



MOTOROLA



Certificate Number: 1449-01

**FCC ID: AZ489FT5852
DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT Part 1 of 2**

**Government & Enterprise Mobility Solutions
EME Test Laboratory
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Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322**

Date of Report: September 23, 2005
Report Revision: Rev. 0
Report ID: FCC rpt_RLN6081A_Rev O_050923
SR2845

Responsible Engineer: Deanna Zakharia (Elect. Principal Staff Eng.)
Date/s Tested: 8/31/05-9/7/05 & 9/13/05
Manufacturer/Location: Motorola - China
Sector/Group/Div.: BRU
Date submitted for test: 8/23/05
DUT Description: ISM/RBR/1.0watts Digital two-way radio w/ display/removable antenna/10ch
Black/Lithium Ion
Test TX mode(s): 114:120
Max. Power output: 1.0 watts
Nominal Power: 0.990 watts
Tx Frequency Bands: 902.525MHz – 927.475MHz
Signaling type: iDEN
Model(s) Tested: RLN6081A
Model(s) Certified: RLN6081A
Serial Number(s): 0002, 0003
Classification: Occupational/Controlled
Rule Part(s): 90



Approved Accessories:

Antenna(s):
8505241U04 (902-928MHz Whip ½ wave antenna; 3dBi); 8505241U06 (902-928MHz Whip ¼ wave antenna 0dBi)
Battery(ies):
NNTN4655B (3.6V Li Ion 1450mAh); SNN5706B (3.6V Li Ion 1050mAh)
Body worn accessory(ies):
RLN5713A (Holster)
Audio/Data cable accessory(ies):
HMN9026C (Remote speaker microphone); NTN9159E (light headset); HMN9025C (Ear bud w/PTT microphone);
HCSN4000C (Ear bud w/ PTT microphone); HCSN4001B (Earpiece w/ boom microphone); HMN9039D (Earpiece w/ boom microphone)
HMN9038A (Headset w/swivel boom mic; RLN5714A (Earpiece with inline mic); NNTN5491A (mini keypad)

**Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 1.17/0.85 mW/g (Body)
Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.69/0.51 mW/g (Face)**

Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

This reporting format is consistent with the test report guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

Signature on file
Ken Enger GEMS EME Lab Senior Resource Manager,
Laboratory Director,

Approval Date: 9/26/05

**Certification Date: 9/26/05
Certification No.: L1050956P**

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REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Comments
9/23/05	O	Original release

1.0 Introduction and Overview

This report details the utilization, test setup, test equipment, and test results of the Specific Absorption Rate (S.A.R.) measurements performed at the GEMS EME Test Lab for the model number RLN6081A of FCC ID: AZ489FT5852.

The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limit of **8.0 mW/g** per the requirements of 47 CFR 2.1093(d).

2.0 Reference Standards and Guidelines

This product is designed to comply with the following national and international standards and guidelines.

- United States Federal Communications Commission, Code of Federal Regulations; Rule Part 47CFR § 2.1093 sub-part J:1999
- Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- IEEE 1528, 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1992
- Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-1999 Edition
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) 1998
- Ministry of Health (Canada) Safety Code 6. Limits of Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz, 1999
- Australian Communications Authority Radiocommunications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard 2003
- ANATEL, Brazil Regulatory Authority, Resolution No. 303 of July 2, 2002 "Regulation of the limitation of exposure to electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields in the radio frequency range between 9KHz and 300 GHz." and "Attachment to resolution # 303 from July 2, 2002"

2.1 SAR Limits

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average - ANSI - (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak - ANSI - (averaged over any 1-g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak – ICNIRP/ANSI - (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10-g)	4.0	20.0
Localized SAR - ICNIRP - (Head and Trunk 10-g)	2.0	10.0

3.0 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

FCC ID: AZ489FT5852 is a digital two-way radio device that uses Motorola’s proprietary MOTotalk architecture. MOTotalk operates in the 900MHz Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) band using spread spectrum protocol with 2, 4, and 8 FSK modulation.

This device will be marketed for occupational use. This device may be used while held in front of the face in PTT mode with or without the offered mini keypad accessory, and against the body along with the offered body worn accessories.

FCC ID: AZ489FT5852 is capable of operating in the 902.525MHz-927.475MHz band. The rated power is 0.99 watt. The maximum output is 1.0 watts as defined by the upper limit of the production line final test station.

FCC ID: AZ489FT5852 is offered with the options and accessories listed on the coversheet of this report.

Test Output Power

A table of the characteristic power slump versus time is provided in Appendix F.

4.0 Description of Test System



4.1 Descriptions of Robotics/probes/Readout Electronics

The laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4™) S.A.R. measurement system Version 4.3 manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. The test system consists of a Stäubli RX90L robot, DAE3V1, and ET3DV6 E-Field probes. Please reference the SPEAG user manual and application notes for detailed probe, robot, and S.A.R. computational procedures. Section 5.0 presents relevant test equipment information. Appendices B and C present the applicable calibration certificates. The E-field probe first scans a coarse grid over a large area inside the phantom in order to locate the interpolated maximum S.A.R. distribution. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The subsequent scan can directly use this position as reference for the cube evaluations.

