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|  MOTOROLA |  ACCREDITED Certificate Number: 1449-01 | | |
| FCC ID: AZ489FT4874 DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE SAR ASSESSMENT Part 1 of 2 | | | |
| Government & Enterprise Mobility Solutions EME Test Laboratory 8000 West Sunrise Blvd Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322 | Date of Report: December 16, 2005 Report Revision: Rev. A Report ID: FCC rpt_RLE1095A_Rev A_051216 SR2962 | | |
| <table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 70%; vertical-align: top;"> <p>Responsible Engineer: Deanna Zakharia (Elect. Principal Staff Eng.) Date/s Tested: 10/13/2005 – 10/14/2005 Manufacturer/Location: Motorola - China Sector/Group/Div.: CPD Date submitted for test: 10/5/2005 DUT Description: ELB1110 UHF, 1 channel 12.5KHz, Display, Fixed Antenna, 1Watt Radiated output power Test TX mode(s): CW Max. Power output: 1.0 watts Nominal Power: 1.0 watt Tx Frequency Bands: 460MHz – 470MHz Signaling type: FM Model(s) Tested: RLE1095A Model(s) Certified: RLE1095A Serial Number(s): 3454FL0065 & 3454FL0064 Classification: Occupational/Controlled Rule Part(s): 90</p> <p>Approved Accessories: Antenna(s): Fixed antenna (UHF Helical 460-470MHz ¼ λ -2.0dBi gain) Battery(ies): IXNN4001A (3.6V NiMH rechargeable battery) Body worn accessory(ies): 1564019V01 (Spring belt clip); 1564017V01 (standard belt clip) Audio/Data cable accessory(ies): HMN9026C (Remote speaker microphone); NTN9159E (light headset); HMN9025C (Ear bud w/PTT microphone); HCSN4000C (Ear bud w/ PTT microphone); HCSN4001B (Earpiece w/ boom microphone); HMN9039D (Earpiece w/ boom microphone)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.57/0.39 mW/g (Body) Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.49/0.35 mW/g (Face)</p> </td> <td style="width: 30%; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">  </td> </tr> </table> | | <p>Responsible Engineer: Deanna Zakharia (Elect. Principal Staff Eng.) Date/s Tested: 10/13/2005 – 10/14/2005 Manufacturer/Location: Motorola - China Sector/Group/Div.: CPD Date submitted for test: 10/5/2005 DUT Description: ELB1110 UHF, 1 channel 12.5KHz, Display, Fixed Antenna, 1Watt Radiated output power Test TX mode(s): CW Max. Power output: 1.0 watts Nominal Power: 1.0 watt Tx Frequency Bands: 460MHz – 470MHz Signaling type: FM Model(s) Tested: RLE1095A Model(s) Certified: RLE1095A Serial Number(s): 3454FL0065 & 3454FL0064 Classification: Occupational/Controlled Rule Part(s): 90</p> <p>Approved Accessories: Antenna(s): Fixed antenna (UHF Helical 460-470MHz ¼ λ -2.0dBi gain) Battery(ies): IXNN4001A (3.6V NiMH rechargeable battery) Body worn accessory(ies): 1564019V01 (Spring belt clip); 1564017V01 (standard belt clip) Audio/Data cable accessory(ies): HMN9026C (Remote speaker microphone); NTN9159E (light headset); HMN9025C (Ear bud w/PTT microphone); HCSN4000C (Ear bud w/ PTT microphone); HCSN4001B (Earpiece w/ boom microphone); HMN9039D (Earpiece w/ boom microphone)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.57/0.39 mW/g (Body) Max. Calc. 1-g/10-g Avg. SAR: 0.49/0.35 mW/g (Face)</p> |  |
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| Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report. This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory. | | | |
| This reporting format is consistent with the test report guidelines of the TIA TSB-150 December 2004 The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated. | | | |
| Signature on file – Ken Enger Ken Enger GEMS EME Lab Senior Resource Manager, Laboratory Director, 12/16/2005 Approval Date: | Certification Date: 10/20/05 Certification No.: L1051028P | | |

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REVISION HISTORY

| Date | Revision | Comments |
|----------|----------|--|
| 10/19/05 | O | Original release |
| 12/16/05 | A | Section 3.0: Removed GMRS from product description |

1.0 Introduction and Overview

This report details the utilization, test setup, test equipment, and test results of the Specific Absorption Rate (S.A.R.) measurements performed at the GEMS EME Test Lab for the model number RLE1095A of FCC ID: AZ489FT4874.

The test results presented herein clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limit of **8.0 mW/g** per the requirements of 47 CFR 2.1093(d).

2.0 Reference Standards and Guidelines

This product is designed to comply with the following national and international standards and guidelines.

- United States Federal Communications Commission, Code of Federal Regulations; Rule Part 47CFR § 2.1093 sub-part J:1999
- Federal Communications Commission, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.
- IEEE 1528, 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- American National Standards Institute (ANSI) / Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95. 1-1992
- Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers (IEEE) C95.1-1999 Edition
- International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) 1998
- Ministry of Health (Canada) Safety Code 6. Limits of Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz, 1999
- Australian Communications Authority Radiocommunications (Electromagnetic Radiation - Human Exposure) Standard 2003
- ANATEL, Brazil Regulatory Authority, Resolution No. 303 of July 2, 2002 "Regulation of the limitation of exposure to electrical, magnetic, and electromagnetic fields in the radio frequency range between 9KHz and 300 GHz." and "Attachment to resolution # 303 from July 2, 2002"

2.1 SAR Limits

| EXPOSURE LIMITS | SAR (W/kg) | |
|--|--|--|
| | (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment) | (Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment) |
| Spatial Average - ANSI - (averaged over the whole body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| Spatial Peak - ANSI - (averaged over any 1-g of tissue) | 1.60 | 8.0 |
| Spatial Peak – ICNIRP/ANSI - (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10-g) | 4.0 | 20.0 |
| Localized SAR - ICNIRP - (Head and Trunk 10-g) | 2.0 | 10.0 |

3.0 Description of Device Under Test (DUT)

FCC ID: AZ489FT4874 is a UHF device that uses FP99 Zero IF chipset frequency modulation signaling.

