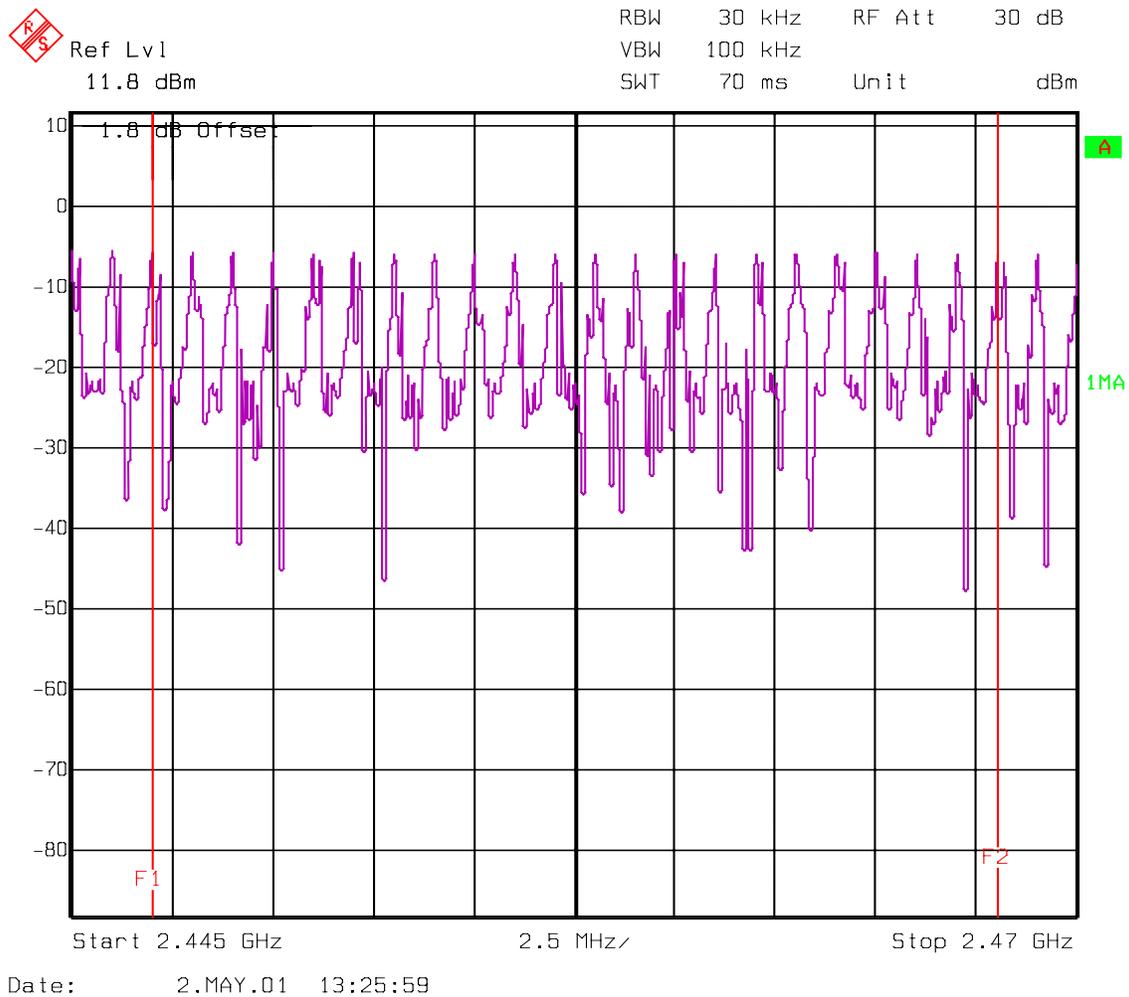
Date: 2.MAY.01 13:13:49

Plot 2:

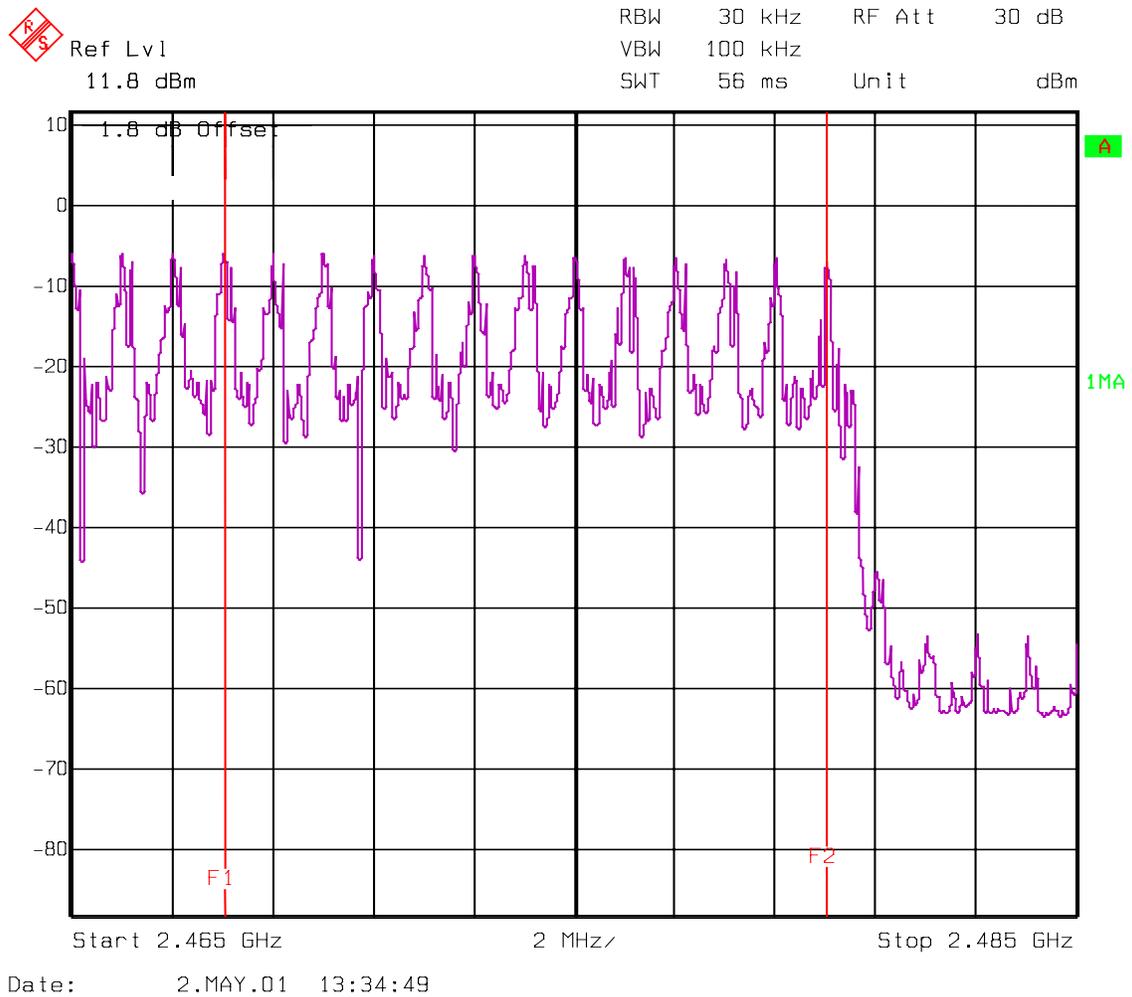


Date: 2.MAY.01 13:20:16

Plot 3:



Plot 4:



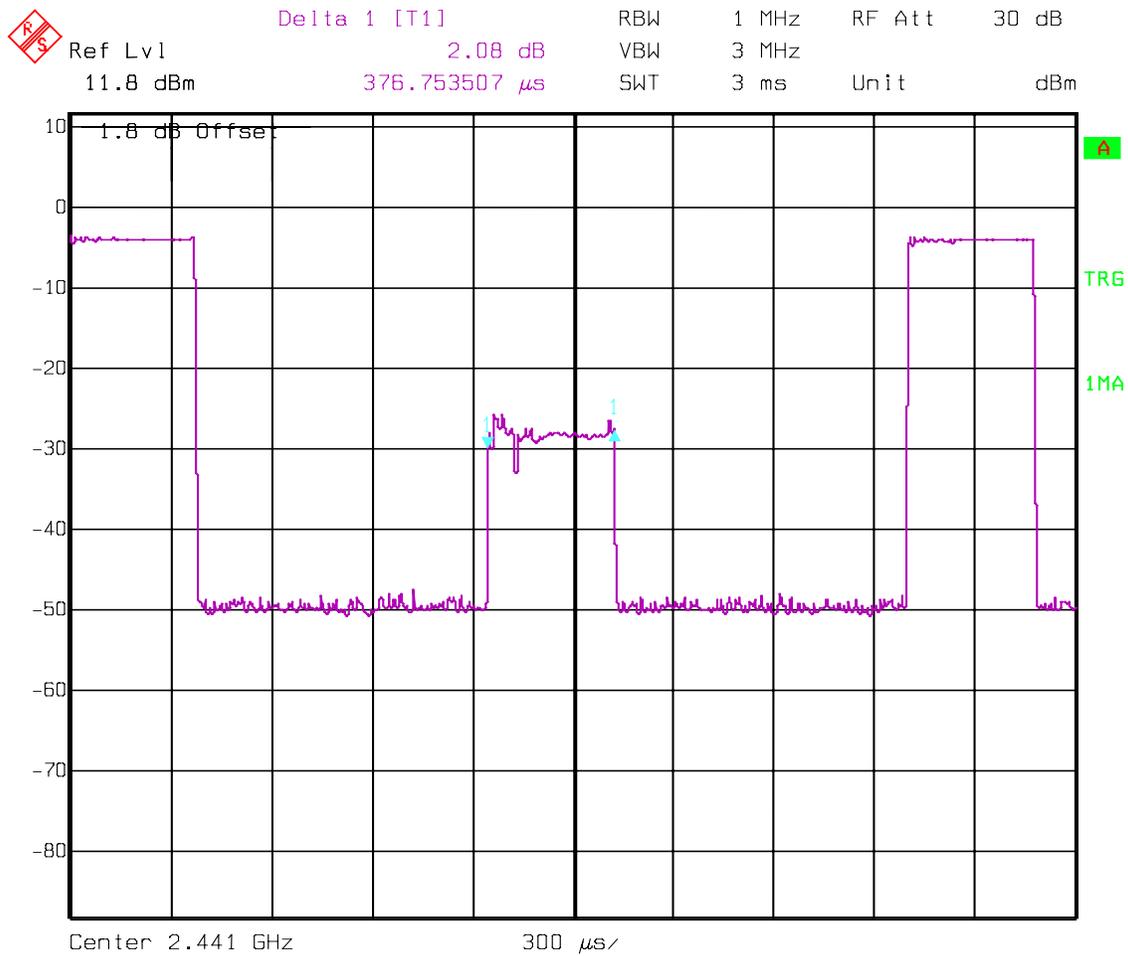
TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME) FOR DH1

§15.247(a)

The system makes worst case 1600 hops per second or 1 time slot has a length of 625µs with 79 channels. A DH1 Packet need 1 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 800 hops per second with 79 channels. So you have each channel 10.13 times per second and so for 30 seconds you have 303.9 times of appearance .

Each Tx-time per appearance is 376.75 µs.

So we have 303.9 \* 376.75 µs = 144.49 ms per 30 seconds.



Date: 2.MAY.01 13:48:32





**SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH OF FHSS SYSTEM  
20 dB bandwidth**

**§15.247(a)**

<b>TEST CONDITIONS</b>		<b>20 dB BANDWIDTH ( kHz )</b>		
		<b>2402</b>	<b>2441</b>	<b>2481</b>
<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>				
<b>T<sub>nom</sub>( 23 )°C</b>	<b>V<sub>nom</sub>(V)</b>	<b>953.90</b>	<b>993.98</b>	<b>945.89</b>
<b>Measurement uncertainty</b>		<b>±3dB</b>		

**RBW / VBW as provided in the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000)**

**LIMIT**

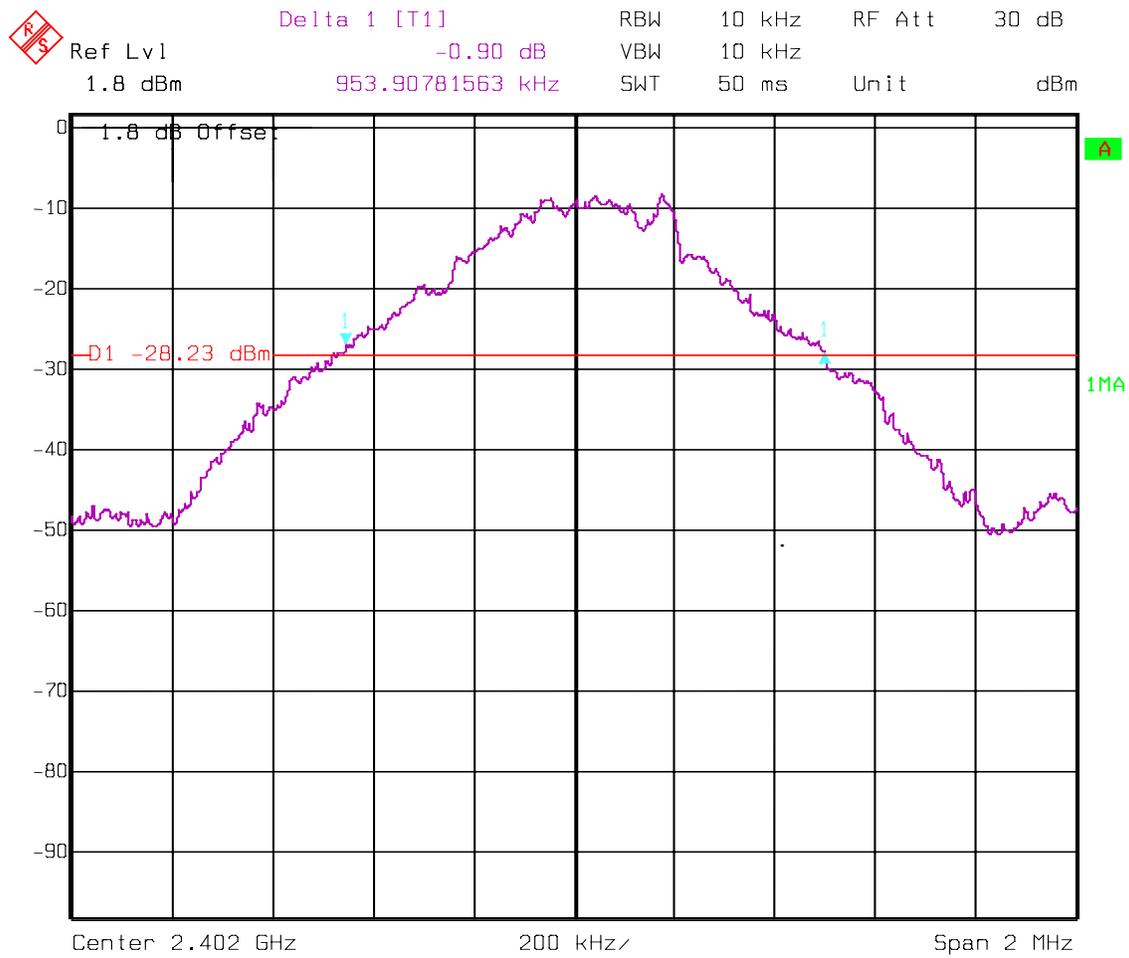
**SUBCLAUSE §15.247(a) (1)**

**The maximum 20dB bandwidth shall be at maximum 1000 KHz**

SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH OF FHSS SYSTEM  
20 dB bandwidth

§15.247(a)

Lowest Channel: 2402MHz

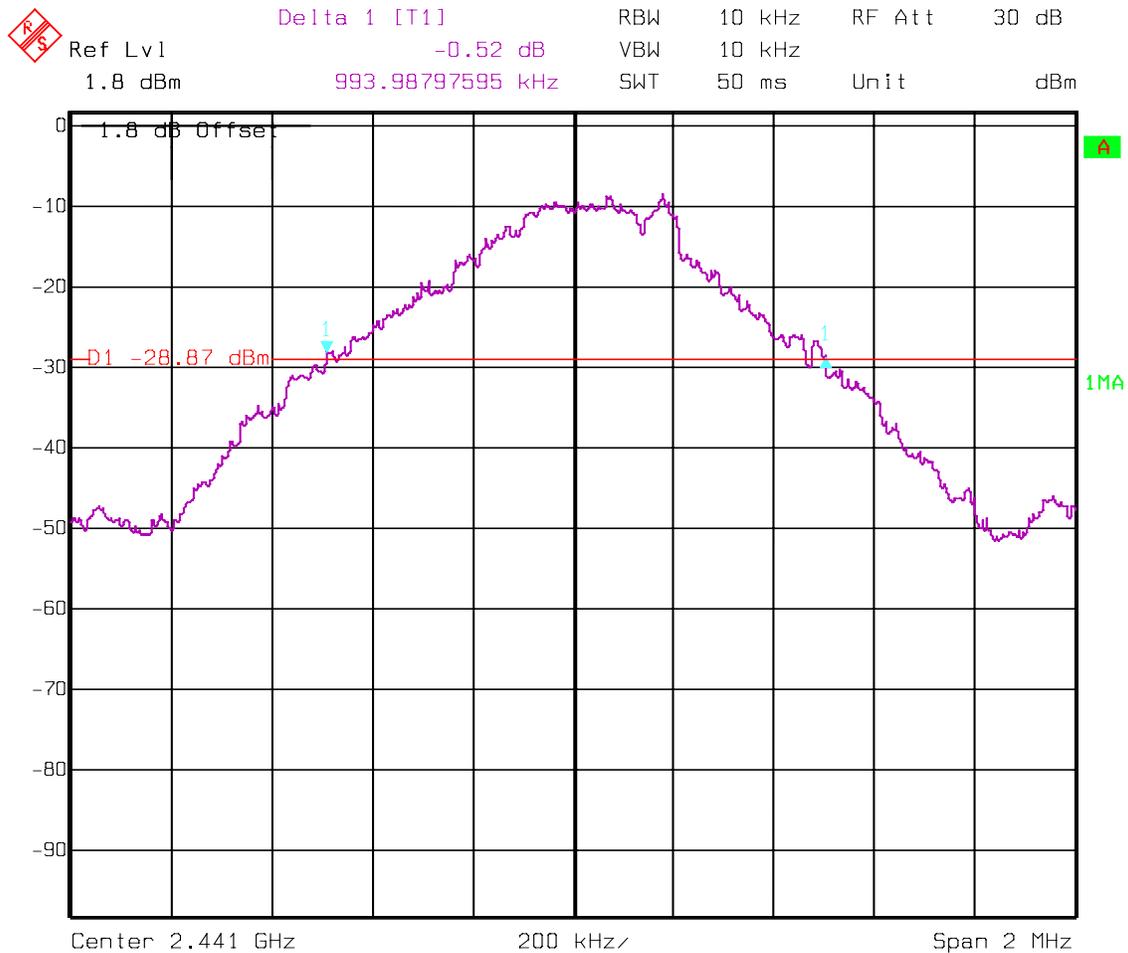


Date: 3.MAY.01 12:40:24

**SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH OF FHSS SYSTEM**  
**20 dB bandwidth**

§15.247(a)