4.2 Description of Phantom(s)

4.2.1 Flat Phantom

Phantom Type	Phantom Material	Phantom Dimensions (cm)	Support structure opening dimensions (cm)	Support structure material	Loss Tangent (wood)
Flat	High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)	80x30x20x0.2	68.58x20.32	Wood	< 0.05

4.2.2 SAM Phantom

Phantom Type	Material Parameters	Material Thickness (mm)	Support structure material	Loss Tangent (wood)
NA	200MHz -3GHz; Er = <5, Loss Tangent = <0.05	2mm +/- 0.2mm	Wood	< 0.05

4.3 Description of Equivalent tissues

Type of Simulated Tissue

The simulated tissue used is compliant to that specified in FCC Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and IEEE 1528, 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". The sugar based simulate tissue is produced by placing the correct measured amount of De-ionized water into a large container. Each of the dried ingredients are weighed and added to the water carefully to avoid clumping. If the solution has a high sugar concentration the water is pre-heated to aid in dissolving the ingredients. For Diacetin and

Glycol based simulates, sugar and HEC ingredients are not needed. The solution is mixed thoroughly, covered, and allowed to sit overnight prior to use.

Simulated Tissue Composition

% of listed ingredients	900MHz	
	Head	Body
Sugar	56.5	44.9
DGBE (Glycol)	NA	NA
Diacetin	NA	NA
De ionized -Water	40.95	53.06
Salt	1.45	0.94
HEC	1	1
Bact.	0.1	0.1

Reference section 6.1 for target parameters

5.0 Additional Test Equipment

Equipment Type	Model Number	Serial Number	Calibration Due Date
Power Meter	437B	3125U16028	9/29/05
Power Meter	437B	3737U26425	11/1/05
Power Meter	E4418B	GB40206480	11/22/05
Sensor	8482B	3318A07546	9/27/05
Sensor	8481H	2703A14631	9/29/2005
Directional Coupler (NARDA)	3020A	40295	18-Jul-06
Sig Gen	E4421B	RSHPBT02	11/3/05
AMP (Amplifier Research)	1W1000	16625	CNR
Dipole	D900V2	085	8/19/06
Network Analyzer (HP)	8753D	3410A06417	7-Feb-06
Dielectric Probe Kit (HP)	85070C	US99360076	CNR

6.0 SAR Measurement System Verification

The S.A.R. measurements were conducted with probe model/serial number ET3DV6/SN1383. The system performance check was conducted daily and within 24 hours prior to testing. DASY output files of the system performance test results and the probe/dipole calibration certificates are included in appendices B and C respectively. The table below summarizes the system performance check results normalized to 1W.

Dipole validation scans at the head from SPEAG are provided in Appendix D. The GEMS EME lab validated the dipole to the applicable IEEE system performance targets. Within the same day system validation was performed using FCC body tissue parameters to generate the system performance target values for body at the applicable frequency. The results of the GEMS EME system performance validation are provided herein.

6.1 Equivalent Tissue Test Results

Simulated tissue prepared for S.A.R. measurements is measured daily and within 24 hours prior to actual S.A.R. testing to verify that the tissue is within 5% of target parameters at the center of the transmit band. This measurement is done using the Agilent (HP) probe kit model 85070C and a HP8753D Network Analyzer.

Actual versus Target tissue parameters (8/31/05-9/7/05 & 9/13/05)

FCC Body				
Frequency (MHz)	Di-electric Constant Target	Di-electric Constant Meas. (Range)	Conductivity Target S/m	Conductivity Meas. (Range) S/m
900	55.0	52.6-53.1	1.05	1.04-1.06
915	55.0	52.5-52.9	1.06	1.06-1.08

IEEE Head				
Frequency (MHz)	Di-electric Constant Target	Di-electric Constant Meas. (Range)	Conductivity Target S/m	Conductivity Meas. (Range) S/m
900	41.5	40.4-40.9	0.98	1.00-1.01
915	41.5	40.3-40.8	0.98	1.02-1.02

6.2 System Check Test Results

Probe Serial #	Tissue Type	Probe Cal Date	Dipole Kit / Serial #	System Perf. Result when normalized to 1W (mW/g)	Reference S.A.R @ 1W (mW/g)	Test Date(s)
1383	FCC Body	2/24/05	SPEAG D900V2 /085	11.665 ± 0.175	11.41 ± 10%	8/31/05-9/13/05 4 test days
1383	IEEE Head	2/24/05	SPEAG D900V2 /085	11.50 ± 0.000	11.26 ± 10%	9/7/05

Note: See APPENDIX D for an explanation of the reference S.A.R. targets stated above.
 (System performance results reflects the median performance +/- ½ of the test date(s) performance ranges)

The DASY4™ system is operated per the instructions in the DASY4™ Users Manual. The complete manual is available directly from SPEAG™. All measurement equipment used to assess EME S.A.R. compliance was calibrated according to ISO/IEC 17025 requirements per the A2LA guidelines.

