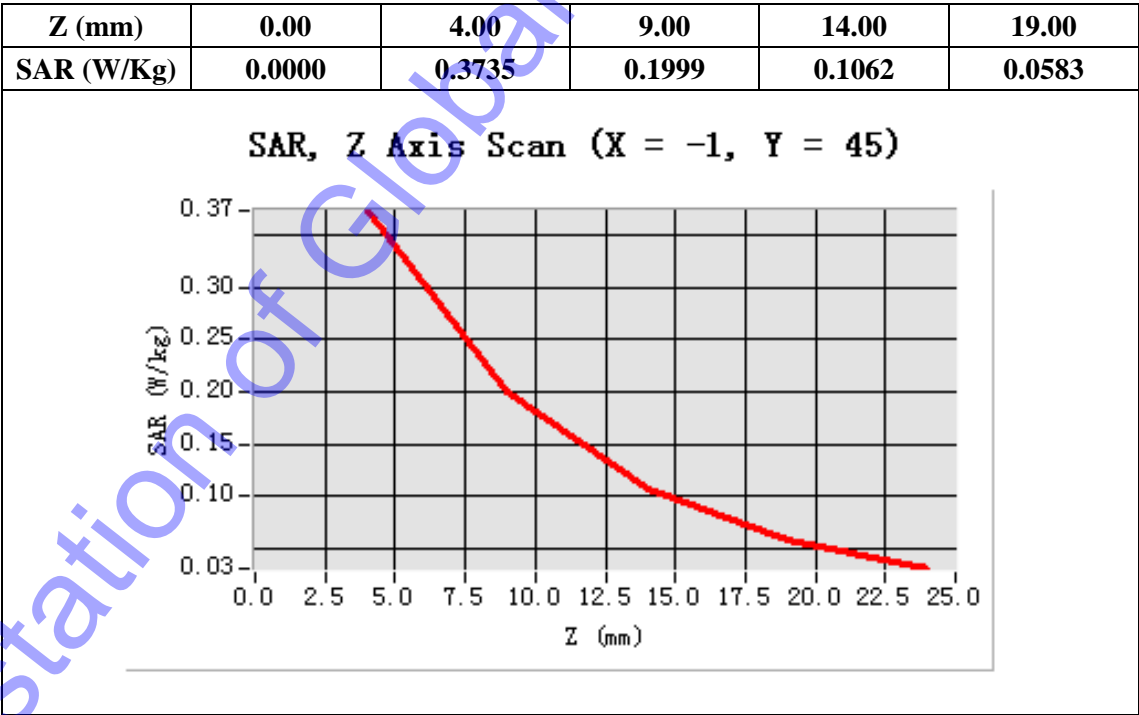
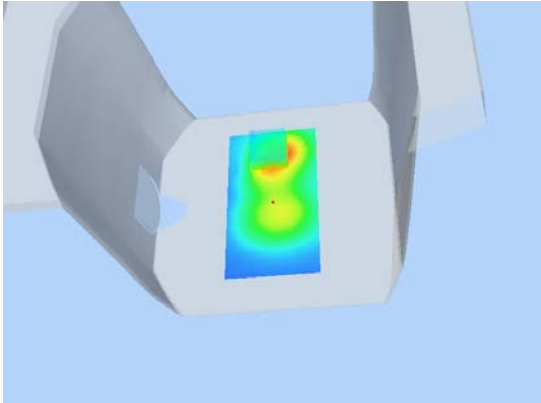
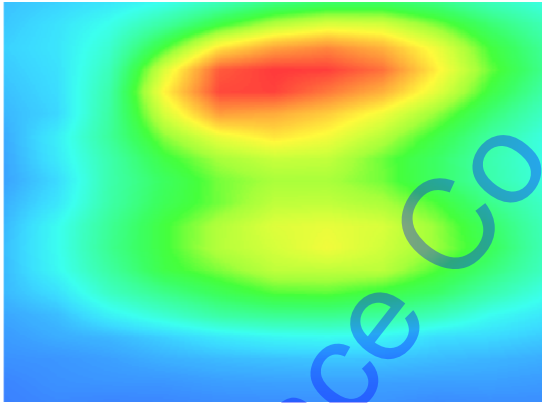


Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=45.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.189877
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.359021