**Mid Channel: 2441MHz**

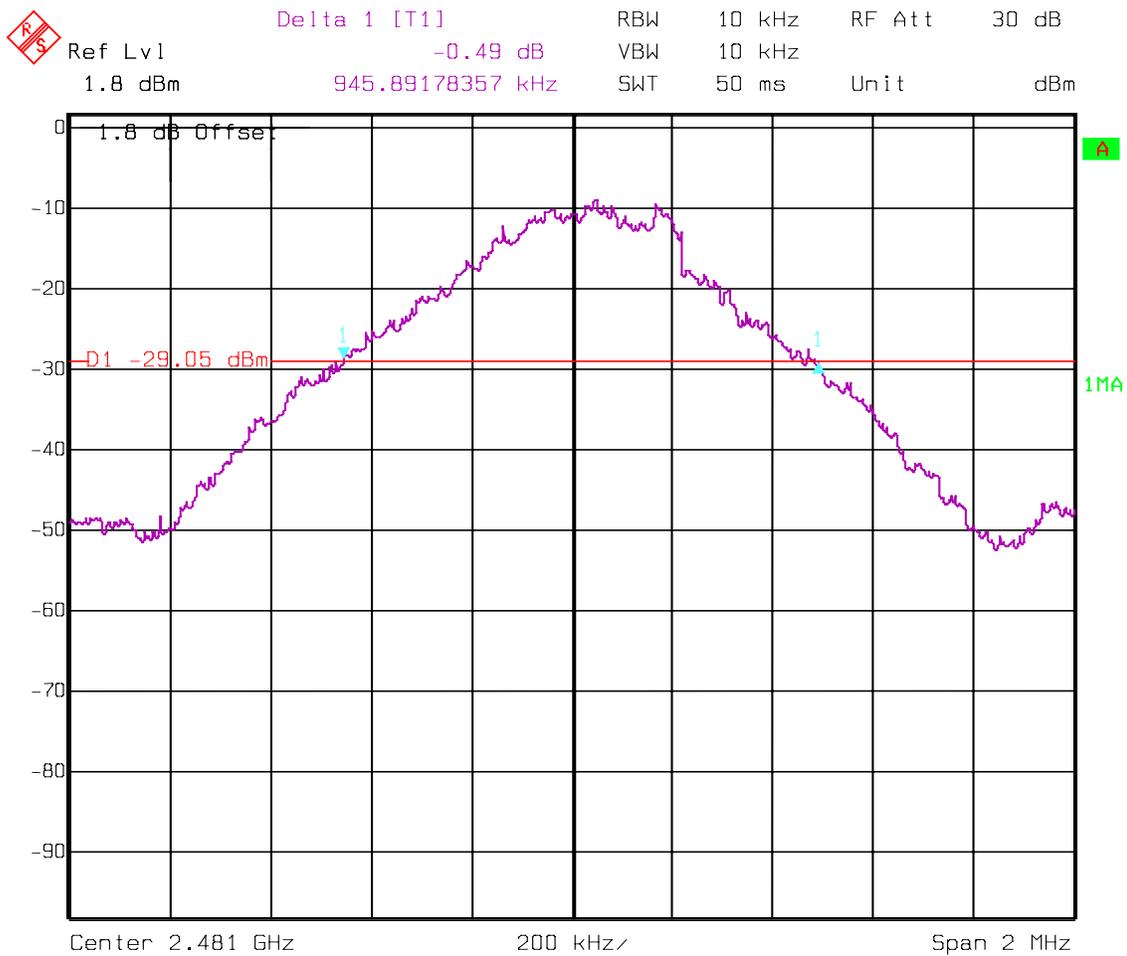


Date: 3.MAY.01 12:43:55

**SPECTRUM BANDWIDTH OF FHSS SYSTEM  
20 dB bandwidth**

§15.247(a)

**Highest Channel: 2481MHz**



Date: 3.MAY.01 12:48:01

**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER  
(conducted)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (b) (1)**

TEST CONDITIONS		MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (dBm)			
		Frequency (MHz)			
T <sub>nom</sub> ( 23 )°C	V <sub>nom</sub> 0V	PK	-2.26	-2.96	-3.65
		AV	-2.71	-3.35	-4.09
Maximum deviation from output power under extreme test conditions (dBc)		-5.24 / -4.96 Pk/Av	-5.37 / -5.15 Pk/Av	-6.85 / -6.58 Pk/Av	
Measurement uncertainty		±3dB			

**RBW / VBW : 3 MHz**

**LIMIT**

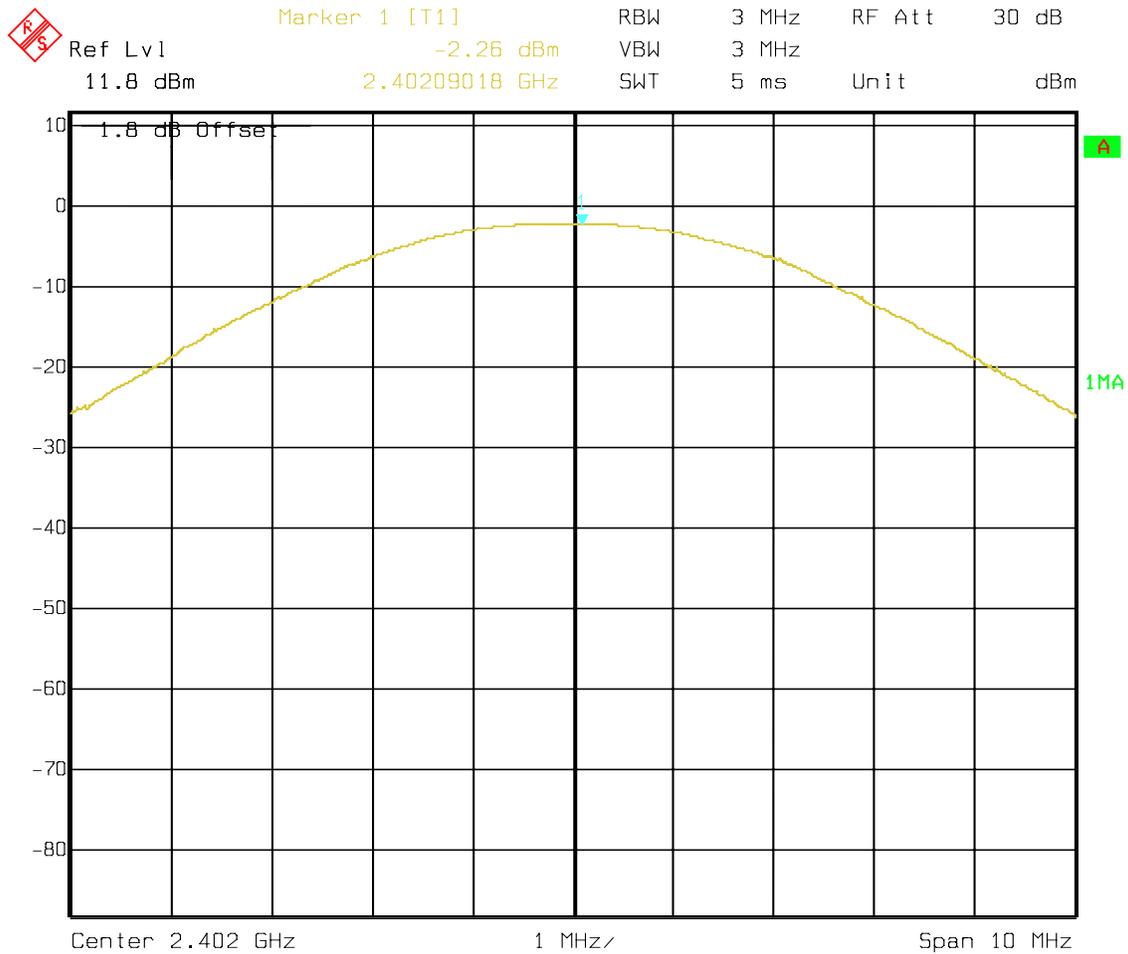
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (b) (1)**

Frequency range	RF power output
2400-2483.5 MHz	1.0 Watt

Peak output power (conducted)

§15.247 (b)

Lowest Channel: 2402MHz

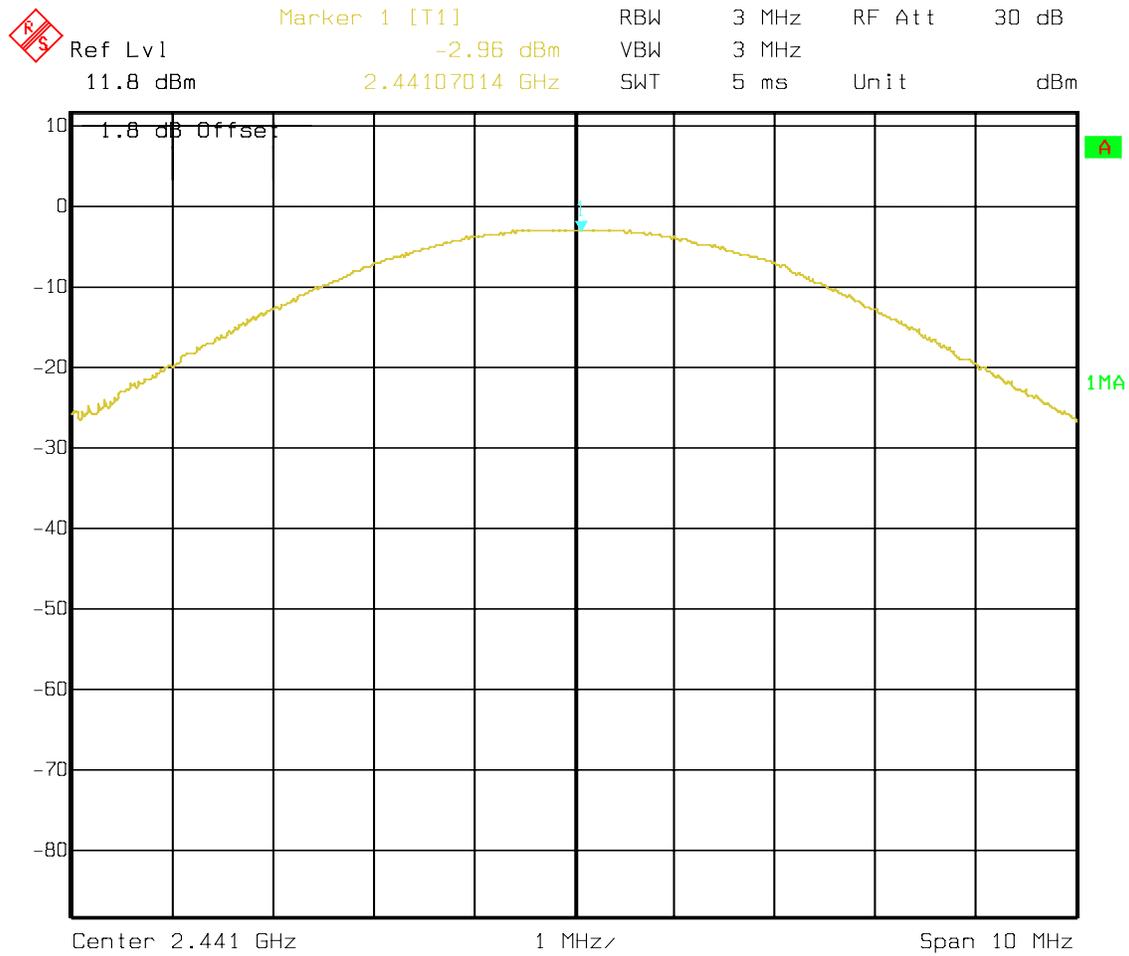


Date: 2.MAY.01 9:45:13

Peak output power (conducted)

§15.247 (b)

Mid Channel: 2441MHz

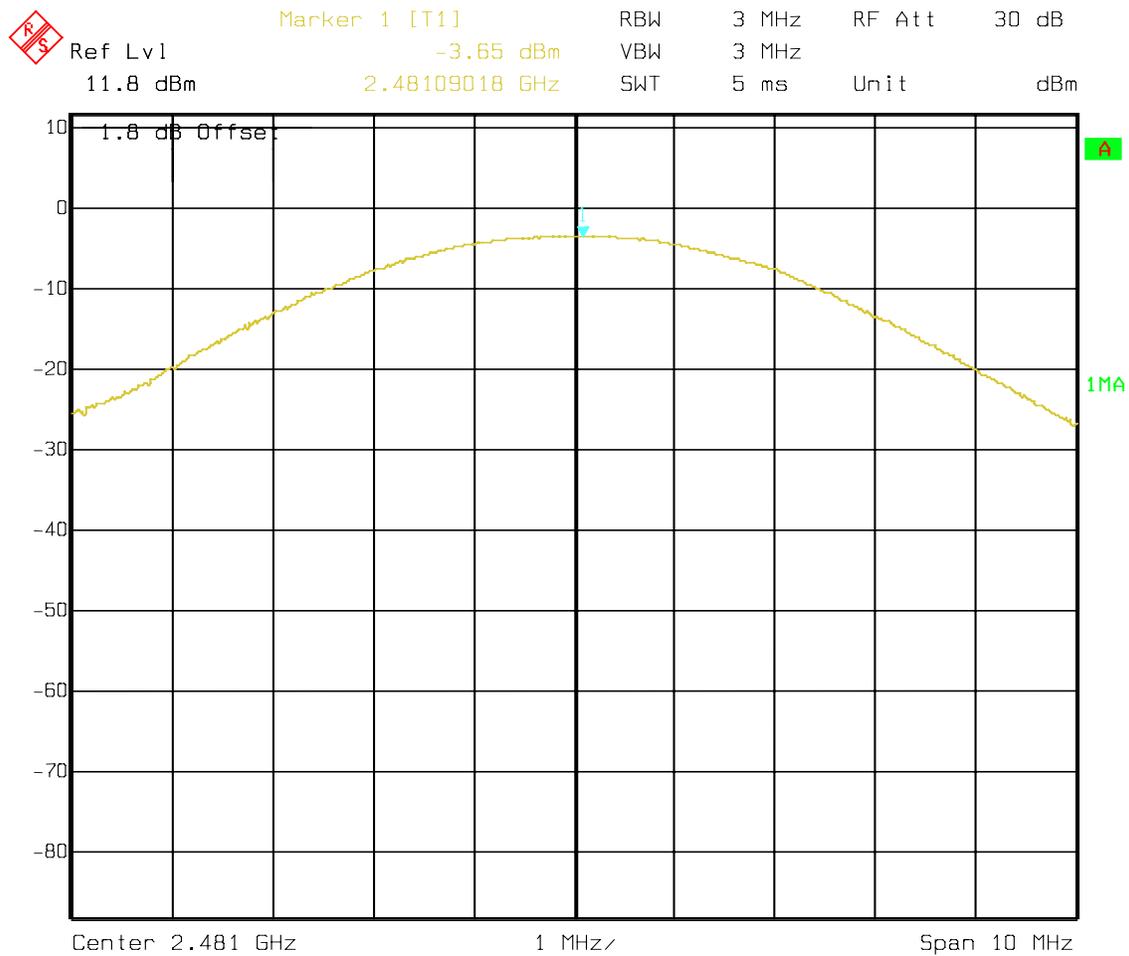


Date: 2.MAY.01 10:10:20

Peak output power (conducted)

§15.247 (b)

Highest Channel: 2481MHz



Date: 2.MAY.01 10:14:12

**MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER  
(RADIATED)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (b) (1)**

TEST CONDITIONS		MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER (dBm)		
		2402	2441	2481
Frequency (MHz)				
T <sub>nom</sub> ( 23 )°C	V <sub>nom</sub> ( 3.6 )V	4.14	3.26	5.02
Measurement uncertainty		±3dB		

**RBW/VBW : 3 MHz**

**Measured at a distance of 3m**

**LIMIT**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (b) (1)**

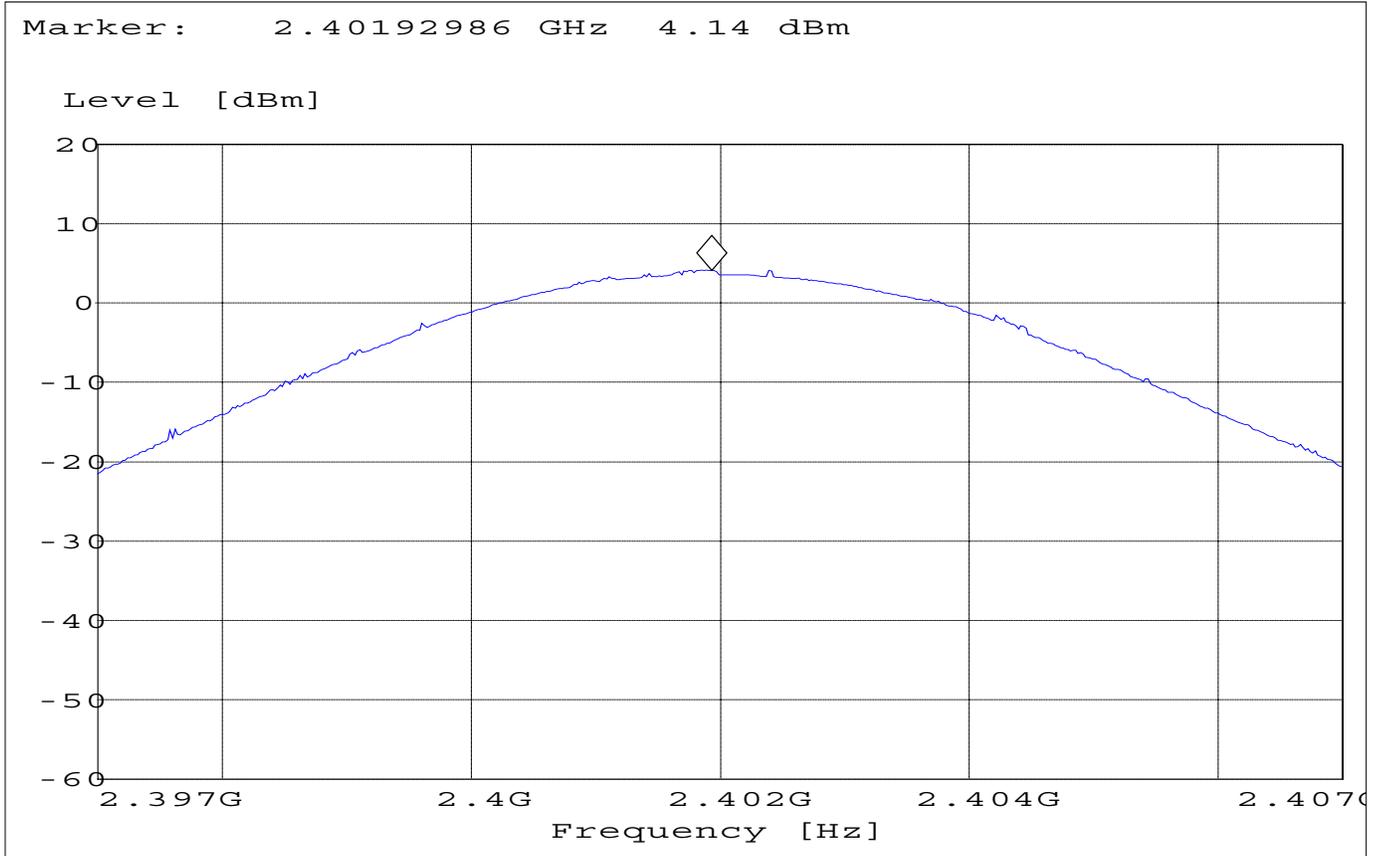
Frequency range	RF power output
2400-2483.5 MHz	1.0 Watt

Peak output power (Radiated)

§15.247 (b) (1)

