



CGISS EME Test Laboratory

8000 West Sunrise Blvd
Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

S.A.R. EME Compliance Test Report
Part 3 of 3

Attention: FCC
Date of Report: March 17, 2004
Report Revision: Rev. A
Manufacturer: Motorola South – ARAD Israel
Product Description: Enhanced Power Pad w/ GPRS: 0.631W GSM800,
0.809W for PCS1900; TDMA: 1:8 duty cycle, GMSK
modulation; Bluetooth: 1mW, Frequency Hopping Spread
Spectrum (FHSS)
FCC ID: **AZ489FT7008**
Device Model: F4421A

Test Period: 3/10/04-3/15/04
EME Tech: Clint Miller
Responsible Engineer: Kim Uong (Lead EME Engineer)
Author: Michael Sailsman (Global EME Regulatory Affairs Liaison)

Note: Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report.

Signature on File

3/17/04

Ken Enger
Senior Resource Manager, Laboratory Director, CGISS EME Lab

Date Approved

Note: This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

APPENDIX D

Calibration Certificates

Client **Motorola CGISS**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE			
Object(s)	ET3DV6R - SN:1545		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v2 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes		
Calibration date:	August 28, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)		
This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.			
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.			
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)			
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)	Sep-03
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (Agilent, No. 24BR1033101)	In house check: Oct 03
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01 (ELCAL, No.2360)	Sep-03
Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterl	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Laboratory Director	Signature 
			Date issued: August 28, 2003
This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.			

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6R SN:1545

Sensitivity in Free Space

NormX	2.06 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	95	mV
NormY	2.14 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	95	mV
NormZ	1.81 $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	95	mV

Diode Compression

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid

Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1 528-200X

ConvF X	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.35
ConvF Z	6.1 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.84

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1 528-200X

ConvF X	4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.50
ConvF Z	4.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.63

Boundary Effect

Head 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	11.1	6.5
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.5	0.6

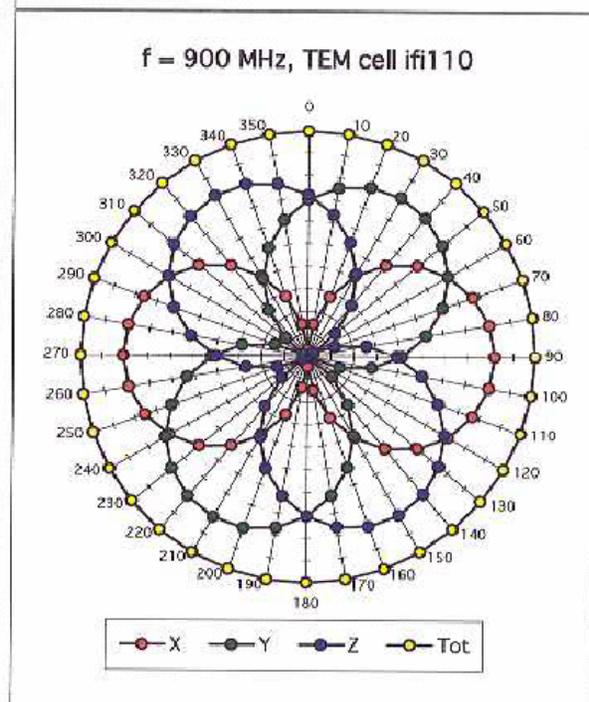
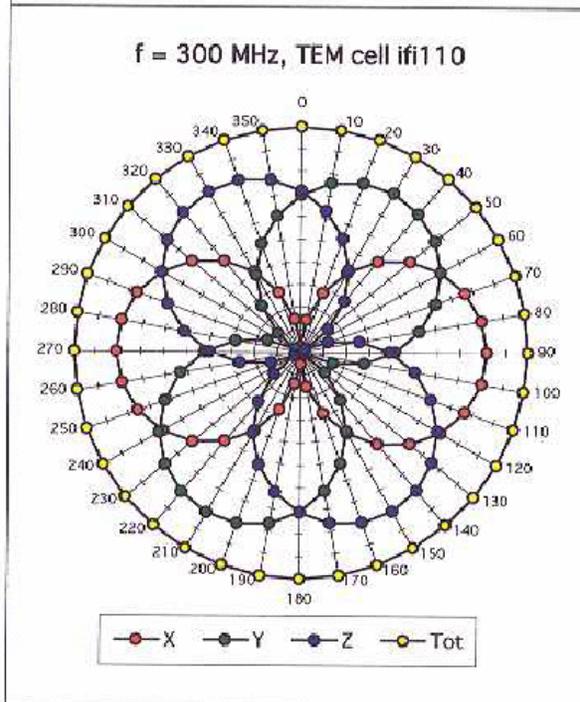
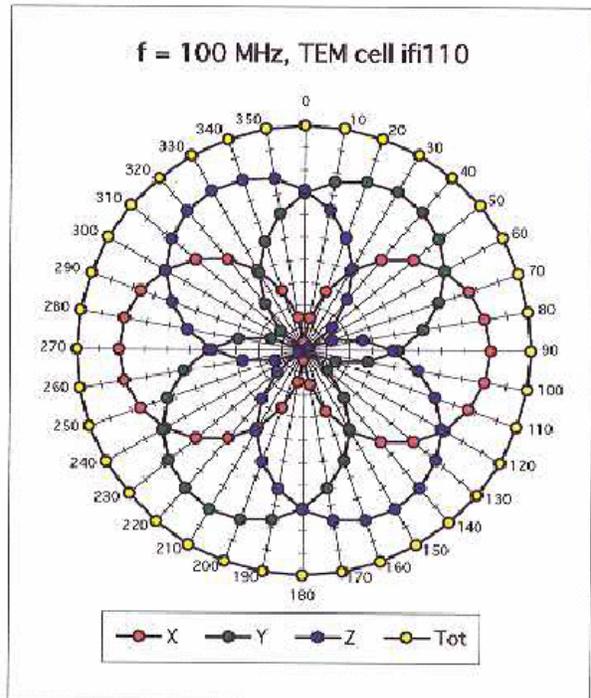
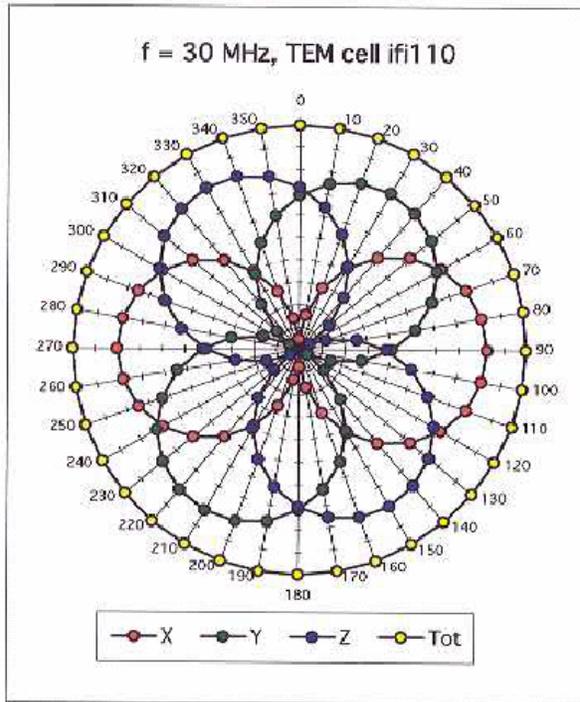
Head 1800 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

