Certificate Number: 1449-02





### **CGISS EME Test Laboratory**

8000 West Sunrise Blvd Fort Lauderdale, FL. 33322

# S.A.R. EME Compliance Test Report Part 3 of 3

**Attention:** FCC

**Date of Report:** October 29, 2003

**Report Revision:** Rev. A

**Manufacturer:** Motorola China

**Product Description:** 1.0 Watt fixed antenna UHF/RBR/ 4 channel; 300mW

2.4GHz cordless phone; w/ display; Fixed antenna

FCC ID: AZ489FT4863 Device Model: HCUE1112A

**Test Period:** 9/10/03-10/03/03

**EME Technician:** Clint Miller (EME Technician)

**EME Engineer:** Stephen Whalen (Sr. EME Engineer)

Author: Michael Sailsman

(Global EME Regulatory Affairs Liaison)

Note: Based on the information and the testing results provided herein, the undersigned certifies that when used as stated in the operating instructions supplied, said product complies with the national and international reference standards and guidelines listed in section 2.0 of this report.

Signature on File 10/29/03

Ken Enger Senior Resource Manager, Laboratory Director, CGISS EME Lab Date Approved

Note: This report shall not be reproduced without written approval from an officially designated representative of the Motorola EME Laboratory.

### **APPENDIX C**

### **Dipole System Performance Check Results**

Dipole validations at the head from SPEAG are provided herein. The CGISS EME lab validated the dipole to the applicable IEEE system performance targets. Within the same day system validation was performed using FCC body tissue parameters to generate the system performance target values for body at the applicable frequency. The results of the CGISS EME system performance validation are provided in this appendix.

## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/10/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030910-04

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.4 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.58 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.88%
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.03 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.55%

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

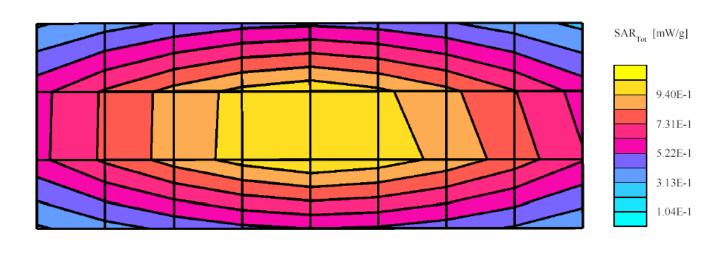
 $15/05/03 ConvF (7.60, 7.60, 7.60); \ Crest \ factor: \ 1.0; \ FCC \ Body \ 450 \ MHz: \ \sigma=0.91 \ mho/m \ \epsilon_r = 55.1 \ \rho=1.00 \ mu$ 

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.76 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 1.14 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 0.755 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.9 (11.5, 14.7) [mm]

Power drift: -0.02 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/11/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030911-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.9 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.55 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.20 %
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.02 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.96 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

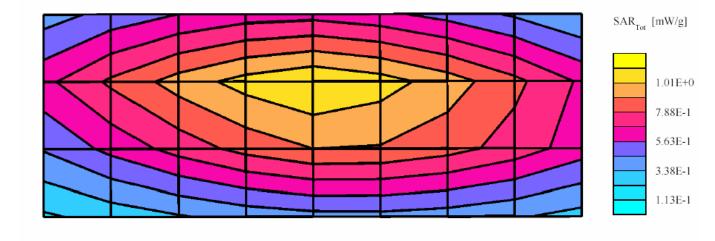
 $15/05/03 ConvF(7.60, 7.60, 7.60); \ Crest \ factor: \ 1.0; \ FCC \ Body \ 450 \ MHz: \ \sigma=0.90 \ mho/m \ \epsilon_r = 54.9 \ \rho=1.00 \ mathred = 1.00 \ mathred = 1.00$ 

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.73 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 1.13 mW/g  $\pm$  0.05 dB, SAR (10g): 0.749 mW/g  $\pm$  0.05

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 13.1 (11.7, 14.9) [mm]

Power drift: -0.03 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/11/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030911-09

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.63 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 3.06 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.78 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.28 %
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.14 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.56 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

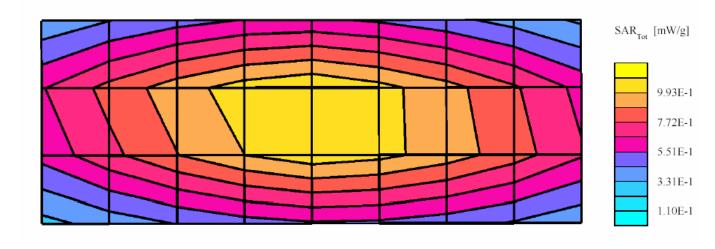
15/05/03 ConvF(7.50,7.50,7.50); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 450 MHz:  $\sigma$ = 0.86 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 43.8  $\rho$ = 1.00

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.85 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 1.19 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (10g): 0.781 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.5 (11.2, 14.3) [mm]

Power drift: -0.02 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/12/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030912-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.1 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.62 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 4.79%
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.08 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 5.19%

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

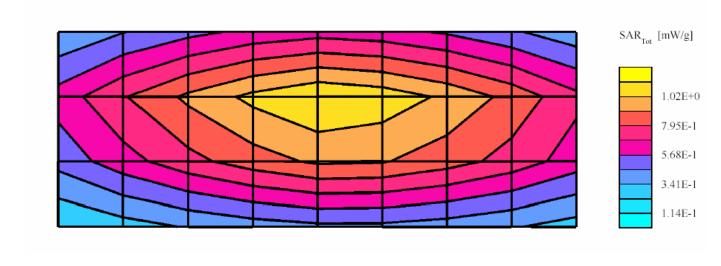
15/05/03ConvF(7.60,7.60,7.60); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 450 MHz:  $\sigma$ = 0.92 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.9  $\rho$ = 1.00

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.77 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 1.15 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 0.767 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 13.1 (11.7, 14.9) [mm]

Power drift: -0.02 dB



## SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole D2450V2; SN-704; Test Date: 9/15/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030915-01

TX Freq: 2450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.7 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 51.32 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 23.73 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 50.33 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.92 %
SAR calculated at 1W is 23.62 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 0.46 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

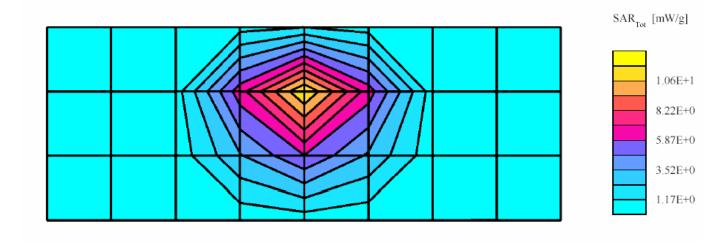
15/05/03ConvF(4.80,4.80,4.80); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 2450MHz:  $\sigma$ = 2.04 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 56.1  $\rho$ = 1.00

