



**MOTOROLA**



Certificate Number: 1449-01

**FCC ID: AZ489FT7016  
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT Part 3 of 4**

**Government & Enterprise Mobility Solutions  
EME Test Laboratory  
8000 West Sunrise Blvd  
Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322**

**Date of Report:** 3/20/06  
**Report Revision:** A  
**Report ID:** WDE1000\_Rev A\_060320\_SR3388

**Responsible Engineer:** Kim Uong (EME lead Eng.)  
**Date/s Tested:** 2/13/06 – 3/10/06  
**Manufacturer/Location:** Motorola South Israel  
**Sector/Group/Div.:** MCIL Israel  
**Date submitted for test:** 1/26/06  
**DUT Description:** WDE1000 (Wireless Device Enabler) with 2 transmitters:  
802.11a@4.9GHz and 802.11b/g @ 2.4GHz  
**Test TX mode(s):** CW  
**Max. Power output:** 0.126W for 4.94-4.99GHz; 0.079W for 2400-2483.5MHz  
**Nominal Power:** 0.1Watt for 4.94-4.99GHz; 0.063W for 2400-2483.5MHz  
**Tx Frequency Bands:** 4942.5-4987.5MHz (5MHz step size) ;  
2412-2462MHz (5MHz step size)  
**Signaling type:** OFDM @4.9GHz; DSSS and OFDM @ 2.4GHz  
**Model(s) Tested:** F2889A  
**Model(s) Certified:** F2889A  
**Serial Number(s):** 537SGA0057, 537SGA0060  
**Classification:** General Population/Uncontrolled  
**Rule Part(s):** 15 & 90



**Approved Accessories:**  
**Antenna(s):**  
6487848V60 PIFA (on board ant) 2400-2483.5MHz 1/4Wave ; 2.5dBi gain  
6487848V61 PIFA (on board ant) 4.94-4.99GHz 1/4Wave; 3.3dBi gain

**Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.43/0.24 W/kg (Body)**

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

This reporting format is consistent with the test report guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004  
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

*Signature on file- Ken Enger*  
**Ken Enger GEMS EME Lab Senior Resource Manager,  
Laboratory Director,**

**Approval Date:** 3/20/06

**Certification Date:** 03/17/06

**Certification No.:** L1060363P

**Appendix C**  
**Dipole Calibration Certificates**

ANFAA 001

**Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG**  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

**Client**      **Motorola CGISS**

**CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object(s)      **D2450V2 - SN:703**

Calibration procedure(s)      **QA CAL-05.v2  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date:      **July 19, 2004**

Condition of the calibrated item      **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	6-Nov-03 (METAS, No. 252-0254)	Nov-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (Agilent, No. 20021018)	Oct-04
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002 (R&S, No. 20-92389)	In house check: Mar-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Oct 05

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Technician	

Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	
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Date issued: July 19, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

# DASY

## Dipole Validation Kit

Type: D2450V2

Serial: 703

Manufactured: March 22, 2001

Calibrated: July 19, 2004

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the quarter size flat phantom filled with **head simulating solution** of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	<b>38.3</b>	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	<b>1.86 mho/m</b>	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ES3DV2 (SN:3025 Conversion factor 4.55 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the quarter size flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance spacer was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW  $\pm 3\%$ . The results are normalized to 1W input power.

## 2. SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2 SN:3025 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue:	<b>54.0 mW/g <math>\pm 16.8\%</math> (k=2)<sup>1</sup></b>
averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue:	<b>24.4 mW/g <math>\pm 16.2\%</math> (k=2)<sup>1</sup></b>

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<sup>1</sup> validation uncertainty

### 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	<b>1.147 ns</b>	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	<b>0.975</b>	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance spacer was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:	$\text{Re}\{Z\} = 52.4 \Omega$
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	$\text{Im}\{Z\} = 1.7 \Omega$
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Return Loss at 2450 MHz	<b>-30.9 dB</b>
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### 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

### 6. Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN703**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASYS4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 9/29/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn904; Calibrated: 6/25/2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1002;
- Measurement SW: DASYS4, V4.3 Build 8; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 117