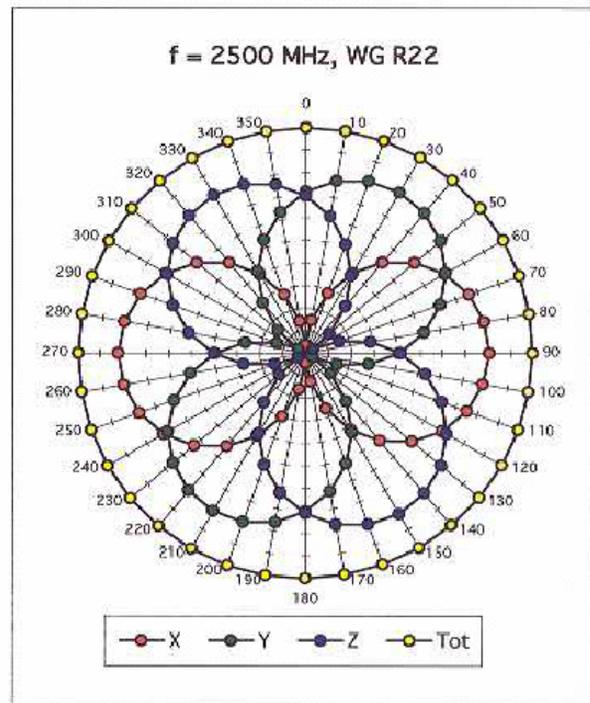
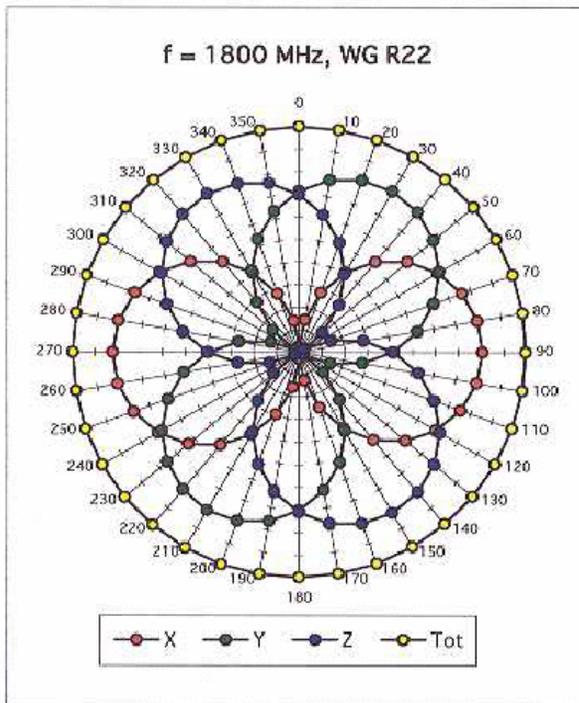
Probe Tip to Boundary		1 mm	2 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	13.8	9.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.2	0.1