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 25.4 mW/g  $\pm$  0.08 dB, SAR (1g): 12.7 mW/g  $\pm$  0.00 dB, SAR (10g): 5.96 mW/g  $\pm$  0.08

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 7.7 (7.4, 8.6) [mm]

Power drift: 0.04 dB



## SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole D2450V2; SN-704; Test Date: 9/16/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030916-01

TX Freq: 2450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.7 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 52.64 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)

SAR target at 1W is 24.07 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)

SAR calculated at 1W is 54.03 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.64%

SAR calculated at 1W is 25.11 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.87 %

SAM - Expanded; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

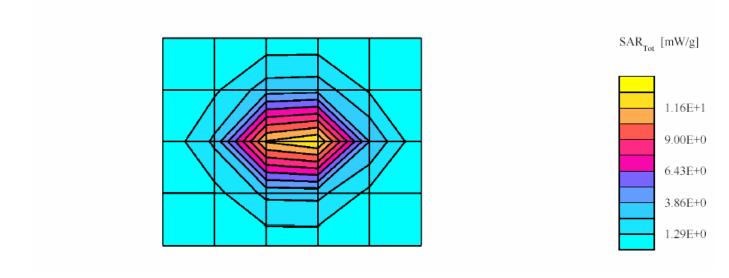
 $15/05/03 ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); \ Crest \ factor: \ 1.0; \ IEEE \ Head \ 2450 MHz: \ \underline{\sigma} = 1.86 \ mho/m \ \epsilon_r = 39.5 \ \rho = 1.00$ 

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 27.6 mW/g  $\pm$  0.02 dB, SAR (1g): 13.6 mW/g  $\pm$  0.01 dB, SAR (10g): 6.32 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 6.8 (6.6, 7.4) [mm]

Power drift: 0.03 dB



## SPEAG 2450 MHz Dipole D2450V2; SN-704; Test Date: 9/17/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030917-01

TX Freq: 2450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.7 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

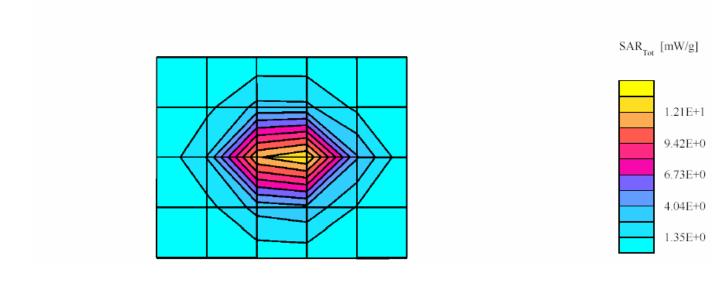
SAR target at 1W is 52.64 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 24.07 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 57.06 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.64%
SAR calculated at 1W is 26.44 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 4.32%

SAM - Expanded; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 2450MHz:  $\sigma$ = 1.83 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 39.3  $\rho$ = 1.00 g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 28.7 mW/g  $\pm$  0.00 dB, SAR (1g): 14.2 mW/g  $\pm$  0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 6.58 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 6.9 (6.7, 7.6) [mm]

Power drift: -0.02 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/17/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030917-12

TX Freq: 450 MHz

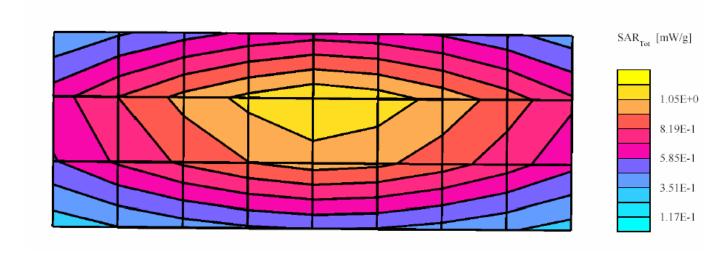
Sim Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.63 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 3.06 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.86 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 4.96 %
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.20 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 4.50 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date: 15/05/03ConvF(7.50,7.50,7.50); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 450MHz:  $\sigma$ = 0.88 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 44.2  $\rho$ = 1.00 g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003 Cubes (2): Peak: 1.86 mW/g ± 0.01 dB, SAR (1g): 1.19 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, SAR (10g): 0.783 mW/g ± 0.02 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.5 (11.1, 14.2) [mm] Power drift: -0.09 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 9/18/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-030918-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.63 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 3.06 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.80 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.76 %
SAR calculated at 1W is 3.16 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 3.17 %

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

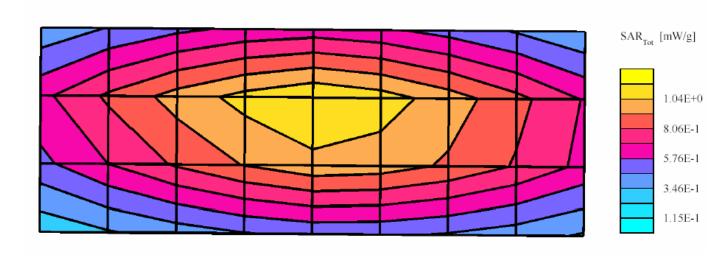
15/05/03ConvF(7.50,7.50,7.50); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 450MHz:  $\sigma$ = 0.87 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 43.8  $\rho$ = 1.00

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak: 1.85 mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 1.19 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 0.782 mW/g  $\pm$  0.03

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.5 (11.1, 14.2) [mm]

Power drift: -0.04 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 10/01/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-031001-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 20.6 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

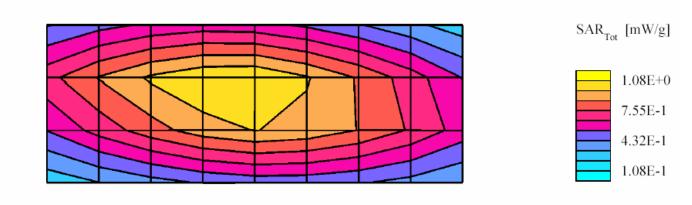
#### Target:

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W 4.53 is mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.73 %
SAR calculated at 1W 3.01 is mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.63 %

Flat Phantom; Section; Position: Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); ConvF(7.60,7.60,7.60); Probe cal date: 15/05/03; Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 450 MHz:  $\sigma = 0.92$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 54.4$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003 Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 1.13 mW/g  $\pm 0.03$  dB, SAR (10g): 0.750 mW/g  $\pm 0.02$  dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Coarse: Dx = 15.0, Dy = 15.0, Dz = 10.0; Max at 57.0, 25.5, 4.7

Power drift: -0.01 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 10/02/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-031002-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.0 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.49 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.79%
SAR calculated at 1W is 2.96 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.14%