7.0 DUT Test Strategy and Methodology

DUT Configuration(s)

The DUT is a portable two-way device operational at the body, and in front of the face using the applicable offered accessories. The device is placed in the test positions presented in Appendix G.

7.1 Test Plan

All options and accessories listed on the cover page of this report were considered in order to develop the S.A.R. test plan for this product. S.A.R. measurements were performed using a flat phantom with the applicable simulated tissue to assess performance at the body and face.

Note that a coarse-to-cube approximation methodology was utilized to determine the worst-case S.A.R. performance configuration for each applicable body location. The test configurations that produced the highest S.A.R. results for each body position using the coarse-to-cube approximation methodology were assessed using the full DASY4™ coarse and 7x7x7 cube scans.

Assessments at the Body (CW mode) [Page 10/11 of 24; Tables 1&2]

- Assessment at the center frequency of the TX band using the offered batteries, each of the offered antennas, the offered body worn accessories, and the offered audio accessory model HMN9026C.
- Assessment at the center frequency of the TX band using the worst case configuration from above along with the other offered audio accessories.
- Assessment at the band edges of each of the offered antennas using the worst case configuration determined above.
- Assessment of the worst case configuration from above, with the DUT's back and front separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

Assessments at the Face (PTT) [Page 12 of 24; Table 3]

- Assessment at the center frequency of the TX band with and without the offered mini keypad accessory using the offered batteries.
- Assessment at the band edges of each of the offered antennas using the respective worst case configuration determined above.

Shortened scan assessment at the Body [Appendix E Part 2 of 2]

- A “shortened” scan was performed using the offered battery and test configuration that produced the highest S.A.R. results overall. Note that the shortened scan is obtained by first running a coarse scan to find the peak area and then, using a newly charged battery, a cube scan only was performed. The shortened scan represents the cube scan performance results.

7.2 Device Positioning Procedures

Reference Appendix G for photos of the DUT tested positions.

7.2.1 Body

The DUT was positioned with the offered body worn accessory in normal use configuration against the phantom.

The DUT was positioned with its’ front and back sides separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

7.2.2 Head

NA

7.2.3 Face

The DUT was positioned with its’ front housing separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

8.0 Environmental Test Conditions

The EME Laboratory’s ambient environment is well controlled resulting in very stable simulated tissue temperature and therefore stable dielectric properties. Simulated tissue temperature is measured prior to each scan to insure it is within +/- 2°C of the temperature at which the dielectric properties were determined. The liquid depth within the phantom used for measurements was 15cm +/- 0.5cm. Additional precautions are routinely taken to ensure the stability of the simulated tissue such as covering the phantoms when scans are not actively in process in order to minimize evaporation. The lab environment is continuously monitored. The table below presents the range and average environmental conditions during the S.A.R. tests reported herein:

	Target	Measured
Ambient Temperature	20 - 25 °C	Range: 21.5-22.5°C Avg. 22.5°C
Relative Humidity	30 - 70 %	Range: 44.5-52.5% Avg. 48.29%
Tissue Temperature	NA	Range: 21.2-21.7°C Avg. 21.45°C

The EME Lab’s RF environment uses a Spectrum Analyzer to monitor for extraneous large signal RF contaminants that could possibly affect the test results. If such unwanted signals are discovered the S.A.R scans are repeated.

9.0 Test Results Summary

All S.A.R. results obtained by the tests described in Section 7.1 are listed below. As noted in section 7.1, a coarse-to-cube approximation methodology was utilized to ascertain the worst-case test configuration for each body location. The worst case test configurations observed for each body location were then assessed using the full DASY4™ coarse and 7x7x7 cube methodology, and they are presented as bolded results. The associated S.A.R. plots are provided in Appendix E. Appendix E also presents a shortened S.A.R. cube scan to assess the validity of the calculated results presented herein. Note: The results of the shortened cube scan presented in Appendix E demonstrate that the scaling methodology used to determine the calculated S.A.R. results presented herein are valid.