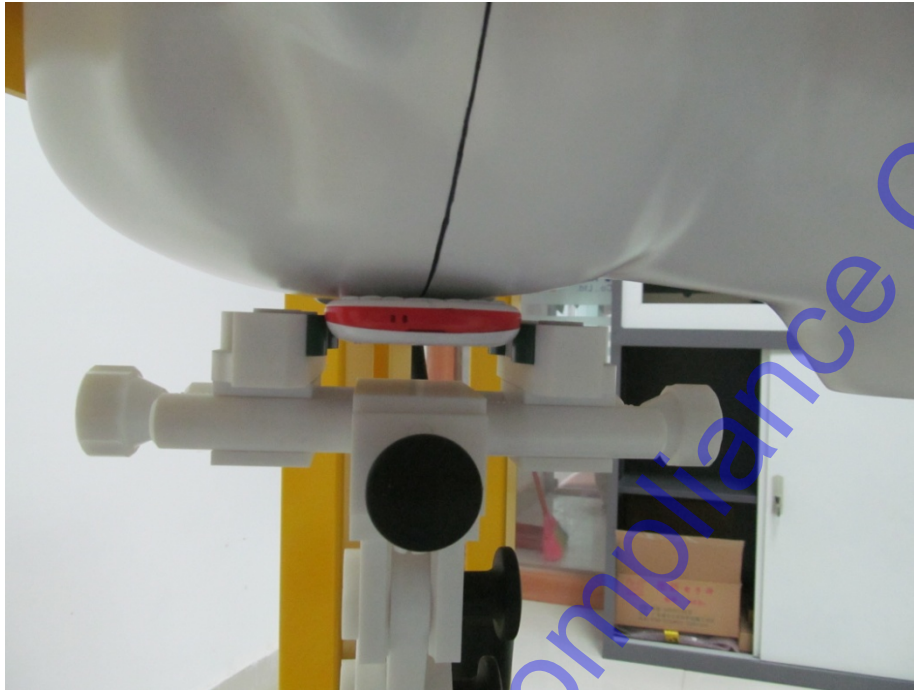


3D screen shot	Hot spot position
	

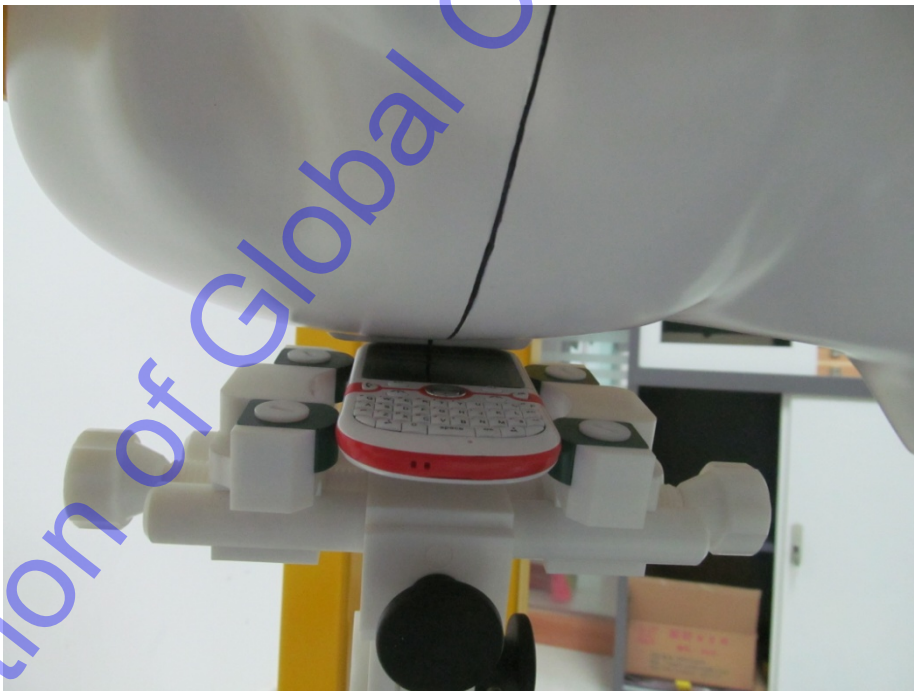
Appendix C. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS & EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Test Setup Photographs