This device will be marketed for occupational use. This device may be used while held in front of the face in PTT mode, and against the body along with the offered body worn accessories.

FCC ID: AZ489FT4874 is capable of operating in the 460-470MHz band. The rated power is 1.0 watt. The maximum output is 1.0 watts as defined by the upper limit of the production line final test station.

FCC ID: AZ489FT4874 is offered with the options and accessories listed on the coversheet of this report.

Test Output Power

A table of the characteristic power slump versus time is provided in Appendix F.

4.0 Description of Test System



4.1 Descriptions of Robotics/probes/Readout Electronics

The laboratory utilizes a Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY4™) S.A.R. measurement system Version 4.3 manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™), of Zurich Switzerland. The test system consists of a Stäubli RX90L robot, DAE3V1, and ET3DV6 E-Field probes. Please reference the SPEAG user manual and application notes for detailed probe, robot, and S.A.R. computational procedures. Section 5.0 presents relevant test equipment information. Appendices B and C present the applicable calibration certificates. The E-field probe first scans a coarse grid over a large area inside the phantom in order to locate the interpolated maximum S.A.R. distribution. After the coarse scan measurement, the probe is automatically moved to a position at the interpolated maximum. The subsequent scan can directly use this position as reference for the cube evaluations.

4.2 Description of Phantom(s)

4.2.1 Flat Phantom

| Phantom Type | Phantom Material | Phantom Dimensions (cm) | Support structure opening dimensions (cm) | Support structure material | Loss Tangent (wood) |
|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Flat | High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) | 80x30x20x0.2 | 68.58x20.32 | Wood | < 0.05 |

4.2.2 SAM Phantom

| Phantom Type | Material Parameters | Material Thickness (mm) | Support structure material | Loss Tangent (wood) |
|--------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| NA | 200MHz -3GHz, Er = <5, Loss Tangent = <0.05 | 2mm +/- 0.2mm | Wood | < 0.05 |

4.3 Description of Equivalent tissues

Type of Simulated Tissue

The simulated tissue used is compliant to that specified in FCC Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01) and IEEE 1528, 2003 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques". The sugar based simulate tissue is produced by placing the correct measured amount of De-ionized water into a large container. Each of the dried ingredients are weighed and added to the water carefully to avoid clumping. If the solution has a high sugar concentration the water is pre-heated to aid in dissolving the ingredients. For Diacetin and Glycol based simulates, sugar and HEC ingredients are not needed. The solution is mixed thoroughly, covered, and allowed to sit overnight prior to use.

Simulated Tissue Composition

| % of listed ingredients | 450MHz | |
|-------------------------|--------|------|
| | Head | Body |
| Sugar | 56.0 | 46.5 |
| DGBE (Glycol) | NA | NA |
| Diacetin | NA | NA |
| De ionized -Water | 39.1 | 46.5 |
| Salt | 3.8 | 2.32 |
| HEC | 1 | 1 |
| Bact. | 0.1 | 0.1 |

Reference section 6.1 for target parameters

5.0 Additional Test Equipment

| Equipment Type | Model Number | Serial Number | Calibration Due Date |
|-----------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Power Meter | E4419B | MY40330364 | 1/28/2006 |
| Sensor | 8482B | 3318A05259 | 3/28/2006 |
| Sensor | 8482B | 3318A06773 | 3/22/2006 |
| Directional Coupler (NARDA) | 3020A | 40296 | 2/27/2006 |
| Sig Gen | E4438C | MY42082269 | 1/11/2006 |
| AMP (ComTech PST) | AR88258-10 | N1R1A00-1015 | CNR |
| Dipole | D450V2 | 1001 | 5/22/2007 |
| Network Analyzer (HP) | 8753D | 3410A06417 | 7-Feb-06 |
| Dielectric Probe Kit (HP) | 85070C | US99360076 | CNR |

6.0 SAR Measurement System Verification

The S.A.R. measurements were conducted with probe model/serial number ET3DV6/SN1384. The system performance check was conducted daily and within 24 hours prior to testing. DASY output files of the system performance test results and the probe/dipole calibration certificates are included in appendices B and C respectively. The table below summarizes the system performance check results normalized to 1W.

Dipole validation scans at the head from SPEAG are provided in Appendix D. The GEMS EME lab validated the dipole to the applicable IEEE system performance targets. Within the same day system validation was performed using FCC body tissue parameters to generate the system performance target values for body at the applicable frequency. The results of the GEMS EME system performance validation are provided herein.

6.1 Equivalent Tissue Test Results

Simulated tissue prepared for S.A.R. measurements is measured daily and within 24 hours prior to actual S.A.R. testing to verify that the tissue is within 5% of target parameters at the center of the transmit band. This measurement is done using the Agilent (HP) probe kit model 85070C and a HP8753D Network Analyzer.

