

SAR Test Report

Test Report No. 15005437S-A-R1

| | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Customer | Canon Inc. |
| Description of EUT | Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module |
| Model Number of EUT | ES204 |
| FCC ID | AZD241 |
| Test Regulation | FCC 47CFR 2.1093 |
| Test Result | Complied |
| Issue Date | May 7, 2024 |
| Remarks | - |

Representative Test Engineer


 Hiroshi Naka
 Engineer

Approved By


 Toyokazu Imamura
 Engineer


CERTIFICATE 1266.03

The testing in which "Non-accreditation" is displayed is outside the accreditation scopes in UL Japan, Inc.

There is no testing item of "Non-accreditation".

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- The information provided by the applicant for this report is identified in Section 1.
- The laboratory is not responsible for information provided by the customer which can impact the validity of the results.
- For test report(s) referred in this report, the latest version (including any revisions) is always referred.

REVISION HISTORY

Original Test Report No.: 15005437S-A

This report is a revised version of 15005437S-A. 15005437S-A is replaced with this report.

| Revision | Test Report No. | Date | Page Revised Contents |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|--|
| - (Original) | 15005437S-A | March 7, 2024 | - |
| -R1 | 15005437S-A-R1 | May 7, 2024 | <p>(p3) The abbreviation of "NS" was changed to "Nerve Stimulation". (p5) (clause 2.1) Added sample receipt date (April 29, 2024) and SAR test date (May 7, 2024) for option battery. (p5) (clause 2.2) Optional battery (BP-A30N) added as SAR accessory. (p11) Corrected "1n40" to "11n40" in the Mode column in the table. (p12) (clause 6.1) Added liquid data for May 7, 2024. (p13) Corrected errors in data transcription. (was) [] [] Top [] 0 [] [] 11a [] 6 Mbps [] 5260 [] 52 [] 100 [] 100 [] 10 [] 8.56 [] 1.39 [] 0.069 [] Positive [] n/a [] 0.088 [] 10 [] 16 [] (new) [] [] Top [] 0 [] [] 11a [] 6 Mbps [] 5260 [] 52 [] 100 [] 100 [] 10 [] 8.56 [] 1.39 [] 0.061 [] Positive [] n/a [] 0.113 [] 10 [] 16 [] (p13) Added SAR results and comment for battery operation (BP-A60N and BP-A30N (option)). (p13) Added comment *2 (A smaller optional battery B (BP-A30N) with a smaller convexity from the back of the device was additionally SAR tested on May 7, 2024). (p14) Corrected the designation "Back" to "Rear" for the product face. (p15) Added battery mounted photo. (BP-A60N and BP-A30N (option)). (p15) Added description of battery: BP-A30N (option). (p16) Added SAR setup photographs for battery operation. (BP-A60N and BP-A30N (option)). (p19) Changed the list of "Equipment used" from PDF format to table format, and added the equipment used for the SAR test for May 7, 2024. (p23) (Appendix 3-2-2) Added POWERSOURCE1 calibration power "Pin" to the table and deleted "Figure. Test setup for the system performance check (example)" to use POWERSOURCE1. Corrected the comment ***a*. Added the results of May 7, 2024. The SAR8g and APD columns were removed and masked. (p24) (Appendix 3-2-3) Added the results of May 7, 2024. * SAR system check results data (May 7, 2024) was added on page 24, so pages after page 24 are off by one page. (p26) (Appendix 3-4) Added the POWRSOURCE1 calibration data.</p> |

Reference : Abbreviations (Including words undescribed in this report) (R15v240501S07v240507)

| | | | |
|----------------|---|-------------|--|
| A2LA | The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation | JAB | Japan Accreditation Board |
| AC | Alternating Current | LAN | Local Area Network |
| AFH | Adaptive Frequency Hopping | LIMS | Laboratory Information Management System |
| AM | Amplitude Modulation | MCS | Modulation and Coding Scheme |
| Amp, AMP | Amplifier | MIMO | Multiple Input Multiple Output (Radio) |
| ANSI | American National Standards Institute | MPE | Maximum Permissible Exposure |
| Ant, ANT | Antenna | MRA | Mutual Recognition Arrangement |
| AP | Access Point | MU-MIMO | Multi-User Multiple Input Multiple Output (Radio) |
| APD | Absorbed Power Density | N/A | Not Applicable, Not Applied |
| ASK | Amplitude Shift Keying | NII | National Information Infrastructure (Radio) |
| Atten., ATT | Attenuator | NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| AV | Average | NR | New Radio |
| BPSK | Binary Phase-Shift Keying | NS | Nerve Stimulation |
| BR | Bluetooth Basic Rate | NSA | Normalized Site Attenuation |
| BT | Bluetooth | NVLAP | National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program |
| BT LE | Bluetooth Low Energy | OBW | Occupied Band Width |
| BW | BandWidth | OFDM | Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing |
| Cal Int | Calibration Interval | PD | Power Density |
| CCK | Complementary Code Keying | P/M | Power meter |
| CDD | Cyclic Delay Diversity | PCB | Printed Circuit Board |
| CFR | Code of Federal Regulations | PER | Packet Error Rate |
| Ch., CH | Channel | PHY | Physical Layer |
| CISPR | Comité International Special des Perturbations Radioélectriques | PK | Peak |
| CW | Continuous Wave | PN | Pseudo random Noise |
| DBPSK | Differential BPSK | PRBS | Pseudo-Random Bit Sequence |
| DC | Direct Current | PSD | Power Spectral Density |
| D-factor | Distance factor | QAM | Quadrature Amplitude Modulation |
| DFS | Dynamic Frequency Selection | QP | Quasi-Peak |
| DQPSK | Differential QPSK | QPSK | Quadrature Phase Shift Keying |
| DSSS | Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum | RBW | Resolution Band Width |
| DUT | Device Under Test | RDS | Radio Data System |
| EDR | Enhanced Data Rate | RE | Radio Equipment |
| EIRP, e.i.r.p. | Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power | RF | Radio Frequency |
| EMC | ElectroMagnetic Compatibility | RMS | Root Mean Square |
| EMI | ElectroMagnetic Interference | RSS | Radio Standards Specifications |
| EN | European Norm | RU | Resource Unit |
| ERP, e.r.p. | Effective Radiated Power | Rx | Receiving |
| ETSI | European Telecommunications Standards Institute | SA, S/A | Spectrum Analyzer |
| EU | European Union | SAR | Specific Absorption Rate |
| EUT | Equipment Under Test | SDM | Space Division Multiplexing |
| Fac. | Factor | SISO | Single Input Single Output (Radio) |
| FCC | Federal Communications Commission | SG | Signal Generator |
| FHSS | Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum | SPLSR | SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio |
| FM | Frequency Modulation | SVSWR | Site-Voltage Standing Wave Ratio |
| Freq. | Frequency | TER | Total Exposure Ratio |
| FSK | Frequency Shift Keying | TSL | Tissue Simulation Liquid |
| GFSK | Gaussian Frequency-Shift Keying | T/R | Test Receiver |
| GNSS | Global Navigation Satellite System | Tx | Transmitting |
| GPS | Global Positioning System | U-NII | Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (Radio) |
| HE | High Efficiency (e.g. IEEE 802.11ax20HE) | URS | Unintentional Radiator(s) |
| HT | High Throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11n20HT) | VBW | Video BandWidth |
| Hori. | Horizontal | Vert. | Vertical |
| ICES | Interference-Causing Equipment Standard | VHT | Very High Throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11ac20VHT) |
| IEC | International Electrotechnical Commission | WLAN | Wireless LAN |
| IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers | Wi-Fi, WiFi | Wireless LAN, trademarked by Wi-Fi Alliance |
| IF | Intermediate Frequency | WPT | Wireless Power Transmit |
| ILAC | International Laboratory Accreditation Conference | | |
| IPD | Incident Power Density | | |
| ISED | Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada | | |
| ISO | International Organization for Standardization | | |

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SECTION 1: Customer information

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Company Name | Canon Inc. |
| Address | 30-2, Shimomaruko 3-chome, Ohta-ku, Tokyo 146-8501 Japan |
| Telephone Number | +81-3-5482-7283 |
| Contact Person | Kuniyo Nakahara |

The information provided from the customer is as follows:

- Customer name, Company name, Type of Equipment, Model No., FCC ID on the cover and other relevant pages.
- SECTION 1: Customer information
- SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)
- SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing
- Appendix 1: The part of Antenna location information, Description of EUT and Support Equipment

SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)

2.1 Identification of EUT

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Type | Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module |
| Model Number | ES204 |
| Serial Number | AT231106-E1 |
| Rating | DC 3.3 V |
| Condition of sample | Engineering prototype (Not for sale: The sample is equivalent to mass-produced items.) |
| Receipt Date of sample | October 31, 2023 (for power measurement) (*. No modification by the Lab.) December 4, 2023 (for SAR test) (*. No modification by the Lab.) April 29, 2024 (for SAR test, option battery (model: BP-A30N) (*. No modification by the Lab.) |
| Test Date (SAR) | February 27, 2024 and May 7, 2024 |

2.2 Product Description

This report contains data provided by the customer which can impact the validity of results. UL Japan, Inc. is only responsible for the validity of results after the integration of the data provided by the customer. The data provided by the customer is marked "a" in the table below.

General

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Feature of EUT | Model: ES204 (referred to as the EUT in this report) is a Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module which installs into the specified host platforms. |
|----------------|---|

Radio specification

| | |
|--|---|
| Equipment type | Transceiver |
| Frequency of operation | WLAN 2.4 GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2 GHz Band (U-NII-1): 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3 GHz Band (U-NII-2A): 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz |
| Supported modulations | WLAN 2.4 GHz band) DSSS 11b: DBPSK/DQPSK/CCK WLAN 2.4 GHz band) OFDM 11g/n: BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM WLAN 5 GHz band) OFDM 11a/r/ac: BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM, 11ac: 256QAM |
| Typical and maximum transmit power | *. The specification of typical and maximum transmit power (which may occur) refer to remarks in below "Table of Typical power and Maximum tune-up tolerance limit power". The measured output power (conducted) as SAR reference power refers to section 5 in this report. |
| Quantity of antenna | 1 piece |
| Antenna type | Printed PCB |
| Antenna connector type | Antenna side: Soldered / Module side: MHF4 |
| Antenna gain ^{a)} (max. gain) | 2.98 dBi (2.4 GHz band), 4.94 dBi (5 GHz band) (*.module alone base, including cable loss) |

*. Table of Typical power and Maximum tune-up tolerance limit power (as "maximum power")

| Tx Mode | Data rate, MCS Index | Output power (Typical and maximum) [dBm] (*. The measured output power (conducted) refers to section 5 in this report.) | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------|---|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------|------|
| | | WLAN 2.4 GHz band | | WLAN 5.2 GHz band (U-NII-1) | | WLAN 5.3 GHz band (U-NII-2A) | | | | |
| | | Frequency [MHz] | Typical | Max. | Frequency [MHz] | Typical | Max. | Frequency [MHz] | Typical | Max. |
| BR | 1Mbps | 2402-2480 | N/A (*1) | | | | | | | |
| EDR | (2-3) Mbps | 2402-2480 | N/A (*1) | | | | | | | |
| BT LE | PHY1, PHY2 | 2402-2480 | N/A (*1) | | | | | | | |
| 11b | (1-11) Mbps | 2412-2462 | 8.0 | 10.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 11g | (6-54) Mbps | 2412-2462 | 8.0 | 10.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 11a | (6-54) Mbps | N/A | N/A | N/A | 5180-5240 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 5260-5320 | 8.0 | 10.0 |
| 11n20 | MCS0-7 | 2412-2462 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5180-5240 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5260-5320 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 11ac20 | MCS0-8 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 5180-5240 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5260-5320 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 11n40 | MCS0-7 | 2422-2452 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5190, 5230 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5270, 5310 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 11ac40 | MCS0-9 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 5190, 5230 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5270, 5310 | 7.0 | 9.0 |
| 11ac80 | MCS0-9 | N/A | N/A | N/A | 5210 | 7.0 | 9.0 | 5290 | 7.0 | 9.0 |

*1. This host device is not supported BT function by the firmware.

*. Max.: maximum; N/A: Not applicable.

*. Maximum tune-up tolerance limit is conducted burst average power and is defined by a customer as Duty cycle 100% (continuous transmitting).

*. The EUT do not use the special transmitting technique such as "beam-forming" and "time-space code diversity."