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

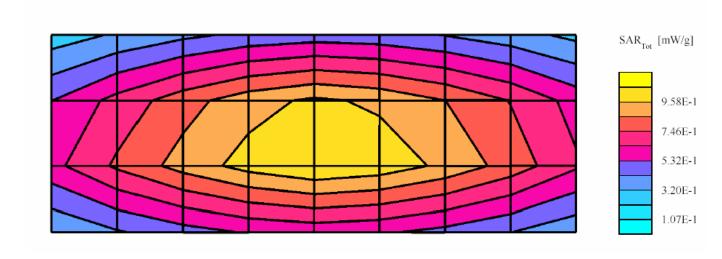
15/05/03ConvF(7.60,7.60,7.60); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 450 MHz:  $\delta \sigma = 0.92$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 54.2 \ \rho = 0.00$ 

1.00 g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak:  $1.75 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.03 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g):  $1.13 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.03 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $0.746 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.03$ 

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.7 (11.4, 14.4) [mm]

Power drift: 0.03 dB



## SPEAG 450 MHz Dipole D450V2; SN-1001; Test Date: 10/03/03 Motorola CGISS EME Lab

Run #: Sys Perf-R1-031003-01

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.8 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW

SAR target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g avg, including drift)
SAR target at 1W is 2.93 mW/g (10g avg, including drift)
SAR calculated at 1W is 4.50 mW/g (1g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 2.06%
SAR calculated at 1W is 2.98 mW/g (10g avg). Percent from target (including drift) is 1.76%

Flat Phantom; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1384(Cal Date 05-15-2003); Probe Cal Date:

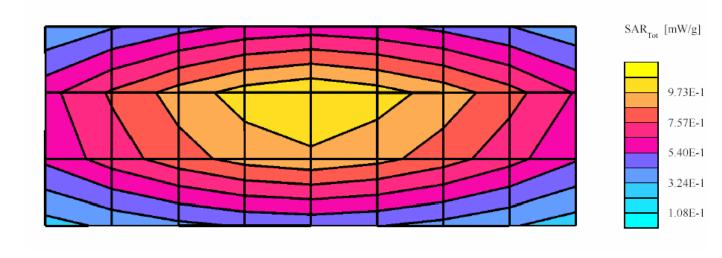
 $15/05/03 ConvF(7.60, 7.60, 7.60); \ Crest \ factor: \ 1.0; \ FCC \ Body \ 450 \ MHz: \ \sigma = 0.91 \ mho/m \ \epsilon_r = 54.4 \ \rho = 1.00 \ mu$ 

g/cm3; DAE3: SN363-V1 DAE Cal Date: 05/13/2003

Cubes (2): Peak:  $1.73 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g):  $1.12 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.02 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g):  $0.742 \text{ mW/g} \pm 0.03$ 

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation) Penetration depth: 12.9 (11.5, 14.6) [mm]

Power drift: -0.02 dB



### SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:	1/16/2003	Frequency (MHz):	450
Lab Location:	CGISS	_Mixture Type:	IEEE Head
Robot System:	CGISS 3	_Ambient Temp.(°C):	: 22.4, (Humid: 45.0%)
Probe Scrial #:	ET3DV6-1393	Tissue Temp.(°C):	21.2
DAE Serial #:	406		
Tissue Characteristics			
Permitivity:	43.3	Phantom Type/SN:	80302002B/S6
Conductivity:	0.87	_Distance (mm):	15 (tissue/dipole cnt)
Reference Source:	D450V2	(Dipole)	
Reference SN:	1001	<del></del>	
Power to Dipole:	250 mW		
Power Output (radio):	mW		
Target SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W)	4.9	9 mW/g, 3.3	mW/g (10g avg.)
Measured SAR Value:	1.10	6 mW/g, 0.767	mW/g (10g avg.)
Power Drift:	0.0	1 d <b>B</b>	
Measured SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W, including	101.50510	<u>a</u> mW/g,3.06	mW/g (10g avg.)
Percent Difference Fro	om Target (MUST	be within System Unc	certainty): 5.52 % (1g ave) 7.24 % (10g ave)
Test performed by:	J. F	Fortier	Initial:

### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:	1/16/2003	Frequency (MHz):	450	
Lab Location:	CGISS	Mixture Type:	TEEE Head	
Robot System:	CGISS 3	Ambient Temp.(°C	): 22.4, (Humid: 45.0%)	
Probe Serial #:	ET3DV6-139	Tissue Temp.(°C):	21.2	
DAE Serial #:	406			
Tissue Characteristics				
Permitivity:	43.3	Phantom Type/SN:	80302002B/S6	
Conductivity:	0.87	Distance (mm):	15 (tissue/dipole cnt)	
Reference Source:	D450V2	(Dipole)		
Reference SN:	1001			
Power to Dipole:	250 mW			
Measured SAR Value:		1.16 mW/g, 0.76	7 mW/g (10g avg.)	
Power Drift:	· · · · · · ·	0.01 dB		
New Target/Measured				
SAR Value: (normalized to 1,0 W, includin		4.63 mW/g, 3.0	6 mW/g (10g avg.)	
Test performed by:		J. Fortier	_Initial:	

Dipole D450V2 SN1001; Test date:01/16/03

Run #: Sys Val R3 030116-05

Phantom #:80302002B/S6

Model #: D450V2 Robot: CGISS-3

SN: 1001 Tester: J. Fortier

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.2 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250mW DAE3: SN:406

DAE Cal Date: 11/11/02

#### - Comments-

Target at IW is 4.9 mW/g (1g)

SAR calculated is 4.63 mW/g, Percent from IEEE-1528 target (including drift) for 1g is 5.5%

Plat; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1393 SPEAG; ConvF(8.00,8.00,8.00); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE Head 450 MHz:  $\sigma = 0.87$  mho/m  $\epsilon_r = 0.87$ 

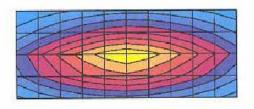
43.3  $\rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

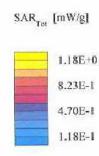
Cubes (2): Peak: 1.78  $\,$  mW/g  $\pm$  0.04 dB, SAR (1g): 1.16  $\,$  mW/g  $\pm$  0.05 dB, SAR (10g): 0.767  $\,$  mW/g  $\pm$  0.05 dB, (Worst-case

extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 12.8 (11.4, 14.5) [mm]