Lowest Channel: 2402MHz

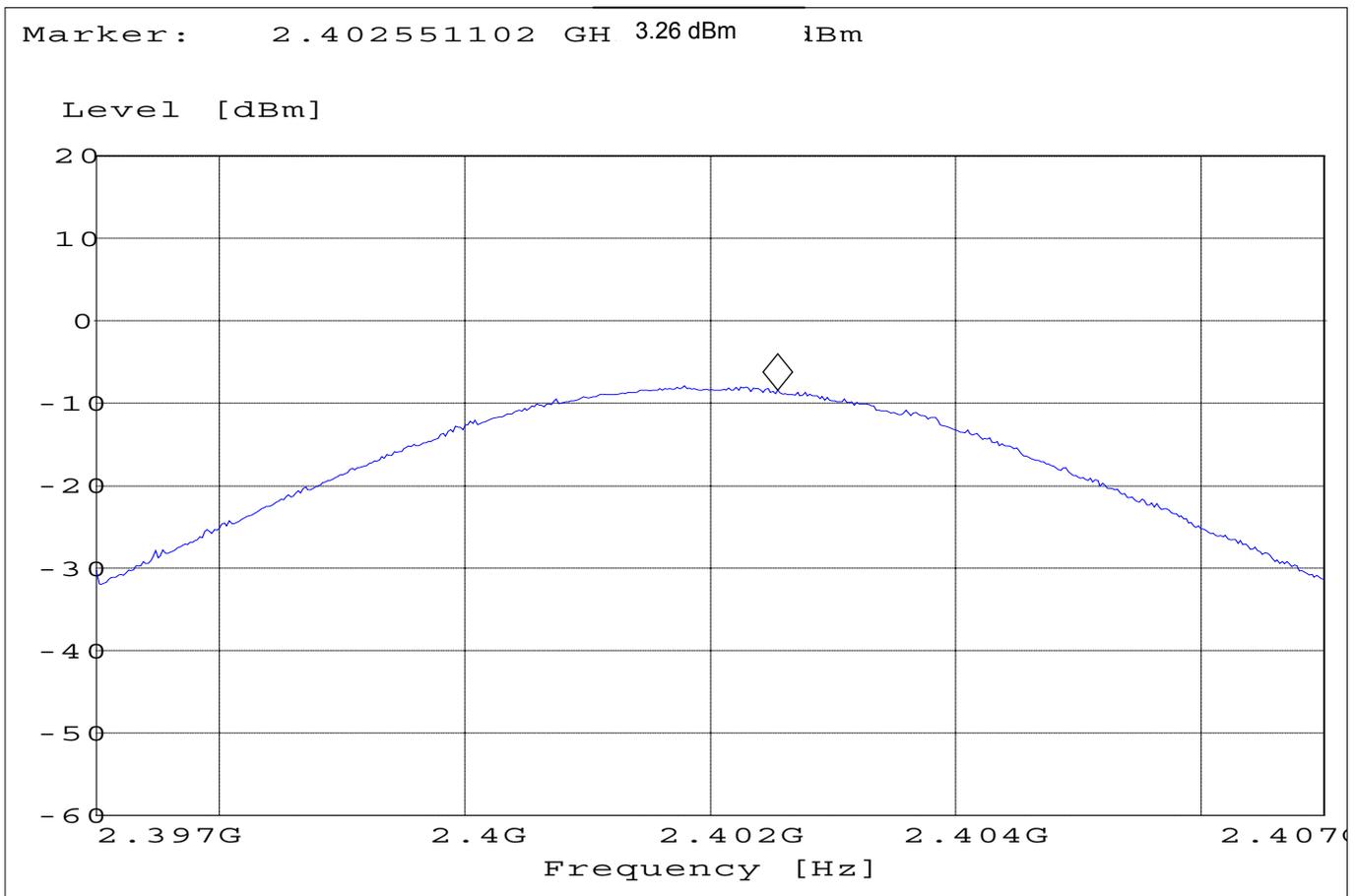
ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 3MHz VBW = 3MHz



Peak output power (Radiated)

§15.247 (b) (1)

Mid Channel: 2441MHz

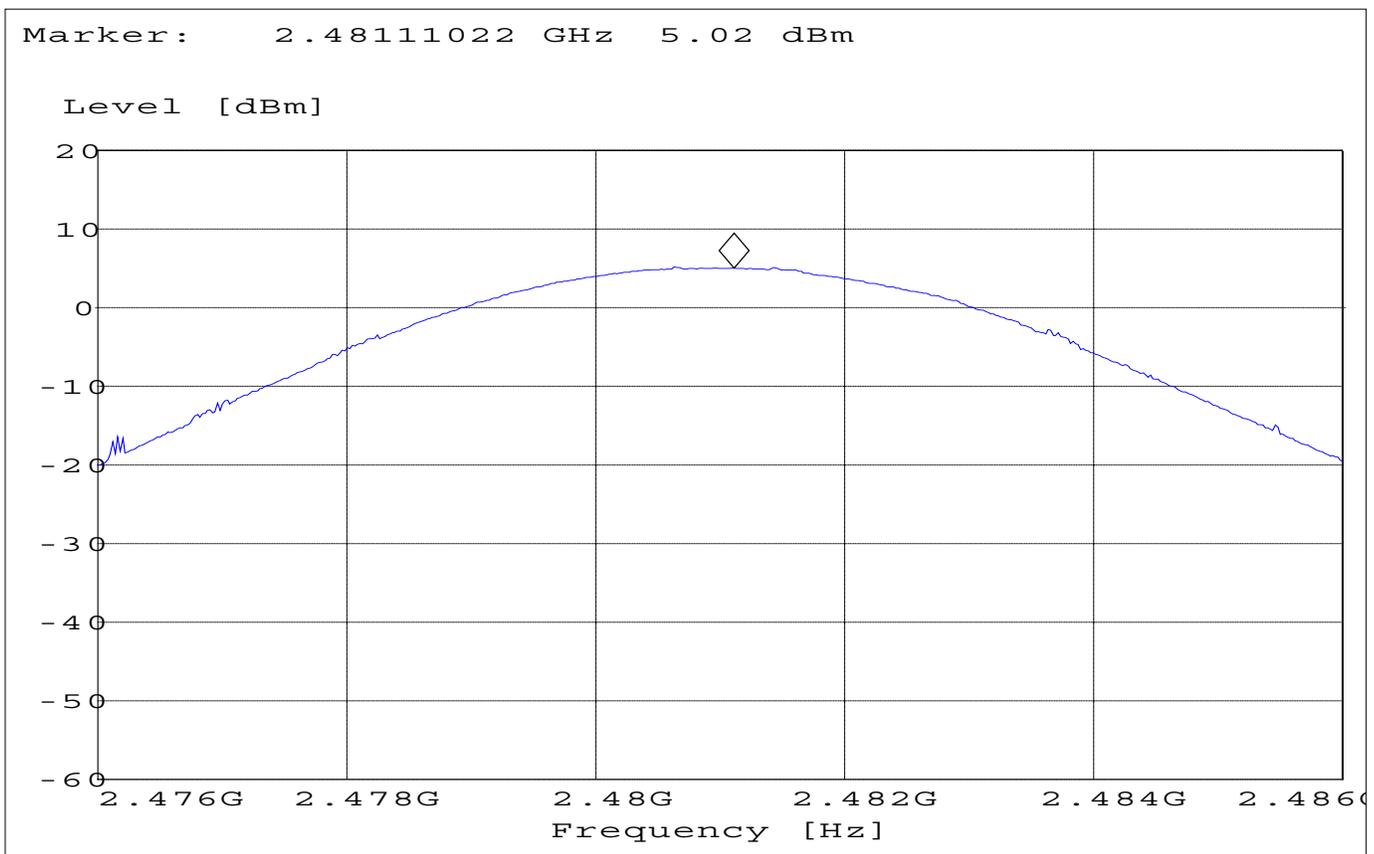


ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 3MHz VBW = 3MHz

Peak output power (Radiated)

§15.247 (b) (1)

Highest Channel: 2481MHz

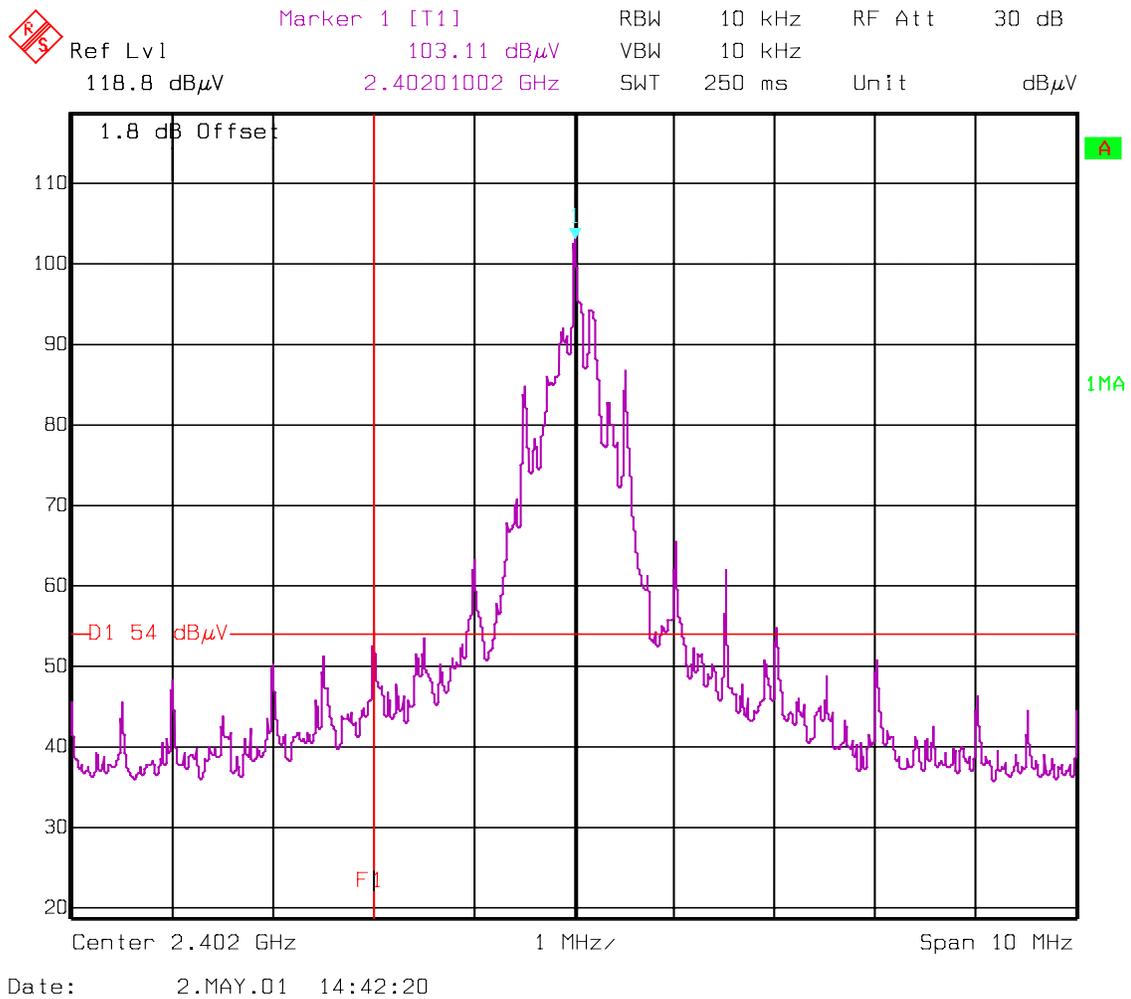


ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 3MHz VBW = 3MHz

**BAND EDGE COMPLIANCE OF CONDUCTED EMISSIONS**

§15.247 (c)

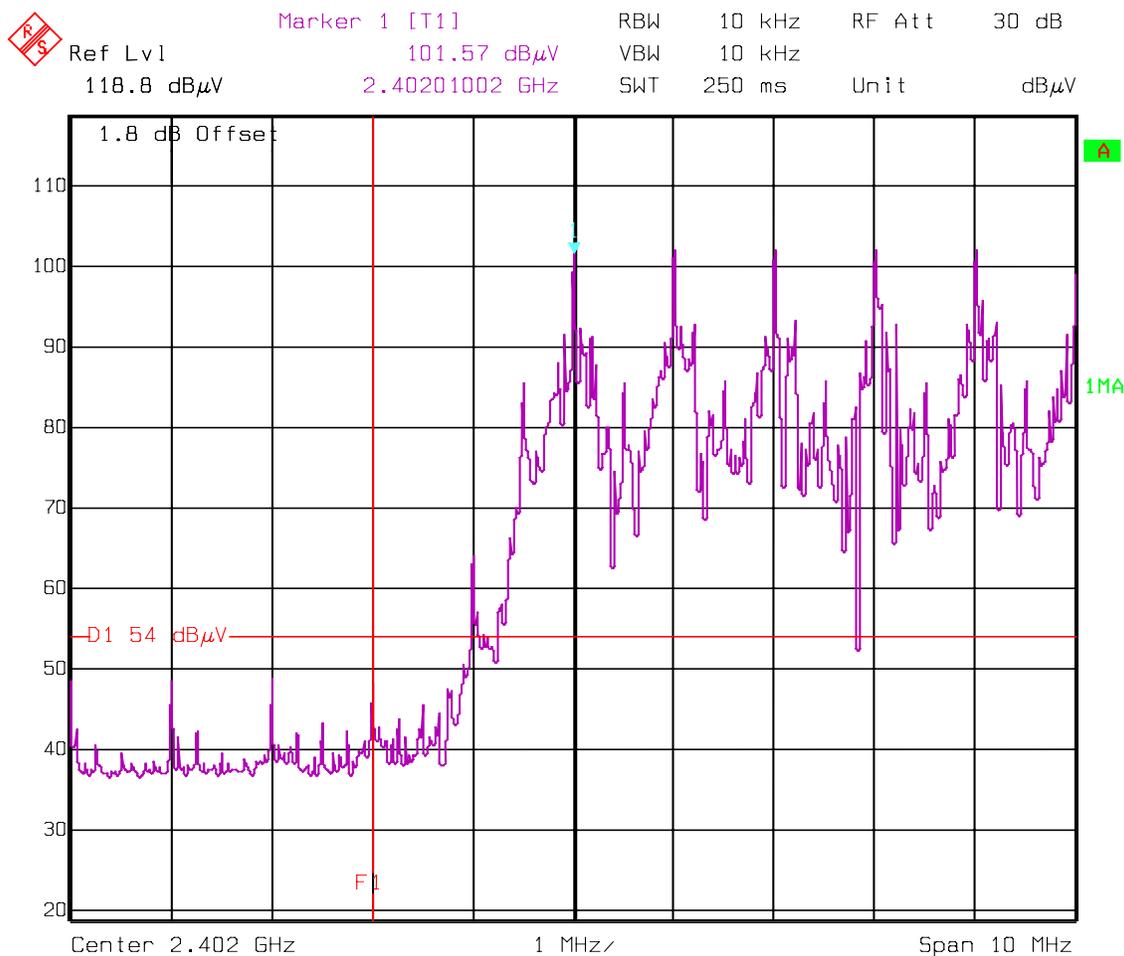
**Low frequency section (hopping off)**



Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions

§15.247 (c)

Low frequency section (hopping on)

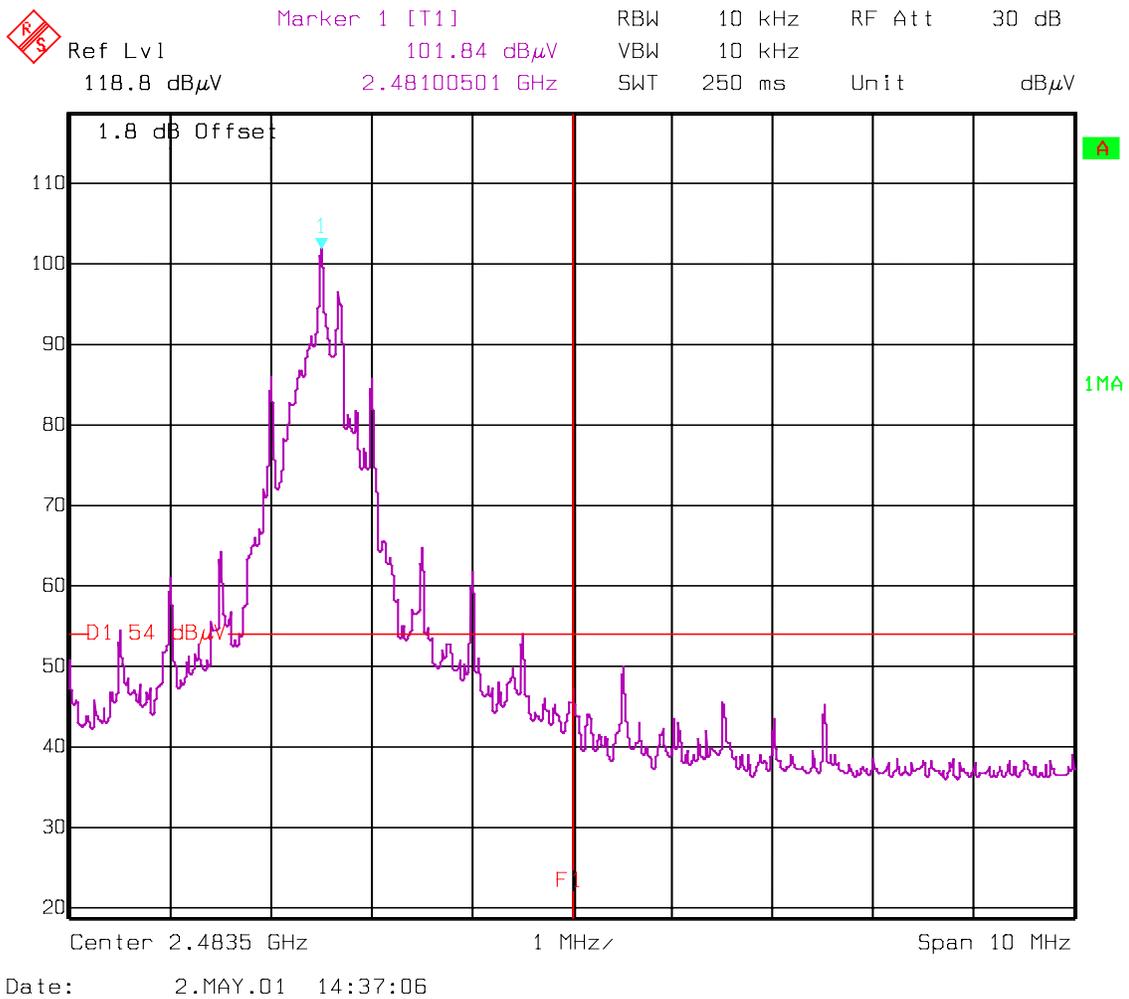


Date: 2.MAY.01 13:58:10

Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions

§15.247 (c)