Table 1

DUT assessment at the body; 114:120 mode												
Run Number/ SN	Antenna	Freq. (MHz)	Battery	Test position	Carry Case	Additional attachments	Initial Power (W)	S.A.R. Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Meas. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Max Calc. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Max Calc. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g)
Assessment of offered batteries with body worn accessory and with audio accessory HMN9026C												
CM-Ab-050831-04/0003	8505241U04	915.525	NNTN4655B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HMN9026C	1.01	-0.468	0.669	0.467	0.37	0.26
CM-Ab-050831-05/0003	8505241U04	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HMN9026C	1.04	-0.494	0.681	0.476	0.382	0.27
Assessment of other offered antenna with worst case configuration from above.												
CM-Ab-050831-06/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HMN9026C	1.05	-0.532	0.916	0.639	0.52	0.36
Assessment of other audio accessories w/ worst case configuration from above												
CM-Ab-050901-02/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NTN9159E	1.06	-0.504	0.921	0.641	0.52	0.36
CM-Ab-050901-03/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HMN9025C	1.05	-0.698	0.851	0.592	0.50	0.35
CM-Ab-050901-04/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HCSN4000C	1.06	-0.558	1.02	0.711	0.58	0.40
CM-Ab-050901-05/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	HMN9038A	1.05	-0.633	0.910	0.636	0.53	0.37
ErC-Ab-050907-03/0003	8505241U06	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.03	-0.456	1.640	1.140	0.91	0.63
Assessment at the band edges of antenna 8505241U06 with worst case configuration from above												
CM-Ab-050907-06/0003	8505241U06	902.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.672	1.630	1.140	0.951	0.67
*CM-Ab-050907-07/0003	8505241U06	927.475	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.652	1.770	1.230	1.028	0.71
Assessment at the band edges of antenna 8505241U04 with worst case configuration from above												
CM-Ab-050907-08/0003	8505241U04	902.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.04	-0.394	0.541	0.378	0.30	0.21
CM-Ab-050907-09/0003	8505241U04	915.525	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.03	-0.394	0.595	0.415	0.33	0.23
CM-Ab-050907-10/0003	8505241U04	927.475	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.406	0.622	0.434	0.34	0.24
Assessment at 2.5cm separation												
CM-Ab-050907-11/0003	8505241U06	927.475	SNN5706B	DUT back 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.491	0.908	0.641	0.51	0.36
CM-Ab-050907-12/0003	8505241U06	927.475	SNN5706B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.06	-0.652	1.070	0.751	0.62	0.44
Assessment with the worst case test configuration at the body using the full DASy coarse and 7x7x7 cube scan measurements.												
ErC-Ab-050913-02/0002	8505241U06	927.475	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.728	1.860	1.340	1.100	0.79
CM-Ab-050913-05/0002 (Shortened scan)	8505241U06	927.475	SNN5706B	Against phantom	RLN5713A	NNTN5491A	1.02	-0.586	2.050	1.480	1.173	0.85

Table 2

DUT assessment at the face; 114:120 mode												
Run Number/ SN	Antenna	Freq. (MHz)	Battery	Test position	Carry Case	Additional attachments	Initial Power (W)	S.A.R. Drift (dB)	Meas. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Meas. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Max Calc. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g)	Max Calc. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g)
Assessment of offered batteries												
CM-Face-050906-02/0003	8505241U04	915.525	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	None	1.03	-0.278	0.793	0.557	0.423	0.297
CM-Face-050906-03/0003	8505241U04	915.525	SNN5706B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	None	1.05	-0.329	0.781	0.547	0.421	0.295
Assessment of audio accessory with worst case battery from above												
CM-Face-050906-04/0003	8505241U04	915.525	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.04	-0.417	0.875	0.616	0.48	0.34
Assessment at band edges of antenna 8505241U04												
CM-Face-050906-05/0003	8505241U04	902.525	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.01	-0.449	0.990	0.698	0.55	0.39
CM-Face-050906-06/0003	8505241U04	927.475	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	0.996	-0.508	0.749	0.527	0.42	0.30
Assessment at band edges of antenna 8505241U06												
CM-Face-050906-07/0003	8505241U06	902.525	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.01	-0.554	1.09	0.776	0.62	0.44
CM-Face-050906-08/0003	8505241U06	915.525	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.05	-0.470	1.190	0.845	0.66	0.47
*CM-Face-050906-09/0003	8505241U06	927.475	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.00	-0.532	1.200	0.855	0.68	0.48
Assessment of offered battery at the face using the full DASy coarse and 7x7x7 cube scan measurements.												
CM-Face-050906-11/0003	8505241U06	927.475	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.01	-0.720	1.130	0.818	0.67	0.48
CM-Face-050906-12/0003	8505241U06	927.475	NNTN4655B	DUT front 2.5cm	None	NNTN5491A	1.02	-0.449	1.250	0.912	0.69	0.51

9.1 Highest S.A.R. results calculation methodology

The calculated maximum 1-gram averaged S.A.R. results reported herein for the full DASYSTM coarse and 7x7x7 cube measurements are determined by scaling the measured S.A.R. to account for power leveling variations and power slump. For this device the Maximum Calculated 1-gram averaged peak S.A.R. is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Max. Calc. 1-g Avg. SAR} = ((\text{S.A.R. meas.} / (10^{(\text{Pdrift}/10)})) * (\text{Pmax}/\text{Pint})) * \text{DC\%}$$

P_{max} = Maximum Power (W)

P_{int} = Initial Power (W) Note: If P_{int} is greater than P_{max} then $P_{\text{max}}/P_{\text{int}}=1$

P_{drift} = DASYS drift results (dB) - (for conservative results positive drifts are not accounted for)

SAR_{meas} = Measured 1 gram averaged peak S.A.R. (mW/g)

DC % = Transmission mode duty cycle in % where applicable

50% duty cycle is applied for PTT operation.