Powerdrift; 0.01 dB





Motorola CGISS EME Lab

### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:	1/16/2003	Frequency (MHz):	450
Lab Location:	CGISS	Mixture Type:	FCC Body
Robot System:	CGISS 3	Ambient Temp.(°C):	22.6, (Humid: 45%)
Probe Serial #:	ET3DV6-139	3 Tissue Temp.(°C):	21.5
DAE Serial #:	406		D
Tissue Characteristic	ś		
Permitivity:	55.4	Phantom Type/SN:	80302002C/S7
Conductivity:	0.92	Distance (mm):	15 (tissue/dipole cnt)
Reference Source:	D450V2	(Dipole)	
Reference SN:	1001		
Power to Dipole;	250 mW		
Measured SAR Value	<b>3</b> 1.	1.1 mW/g, 0.732	mW/g (10g avg.)
Power Drift:		0.01 dB	
New Target/Measure	d		
SAR Value: (normalized to 1.0 W, include		4.41 mW/g, 2.93	mW/g (10g avg.)
	nne narrottinis		1
Test performed by:		J. Fortier	Initial:

### Dipole D450V2 SN1001; Test date:01/16/03

Run #: Sys Val\_R3\_030116-06

Phantom #:80302002C/S7

Model #: D450V2 Robot: CGISS-3 SN: 1001 Tester: J. Fortier

TX Freq: 450 MHz

Sim Tissue Temp: 21.5 (Celsius)

Start Power; 250m W DAE3: SN:406

DAE Cal Date: 11/11/02

#### - Comments-

Target at 1W is 4.41 mW/g (1g), 2.93 mW/g (10g)

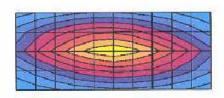
Flat; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1393 SPEAG; ConvF(8.20,8.20,8.20); Crest factor: 1.0; FCC Body 450:  $\sigma$  = 0.92 mho/m  $\epsilon_r$  = 55.4  $\rho$  = 1.00 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

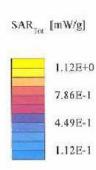
Cubes (2): Peak: 1.69  $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.07 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g): 1.10  $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.07 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g): 0.732  $\text{mW/g} \pm 0.96 \text{ dB}$ , (Worst-case

extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 13.2 (11.7, 15.0) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.01 dB





Motorola CGISS EME Lab

### SYSTEM VALIDATION

Date:

09/06/2003

Frequency (MHz):

2450

Lab Location:

**CGISS** 

Mixture Type:

2450-IEEE Head

Robot System: Probe Serial #: CGISS-2 1383

Ambient Temp.(°C): 22.9 Tissue Temp.(°C):

21.0

DAE Serial #:

DAE3V1 SN406

Tissue Characteristics

Phantom Type/SN:

VAL30242005A

Permitivity: Conductivity:

38.0 1.85 Distance (mm):

10

Reference Source:

Dipole (Dipole/Handset)

Reference SN:

704

Power to Dipole:

250 mW

Power Output (radio):

 $_{\rm mW}$ 

Target SAR Value:

52.4 mW/g, 24.0 mW/g (10g avg.)

(Normalized to 1.0 W)

Measured SAR Value:

13.10 mW/g, 5.99 mW/g (10g avg.)

Power Drift:

-0.02 dB

Measured SAR Value:

52.64 mW/g, 24.07 mW/g (10g avg.)

(normalized to 1.0 W,

with drift compensation)

Percent Difference From Target (must be within System Uncertainty):

 $\pm 0.46 \% (1g avg)$ +0.29 % (10g avg)

Test performed by: Dave Hopper

SPEAG DIPOLE D2450V2; Test date:09/06/03

Run #: Sys VAL R2-030906-01

Phantom #: VAL30242005A/S12

Model#: D2450V2

SN:704

Robot#: CGISS-2

DAE: DAE3V1SN406 (11/11/02)

Tx Freq: 2450MHz

Tester: Dave Hopper

Start power: 250mW

Simulated tissue temp: 21.0 C

IEEE Targets:

52.4 mW/g for 1g SAR, 24.0 mW/g for 10g SAR.

SAR calculated 1g is 52.64 mW/g percent from target (including drift) is 0.46 % SAR Calculated 10g is 24.07 mW/g Percent from target (including drift) is 0.29 %

Flat; Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1383 (Cal Date 26 February 2003); ConvF(5.00,5.00,5.00); Crest factor: 1.0; IEEE

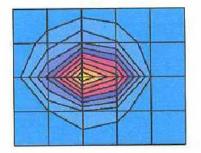
HEAD 2450MHz:  $\sigma = 1.85 \text{ mho/m } \epsilon_r = 38.0 \text{ } \rho = 1.00 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

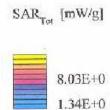
Cubes (2): Peak: 27.2  $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (1g): 13.1  $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.00 \text{ dB}$ , SAR (10g): 5.99  $\text{ mW/g} \pm 0.01$ 

dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 6.5 (6.3, 7.1) [mm]

Powerdrift: -0.02 dB





Motorola CGISS EME Lab

#### SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK TARGET SAR

Date:

09/06/2003

Frequency (MHz): 2450

Lab Location:

CGISS

Mixture Type: 2450-FCC Body

10

Robot System:

CGISS-2

Ambient Temp.(°C): 22.9

Probe Serial #:

1383

Tissue Temp.(°C): 22.0

DAE Serial #:

DAE3V1 SN406

Tissue Characteristics

Phantom Type/SN: Distance (mm):

40302002A/S10

Permitivity: Conductivity: 53.6 2.04

Reference Source:

Dipole (Dipole)

Reference SN:

704

Power to Dipole:

250 mW

Measured SAR Value:

12.80 mW/g, 5.92 mW/g (10g avg.)

Power Drift:

-0.01 dB

New Target/Measured

SAR Value:

51.32 mW/g, 23.73 mW/g (10g avg.)

(Normalized to 1.0 W, with drift compensation)

Test performed by: Dave Hopper

SPEAG DIPOLE D2450V2; Test Date: 09/06/03

Run #: Sys Perf R2-030906-04

Phantom #:40302002A/S10

Model#: D2450V2

SN:704

Robot#: CGISS-2

DAE: DAE3V1SN406 (11/11/02)

Tx Freq: 2450MHz

Tester: Dave Hopper

Start power: 250mW

Simulated tissue temp: 22.0 C

New Targets:

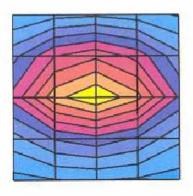
51.32 mW/g for 1g SAR, 23.73 mW/g for 10g SAR.