Sensor Offset

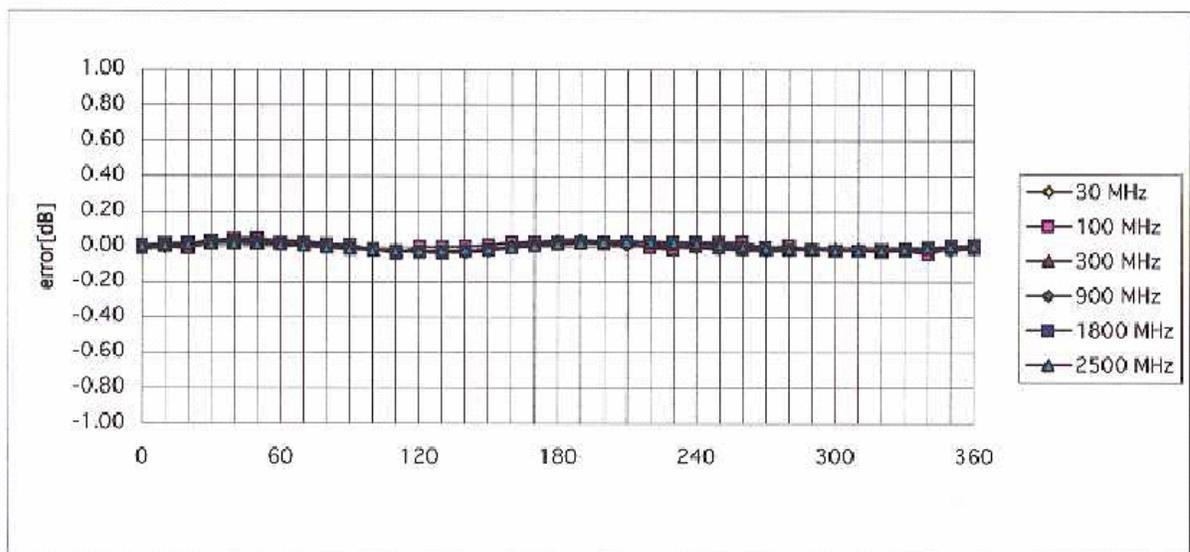
Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7** mm