Target versus Actual tissue parameters (10/13/05 & 10/14/05)

| FCC Body | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | Di-electric Constant Target | Di-electric Constant Meas. (Range) | Conductivity Target S/m | Conductivity Meas. (Range) S/m |
| 450 | 56.7 | 54.7-54.7 | 0.94 | 0.92-0.93 |
| 465 | 56.6 | 54.5-54.6 | 0.94 | 0.94-0.94 |

| IEEE Head | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Frequency (MHz) | Di-electric Constant Target | Di-electric Constant Meas. (Range) | Conductivity Target S/m | Conductivity Meas. (Range) S/m |
| 465 | 43.4 | 44.4-44.4 | 0.87 | 0.91-0.91 |

6.2 System Check Test Results

| Probe Serial # | Tissue Type | Probe Cal Date | Dipole Kit / Serial # | System Perf. Result when normalized to 1W (mW/g) | Reference S.A.R @ 1W (mW/g) | Test Date(s) |
|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1384 | FCC Body | 5/26/05 | SPEAG D450V2 /1001 | 5.175 ± 0.035 | 4.96 ± 10% | 10/13/05 & 10/14/05 |

Note: See APPENDIX D for an explanation of the reference S.A.R. targets stated above.
(System performance results reflects the median performance +/- ½ of the test date(s) performance ranges)

The DASY4™ system is operated per the instructions in the DASY4™ Users Manual. The complete manual is available directly from SPEAG™. All measurement equipment used to assess EME S.A.R. compliance was calibrated according to ISO/IEC 17025 requirements per the A2LA guidelines.

7.0 DUT Test Strategy and Methodology

DUT Configuration(s)

The DUT is a portable two-way device operational at the body, and in front of the face using the applicable offered accessories. The device is placed in the test positions presented in Appendix G.

7.1 Test Plan

All options and accessories listed on the cover page of this report were considered in order to develop the S.A.R. test plan for this product. S.A.R. measurements were performed using a flat phantom with the applicable simulated tissue to assess performance at the body and face.

Note that a coarse-to-cube approximation methodology was utilized to determine the worst-case S.A.R. performance configuration for each applicable body location. The test configurations that produced the highest S.A.R. results for each body position using the coarse-to-cube approximation methodology were assessed using the full DASY4™ coarse and 7x7x7 cube scans.

Assessments at the Body (CW mode) [Page 10 of 25; Table 1]

- Assessment at the center frequency of the TX band using the offered battery, each of the offered body worn accessories, and the offered audio accessory model HMN9026C.
- Assessment at the center frequency of the TX band using the worst case configuration from above along with the other offered audio accessories.
- Assessment at the worst case configuration from above testing across the frequency band.
- Assessment using the worse case configuration from above with the DUT's back and front separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

Assessments at the Face (PTT) [Page 11 of 25; Table 2]

- Assessment across the frequency of the TX band using the offered battery.

Shortened scan assessment at the Body [Appendix E Part 2 of 2]

- A "shortened" scan was performed using the offered battery and test configuration that produced the highest S.A.R. results overall. Note that the shortened scan is obtained by first running a coarse scan to find the peak area and then, using a newly charged battery, a cube scan only was performed. The shortened scan represents the cube scan performance results.

7.2 Device Positioning Procedures

Reference Appendix G for photos of the DUT tested positions.

7.2.1 Body

The DUT was positioned with the offered body worn accessories in normal use configuration against the phantom.

The DUT was positioned with its' front and back sides separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

7.2.2 Head

NA

7.2.3 Face

The DUT was positioned with its’ front side separated 2.5cm from the phantom.

8.0 Environmental Test Conditions

The EME Laboratory’s ambient environment is well controlled resulting in very stable simulated tissue temperature and therefore stable dielectric properties. Simulated tissue temperature is measured prior to each scan to insure it is within +/- 2°C of the temperature at which the dielectric properties were determined. The liquid depth within the phantom used for measurements was 15cm +/- 0.5cm. Additional precautions are routinely taken to ensure the stability of the simulated tissue such as covering the phantoms when scans are not actively in process in order to minimize evaporation. The lab environment is continuously monitored. The table below presents the range and average environmental conditions during the S.A.R. tests reported herein:

| | Target | Measured |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| Ambient Temperature | 20 - 25 °C | Range: 21.7-22.3°C Avg. 22.0°C |
| Relative Humidity | 30 - 70 % | Range: 43.9-50.4% Avg. 47.15% |
| Tissue Temperature | NA | Range: 20.4-21.0°C Avg. 20.7°C |

The EME Lab’s RF environment uses a Spectrum Analyzer to monitor for extraneous large signal RF contaminants that could possibly affect the test results. If such unwanted signals are discovered the S.A.R scans are repeated.

9.0 Test Results Summary

All S.A.R. results obtained by the tests described in Section 7.1 are listed below. As noted in section 7.1, a coarse-to-cube approximation methodology was utilized to ascertain the worst-case test configuration for each body location. The worst case test configurations observed for each body location were then assessed using the full DASY4™ coarse and 7x7x7 cube methodology, and they are presented as bolded results. The associated S.A.R. plots are provided in Appendix E. Appendix E also presents a shortened S.A.R. cube scan to assess the validity of the calculated results presented herein. Note: The results of the shortened cube scan presented in Appendix E demonstrate that the scaling methodology used to determine the calculated S.A.R. results presented herein are valid.