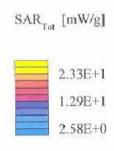
Flat Phantom; Section;

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1383 (Cal Date 26 February 2003); ConvF(4.70,4.70,4.70); Probe cal date: 26/02/03;

Crest factor: 1.0; FCC BODY 2450MHz:  $\sigma = 2.04$  mho/m  $\varepsilon_r = 53.6$   $\rho = 1.00$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Cubes (2): SAR (1g): 12.8  $\,$  mW/g  $\pm$  0.00 dB, SAR (10g): 5.92  $\,$  mW/g  $\pm$  0.00 dB, (Worst-case extrapolation)





Motorola CGISS EME Lab

# APPENDIX D Calibration Certificates

### Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client

Motorola CGISS

Object(s)	ET3DV6 - SN	1504	
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01 v2 Calibration pro	cedure for dosimetric E-field probe	
Calibration date:	May 15, 2003		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance (a	according to the specific calibration	n document)
This calibration statement documen 17025 international standard.	its traceability of M&TE	used in the calibration procedures and conformity of	the procedures with the ISO/IEC
All calibrations have been conducte	d in the closed laborato	ry facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%.
		ry facility; environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees	Celsius and humidity < 75%,
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE		ry facility; environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees  Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Celsius and humidity < 75%, Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE	critical for calibration)		
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C	critical for calibration)	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Gertificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A	oritical for calibration)  ID#  US3642U01700	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A	in the contraction of the contra	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B	US 3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Gertificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04 Sep-03
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E	us 3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 Us 38432426	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04 Sep-03 Apr-04
All calibrations have been conducte Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	us 3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 Us 38432426	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 3-May-00 (Agilent, No. 8702K064602)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04 Sep-03 Apr-04 In house check: May 03
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E	iD# US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 US38432426 SN: 6295803	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 3-May-00 (Agilent, No. 8702K064602) 3-Sep-01 (ELCAL, No.2360)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04 Sep-03 Apr-04 In house check: May 03 Sep-03
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE Model Type RF generator HP 8684C Power sensor E4412A Power sensor HP 8481A Power meter EPM E4419B Network Analyzer HP 8753E Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	ID# US3642U01700 MY41495277 MY41092180 GB41293874 US38432426 SN: 6295803	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.) 4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 18-Sep-02 (Agilent, No. 20020918) 2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250) 3-May-00 (Agilent, No. 8702K064602) 3-Sep-01 (ELCAL, No.2360)	Scheduled Calibration In house check: Aug-05 Apr-04 Sep-03 Apr-04 In house check: May 03 Sep-03

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003

## DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1384

Sensit	ivity in Free	e Space		Diode C	Compressio	n	
	NormX		1.76 μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>		DCP X	92	
	NormY	3	<b>1.72</b> μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>		DCP Y	92	
	NormZ	19	1.89 μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup>		DCP Z	92	
Sensiti	vity in Tissue	e Simula	ating Liquid				
Head	90	O MHz	e <sub>r</sub> = 41.5 ±	5% 0	= 0.97 ± 5%	mho/m	
Valid for f	=800-1000 MHz	with Head T	issue Simulating Liquid acc	ording to EN 503	61, P1528-200	X	
	ConvF X		6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary of	fect:	
	ConvF Y		$6.6 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$		Alpha	0.45	
	ConvF Z		6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.42	
Head	180	O MHz	$\varepsilon_r$ = 40.0 ±	5% σ	= 1.40 ± 5%	mho/m	
Valid for f	=1710-1910 MHz	with Head	Tissue Simulating Liquid ac	cording to EN 503	361, P1528-20	XC	
	ConvF X		5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Boundary ef	fect:	
	ConvF Y		5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2)		Alpha	0.55	
	ConvF Z		<b>5.4</b> ± 9.5% (k=2)		Depth	2.56	
Bound	ary Effect						
Head	90	00 MHz	Typical SAR gradie	nt: 5 % per mm			
	Probe Tip to	Boundary			1 mm	2 mm	
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without	Correction Algorithm		11.4	6.3	
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Cor	rrection Algorithm		0.4	0.7	
Head	180	0 MHz	Typical SAR gradie	nt: 10 % per mm	E		
	Probe Tip to	Boundary			1 mm	2 mm	
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	Without	Correction Algorithm		14.7	9.5	
	SAR <sub>be</sub> [%]	With Cor	rection Algorithm		0.1	0.0	
Sensor	Offset						
	Probe Tip to	Sensor Cer	nter	2.7		mm	
	Optical Surface Detection		on	1.5 ± 0.2		mm	

mV mV mV Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

### **Additional Conversion Factors**

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	ET3DV6
Serial Number:	1384
Place of Assessment:	Zurich
Date of Assessment:	May 19, 2003
Probe Calibration Date:	May 15, 2003

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 900 MHz or at 1800 MHz.

Assessed by:

Marie Vaty

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

### Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1384

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	8.2±8%	$ \epsilon_r = 61.9 $ $ \sigma = 0.80 \text{ mho/m} $ (body tissue)
236 MHz	ConvF	$8.1 \pm 8\%$	$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 59.8$ $\sigma = 0.87  {\rm mho/m}$ (body tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	$7.9 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_r = 58.2$ $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
350 MHz	ConvF	$7.9 \pm 8\%$	$\varepsilon_r = 57.7$ $\sigma = 0.93 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
450 MHz	ConvF	7.6 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 56.7$ $\sigma = 0.94 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
784 MHz	ConvF	6.6 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 55.4$ $\sigma = 0.97 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)
1450 MHz	ConvF	5.5 ± 8%	$\epsilon_r = 54.0$ $\sigma = 1.30 \text{ mho/m}$ (body tissue)

s p e a g

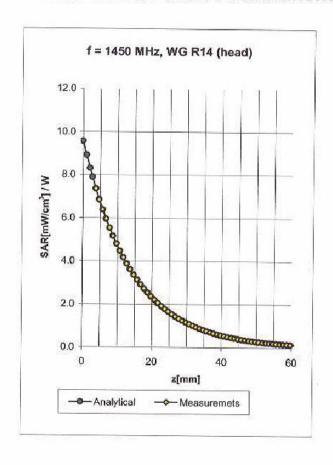
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 1 245 9700, Fax +41 1 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

### Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1384

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 MHz	ConvF	$9.1\pm8\%$	$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 52.3$
			$\sigma = 0.76 \text{ mho/m}$
			(head tissue)
236 MHz	ConvF	$8.3 \pm 8\%$	$\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 48.3$
			$\sigma = 0.82 \text{ mho/m}$
			(head tissue)
300 MHz	ConvF	$7.8 \pm 8\%$	$\epsilon_i = 45.3$
JUU IVIIIZ	Convi	7.0 ± 0 %	g = 0.87  mho/m
			(head tissue)
350 MHz	ConvF	$7.8 \pm 8\%$	ε <sub>r</sub> = 44.7
			$\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$
			(head tissue)
400 MHz	ConvF	$7.5 \pm 8\%$	ε <sub>r</sub> = 44.4
400 WILL	Convi	7.3 2 6 70	$\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$
			(head tissue - CENELEC)
450 MHz	ConvF	$7.5\pm8\%$	$\varepsilon_r = 43.5$
			$\sigma = 0.87 \text{ mho/m}$
			(head tissue)
784 MHz	ConvF	$6.8 \pm 8\%$	$\varepsilon_r = 41.8$
ANT ITELES	CONT	W. T. C. 10	g = 0.90  mho/m
			(head tissue)