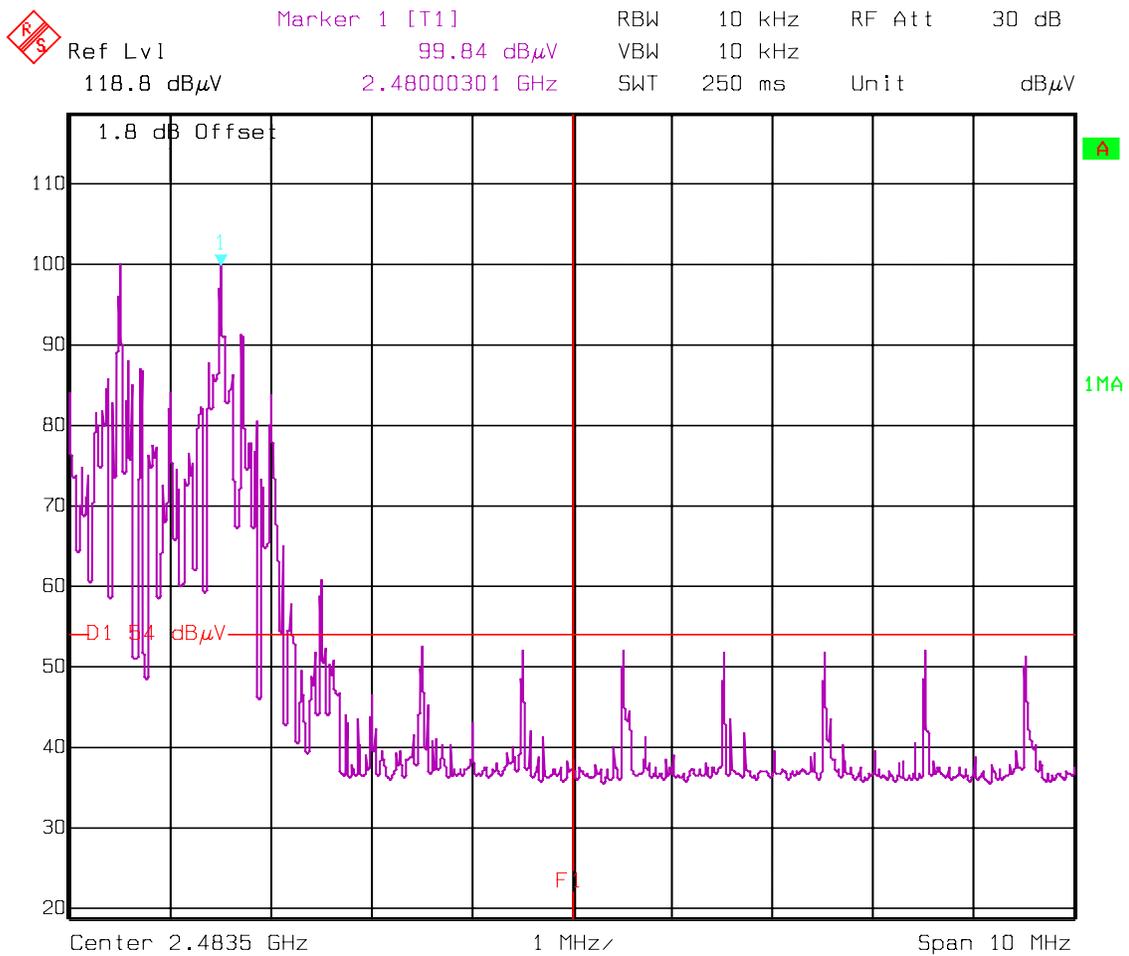
high frequency section (hopping off)



Band-edge compliance of conducted emissions

§15.247 (c)

high frequency section (hopping on)



Date: 2.MAY.01 14:01:10

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS- Conducted (Transmitter)**

**§ 15.247 (c) (1)**

<b>EMISSION LIMITATIONS</b>					
<b>f (MHz)</b>			<b>limit max. allowed emmission power</b>	<b>actual attenuation below frequency of operation (dB)</b>	<b>results</b>
2402			30 dBm	-	Operating frequency
<b>all peaks &lt;&lt;limit</b>				<b>see plot</b>	<b>complies</b>
2441			30 dBm	-	Operating frequency
<b>all peaks &lt;&lt;limit</b>				<b>see plot</b>	<b>complies</b>
2481			30 dBm		Operating frequency
<b>all peaks &lt;&lt;limit</b>				<b>see plot</b>	<b>complies</b>
<b>Measurement uncertainty</b>			<b>± 3dB</b>		

**LIMITS**

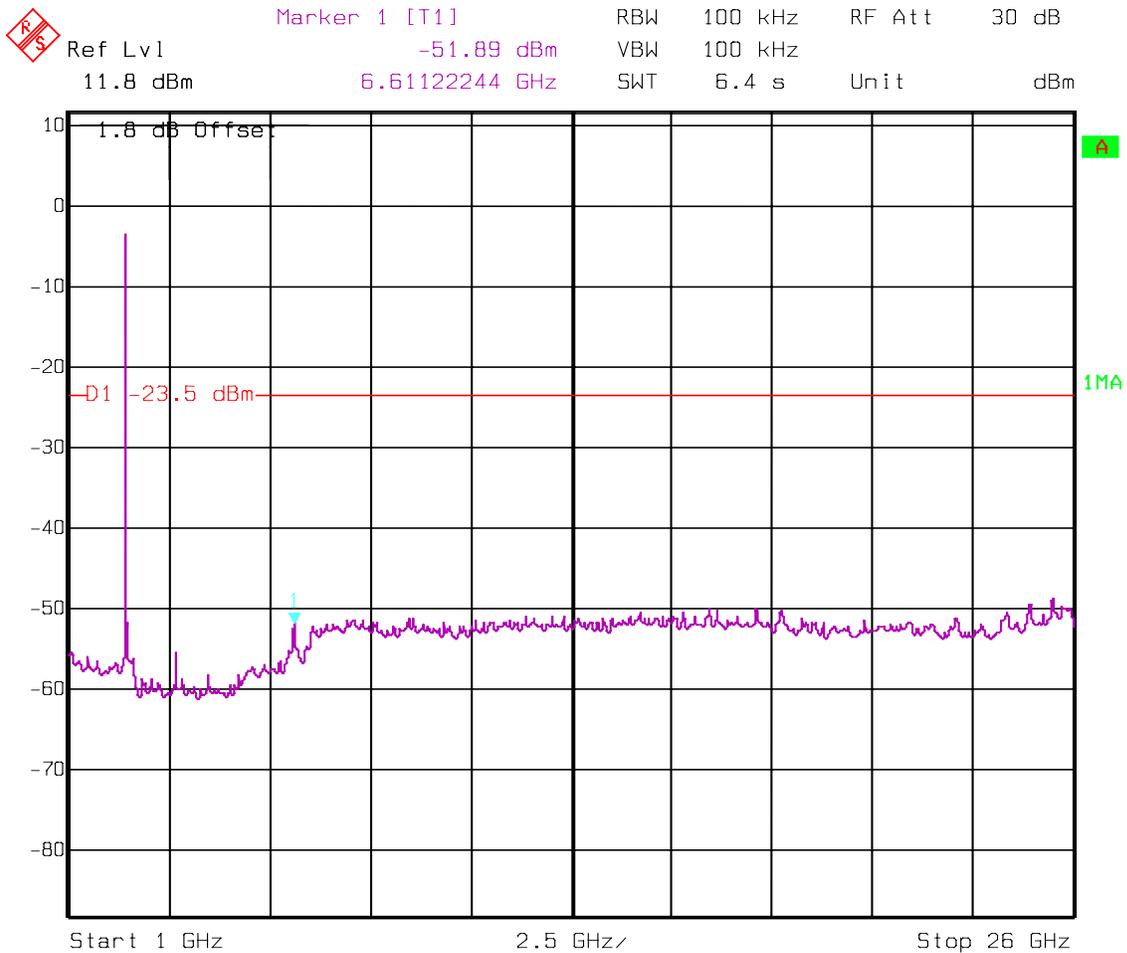
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**



EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Conducted (Transmitter)  
Mid Channel: 1GHz - 26 GHz

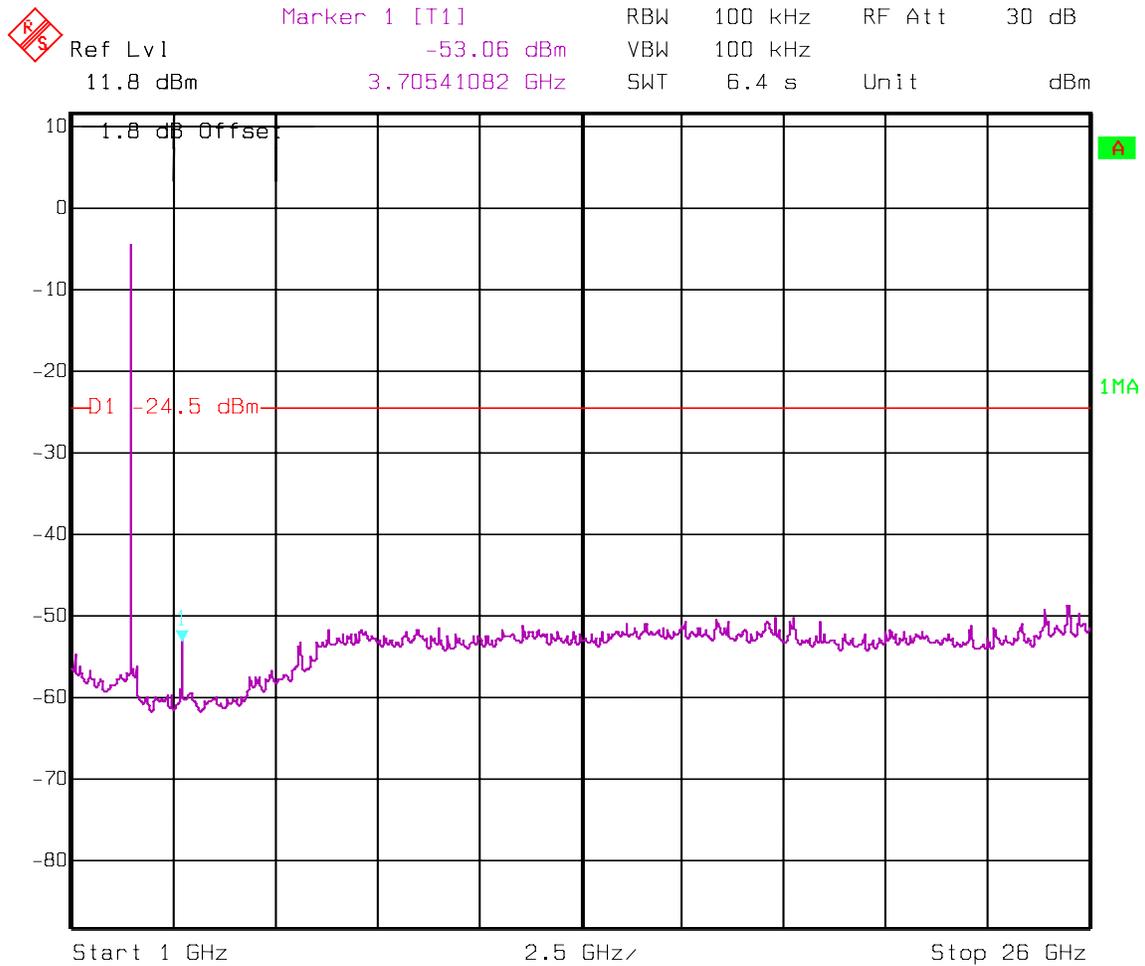
§ 15.247 (c) (1)



Date: 2.MAY.01 14:04:44

EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Conducted (Transmitter)  
Highest Channel: 1GHz - 26 GHz

§ 15.247 (c) (1)



Date: 2.MAY.01 14:27:03

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**NOTE:** The spurious emissions were done with different settings, using the relevant pre-amplifiers for the relevant frequency ranges. This is the reason that the graphs show different noise levels. In the range between 18 and 26 GHz very short cable connections to the antenna was used to minimize the noise level. Channel 1: 2402 MHz; Channel 2: 2441 MHz; Channel 3: 2481 MHz

**All measurements were against the limits for the restricted bands. Only in case of exceeding the limits it will be analyzed if it is outside a restricted band or not.**

**If it is outside the restricted bands the lower limits will apply and the relevant frequencies will be checked against these limits.**

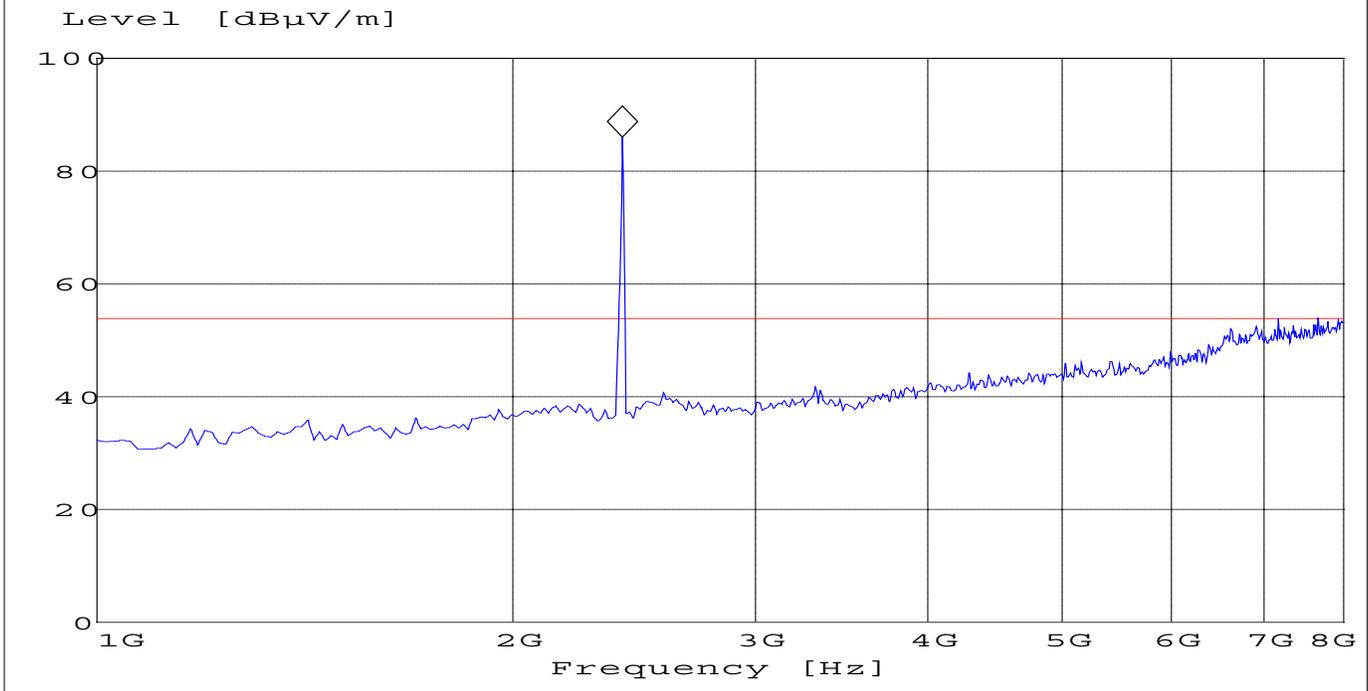
**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Lowest Channel: 1GHz – 8GHz**

**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

Marker: 2.402805611 GHz 85.98 dB $\mu$ V/m



**LIMITS**

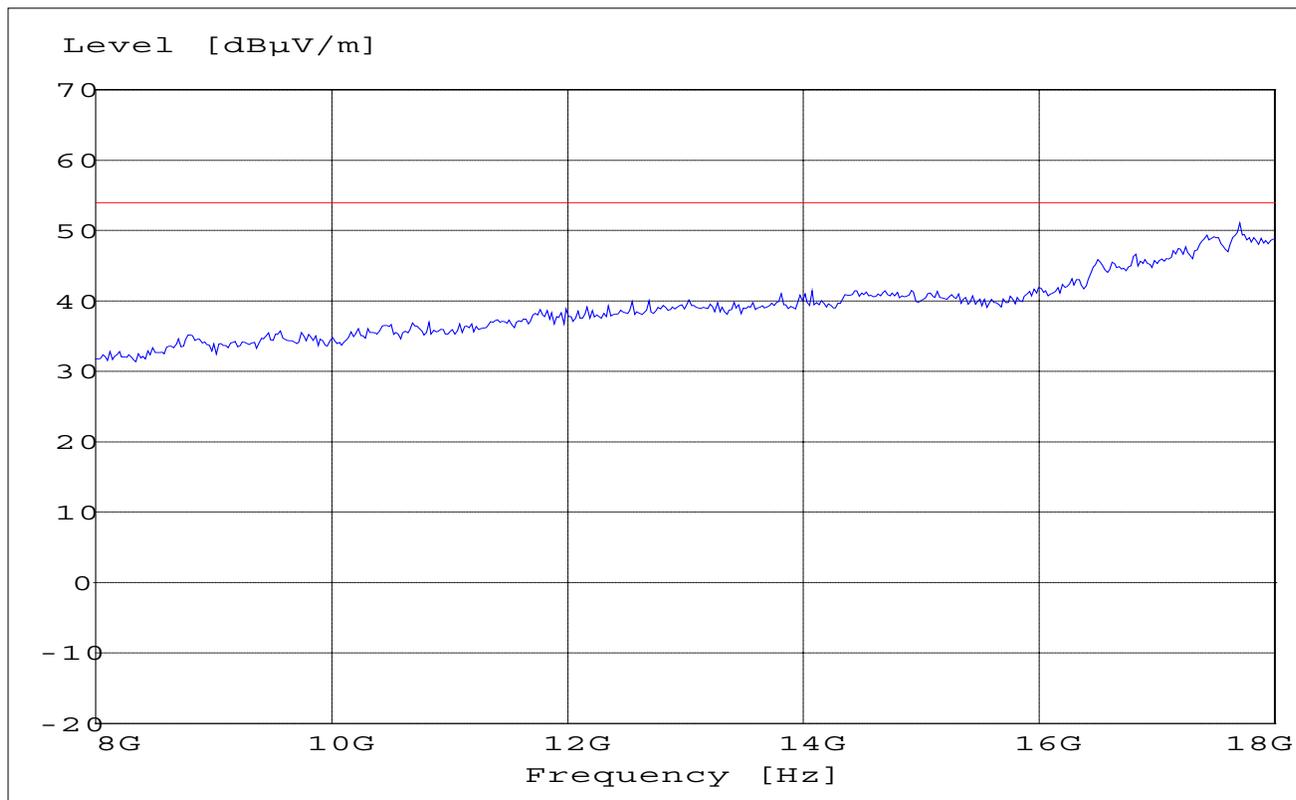
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Lowest Channel: 8GHz – 18GHz**



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**LIMITS**

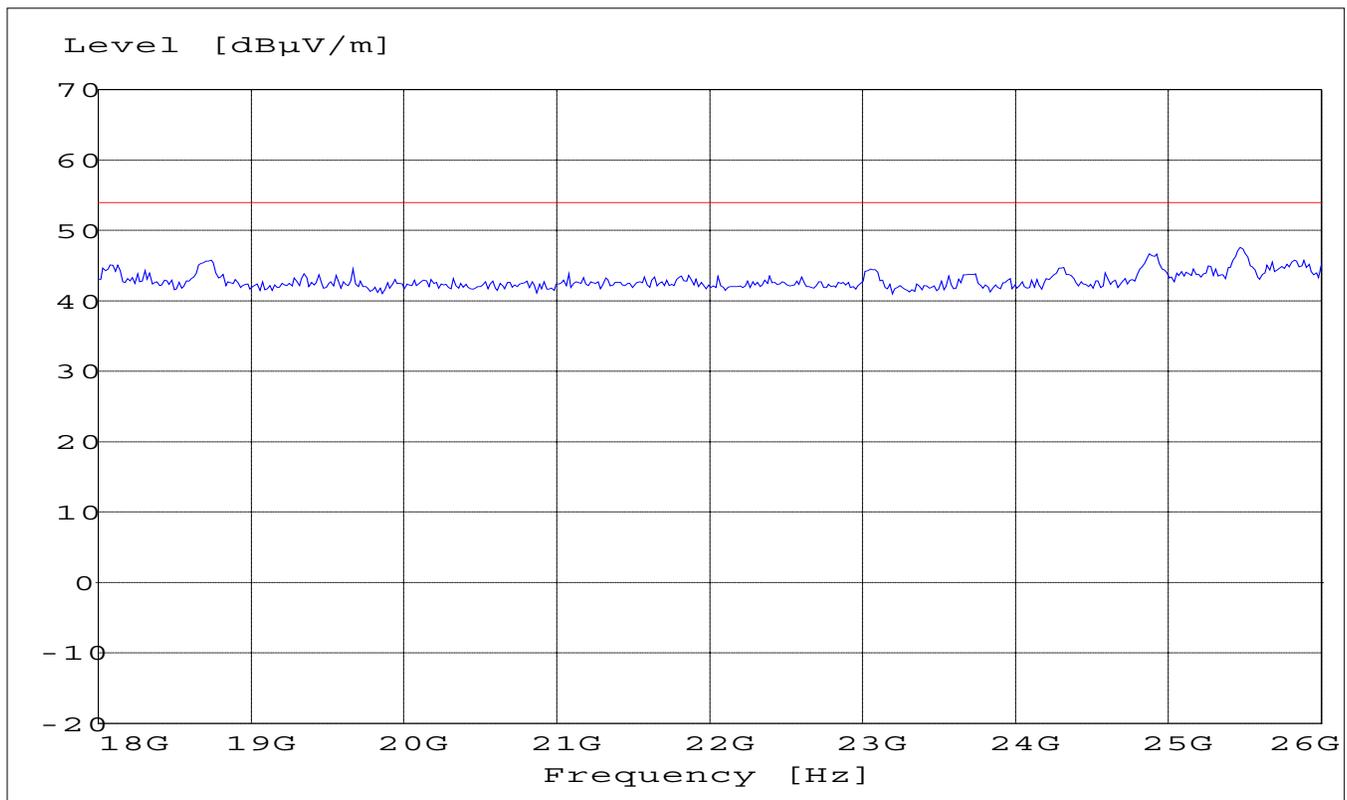
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Lowest Channel: 18GHz – 26GHz**