Description of Host Platform

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Manufacture | Canon Inc. |
| Product name | Digital Cinema Camera |
| Model number | ID0177 |
| Condition of sample | Engineering prototype (Not for sale: The sample is equivalent to mass-produced items.) |
| Rating | DC 14.4 V |
| SAR Category Identified | Portable device (*. Since EUT may contact to a localized human body during wireless operation, the partial-body SAR (1g) shall be observed.) |
| Exposure Category | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: |
| SAR Accessory | Option battery (model: BP-A30N) |

SECTION 3: Maximum SAR value, test specification and procedures

3.1 Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Mode / Band | Highest Reported SAR [W/kg] | | | | | |
|----------------|--|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | Partial-body (Separation 0 mm, Flat phantom) | | Head (Separation 0 mm, SAM phantom) | | Limbs (Separation 0 mm, Flat phantom) | |
| | SAR type: SAR (1g) | | SAR type: SAR (1g) | | SAR type: SAR (10g) | |
| | Standalone | Simultaneous Transmission | Standalone | Simultaneous Transmission | Standalone | Simultaneous Transmission |
| WLAN 2.4 GHz | 0.19 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| WLAN 5.2 GHz | 0.79 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| WLAN 5.3 GHz | 0.64 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Limit applied | Partial body Head: 1.6 W/kg (SAR (1g)), Limbs: 4 W/kg (SAR (10g)), for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR 2.1093. | | | | | |
| Test Procedure | Refer to Section 3.3 in this report. In addition; UL Japan's SAR measurement work procedures No. ULID-003599 (13-EM-W0430). UL Japan's SAR measurement equipment calibration and inspection work procedures No. ULID-003598 (13-EM-W0429). | | | | | |

Test outline: Where the EUT is built into this platform, it was verified whether multi-platform conditions can be suited in according with clause 4.2.4 in KDB 447498 D04 (v01).

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Consideration of the test results: | The highest reported SAR (1g) of this platform was kept; ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Since highest reported SAR (1g) on this EUT's platform obtained in accordance with KDB447498 D04 (v01) was kept under 0.8 W/kg, this EUT was approved to operate multi-platform. |
|------------------------------------|---|

Conclusion

The SAR test values found for the device are below the maximum limit of 1.6 W/kg.

3.1.1 History of maximum SAR value in different platforms - Informative (Reference purpose only)

- * The following information indicates a highest SAR number of the different host platforms in the past test. The SAR test results are not described in this report.
- * In the past, this module had installed into the following host platforms and tested with measured highest reported SAR (1g) with < 0.8 W/kg. (per KDB 447498 D01 (v06); multi-platform operation requirement).

| Host platform #: | Highest Reported SAR [W/kg] | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Host platform type: | Digital Camera | Digital Camera | Digital Cinema Camera | Digital Camera | Digital Cinema Camera |
| Host platform model number: | DS126836 | DS126855 | ID0156 | DS126861 | ID0177 |
| Reference SAR test report: | 13024973S-A (2) | 13651875S-A (2) | 13863703S-A (2) | 14121389S-A (2) | This report |
| SAR test procedure: | KDB 248227 D01(v02r02), KDB 447498 D01(v06), KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) | KDB 248227 D01(v02r02), KDB 447498 D01(v06), KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) | KDB 248227 D01(v02r02), KDB 447498 D01(v06), KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) | KDB 248227 D01(v02r02), KDB 447498 D04(v01), KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) | KDB 248227 D01(v02r02), KDB 447498 D04(v01), KDB 865664 D01 (v01r04) |
| Band | Max.Power [dBm] | Body-worn (Separation 0 mm) | Body-worn (Separation 0 mm) | Body-worn (Separation 0 mm) | Body-worn (Separation 0 mm) |
| | | SAR (1g) | SAR (1g) | SAR (1g) | SAR (1g) |
| WLAN 2.4 GHz | 10.0 | 0.25 | 0.17 | 0.17 | 0.14 |
| WLAN 5.2 GHz | 10.0 | 0.42 | 0.11 | 0.43 | 0.26 |
| WLAN 5.3 GHz | 10.0 | 0.33 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.35 |
| WLAN 5.6 GHz | 10.0 | 0.32 | 0.22 | N/A (*) | 0.677 |
| WLAN 5.8 GHz | 10.0 | 0.25 | 0.12 | N/A (*) | 0.676 |
| Bluetooth | 6.0 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.06 (*) | 0.047 |
| Simultaneous SAR | 0.50 (*) | 0.28 (*) | 0.49 (*) | 0.72 (*) | N/A (*) |

*2. SAR evaluation and report publishing was done by Shonan EMC Lab. UL Japan.

*3. This host platform (ID0156) is only supported WLAN 2.4GHz&5.2GHz&5.3GHz band and BT LE(PHY1) which are limited by firmware.

*4. WLAN and Bluetooth use same antenna. Therefore, simultaneously transmitted SAR was not considered for the WLAN 2.4 GHz band and Bluetooth. Simultaneously transmitted SAR was only considered for the WLAN 5 GHz band and Bluetooth.

*5. This host platform (ID0177) is only supported WLAN 2.4GHz&5.2 GHz&5.3 GHz band which are limited by firmware.

3.2 RF Exposure limit

| SAR Exposure Limit (100 kHz ~ 6 GHz) | | |
|---|--|---|
| | General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure (*) [W/kg] | Occupational / Controlled Exposure (**) [W/kg] |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*) (Whole Body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*) (Partial-Body, Head or Body) | 1.6 | 8 |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*) (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist) | 4 | 20 |

*. For the purpose of this Regulation, FCC has adopted the SAR and RF exposure limits established in FCC 47 CFR 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

*1. General Population / Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

*2. Occupational / Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

*3. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*4. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

*5. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

The limit applied to this device which tested in this report is;

| | | |
|--|----------|--|
| Limit of Spatial Peak SAR (Partial-Body) | 1.6 W/kg | General population / uncontrolled exposure |
|--|----------|--|

3.3 Test specification

| Standard | Description | Version |
|-----------------|---|---------|
| 47 CFR 2.1093 | (Limit) Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices | - |
| ANSI/IEEE C95.1 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz | 1992 |
| IEEE Std. 1528 | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. | 2013 |
| KDB 248227 D01 | SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters v02r02 | v02r02 |
| KDB 447498 D04 | Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01 | v01 |
| KDB 447498 D03 | OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference v01 | v01 |
| KDB 865664 D01 | SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 | v01r04 |
| KDB 865664 D02 | RF exposure compliance reporting and documentation considerations v01r02 | v01r02 |
| KDB 388624 D02 | Pre-approval guidance list-APPENDIX OVER6G | v18r03 |

* The measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Manual for Module SAR. Refer to Appendix3-3 for more details.

In addition to the above, the following information was used, when it is required.:

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| TCB workshop, 2016-10 | RF Exposure Procedure, DUT Holder Perturbations; When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands. |
| TCB workshop, 2018-04 | Expedited Area Scans. (including mother scans) |
| TCB workshop, 2019-04 | RF Exposure Procedure, 802.11ax SAR Testing |
| TCB workshop, 2019-10 | RF Exposure Procedure, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL) -FCC has permitted the use of single head tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209 for all SAR tests. -If FCC parameters are used, 5 % tolerance. If IEC parameters, 10 %. |

3.4 Addition, deviation and exclusion to the test procedure

No addition, exclusion nor deviation has been made from the test procedure.

3.5 Test Location

UL Japan, Inc., Shonan EMC Lab.

1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken 259-1220 JAPAN

Telephone number: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile number: +81 463 50 6401

* A2LA Certificate Number: 1266.03 (FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 626366, ISED Lab Company Number: 2973D / CAB identifier: JP0001)

| Place | Width × Depth × Height (m) | Size of reference ground plane (m) / horizontal conducting plane |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| No.7 Shielded room | 2.76 × 3.76 × 2.4 | 2.76 × 3.76 |

3.6 SAR measurement procedure

3.6.1 SAR Definition

| | |
|--|--|
| SAR is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is shown in right. | $SAR = \frac{d(\frac{dW}{dt} dm)}{dt dm} = \frac{d(\frac{dW}{dt} \rho * dV)}{dt dm}$ |
| SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by the equation in right. SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg). Where : σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m), ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m ³), E = RMS electric field strength in tissue (V/m) | $SAR = \frac{\sigma E ^2}{\rho}$ |

3.6.2 Full SAR measurement procedure

The SAR measurement procedures are as follows: (1) The EUT is installed engineering testing software that provides continuous transmitting signal; (2) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter; (3) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software; (4) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band; (5) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

*. According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

Step 1) Power measurement -> SAR: Step 2) Power reference measurement -> Step 3) Area scan -> Step 4) Zoom scan -> Step 5) Power drift measurement

Step 1: Confirmation before SAR testing

Before SAR test, the RF wiring for the sample had been switched to the antenna conducted power measurement line from the antenna line and the average power was measured. This SAR reference power measurement was proceeded with the lowest data rate (which may have the higher time-based average power typically) on each operation mode and on the lower, middle (or near middle), upper and specified channels. The power measurement result is shown in Section 5.

*. The EUT transmission power used SAR test was verified that it was not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. (KDB447498 D04 (v01))

Step 2: Power reference measurement

Measured psSAR value at a peak location of Fast Area Scan was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

Step 3: Area Scan

(Scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (>6GHz))

Area Scans are used to determine the peak location of the measured field before doing a finer measurement around the hotspot. Peak location can be found accurately even on coarse grids using the advanced interpolation routines implemented in DASY8. Area Scans measure a two dimensional volume covering the full device under test area. DASY8 uses Fast Averaged SAR algorithm to compute the 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue from the Area Scan. DASY8 can either manually or automatically generates Area Scan grid settings based on device dimensions. In automatically case, the scan extent is defined by the device dimensions plus additional 15mm on each side. In manually, the scan covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT.

Step 4: Zoom Scan and post-processing

(Scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (>6GHz))

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

- *. A minimum volume of 30 mm (x) × 30 mm (y) × 30 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (*1), for 2.4 GHz band. (Step XY: 5 mm)
- *. A minimum volume of 24 mm (x) × 24 mm (y) × 24 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (*1), for 5 GHz band (Step XY: 4 mm).
- *. A minimum volume of 24 mm (x) × 24 mm (y) × 24 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (*1), for 6 GHz band (Step XY: 3.4 mm).

When the SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are proceeded for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR. If the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria. or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed.

- *. The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions and recorded.
- *. The ratio of the SAR at the second measured point to the SAR at the closest measured point at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 % and recorded.

| | | $f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$ | $3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 10 \text{ GHz}$ |
|--|---|---|--|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface | | $5 \text{ mm} \pm 1 \text{ mm}$ | $1/2 \times \delta \times \ln(2) \text{ mm} \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location | | $5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (flat phantom only) $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (other phantom) | $5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (flat phantom only) $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (other phantom) |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$ | | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz} : \leq 15 \text{ mm}$, $2\text{-}3 \text{ GHz} : \leq 12 \text{ mm}$ | $3\text{-}4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 12 \text{ mm}$, $4\text{-}6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 10 \text{ mm}$ $> 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 60/f \text{ mm}$, or half of the corresponding zoom scan length, whichever is smaller. |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$ | | | When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be \leq the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device. |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$ | | $\leq 2 \text{ GHz} : \leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $2\text{-}3 \text{ GHz} : \leq 5 \text{ mm}$ (*1) | $3\text{-}4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 5 \text{ mm}$ (*1), $4\text{-}6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 4 \text{ mm}$ (*1) $> 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 24/f \text{ mm}$ |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface graded grid | $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n)$ | $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ | $3\text{-}4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 4 \text{ mm}$, $4\text{-}5 \text{ GHz} : \leq 3 \text{ mm}$, $5\text{-}6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2 \text{ mm}$ $> 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 10/f \text{ mm}$ |
| | | $\leq 4 \text{ mm}$ | $3\text{-}4 \text{ GHz} : \leq 3 \text{ mm}$, $4\text{-}5 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2.5 \text{ mm}$, $5\text{-}6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 2 \text{ mm}$ $> 6 \text{ GHz} : \leq 12/f \text{ mm}$ |
| | $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n > 1)$: between subsequent points | | $\leq 1.5 \times \Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1) \text{ mm}$ |
| Minimum zoom scan volume | x, y, z | $\geq 30 \text{ mm}$ | $3\text{-}4 \text{ GHz} : \geq 28 \text{ mm}$, $4\text{-}5 \text{ GHz} : \geq 25 \text{ mm}$, $5\text{-}6 \text{ GHz} : \geq 22 \text{ mm}$ $> 6 \text{ GHz} : \geq 22 \text{ mm}$ |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEE Std 1528-2013 ($\leq 6 \text{ GHz}$) and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 ($\leq 10 \text{ GHz}$) for details.

*1. When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. (KDB 865664 D01)

*. The scan parameters of $> 6 \text{ GHz}$ is defined IEC/IEEE 62209-1528.

Step 5: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same project. The Power Drift Measurement gives the SAR difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. It was checked that the power drift was within $\pm 5\%$ (0.21 dB) in single SAR project run. The verification of power drift during the SAR test shown in SAR plot data of APPENDIX 2.

- *. The most of SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0 mm. The phantom bottom thickness is approx. 2mm. Therefore, the distance between the SAR probe tip to the surface of test device which is touched the bottom surface of the phantom is approx. 2.4 mm. Typical distance from probe tip to probe's dipole centers is 1mm.

- *1. "Ratio step" method parameters used; the first measurement point: "1.4 mm" from the phantom surface, the initial z grid separation: "1.5 mm", subsequent graded grid ratio: "1.5" for 2.4 GHz band and the initial z grid separation: "1.4 mm", subsequent graded grid ratio: "1.4" for above 5 GHz. These parameters comply with the requirement of KDB 865664 D01 and recommended by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY8 manual).

SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing

4.1 Operating modes for testing

The EUT has single antenna and IEEE 802.11b/11g/11a/11n20/11n40/11ac20/11ac40/11ac80 continuous transmitting modes. The frequency and the modulation used in the SAR testing are shown as a following.

| Operation mode | 11b | 11g | 11n20 | 11n40 | 11a | 11n20 | 11ac20 | 11n40 | 11ac40 | 11ac80 | 11a | 11n20 | 11ac20 | 11n40 | 11ac40 | 11ac80 |
|------------------------|-------------------|-----------|--|----------|-----------------------|----------|-------------|------------|---|------------------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| band | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WLAN 2.4GHz band | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tx band [MHz] | 2412-2462 | 2422-2452 | | | 5180-5240 | | 5190, 5230 | 5210 | | | 5260-5320 | | 5270, 5310 | | 5290 | |
| Bandwidth [MHz] | 20 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 40 | 80 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 40 | 80 |
| Max.power [dBm] | 10 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Modulation | DSSS | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM | OFDM |
| D/R [Mbps] | 1 | 6 | MCS0 | MCS0 | 6 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 | 6 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 | MCS0 |
| Frequency tested [MHz] | 2412, 2437, 2462 | n/a (*1) | n/a (*1) | n/a (*1) | 5180, 5220, 5240 (*2) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | 5260, 5300, 5320 | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) | n/a (*3) |
| Controlled software | Test name | | Software name | | | | Version | Date | Storage location / Remarks | | | | | | | |
| | Power measurement | | RF Test Command for 11ac 1x1 WLAN module | | | | Version 1.0 | 2023-10-31 | Memory of test jig. By Tera-term (V.4.106) | | | | | | | |
| | SAR test | | RF Test Command for 11ac 1x1 WLAN module | | | | Version 1.0 | 2023-12-04 | Memory of digital cinema camera. By Tera-term (V.4.106) | | | | | | | |

*. Max.power: Maximum power (tune-up limit power), D/R: Data rate, n/a: SAR test was not applied.

*1. (KDB 248227 D01) Since reported SAR 1g of DSSS mode which had highest output power was enough small (< 1.2 W/kg), SAR test of OFDM mode was reduced.

*2. SAR test of WLAN 5.2 GHz band was also applied, even though the reported SAR(1g) of WLAN 5.3 GHz band was lower than 1.2 W/kg.

*3. Since the maximum output power was lower than 11a mode, the SAR test was reduced.

*. SAR test reduction considerations

(KDB 447498 D04(v01), General RF Exposure Guidance) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1g or 10g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1) $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1g , or 2.0 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is $\leq 100 \text{ MHz}$
- (2) $\leq 0.6 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1g, or 1.5 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3) $\leq 0.4 \text{ W/kg}$ for 1g, or 1.0 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is $\geq 200 \text{ MHz}$

The SAR has been measured with highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tool for WLAN and/or Bluetooth. When the transmission duty factor could not be 100%, the reported SAR will be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production unit, the measured SAR will be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to determine compliance.

(KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters) When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are tested.

For 2.4GHz band, the highest measured maximum output power channel of DSSS was selected for SAR measurement, When the reported SAR is $\leq 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, no further SAR test is required in this exposure configuration. Otherwise, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

For 5GHz band, the initial test configuration was selected accordance to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power. When the reported SAR is $> 0.8 \text{ W/kg}$, SAR is required for the subsequent highest measured output power channel until the reported SRA result is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$ or all required channels are measured. For other transmission modes, SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

4.2 RF exposure conditions (Test exemption)

Antenna separation distances in each test setup plan are shown as follows.

| Setup | Explanation of EUT setup (*. Refer to Appendix 1 for test setup photographs.) | | | | | | | Antenna separation distance [mm] |
|--------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------------------------------|
| Rear-upper | The upper section of rear surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 2.8 |
| Top | The top surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 3.1 |
| Left | The left surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 60 |
| Right | The right surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 61.5 |
| Bottom | The bottom surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 121.9 |
| Front (Lens) | The front surface of host platform was touched to the Flat phantom. | | | | | | | 123.4 |

*: Antenna separation distance. It is the distance from the antenna inside EUT to the outer surface of EUT which user may touch.

*: SAR test exemption consideration by KDB 447498 D04 (v01)

| Tx Mode | Higher frequency [MHz] | Conducted | | Antenna | | ≤5mm | | ≤5mm | | >50 mm | | >50 mm | | >50 mm | |
|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | Max. ave. power [dBm] | Gain [dBi] | ERP [dBm] | ERP [mW] | Rear-upper | Top | Left | Right | Bottom | Front | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g |
| | | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g | SAR1g |
| WLAN 2.4 GHz | 2462 | 10 | 10 | 2.98 | 10.83 | 12 | Test, 3 mW | Test, 3 mW | Exempt, >100 mW |
| WLAN 5.2 GHz | 5240 | 10 | 10 | 4.94 | 12.79 | 19 | Test, 1 mW | Test, 1 mW | Exempt, >100 mW |
| WLAN 5.3 GHz | 5320 | 10 | 10 | 4.94 | 12.79 | 19 | Test, 1 mW | Test, 1 mW | Exempt, >100 mW |

*: Antenna separation distance is rounded to the nearest integer numbers (in mm) before calculation.

*: (Calculating formula) ERP (dBm) = (max. conducted output power, dBm) + (antenna gain, dBi) - 2.15

Conclusion for consideration for SAR test reduction

- 1) The all SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0 mm.
- 2) "Rear upper" and "Top" setup are applied the SAR test because near antenna section (higher than calculated threshold power). The SAR test of other SAR test setup are reduced, because there have enough antenna separation distance and the SAR test exclusion judge was "test can be reduced".

SAR-based thresholds (P_{th} (mW)) shown below table of "Example Power Thresholds [mW]" are derived based on frequency, power, and separation distance of the RF source. The formula defines the thresholds in general for either available maximum time-averaged power or maximum time-averaged effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater. The SAR-based exemption is calculated by Formula (B.2) in below, applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold P_{th} (mW).

When 10-g extremity SAR applies, SAR test exemption may be considered by applying a factor of 2.5 to the SAR-based exemption thresholds.

*: This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive).

| Table: Example Power Thresholds [mW] for SAR1g (Bold: listed in Table B.2 of KDB 447498 D04 (v01), Italic: Calculated) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Frequency [MHz] | Distance [mm] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| 2402 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 32 | 35 | 39 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 55 | 59 | 64 | 68 | 73 | 78 | 84 | 112 | 144 | 180 | 220 |
| 2450 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 54 | 59 | 63 | 68 | 73 | 78 | 83 | 111 | 143 | 179 | 219 |
| 2462 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 54 | 58 | 63 | 68 | 73 | 78 | 83 | 111 | 143 | 179 | 219 |
| 2480 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 31 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 54 | 58 | 63 | 67 | 72 | 77 | 82 | 111 | 143 | 179 | 218 |
| 3600 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 26 | 29 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 45 | 49 | 53 | 57 | 62 | 66 | 71 | 96 | 125 | 158 | 195 |
| 5240 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 21 | 24 | 26 | 29 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 42 | 45 | 49 | 53 | 57 | 61 | 83 | 110 | 140 | 174 |
| 5320 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 19 | 21 | 23 | 26 | 29 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 41 | 45 | 48 | 52 | 56 | 60 | 83 | 109 | 139 | 173 |
| 5700 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 25 | 28 | 31 | 34 | 37 | 40 | 43 | 47 | 51 | 55 | 59 | 81 | 107 | 136 | 170 |
| 5800 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 40 | 43 | 47 | 50 | 54 | 58 | 80 | 106 | 136 | 169 |
| 5825 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 25 | 28 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 40 | 43 | 47 | 50 | 54 | 58 | 80 | 106 | 135 | 169 |
| 5885 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 25 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 43 | 46 | 50 | 54 | 58 | 80 | 105 | 135 | 168 |
| 6000 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 46 | 50 | 53 | 57 | 79 | 105 | 134 | 167 |

Calculating formula:

$$P_{th} (\text{mW}) = ERP_{20\text{cm}} (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B.1})$$

$$P_{th} (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} ERP_{20\text{cm}} (d/20\text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20\text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20\text{cm}} & 20\text{ cm} < d \leq 40\text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (\text{B.2})$$

$x = -\log_{10} \left(\frac{60}{ERP_{20\text{cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and $ERP_{20\text{cm}}$ is per Formula (B.1).

TABLE B.1—THRESHOLDS FOR SINGLE RF SOURCES SUBJECT TO ROUTINE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION

| RF Source Frequency f_1 [MHz] | RF Source Frequency f_2 [MHz] | Minimum Distance $\lambda_L / 2\pi$ | Minimum Distance $\lambda_H / 2\pi$ | Threshold ERP [W] |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0.3 | — | 1.34 | 159 m | 35.6 m |
| 1.34 | — | 30 | 35.6 m | 1.6 m |
| 30 | — | 300 | 1.6 m | 159 mm |
| 300 | — | 1,500 | 159 mm | 31.8 mm |
| 1,500 | — | 100,000 | 31.8 mm | 0.5 mm |

Subscripts L and H are low and high. λ is wavelength.
From §11307(b)(3)(C), modified by adding Minimum Distance columns.
R is in meter, f is in MHz
Threshold ERP [W] = $19.2 \times R^2$ (—formula (A.1))
(Distance: over 40 cm)

SECTION 5: Confirmation before testing

5.1 Test reference power measurement

* Antenna gain (peak): 2.98 dBi (2.4GHz band), 4.94 dBi 5GHz band)

| Mode | Frequency | | Data rate | Power Setting (software) | Duty cycle | Duty factor | Duty scaled factor | Measurement Result | | Power correction | | | | Power tuning applied? | Remarks | | |
|--------|-----------|----|-----------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|------------------|------|-------|------|-----------------------|---------|------|--|
| | [MHz] | CH | | | | | | [Hz] | [%] | [dB] | [Hz] | [dBm] | [mW] | [dBm] | [dBm] | [dB] | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [Hz] | |
| 11b | 2412 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.56 | 7.18 | 8.56 | 7.18 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.44 | 1.39 | No | |
| | 2437 | 6 | 1 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.54 | 7.14 | 8.54 | 7.14 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.46 | 1.40 | No | |
| | 2462 | 11 | 1 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.45 | 7.00 | 8.45 | 7.00 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.55 | 1.43 | No | |
| 11g | 2412 | 1 | 6 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.48 | 7.05 | 8.48 | 7.05 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.52 | 1.42 | No | |
| | 2437 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.47 | 7.03 | 8.47 | 7.03 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.53 | 1.42 | No | |
| | 2462 | 11 | 6 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.35 | 6.84 | 8.35 | 6.84 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.65 | 1.46 | No | |
| 11n20 | 2412 | 1 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.56 | 5.70 | 7.56 | 5.70 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.44 | 1.39 | No | |
| | 2437 | 6 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.53 | 5.66 | 7.53 | 5.66 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.47 | 1.40 | No | |
| | 2462 | 11 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.43 | 5.53 | 7.43 | 5.53 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.57 | 1.44 | No | |
| 11n40 | 2422 | 3 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.66 | 5.83 | 7.66 | 5.83 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.34 | 1.36 | No | |
| | 2437 | 6 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.75 | 5.96 | 7.75 | 5.96 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.25 | 1.33 | No | |
| | 2452 | 9 | MCS0 | 7 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.43 | 5.53 | 7.43 | 5.53 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.57 | 1.44 | No | |
| 11a | 5180 | 36 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.02 | 6.34 | 8.02 | 6.34 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.98 | 1.58 | Yes | |
| | 5200 | 40 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.11 | 6.47 | 8.11 | 6.47 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.89 | 1.55 | Yes | |
| | 5220 | 44 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.25 | 6.68 | 8.25 | 6.68 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.76 | 1.50 | Yes | |
| | 5240 | 48 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.39 | 6.90 | 8.39 | 6.90 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.61 | 1.45 | Yes | |
| | 5260 | 52 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.56 | 7.18 | 8.56 | 7.18 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.44 | 1.39 | Yes | |
| | 5280 | 56 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.72 | 7.45 | 8.72 | 7.45 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.28 | 1.34 | Yes | |
| | 5300 | 60 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.79 | 7.57 | 8.79 | 7.57 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.21 | 1.32 | Yes | |
| | 5320 | 64 | 6 | 9 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.90 | 7.76 | 8.90 | 7.76 | 8.0 | 10.0 | -1.10 | 1.29 | Yes | |
| | 5180 | 36 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.20 | 5.25 | 7.20 | 5.25 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.80 | 1.51 | Yes | |
| 11n20 | 5200 | 40 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.30 | 5.37 | 7.30 | 5.37 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.70 | 1.48 | Yes | |
| | 5220 | 44 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.42 | 5.52 | 7.42 | 5.52 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.58 | 1.44 | Yes | |
| | 5240 | 48 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.57 | 5.71 | 7.57 | 5.71 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.43 | 1.39 | Yes | |
| | 5260 | 52 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.73 | 5.93 | 7.73 | 5.93 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.27 | 1.34 | Yes | |
| | 5280 | 56 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.90 | 6.17 | 7.90 | 6.17 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.10 | 1.29 | Yes | |
| 11ac20 | 5300 | 60 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.97 | 6.27 | 7.97 | 6.27 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.03 | 1.27 | Yes | |
| | 5320 | 64 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.08 | 6.43 | 8.08 | 6.43 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -0.92 | 1.24 | Yes | |
| | 5180 | 36 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.20 | 5.25 | 7.20 | 5.25 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.80 | 1.51 | Yes | |
| | 5200 | 40 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.28 | 5.35 | 7.28 | 5.35 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.72 | 1.49 | Yes | |
| | 5220 | 44 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.40 | 5.50 | 7.40 | 5.50 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.60 | 1.45 | Yes | |
| 11n40 | 5240 | 48 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.55 | 5.69 | 7.55 | 5.69 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.45 | 1.40 | Yes | |
| | 5260 | 52 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.73 | 5.93 | 7.73 | 5.93 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.27 | 1.34 | Yes | |
| | 5280 | 56 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.89 | 6.15 | 7.89 | 6.15 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.11 | 1.29 | Yes | |
| | 5300 | 60 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.97 | 6.27 | 7.97 | 6.27 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.03 | 1.27 | Yes | |
| | 5320 | 64 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.07 | 6.41 | 8.07 | 6.41 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -0.93 | 1.24 | Yes | |
| 11ac40 | 5190 | 38 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.21 | 5.26 | 7.21 | 5.26 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.79 | 1.51 | Yes | |
| | 5230 | 46 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.48 | 5.60 | 7.48 | 5.60 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.52 | 1.42 | Yes | |
| | 5270 | 54 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.82 | 6.05 | 7.82 | 6.05 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.18 | 1.31 | Yes | |
| | 5310 | 62 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.03 | 6.35 | 8.03 | 6.35 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -0.97 | 1.25 | Yes | |
| 11ac40 | 5190 | 38 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.22 | 5.27 | 7.22 | 5.27 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.78 | 1.51 | Yes | |
| | 5230 | 46 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.48 | 5.60 | 7.48 | 5.60 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.52 | 1.42 | Yes | |
| | 5270 | 54 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.81 | 6.04 | 7.81 | 6.04 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.19 | 1.32 | Yes | |
| | 5310 | 62 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.01 | 6.32 | 8.01 | 6.32 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -0.99 | 1.26 | Yes | |
| 11ac80 | 5210 | 42 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 7.84 | 6.08 | 7.84 | 6.08 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -1.16 | 1.31 | Yes | |
| | 5290 | 58 | MCS0 | 8 | 100 | 0.00 | 1.00 | 8.42 | 6.95 | 8.42 | 6.95 | 7.0 | 9.0 | -0.58 | 1.14 | Yes | |