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



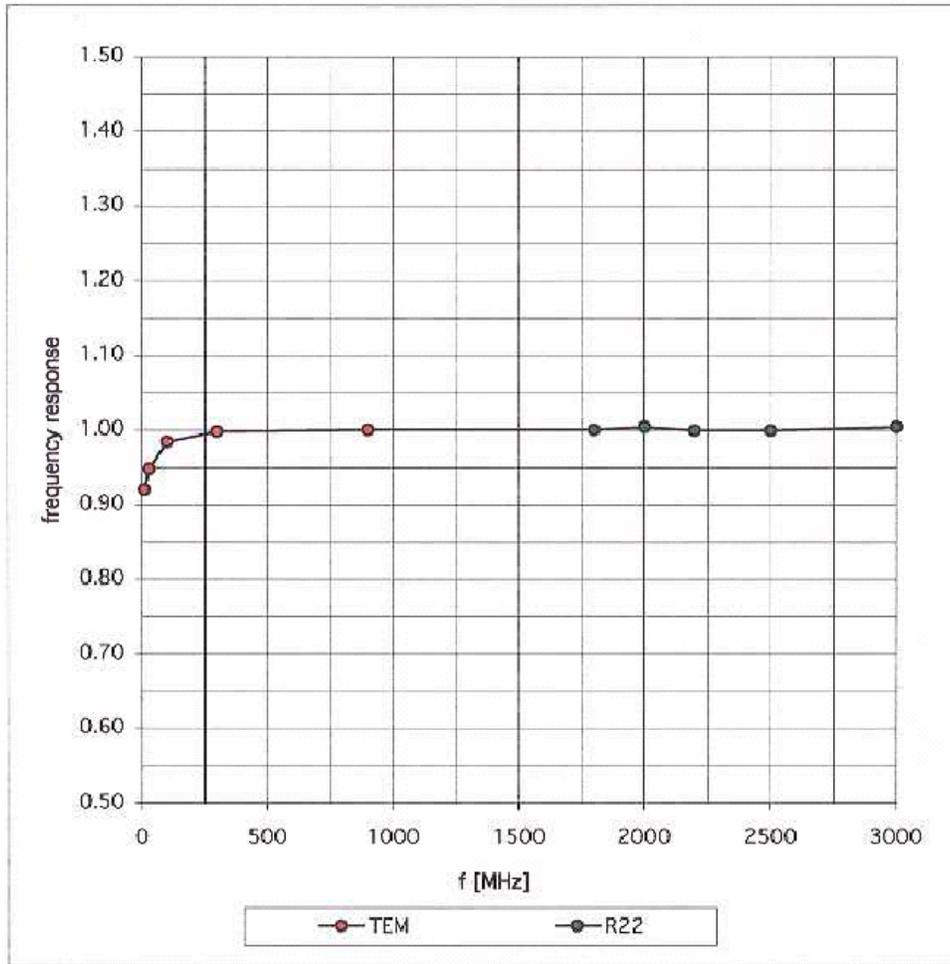


Isotropy Error (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$



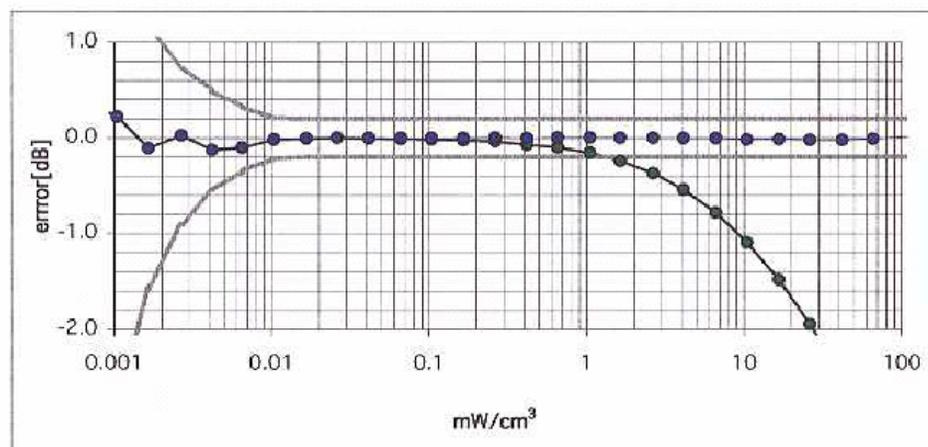
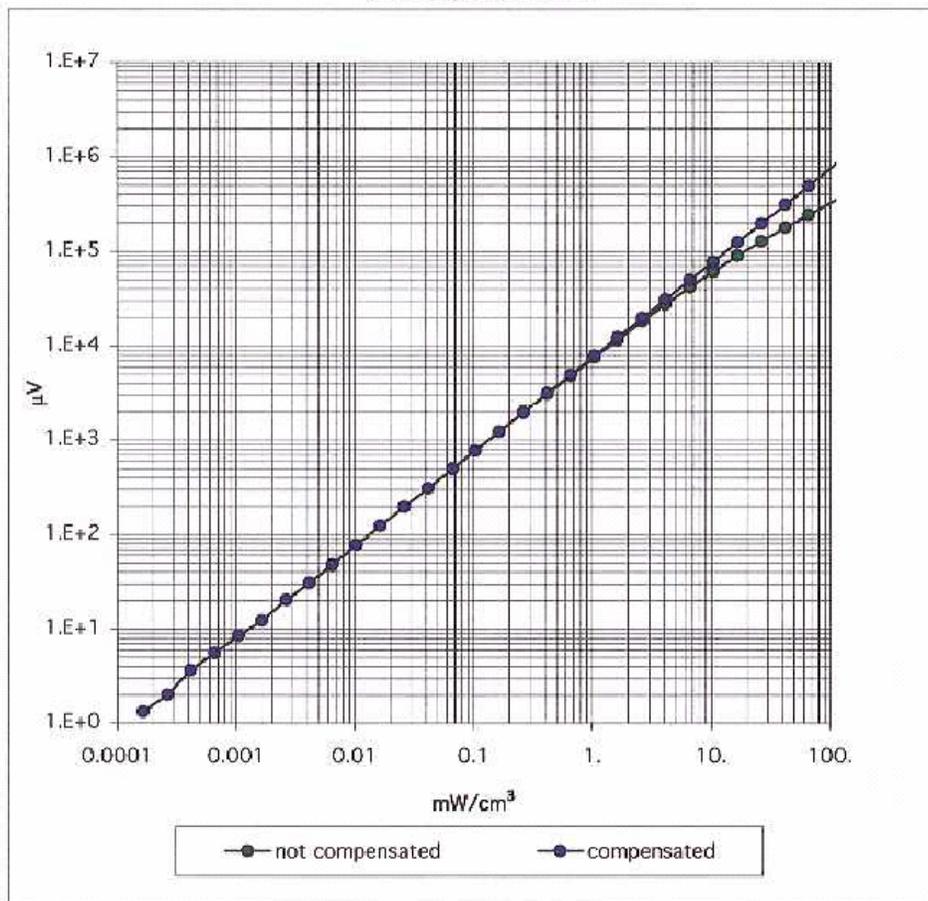
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



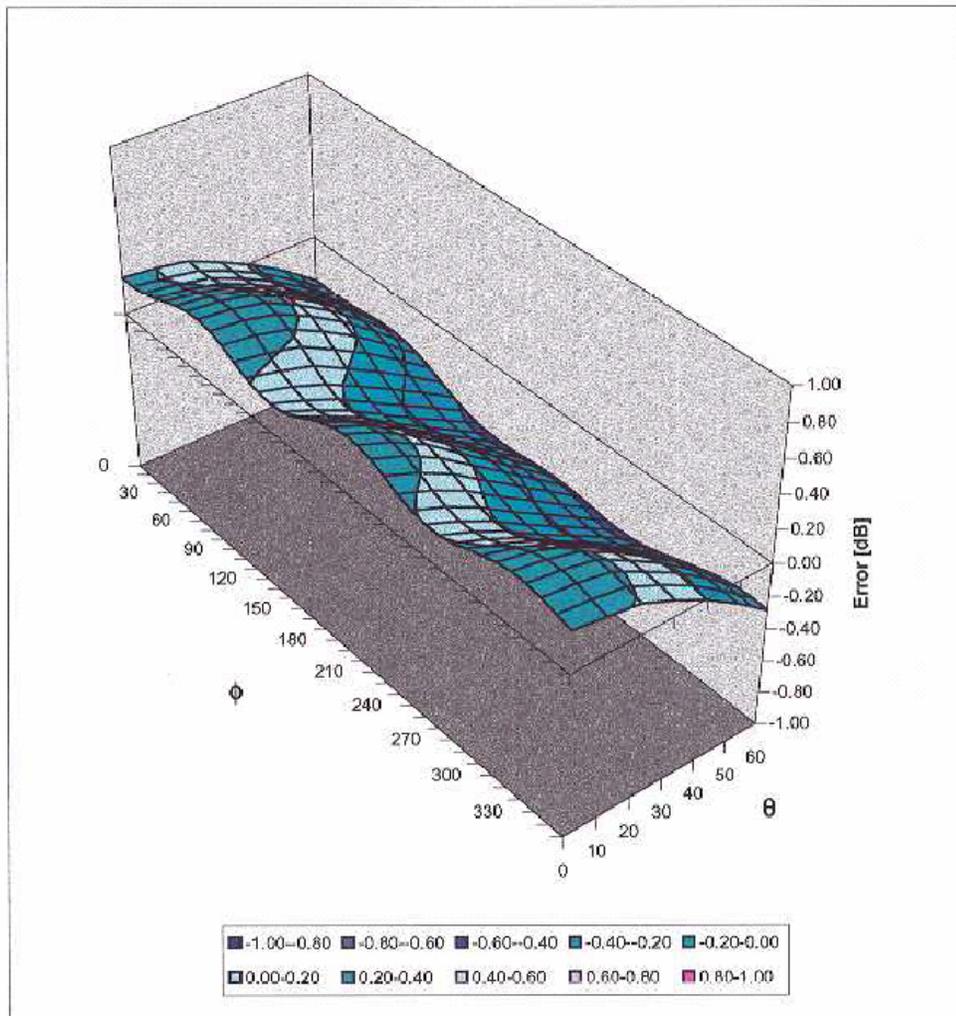
Dynamic Range f(SARhead)