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**LIMITS**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

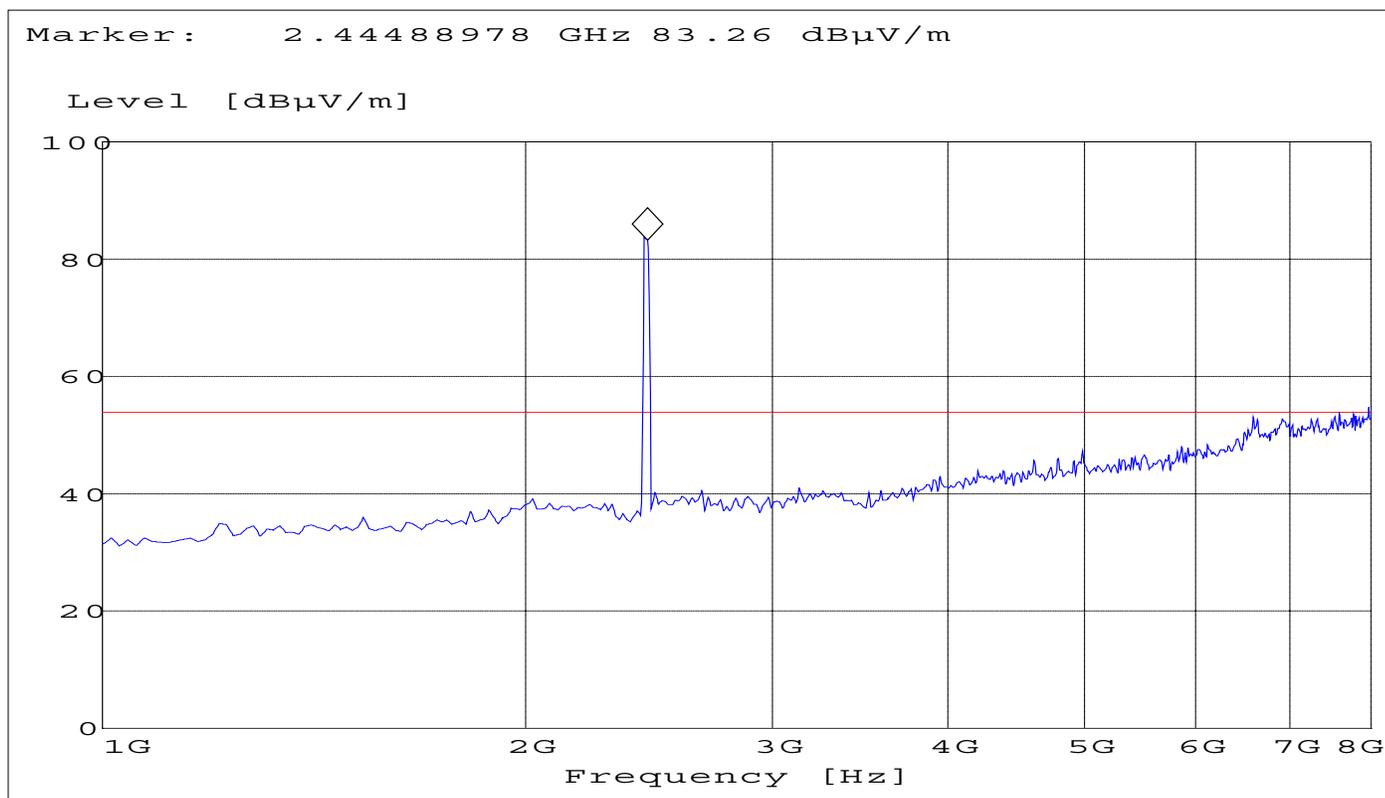
**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**

EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)

SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)

Mid Channel: 1GHz – 8GHz

NOTE: Frequency resolution is not fine enough to show the exact frequency of the carrier, refer to plots following page no. 24



ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz

LIMITS

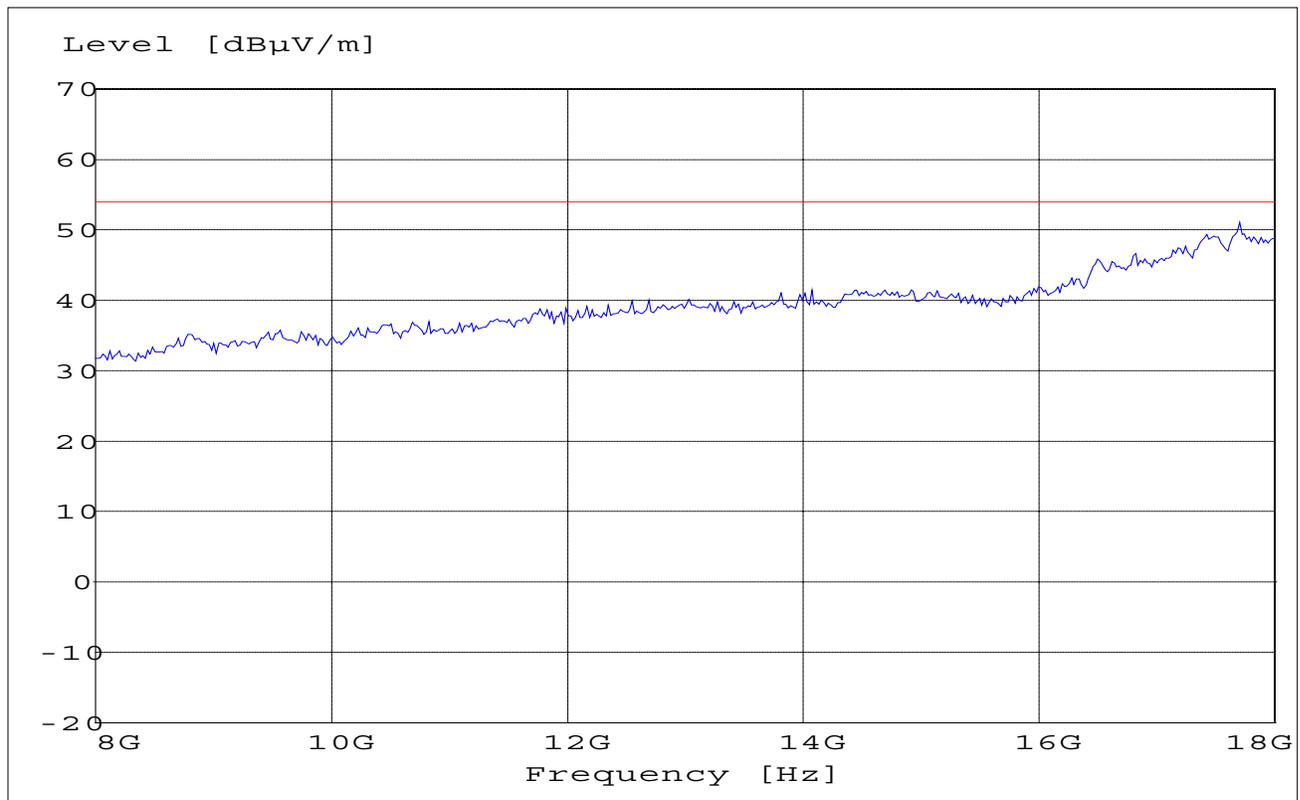
SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Mid Channel: 8GHz – 18GHz**



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**LIMITS**

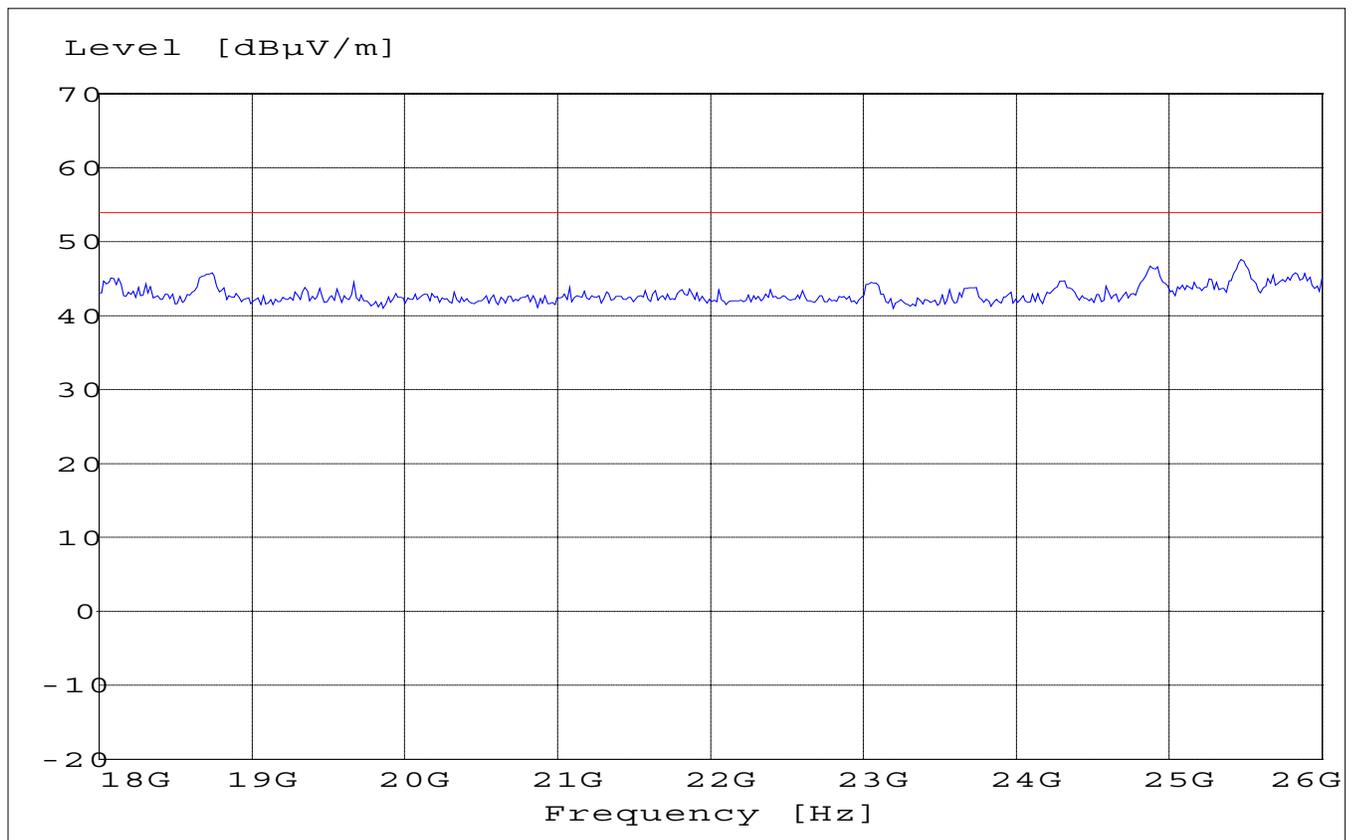
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Mid Channel: 18GHz – 26GHz**



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**LIMITS**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

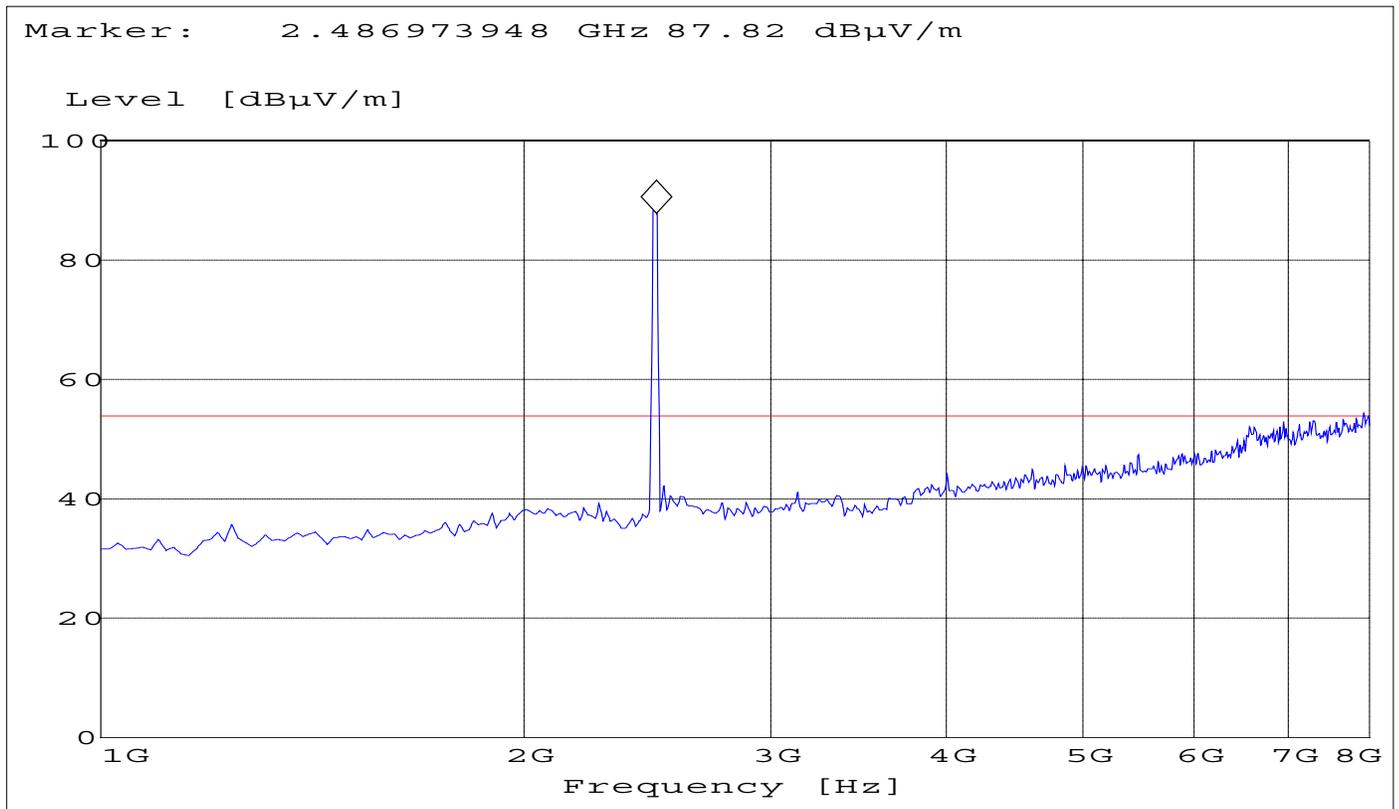
**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**

EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)

SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)

Highest Channel: 1GHz – 8GHz

NOTE: Frequency resolution is not fine enough to show the exact frequency of the carrier, refer to plots following page no. 24



ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz

LIMITS

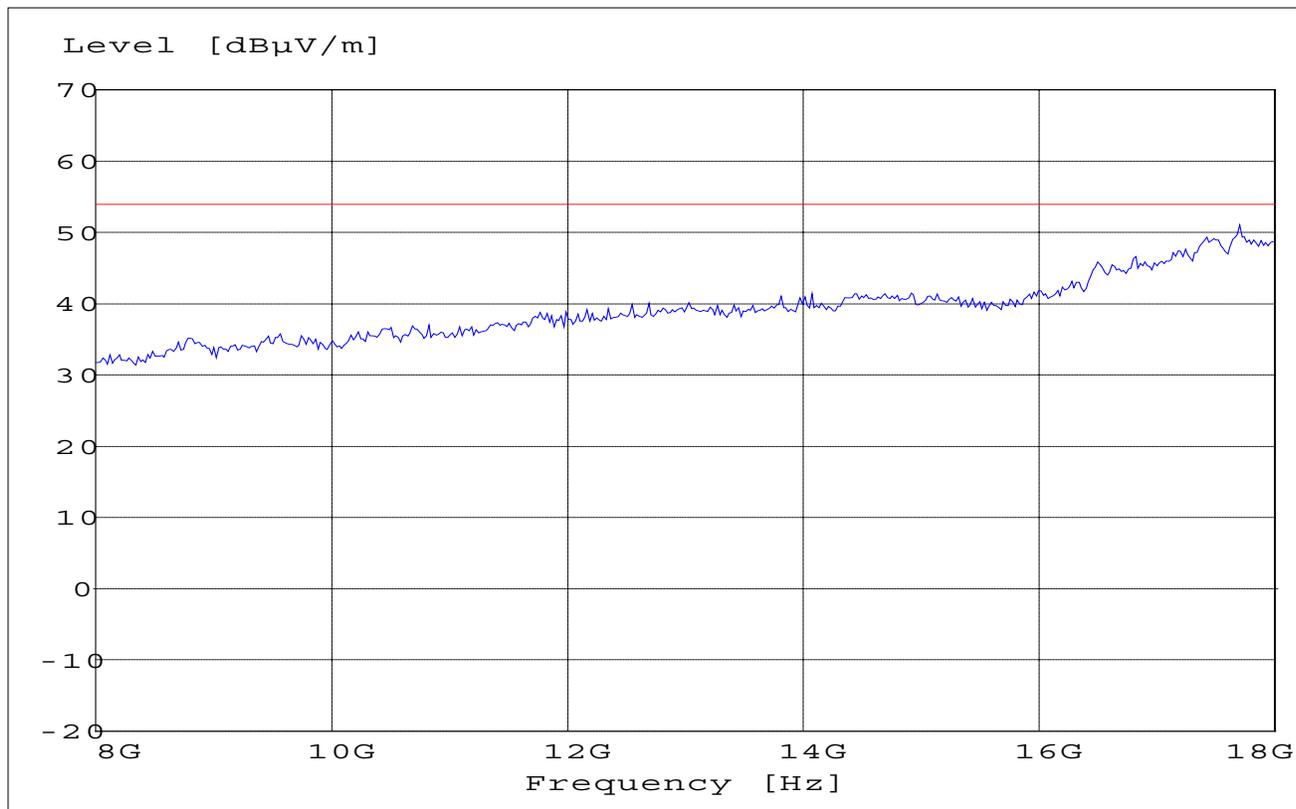
SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)**