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**



Head

1450

MHz

६ = 40.5 ± 5%

 $\sigma = 1.20 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ 

Valid for f=1400-1500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X

5.9 ± 8.9% (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

 $5.9 \pm 8.9\% (k=2)$ 

Alpha

0.53

ConvF Z

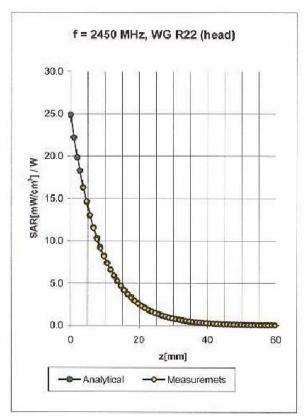
5.9 ± 8.9% (k=2)

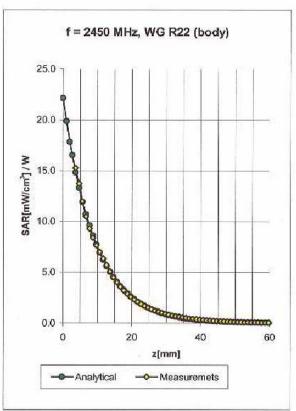
Depth

2.61

ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**





Head

2450

MHz

 $\varepsilon_r = 39.2 \pm 5\%$ 

 $\sigma = 1.80 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ 

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

ConvF X

 $5.0 \pm 8.9\% (k=2)$ 

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

 $5.0 \pm 8.9\% (k=2)$ 

Alpha

1.20

ConvF Z

5.0 ±8.9% (k=2)

Depth

1.70

Body

2450

MHz

Er = 52.7 ± 5%

 $\sigma$  = 1.95 ± 5% mho/m

Valid for f=2400-2500 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C

ConvF X

4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)

Boundary effect:

ConvF Y

4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)

Alpha

2.00

ConvF Z

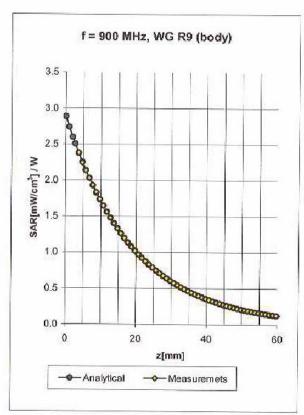
4.8 ± 8.9% (k=2)

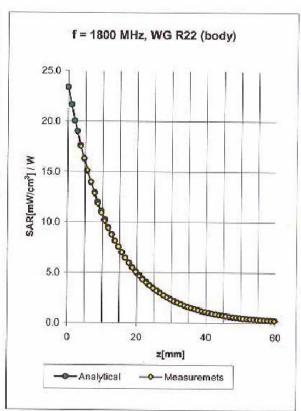
Depth

1.25

ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003

### **Conversion Factor Assessment**





Body 900 MHz 육= 55.0 ± 5%  $\sigma = 1.05 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C ConvF X 6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2) Boundary effect: ConvF Y 6.5 ± 9.5% (k=2) 0.44 Alpha ConvF Z  $6.5 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$ Depth 2.51 Body 1800 MHz  $\varepsilon_r = 53.3 \pm 5\%$  $\sigma = 1.52 \pm 5\% \text{ mho/m}$ Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Body Tissue Simulating Liquid according to OET 65 Suppl. C ConvF X 5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2) Boundary effect: ConvF Y 5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2) Alpha 0.64

5.0 ± 9.5% (k=2)

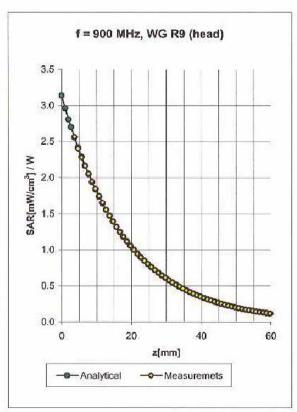
ConvF Z

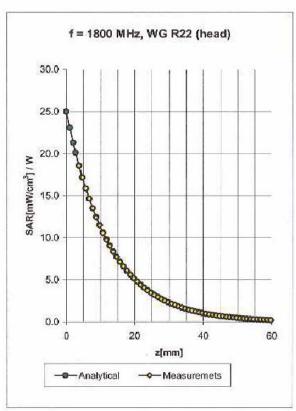
2.49

Depth

ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003

### Conversion Factor Assessment





Head 900 MHz  $\varepsilon_{\rm r} = 41.5 \pm 5\%$  $\sigma = 0.97 \pm 5\%$  mho/m Valid for f=800-1000 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

> ConvF X  $6.6 \pm 9.5\% (k=2)$ Boundary effect: 6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2) 0.45 ConvF Y Alpha 2.42

ConvF Z 6.6 ± 9.5% (k=2) Depth

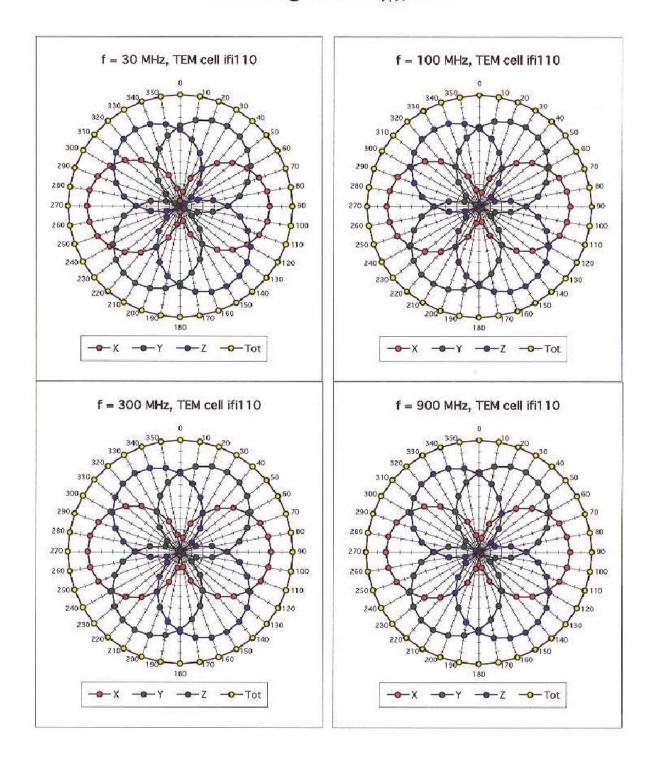
Head 1800 MHz  $\varepsilon_r$ = 40.0 ± 5%  $\sigma = 1.40 \pm 5\%$  mho/m

Valid for f=1710-1910 MHz with Head Tissue Simulating Liquid according to EN 50361, P1528-200X

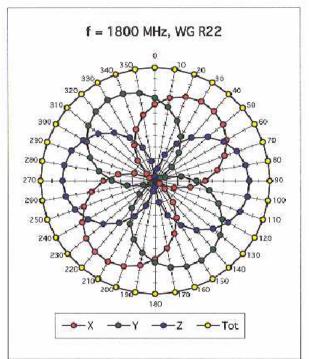
5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) ConvF X Boundary effect: 5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) 0.55 ConvF Y Alpha ConvF Z 5.4 ± 9.5% (k=2) 2.56 Depth

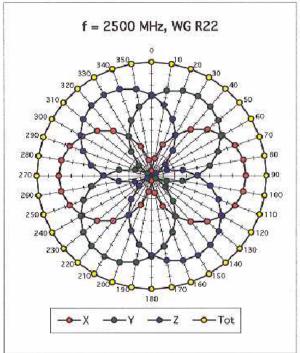
ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003

### Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^{\circ}$

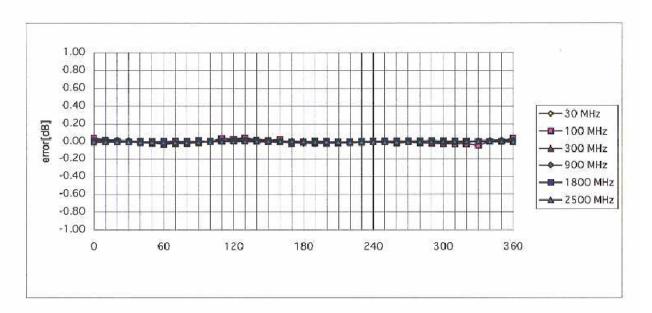


ET3DV6 SN:1384 May 15, 2003



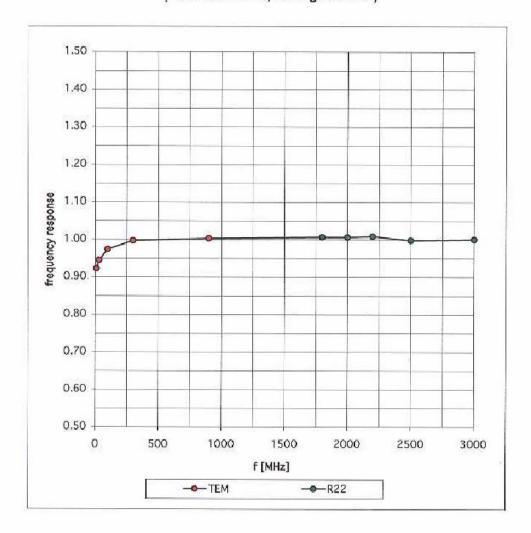


Isotropy Error ( $\phi$ ),  $\theta = 0^{\circ}$ 



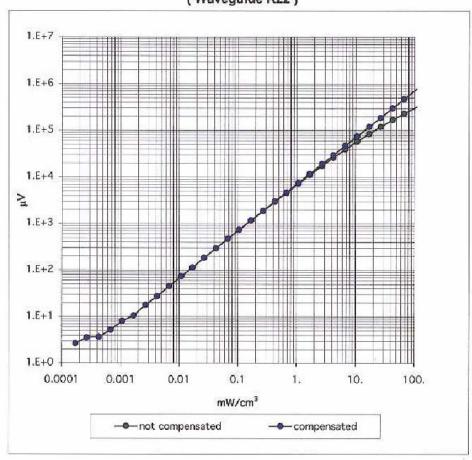
## Frequency Response of E-Field

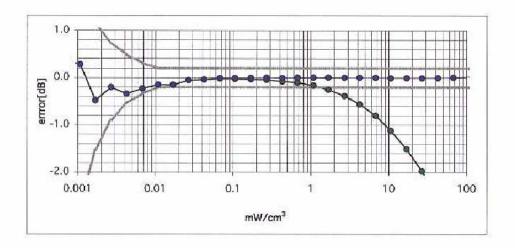
(TEM-Cell:ifi110, Waveguide R22)



# Dynamic Range f(SAR<sub>brain</sub>)

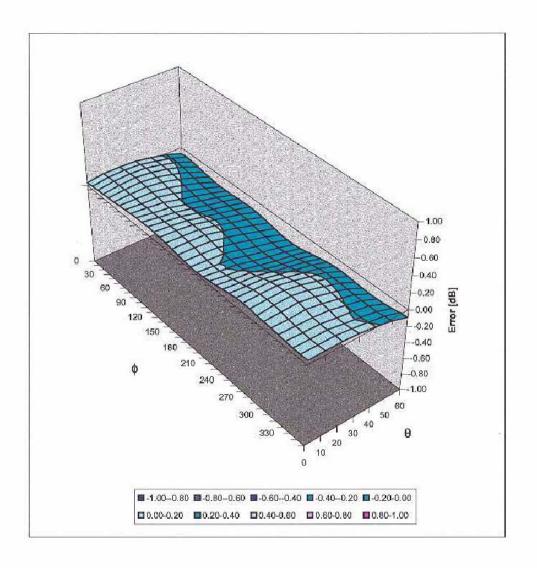
(Waveguide R22)





# Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error  $(\theta,\phi)$ , f = 900 MHz



# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

# **Calibration Certificate**

450 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D450V2	
Serial Number:	1001	
Place of Calibration:	Zurich	
Date of Calibration:	April 5, 2002	
Calibration Interval:	24 months	

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

#### 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat phantom filled with head simulating liquid of the following electrical parameters at 450 MHz:

Relative Dielectricity 44.5  $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 0.86 mho/m  $\pm 5\%$ 

The DASY3 System (Software version 3.1d) with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, Conversion factor 7.2 at 450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom and the dipole was oriented parallel to the longer side of the phantom. The standard measuring distance was 15mm from dipole center to the liquid surface including the 6mm thick phantom shell. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 20mm was aligned with the dipole. The 5x5x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration. Probe isotropy errors were cancelled by measuring the SAR with normal and 90° turned probe orientations and averaging.

The dipole input power (forward power) was 389 mW  $\pm$  3 %. The results are normalized to 1W input power.

#### SAR Measurement

Standard SAR-measurements were performed with the phantom according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values are:

averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue: 4.77 mW/g (Advanced Extrapolation)

averaged over 10 cm<sup>3</sup> (10 g) of tissue: 3.17 mW/g (Advanced Extrapolation)

Advanced extrapolation has been applied to the measured SAR values to compensate for the probe boundary effect (see DASY User Manual for details).

Note: If the liquid parameters for validation are slightly different from the ones used for initial calibration, the SAR-values will be different as well.

# 3. Dipole Impedance and Return Loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.342 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.997 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 450 MHz:  $Re\{Z\} = 57.9 \Omega$ 

 $Im \{Z\} = -6.0 \Omega$ 

Return Loss at 450 MHz -20.8 dB

# 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

### Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

#### Power Test

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

03/27/02

# Validation Dipole D450V2 SN:1001, d = 15 mm

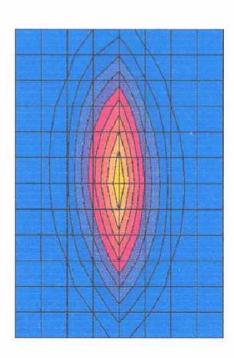
Frequency 450 MHz, Antenna Input Power 388 [mW]

Phantom Name: Calibration, Grid Spacing: Dx = 20.0, Dy = 20.0, Dz = 10.0

Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(7.20,7.20,7.20), Crest factor: 1.0. Head 450 MHz: σ = 0.86 mho/m s, = 44.5 p = 1.00 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Cubes (2): Peak: 2.81 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (1g): 1.85 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, SAR (10g): 1.23 mW/g ± 0.03 dB, (Advanced extrapolation)

Penetration depth: 13.1 (12.0, 14.4) [mm]



1.83E+0

2.03E+0

SAR<sub>Tot</sub> [mW/8]

1.62E+0

1.42E+0

1.22E+0

1.02E+0

8.12E-1

4.06E-1

6,09E-1

2.03E-1

# Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland, Phone +41 1 245 97 00, Fax +41 1 245 97 79

# **Calibration Certificate**

# 2450 MHz System Validation Dipole

Type:	D2450V2	
Serial Number:	704	
Place of Calibration:	Zurich	
Date of Calibration:	December 12, 2002	
Calibration Interval:	24 months	

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies, that this device has been calibrated on the date indicated above. The calibration was performed in accordance with specifications and procedures of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG.

Wherever applicable, the standards used in the calibration process are traceable to international standards. In all other cases the standards of the Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zurich, Switzerland have been applied.

Calibrated by:	D. Vellar	
Approved by:	Blini Vat-	

## 1. Measurement Conditions

The measurements were performed in the flat section of the SAM twin phantom filled with head simulating solution of the following electrical parameters at 2450 MHz:

Relative permittivity 38.0  $\pm 5\%$ Conductivity 1.87 mho/m  $\pm 10\%$ 

The DASY4 System with a dosimetric E-field probe ET3DV6 (SN:1507, conversion factor 5.0 at 2450 MHz) was used for the measurements.

The dipole feedpoint was positioned below the center marking and oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10mm from dipole center to the solution surface. The included distance holder was used during measurements for accurate distance positioning.

The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole. The 7x7x7 fine cube was chosen for cube integration.

The dipole input power (forward power) was  $250 \text{mW} \pm 3 \%$ . The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

#### 2 SAR Measurement

Standard SAR-measurements were performed according to the measurement conditions described in section 1. The results (see figure supplied) have been normalized to a dipole input power of 1W (forward power). The resulting averaged SAR-values measured with the dosimetric probe ET3DV6 SN:1507 are:

averaged over 1 cm<sup>3</sup> (1 g) of tissue: 55.2 mW/g

averaged over 10 cm3 (10 g) of tissue: 24.6 mW/g

#### 3. Dipole impedance and return loss

The impedance was measured at the SMA-connector with a network analyzer and numerically transformed to the dipole feedpoint. The transformation parameters from the SMA-connector to the dipole feedpoint are:

Electrical delay: 1.151 ns (one direction)

Transmission factor: 0.997 (voltage transmission, one direction)

The dipole was positioned at the flat phantom sections according to section 1 and the distance holder was in place during impedance measurements.

Feedpoint impedance at 2450 MHz:  $Re\{Z\} = 52.5 \Omega$ 

Im  $\{Z\} = 2.8 \Omega$ 

Return Loss at 2450 MHz - 28.6 dB

## 4. Handling

Do not apply excessive force to the dipole arms, because they might bend. Bending of the dipole arms stresses the soldered connections near the feedpoint leading to a damage of the dipole.

#### 5. Design

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

Small end caps have been added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in Section 1. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length was not affected.

# Power Test

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland File Name: SN704 SN1507 HSL2450 121202.da4

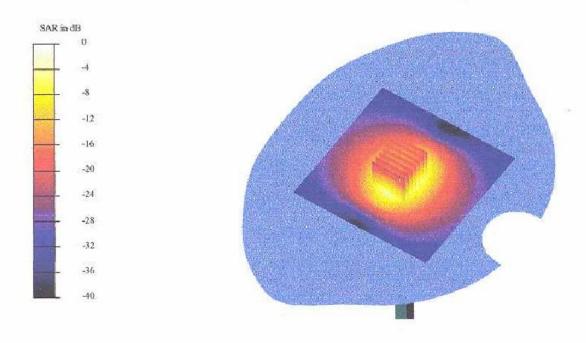
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz Type & Serial Number: D2450V2 - SN704 Program: Dipole Calibration; Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm

Communication System: CW-2450; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL 2450 MHz ( $_{\odot}$  = 1.87 mho/m,  $_{\rm E}$  = 38.03,  $_{\rm P}$  = 1000 kg/m3) Phantom section: FlatSection

#### DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 SN1507; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 1/24/2002
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 SN410; Calibrated: 7/18/2002
- Phantom: SAM 4.0 TP:1006
- Software: DASY4, V4.0 Build 51

Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm Reference Value = 95.1 V/m Peak SAR = 29.9 mW/g SAR(1 g) = 13.8 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.16 mW/g Power Drift = 0.002 dB



# **APPENDIX E Illustration of Body-Worn Accessories**

The purpose of this appendix is to illustrate the body-worn carry accessories for FCC ID: AZ489FT4863. The sample that was used in the following photos represents the product used to obtain the results presented herein and was used in this section to demonstrate the different body-worn accessories.



Figure 1. Belt clip model HCLN4019A Back View



Figure 2. Belt clip model HCLN4019A Side View



Figure 3. Belt clip model HCLN4019A Front View

# **Appendix F Accessories and options test status and separation distances**

The following table summarizes the body spacing distance provided by each of the body-worn accessories:

accessories.			
		Separation distance between device and	
Carry Case Model	Tested ?	phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
HCLN4019A	Yes	37-44	NA
		Separation distance	
Audio Acc.		between device and	
Model	Tested ?	phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
HMN9026B	Yes	NA	NA
HMN9039B	Yes	NA	NA
HMN9038A	Yes	NA	NA
HMN9025B	Yes	NA	NA
NTN9159C	Yes	NA	NA
HCLE4105A	Yes	NA	NA
HCSN4001A	Yes	NA	NA
		Separation distance	
Additional		between device and	
attachments	Tested ?	phantom surface. (mm)	Comments
			AAA battery tray. Tested
1564200W18	Yes	NA	with offered AAA battery