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 mW/g

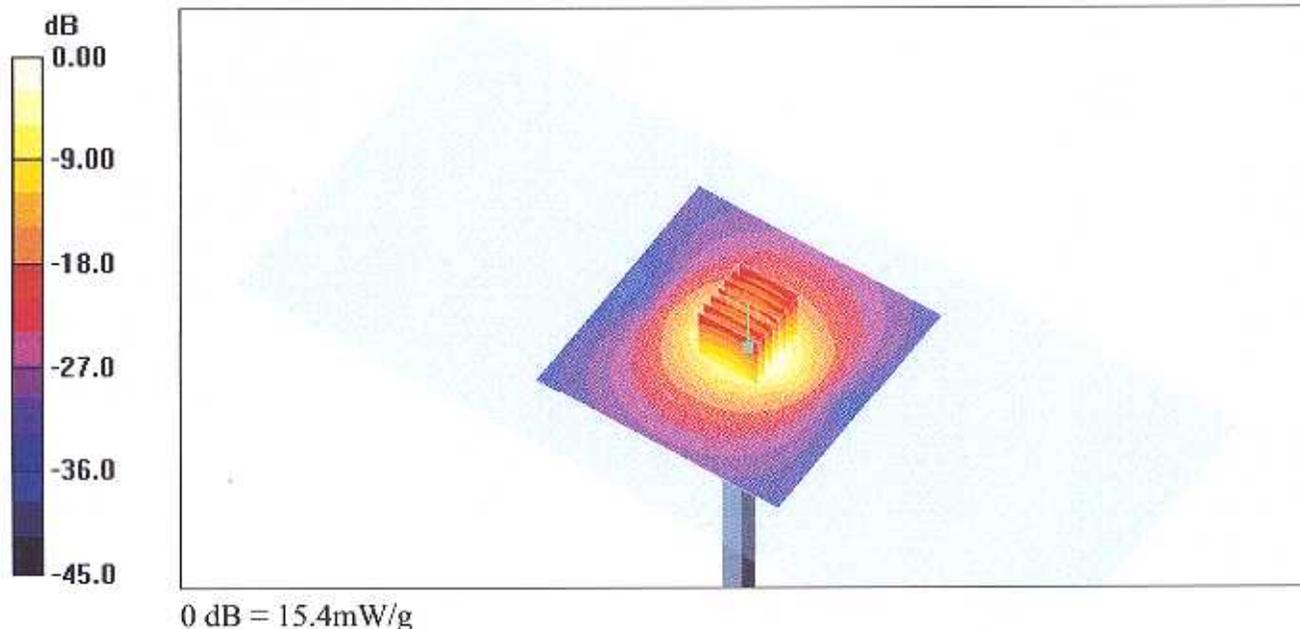
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 89.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 mW/g

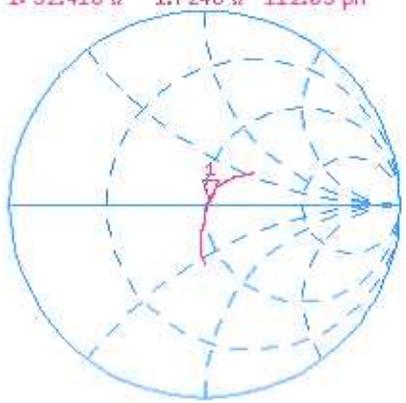


703  
head

19 Jul 2004 09:08:35

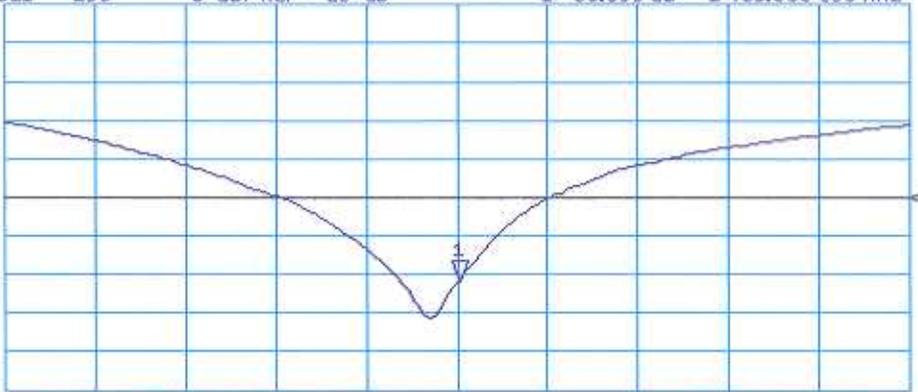
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 52.418  $\alpha$  1.7246  $\alpha$  112.03 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz

Del  
Cor  
Avg  
16  
↑



CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -30.899 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

Cor  
↑



CENTER 2 450.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz

# ANFAA002

**Calibration Laboratory of**  
**Schmid & Partner**  
**Engineering AG**  
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



**S** Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
**C** Service suisse d'étalonnage  
**S** Servizio svizzero di taratura  
**S** Swiss Calibration Service

# 12/04

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 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola CGISS**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-704\_Nov04**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 704**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **November 15, 2004**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN 3025	29-Oct-04 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3025_Oct04)	Oct-05
DAE4	SN 601	6-Nov-03 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jul04)	Jul-05
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Nov 04

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Judith Mueller	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 24, 2004

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- DASY4 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(23.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.3 $\pm$ 6 %	1.86 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(23.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.8 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	55.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>53.9 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 17.0 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.26 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>24.4 mW / g <math>\pm</math> 16.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to d), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.7 $\Omega$ + j1.9 $\Omega$
Return Loss	- 29.7 dB

### General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.151 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

### Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 22, 2001

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 11/15/04 16:19:49

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN704**

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 2450 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.86$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.3$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3025; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 29.10.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size -SN:1001; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1):** Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 mW/g

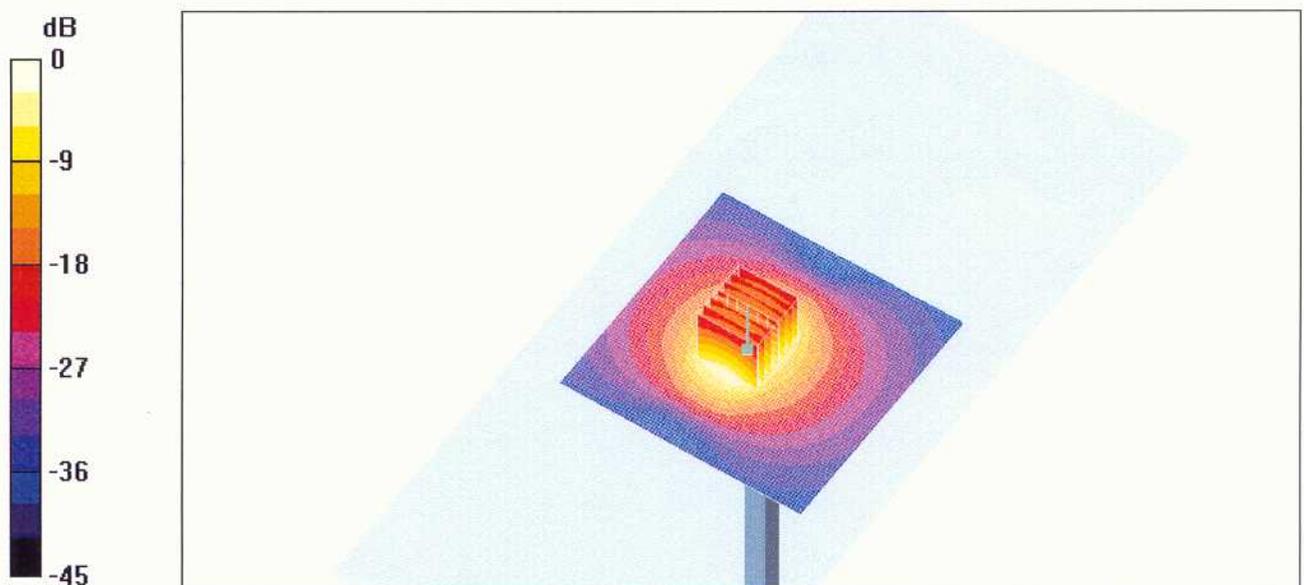
**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.26 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 mW/g

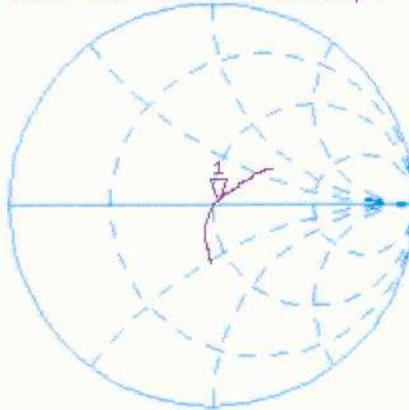


# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

15 Nov 2004 15:49:10

CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 52.713  $\Omega$  1.8828  $\Omega$  122.31  $\mu\text{H}$  2 450.000 000 MHz

\*  
Del  
Cor



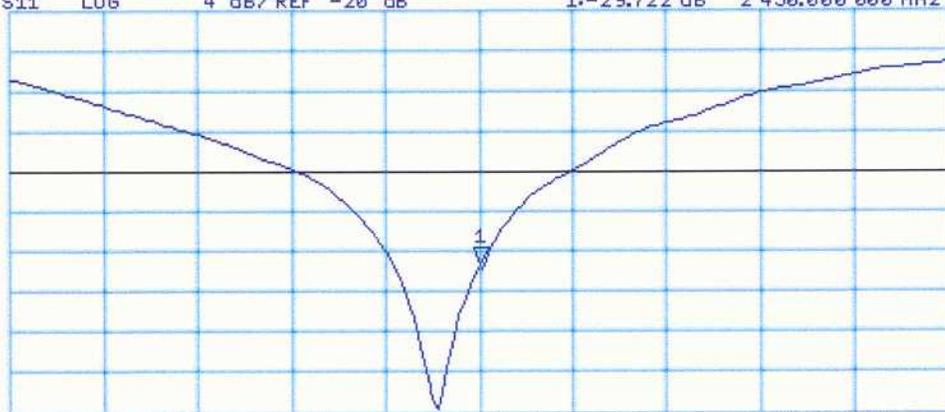
↑

CH2 S11 LOG 4 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -29.722 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

Cor

Avg  
16

↑



CENTER 2 450.000 000 MHz

SPAN 400.000 000 MHz



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola CGISS**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1017\_Nov05**

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1017**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v1  
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz**

Calibration date: **November 22, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466)	May-06
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467)	May-06
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	11-Aug-05 (METAS, No 251-00498)	Aug-06
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3503	19-Mar-05 (SPEAG, No. Ex3-3503_Mar05)	Mar-06
DAE4	SN 601	07-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41093315	10-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-06
Power meter E4419B	GB43310788	12-Aug-03 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-05)	In house check: Oct-06
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov-05

Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	R&D Director	

Issued: November 23, 2005

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC Std 62209 Part 2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", Draft Version 0.9, December 2004
- b) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

### Additional Documentation:

- c) DASY4 System Handbook

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY4	V4.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan resolution	dx, dy = 10 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.3 mm, dz = 3 mm	
Frequency	5000 MHz ± 1 MHz 5200 MHz ± 1 MHz 5800 MHz ± 1 MHz	

## Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	4.53 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	20.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	81.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>80.9 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.68 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>22.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

<sup>1</sup> Correction to nominal TSL parameters according to c), chapter "SAR Sensitivities"

### Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	5.09 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	78.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>77.8 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.46 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>21.6 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Head TSL parameters at 5000 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.2	4.45 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.9 ± 6 %	4.33 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Head TSL at 5000 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	76.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>76.6 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.50 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>21.9 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.6 ± 6 %	5.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

## SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	18.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	73.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>73.4 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.22 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	20.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>20.8 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.4 ± 6 %	5.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	17.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	69.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>69.2 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.84 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	19.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>19.3 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

### Body TSL parameters at 5000 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.3	5.07 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.9 ± 6 %	4.80 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

### SAR result with Body TSL at 5000 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm <sup>3</sup> (1 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	19.2 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	76.8 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>76.1 mW / g ± 19.9 % (k=2)</b>

SAR averaged over 10 cm <sup>3</sup> (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.53 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	22.1 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters <sup>1</sup>	normalized to 1W	<b>21.8 mW / g ± 19.5 % (k=2)</b>