**Highest Channel: 8GHz – 18GHz**



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**LIMITS**

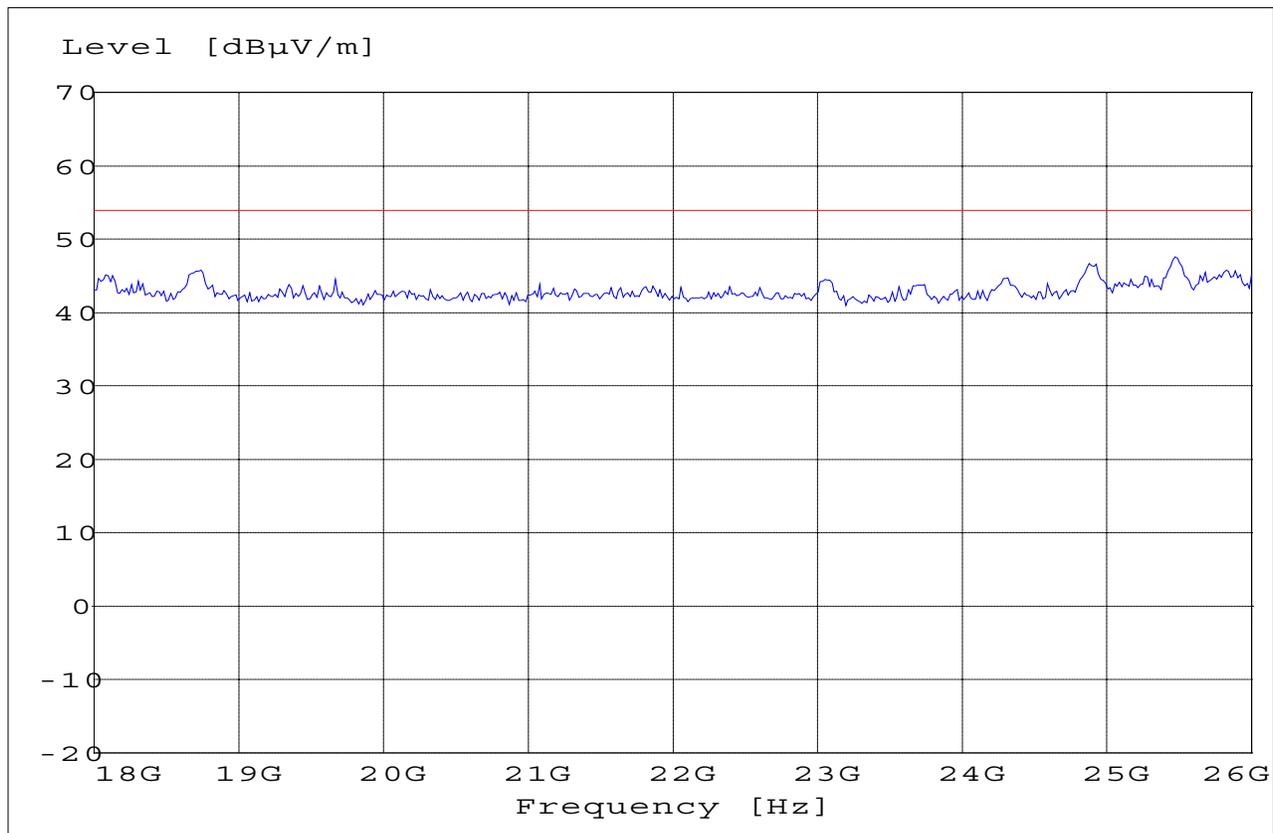
**SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)**

**In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).**

EMISSION LIMITATIONS - Radiated (Transmitter)

SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c) (1)

Highest Channel: 18GHz – 26GHz



ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz

LIMITS

SUBCLAUSE § 15.247 (c)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band at least 20dB below the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

**RECEIVER SPURIOUS RADIATION**

**§ 15.209**

NOTE: The spurious emissions were done with different settings, using the relevant pre-amplifiers for the relevant frequency ranges. This is the reason that the graphs show different noise levels. In the range between 18 and 26 GHz very short cable connections to the antenna was used to minimize the noise level. Channel 1: 2402 MHz; Channel 2: 2441 MHz; Channel 3: 2481 MHz

**Radiated**

SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL (µV/m)								
2402 MHz			2442 MHz			2481 MHz		
f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)	f (MHz)	Detector	Level (µV/m)
all peaks <<limit								
Measurement uncertainty			±3 dB					

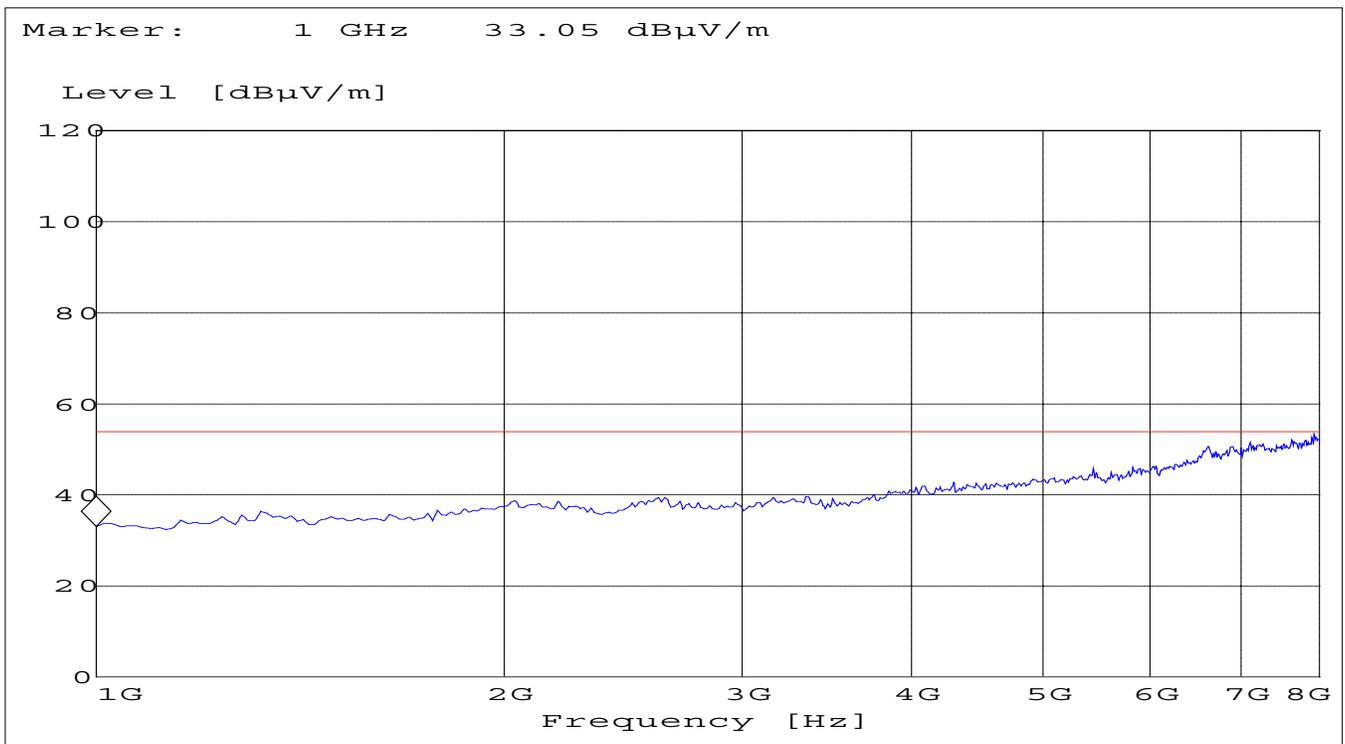
**Limits**

**SUBCLAUSE § 15.209**

Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (µV/m)	Measurement distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
above 960	500	3

**RECEIVER SPURIOUS RADIATION**  
**1GHz – 8GHz (This plot is valid for all three channels)**

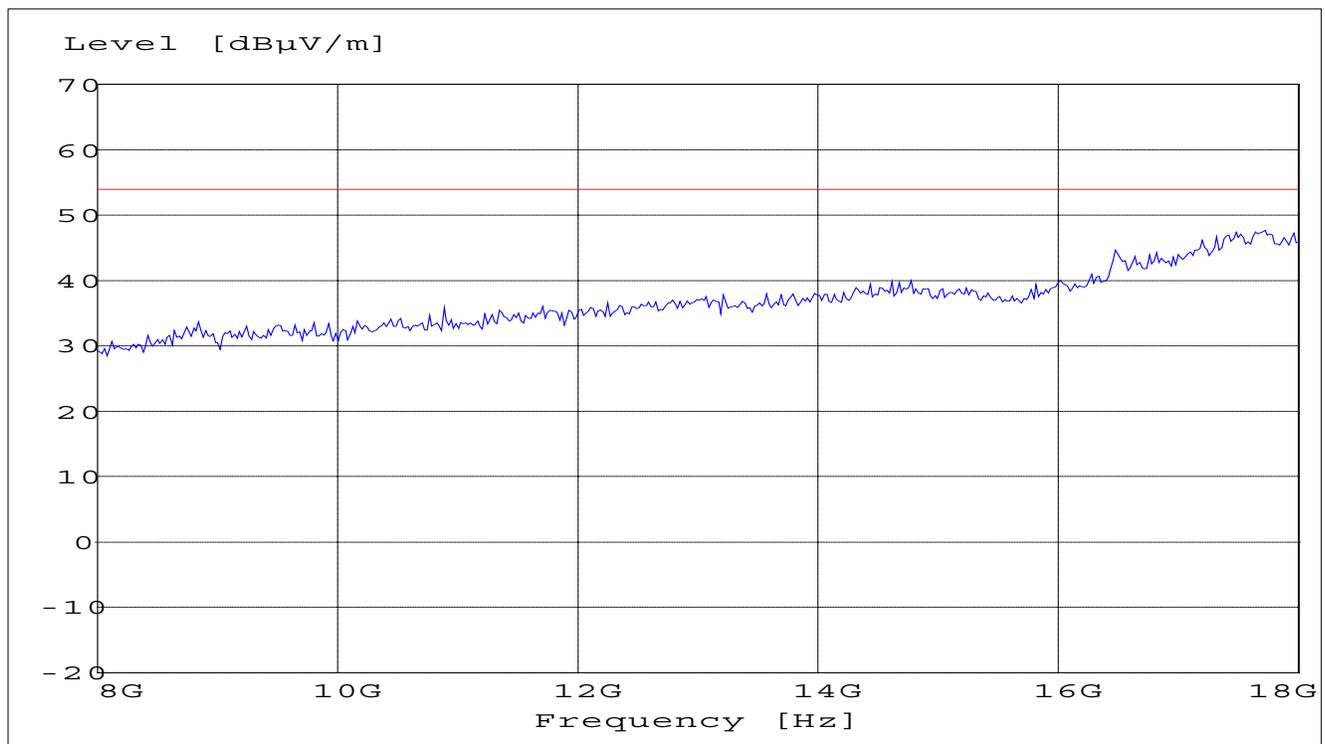
§ 15.209



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**RECEIVER SPURIOUS RADIATION**  
**8GHz – 18GHz (This plot is valid for all three channels)**