10.0 Conclusion

The highest Operational Maximum Calculated 1-g/10-g averaged S.A.R. values found for FCC ID: AZ489FT5852 model RLN6081A.

At the Body: 1-g/10-g Avg. = 1.17/0.85mW/g

At the Face: 1-g/10-g Avg. = 0.69/0.51mW/g

These test results clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limits of **8.0mW/g** per the requirements of 47 CFR 2.1093(d).

APPENDIX A
Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 30 MHz to 3 GHz

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. (± %)	Prob Dist	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Test sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	3.4	N	1.00	1	1	3.4	3.4	29
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.8	N	1.00	1	1	3.8	3.8	8
SAR drift	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	N	1.00	0.64	0.43	2.1	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	N	1.00	0.6	0.49	1.1	0.9	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11	11	506
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				22	22	

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom) for 30 MHz to 3 GHz

<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>e = f(d,k)</i>	<i>f</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>h = c x f / e</i>	<i>i = c x g / e</i>	<i>k</i>
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 section	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	<i>c_i</i> (1 g)	<i>c_i</i> (10 g)	1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%)	<i>v_i</i>
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	5.9	N	1.00	1	1	5.9	5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Spherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	R	1.73	0	0	0.0	0.0	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	R	1.73	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1.00	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	1.1	R	1.73	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	0.0	R	1.73	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom	E.6.3	1.4	R	1.73	1	1	0.8	0.8	∞
Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.)	E.5	3.4	R	1.73	1	1	2.0	2.0	∞
Dipole									
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	8, E.4.2	2.0	R	1.73	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement	8, 6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	E.3.3	3.3	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.2	0.8	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	E.3.3	1.9	R	1.73	0.6	0.49	0.6	0.5	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				9	9	99999
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)			<i>k</i> =2				18	17	

Notes for Tables 1 and 2

- a) Column headings *a-k* are given for reference.
- b) Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity.
- c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution
- d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions
- e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty
- f) *c_i* - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.
- g) *u_i* – SAR uncertainty
- h) *v_i* - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty.

Appendix B
Probe Calibration Certification

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
S Service suisse d'étalonnage
C Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola CGISS**

Certificate No: **ET3-1383_Feb05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1383**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 24, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 617	19-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterli	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 25, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1383

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

Diode Compression^B

NormX	1.86 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP X	90 mV
NormY	1.60 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Y	90 mV
NormZ	1.67 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$	DCP Z	90 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.3	5.2
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.7	0.1

TSL 1810 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	14.9	9.6
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.9	0.1

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center	2.7 mm
Optical Surface Detection	very low, but repeatable

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

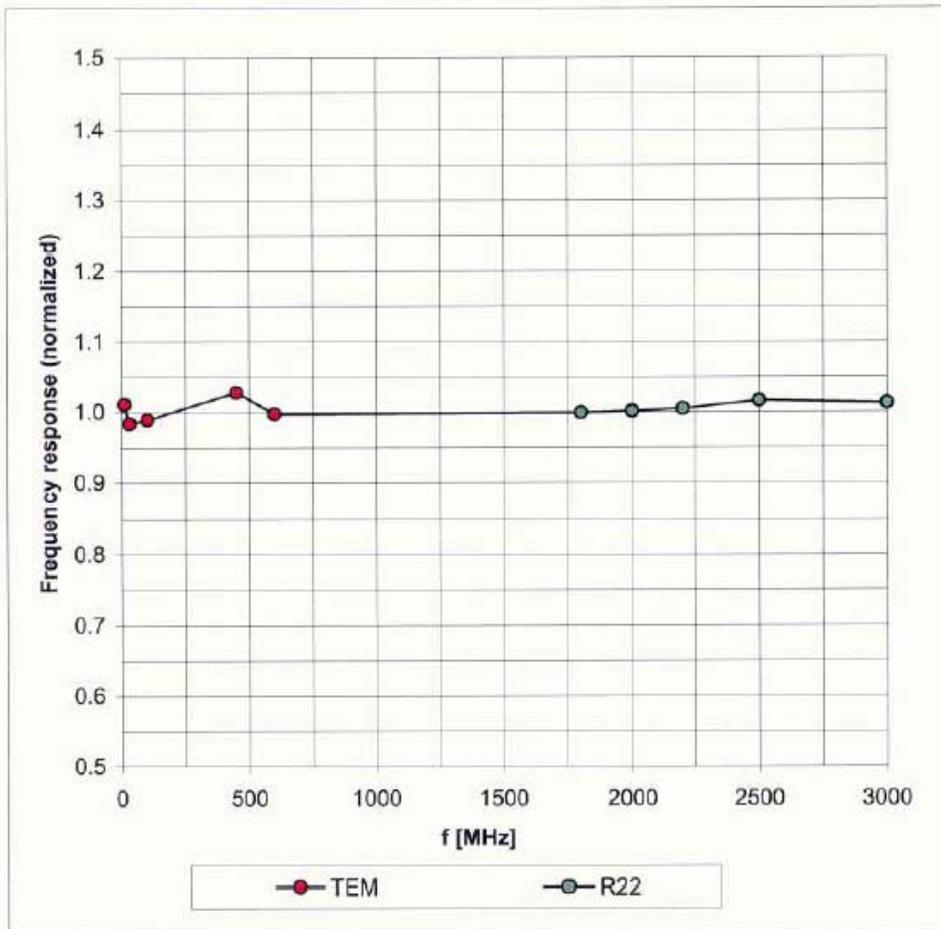
^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