Table 1

DUT assessment at the body; CW mode

| Run Number/ SN | Antenna | Freq. (MHz) | Battery | Test position | Carry Case | Additional attachments | Initial Power (W) | S.A.R. Drift (dB) | Meas. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Meas. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Max Calc. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Max Calc. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g) |
|---|---------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Assessment of body worn accessories with audio accessory HMN9026C | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CM-Ab-051013-04/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 464.5 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564019V01 | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.162 | 0.872 | 0.629 | 0.45 | 0.33 |
| CM-Ab-051014-02/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 464.5 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.53 | 1.12 | 0.803 | 0.63 | 0.45 |
| Assessment of other audio accessories | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CM-Ab-051014-03/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 464.5 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | NTN9159E | 1.00 | 0.0236 | 1.00 | 0.724 | 0.50 | 0.36 |
| CM-Ab-051014-04/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 464.5 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9025C | 1.00 | 0.0464 | 1.18 | 0.847 | 0.59 | 0.42 |
| CM-Ab-051014-05/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 464.5 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HCSN4000C | 1.00 | -0.288 | 0.908 | 0.651 | 0.49 | 0.35 |
| Assessment across the frequency band with worst case configuration from above | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| *CM-Ab-051014-06/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.376 | 1.24 | 0.888 | 0.68 | 0.48 |
| CM-Ab-051014-07/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 469.5625 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9026C | 1.00 | 0.0639 | 0.841 | 0.603 | 0.42 | 0.30 |
| Assessment at 2.5cm with worst case configuration from above | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CM-Ab-051014-08/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT back 2.5cm | None | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.254 | 0.590 | 0.434 | 0.31 | 0.23 |
| CM-Ab-051014-09/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT back; antenna at 2.5cm | None | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.410 | 0.728 | 0.530 | 0.40 | 0.29 |
| CM-Ab-051014-10/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT front 2.5cm | None | HMN9026C | 1.00 | -0.261 | 0.786 | 0.577 | 0.42 | 0.31 |
| Assessment with the worst case test configuration at the body using the full DASY coarse and 7x7x7 cube scan measurements. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CM-Ab-051014-12/3454FL0064 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9026C | 1.002 | -0.509 | 0.938 | 0.627 | 0.53 | 0.35 |
| CM-Ab-051014-14/3454FL0064 (shorten scan) | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | Against phantom | 1564017V01 | HMN9026C | 1.002 | 0.493 | 1.14 | .780 | 0.57 | 0.39 |

Table 2

| DUT assessment at the face; CW mode | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Run Number/ SN | Antenna | Freq. (MHz) | Battery | Test position | Carry Case | Additional attachments | Initial Power (W) | S.A.R. Drift (dB) | Meas. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Meas. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Max Calc. 1g-S.A.R. (mW/g) | Max Calc. 10g-S.A.R. (mW/g) |
| Assessment across the frequency band using the full DASYS coarse and 7x7x7 cube scan measurements. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CM-Face-051013- 05/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT front 2.5cm | None | None | 1.00 | -0.292 | 0.710 | 0.507 | 0.38 | 0.27 |
| CM-Face-051013- 06/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT front 2.5cm | None | None | 1.00 | -0.0356 | 0.716 | 0.507 | 0.36 | 0.26 |
| CM-Face-051013- 07/3454FL0065 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT front 2.5cm | None | None | 1.00 | -0.265 | 0.673 | 0.479 | 0.36 | 0.25 |
| CM-Face-051013- 08/3454FL0064 | Fixed | 461.0625 | IXNN4001A | DUT front 2.5cm | None | None | 1.002 | -0.345 | 0.914 | 0.654 | 0.49 | 0.35 |

9.1 Highest S.A.R. results calculation methodology

The calculated maximum 1-gram averaged S.A.R. results reported herein for the full DASYS™ coarse and 7x7x7 cube measurements are determined by scaling the measured S.A.R. to account for power leveling variations and power slump. For this device the Maximum Calculated 1-gram averaged peak S.A.R. is calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Max. Calc. 1-g Avg. SAR} = ((\text{S.A.R. meas.} / (10^{(\text{Pdrift}/10)})) * (\text{Pmax}/\text{Pint})) * \text{DC}\%$$

P_{max} = Maximum Power (W)

P_{int} = Initial Power (W) Note: If P_{int} is greater than P_{max} then $P_{\text{max}}/P_{\text{int}}=1$

P_{drift} = DASYS drift results (dB) - (for conservative results positive drifts are not accounted for)

SAR_{meas} = Measured 1 gram averaged peak S.A.R. (mW/g)

DC % = Transmission mode duty cycle in % where applicable

50% duty cycle is applied for PTT operation.

10.0 Conclusion

The highest Operational Maximum Calculated 1-g/10-g averaged S.A.R. values found for FCC ID: AZ489FT3811 model RLD1036A.

At the Body: 1-g/10-g Avg. = 0.57/0.39mW/g

At the Face: 1-g/10-g Avg. = 0.49/0.35mW/g

These test results clearly demonstrate compliance with FCC Occupational/Controlled RF Exposure limits of **8.0mW/g** per the requirements of 47 CFR 2.1093(d).

APPENDIX A
Measurement Uncertainty

Uncertainty Budget for Device Under Test, for 30 MHz to 3 GHz

| <i>a</i> | <i>b</i> | <i>c</i> | <i>d</i> | <i>e = f(d,k)</i> | <i>f</i> | <i>g</i> | <i>h = c x f / e</i> | <i>i = c x g / e</i> | <i>k</i> |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Uncertainty Component | IEEE 1528 section | Tol. (± %) | Prob Dist | Div. | <i>c_i</i> (1 g) | <i>c_i</i> (10 g) | 1 g <i>u_i</i> (±%) | 10 g <i>u_i</i> (±%) | <i>v_i</i> |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | E.2.1 | 5.9 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 5.9 | 5.9 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 1.9 | 1.9 | ∞ |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 9.6 | R | 1.73 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 3.9 | 3.9 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 0.3 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 1.1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 1.1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections | E.6.1 | 0.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner Mech. Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t Phantom | E.6.3 | 1.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.) | E.5 | 3.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | ∞ |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | | |
| Test Sample Positioning | E.4.2 | 3.2 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 29 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | E.4.1 | 4.0 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 8 |
| SAR drift | 6.6.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | E.3.1 | 4.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 3.3 | N | 1.00 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 2.1 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 1.9 | N | 1.00 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.1 | 0.9 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | | 11 | 11 | 411 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | <i>k</i> =2 | | | | 22 | 22 | |