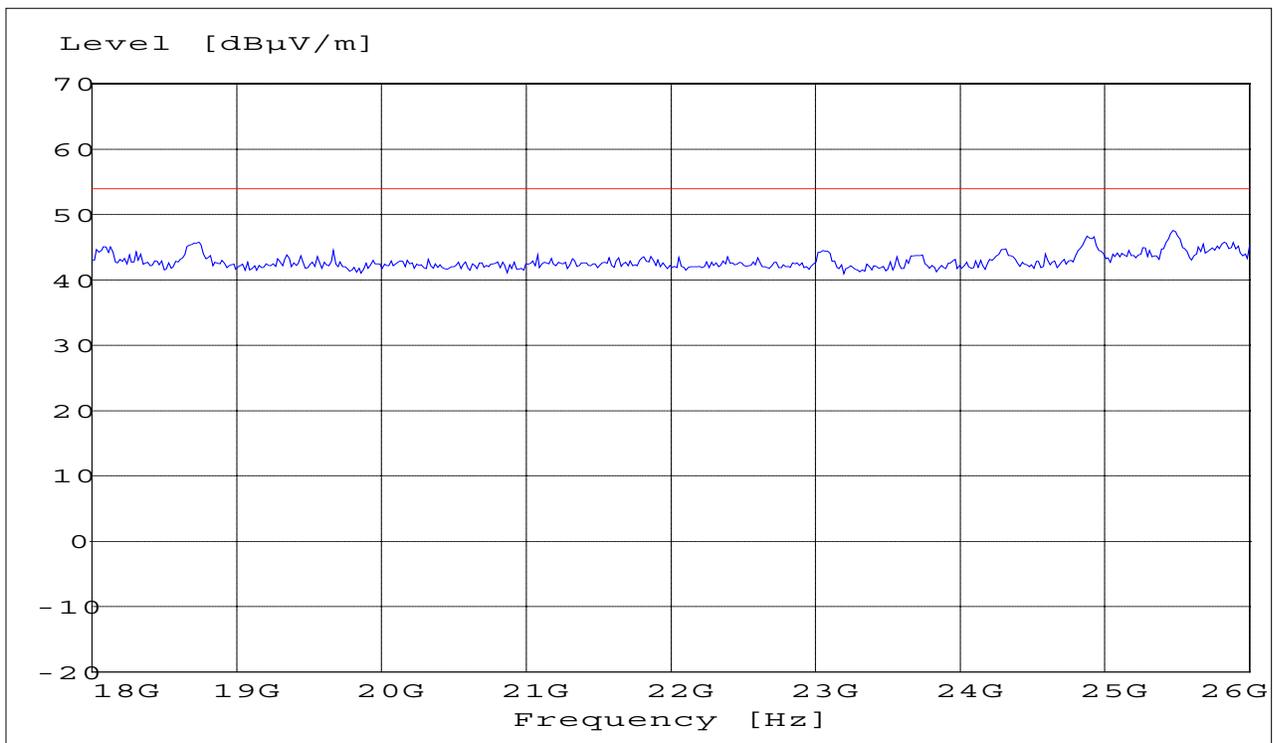
§ 15.209



**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**

**RECEIVER SPURIOUS RADIATION**  
**18GHz – 26GHz (This plot is valid for all three channels)**

§ 15.209

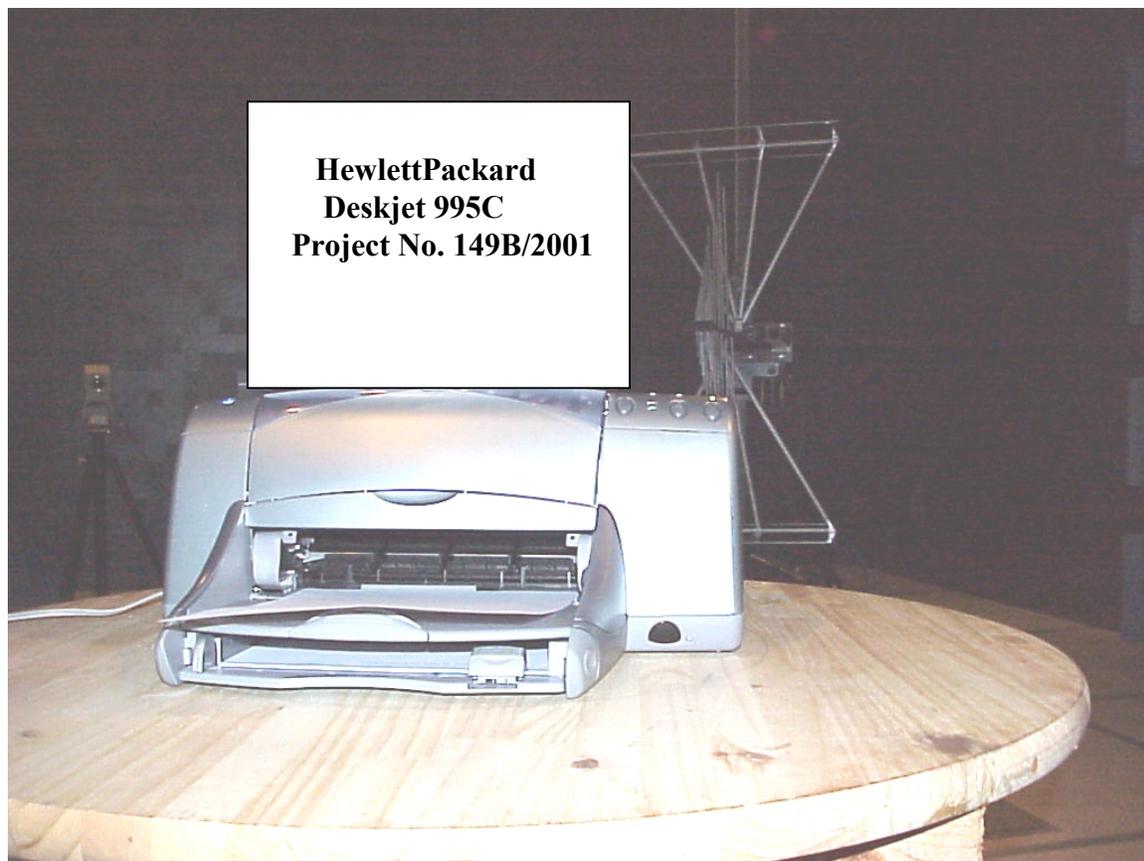


**ANALYZER SETTINGS: RBW = 1MHz VBW = 1MHz**



**Test site**

**RADIATED EMISSIONS**



**Photographs of the equipment**

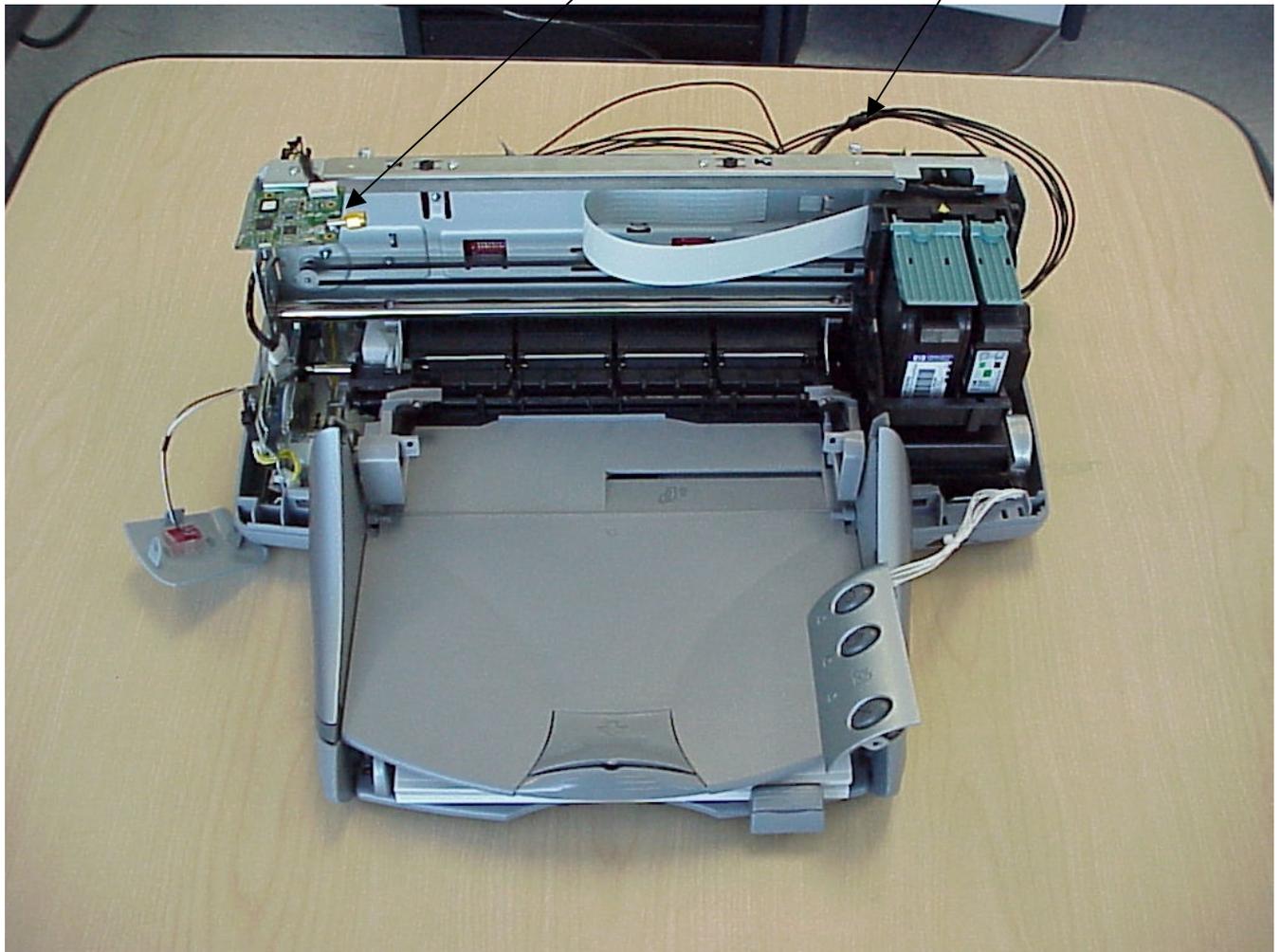
Photograph no.: 1



**Photographs of the equipment**

**Photograph no.: 2**

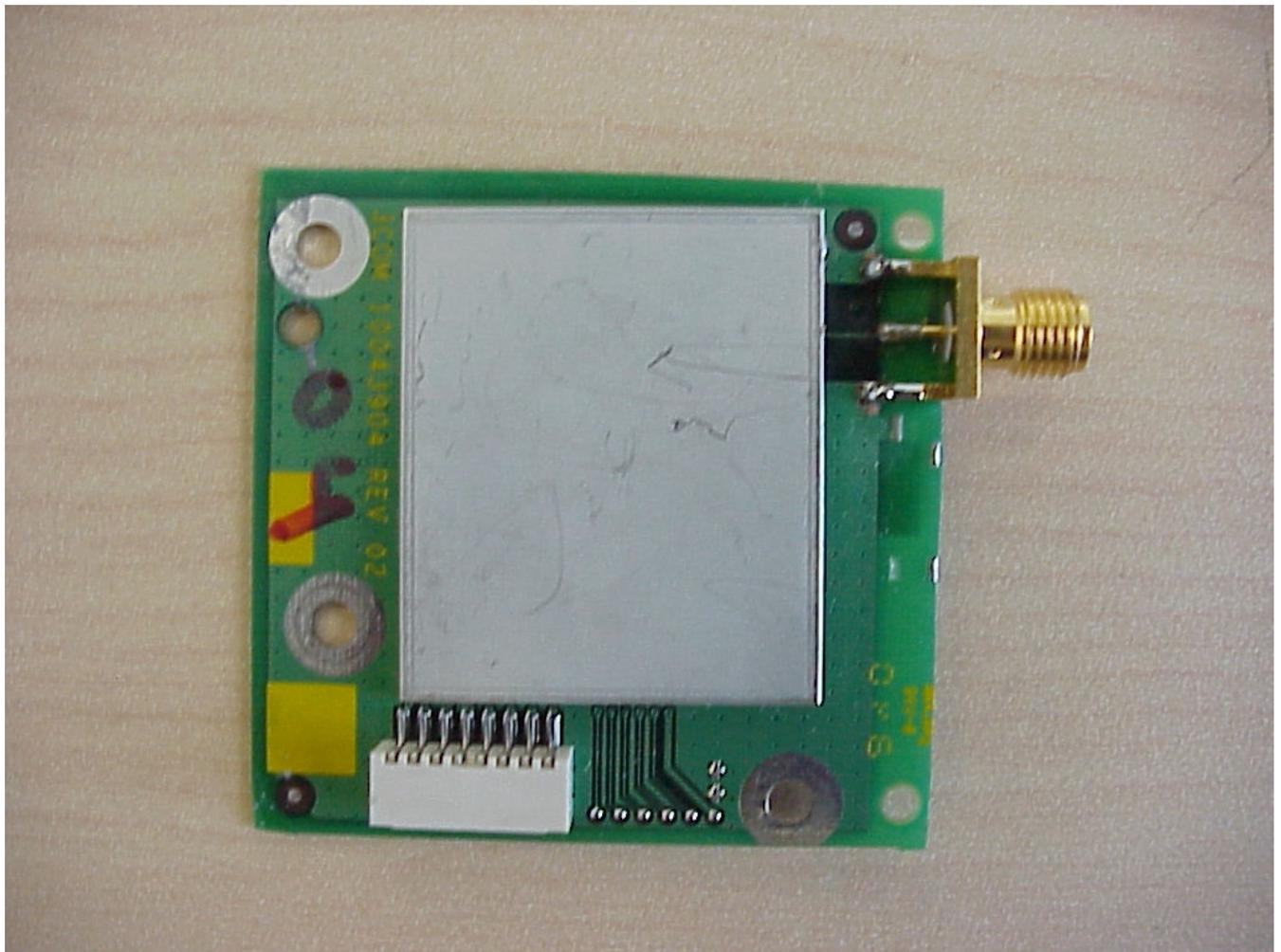
Extended cable length between module printer PCB for temperature measurements. Only used for conducted measurements ( module with SMA connector)



**Photographs of the equipment**

**Photograph no.: 3**

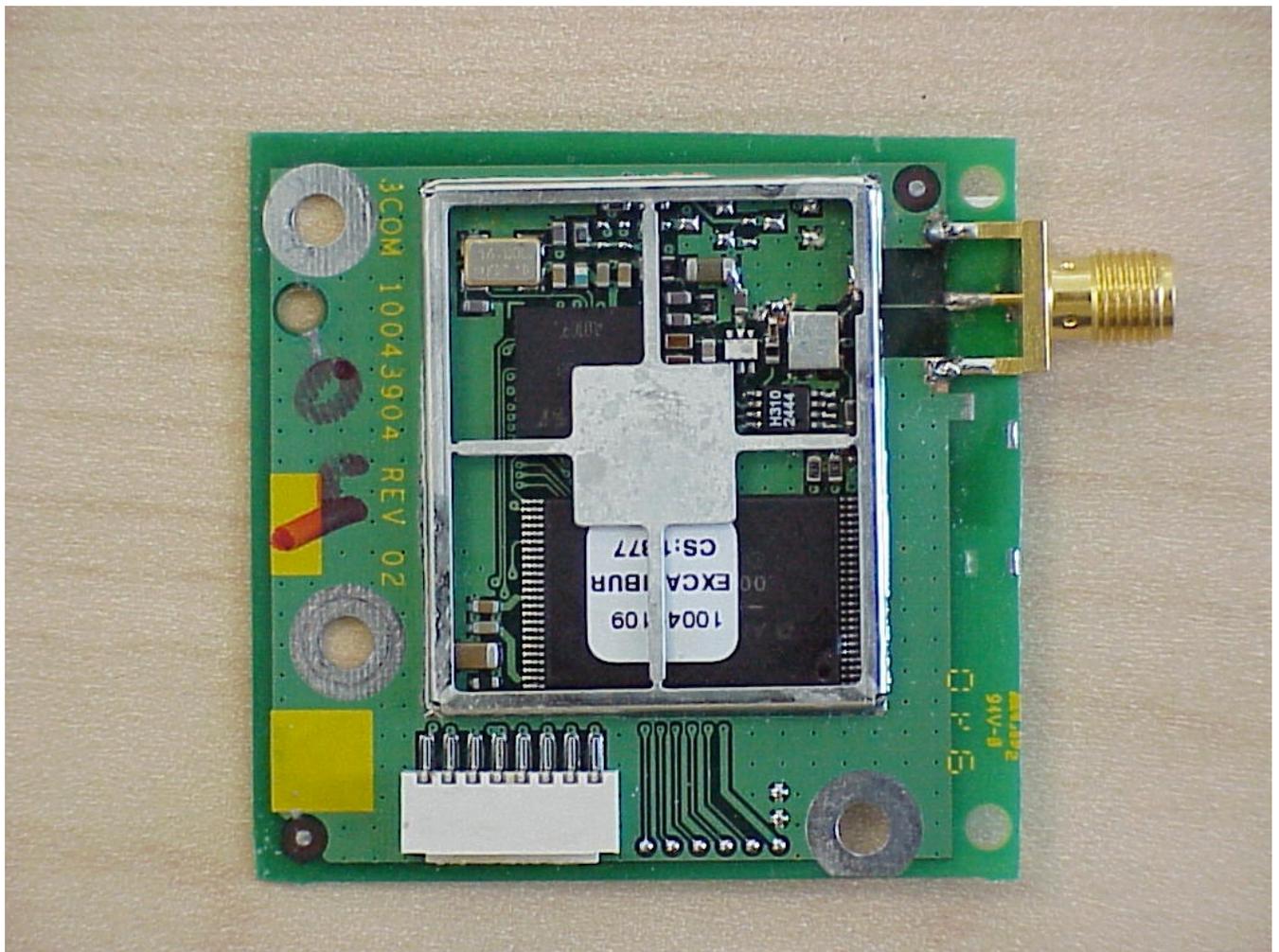
**Module used for conductd measurements (top view with sheilding) The antenna is integrated on the board.**



**Photographs of the equipment**

**Photograph no.: 4**

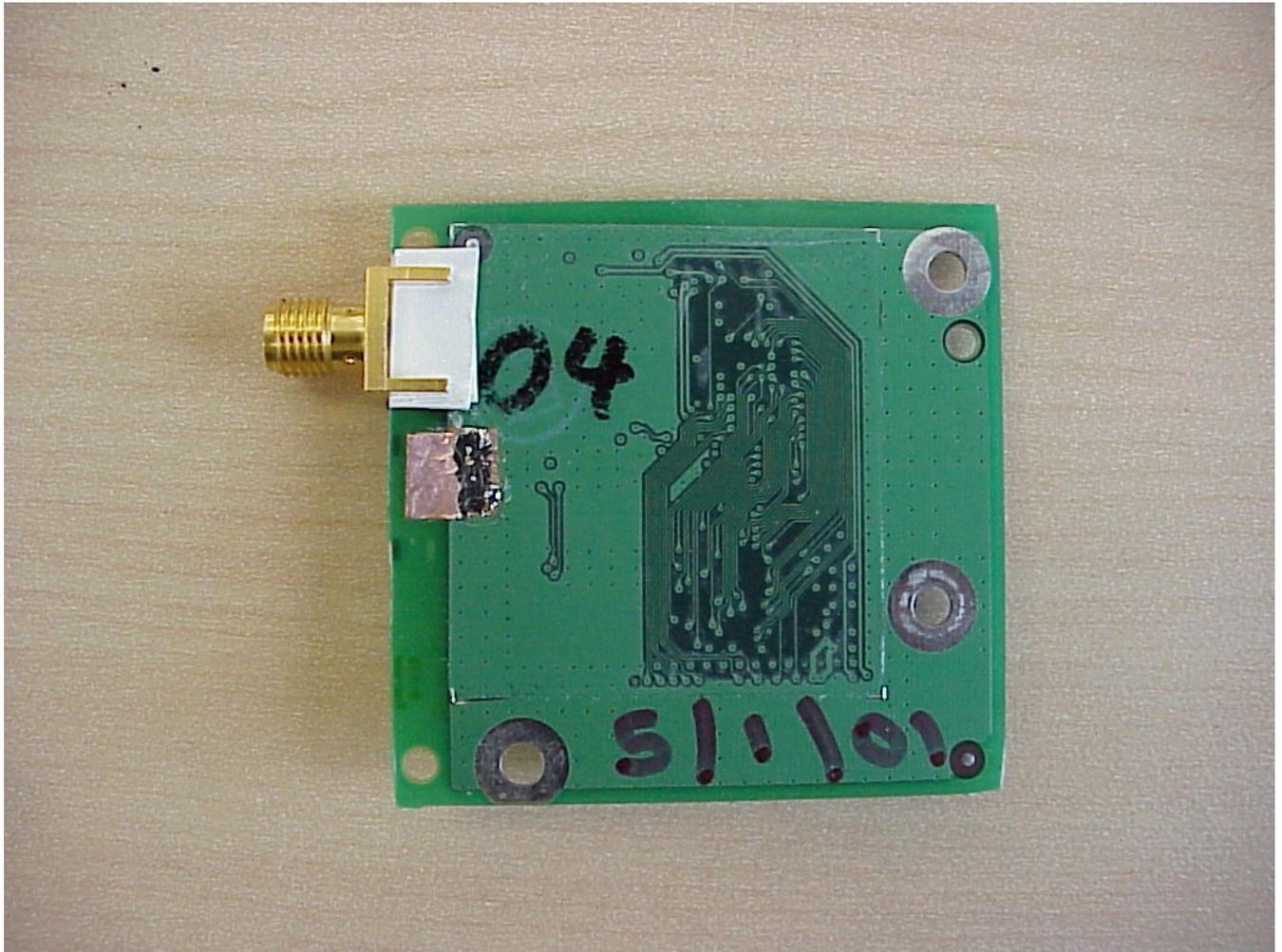
**Module used for conductd measurements (top view without sheilding)**



**Photographs of the equipment**

**Photograph no.: 5**

**Module used for conductd measurements (bottom view)**



**MEMORANDUM**

Distribution: Peter Flittner, Robert Young, James Collier

cc:

Prepared By: Alex Busteed

Subject: Results of Processing Gain Tests for FCC Qualification

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**1 INTRODUCTION**

This memo presents the results of the Processing Gain (PG) tests carried out for FCC qualification of the Cambridge Silicon Radio BC01B Bluetooth chip. The FCC states that the PG from a hybrid Bluetooth receiver must be greater than 17 dB when measured in accordance with the Continuous Wave (CW) jamming margin method. Testing of the BC01b has found the PG due to the DS section to be approximately 5 dB and the PG due to the FH part to be approximately 15 dB. It is therefore concluded that the BC01B complies with the FCC PG requirements for radio communication systems.

The rest of this paper outlines the PG measurement technique and discusses the test results. Appendix A contains a list of test equipment and Appendix B contains a printout of the measurement results.

**2 METHOD****2.1 PG Definition**

The Processing Gain from a frequency hopping communication system is derived from two parts, the FH section and the DS section. The PG due to FH is given by a simple equation and is constant. However measurement of the PG due to DS is a little more complex. One technique is to use the CW jamming margin method. This method measures PG due to DS using the following algorithm:

*A CW signal generator is stepped in 50kHz increments across the passband of the system, recording at each point the generator level required to produce the 0.1% Packet Error Rate (PER). This is the jammer level. This level is then referenced to the output power of the intended Bluetooth signal and the Jammer to Signal Ratio JSR is thus calculated. The worst 4*

JSR measurements are discarded and the worst remaining JSR is used to calculate the PG due to DS as follows:

$$G_p = SNR + JSR_{min} + L_{sys}$$

where  $G_p$  = the processing gain of the system,  $SNR$  = the signal to noise ratio required for 0.1% BER,  $JSR_{min}$  = minimum J/S ratio and  $L_{sys}$  = system losses.

## 2.2 PG Measurement Technique

Figure 1 provides an overview of the PG measurement technique. The measurement is performed in two parts, measurement of the system SNR and measurement of  $JSR_{min}$ .

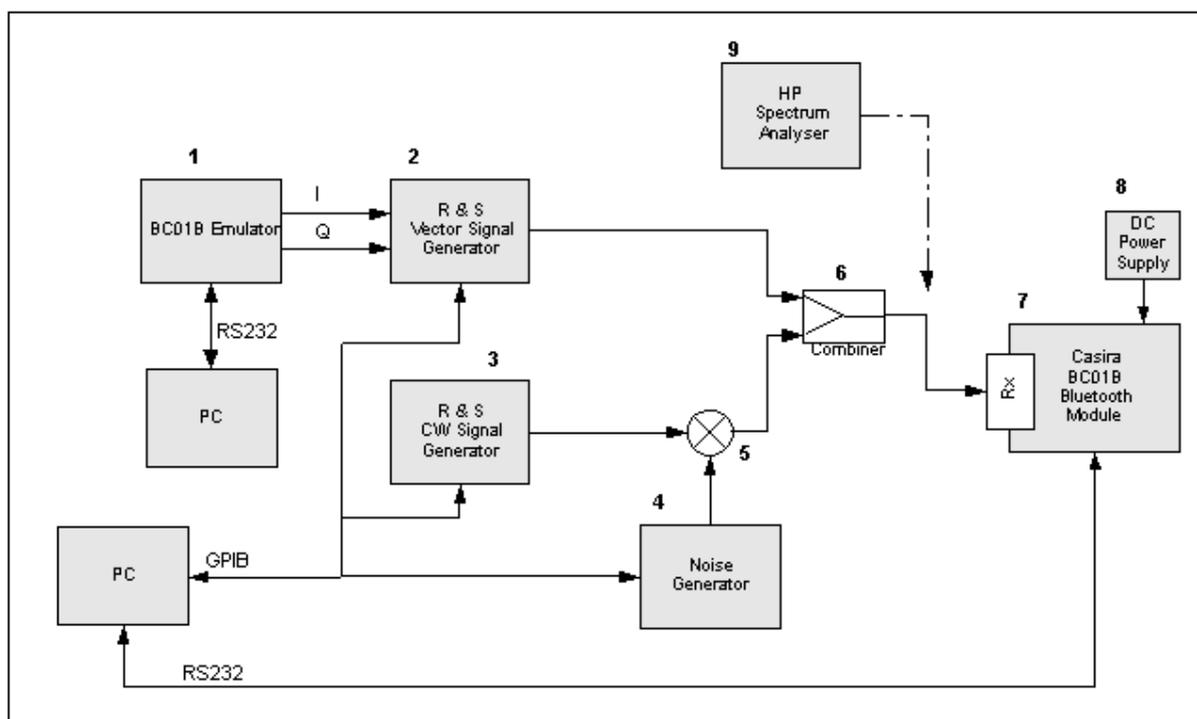


Figure 1: PG Measurement Technique

The system SNR is calculated using the following algorithm. Generate Bluetooth PRBS-9 packets using a BC01B emulator (1) and a Vector Signal Generator (2). Combine this signal with white noise of a constant level, which is generated using a noise source (4) and a CW Signal Generator (3). Then vary the level of the Bluetooth signal until the BER measured by the BC01B (7) is 0.1%. The resulting SNR is the signal level divided by the Noise level.

The JSR for a given jamming frequency is calculated using the following algorithm. Generate Bluetooth PRBS-9 packets using the BC01B emulator (1) and the Vector Signal Generator (2). Combine this signal with a constant CW tone at the jamming frequency using a CW Signal Generator (5) and a combiner (6). Then vary the level of the Bluetooth signal until the PER measured by the Casira Bluetooth Module (7) is 0.1%. The resulting JSR is the signal level divided by the jamming level.

### 3 RESULTS

#### 3.1 Overview

The measurements found that the PG due to DS caused by the access code in page and inquiry mode is found to be approximately 5dB when the access code is a relatively random mixture of 1's and 0's. A random access code causes the most Inter Symbol Interference (ISI) and hence the worst PG for a hybrid system. Therefore only the results for this access code are used in the PG calculation.

The PG due to FH is given as

$$PG_{FH} = 10 \log_{10} (\text{number of frequency hops})$$

The number of hops in a Bluetooth system is 32, therefore the PG due to FH is approximately 15 dB. When this is added to the PG due to DS, the total PG for the BC01B is approximately 20 dB, above the minimum PG requirement for FCC qualification.