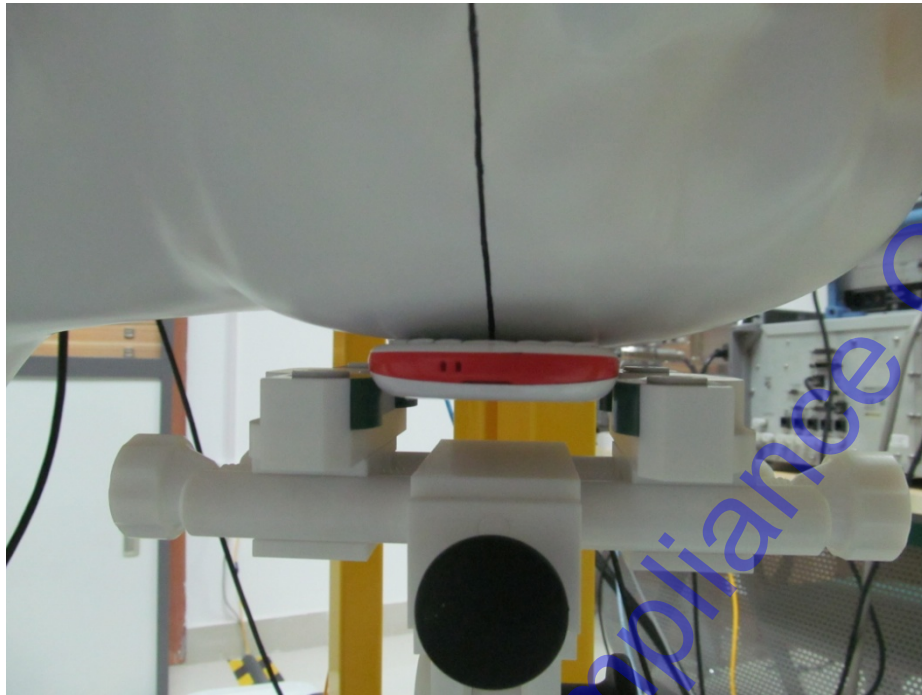
LEFT-CHECK TOUCH



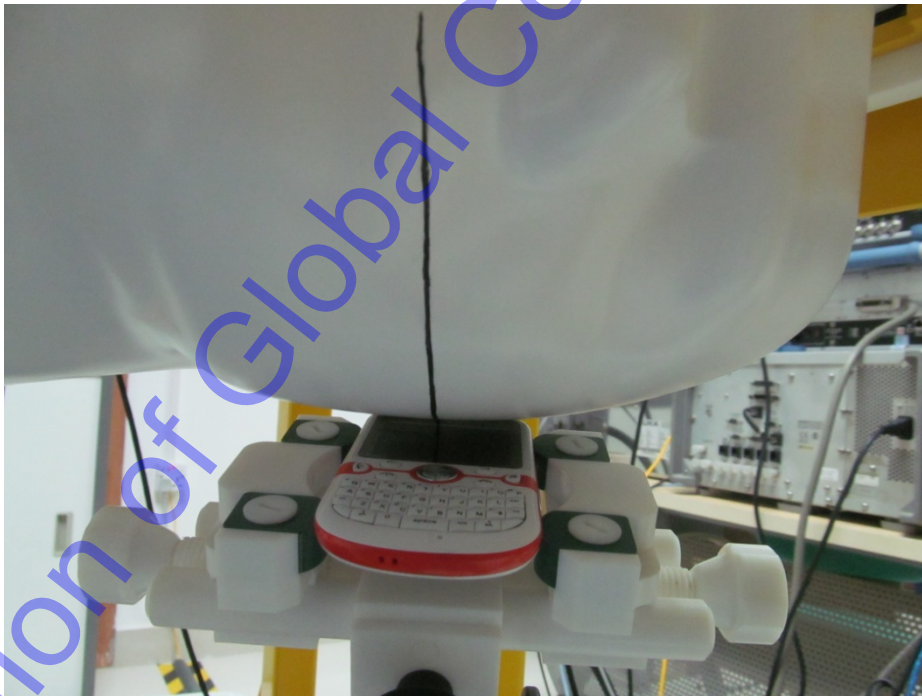
LEFT-TILT 15°



RIGHT-CHECK TOUCH



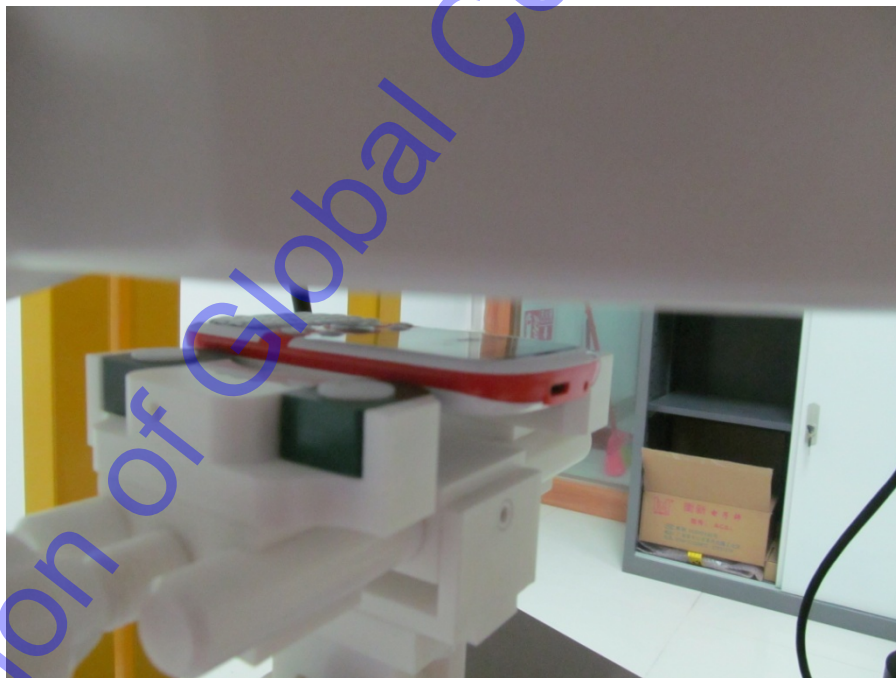
RIGHT-TILT 15°