Uncertainty Budget for System Performance Check (dipole & flat phantom) for 30 MHz to 3 GHz

| <i>a</i> | <i>b</i> | <i>c</i> | <i>d</i> | $e = f(d,k)$ | <i>f</i> | <i>g</i> | $h = c \times f / e$ | $i = c \times g / e$ | <i>k</i> |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Uncertainty Component | IEEE 1528 section | Tol. ($\pm \%$) | Prob. Dist. | Div. | c_i (1 g) | c_i (10 g) | 1 g u_i ($\pm \%$) | 10 g u_i ($\pm \%$) | v_i |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | | |
| Probe Calibration | E.2.1 | 5.9 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 5.9 | 5.9 | ∞ |
| Axial Isotropy | E.2.2 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| Spherical Isotropy | E.2.2 | 9.6 | R | 1.73 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Boundary Effect | E.2.3 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Linearity | E.2.4 | 4.7 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.7 | 2.7 | ∞ |
| System Detection Limits | E.2.5 | 1.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Readout Electronics | E.2.6 | 0.3 | N | 1.00 | 1 | 1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | ∞ |
| Response Time | E.2.7 | 1.1 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.6 | ∞ |
| Integration Time | E.2.8 | 0.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Noise | E.6.1 | 3.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ∞ |
| RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections | E.6.1 | 0.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance | E.6.2 | 0.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | ∞ |
| Probe Positioning w.r.t. Phantom | E.6.3 | 1.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 0.8 | 0.8 | ∞ |
| Max. SAR Evaluation (ext., int., avg.) | E.5 | 3.4 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | ∞ |
| Dipole | | | | | | | | | |
| Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance | 8, E.4.2 | 2.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Input Power and SAR Drift Measurement | 8, 6.6.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | ∞ |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty | E.3.1 | 4.0 | R | 1.73 | 1 | 1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.8 | 1.2 | ∞ |
| Liquid Conductivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 3.3 | R | 1.73 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 1.2 | 0.8 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (target) | E.3.2 | 5.0 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 1.7 | 1.4 | ∞ |
| Liquid Permittivity (measurement) | E.3.3 | 1.9 | R | 1.73 | 0.6 | 0.49 | 0.6 | 0.5 | ∞ |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | | RSS | | | | 9 | 9 | 99999 |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL) | | | $k=2$ | | | | 18 | 17 | |

Notes for Tables 1 and 2

- a) Column headings *a-k* are given for reference.
- b) Tol. - tolerance in influence quantity.
- c) Prob. Dist. – Probability distribution
- d) N, R - normal, rectangular probability distributions
- e) Div. - divisor used to translate tolerance into normally distributed standard uncertainty
- f) c_i - sensitivity coefficient that should be applied to convert the variability of the uncertainty component into a variability of SAR.
- g) u_i – SAR uncertainty
- h) v_i - degrees of freedom for standard uncertainty and effective degrees of freedom for the expanded uncertainty.

Appendix B
Probe Calibration Certification

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Motorola CGISS**

Certificate No: **ET3-1384_May05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1384**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5 and QA CAL-12.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 26, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

| Primary Standards | ID # | Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) | Scheduled Calibration |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|
| Power meter E4419B | GB41293874 | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) | May-06 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41495277 | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) | May-06 |
| Power sensor E4412A | MY41498087 | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00466) | May-06 |
| Reference 3 dB Attenuator | SN: S5054 (3c) | 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403) | Aug-05 |
| Reference 20 dB Attenuator | SN: S5086 (20b) | 3-May-05 (METAS, No. 251-00467) | May-06 |
| Reference 30 dB Attenuator | SN: S5129 (30b) | 10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404) | Aug-05 |
| Reference Probe ES3DV2 | SN: 3013 | 7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05) | Jan-06 |
| DAE4 | SN: 617 | 19-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Jan05) | Jan-06 |
| Secondary Standards | ID # | Check Date (in house) | Scheduled Check |
| RF generator HP 8648C | US3642U01700 | 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03) | In house check: Dec-05 |
| Network Analyzer HP 8753E | US37390585 | 18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04) | In house check: Nov 05 |

| | Name | Function | Signature |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Calibrated by: | Nico Vetterli | Laboratory Technician | <i>N. Vetterli</i> |
| Approved by: | Katja Pokovic | Technical Manager | <i>Katja Pokovic</i> |

Issued: May 26, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner

Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108****Glossary:**

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| NORM _{x,y,z} | sensitivity in free space |
| Conf | sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z} |
| DCP | diode compression point |
| Polarization φ | φ rotation around probe axis |
| Polarization ϑ | ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis |

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- CENELEC EN 50361, "Basic standard for the measurement of Specific Absorption Rate related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields from mobile phones (300 MHz - 3 GHz), July 2001

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1384

| Sensitivity in Free Space ^A | | | Diode Compression ^B | |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|
| NormX | 1.78 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP X | 92 mV |
| NormY | 1.76 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Y | 92 mV |
| NormZ | 1.94 ± 10.1% | $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ | DCP Z | 92 mV |

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

| TSL | 900 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm | |
|-----|--|----------------------------------|--------|
| | Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| | SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm | 10.1 | 5.1 |
| | SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm | 0.1 | 0.2 |

| TSL | 1810 MHz | Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm | |
|-----|--|-----------------------------------|--------|
| | Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance | 3.7 mm | 4.7 mm |
| | SAR _{be} [%] Without Correction Algorithm | 14.5 | 9.5 |
| | SAR _{be} [%] With Correction Algorithm | 1.0 | 0.1 |

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **2.7 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

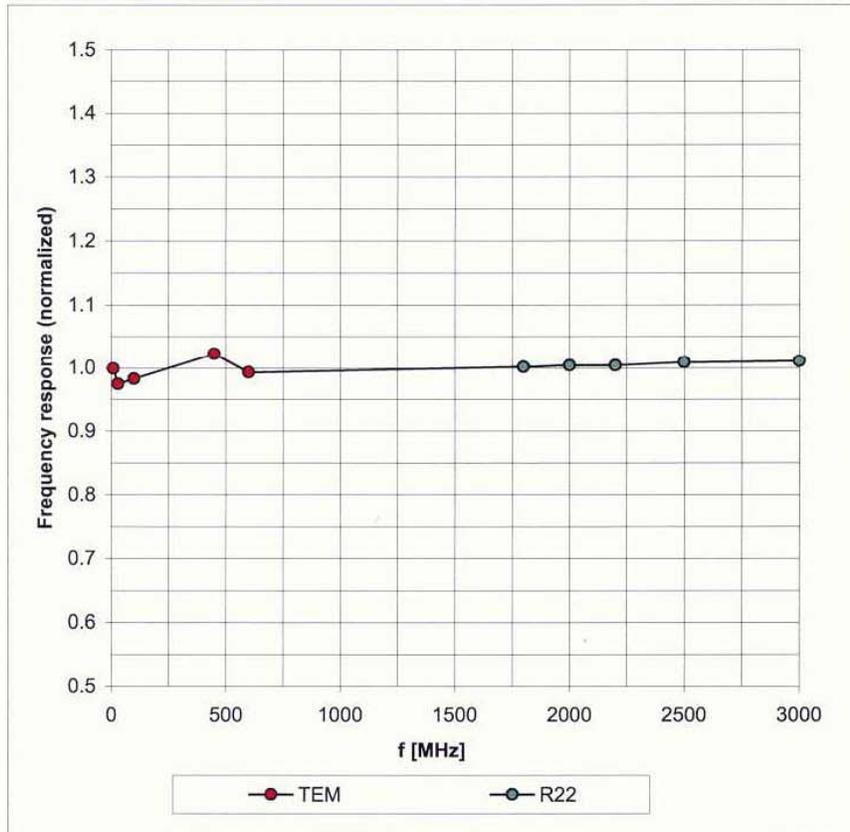
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

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Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

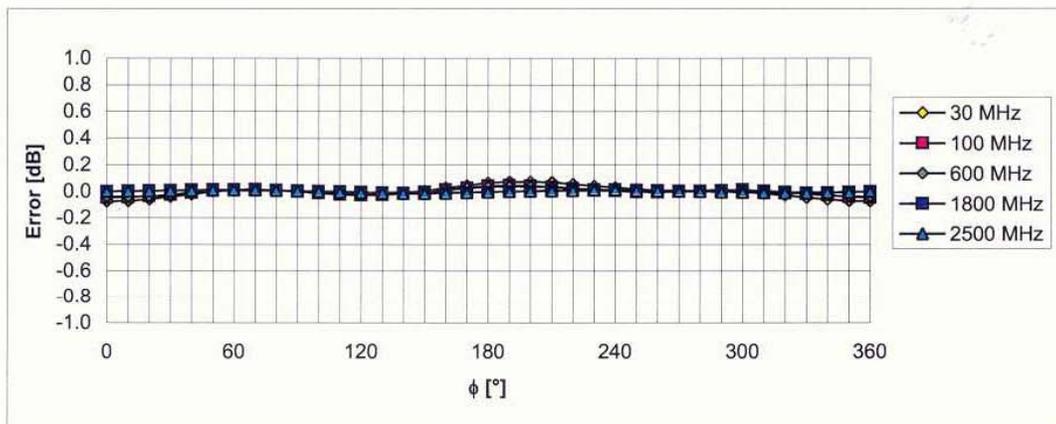
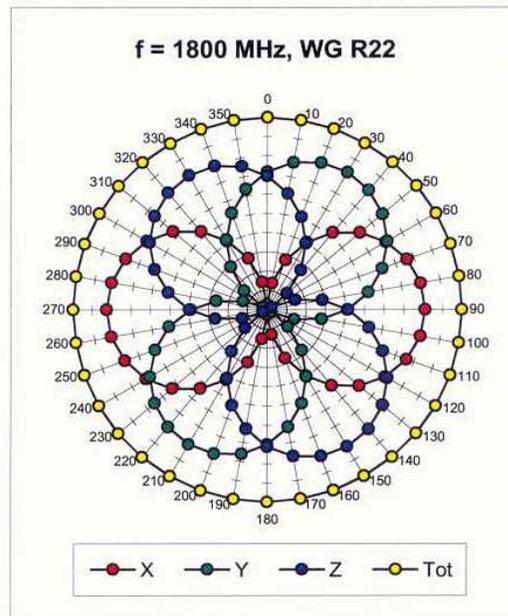
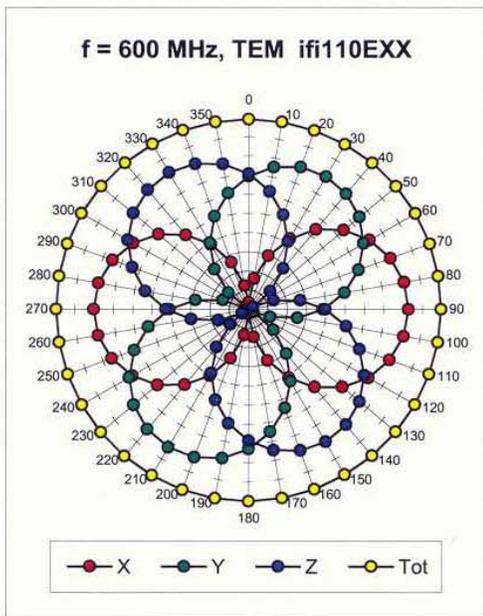


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

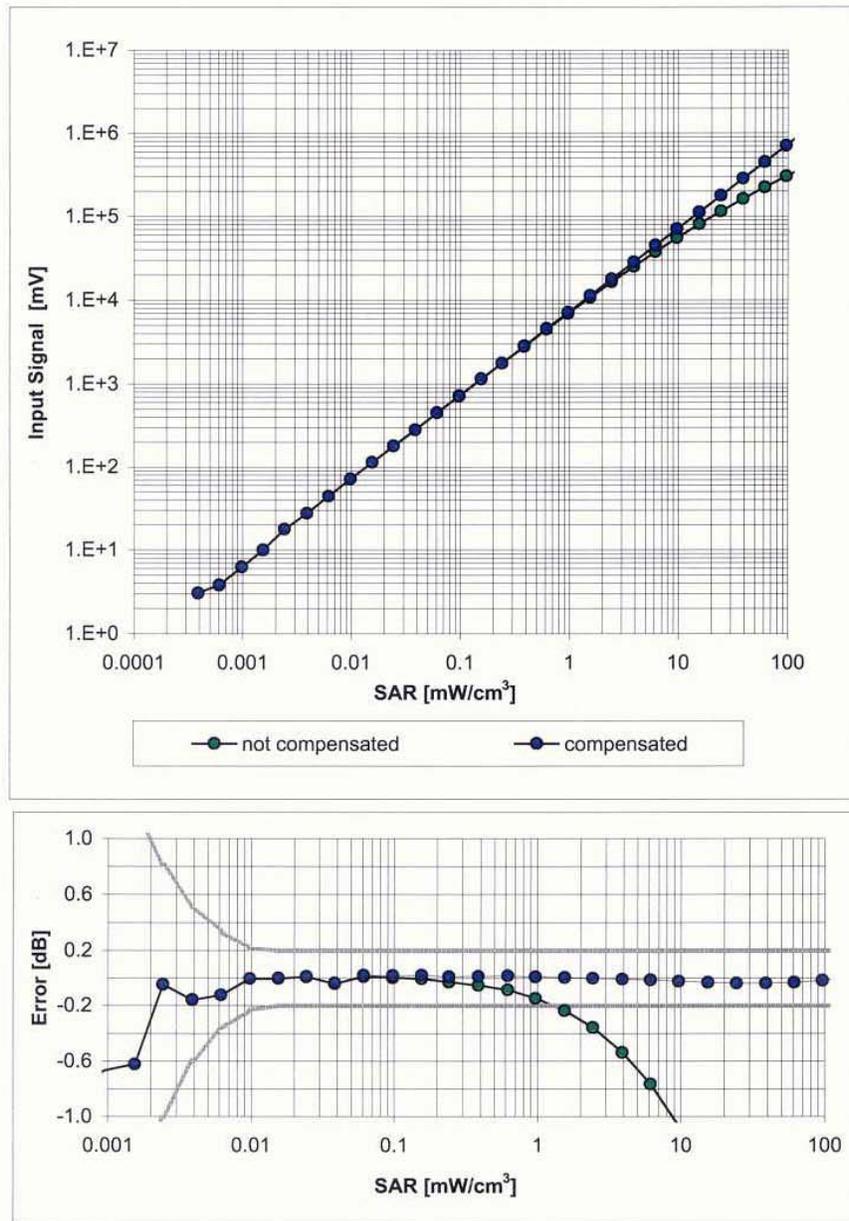


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (Waveguide R22, f = 1800 MHz)

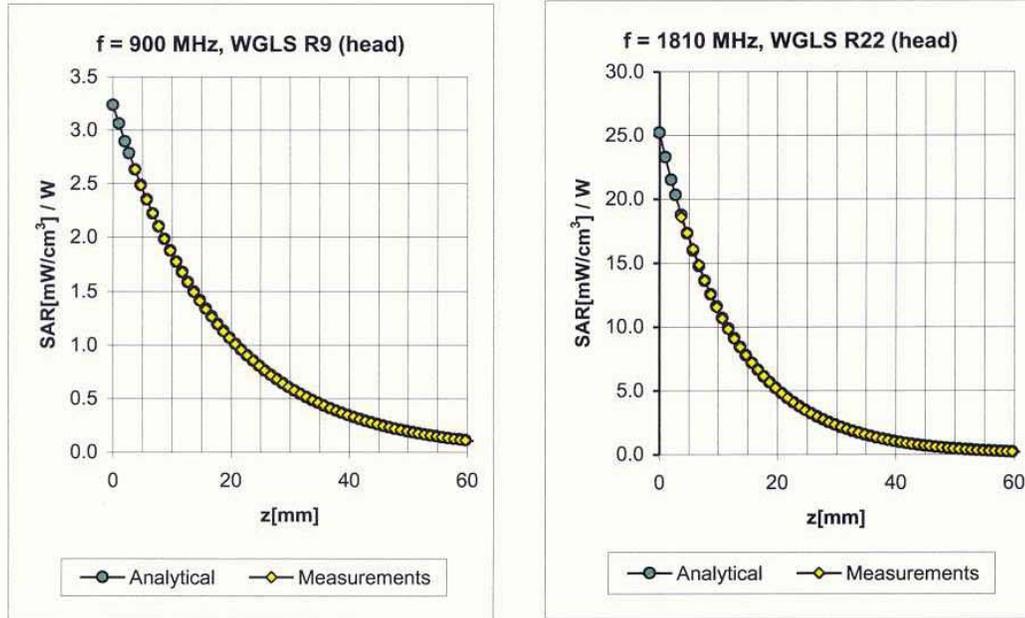


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

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Conversion Factor Assessment



| f [MHz] | Validity [MHz] ^c | TSL | Permittivity | Conductivity | Alpha | Depth | ConvF Uncertainty |
|---------|-----------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------------|
| 450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 43.5 ± 5% | 0.87 ± 5% | 0.08 | 1.62 | 7.51 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 41.5 ± 5% | 0.97 ± 5% | 0.84 | 1.67 | 6.53 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 40.0 ± 5% | 1.40 ± 5% | 0.73 | 2.19 | 5.31 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Head | 39.2 ± 5% | 1.80 ± 5% | 0.81 | 2.05 | 4.71 ± 11.8% (k=2) |
| 450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 56.7 ± 5% | 0.94 ± 5% | 0.10 | 1.75 | 7.10 ± 13.3% (k=2) |
| 900 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 55.0 ± 5% | 1.05 ± 5% | 0.66 | 1.95 | 6.19 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 1810 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 53.3 ± 5% | 1.52 ± 5% | 0.67 | 2.58 | 4.80 ± 11.0% (k=2) |
| 2450 | ± 50 / ± 100 | Body | 52.7 ± 5% | 1.95 ± 5% | 0.93 | 1.80 | 4.46 ± 11.8% (k=2) |

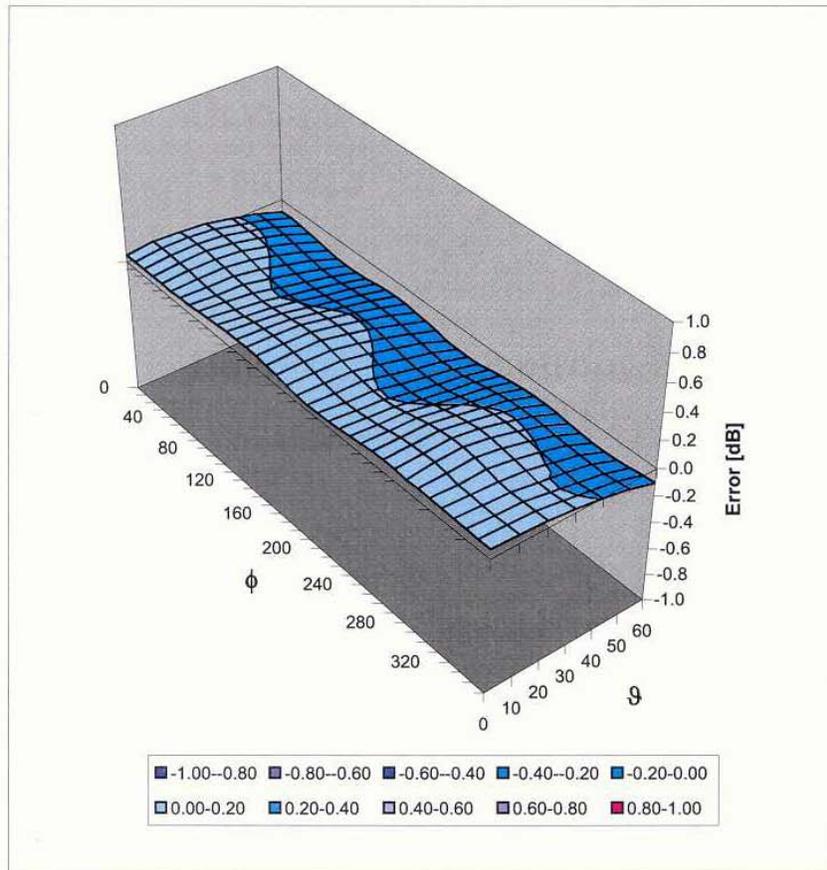
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

ET3DV6 SN:1384

May 26, 2005

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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s p e a g

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Additional Conversion Factors for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:

ET3DV6

Serial Number:

1384

Place of Assessment:

Zurich

Date of Assessment:

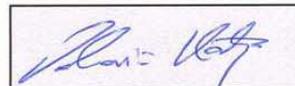
May 30, 2005

Probe Calibration Date:

May 26, 2005

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the recalibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:



Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

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Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1384

Conversion factor (\pm standard deviation)

| | | | |
|---------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|
| 150 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.9 \pm 10% | $\epsilon_r = 52.3$ $\sigma = 0.76$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| 250 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.1 \pm 10% | $\epsilon_r = 47.6$ $\sigma = 0.83$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| 300 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.0 \pm 9% | $\epsilon_r = 45.3$ $\sigma = 0.87$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| 750 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 6.8 \pm 7% | $\epsilon_r = 41.9$ $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m (head tissue) |
| 150 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.6 \pm 10% | $\epsilon_r = 61.9$ $\sigma = 0.80$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| 250 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.1 \pm 10% | $\epsilon_r = 59.4$ $\sigma = 0.88$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| 300 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 8.0 \pm 9% | $\epsilon_r = 58.2$ $\sigma = 0.92$ mho/m (body tissue) |
| 750 MHz | <i>ConvF</i> | 6.6 \pm 7% | $\epsilon_r = 55.5$ $\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m (body tissue) |

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also Section 4.7 of the DASY4 Manual.