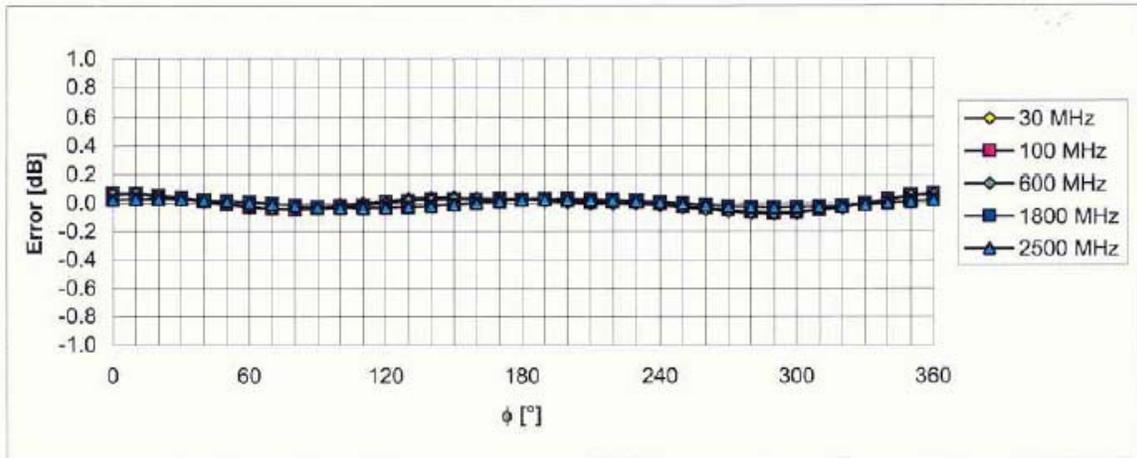
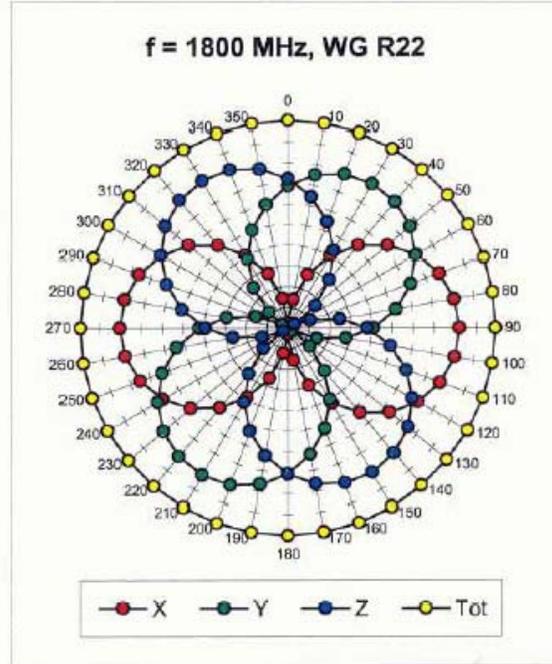
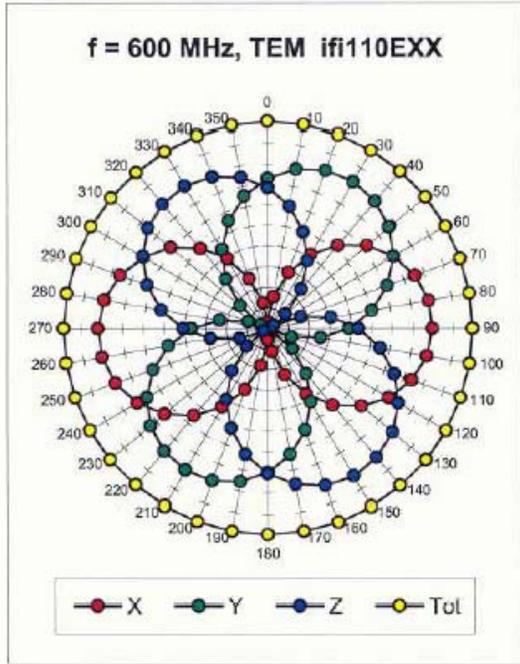


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

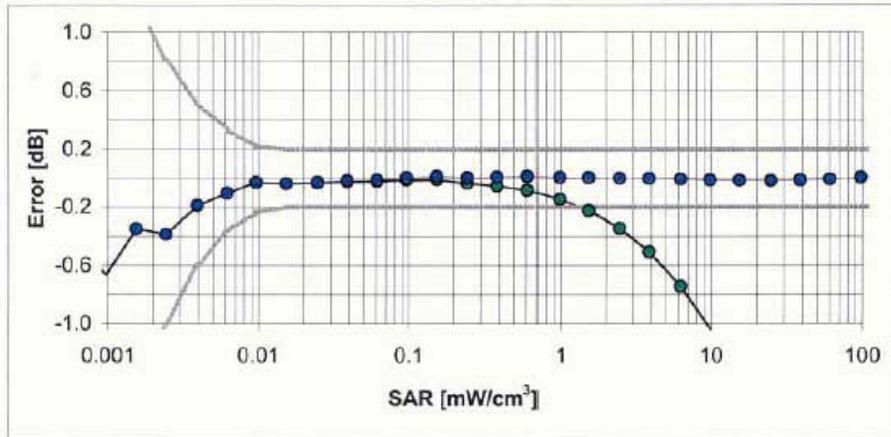
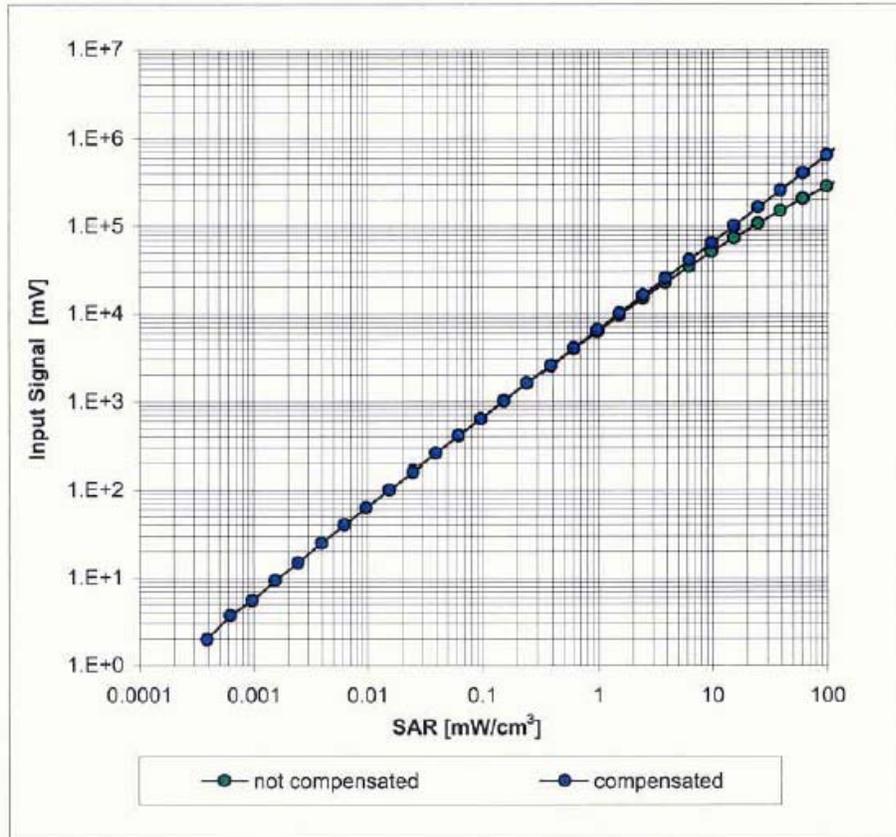


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

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Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)