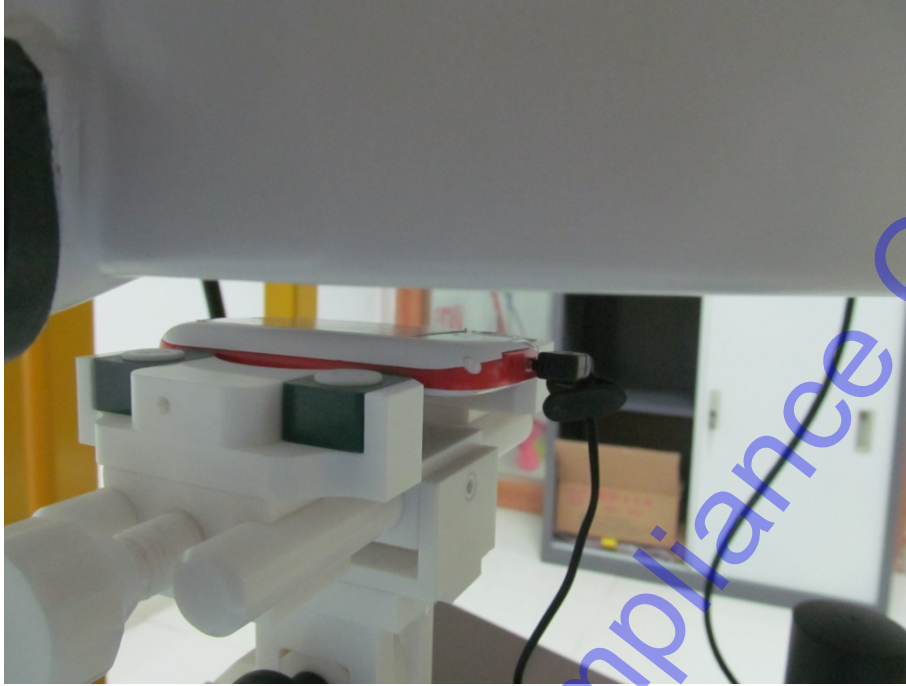
Body Back15mm



Front Back15mm



Body back with Headset



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DEPTH OF THE LIQUID IN THE PHANTOM—ZOOM IN