#### 3.2 Detailed Results

Test Date:	17/11/00
Sample Time:	30 seconds
Access Code:	c6967e
Signal Frequency:	2.432GHz
Receiver Sensitivity:	-88.7 dBm
Jammer Signal Level:	-85.7 dBm
Measured SNR:	18.8dB
System Losses:	2dB

To calculate processing gain, ignore the worst 20% of data points and then apply the following formula:

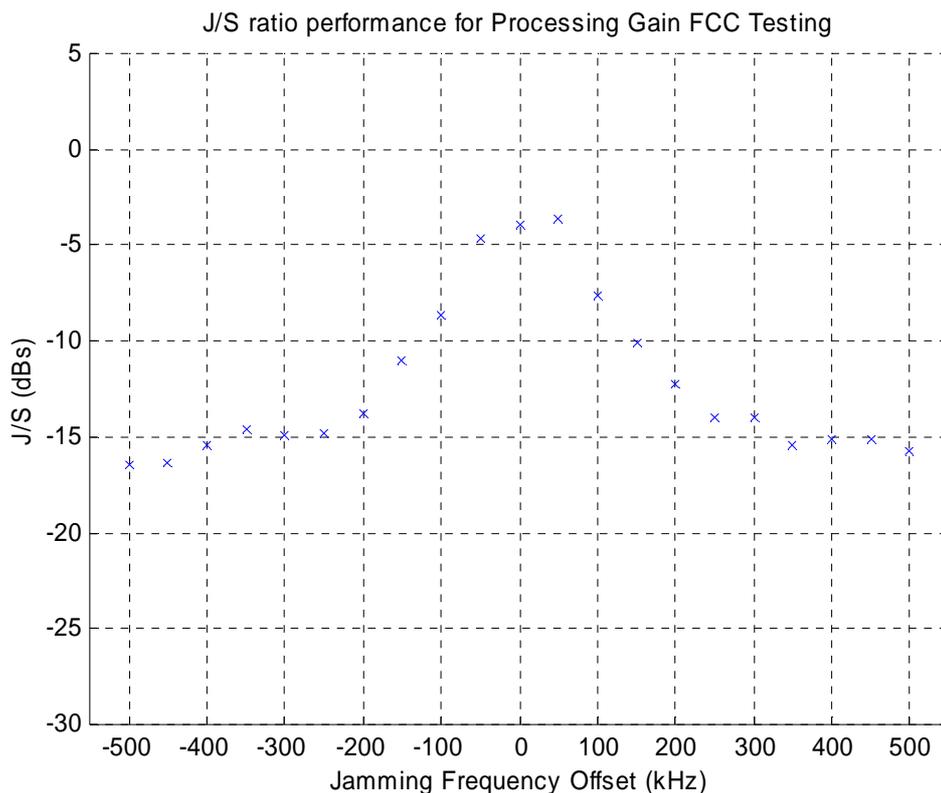
$$G_p = SNR + JSR_{\min} + L_{\text{sys}}$$

Where  $G_p$  = Processing Gain of the module  
 $SNR$  = signal to noise ratio of the module  
 $JS_{\min}$  = minimum J/S ratio after the worst 20% of J/S samples have been discarded  
 $L_{\text{sys}}$  = System losses

A total of 20 samples were taken by stepping the jamming signal frequency offsets in 50kHz increments over the bandwidth of the receiver. The worst 4 samples were found at -500kHz, -450kHz, -400kHz and 500kHz and were discarded. The remaining minimum J/S ratio was found to be -15.4dB at an offset of +350kHz

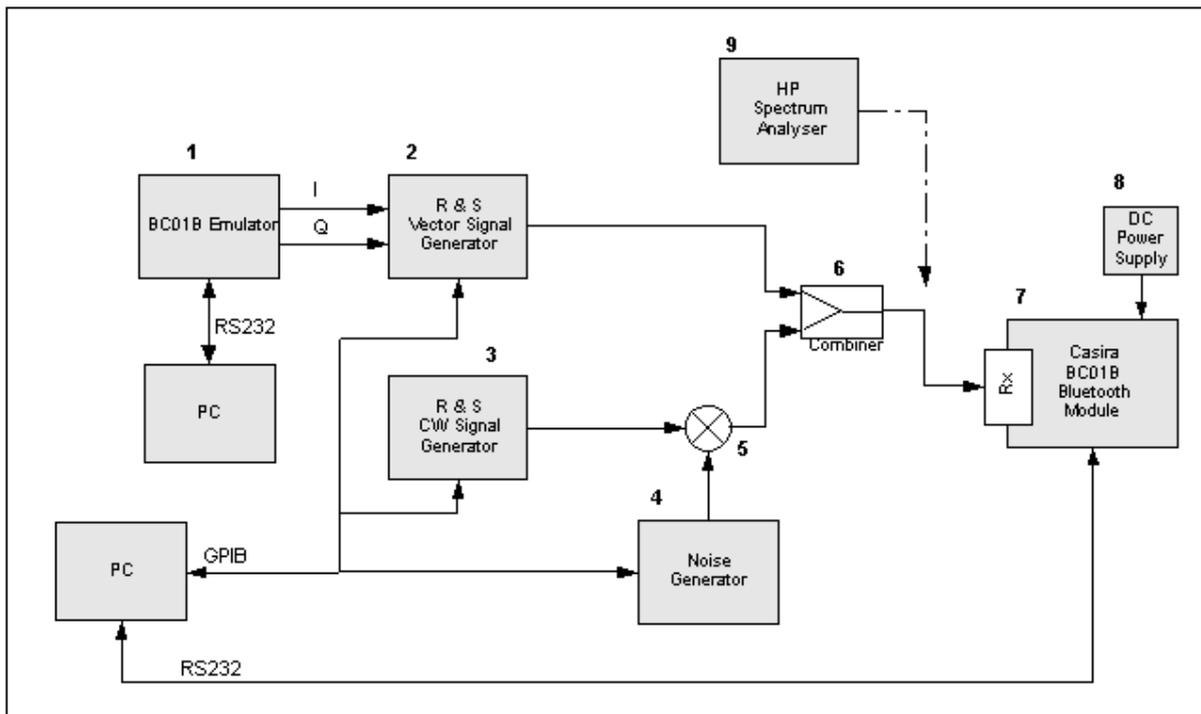
Thus, the processing gain due to direct sequence spreading in page and inquiry mode is

$$G_p = 18.8 - 15.4 + 2 = 5.4dB$$



### APPENDIX A - TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Reference:	Instrument Type	Name
1	BlueCore Emulator Board	N/A
2	Vector Signal Generator	IFR2052
3	CW Signal Generator	IFR2025
4	White Noise Generator	HP33120A
5	RF Mixer	M8HC-7
6	RF Combiner	6 dB loss combiner
7	Bluetooth Motherboard and BC01B Module	Casira Development Kit
8	5V, 4A DC Power Supply	N/A
9	Spectrum Analyser	HP E4405B



## APPENDIX B - TEST RESULTS

Timestamp: 14:42.43, 16/11/2000

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz

Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm

Jammer Offset = -500 kHz

Level = -68.7 dBm	BER = 0.03%	PER = 0.01%	SER1 = 0.01%	SER2 = 0.01%
Level = -70.7 dBm	BER = 0.32%	PER = 0.79%	SER1 = 0.79%	SER2 = 0.79%
Level = -69.7 dBm	BER = 0.11%	PER = 0.18%	SER1 = 0.18%	SER2 = 0.18%
Level = -68.7 dBm	BER = 0.04%	PER = 0.03%	SER1 = 0.02%	SER2 = 0.02%
Level = -69.2 dBm	BER = 0.06%	PER = 0.05%	SER1 = 0.05%	SER2 = 0.05%
Level = -69.7 dBm	BER = 0.11%	PER = 0.16%	SER1 = 0.16%	SER2 = 0.16%
Level = -69.5 dBm	BER = 0.09%	PER = 0.11%	SER1 = 0.11%	SER2 = 0.11%
Level = -69.3 dBm	BER = 0.07%	PER = 0.05%	SER1 = 0.05%	SER2 = 0.05%

J/S = -16.50 dB (SER = 0.05%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz

Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm

Jammer Offset = -450 kHz

Level = -69.2 dBm	BER = 0.06%	PER = 0.05%	SER1 = 0.05%	SER2 = 0.05%
Level = -71.2 dBm	BER = 0.84%	PER = 1.72%	SER1 = 1.69%	SER2 = 1.69%
Level = -70.2 dBm	BER = 0.26%	PER = 0.40%	SER1 = 0.40%	SER2 = 0.40%
Level = -69.2 dBm	BER = 0.07%	PER = 0.06%	SER1 = 0.06%	SER2 = 0.06%
Level = -69.7 dBm	BER = 0.12%	PER = 0.18%	SER1 = 0.18%	SER2 = 0.18%
Level = -69.5 dBm	BER = 0.09%	PER = 0.14%	SER1 = 0.14%	SER2 = 0.14%
Level = -69.3 dBm	BER = 0.07%	PER = 0.08%	SER1 = 0.08%	SER2 = 0.08%

J/S = -16.40 dB (SER = 0.08%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz

Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm

Jammer Offset = -400 kHz

Level = -69.3 dBm	BER = 0.04%	PER = 0.02%	SER1 = 0.02%	SER2 = 0.02%
Level = -71.3 dBm	BER = 0.44%	PER = 0.72%	SER1 = 0.71%	SER2 = 0.71%
Level = -70.3 dBm	BER = 0.13%	PER = 0.11%	SER1 = 0.11%	SER2 = 0.11%
Level = -69.3 dBm	BER = 0.04%	PER = 0.01%	SER1 = 0.01%	SER2 = 0.01%
Level = -69.8 dBm	BER = 0.08%	PER = 0.03%	SER1 = 0.02%	SER2 = 0.02%
Level = -70.3 dBm	BER = 0.13%	PER = 0.10%	SER1 = 0.10%	SER2 = 0.10%

J/S = -15.40 dB (SER = 0.10%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz

Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm

Jammer Offset = -350 kHz

Level = -70.3 dBm	BER = 0.05%	PER = 0.01%	SER1 = 0.01%	SER2 = 0.01%
Level = -72.3 dBm	BER = 0.88%	PER = 1.67%	SER1 = 1.64%	SER2 = 1.64%
Level = -71.3 dBm	BER = 0.19%	PER = 0.10%	SER1 = 0.10%	SER2 = 0.10%
Level = -70.3 dBm	BER = 0.06%	PER = 0.01%	SER1 = 0.01%	SER2 = 0.01%
Level = -70.8 dBm	BER = 0.09%	PER = 0.04%	SER1 = 0.04%	SER2 = 0.04%
Level = -71.3 dBm	BER = 0.17%	PER = 0.12%	SER1 = 0.12%	SER2 = 0.12%

Level = -71.1 dBm BER = 0.13% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%

J/S = -14.60 dB (SER = 0.05%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -300 kHz

Level = -71.1 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.15% SER1 = 0.15% SER2 = 0.15%  
Level = -69.1 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -70.1 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -71.1 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.19% SER1 = 0.19% SER2 = 0.19%  
Level = -70.6 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.04% SER1 = 0.04% SER2 = 0.04%  
Level = -70.8 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.09% SER1 = 0.09% SER2 = 0.09%

J/S = -14.90 dB (SER = 0.09%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -250 kHz

Level = -70.8 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -72.8 dBm BER = 0.05% PER = 2.34% SER1 = 2.29% SER2 = 2.29%  
Level = -71.8 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.33% SER1 = 0.33% SER2 = 0.33%  
Level = -70.8 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%  
Level = -71.3 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.11% SER1 = 0.11% SER2 = 0.11%  
Level = -71.1 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.11% SER1 = 0.11% SER2 = 0.11%  
Level = -70.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%

J/S = -14.80 dB (SER = 0.03%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -200 kHz

Level = -70.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -72.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.34% SER1 = 0.34% SER2 = 0.34%  
Level = -71.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.07% SER1 = 0.07% SER2 = 0.07%  
Level = -72.4 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.15% SER1 = 0.15% SER2 = 0.15%  
Level = -72.2 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.12% SER1 = 0.12% SER2 = 0.12%  
Level = -72.0 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%

J/S = -13.80 dB (SER = 0.07%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -150 kHz

Level = -71.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -73.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -75.9 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.83% SER1 = 0.82% SER2 = 0.82%  
Level = -74.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.16% SER1 = 0.16% SER2 = 0.16%  
Level = -73.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -74.4 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.08% SER1 = 0.07% SER2 = 0.07%  
Level = -74.9 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.18% SER1 = 0.18% SER2 = 0.18%

Level = -74.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.10% SER1 = 0.10% SER2 = 0.10%

J/S = -11.00 dB (SER = 0.10%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -100 kHz

Level = -74.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -76.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -78.7 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 2.05% SER1 = 2.01% SER2 = 2.01%  
Level = -77.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.30% SER1 = 0.30% SER2 = 0.30%  
Level = -76.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%  
Level = -77.2 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.13% SER1 = 0.12% SER2 = 0.12%  
Level = -77.0 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.08% SER1 = 0.07% SER2 = 0.07%

J/S = -8.70 dB (SER = 0.07%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = -50 kHz

Level = -77.0 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -79.0 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -81.0 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -83.0 dBm BER = 0.16% PER = 0.73% SER1 = 0.72% SER2 = 0.72%  
Level = -82.0 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.26% SER1 = 0.26% SER2 = 0.26%  
Level = -81.0 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%  
Level = -81.5 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.13% SER1 = 0.13% SER2 = 0.13%  
Level = -81.3 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.11% SER1 = 0.11% SER2 = 0.11%  
Level = -81.1 dBm BER = 0.04% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%

J/S = -4.60 dB (SER = 0.06%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +0 kHz

Level = -68.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -70.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -72.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -74.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -76.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -78.7 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -80.7 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -82.7 dBm BER = 0.04% PER = 0.04% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%  
Level = -84.7 dBm BER = 7.51% PER = 48.26% SER1 = 27.11% SER2 = 28.05%  
Level = -83.7 dBm BER = 0.31% PER = 1.01% SER1 = 0.86% SER2 = 0.86%  
Level = -82.7 dBm BER = 0.05% PER = 0.24% SER1 = 0.18% SER2 = 0.18%  
Level = -81.7 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -82.2 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.13% SER1 = 0.10% SER2 = 0.10%  
Level = -82.0 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 2.31% SER1 = 2.24% SER2 = 2.24%  
Level = -81.8 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%

J/S = -3.90 dB (SER = 0.05%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +50 kHz

Level = -81.8 dBm BER = 0.11% PER = 0.02% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -83.8 dBm BER = 0.68% PER = 2.16% SER1 = 1.82% SER2 = 1.82%  
Level = -82.8 dBm BER = 0.28% PER = 0.35% SER1 = 0.29% SER2 = 0.29%  
Level = -81.8 dBm BER = 0.09% PER = 0.02% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -82.3 dBm BER = 0.15% PER = 0.25% SER1 = 0.22% SER2 = 0.22%  
Level = -82.1 dBm BER = 0.12% PER = 0.09% SER1 = 0.07% SER2 = 0.07%

J/S = -3.60 dB (SER = 0.07%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +100 kHz

Level = -82.1 dBm BER = 1.55% PER = 15.88% SER1 = 13.44% SER2 = 13.51%  
Level = -80.1 dBm BER = 0.28% PER = 5.78% SER1 = 5.47% SER2 = 5.47%  
Level = -78.1 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.09% SER1 = 0.09% SER2 = 0.09%

J/S = -7.60 dB (SER = 0.09%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +150 kHz

Level = -78.1 dBm BER = 0.41% PER = 13.58% SER1 = 11.96% SER2 = 12.16%  
Level = -76.1 dBm BER = 0.09% PER = 0.42% SER1 = 0.42% SER2 = 0.42%  
Level = -74.1 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -75.1 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.02% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -76.1 dBm BER = 0.04% PER = 0.41% SER1 = 0.41% SER2 = 0.41%  
Level = -75.6 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.10% SER1 = 0.10% SER2 = 0.10%

J/S = -10.10 dB (SER = 0.10%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +200 kHz

Level = -75.6 dBm BER = 0.26% PER = 7.53% SER1 = 7.00% SER2 = 7.00%  
Level = -73.6 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.17% SER1 = 0.17% SER2 = 0.17%  
Level = -71.6 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -72.6 dBm BER = 0.00% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%  
Level = -73.6 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.14% SER1 = 0.14% SER2 = 0.14%  
Level = -73.1 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.04% SER1 = 0.04% SER2 = 0.04%  
Level = -73.3 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -73.5 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.09% SER1 = 0.09% SER2 = 0.09%

J/S = -12.20 dB (SER = 0.09%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +250 kHz

Level = -73.5 dBm BER = 0.25% PER = 3.58% SER1 = 3.46% SER2 = 3.46%  
Level = -71.5 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%  
Level = -72.5 dBm BER = 0.06% PER = 0.57% SER1 = 0.57% SER2 = 0.57%  
Level = -72.0 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.12% SER1 = 0.12% SER2 = 0.12%  
Level = -71.5 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.04% SER1 = 0.04% SER2 = 0.04%  
Level = -71.7 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -71.9 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.10% SER1 = 0.10% SER2 = 0.10%

J/S = -14.00 dB (SER = 0.05%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +300 kHz

Level = -71.7 dBm BER = 0.08% PER = 0.10% SER1 = 0.10% SER2 = 0.10%

J/S = -14.00 dB (SER = 0.10%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +350 kHz

Level = -71.7 dBm BER = 0.25% PER = 1.43% SER1 = 1.41% SER2 = 1.41%  
Level = -69.7 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -70.7 dBm BER = 0.08% PER = 0.14% SER1 = 0.14% SER2 = 0.14%  
Level = -70.2 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.74% SER1 = 0.74% SER2 = 0.74%  
Level = -69.7 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.02% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -69.9 dBm BER = 0.02% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -70.1 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.03% SER2 = 0.03%  
Level = -70.3 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%  
Level = -70.5 dBm BER = 0.06% PER = 0.13% SER1 = 0.13% SER2 = 0.13%

J/S = -15.40 dB (SER = 0.06%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +400 kHz

Level = -70.3 dBm BER = 0.07% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -72.3 dBm BER = 1.28% PER = 4.62% SER1 = 4.42% SER2 = 4.42%  
Level = -71.3 dBm BER = 0.24% PER = 0.48% SER1 = 0.47% SER2 = 0.47%  
Level = -70.3 dBm BER = 0.06% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%  
Level = -70.8 dBm BER = 0.12% PER = 0.15% SER1 = 0.15% SER2 = 0.15%  
Level = -70.6 dBm BER = 0.11% PER = 0.08% SER1 = 0.08% SER2 = 0.08%

J/S = -15.10 dB (SER = 0.08%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +450 kHz

Level = -70.6 dBm BER = 0.17% PER = 0.11% SER1 = 0.11% SER2 = 0.11%  
Level = -68.6 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -69.6 dBm BER = 0.04% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%

Level = -70.6 dBm BER = 0.17% PER = 0.08% SER1 = 0.07% SER2 = 0.07%  
Level = -71.6 dBm BER = 0.60% PER = 0.70% SER1 = 0.69% SER2 = 0.69%  
Level = -71.1 dBm BER = 0.31% PER = 0.30% SER1 = 0.29% SER2 = 0.29%  
Level = -70.6 dBm BER = 0.19% PER = 0.11% SER1 = 0.11% SER2 = 0.11%  
Level = -70.1 dBm BER = 0.09% PER = 0.03% SER1 = 0.02% SER2 = 0.02%  
Level = -70.3 dBm BER = 0.10% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -70.5 dBm BER = 0.16% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%  
Level = -70.7 dBm BER = 0.20% PER = 0.05% SER1 = 0.05% SER2 = 0.05%  
Level = -70.9 dBm BER = 0.26% PER = 0.15% SER1 = 0.15% SER2 = 0.15%

J/S = -15.10 dB (SER = 0.07%)

Signal Freq = 2.432 GHz  
Jammer Level = -85.7 dBm  
Jammer Offset = +500 kHz

Level = -68.7 dBm BER = 0.01% PER = 0.00% SER1 = 0.00% SER2 = 0.00%  
Level = -70.7 dBm BER = 0.12% PER = 0.19% SER1 = 0.19% SER2 = 0.19%  
Level = -69.7 dBm BER = 0.03% PER = 0.01% SER1 = 0.01% SER2 = 0.01%  
Level = -70.2 dBm BER = 0.07% PER = 0.12% SER1 = 0.12% SER2 = 0.12%  
Level = -70.0 dBm BER = 0.04% PER = 0.06% SER1 = 0.06% SER2 = 0.06%

J/S = -15.70 dB (SER = 0.06%)