## Appendix

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 $\Omega$ - 9.0j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-20.9 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	59.6 $\Omega$ - 3.5 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-20.7 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5000 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 $\Omega$ - 15.0j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-16.3 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 $\Omega$ - 7.1j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-23.0 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	60.8 $\Omega$ - 2.2 j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-20.1 dB

### Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5000 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6 $\Omega$ - 13.5j $\Omega$
Return Loss	-17.1 dB

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.177 ns
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After long term use with 40 W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 5, 2004

## DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.11.2005 14:29:08

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

**DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1017**

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5000 MHz Frequency: 5200 MHz Frequency: 5800 MHz;  
Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 5800 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5000$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.33$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.53$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Medium parameters used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.09$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 34.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(6.08, 6.08, 6.08)ConvF(5.56, 5.56, 5.56)ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 19.03.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.01.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5000 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 41.4 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5000 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 81.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 69.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 19.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.8 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 81.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 76.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 20.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.68 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 39.5 mW/g

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

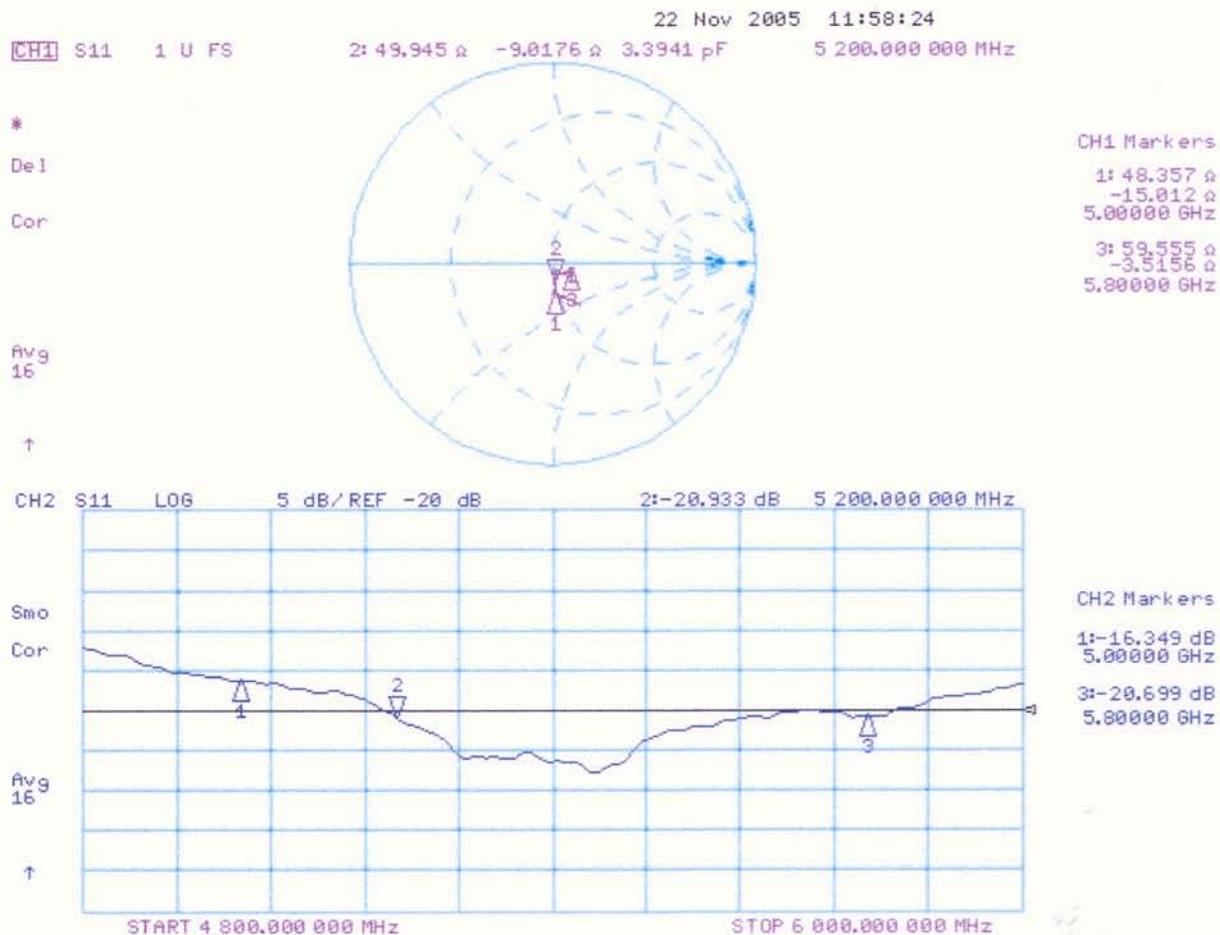
Reference Value = 75.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 81.6 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 19.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 38.1 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



## DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 22.11.2005 19:27:04

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

### DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHz; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN:1017

Communication System: CW-5GHz; Frequency: 5000 MHz Frequency: 5800 MHz Frequency: 5200 MHz;  
Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL 5800 MHz;

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5000$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.8$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.9$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Medium parameters

used:  $f = 5800$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.95$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 47.4$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup> Medium parameters used:  $f = 5200$  MHz;  $\sigma$   
 $= 5.17$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 48.6$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.28, 5.28, 5.28)ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69)ConvF(5.18, 5.18, 5.18); Calibrated: 19.03.2005
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.01.2005
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; ;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.6 Build 23; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 160

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5000 MHz/Area Scan (91x91x1):** Measurement grid: dx=dy=10mm  
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 40.9 mW/g

### **d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5000 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 82.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.099 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 63.8 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 19.2 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.53 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 36.6 mW/g

### **d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 78.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 63.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 18.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 35.4 mW/g

### **d=10mm, Pin=250mW, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan (8x8x8), dist=2mm (8x8x8)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=4.3mm, dy=4.3mm, dz=3mm

Reference Value = 69.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 70.3 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 17.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.84 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 34.5 mW/g

# Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

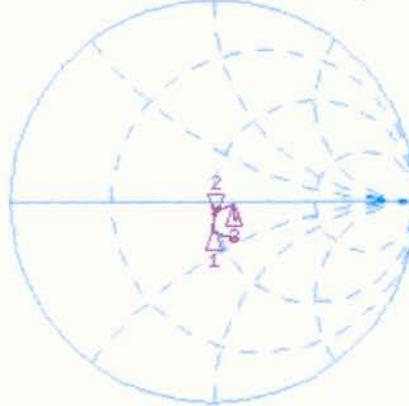
22 Nov 2005 12:01:34

CH1 S11 1 U FS

2: 49.973  $\Omega$  -7.0859  $\Omega$  4.3194 pF

5 200.000 000 MHz

\*  
De1  
Cor



CH1 Markers

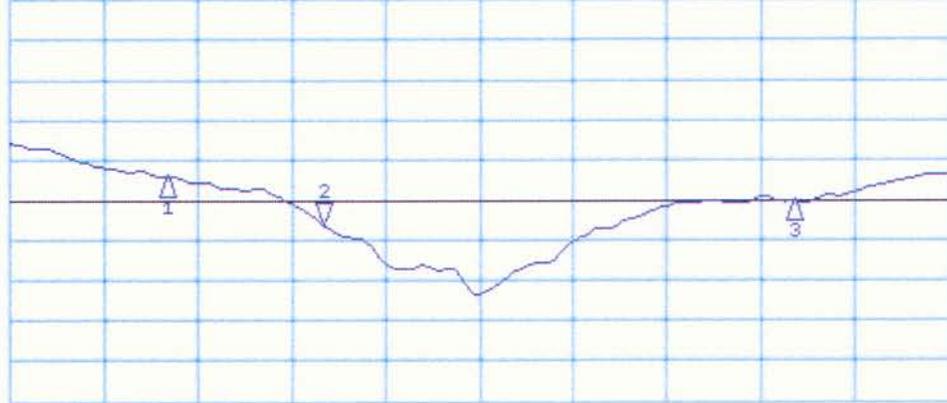
1: 47.584  $\Omega$   
-13.539  $\Omega$   
5.00000 GHz  
3: 60.797  $\Omega$   
-2.1914  $\Omega$   
5.80000 GHz

Avg  
16

↑

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-23.002 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Smo  
Cor



CH2 Markers

1:-17.101 dB  
5.00000 GHz  
3:-20.097 dB  
5.80000 GHz

Avg  
16

↑

START 4 800.000 000 MHz

STOP 6 000.000 000 MHz