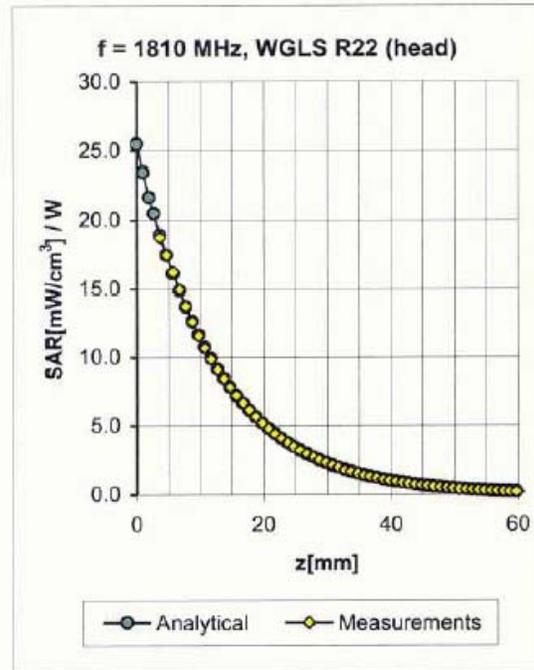
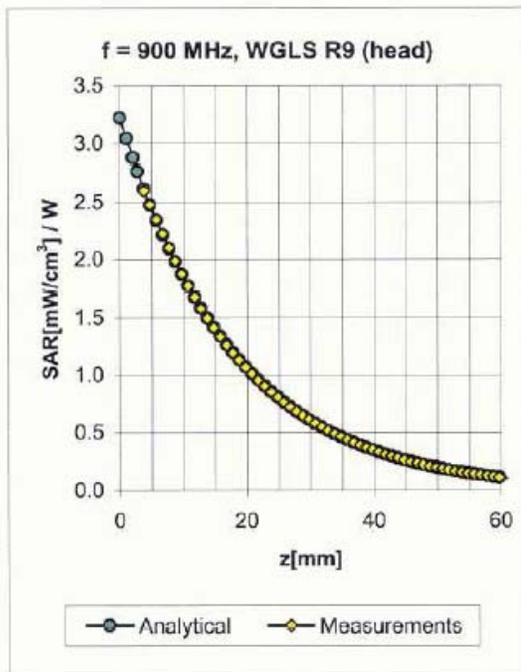


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
300	± 50 / ± 100	Head	45.3 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.13	1.55	7.96 ± 13.3% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.12	1.15	7.26 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	1.44	1.38	6.35 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.5 ± 5%	1.20 ± 5%	1.03	1.72	5.69 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.76	2.16	5.26 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.87	2.04	4.59 ± 11.8% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.09	1.13	7.05 ± 13.3% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	1.40	1.46	6.03 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	0.88	2.03	5.22 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.73	2.47	4.71 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	1.05	1.71	4.34 ± 11.8% (k=2)

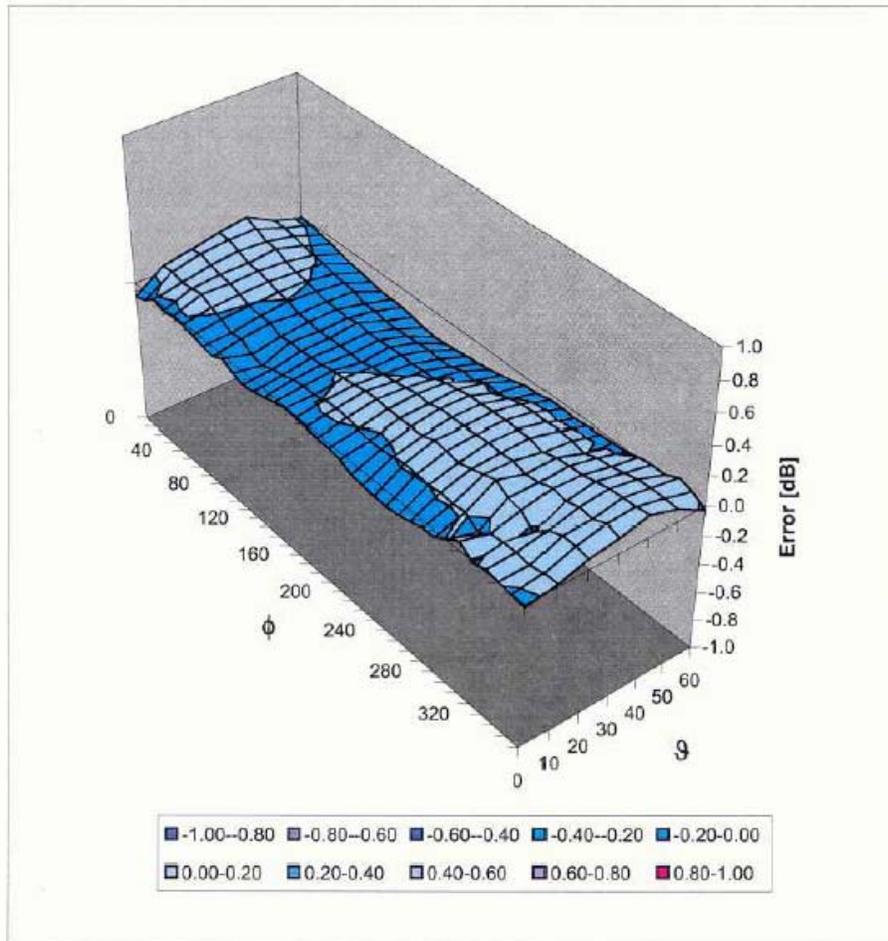
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, ϑ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)