Note : The position used in the measurement were according to IEEE 1528-2003



EUT PHOTOGRAPHS
TOP VIEW OF SAMPLE



BOTTOM VIEW OF SAMPLE



LEFT VIEW OF SAMPLE



RIGHT VIEW OF SAMPLE



FRONT VIEW OF SAMPLE



BACK VIEW OF SAMPLE



ALL VIEW OF SAMPLE



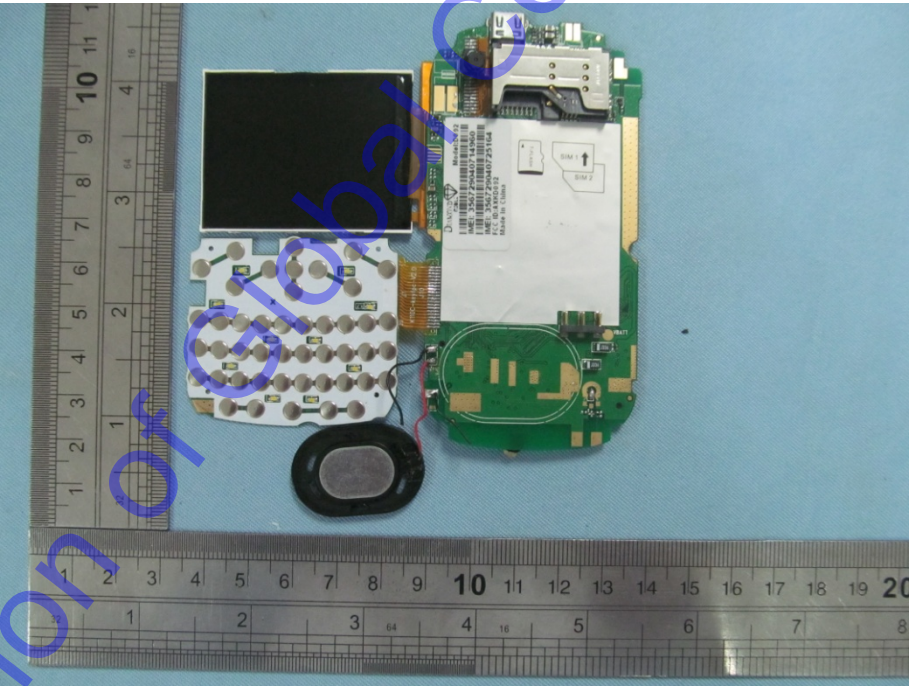
OPEN VIEW OF SAMPLE-1



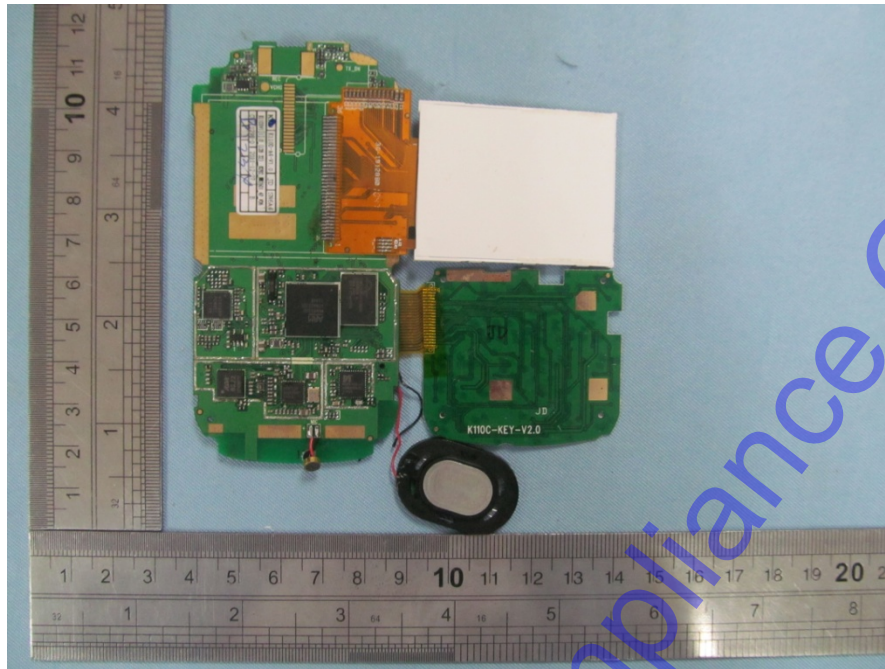
OPEN VIEW OF SAMPLE-2



OPEN VIEW OF SAMPLE-3



OPEN VIEW OF SAMPLE-4



Appendix D. Probe Calibration Data**COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.343.2.11.SATU.A

**ATTESTATION OF GLOBAL COMPLIANCE CO.
LTD.**

1&2F, NO.2 BUILDING, HUAFENG NO.1 INDUSTRIAL
PARK, GUSHU COMMUNITY XIXIANG STREET
BAOAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, P.R. CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 35/11 EP132

Calibrated at SATIMO US
2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



12/09/11

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.343.2.11.SATU.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	12/9/2011	<i>JS</i>
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	12/9/2011	<i>JS</i>
<i>Approved by :</i>	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	12/9/2011	<i>Kim Rutkowski</i>

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	ATTESTATION OF GLOBAL COMPLIANCE CO. LTD.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	12/9/2011	Initial release



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref ACR.343.2.11.SATU.A

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	Satimo
Model	SSE5
Serial Number	SN 35/11 EP132
Product Condition (new / used)	new
Frequency Range of Probe	0.3 GHz-3GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=1.200 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=1.214 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=1.004 MΩ

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.