*1. "Yes": The power setting was adjusted so that measured average power was not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

* CH: Channel; Power spec.: Power specification; Max.: Maximum; n/a: Not applied/Not applicable.

*. Calculating formula: Time average power (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm)+(Cable loss, dB)+(Attenuator, dB)

Burst power (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm)+(Cable loss, dB)+(Attenuator, dB)+(duty factor, dB)

Duty cycle: (duty cycle, %) = (Tx on time) / (1 cycle time) × 100, Duty factor (dBm) = $10 \times \log(100 / (\text{duty cycle, \%}))$

Duty cycle scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100% / (duty cycle, %)

ΔMax. (Deviation from max.power, dB) = (Burst power measured (average, dBm)) - (Max.tune-up limit power (average, dBm))

Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor [-] = 1 / (10 ^ ("Deviation from max., dB" / 10))

*. Date measured: November 6, 2023 / Measured by: H. Naka / Place: Preparation room of No. 7 shield room. (24 deg.C / 49 %RH)

*. Uncertainty of antenna port conducted test: (± 1.1 dB (Average power), (± 0.27 % (duty cycle).

SECTION 6: Tissue simulating liquid

6.1 Liquid measurement

| Frequency [MHz] | Liquid type | Liquid Temp. [deg.C] | Liquid depth of phantom [mm] | Liquid parameters | | | | | | | | ΔSAR Coefficients (*a) | | | Date measured | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----|---------------|----|
| | | | | Permittivity (ϵ_r) [-] | | | Conductivity [S/m] | | | Interpolated? | ΔSAR | | ΔSAR correct Required? | | | |
| | | | | Measured | $\Delta\epsilon_r$ [%] | Limit [%] | Measured | $\Delta\sigma$ [%] | Limit [%] | | $\Delta\epsilon_r$ [%] | 1g [%] | 10g [%] | | | |
| 2450 | Head | 22.0 | 150 | 39.2 | 39.32 | 0.3 | 5 | begin | 1.80 | 1.851 | 2.8 | 5 | begin | 1.3 | 0.7 | no |
| 5250 | Head | 22.0 | 150 | 35.93 | 34.57 | -3.8 | 5 | begin | 4.706 | 4.563 | -3.0 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 1.1 | no |
| 2450 | Head | 22.5 | 151 | 39.2 | 35.00 | -2.6 | 5 | begin | 1.80 | 1.832 | 1.8 | 5 | begin | 0.7 | 0.3 | no |
| 5250 | Head | 22.5 | 151 | 35.93 | 39.58 | 0.8 | 5 | begin | 4.706 | 4.500 | -4.4 | 5 | begin | 0.7 | 0.9 | no |
| 2412 | Head | 22.0 | 150 | 39.27 | 39.40 | 0.3 | 5 | begin | 1.766 | 1.825 | 3.3 | 5 | begin | 1.5 | 0.8 | no |
| 2437 | | | | 39.22 | 39.34 | 0.3 | 5 | begin | 1.788 | 1.841 | 3.0 | 5 | begin | 1.4 | 0.7 | no |
| 2462 | | | | 39.19 | 39.31 | 0.3 | 5 | begin | 1.813 | 1.862 | 2.7 | 5 | begin | 1.2 | 0.6 | no |
| 5180 | | | | 36.01 | 34.70 | -3.6 | 5 | begin | 4.635 | 4.483 | -3.3 | 5 | begin | 0.8 | 1.1 | no |
| 5220 | | | | 35.96 | 34.63 | -3.7 | 5 | begin | 4.676 | 4.528 | -3.2 | 5 | begin | 0.8 | 1.1 | no |
| 5240 | | | | 35.94 | 34.59 | -3.8 | 5 | begin | 4.696 | 4.551 | -3.1 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 1.1 | no |
| 5260 | | | | 35.92 | 34.56 | -3.8 | 5 | begin | 4.717 | 4.575 | -3.0 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 1.1 | no |
| 5300 | | | | 35.87 | 34.49 | -3.9 | 5 | begin | 4.758 | 4.620 | -2.9 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 1.2 | no |
| 5320 | | | | 35.85 | 34.45 | -3.9 | 5 | begin | 4.778 | 4.640 | -2.9 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 1.2 | no |
| 2412 | Head | 22.5 | 151 | 39.27 | 39.58 | 0.8 | 5 | begin | 1.766 | 1.804 | 2.2 | 5 | begin | 0.9 | 0.5 | no |
| 2437 | | | | 39.22 | 39.54 | 0.8 | 5 | begin | 1.788 | 1.823 | 2.0 | 5 | begin | 0.8 | 0.4 | no |
| 2462 | | | | 39.19 | 39.50 | 0.8 | 5 | begin | 1.813 | 1.842 | 1.6 | 5 | begin | 0.6 | 0.3 | no |
| 5180 | | | | 36.01 | 35.12 | -2.5 | 5 | begin | 4.635 | 4.424 | -4.6 | 5 | begin | 0.6 | 0.9 | no |
| 5220 | | | | 35.96 | 35.05 | -2.5 | 5 | begin | 4.676 | 4.467 | -4.5 | 5 | begin | 0.6 | 0.9 | no |
| 5240 | | | | 35.94 | 35.01 | -2.6 | 5 | begin | 4.696 | 4.488 | -4.4 | 5 | begin | 0.6 | 0.9 | no |
| 5260 | | | | 35.92 | 34.98 | -2.6 | 5 | begin | 4.717 | 4.510 | -4.4 | 5 | begin | 0.7 | 0.9 | no |
| 5300 | | | | 35.87 | 34.91 | -2.7 | 5 | begin | 4.758 | 4.555 | -4.3 | 5 | begin | 0.7 | 0.9 | no |
| 5320 | | | | 35.85 | 34.88 | -2.7 | 5 | begin | 4.778 | 4.577 | -4.2 | 5 | begin | 0.7 | 0.9 | no |

*1. "begin": SAR test has ended within 24 hours from the liquid parameter measurement, "< 48 hrs.". Since SAR test has ended within 48 hours (2 days) from the liquid parameter measurement and a change in the liquid temperature was within 1 degree, liquid parameters measured on first day were used on next day continuously. "value (%)": Since the SAR test series took longer than 48 hours, the liquid parameters were measured on every 48 hours period and on the date which was end of test series. Since the difference of liquid parameters between the beginning and next measurement was smaller than 5%, the liquid parameters measured in beginning were used until end of each test series.

Calculating formula: " $\Delta\epsilon_r(>48 \text{ hrs.}) (\%)$ " = $\{(\text{dielectric properties, end of test series}) / (\text{dielectric properties, beginning of test series}) - 1\} \times 100$

*: The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the DAK-3.5 dielectric probe kit.

*: The target values refers to clause 6.2 of this report.

*a. The coefficients in below are parameters defined in IEEE Std.1528.

(Calculating formula, 4 MHz-6 GHz): $\Delta\text{SAR}(1g) = C\epsilon_r \times \Delta\epsilon_r + C\sigma \times \Delta\sigma$, $C\epsilon_r = 7.854E-4 \times f^3 + 9.402E-3 \times f^2 - 2.742E-2 \times f + 0.2026$ / $C\sigma = 9.804E-3 \times f^3 - 8.661E-2 \times f^2 + 2.981E-2 \times f + 0.7829$

$\Delta\text{SAR}(10g) = C\epsilon_r \times \Delta\epsilon_r + C\sigma \times \Delta\sigma$, $C\epsilon_r = 3.456E-3 \times f^3 - 3.531E-2 \times f^2 + 7.675E-2 \times f - 0.1860$ / $C\sigma = 4.479E-3 \times f^3 - 1.586E-2 \times f^2 - 0.1972 \times f + 0.7717$

(Calculating formula): ΔSAR corrected SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) $\times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR}(\%)) / 100)$

Since the calculated ΔSAR values of the tested liquid had shown positive correction (conservative measurement), the measured SAR was not converted by ΔSAR correction.

6.2 Target of tissue simulating liquid

Nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom are listed in the following table. (Appendix A, KDB 865664 v01r04)

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head | | Body | | Target Frequency (MHz) | Head | | Body | |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{S/m})$ | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{S/m})$ | | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{S/m})$ | ϵ_r | $\sigma(\text{S/m})$ |
| 1800-2000 | 40.0 | 1.40 | 53.3 | 1.52 | 3000 | 38.5 | 2.40 | 52.0 | 2.73 |
| 2450 | 39.2 | 1.80 | 52.7 | 1.95 | 5800 | 35.3 | 5.27 | 48.2 | 6.00 |

*. For other frequencies, the target nominal dielectric values shall be obtained by linear interpolation between the higher and lower tabulated figures.

Above 5800MHz were obtained using linear extrapolation.

6.3 Simulated tissue composition

| | | | | | |
|---|--|--|-----------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Liquid type | Head | Control No. | SSLHV6-01 | Model No. / Product No. | HBB600-10000V6 / SL AAH U16 BC |
| Ingredient: Mixture [%] | | | | | |
| Water: >77, Ethanol: <5.2, Sodium petroleum sulfonate: <2.9, Hexylene Glycol: <2.9, alkoxylated alcohol (>C ₁₆): <2.0 | | | | | |
| Tolerance specification | | | | | |
| Temperature gradients [% / deg.C] | permittivity: -0.19 / conductivity: -0.57 (at 2.6 GHz), permittivity: +0.31 / conductivity: -1.43 (at 5.5 GHz) (*) | | | | |
| Manufacture | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Note: *: speag_920-SLAxy-E_1.12.15CL (Maintenance of tissue simulating liquid) | | | |

SECTION 7: Measurement results

7.1 Measurement results (SAR)

| ANT # | Test setup | | | Mode and Frequency (*2) | | | Duty cycle | | Power correction | | | SAR results [W/kg] (Max. value of multi-peak) | | | SAR type | SAR Limit [W/kg] | SAR plot # in App. 2-2 | Setup photo # in App. 1-3 | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|---------------|---|-------------------|-------------------------|-------|----|------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---|----------|----------------|--------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| | Test position | Gap [mm] | Source power (*1) | Mode (D/R) | [MHz] | CH | Duty [%] | Duty scaled factor | Max. tune-up limit [dBm] | Measured conducted power [dBm] | Power scaled factor | Measured | ASAR [%] | ΔSAR corrected | Scaled (*b) | | | | |
| | Setup | Mark with ^(*) is the initial mode & frequency. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) WLAN 2.4 GHz band | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2412 | 1 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | 0.093 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.129 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2437 | 6 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.54 | 1.40 | 0.108 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.151 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps) | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | 0.134 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.192 | 1g | 1.6 | 1-1 | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery A | 11b (1 Mbps) | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | 0.119 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.170 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P3 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery B | 11b (1 Mbps) | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | 0.095 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.136 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P4 |
| - | Top | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | 0.077 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.110 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P2 |
| - | Left | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Right | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps) | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Bottom | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Front | 0 | DC supply | 11b (1 Mbps)* | 2462 | 11 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.45 | 1.43 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| 2) WLAN 5.2 GHz band | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | 0.498 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.787 | 1g | 1.6 | 2-1 | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5220 | 44 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.25 | 1.50 | 0.510 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.765 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5240 | 48 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.39 | 1.45 | 0.492 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.713 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery A | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | 0.444 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.702 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P3 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery B | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | 0.412 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.651 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P4 |
| - | Top | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | 0.107 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.169 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P2 |
| - | Left | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Right | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Bottom | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Front | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5180 | 36 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.02 | 1.58 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| 3) WLAN 5.3 GHz band | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | 0.458 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.637 | 1g | 1.6 | 3-1 | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps) | 5300 | 60 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.79 | 1.32 | 0.424 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.560 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5320 | 64 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.90 | 1.29 | 0.393 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.507 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P1 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery A | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | 0.410 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.570 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P3 |
| - | Rear-upper | 0 | Battery B | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | 0.360 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.500 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P4 |
| - | Top | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | 0.081 | Positive | n/a (*a) | 0.113 | 1g | 1.6 | - | P2 |
| - | Left | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Right | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Bottom | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |
| - | Front | 0 | DC supply | 11a (6 Mbps)* | 5260 | 52 | 100 | 1.00 | 10 | 8.56 | 1.39 | n/a | Positive | n/a (*a) | n/a | 1g | 1.6 | - | Exempt, See 4.2 |

*1. During battery A (BP-A60N) operation, the battery itself protrudes significantly from the back of the device during the SAR test setup, preventing reliable contact with the upper back of the device (antenna), so operation during SAR testing was performed by supplying power to the DC power connector as a representative. Battery operation was SAR verified under the worst conditions of each band of DC power operation.

*2. A smaller optional battery B (BP-A30N) with a smaller convexity from the back of the device was additionally SAR tested on May 7, 2024.

^{} The highest Reported (scaled) SARs are marked with yellow marker (x.x), respectively.

*. ANT: Antenna, Appx. Appendix, Max.: maximum.; n/a: not applied. Gap: It is the separation distance between the EUT surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom.

*. During SAR test, the radiated power is always monitored by Spectrum Analyzer and MAIA.

a. Since the calculated ΔSAR values of the tested liquid had shown positive correction, the measured SAR was not converted by ΔSAR correction.

Calculating formula: ΔSAR corrected SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (100 - ΔSAR(%)) / 100

b. Calculating formula: Reported (Scaled) SAR (W/kg) = (Measured SAR (W/kg)) × (Duty scaled factor) × (Power scaled factor)

where, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100% / (measured duty cycle, %), Power scaled factor [-] = 10^((Max.tune-up limit power, dBm) - (Measured conducted power, dBm)) / 10)

*. Calibration frequency of the SAR measurement probe (and used conversion factors for each frequency.)

The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. (Liquid: ± 5%)

| Liquid | SAR test frequency | Probe calibration frequency | Validity | Conversion factor (X,Y,Z) | Uncertainty |
|--------|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| Head | (2412, 2437, 2462) MHz | 2450 MHz | within ± 50MHz of calibration frequency | 6.83, 7.07, 6.68 | ± 12.0 % |
| Head | (5180, 5220, 5240, 5260, 5300, 5320) MHz | 5250 MHz | within ± 110 MHz of calibration frequency | 5.47, 5.16, 5.18 | ± 13.1 % |

7.2 Simultaneous transmission evaluation

Result: Simultaneous transmission did not exist.

7.3 SAR Measurement Variability (Repeated measurement requirement)

Result: Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg (SAR(1g)), the repeated measurement is not required.

7.4 Device holder perturbation verification (SAR)

Result: Since all the reported (scaled) SAR are less than 1.2 W/kg (SAR(1g)), the additional "device holder perturbation verification" measurement is not considered.

7.5 Requirements on the Uncertainty Evaluation

Decision Rule

Uncertainty is not included.

Uncertainty is included.

*. The highest measured SAR(1g) is less than 1.5 W/kg and the highest measured SAR(10g) is less than 3.75 W/kg.

Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 DO1, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 and in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 is not required.

APPENDIX 2: Measurement data

Appendix 2-1: Plot(s) of Worst Reported Value

Plot 1-1: WLAN 2.4 GHz band) Rear-upper & touch, 11b (1 Mbps), 2462 MHz

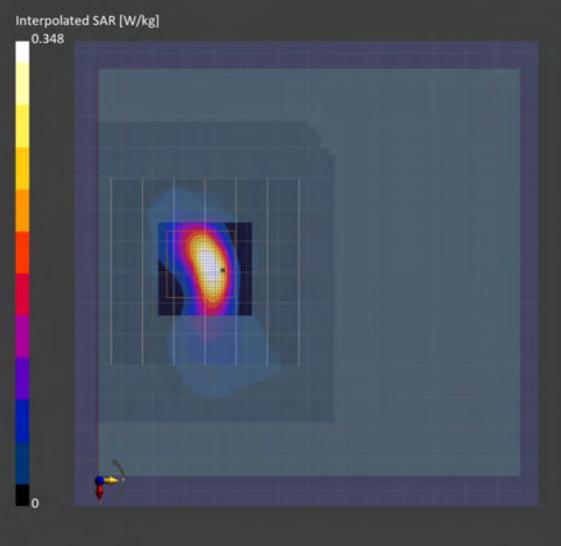
EUT: Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module + Digital Cinema Camera; Model: ES204 + ID0177; Serial:20231106-E1 + 117

Mode: 11b(1Mbps) (UID: 0 (CW)) ; Frequency: 2462 MHz ; Test Distance: 0.00 mm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 2462 MHz; Conductivity: 1.862 S/m; Permittivity: 39.31

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated: 2024-01-09) / - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (6.83, 7.07, 6.68)@2462 MHz / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup | | | Measurement Results | | |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan | Meas. Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan |
| Grid Extents [mm] | 60.0x60.0 | 30.0x30.0 | psSAR 1g [W/kg] | 0.128 | 0.134 |
| Grid Steps [mm] | 10.0x10.0 | 5.0x 5.0x1.5 | psSAR 10g [W/kg] | 0.049 | 0.049 |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0 | 1.4 | Power Drift [dB] | 0.03 | 0.02 |
| Graded Grid | N/A | Yes | Power Scaling | Disabled | Disabled |
| Grading Ratio | N/A | 1.5 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A | N/A |
| MAIA monitored | Y | Y | TSL Correction | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection | VMS + 6p | VMS + 6p | M2/M1 [%] | N/A | 76.1 |
| Scan Method | Measured | Measured | Dist 3dB Peak [mm] | N/A | 5.9 |



Remarks: *. Date tested: 2024-02-27; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (22~23) deg.C. / (65~80) %RH; Liquid depth: 150 mm;

*. Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.0 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-2/27-16,24h6,b(1),2462,rear&d0

Plot 2-1: WLAN 5.2 GHz band) Rear-upper & touch, 11a (6 Mbps), 5180 MHz

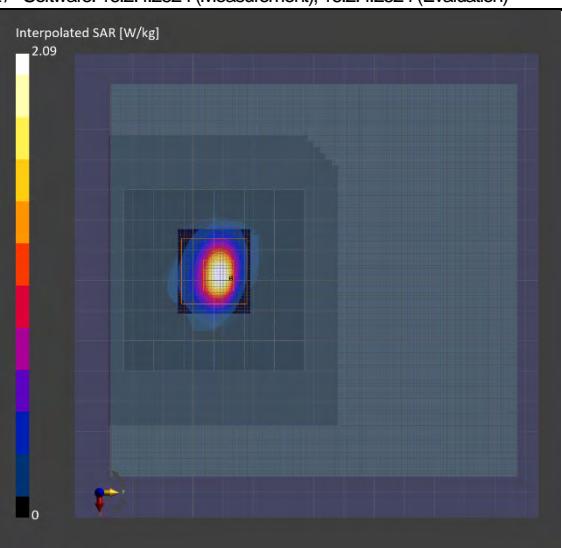
EUT: Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module + Digital Cinema Camera; Model: ES204 + ID0177; Serial:20231106-E1 + 117

Mode: 11a(6Mbps) (UID: 0 (CW)) ; Frequency: 5180 MHz ; Test Distance: 0.00 mm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 5180 MHz; Conductivity: 4.483 S/m; Permittivity: 34.70

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated: 2024-01-09) / - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (5.47, 5.16, 5.18)@5180 MHz / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup | | | Measurement Results | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan | Meas. Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan |
| Grid Extents [mm] | 60.0x60.0 | 24.0x 24.0 x22.0 | psSAR 1g [W/kg] | 0.437 | 0.498 |
| Grid Steps [mm] | 10.0x10.0 | 4.0x 4.0 x1.4 | psSAR 10g [W/kg] | 0.115 | 0.126 |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0 | 1.4 | Power Drift [dB] | 0.05 | -0.01 |
| Graded Grid | N/A | Yes | Power Scaling | Disabled | Disabled |
| Grading Ratio | N/A | 1.4 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A | N/A |
| MAIA monitored | Y | Y | TSL Correction | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection | VMS + 6p | VMS + 6p | M2/M1 [%] | N/A | 64.6 |
| Scan Method | Measured | Measured | Dist 3dB Peak [mm] | N/A | 4.7 |



Remarks: *. Date tested: 2024-02-27; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (22~23) deg.C. / (65~80) %RH; Liquid depth: 150 mm;

*. Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.0 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-2/27-11,5h8,a(6),5180,rear&d0

APPENDIX 2: Measurement data / Appendix 2-1: Plot(s) of Worst Reported Value (cont'd)

Plot 3-1: WLAN 5.3 GHz band) Rear-upper & touch, 11a (6 Mbps), 5260 MHz

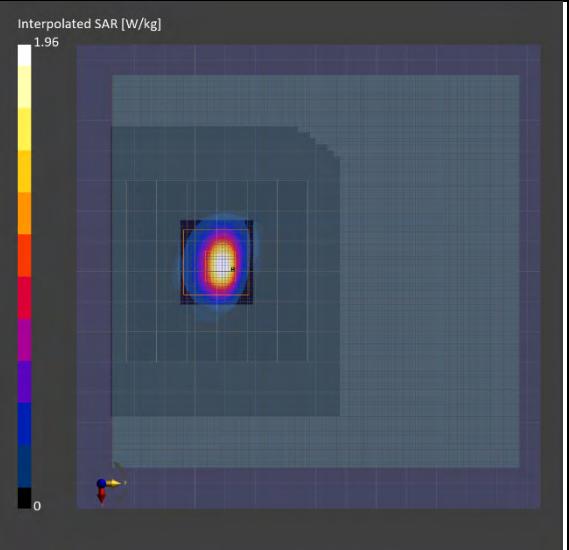
EUT: Wireless LAN/Bluetooth Combo Module + Digital Cinema Camera; Model: ES204 + ID0177; Serial:20231106-E1 + 117

Mode: 11a(6Mbps) (UID: 0 (CW)) ; Frequency: 5260 MHz ; Test Distance: 0.00 mm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 5260 MHz; Conductivity: 4.575 S/m; Permittivity: 34.56

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated: 2024-01-09) / - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907 (Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (5.47, 5.16, 5.18)@5260 MHz / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup | | | Measurement Results | | |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan | Meas. Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan |
| Grid Extents [mm] | 60.0x60.0 | 24.0x 24.0 x22.0 | psSAR 1g [W/kg] | 0.402 | 0.458 |
| Grid Steps [mm] | 10.0x10.0 | 4.0x 4.0x1.4 | psSAR 10g [W/kg] | 0.106 | 0.114 |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0 | 1.4 | Power Drift [dB] | 0.01 | -0.04 |
| Graded Grid | N/A | Yes | Power Scaling | Disabled | Disabled |
| Grading Ratio | N/A | 1.4 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A | N/A |
| MAIA monitored | Y | Y | TSL Correction | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection | VMS + 6p | VMS + 6p | M2/M1 [%] | N/A | 64.0 |
| Scan Method | Measured | Measured | Dist 3dB Peak [mm] | N/A | 5.1 |



Remarks: *. Date tested: 2024-02-27; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (22~23) deg.C. / (65~80) %RH; Liquid depth: 150 mm;

*. Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg.C. ± 0.5 deg.C. (22.0 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.dsar-2/27-10,5h7,a(6),5260,rear&d0

APPENDIX 3: Test instruments

Appendix 3-1: Equipment used

| Test Name | LIMS ID | Description | Manufacturer | Model | Serial | Last Calibration Date | Calibration Interval (Month) |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| AT | 191844 | Thermo-Hygrometer | CUSTOM, Inc | CTH-201 | - | 2023/08/03 | 12 |
| AT | 169910 | Power Meter | Keysight Technologies Inc | 8990B | MY51000448 | 2023/09/28 | 12 |
| AT | 169911 | Power sensor | Keysight Technologies Inc | N1923A | MY57270004 | 2023/09/28 | 12 |
| AT | 236500 | Attenuator | To-Conne Co., Ltd. | SA-PJ-10 | - | 2023/05/16 | 12 |
| AT | 188161 | Power Supply (DC) | TEXIO | PW16-5ADP | 18026330 | - | - |

*. AT was measured 2023-11-06. (Refer to Section 5 in this report.)

| Test Name | LIMS ID | Description | Manufacturer | Model | Serial | Last Calibration Date | Calibration Interval (Month) |
|-----------|---------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR | 224031 | DASY8 Module SAR/APD soft | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | ver.16.2.4.2524 | 9-2506F07D | - | - |
| SAR | 144886 | Dielectric assessment kit soft | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAK ver.3.0.6.14 | 9-0EE103A4 | - | - |
| SAR | 224020 | DASY8 PC | Hewlett Packard | HP Z4 G4 Workstation | CZC1198G21 | - | - |
| SAR | 225155 | Mounting Platform | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | MP8E-TX2-60L Basic | - | - | - |
| SAR | 224032 | 6-axis Robot | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | TX2-60L spe | F/22/0033789/A/001 | 2023/08/29 | 12 |
| SAR | 224023 | Robot Controller | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | CS9spe-TX2-60 | F/22/0033789/C/001 | - | - |
| SAR | 224025 | Measurement Server | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DASY8 Measurement Server | 10042 | 2024/02/01 | 12 |
| SAR | 224026 | Electro-Optical Converter | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | EOC8-60 | 1027 | - | - |
| SAR | 224027 | Light Beam Unit | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | LIGHTBEAM-85 | 2069 | - | - |
| SAR | 227155 | SP2 Manual Control Pendant | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D21144507 C | 22066839 | - | - |
| SAR | 144944 | Data Acquisition Electronics | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAE4 | 626 | 2024/01/09 | 12 |
| SAR | 146235 | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | EX3DV4 | 3907 | 2024/01/15 | 12 |
| SAR | 224034 | Flat Phantom | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | ELI V8.0 | 2161 | 2023/08/21 | 12 |
| SAR | 145596 | Device holder | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Mounting device for transmitter | - | 2023/08/29 | 12 |
| SAR | 224028 | Modulation & Audio Interference Analyzer | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | MAIA | 1582 | - | - |
| SAR | 145090 | Dipole Antenna | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D2450V2 | 822 | 2024/01/05 | 12 |
| SAR | 145091 | Dipole Antenna (5GHz) | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D5GHzV2 | 1070 | 2024/01/17 | 12 |
| SAR | 230872 | RF Power Source | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | POWERSOURCE1 | 4300 | 2024/01/03 | 12 |
| SAR | 145500 | Dielectric probe | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAK3.5 | 1129 | 2024/01/16 | 12 |
| SAR | 146258 | Network Analyzer | Keysight Technologies Inc | 8753ES | US39171777 | 2023/10/05 | 12 |
| SAR | 145106 | Ruler(150mm,L) | SHINWA | 12103 | - | 2023/02/08 | 12 |
| SAR | 145086 | Ruler(300mm) | SHINWA | 13134 | - | 2023/02/08 | 12 |
| SAR | 145087 | Ruler(100x50mm,L) | SHINWA | 12101 | - | 2023/02/08 | 12 |
| SAR | 150560 | Ruler(150mm) | SHINWA | 14001 | - | 2023/02/08 | 12 |
| SAR | 144986 | Thermo-Hygrometer data logger | SATO KEIRYOKI | SK-L200THIIa/SK-LTHIIa-2 | 015246/08169 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 201967 | Digital thermometer | HANNA | Checktemp-4 | A01440226111 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 201968 | Digital thermometer | HANNA | Checktemp-4 | A01310946111 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 191844 | Thermo-Hygrometer | CUSTOM, Inc | CTH-201 | - | 2023/08/03 | 12 |
| SAR | 146176 | Spectrum Analyzer | ADVANTEST | R3272 | 101100994 | - | - |
| SAR | 146185 | DI water | MonotaRo | 34557433 | - | - | - |
| SAR | 146112 | Primepure Ethanol | Kanto Chemical Co., Inc. | 14032-79 | - | - | - |
| SAR | 207714 | Head Tissue Simulating Liquid | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | HBBL600-10000V6 | SL AAH U16 BC | - | - |

*. SAR test was performed 2024-02-27.

| Test Name | LIMS ID | Description | Manufacturer | Model | Serial | Last Calibration Date | Calibration Interval (Month) |
|-----------|---------|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| SAR | 224031 | DASY8 Module SAR/APD soft | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | ver.16.2.4.2524 | 9-2506F07D | - | - |
| SAR | 144886 | Dielectric assessment kit soft | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAK ver.3.0.6.14 | 9-0EE103A4 | - | - |
| SAR | 224020 | DASY8 PC | Hewlett Packard | HP Z4 G4 Workstation | CZC1198G21 | - | - |
| SAR | 225155 | Mounting Platform | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | MP8E-TX2-60L Basic | - | - | - |
| SAR | 224032 | 6-axis Robot | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | TX2-60L spe | F/22/0033789/A/001 | 2023/08/29 | 12 |
| SAR | 224023 | Robot Controller | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | CS9spe-TX2-60 | F/22/0033789/C/001 | - | - |
| SAR | 224025 | Measurement Server | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DASY8 Measurement Server | 10042 | 2024/02/01 | 12 |
| SAR | 224026 | Electro-Optical Converter | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | EOC8-60 | 1027 | - | - |
| SAR | 224027 | Light Beam Unit | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | LIGHTBEAM-85 | 2069 | - | - |
| SAR | 227155 | SP2 Manual Control Pendant | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D21144507 C | 22066839 | - | - |
| SAR | 144944 | Data Acquisition Electronics | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAE4 | 626 | 2024/01/09 | 12 |
| SAR | 146235 | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | EX3DV4 | 3907 | 2024/01/15 | 12 |
| SAR | 224034 | Flat Phantom | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | ELI V8.0 | 2161 | 2023/08/21 | 12 |
| SAR | 145596 | Device holder | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | Mounting device for transmitter | - | 2023/08/29 | 12 |
| SAR | 224028 | Modulation & Audio Interference Analyzer | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | MAIA | 1582 | - | - |
| SAR | 145090 | Dipole Antenna | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D2450V2 | 822 | 2024/01/05 | 12 |
| SAR | 145091 | Dipole Antenna (5GHz) | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | D5GHzV2 | 1070 | 2024/01/17 | 12 |
| SAR | 230872 | RF Power Source | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | POWERSOURCE1 | 4300 | 2024/01/03 | 12 |
| SAR | 145500 | Dielectric probe | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | DAK3.5 | 1129 | 2024/01/16 | 12 |
| SAR | 146258 | Network Analyzer | Keysight Technologies Inc | 8753ES | US39171777 | 2023/10/05 | 12 |
| SAR | 145106 | Ruler(150mm,L) | SHINWA | 12103 | - | 2024/02/26 | 12 |
| SAR | 145086 | Ruler(300mm) | SHINWA | 13134 | - | 2024/02/26 | 12 |
| SAR | 145087 | Ruler(100x50mm,L) | SHINWA | 12101 | - | 2024/02/26 | 12 |
| SAR | 150560 | Ruler(150mm) | SHINWA | 14001 | - | 2024/02/26 | 12 |
| SAR | 144986 | Thermo-Hygrometer data logger | SATO KEIRYOKI | SK-L200THIIa/SK-LTHIIa-2 | 015246/08169 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 201967 | Digital thermometer | HANNA | Checktemp-4 | A01440226111 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 201968 | Digital thermometer | HANNA | Checktemp-4 | A01310946111 | 2023/08/04 | 12 |
| SAR | 191844 | Thermo-Hygrometer | CUSTOM, Inc | CTH-201 | - | 2023/08/03 | 12 |
| SAR | 146176 | Spectrum Analyzer | ADVANTEST | R3272 | 101100994 | - | - |
| SAR | 146185 | DI water | MonotaRo | 34557433 | - | - | - |
| SAR | 146112 | Primepure Ethanol | Kanto Chemical Co., Inc. | 14032-79 | - | - | - |
| SAR | 207714 | Head Tissue Simulating Liquid | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG | HBBL600-10000V6 | SL AAH U16 BC | - | - |

*. SAR test was performed 2024-05-07.

The expiration date of calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chain of calibrations.

All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

*. Hyphens for Last Calibration Date and Cal Int (month) are instruments that Calibration is not required (e.g. software), or instruments checked in advance before use.

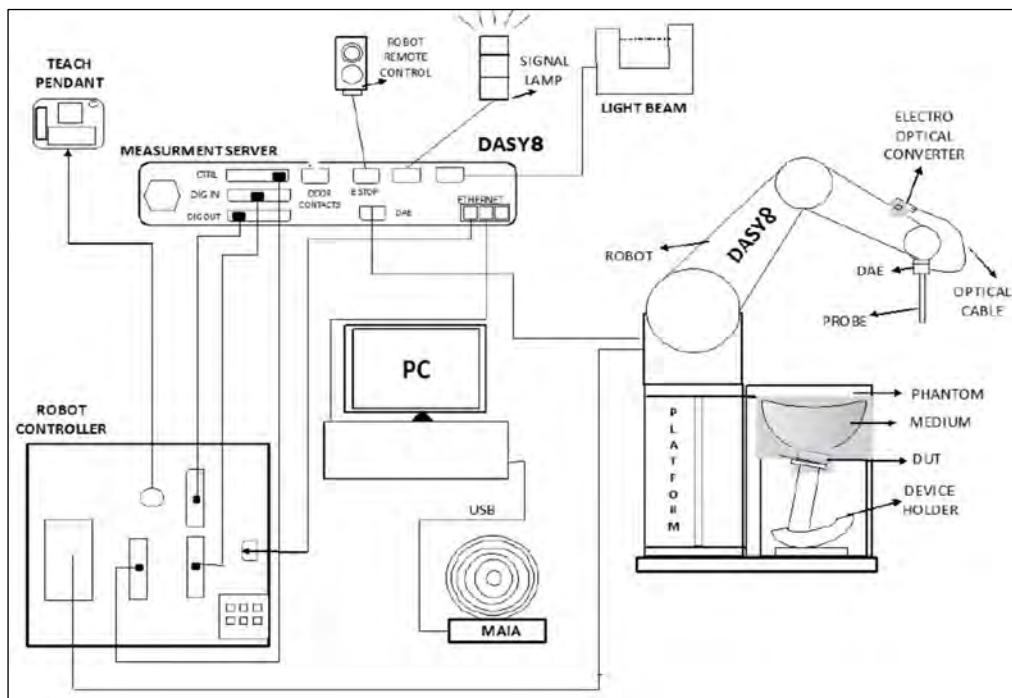
[Test Item] SAR: Specific Absorption Rate, AT: Antenna terminal conducted power

*. LIMS ID: 146112, the parameters of primepure Ethanol (as reference liquid) used for the simulated tissue parameter confirmation was defined the NPL Report MAT23 (http://www.npl.co.uk/content/compublication/4295)

Appendix 3-2: Measurement System

Appendix 3-2-1: SAR Measurement System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY8 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot, which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probes EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



The DASY8 SAR/APD system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 6-axis robotic arm (Stäubli TX2-60L) for positioning the probe
- Mounting Platform for keeping the phantoms at a fixed location relative to the robot
- Measurement Server for handling all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features
- EOC (Electrical to Optical Converter) for converting the optical signal from the DAE to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server
- LB (Light-Beam unit) for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity)
- SAR probe (EX3DV4 probes) for measuring the E-field distribution in the phantom. The SAR distribution and the psSAR (peak spatial averaged SAR) are derived from the E-field measurement.
- SAR phantom that represents a physical model with an equivalent human anatomy. A Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) head is usually used for handheld devices, and a Flat phantom is used for body-worn devices.
- TSL (Tissue Simulating Liquid) representing the dielectric properties of used tissue, e.g. Head Simulating Liquid, HSL.
- DAE (Data Acquisition Electronics) for reading the probe voltages and transmitting it to the DASY8 PC.
- Device Holder for positioning the DUT beneath the phantom.
- MAIA (Modulation and Interference Analyzer) for confirming the accuracy of the probe linearization parameters
- Operator PC for running the DASY8 software to define/execute the measurements
- System validation kits for system check/validation purposes.

Platforms

The platform is a multi-phantom support structure made of a wood and epoxy composite ($\epsilon = 3.3$ and loss tangent $\delta < 0.07$). It is a strong and rigid structure transparent to electric and magnetic fields (nonmetallic components).

TX2-60L robot, CS9 robot controller

•Number of Axes : 6 •Repeatability : ± 0.03 mm •Manufacture : Stäubli

DASY8 Measurement server

The DASY8 Measurement Server handles all time critical tasks such as acquisition of measurement data, detection of phantom surface, control of robot movements, supervision of safety features.
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

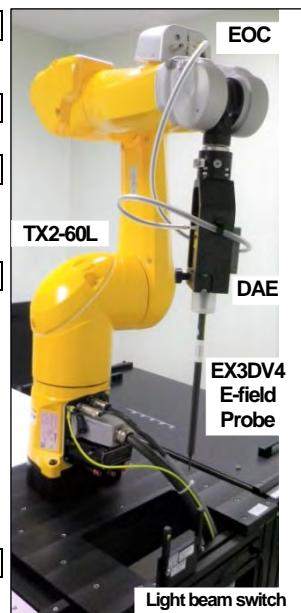
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)

The DAE is used to acquire the probe sensor voltages and transfer them to the DASY8 Measurement Server, and to report mechanical surface detection and probe collisions. The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter, and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the DASY8 Measurement Server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

•Measurement Range : 1 μ V to > 200 mV (2 range settings: 4 mV (low), 400 mV (high))
•Input Offset voltage : < 1 μ V (with auto zero) •Input Resistance : 200 M Ω
•Battery operation : > 10 hrs. (with two rechargeable 9 V battery)
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Electro-Optical Converter (EOC8-TX2-60L)

The Electrical to Optical Converter (EOC8) supports as data exchange between the DAE and the measurement server (optical connector) and data acquisition based on Ethernet protocol.
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



Light Beam Switch

The light beam unit allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset, are measured. The software then corrects all movements within the measurement jobs, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

SAR measurement software

•Software version : Refer to Appendix 3-1 (Equipment used) •Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



E-Field Probe

•Model : EX3DV4 •Frequency : 4 MHz to 10 GHz, Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
•Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core, Built-in shielding against static charges, PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).
•CF : Refer to calibration data of Appendix. (CF: Conversion Factors)
•Directivity : ± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) / ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
•Dynamic Range : 10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
•Dimension : Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) / Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm
•Application : High precision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision of better 30%.
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG



ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI V8.0 phantom shell has optimized pretension in the bottom surface during production, such that the phantom is more robust and with reduced sagging.

•Model Number : ELI V8.0 flat phantom •Shell Material : Vinyl ester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)
•Shell Thickness : 2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate) •Dimensions : 600 mm \times 400 mm (oval) (volume: Approx. 30 liters)
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Device Holder, Laptop holder, support material

Accurate device positioning is crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

- Device holder: In combination with the ELI phantom, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned. The low-loss dielectric urethane foam was used for the mounting section of device holder.
- Material : Polyoxymethylene (POM) •Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
- Laptop holder: A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) according to IEC 62209-2.
- Material : Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam•Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG
- Support form: Urethane foam



Data storage and evaluation (post processing)

The uplink signal transmitted by the DUT is measured inside the TSL by the probe, which is accurately positioned at a precisely known distance and with a normal orientation with respect to the phantom surface. The dipole / loop sensors at the probe tips pick up the signal and generate a voltage, which is measured by the voltmeter inside the DAE. The DAE returns digital values, which are converted to an optical signal and transmitted via the EOC to the measurement server. The data is finally transferred to the DASY8 software for further post processing. In addition, the DASY8 software periodically requests a measurement with short-circuited inputs from the DAE to compensate the amplifier offset and drift. This procedure is called DAE zeroing.

The operator has access to the following low level measurement settings:

- the integration time is the voltage acquisition time at each measurement point. It is typically 0.5 s.
- the zeroing period indicates how often the DAE zeroing is performed.

In parallel, the MAIA measures the characteristics of the uplink signal via the air interface and sends this information to the DASY8 software, which compares them to the communication system defined by the operator. A warning is issued if any difference is detected.

The measurement data is now acquired and can be post processed to compute the psSAR1g /8g/10g.

The measured voltages are not directly proportional to SAR and must be linearized. The formulas below are based on [1] (*1).

The measured voltage is first linearized using the (a, b, c, d) set of parameters specific to the communication system and sensor:

$$V_{compi} = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{10^{10}}{d_{cp_i}}$$

| | | | |
|------|-------------|---|---------------------------------|
| with | V_{compi} | = compensated voltage of channel i (μ V) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | U_i | = input voltage of channel i (μ V) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | d | = PMR factor d (dB) | (Probe parameter) |
| | d_{cp_i} | = diode compression point of channel i (μ V) | (Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$) |

$$V_{compi\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}} = 10 \cdot \log_{10}(V_{compi})$$

$$corr_i = a_i \cdot e^{-\frac{b_i - 10 \log_{10}(V_{compi})}{c_i}}$$

| | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| with | $corr_i$ | = correction factor of channel i (dB) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $V_{compi\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = compensated voltage of channel i ($\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | a_i | = PMR factor a of channel i (dB) | (Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$) |
| | b_i | = PMR factor b of channel i ($\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$) | (Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$) |
| | c_i | = PMR factor c of channel i (-) | (Probe parameter, $i = x,y,z$) |

The voltage $V_{i\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}$ is the linearized voltage in $\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$:

$$V_{i\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}} = V_{compi\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}} - corr_i$$

| | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|--|---------------|
| with | $V_{i\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = linearized voltage of channel i ($\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $V_{compi\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = compensated voltage of channel i ($\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $Corr_i$ | = PMR factor a of channel i (dB) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |

Finally, the linearized voltage is converted in μ V:

$$V_i = 10^{\frac{V_{i\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}}{10}}$$

| | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|---|---------------|
| with | V_i | = linearized voltage of channel i (μ V) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $V_{compi\ dB\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = linearized voltage of channel i ($\text{dB}\sqrt{\mu V}$) | $(i = x,y,z)$ |

The Field data for each channel are calculated using the linearized voltage:

$$\text{E-fieldprobes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

| | | | |
|------|----------|--|---------------|
| with | V_i | = linearized voltage of channel i in μ V | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $Norm_i$ | = sensor sensitivity of channel i in μ V/(V/m)2 for E-field Probes | $(i = x,y,z)$ |
| | $ConvF$ | = sensitivity enhancement in solution | |
| | E_i | = electric field strength of channel i in V/m | $(i = x,y,z)$ |

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The E-field data value is used to calculate SAR :

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

| | | |
|------|-----------|--|
| with | SAR | = local specific absorption rate in mW/g |
| | E_{tot} | = total field strength in V/m |
| | σ | = conductivity in $[\Omega/\text{m}]$ or $[\text{S}/\text{m}]$ |
| | ρ | = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3 |

Note: The resulting linearized voltage is only approximated because the probe UID is used 0 (CW) for the test signal in this test report.

(*1) [1] Jagadish Nadakuduti, Sven Kuehn, Marcel Fehr, Mark Douglas Katja Pokovic and Niels Kuster, "The Effect of Diode Response of electromagnetic Field Probes for the Measurements of Complex Signals." IEEE Transactions on Electromagnetic Compatibility, vol. 54, pp. 1195–1204, Dec. 2012.

Appendix 3-2-2: SAR system check results

*. Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the Daily check was performed to test whether the SAR system was operating within its target of $\pm 10\%$. The Daily check results are in the table below.

| Liquid type: Head Date | F [MHz] | Daily check results (*. Abbreviations: F: Frequency, Meas.: Measured, Cal.: Calibration value, STD: Standard value, Dev.: Deviation) | | | | Dev. Limit [%] | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|--|------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----|------|-----|-----|
| | | ΔSAR | | SAR (1g) [W/kg] (*b) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1g [%] | 10g [%] | Pin [dBm] | Meas. (*a) | | 1W scaled | Target Cal. (*c) | Deviation STD (%) | Meas. (*c) | 1W scaled | Target Cal. (*c) | Deviation STD (%) | | | | |
| 2024-02-27 | 2450 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 17.01 | 2.63 | 51.68 | 53.4 | 52.4 | -3.2 | -1.4 | 1.23 | 24.31 | 25 | 24 | -2.8 | 1.3 | ≤10 |
| 2024-02-27 | 5250 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 16.97 | 4.03 | 80.25 | 81.2 | N/A | -1.2 | 1.1 | 1.16 | 23.05 | 23.4 | N/A | -1.5 | N/A | ≤10 |
| 2024-05-07 | 2450 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 17.01 | 2.65 | 52.38 | 53.4 | 52.4 | -1.9 | 0 | 1.23 | 24.41 | 25 | 24 | -2.4 | 1.7 | ≤10 |
| 2024-05-07 | 5250 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 16.97 | 3.99 | 79.61 | 81.2 | N/A | -2.0 | N/A | 1.15 | 22.91 | 23.4 | N/A | -2.1 | N/A | ≤10 |

*a. (For 2.45, 5.25, 5.6, 5.8 GHz) The Measured SAR value is obtained at 17 dBm (50 mW) setting of POWER SOURCE1 (LIMS ID#230872, S/N: 4300) calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, the data sheet was filed in this report.

*b. The measured SAR value of Daily check was compensated for tissue dielectric deviations (Δ SAR) and scaled to 1W of output power in order to compare with the manufacturer's calibration target value which was normalized.

$$\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR (1g) [W/kg]} = (\text{Measured SAR(1g) [W/kg]} \times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR1g}(\%))) / 100$$

$$\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR (10g,8g) [W/kg]} = (\text{Measured SAR(10g,8g) [W/kg]} \times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR10g}(\%))) / 100$$

*c. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2 (sn:822) dipole, D5GHzV2 (sn:1070) dipole and D6.5GHzV2 dipole antenna (sn: 1108) calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, the data sheet was filed in this report.

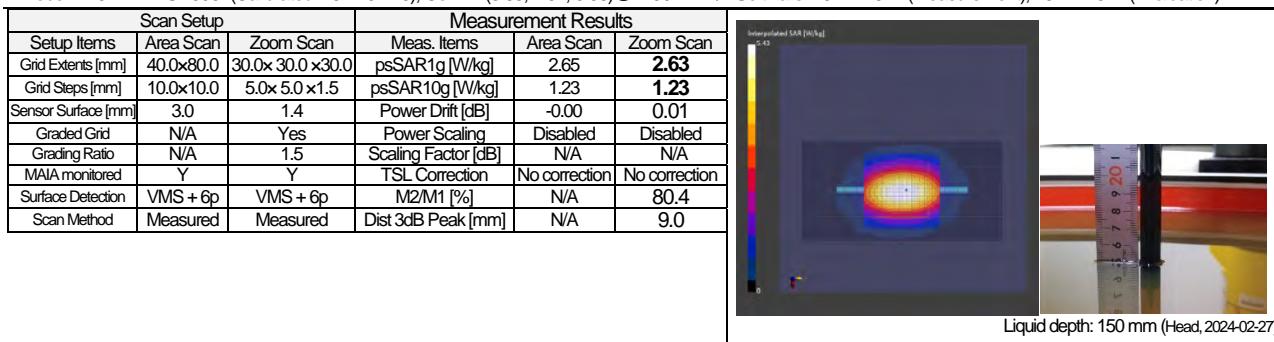
*d. The target value (normalized to 1W) is defined in IEEE Std.1528 (FCC, <6 GHz).

Appendix 3-2-3: SAR system check measurement data

Dipole: D2450V2 - SN822 ; Mode: CW (0) ; Frequency: 2450 MHz ; Test Distance: 10 mm (dipole to liquid) ; Power: 17.0 dBm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 2450 MHz; Conductivity: 1.851 S/m; Permittivity: 39.32

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated:2024-01-09) - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (6.83, 7.07, 6.68)@2450 MHz - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)



Remarks: *. Date tested:2024-02-27 ; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place:No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (22) deg.C. / (70~75) %RH; Liquid depth: 150 mm;

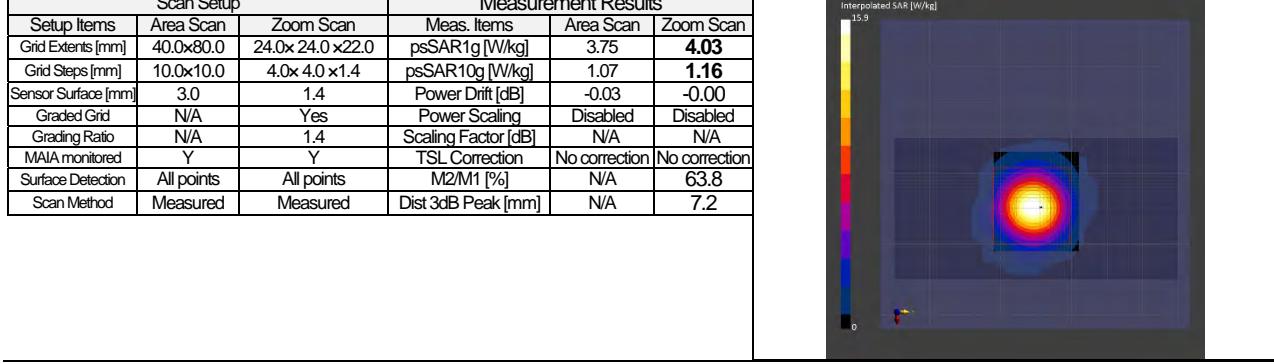
*. Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.0 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-SPC Measurement Group

Dipole: D5GHzV2 - SN1070 ; Mode: CW (0) ; Frequency: 5250 MHz ; Test Distance: 10 mm (dipole to liquid) ; Power: 17.0 dBm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 5250 MHz; Conductivity: 4.563 S/m; Permittivity: 34.57

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated:2024-01-09) - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (5.47, 5.16, 5.18)@5250 MHz - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)



Remarks: *. Date tested:2024-02-27 ; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place:No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (22) deg.C. / (70~75) %RH; Liquid depth: 150 mm;

*. Liquid temperature: 22.0 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.0 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

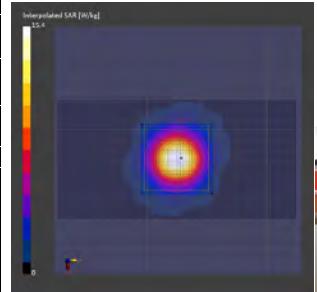
*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-2/27-0a

Appendix 3-2-3: SAR system check measurement data (cont'd)

Dipole: D5GHzV2 - SN1070 ; Mode: CW (0) ; Frequency: 5250 MHz ; Test Distance: 10 mm (dipole to liquid); Power setting: 17.0 dBm
TSL parameters used: Head(v6); f= 5250 MHz; Conductivity: 4.500 S/m; Permittivity: 35.00

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated:2024-01-09) - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (5.47, 5.16, 5.18) / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup | | | Measurement Results | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan | Meas. Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan |
| Grid Extents [mm] | 40.0x80.0 | 24.0x 24.0 x22.0 | psSAR1g [W/kg] | 3.80 | 3.99 |
| Grid Steps [mm] | 10.0x10.0 | 4.0x 4.0 x1.4 | psSAR10g [W/kg] | 1.07 | 1.15 |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0 | 1.4 | Power Drift [dB] | -0.02 | -0.05 |
| Graded Grid | N/A | Yes | Power Scaling | Disabled | Disabled |
| Grading Ratio | N/A | 1.4 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A | N/A |
| MAIA monitored | Y | Y | TSL Correction | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection | VMS + 6p | VMS + 6p | M2/M1 [%] | N/A | 65.0 |
| Scan Method | Measured | Measured | Dist 3dB Peak [mm] | N/A | 7.2 |




Liquid depth: 151 mm (Head, 2024-05-07)

Remarks: *. Date tested:2024-05-07 ; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place:No.7 shielded room; Ambient: 23 deg.C. / 74 %RH; Liquid depth: 151 mm;

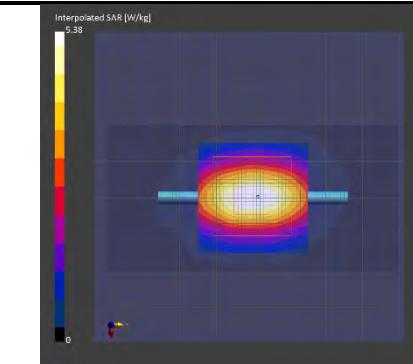
*. Liquid temperature: 22.5 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.5 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-5/7-0a

Dipole: D2450V2 - SN822 ; Mode: CW (0) ; Frequency: 2450 MHz ; Test Distance: 10 mm (dipole to liquid); Power setting: 17.0 dBm
TSL parameters used: Head(v6); f= 2450 MHz; Conductivity: 1.832 S/m; Permittivity: 39.52

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN626 (Calibrated:2024-01-09) - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3907(Calibrated: 2024-01-15); ConvF: (6.83, 7.07, 6.68) / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup | | | Measurement Results | | |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan | Meas. Items | Area Scan | Zoom Scan |
| Grid Extents [mm] | 40.0x80.0 | 30.0x 30.0 x30.0 | psSAR1g [W/kg] | 2.68 | 2.65 |
| Grid Steps [mm] | 10.0x10.0 | 5.0x 5.0 x1.5 | psSAR10g [W/kg] | 1.24 | 1.23 |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0 | 1.4 | Power Drift [dB] | -0.01 | 0.00 |
| Graded Grid | N/A | Yes | Power Scaling | Disabled | Disabled |
| Grading Ratio | N/A | 1.5 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A | N/A |
| MAIA monitored | Y | Y | TSL Correction | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection | VMS + 6p | VMS + 6p | M2/M1 [%] | N/A | 81.1 |
| Scan Method | Measured | Measured | Dist 3dB Peak [mm] | N/A | 9.0 |



Liquid depth: 151 mm (Head, 2024-05-07)

Remarks: *. Date tested:2024-05-07 ; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place:No.7 shielded room; Ambient: 23 deg.C. / 75 %RH; Liquid depth: 151 mm;

*. Liquid temperature: 22.5 deg.C. \pm 0.5 deg.C. (22.5 deg.C., in check); *. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)

*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240227_15005437_es204+id0177.d8sar-5/7-0b

Appendix 3-3: Measurement Uncertainty

| Uncertainty of SAR measurement (2.4 GHz ~ 6 GHz) (*: liquid: head(v6), DAK-3.5, Wi-Fi(BT)) (v11r04) | | | | | 1g SAR | 10g SAR | | |
|---|--|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Symbol | Error Description | Uncertainty (Unc.) | Probability distribution | Divisor | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | ui (1g) (Std. Unc.) | ui (10g) (Std. Unc.) |
| Measurement System (DASY8) | | | | | | | | |
| CF | Probe Calibration (EX3DV4) | ± 13.1 % | Normal | 2 | 1 | 1 | ± 6.55 % | ± 6.55 % |
| CFdrift | Probe Calibration Drift | ± 1.7 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.0 % |
| LIN | Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7 % | ± 2.7 % |
| BBS | Broadband Signal | ± 2.6 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.5 % | ± 1.5 % |
| ISO1 | Probe Isotropy | ± 7.6 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 4.4 % | ± 4.4 % |
| DAE | Data Acquisition | ± 1.2 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.2 % | ± 1.2 % |
| AMB | RF Ambient (noise&refraction) (< 12uW/g) | ± 1.0 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.0 % |
| Δsys | Probe Positioning | ± 0.5 % | Normal | 1 | 0.33 | 0.33 | ± 0.2 % | ± 0.2 % |
| DAT | Data Processing | ± 2.3 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.3 % | ± 2.3 % |
| Phantom and Device Error | | | | | | | | |
| LIQ(σ) | Conductivity (measured) (DAKS-3.5) | ± 5.0 % | Normal | 2 | 0.78 | 0.71 | ± 2.0 % | ± 1.8 % |
| LIQ(T ₀) | Conductivity (temperature) (≤ 2 deg.C.) | ± 2.4 % | Rectangular | √3 | 0.78 | 0.71 | ± 1.1 % | ± 1.0 % |
| EPS | Phantom Permittivity (liquid to antenna: ≥ 5 mm) | ± 14.0 % | Rectangular | √3 | 0.25 | 0.25 | ± 2.0 % | ± 2.0 % |
| DIS | Distance EUT-TSL | ± 2.7 % | Normal | 1 | 2 | 2 | ± 5.4 % | ± 5.4 % |
| Dxyz | Test Sample positioning | ± 1.8 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 5.0 % | ± 5.0 % |
| H | Device holder uncertainty | ± 3.6 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 3.6 % | ± 3.6 % |
| MOD | EUT Modulation | ± 2.4 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.4 % | ± 1.4 % |
| TAS | Time-average SAR | ± 0.0 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.0 % | ± 0.0 % |
| RFdrift | Drift of output power (measured, < 0.2 dB) | ± 4.7 % | Normal | 2 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.4 % | ± 2.4 % |
| Correction to the SAR results | | | | | | | | |
| C(e,σ) | Deviation to Target (e',σ: ≤ 10 %, IEC head) | ± 1.9 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 0.84 | ± 1.9 % | ± 1.6 % |
| C(R) | SAR Scaling | ± 0 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 0.0 % | ± 0.0 % |
| u(ΔSAR) | (SAR: 2.4 GHz-6 GHz) Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | RSS | | ± 12.1 % | ± 12.0 % |
| U | (SAR: 2.4 GHz-6 GHz) Expanded Uncertainty | | | | k=2 | | ± 24.2 % | ± 24.0 % |

*: This uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Module SAR Manual, 2022-08 (Chapter 6.3, DASY8 Uncertainty Budget for Hand-held/Body-worn Devices, Frequency band: 300 MHz - 3 GHz range and 3 GHz - 6 GHz range). All listed error components have v_{eff} equal to ∞ .

| Uncertainty of SAR daily check (2.4 GHz ~ 6 GHz) (*: liquid: head(v6), DAK-3.5, CW) (v11r04) | | | | | 1g SAR | 10g SAR | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Symbol | Error Description | Uncertainty (Unc.) | Probability distribution | Divisor | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | ui (1g) (Std. Unc.) | ui (10g) (Std. Unc.) |
| Measurement System (DASY8) | | | | | | | | |
| CF | Probe Calibration (EX3DV4) | ± 13.1 % | Normal | 2 | 1 | 1 | ± 6.55 % | ± 6.55 % |
| CFdrift | Probe Calibration Drift | ± 1.7 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.0 % |
| LIN | Probe Linearity | ± 4.7 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7 % | ± 2.7 % |
| ISO2 | Probe Isotropy | ± 4.7 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.7 % | ± 2.7 % |
| DAE | Data Acquisition | ± 1.2 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.2 % | ± 1.2 % |
| AMB | RF Ambient (noise&refraction) (< 12uW/g) | ± 1.0 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.0 % |
| Δsys | Probe Positioning | ± 0.5 % | Normal | 1 | 0.33 | 0.33 | ± 0.2 % | ± 0.2 % |
| DAT | Data Processing | ± 2.3 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 2.3 % | ± 2.3 % |
| Phantom and Device Error | | | | | | | | |
| LIQ(σ) | Conductivity (measured) (DAKS-3.5) | ± 5.0 % | Normal | 2 | 0.78 | 0.71 | ± 2.0 % | ± 1.8 % |
| LIQ(T ₀) | Conductivity (temperature) (≤ 2 deg.C.) | ± 2.4 % | Rectangular | √3 | 0.78 | 0.71 | ± 1.1 % | ± 1.0 % |
| EPS | Phantom Permittivity (liquid to antenna: ≥ 5 mm) | ± 14.0 % | Rectangular | √3 | 0.25 | 0.25 | ± 2.0 % | ± 2.0 % |
| VAL | Validation antenna uncertainty | ± 5.5 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 3.2 % | ± 3.2 % |
| Pin | Uncertainty in accepted power | ± 2.5 % | Normal | 2 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.3 % | ± 1.3 % |
| DIS | Distance EUT-TSL | ± 2.0 % | Normal | 1 | 2 | 2 | ± 4.0 % | ± 4.0 % |
| Dxyz | Test Sample positioning | ± 1.0 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.0 % | ± 1.0 % |
| RFdrift | Drift of output power (measured, < 0.1 dB) | ± 2.3 % | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1 | ± 1.3 % | ± 1.3 % |
| Correction to the SAR results | | | | | | | | |
| C(e,σ) | Deviation to Target (e',σ: ≤ 10 %, IEC head) | ± 1.9 % | Normal | 1 | 1 | 0.84 | ± 1.9 % | ± 1.6 % |
| u(ΔSAR) | (SAR daily check: 2.4 GHz-6 GHz) Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | | RSS | | ± 10.5 % | ± 10.4 % |
| U | (SAR daily check: 2.4 GHz-6 GHz) Expanded Uncertainty | | | | k=2 | | ± 21.0 % | ± 20.8 % |

*: This uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Module SAR Manual, 2022-08 (Chapter 6.2, DASY8 Uncertainty Budget for System Verification, Frequency band: 300 MHz - 6 GHz range). All listed error components have v_{eff} equal to ∞ .

- : Table of uncertainties are listed for ISO/IEC 17025.
- : Although this standard determines only the limit value of uncertainty, there is no applicable rule of uncertainty in this. Therefore, the results are derived depending on whether or not laboratory uncertainty is applied.

Appendix 3-4: Calibration certificates

| LIMS ID | Description | Type/Model | Serial Number | Manufacture | Calibration Certificate | Note |
|---------|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---|------|
| 146235 | Dosimetric E-Field Probe | EX3DV4 | 3907 | SPEAG |  | - |
| 145090 | Dipole Antenna (2.45 GHz) | D2450V2 | 822 | SPEAG |  | *1 |
| 145091 | Dipole Antenna (5 GHz) | D5GHzV2 | 1070 | SPEAG |  | *1 |
| 230872 | RF Power Source | POWERSOURCE1 | 4300 | SPEAG |  | - |

*1: As stated on page 2 of the certificate, the calibration was performed in accordance with the latest standard IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. Therefore, the reported SAR values are valid for any system that complies with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 including all new versions of DASY such as DASY6 and DASY8.

-End of report-