(Waveguide R22)

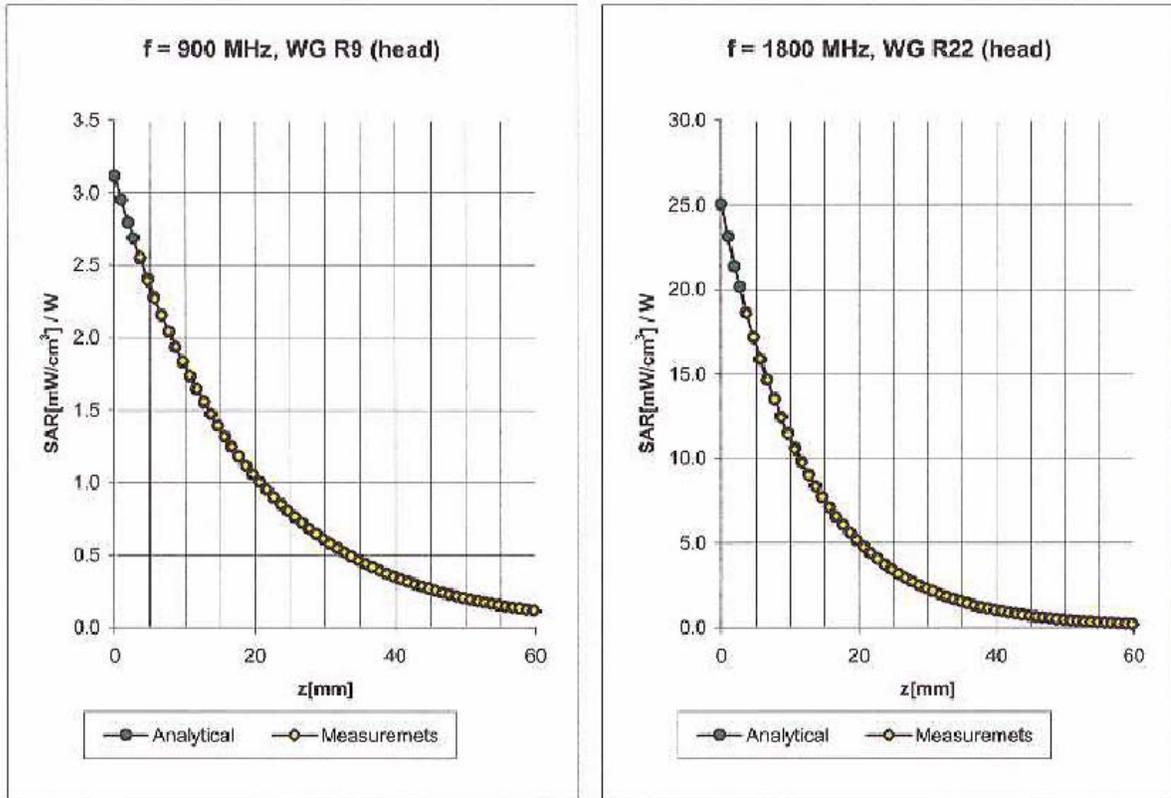


Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (θ, ϕ), $f = 900$ MHz



Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.5 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

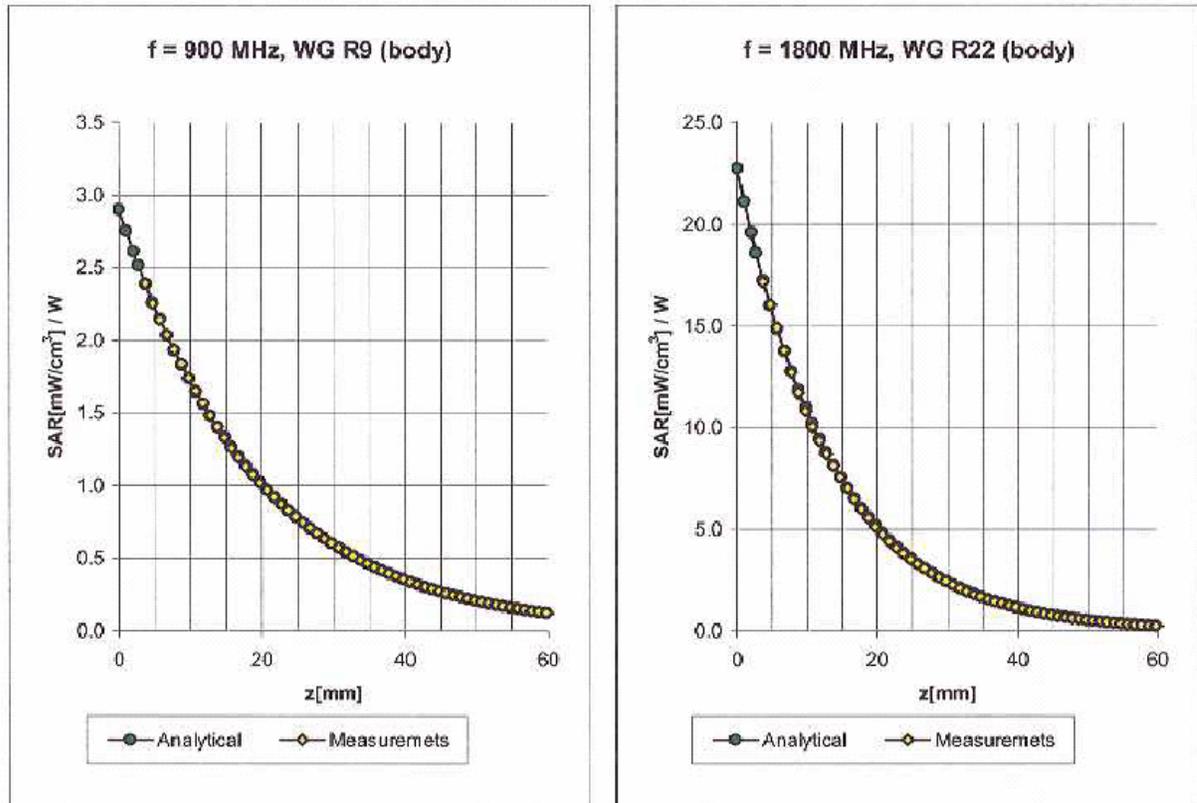
ConvF X	6.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	6.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.35
ConvF Z	6.1 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.84

Head 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 40.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.50
ConvF Z	4.9 ± 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.63

Conversion Factor Assessment



Body 900 MHz $\epsilon_r = 55.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

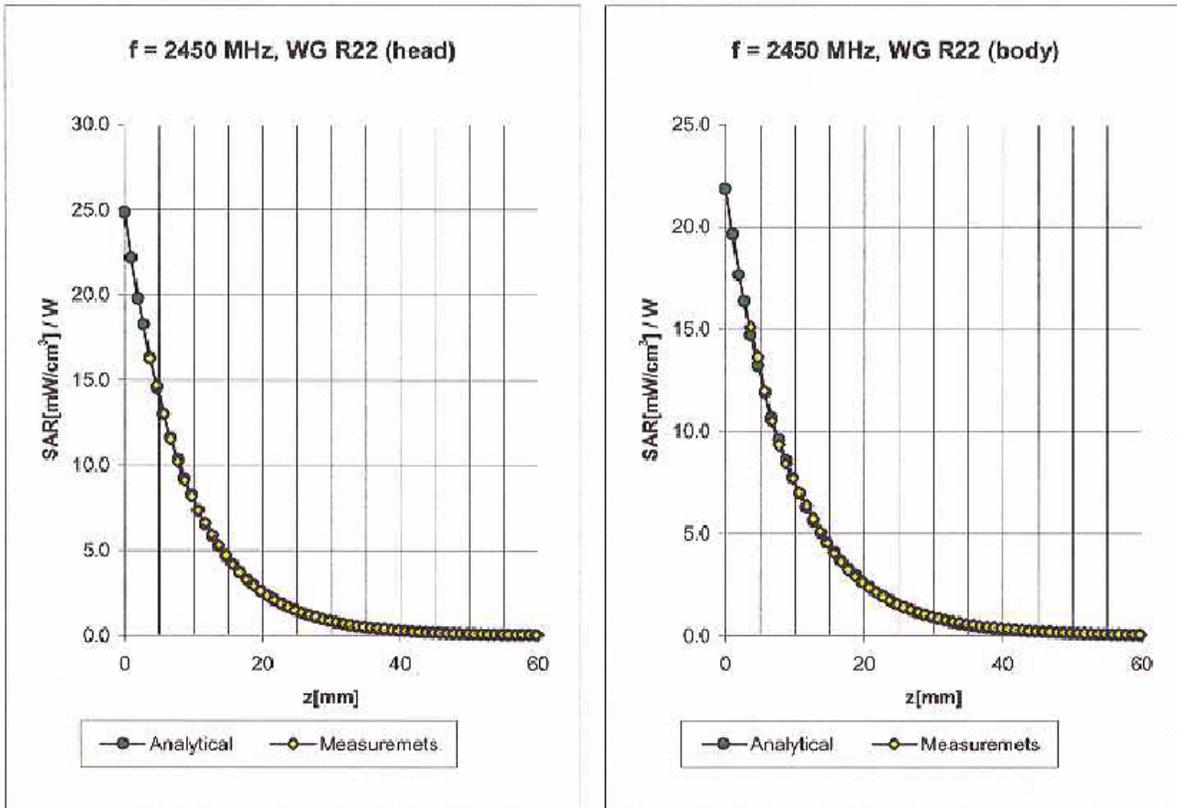
ConvF X	5.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.42
ConvF Z	5.9 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.54

Body 1800 MHz $\epsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Alpha	0.57
ConvF Z	4.6 $\pm 9.5\%$ (k=2)	Depth	2.65

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 2450 MHz $\epsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

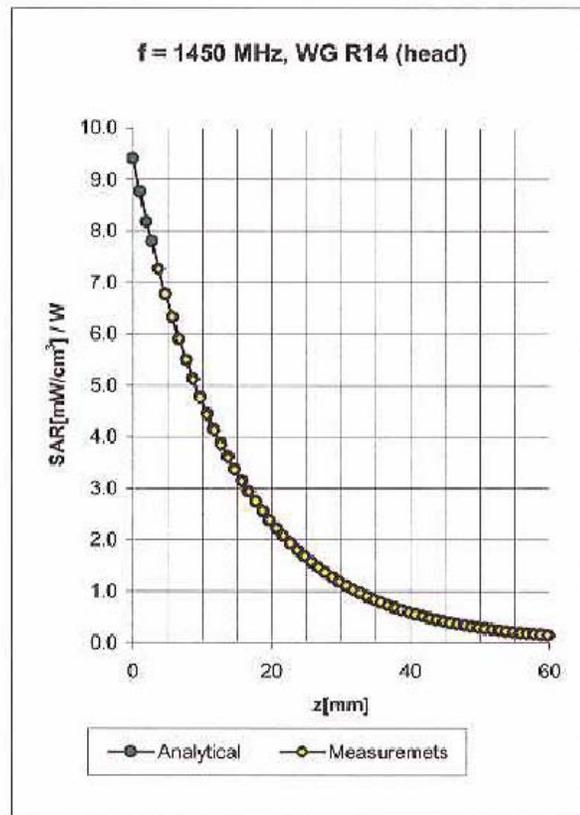
ConvF X	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	1.11
ConvF Z	4.5 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	1.76

Body 2450 MHz $\epsilon_r = 52.7 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.95 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X	4.2 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	4.2 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Alpha	1.41
ConvF Z	4.2 ± 8.9% (k=2)	Depth	1.45

Conversion Factor Assessment



Head 1450 MHz $\epsilon_r = 41.0 \pm 5\%$ $\sigma = 1.20 \pm 5\%$ mho/m

Valid for f=1350-1550 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1 528-200X

ConvF X	5.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Boundary effect:	
ConvF Y	5.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Alpha	0.62
ConvF Z	5.3 \pm 9.5% (k=2)	Depth	2.15

Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

ET3DV6R

Serial Number:

1545

Place of Assessment:

Zurich

Date of Assessment:

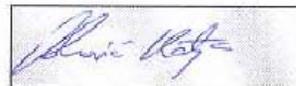
September 1, 2003

Probe Calibration Date:

August 28, 2003

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6R SN:1545

Conversion factor (\pm standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	7.6 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80$ mho/m (body tissue)
236 MHz	ConvF	7.4 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 59.8$ $\sigma = 0.87$ mho/m (body tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	7.3 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 58.2$ $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m (body tissue)
350 MHz	ConvF	7.3 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 57.7$ $\sigma = 0.93$ mho/m (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.0 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94$ mho/m (body tissue)
784 MHz	ConvF	6.1 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 55.4$ $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m (body tissue)
1450 MHz	ConvF	5.0 \pm 8%	$\epsilon_r = 54.0$ $\sigma = 1.30$ mho/m (body tissue)

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6R SN:1545Conversion factor (\pm standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	$8.4 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
236 MHz	ConvF	$7.6 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 48.3$ $\sigma = 0.82 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	$7.4 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
350 MHz	ConvF	$7.4 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 44.7$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
400 MHz	ConvF	$7.0 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 44.4$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue - CENELEC)
450 MHz	ConvF	$7.0 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 43.5$ $\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)
784 MHz	ConvF	$6.3 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 41.8$ $\sigma = 0.90 \text{ mho/m}$ (head tissue)

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

Calibration Certificate

835 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:

D835V2

Serial Number:

427

Place of Calibration:

Zurich

Date of Calibration:

October 15, 2002

Calibration Interval:

24 months

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

D. Vetter

Approved by:

Adrian Kätz

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the new SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 835 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	41.3	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	0.88 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 6.6 at 835 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 250mW $\pm 3\%$. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	9.64 mW/g
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	6.20 mW/g

3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay:	1.420 ns	(one direction)
Transmission factor:	0.992	(voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 835 MHz:	$\text{Re}\{Z\} = 52.1 \Omega$
	$\text{Im}\{Z\} = 0.4 \Omega$
Return Loss at 835 MHz	-33.3 dB

4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

6. Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN427_SN1507_HSL835_151002.da4

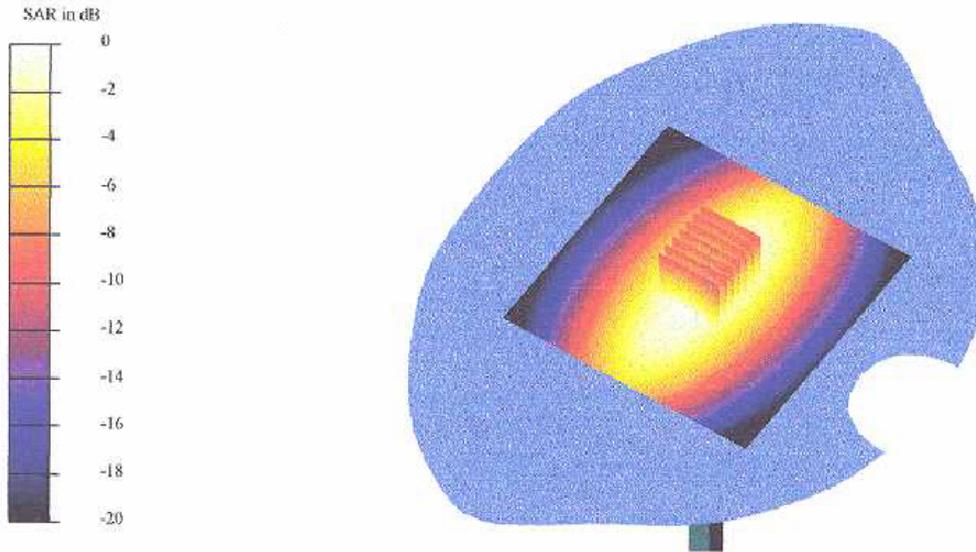
DUT: Dipole 835 MHz Type & Serial Number: D835V2 - SN427
Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 835 MHz ($\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m, $\epsilon = 41.3$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
Phantom section: FlatSection

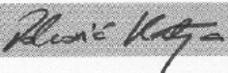
DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.6, 6.6, 6.6); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 35

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 56.3 V/m
Peak SAR = 3.61 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g
Power Drift = 0.01 dB



Client **Motorola CGISS**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																															
Object(s)	D1800V2 - SN:278																														
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v2 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits																														
Calibration date:	February 5, 2003																														
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)																														
<p>This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Model Type</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RF generator HP 8684C</td> <td>US3642U01700</td> <td>4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)</td> <td>In house check: Aug-05</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41495277</td> <td>8-Mar-02</td> <td>Mar-03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor HP 8481A</td> <td>MY41092180</td> <td>18-Sep-02</td> <td>Sep-03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power meter EPM E4419B</td> <td>GB41293874</td> <td>13-Sep-02</td> <td>Sep-03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8753E</td> <td>US38432426</td> <td>3-May-00</td> <td>In house check: May 03</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702</td> <td>SN: 6295803</td> <td>3-Sep-01</td> <td>Sep-03</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration	RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05	Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	8-Mar-02	Mar-03	Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02	Sep-03	Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	13-Sep-02	Sep-03	Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check: May 03	Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	3-Sep-01	Sep-03
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Approved by:	Name Ketja Pokovic	Function Laboratory Director	Signature 																												
Date issued: February 6, 2003																															
<p>This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.</p>																															

1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating glycol solution of the following electrical parameters at 1800 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity	39.5	$\pm 5\%$
Conductivity	1.36 mho/m	$\pm 5\%$

The DASY System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 5.3 at 1800 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

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2 SAR Measurement with DASY4 System

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 and applying the advanced extrapolation are:

averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of tissue:	38.6 mW/g
averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of tissue:	20.0 mW/g

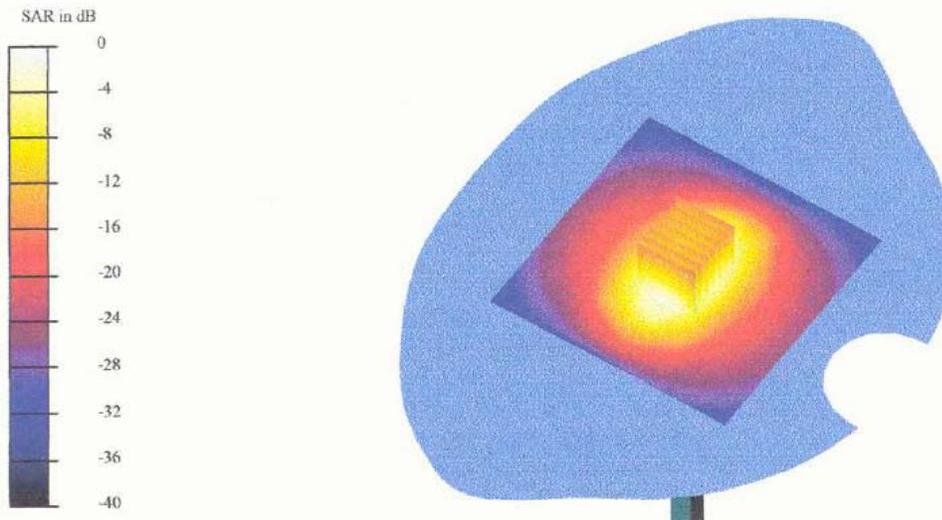
Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
File Name: SN278_SN1507_HSL1800_050203.da4

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz Type & Serial Number: D1800V2 - SN278
Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-1800; Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL 1800 MHz ($\sigma = 1.36$ mho/m, $\epsilon = 39.52$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
Phantom section: FlatSection

DASY4 Configuration:
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.3, 5.3, 5.3); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN410; Calibrated: 1/14/2003
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 - TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm
Reference Value = 94.2 V/m
Peak SAR = 16.8 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.02 mW/g
Power Drift = -0.01 dB



APPENDIX E

Illustration of Body-Worn Accessories

The purpose of this appendix is to illustrate the body-worn carry accessories for FCC ID: AZ489FT7008. The sample that was used in the following photos represents the product used to obtain the results presented herein and was used in this section to demonstrate the different body-worn accessory.



Figure 1.
Carry Case model
FHN6498A
Front view



Figure 2.
Carry Case model
FHN6498A
Side View

Appendix F
Accessory and option test status and separation distance

The following table summarizes the body spacing distance provided by the body-worn accessory:

Carry Case Model	Tested ?	Separation distance between device and phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
FHN6498A	Yes	8.25-16	NA