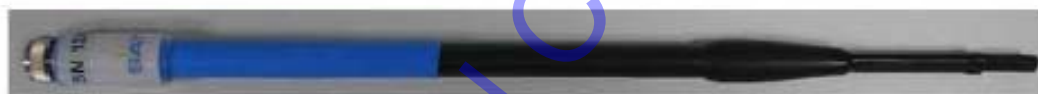


Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100W/kg.



3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°-180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°-360°).

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.3432.11.SATU.A

Combined standard uncertainty					5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					11.662%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

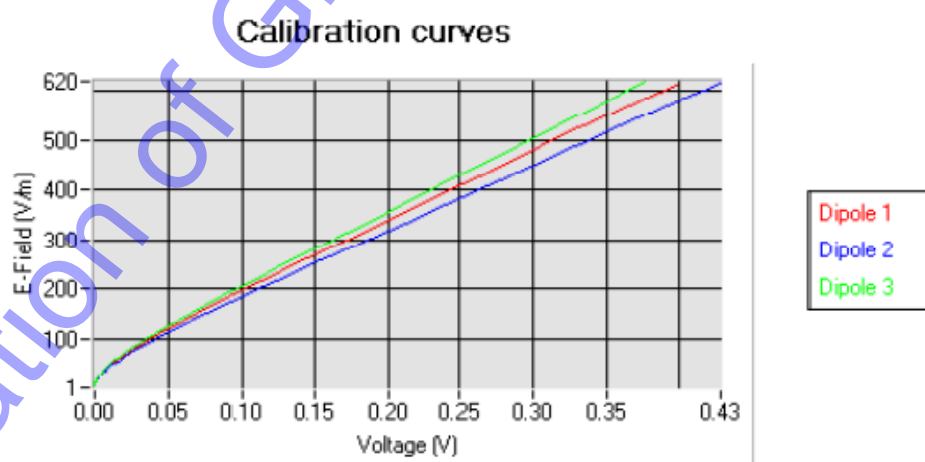
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
5.01	4.86	4.77

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
99	104	101

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ ($i=1,2,3$) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

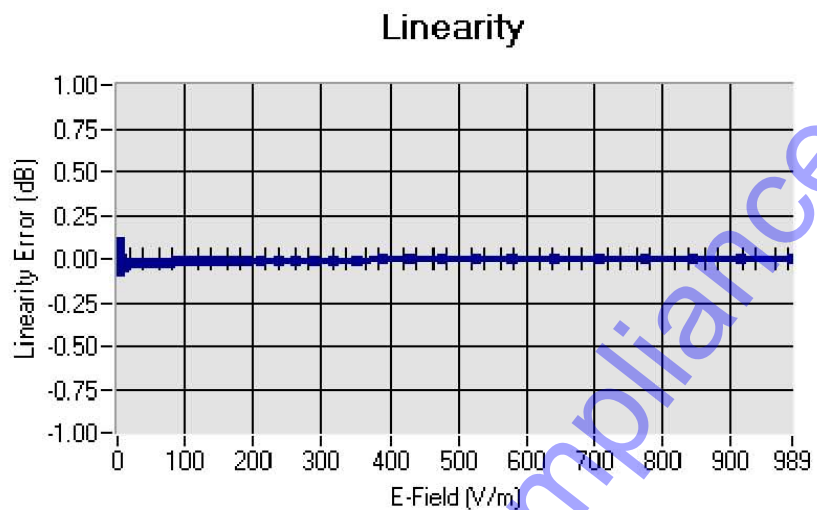




COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.343.2.11.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity: $\pm 2.29\%$ ($\pm 0.10\text{dB}$)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

Liquid	Frequency(MHz+/-100MHz)	Permittivity	Epsilon(S/m)	ConvF
HL300	300	44.76	0.86	5.91
HL450	450	42.52	0.88	6.06
HL850	850	41.53	0.91	6.79
HL900	900	41.54	0.97	6.82
HL1800	1750	38.35	1.38	6.01
HL1900	1880	39.43	1.42	6.42
HL2000	1950	40.34	1.44	5.77
HL2450	2450	38.99	1.84	5.60

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg