

Exhibit 11 Listing of Required Measurements

SECTION 2.1033(c)(14)

The data required by Section 2.1046 through 2.1057, inclusive, measured in accordance with the procedures set out in Section 2.1041.

Response:

The lowest clock frequency in the **FLEXENT® OneBTS® PCS CDMA Modular Cell 4.0 with EDPD** is the 10 MHz rubidium reference oscillator. Conducted spurious measurements were performed over the range of 10 MHz to 20 GHz which is above the tenth harmonic of the transmit frequency range.

The following pages include the data required for the Product Certification authorization of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver System / FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10**, measured in accordance with the procedures set out in Section 2.1041 of the Rules.

Each required measurement and its corresponding exhibit number are:

Exhibit 12	Section 2.1046	Measurement of Radio Frequency Power Output
Exhibit 13	Section 2.1047	Measurement of Modulation Characteristics
Exhibit 14	Section 2.1049	Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth
Exhibit 15	Section 2.1051	Measurement of Spurious Emissions at Antenna
Exhibit 16	Section 2.1053	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation
Exhibit 17	Section 2.1055	Measurement of Frequency Stability

Exhibit 12 MEASUREMENT OF RADIO FREQUENCY POWER OUTPUT

SECTION 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.

The test arrangements used to measure the radio frequency power output of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** is on the following page. Measurements were made respectively at each frequency where Occupied Bandwidth measurements were performed. The use of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** is for one to six CDMA carriers. This application for operation in G Block, is limited to single carrier operation at 40 watts and multi-carrier operation at 20 watts/carrier for up to three carriers. This requires that the J4 power level be calibrated for the specific channel of use. The test configuration, Figure 12a, allowed the measurement of output power for each channel investigated for Occupied Bandwidth. These included the upper and lower Block edges and at the center channel for each Block.

The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** system has a maximum power output at the antenna terminals of 40.0 Watts (46.02 dBm) +2 / -4 dB for single CDMA carrier applications. It also has a minimum power output at the antenna terminals of 0.040 Watts (13.01 dBm +2 / -4 dB, across the PCS downlink Band (1930.00-1995.00 MHz). The signal applied to the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** is defined in Table 12.1. The power was reset to a minimum of 40.0 Watts per carrier at each measurement frequency to verify the spectral performance at that power level at each specific frequency of interest. The attenuation range was also verified. The specific Frequencies and channels and set power level was documented on each "Occupied Bandwidth" sheet.

The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** system has a maximum power output at the antenna terminals of 20.0 Watts (46.02 dBm) +2 / -4 dB per CDMA carrier in multi-carrier applications. It also has a minimum power output at the antenna terminals of 0.020 Watts (13.01 dBm +2 / -4 dB, across the PCS downlink Band (1930.00-1995.00 MHz). The signal applied to the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** is defined in Table 12.1. For multi-carrier measurements the power was reset to a minimum of 20.0 Watts per carrier at each measurement frequency to verify the spectral performance at that power level at each specific frequency of interest. The attenuation range was also verified. The specific Frequencies and channels and set power level was documented on each "Occupied Bandwidth" sheet.

The applied signal, from a **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10**, met the recommended characteristics per "Table 6.5.2-1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal" from 3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-C-v1.00, February 2005, Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Stations, as defined below in table 12.1.

Exhibit 12 *continued***Measurement of Radio Frequency Power output.**

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_0^{128}
Sync	1	0.0471	-13.3	Code channel W_{32}^{64} ; always 1/8 rate
Paging	1	0.1882	-7.3	Code channel W_1^{64} ; full rate only
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 12.1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Main Path

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Transmit Diversity Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_{16}^{128}
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 12.2 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Transmit Diversity Path

Exhibit 12 RF Power Test Configuration

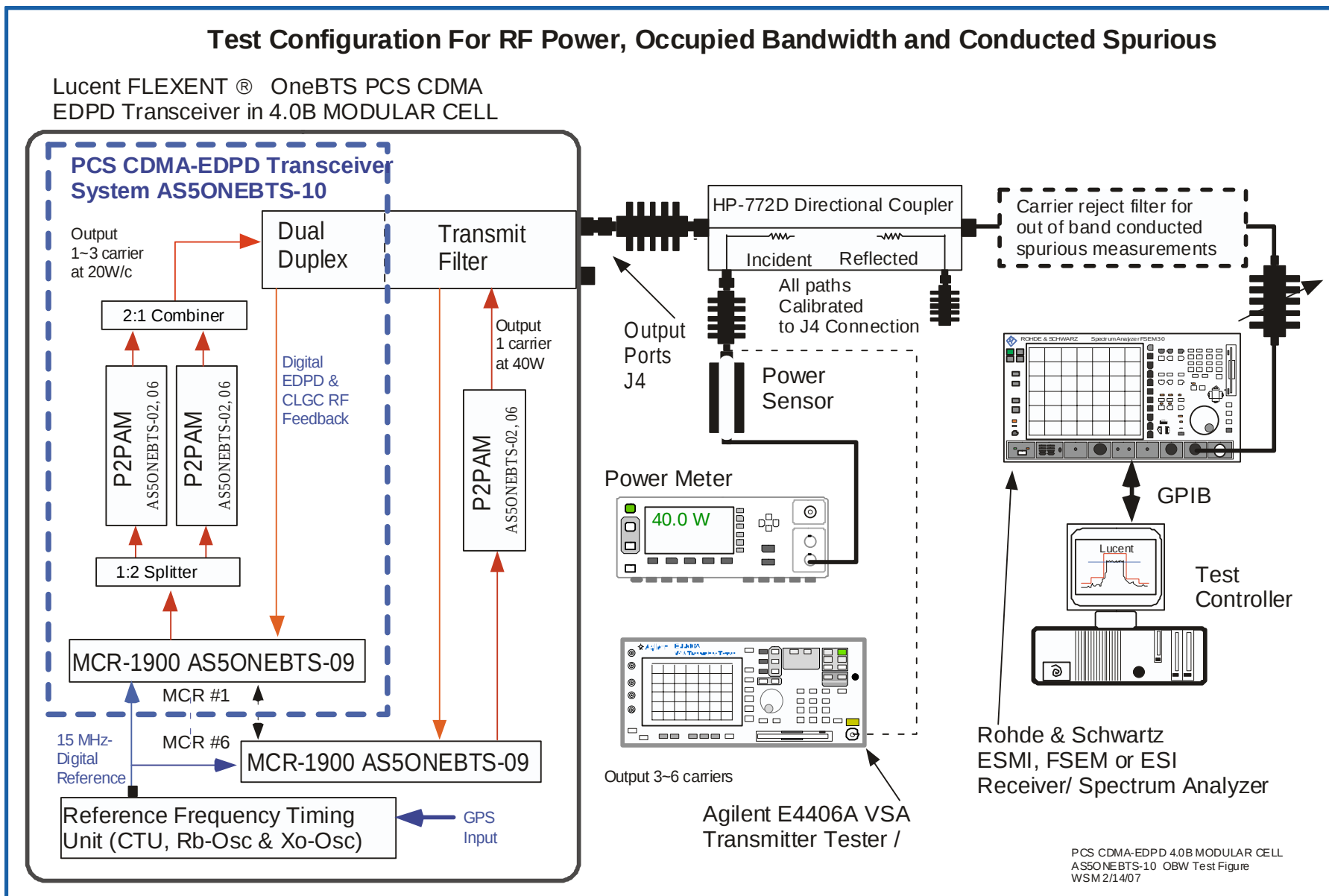


Exhibit 12 *continued***Equipment used for RF Power, Modulation, Occupied bandwidth, Conducted Spurious and Radiated Spurious Measurements**

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Calibration Reference Number</u>	<u>Version date or Calibration</u>
Power Meter:	Agilent E4419B Power Meter	167435	16 Oct 06
Power Head	Agilent E9300A Power Head	169451UR	18 Sept 06
Power Meter:	Agilent N1912A P Series Power Meter	82-11293400	27 Jul 06
Power Head	Agilent N1921A 0.05-18 GHz Wideband Power Sensor	82-11293379	21 Jun 06
Spectrum Analyzer:	Rohde & Schwarz FSEM-30	166736	29 Nov 06
EMC Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz ESIB-40	13871	17 Aug 06
Code Domain Analyzer	Agilent E4406 VSA Transmitter Tester	169442UR	16 Sep 06
Computer Controller:	EG Technology, Intel Pentium PC w/ WIN 2000 OS	POR-2,4 & 6	N/A
EMC Test Software	TILE, Quantum Change,	Version 3.4.K.14	22 Aug 06
Printer:	HP Model 4500DN Printer	N/A	N/A
Low Pass Filters:	10 MHz-1.93 GHz, Custom manufactured	PCSLPF-11	04 Aug 06
High Pass Filters:	1.99-20 GHz, Custom manufactured	PCSHPF-11	04 Aug 06
Test Cables:	Low loss test cables custom mfg.	Chamber-1 set	04 Aug 06
Antenna	BiConiLog Antenna, ETS, Model 3142B	1775	05 May 07-Due
Antenna	Double Ridge guide Antenna, ETS, Model 3115	9103-5144	05 Sep 07-Due
Preamplifier	Amplifier Low Noise, Miteq, 1.7 dB	LNA-1	04 Sep 07
GPS Receiver	Symmetricon 58503B (former Agilent)	KR93200849	N/A
<u>RF Test coupler</u>	<u>The equipment below is maintained and calibrated together.</u>	Gray-Mule-Lim	22 Aug 07-Due
Directional Coupler:	772D Dual Directional Coupler		
Attenuator, Variable	HP 8494B DC-18 GHz digital attenuator	157171	22 Aug 06
Attenuator, Variable	HP 8495B DC-18 GHz digital attenuator	157170	22 Aug 06
Attenuator, Fixed	Weinschel Corp DC-18 GHz, various values		
Test Cables:	Low loss test cables custom mfg.		

Exhibit 12 *continued* **Measurements required: RF power output.****RESULTS:**

The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** was configured in the test setup shown in Figure 12A. For each of the PCS channels tested the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** delivered a minimum of 40.0 Watts $\pm 2/-0$ dB when measured at the J4 output connection. This data is recorded on the Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets for “Left edge” and “Right Edge” of each frequency Block. Data is presented for the PCS G Block.

The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** was configured in the test setup shown in Figure 12A. When configured in a multi-carrier amplifier configuration for operation in G block with three PCS channels, the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** delivered a minimum of 20.0 Watts per carrier, 60 Watts total $\pm 2/-0$ dB when measured at the J4 output connection. This data is recorded on the Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets and includes the “Left edge” and “Right Edge” of each frequency Block. Data is presented for the PCS G Block.

Note: The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** is a multi channel linear amplifier and its maximum power level is verified at each cell site during setup of the Modular Cell 4.0.

Exhibit 13

SECTION 2.1047 MEASUREMENT OF MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS

The modulation characteristics and accuracy of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ AS5ONEBTS-10** output signal is a function of the input signal which is provided by the UMTS-CDMA Multi Carrier Radio (**MCR-1900**), Model BNJ64, which was previously authorized by the Federal Communications Commission under **FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-09**, granted 22 February 2005 for all PCS Blocks.

13.1 - Modulation Description

The modulation methods used in CDMA drastically differ from those used in a FM analog system. The methods used in evaluating the **EDPD Transceiver's MCR-1900 / AS5ONEBTS-10** are described in the pertinent standards documents which include **TIA/EIA-97-C** "recommended Minimum performance Standards for Base Stations Supporting Dual-Mode Wideband Spread Spectrum Cellular Mobile Stations" and **3GPP2 C.S0010-0**, December 1999, *Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Stations*.. The modulation quantify criteria are as follows:

13.2 Modulation Requirements – Section 4.2 of TIA/EIA-97-C and 3GPP2 C.S0010-0

Waveform quality is tested by measuring the waveform quality ρ , as defined in 6.4.2.1, and code domain power as defined in 6.4.2.2. The range of values for the transmit waveform quality is from 1.0 for a perfect CDMA waveform to 0.0 for a non-CDMA signal. As an example, a base station with a 0.5 dB degradation in its transmit waveform would have a quality, ρ , of $10^{-(0.5/10)} = 0.89$.

13.3 Minimum Standard ...per Section 4.2.2.3 of 3GPP2 C.S0010-0

The normalized cross correlation coefficient, ρ , shall be greater than 0.912 (excess power ≤ 0.4 dB).

13.4 Results

The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver's MCR-1900** was configured in the test setup shown in Figure 13A. The **MCR-1900** was configured with its pilot channel and the modulation quality measured with an Agilent -E4406A VSA Series Transmitter Analyzer. Measurements were performed at the PCS Channels shown in table 13.1.

PCS Band	Transmit Channel(s)	Measured Rho	Status
A	25	0.99881	Compliant
D	325	0.99867	Compliant
B	425	0.99894	Compliant
E	725	0.99894	Compliant
F	825	0.99895	Compliant
C	1175	0.99894	Compliant
G	1275	0.99894	Compliant

TABLE 13.1 MCR-1900 Channels for Modulation Characteristics Measurement

13.4.1 Results Summary

For each of the PCS channels tested, the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver's** modulation quality factor, Rho (ρ), was measured to be ≥ 0.99881 . The **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver's AS5ONEBTS-10** transmit signal modulation parameters and constellation for PCS channel 425 is shown in Figures 13B and 13C below. The data for channel 425 is representative of the data recorded for the remaining channels listed above and was taken utilizing the Agilent -E4406A VSA Series Transmitter Analyzer. It also verified that the frequency offset is less than (+/- 0.05 PPM) of the frequency assignment.

Figure 13A

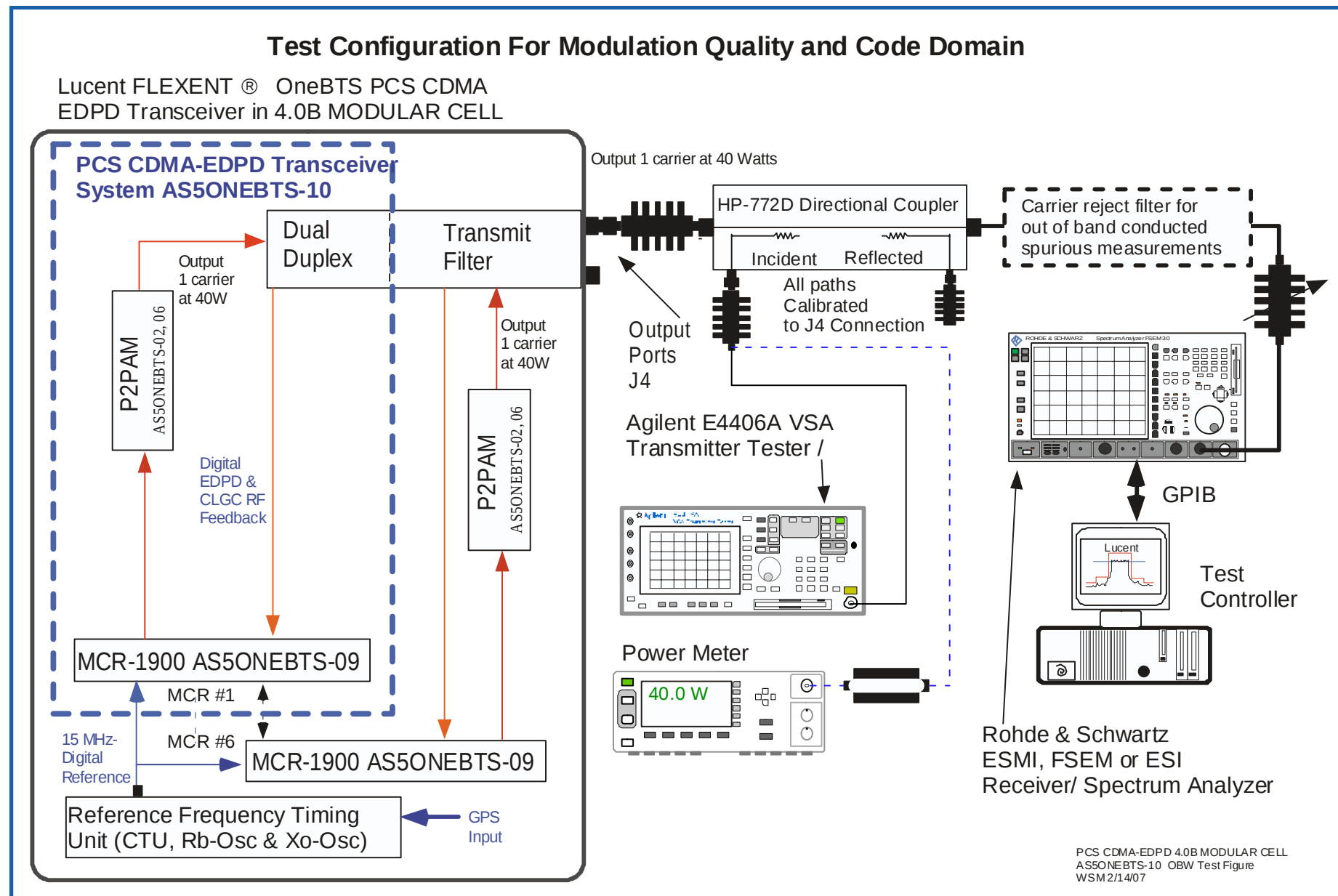


Figure 13B Code Domain 1c B Block, Left side Channel 425 Tx Output 1 Amplifier

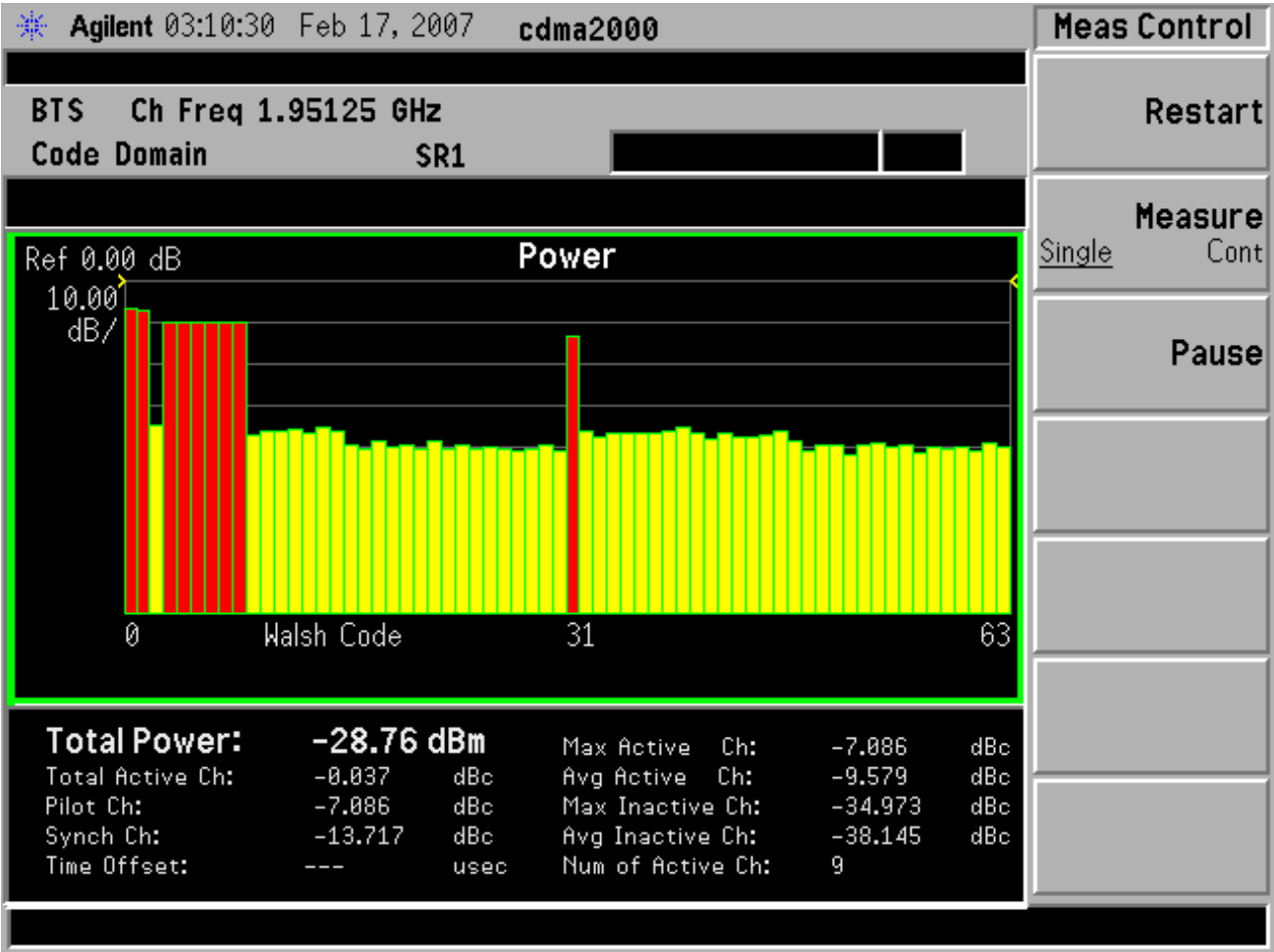


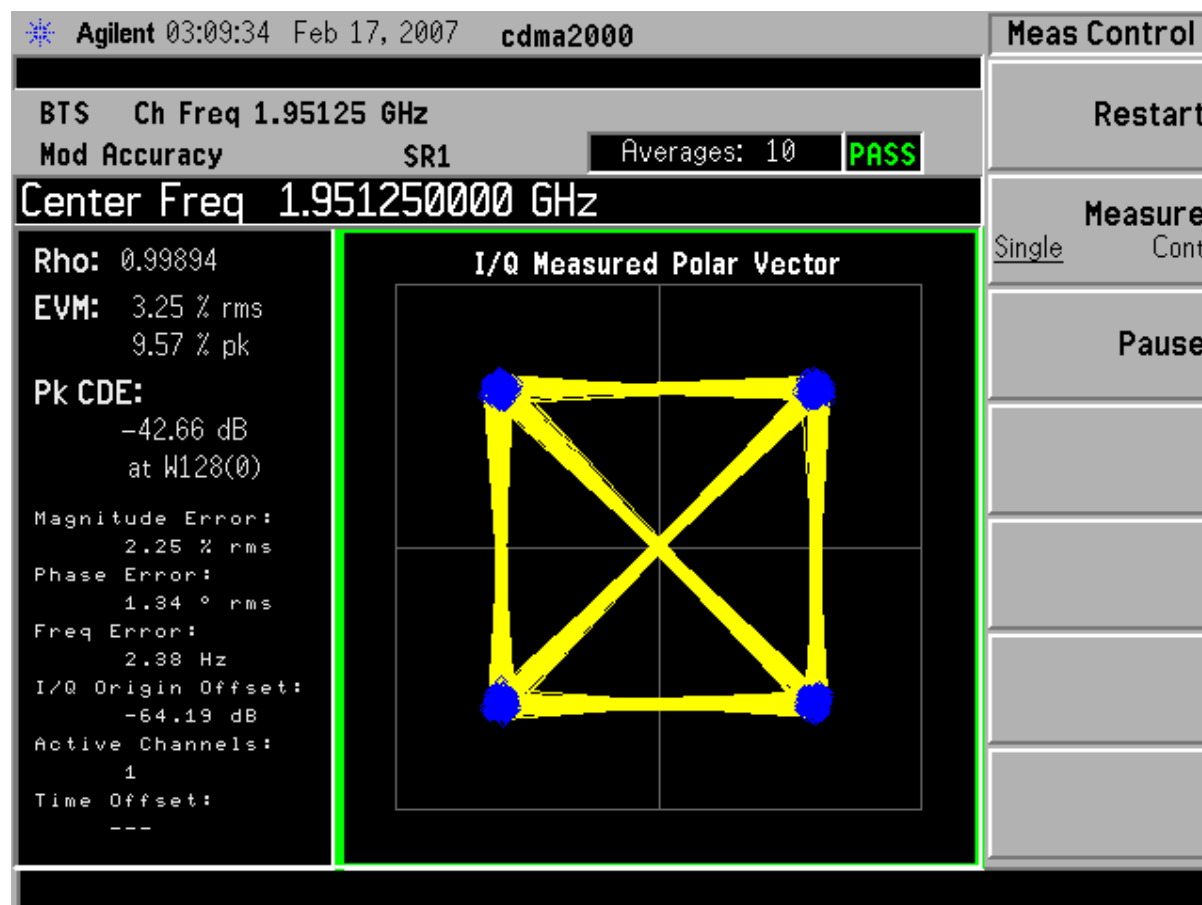
Figure 13C Rho 1c B Block, Left side Channel 425 Tx Output 1 Amplifier

Exhibit 14 MEASUREMENT OF OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

SECTION 2.1049 Measurement Of Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth measurements were performed for the **MCA** configurations pertinent to G Block operation of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver**. This documents the typical performance of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** while operating with one through three CDMA carriers. All power adjustments were performed via the **MCR/ AS5ONEBTS-09**. The measurement of the single carrier 40 Watt case is described below. Measurement of the Multi-carrier 20 Watt per carrier case is as previously filed.

The occupied bandwidth of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10** was measured using a Rohde & Schwarz FSEM-30 Spectrum Analyzer, a PC based instrumentation controller using TILE™ software and calibrated RF attenuation and coupled signal path. The RF power level was measured and adjusted via the test setup in Figure 14A. The set RF output from the transmitter was reduced by calibrated broadband attenuators to amplitudes usable by the spectrum analyzer and power meter. The attenuation factors are reflected in the displayed values of the charts. The typical occupied bandwidth measurement displays the signal adjusted to the -16.2 dBc level corresponding to the corrected RF power level for a 30 kHz resolution bandwidth (RBW). This set-point was performed as follows:

For each test the power calibration was individually verified at the transmitter antenna connection (J4) with a power meter by using the test setup depicted in Figure 14A. The power calibration was performed to calibrate the setting power meter measurement as a reference for both the measured 30 kHz Occupied Bandwidth signal at the -16.2 dBc line and a 3 MHz RBW measurement against the “Top of Mask” limit. The “Top of Mask” limit corresponds to a single carrier 40 Watt signal measured with an RBW of ≥ 1.25 MHz. Since at the transmitter J4 output there may be multiple CDMA carriers the measurement is made for an RBW setting of 3 MHz which is greater than the 1.25 MHz signal bandwidth. These measurements were performed prior to each Occupied Bandwidth measurement. The signals measured at RBW's of 3 MHz and 30 kHz were plotted and software was used to place the 3 MHz RBW signal at the “Top of Mask” or carrier calibration line for the applicable signal. The carrier as measured with 3 MHz and 30 kHz RBW were corrected with the same attenuation factors. The two measurements are co-plotted on the same graph and a typical example is shown in Figure 14C Typical Power Calibration.

This test procedure above calibrates the carrier power to the “Top of Mask” and accurately places the 30 kHz RBW measured carrier at the -16.2 dBc reference line. This process also documents the single carrier power at the specified power level of 40 watts per carrier / 46.02 dBm or the multi-carrier level of 20 watts per carrier / 43.02 dBm. All of the plots are presented with a minimum 7.5 MHz span and the center frequency of the specific signals or Block of interest. This allows for ease of comparison of the multi-carrier performance. This data was electronically recorded using the TILE™ software and electronically placed in the Occupied Bandwidth Data Sheets. These sheets contain data for “Left Edge of Block”, and “Right Edge of Block” for each PCS frequency Block in the application.

Block Organization and Tests Performed

The FLEXENT PCS Modular Cell 4.0B product line utilizes 60 MHz or 65 MHz MHz transmit filters.

The use of EDPD provides the spurious control which allows the use of 20 MHz or wider filters such as the 60/65 MHz Full PCS Band filters. The 60 MHz PCS Transmit Band filters provide for the least spurious reduction at “edge of block” and “edge of band” and thus represent the most difficult compliance configuration. The filter does not provide for any spurious reduction at block edges inside the band. The testing of EDPD documented herein were performed with the 60 or 65 MHz band filter. This configuration is therefore the most difficult for compliance demonstration.

Exhibit 14 *continued*

The demonstration of compliance for all follow-on filter vendors / band configuration will be performed as a Class I change to this certification. All of the narrower-band filters have been previously qualified and documented for non-EDPD transmitter configurations.

All of the **EDPD** Transceiver's filters combinations tests were performed for the four operational configurations of the **EDPD** Transceiver which cover operation of one through six carriers. Data for this Class II change is constrained to the single carrier 40 Watt configuration and the multi-carrier, 20 Watt/carrier-3 carriers maximum configuration allowable in the "G Block". When second source manufacturers are to be qualified for a granted block, the tests are performed and the source approved via a Class I change to each of the applicable filings.

In order to adequately evaluate performance the worst case modulation factors of 2G Voice (vs. 3G1X or 3G1X-EV-DO) were used from the governing documents. Thus, the applied signal, from a **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10**, met the recommended characteristics per "**Table 6.5.2-1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal**" from **3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-C-v1.00, February 2005**, Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Stations, as defined below in table 14.1.

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_0^{128}
Sync	1	0.0471	-13.3	Code channel W_{32}^{64} ; always 1/8 rate
Paging	1	0.1882	-7.3	Code channel W_1^{64} ; full rate only
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 14.1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Main Path

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Transmit Diversity Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_{16}^{128}
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 14.2 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Transmit Diversity Path

The FCC limits contained in **47CFR 24.238 1-Oct-2005** were followed along with the minimum standard presented in **3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-B-v2.0 March 2004**.

Exhibit 14 *continued***Measurement Offset**

The spectrum analysis output plots shows the peak of the CDMA channel signal 16.19 dB below the Mask reference / “zero dBc line” of the spectrum analyzer for the following reason: For the CDMA system there is no carrier without modulation. Since the CDMA signal is broadband and 1.25 MHz wide, all measurements performed at narrower resolution bandwidths need be adjusted for the reduction in signal energy. The following relationship was used to provide the correct level for an unmodulated carrier vs. the modulated signal.

$$10 \cdot \log (\text{Resolution Bandwidth} / \text{Transmit Bandwidth}) = \text{Signal Offset} \quad (1)$$

For the peak of the 1.25 MHz CDMA signal measured with a RBW of 30 kHz the signal offset is:

$$\text{Signal Offset} = 10 \cdot \log (30 \text{ kHz} / 1.25 \text{ MHz}) = -16.19 \text{ dB}$$

Limits which are specified as appropriate at a given RBW can be measured and evaluated at other RBW's if the limit is adjusted per equation (1)

Require Levels

The minimum standard presented in 3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-B-v2.0 March 2004 was followed for Suppression Inside the Licensee's Frequency Block(s)

Signals that are within the base station transmit band of 1930.000 to 1990.000 MHz and are within the specific block(s) allocated to the operator's system, the total conducted spurious emissions in any 30 kHz band greater than 885 kHz from the CDMA channel center frequency shall not exceed a level of -45 dBc....

The Limit in 47 CFR 24.238(a)(b) for emissions in the 1 MHz band immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block is:

Emissions ≤ 1 MHz outside the Block *when measured with a RBW of 1%* of the emissions Bandwidth shall be attenuated by :

$$-\{43 + 10 \log (\text{mean power output in watts})\} = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

The Limit in 47 CFR 24.238(a) for emissions outside a licensee's frequency block is:

Emissions > 1 MHz outside the Block, *when measured with a RBW of 1 MHz*, shall be attenuated by :

$$-\{43 + 10 \log (\text{mean power output in watts})\} = -13 \text{ dBm.}$$

Measurement at a Resolution Bandwidth of 30 kHz is based on our experience with 47 CFR 24.238 and lacking other guidance.

Exhibit 14 *continued***Adjusted Levels**

The following levels apply when measurements of the above limits are performed with an RBW of 30 kHz. Measurement at a Resolution Bandwidth of 30 kHz is based on our experience with 47 CFR 24.238 and lacking other guidance.

1. On any frequency removed from the carrier center frequency by greater than 885 kHz up to 1.25 MHz - at least 45 decibels below the carrier; and
2. On any frequency removed from the carrier center frequency by greater than 1.25 MHz to 2.25 MHz the level shall not exceed -9.2 dBm when measured in a 30 kHz resolution bandwidth (Note 2 below).
For 40 Watts the required level is -9.2 dBm/ -55.22 dBc.
For 20 Watts the required level is -9.2 dBm/ -55.22 dBc. and
3. From the edge of the Block to the 10th harmonic of the carrier at least

$$-\{43+10\log(\text{mean power output in watts})\} \text{ dBm.}$$

For 40 Watts the required level is -74.22 dBc / -28.2 dBm as measured with a 30 kHz resolution bandwidth (see Note 3).

For 20 Watts the required level is -71.21 dBc / -28.2 dBm as measured with a 30 kHz resolution bandwidth (see Note 3). This is equal to -13 dBm measured with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth

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Note 2: The -9.2 dBm/-52.21 dBc level was computed as follows: The limit is specified as

$$-\{43+10\log(\text{mean power output in watts})\} \text{ dB} = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

When measured in a resolution bandwidth not less than 1% of the signal bandwidth.

Since the carrier is a 1.25 MHz bandwidth signal, the limit is adjusted to

$$-13 + 10\text{LOG}(30\text{kHz}/12.5 \text{ kHz}) \text{ dBm} = -9.2 \text{ dBm; which given a 46.02 dBm carrier (40W) equals -55.22 dBc}$$

or

$$-13 + 10\text{LOG}(30\text{kHz}/12.5 \text{ kHz}) \text{ dBm} = -9.2 \text{ dBm; which given a 43.01 dBm carrier (20W) equals -52.21 dBc}$$

Note 3: The -28.2 dBm / -71.21 dBc level is computed from -13 dBm measured with a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth adjusted by :

$$-13 + 10\text{LOG}(30\text{kHz}/1.0 \text{ MHz}) \text{ dBm} = -28.2 \text{ dBm; which given a 46.02 dBm carrier (40W) equals -74.22 dBc}$$

or

$$-13 + 10\text{LOG}(30\text{kHz}/1.0 \text{ MHz}) \text{ dBm} = -28.2 \text{ dBm; which given a 43.06.02 dBm carrier (20W) equals -71.21 dBc}$$

Exhibit 14 *continued***Mask Description for Single Carrier applications at 40 W**

The Mask limits are identical for the left and right side of the PCS Blocks and are as follows:

Figure 14B shows the Mask limit for PCS channel 25 which is the left block edge for Block A and shows limits levels identical for the band edge of the PCS band. The Spectrum Analyzer reference level is set above the Signal Reference to allow for the necessary dynamic range of a three CDMA carrier presentation. The top of a typical 40 Watt / 46.02 dBm single carrier CDMA signal viewed at a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz is shown at the 29.82 dBm/ -16.23 dBc line. This line is based on equation 1, and the ratio of the 1.25 MHz bandwidth and the 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer. The vertical line from a to b (i.e. a-b) is at 885 kHz from the center of channel 25 (i.e. F_c), per 3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-B-v2.0. The horizontal line b-c is 45 dB below the 46.02 dBm/ 0 dBc reference level. The vertical line c-d is at 1.25 MHz from the center of the channel. The placement of line d-e is derived from evaluation of the signal and 12.5 kHz (1%) resolution bandwidth, using the suggested value in section 24.238 of the rules. The ratio of 30 kHz to 12.5 kHz in equation (1) gives 3.8 dB. Adjusting the tolerance line to reflect this difference puts the -13 dBm limit line at -9.2 dBm or -55.22 dBc below the reference line. The vertical line, e-f is at 2.25 MHz from the center of channel 25. The horizontal line f-g is drawn at -74.22 dBc below the 0 dBc / 46.02 dBm reference because the rules require a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth for measurements 1 MHz or greater outside the PCS band. Again, equation (1) and the ratio of 1 MHz to 1.25 MHz provides this value. The same logic was used in determining the other block and band edge tolerances.

Power Calibration

Figure 14C shows the signal displayed in Figure 14B measured with two different resolution bandwidths. The additional upper magenta trace displays the same signal as measured with a resolution bandwidth of 3 MHz. The wider resolution bandwidth allows for a true power calibration of the measured signal against the top of mask.

Measurement

All of the tolerance lines for the output are referenced to the top of the Occupied Bandwidth mask, which is defined as 46.02 dBm/ zero dBc. For all measurements of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10** Occupied Bandwidth, the output power was measured / adjusted individually to the 40 W level for each carrier and this is the 46.02 dBm value at the 0 dBc reference line.

In order to depict the tolerance lines that are required by Sec 24.238 of the FCC Rules and 3GPP2 C.S0010-0, all measurements were made with a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz and the limits were adjusted using equation (1). A sample detector was employed using minimum of 25 sweeps averaging per trace.

Mask Description for a Single Carrier in a 20 Watts per carrier multi-carrier application.

The Mask limits are identical for the left and right side of the PCS Blocks and are as follows:

Figure 14D shows the Mask limit for PCS channel 925 which is the left block edge for Block C and shows limits levels identical for the band edge of the PCS band. The Spectrum Analyzer reference level is set above the Signal Reference to allow for the necessary dynamic range of a three CDMA carrier presentation. The top of a typical 43.01 dBm single carrier CDMA signal viewed at a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz is shown at the 26.81 dBm/ -16.2 dBc line. This line is based on equation 1, and the ratio of the 1.25 MHz bandwidth and the 30 kHz resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer. The vertical line from a to b (i.e. a-b) is at 885 kHz from the center of channel 925 (i.e. Fc), per 3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-B-v2.0. The horizontal line b-c is 45 dB below the 43.01 dBm/ 0 dBc reference level. The vertical line c-d is at 1.25 MHz from the center of the channel. The placement of line d-e is derived from evaluation of the signal and 12.5 kHz (1%) resolution bandwidth, using the suggested value in section 24.238 of the rules. The ratio of 30 kHz to 12.5 kHz in equation (1) gives 3.8 dB. Adjusting the tolerance line to reflect this difference puts the -13 dBm limit line at -9.2 dBm or -52.21 dBc below the reference line. The vertical line, e-f is at 2.25 MHz from the center of channel 925. The horizontal line f-g is drawn at -71.21 dBc below the 0 dBc / 43.01 dBm reference because the rules require a 1 MHz resolution bandwidth for measurements 1 MHz or greater outside the PCS band. Again, equation (1) and the ratio of 1 MHz to 1.25 MHz provides this value. The same logic was used in determining the other block and band edge tolerances.

Mask Description for Multiple Carriers at 20 Watts per carrier

The mask for multiple carriers only adjusts the width of the carrier portion of the mask. For the example given above...with multiple carriers there would be no adjustments made to the “Left Edge of Block” requirements. The specified “Right Edge Limit” is treated as an expansion of the non Block edge corner **bb** to be the required +885 kHz from the center of the “right most” channel. The “Right Edge of Block” limits were derived consistently.

Measurement

All of the tolerance lines for the output are referenced to the top of the Occupied Bandwidth mask, which is defined as 43.01 dBm/ zero dBc. For all measurements of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10** Occupied Bandwidth, the output power was measured / adjusted individually to the 20 W level for each carrier and this is the 43.01 dBm value at the 0 dBc reference line.

In order to depict the tolerance lines that are required by Sec 24.238 of the FCC Rules and 3GPP2 C.S0010-0, all measurements were made with a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz and the limits were adjusted using equation (1). A sample detector was employed using minimum of 25 sweeps averaging per trace.

Exhibit 14 *continued*

PCS - Block	PCS -Channels	Number of carriers	Amplifier Type	# of amplifiers in MCA	Tested Power Level Watts/carrier	Results Occupied Bandwidth
G	1225	1	P2PAM	1	40	Compliant
G	1275	1	P2PAM	1	40	Compliant
G	1225-1275	3	P2PAM	2	20	Compliant

TABLE 14.2 PCS Occupied Bandwidth Compliance Tabulation

Note: The Single P2PAM/MCA supports transmit configurations of 1 & 2 carriers. The dual amplifier P2PAM/MCA supports transmit configurations of 1 to 4 carriers. The three amplifier P2PAM/MCA supports transmit configurations of 1 through 6 carriers..

Exhibit 14 Results**Presented Results**

The Block designation, PCS channels, frequencies and Measured RF Power are tabulated on each plot. The transmitter output signals are plotted for each frequency/ channel of interest. Plots are provided for Left Edge and Right Edge of each PCS Block evaluated. These frequencies were chosen to show the occupied bandwidth in the channels in each of the PCS Blocks in which this product can be operated, in compliance with Section 24.229 and 24.238 (c) of the Commission code. There are no SAT or Wide band data signals associated with CDMA. The signal used to show the occupied bandwidth is defined in table 14.1. This is the signal recommended in 3GPP2 C.S0010-0 The power output level was adjusted to provide the documented value on each chart.

RESULTS: The following exhibits illustrate the spectrums investigated and document compliance.

W. Steve Majkowski NCE

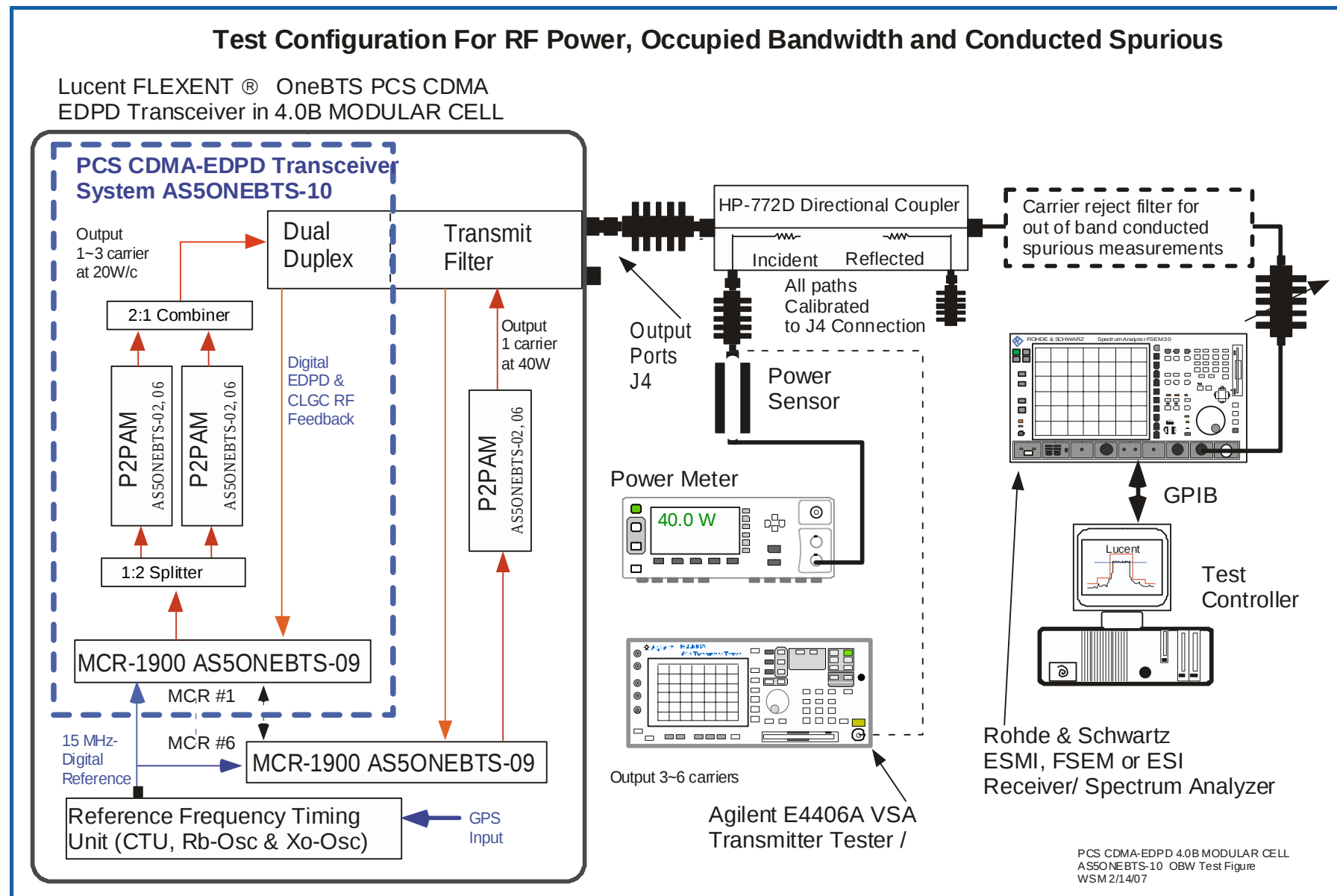
Figure 14A Test Setup for Antenna Port Measurement of Transmit Power, Occupied Bandwidth and Conducted Spurious Emissions

Figure 14B Typical Occupied Bandwidth Mask for 40 W Single Carrier Operation

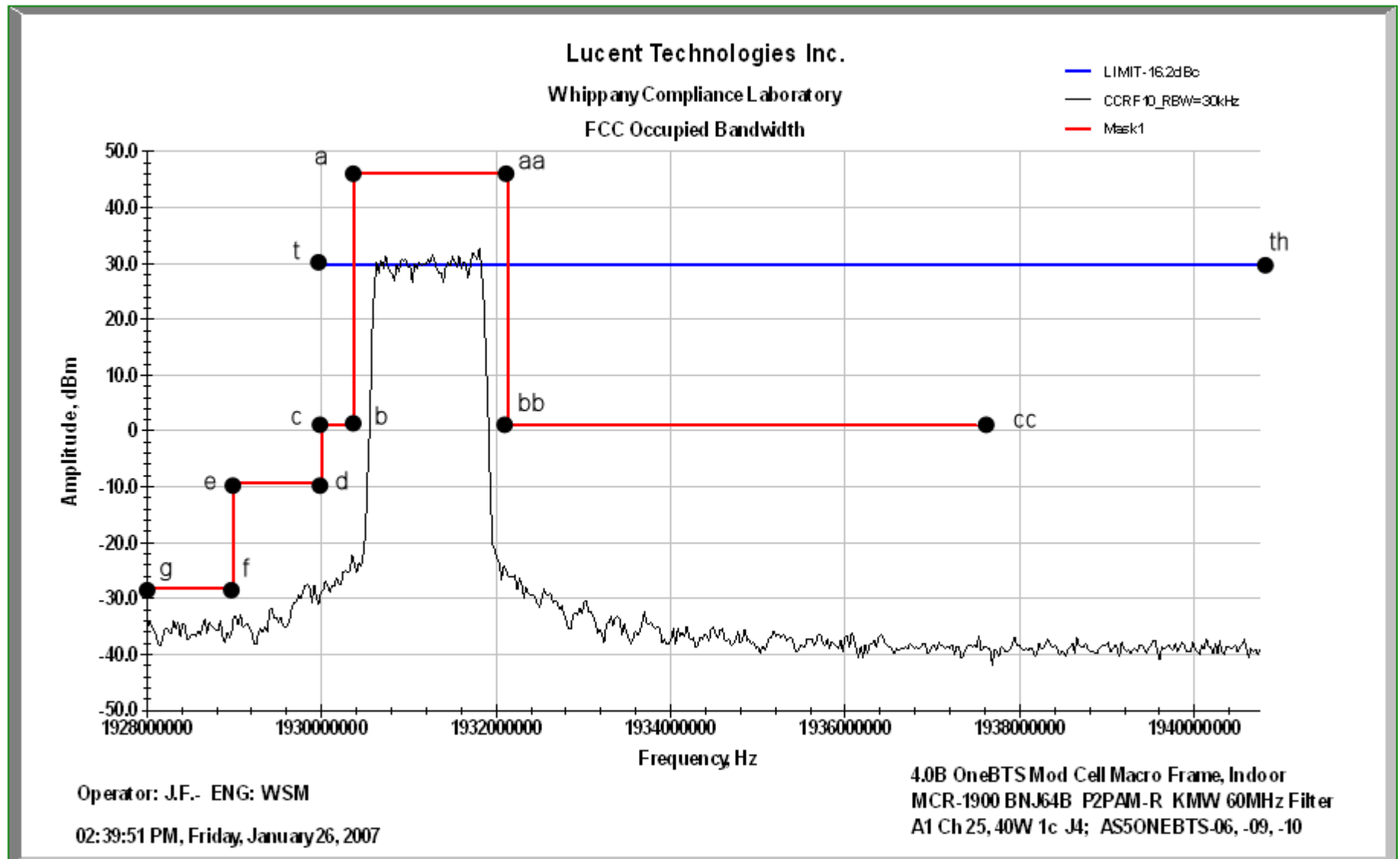


Figure 14C Typical Power Calibration

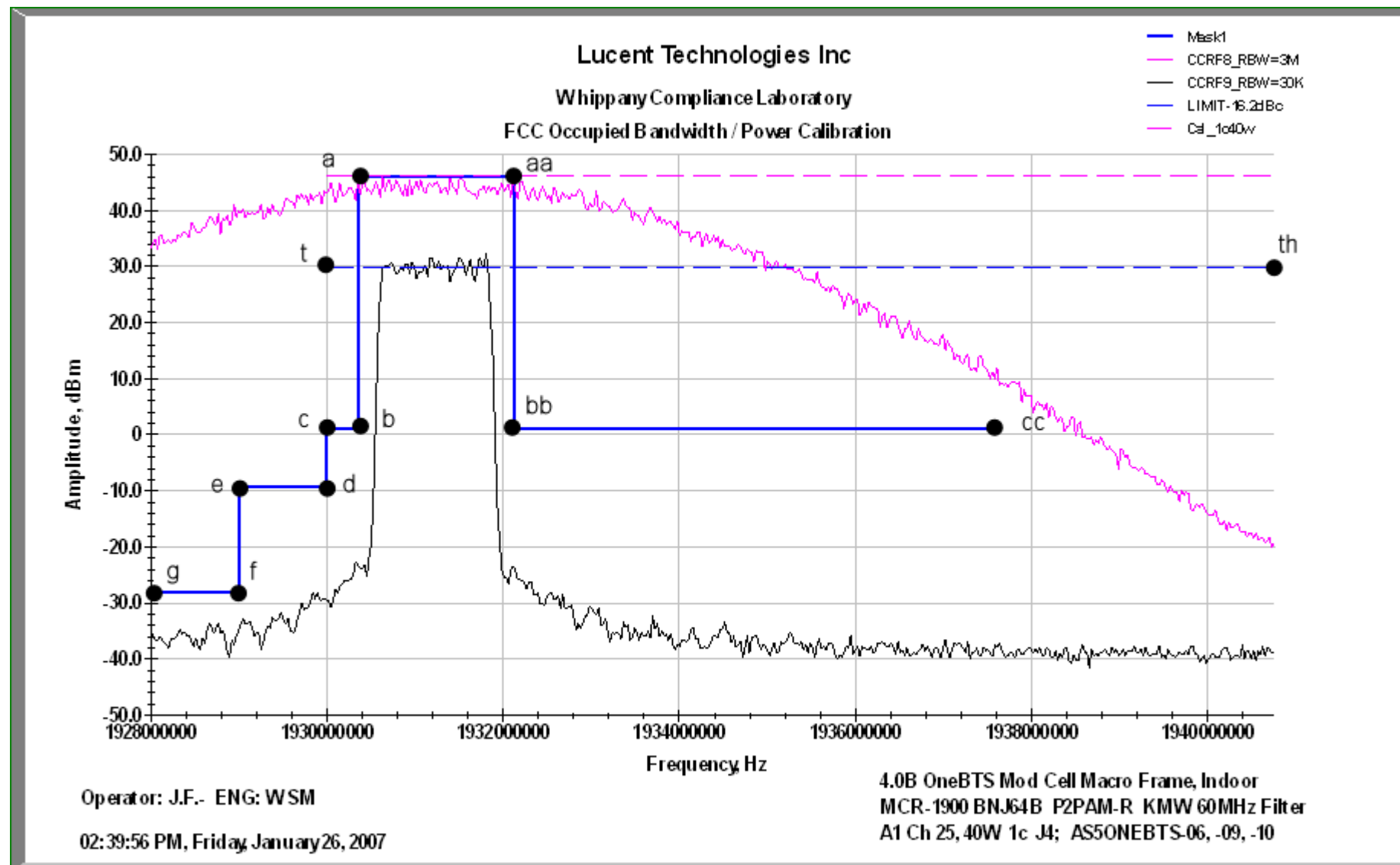
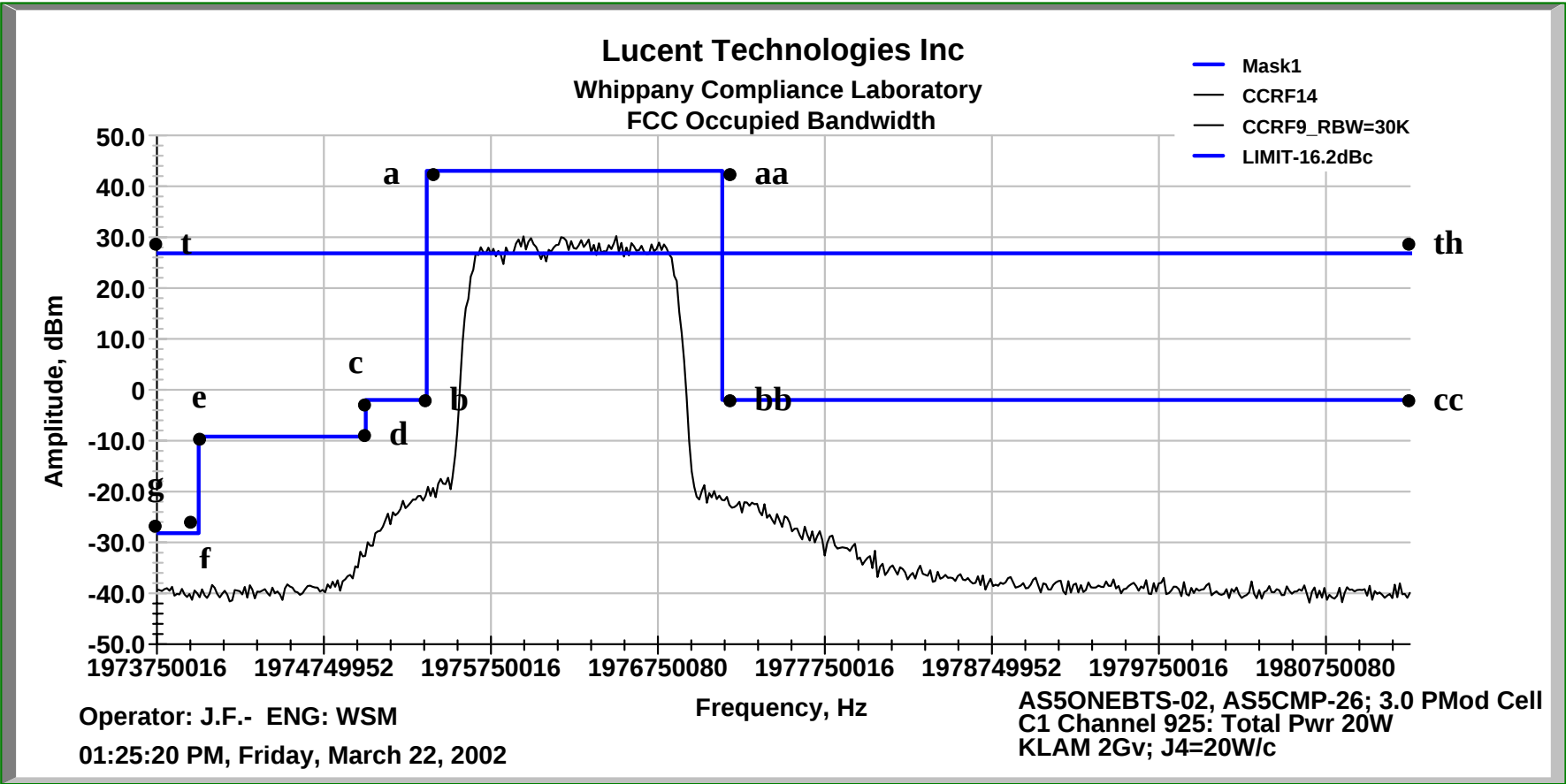
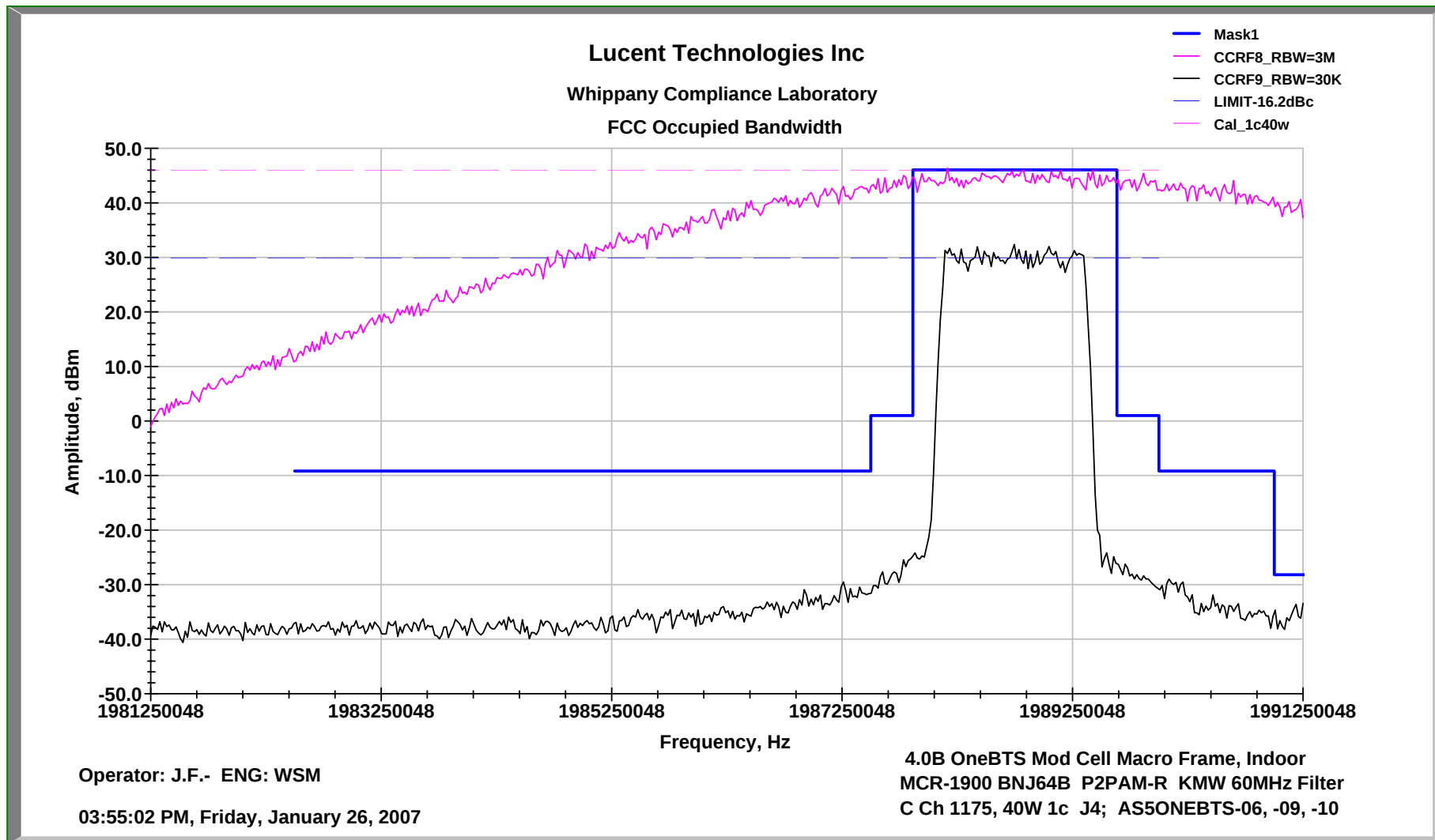
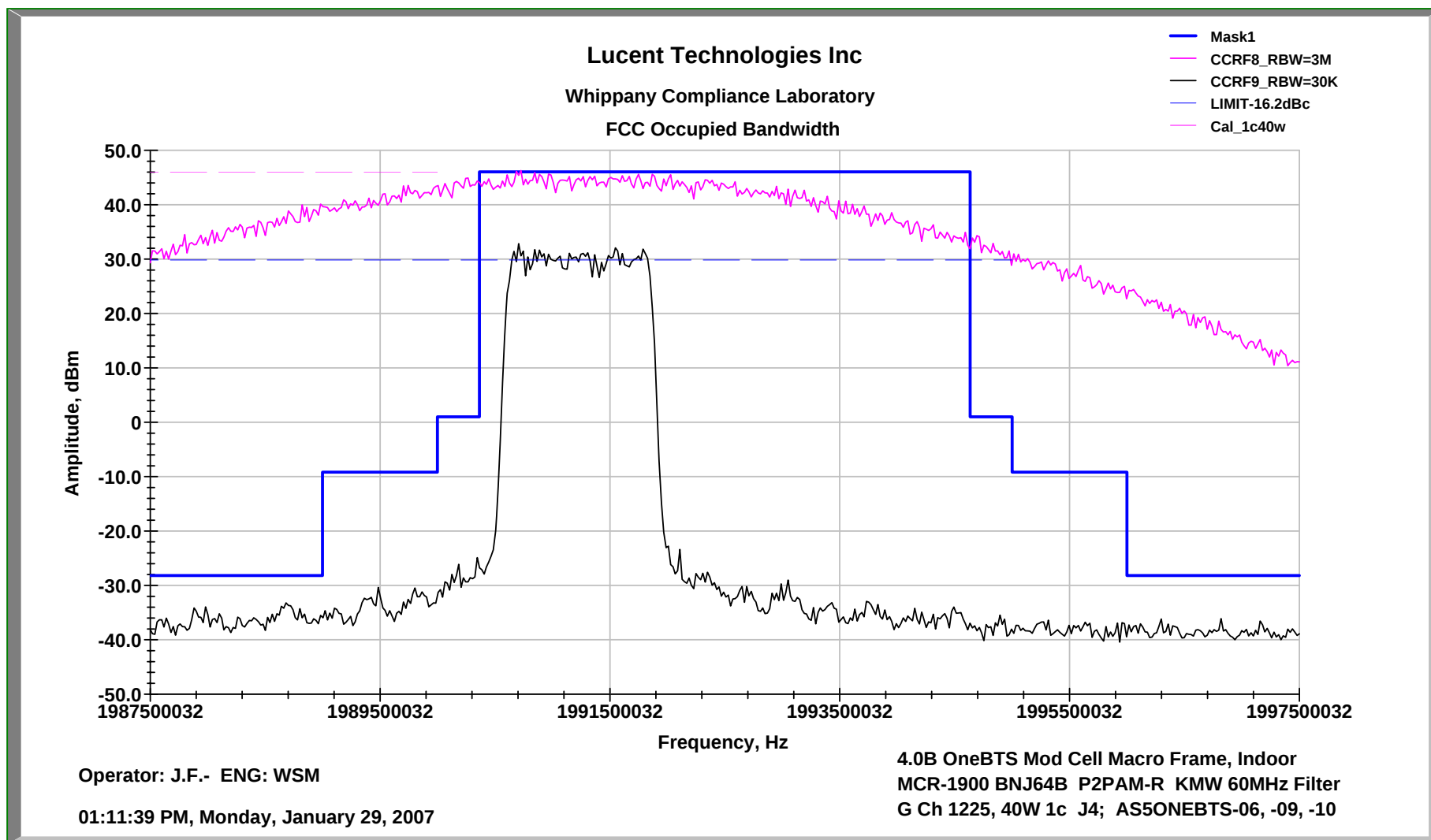


Figure 14D Typical Occupied Bandwidth Mask for 20 Watt/carrier Multi-Carrier Operation

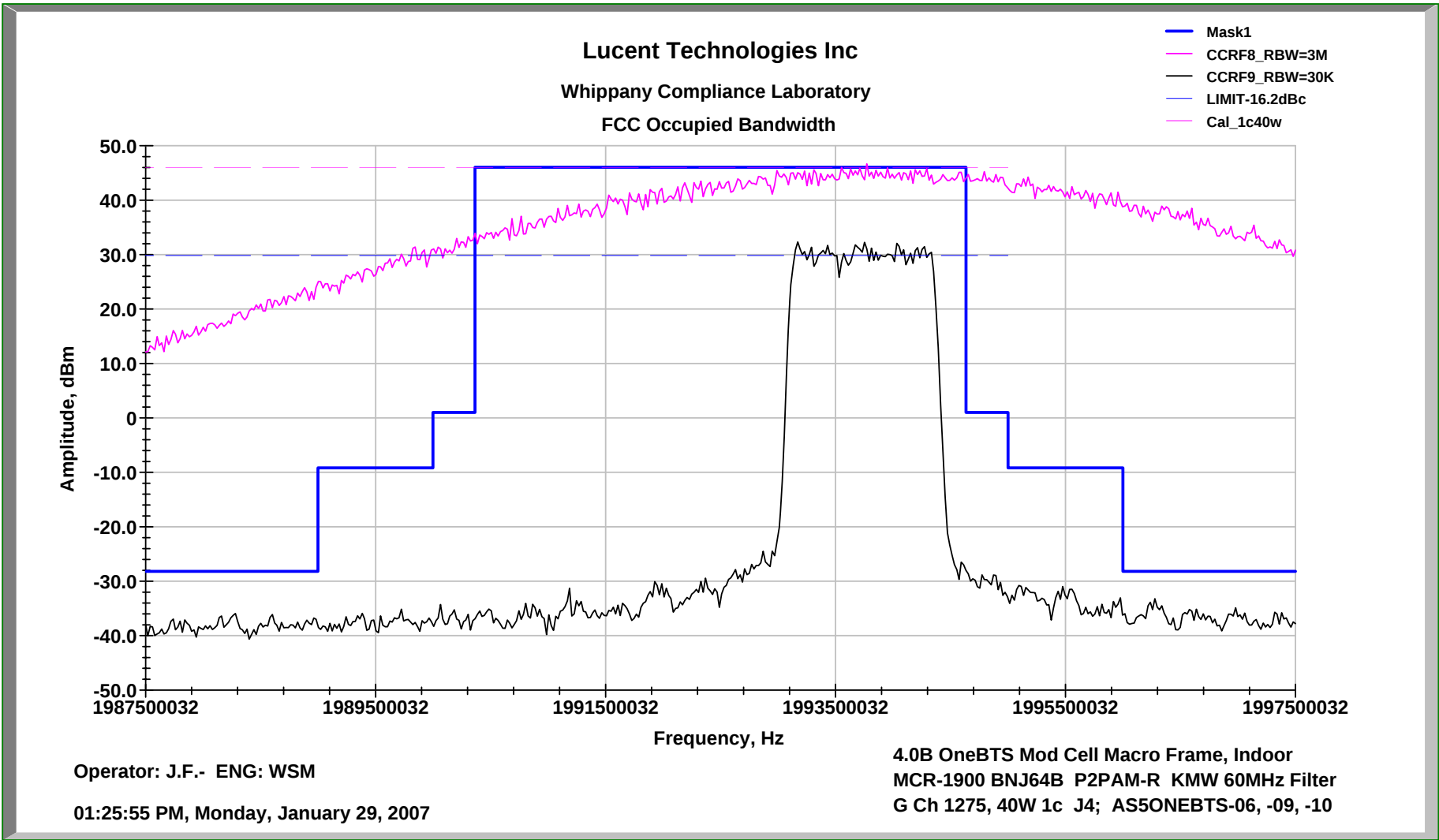


**Transmitter Measurements
of
CDMA Occupied Bandwidth
for
Lucent Technologies Inc.
PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver
FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10
Installed in
FLEXENT PCS CDMA Modular Cell 4.0**

Occupied Bandwidth 1c 2G Voice C Block, Right side Channel 1175 Tx Output 1 Amplifier

Occupied Bandwidth 1c 2G Voice G Block, Left side Channel 1225 Tx Output 1 Amplifier

Occupied Bandwidth 1c 2G Voice G Block, Right side Channel 1275 Tx Output 1 Amplifier



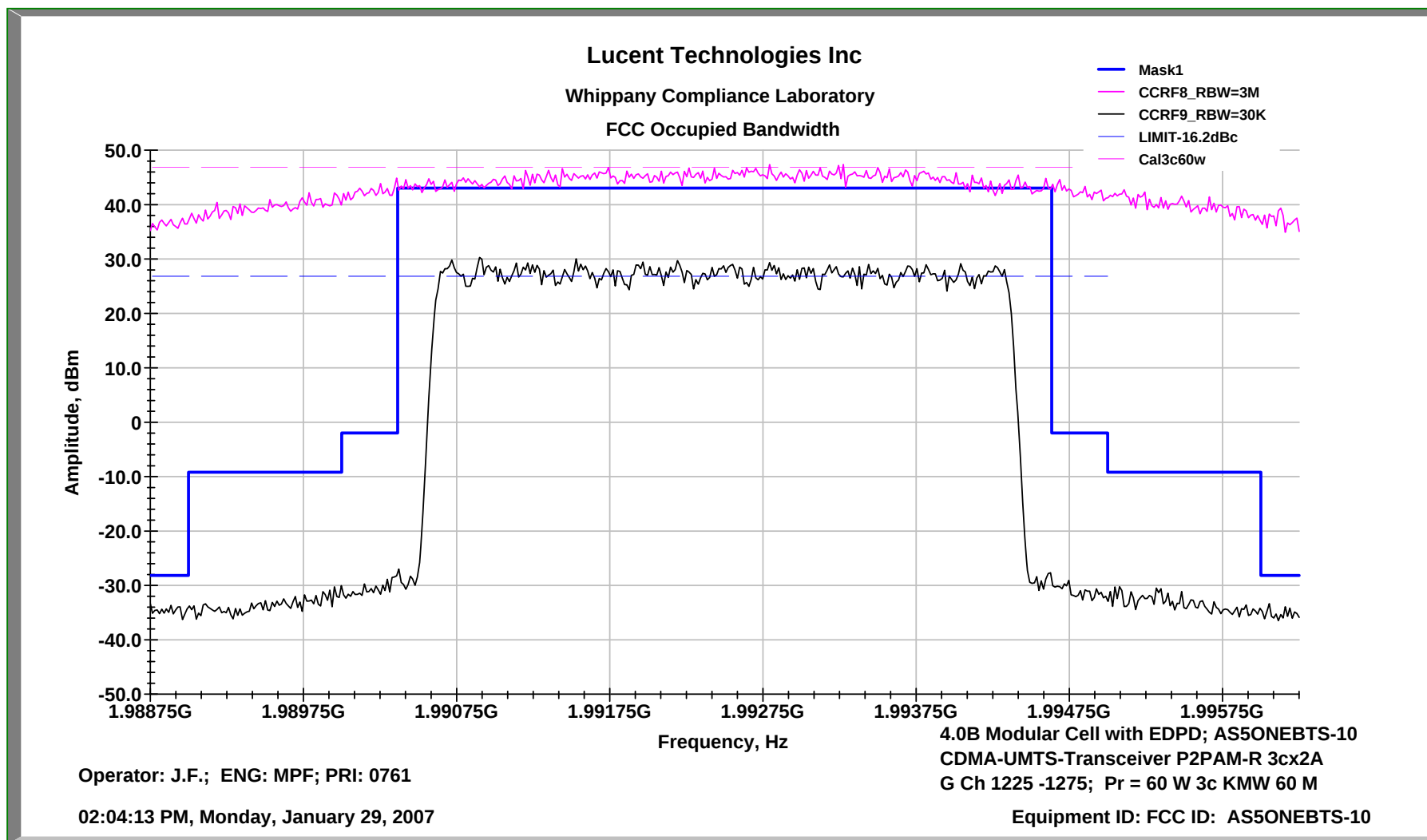
Occupied Bandwidth 3c 2G VoiceG Block, Channels 1225-1275 Tx Output 2 Amplifiers

Exhibit 15: SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Section 2.1051 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

Spurious Emissions at the antenna terminals were investigated over the frequency range of 10 MHz to 20 GHz which is beyond the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. The RF output from the transmitter was reduced, to an amplitude usable by the spectrum analyzer, by use of a broadband attenuator. The complete RF test path was calibrated over the 10 MHz-20 GHz range. The RF power level was measured and monitored prior to and during the test via the test setup in Figure 15A. The spurious measurements were made using an automated test system. The test system consists of a Rohde & Schwarz FSEM30 Spectrum Analyzer (or ESIB Test Receiver), a PC based computer test controller, calibrated test hardware and a TILE™ software program to acquire the test data. This system allows measurement and presentation of the data in an accurate and compact form for FCC review. The volume of collected data is greater than 2×10^5 data points over the frequency range of 10 MHz to 20 GHz.

The required emission limitation specified in Section 24.238 of the Code was applied to these tests. Based upon the criterion given in Section 24.238 of the Code and as developed in Exhibit 14, the required emission limit is -13 dBm when measured with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. The measurements of the spurious signals were therefore made using a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. All spurious and harmonics of the CDMA Carrier was also shown to be lower than -13 dBm limit.

The carrier signal shown on these plots was measured at a resolution Bandwidths of 3 MHz. This was done so that the carrier plot correctly and accurately depicts the carrier output power in relation to the spurious signals and the defined limit.

In order to adequately evaluate performance the worst case modulation factors of 2G Voice (vs. 3G1X or 3G1X-EV-DO) were used from the governing documents. Thus, the applied signal, from a **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10**, met the recommended characteristics per "**Table 6.5.2-1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal**" from **3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-C-v1.00, February 2005**, Recommended Minimum Performance Standards for cdma2000 Spread Spectrum Base Stations, as defined below in table 15.1.

Exhibit 12 *continued*

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_0^{128}
Sync	1	0.0471	-13.3	Code channel W_{32}^{64} ; always 1/8 rate
Paging	1	0.1882	-7.3	Code channel W_1^{64} ; full rate only
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 15.1 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Main Path

Type	Number of Channels	Fraction of Power (Linear)	Fraction of Power (dB)	Comments
Transmit Diversity Pilot	1	0.2	-7	Code channel W_{16}^{128}
Traffic	6	0.09412	-10.3	Variable code channel assignments; full rate only

TABLE 15.2 Base Station Test Model, Nominal for Transmit Diversity Path

The FCC limits contained in **47CFR 24.238 1-Oct-2005** were followed along with the minimum standard presented in **3GPP2 TSG-C.S0010-B-v2.0 March 2004**.

Test Results Summary:

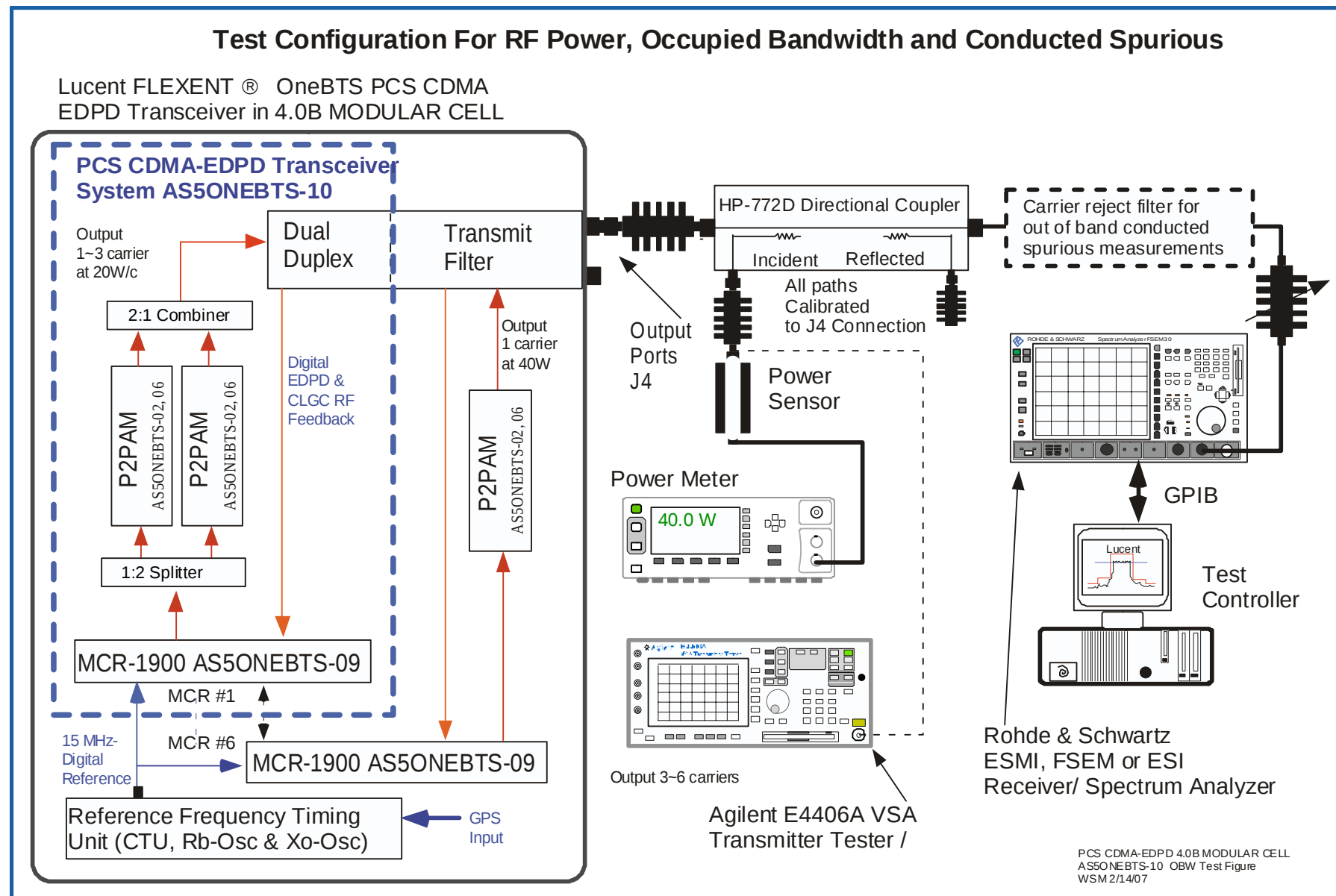
Conducted Spurious measurements were performed for the single **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver** configurations supporting operation at 40 Watts for one carrier and for the dual transmit configuration supporting one to three carriers at 20 Watts per carrier. At each PCS Block Edge measurements were performed for the transmit spurious configuration. The measurements were incorporated as part of the test profile for Occupied bandwidth.

The attached spectral plots are representative of the Conducted Spurious compliance performance of the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver**. The compliance for all of the representative transmit configurations are documented in Table 15.2. This Table lists PCS Blocks/ Channels tested the amplifier configuration and the status of the performance. The performance data, charts and tables all show that there are no “Out of Block” harmonics or spurious emissions above the applicable limit of -13 dBm. The attached table and data plots document the results.

Exhibit 15 *continued*

PCS - Block	PCS Channels	Number of carriers	Amplifier Type	Number of amplifiers in Transmit chain	Tested Power Level in Watts/carrier	Results Conducted Spurious
G	1225	1	P2PAM	1	40	Compliant
G	1275	1	P2PAM	1	40	Compliant
G	1225-1275	3	P2PAM	2	20	Compliant

TABLE 15.2 PCS Conducted Spurious Compliance Tabulation

Figure 15A Test Setup for Antenna Port Measurement of Transmit Power, Occupied Bandwidth and Conducted Spurious Emissions

**Transmitter Measurements
of
CDMA Conducted Spurious
for
Lucent Technologies Inc.
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FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10
Installed in
FLEXENT PCS CDMA Modular Cell 4.0**

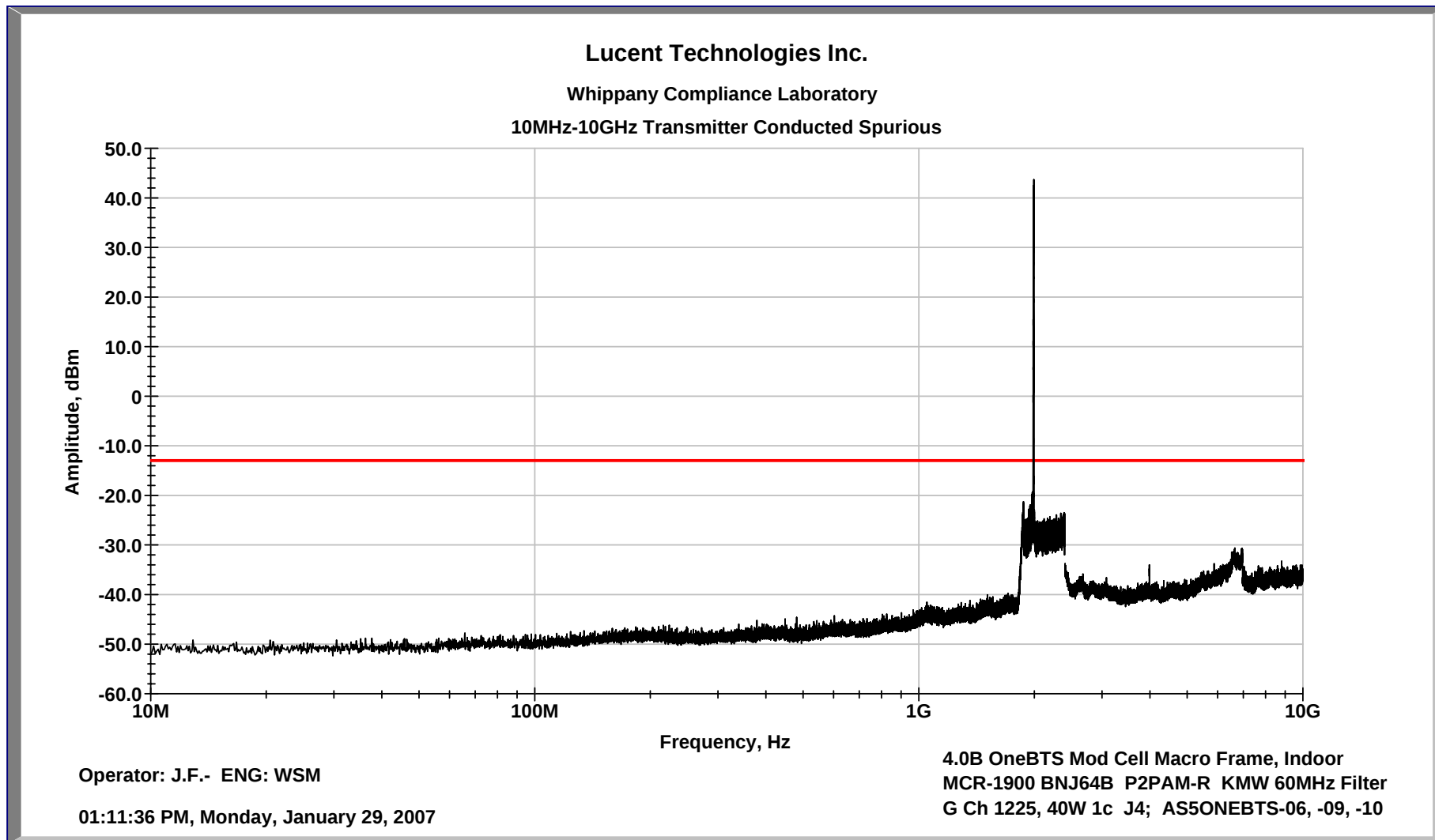
Exhibit 15a: Conducted Spurious G Block Channel 1225 10 MHz to 10 GHz

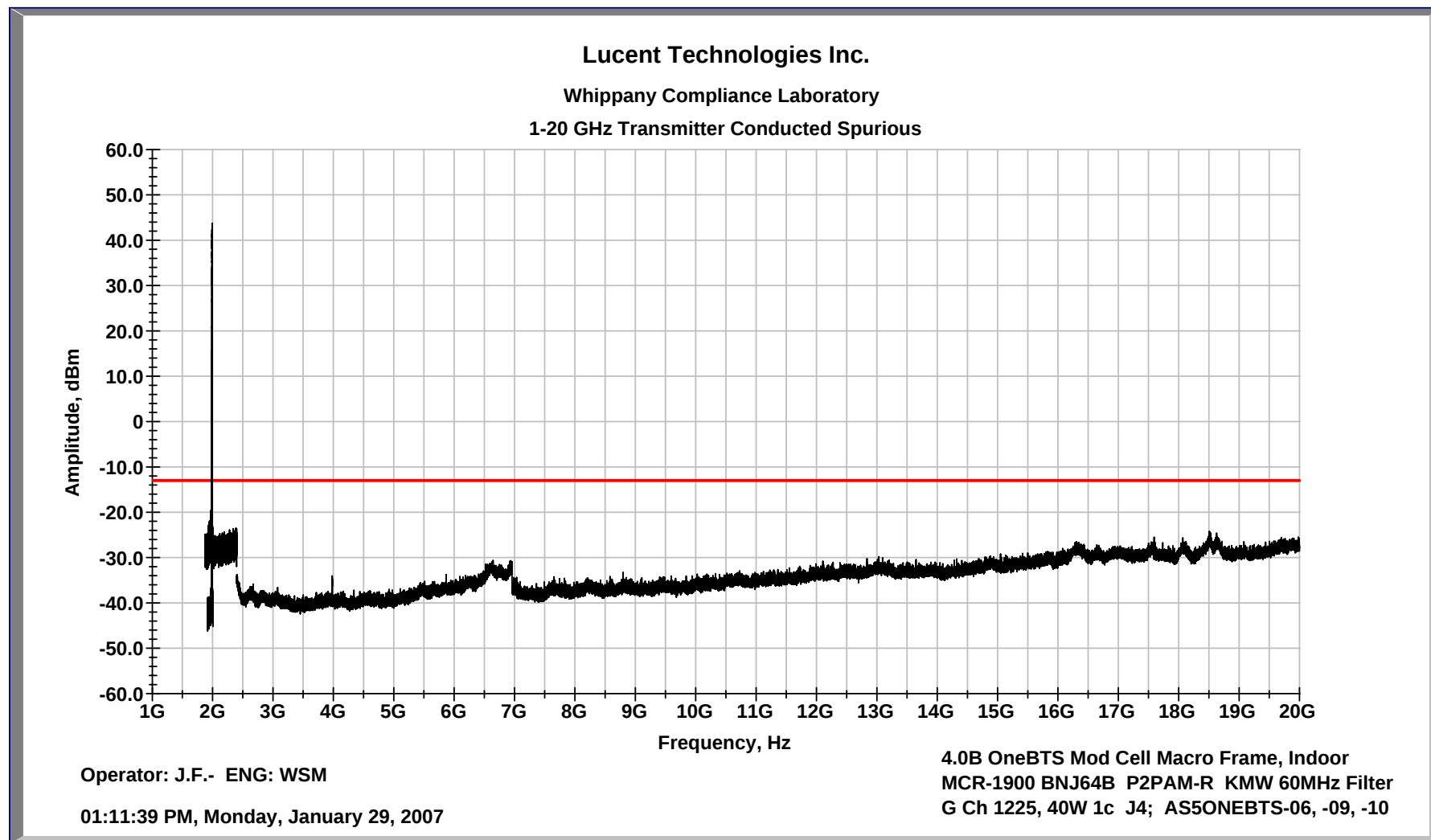
Exhibit 15b: Conducted Spurious G Block Channel 1225 1 GHz to 20 GHz

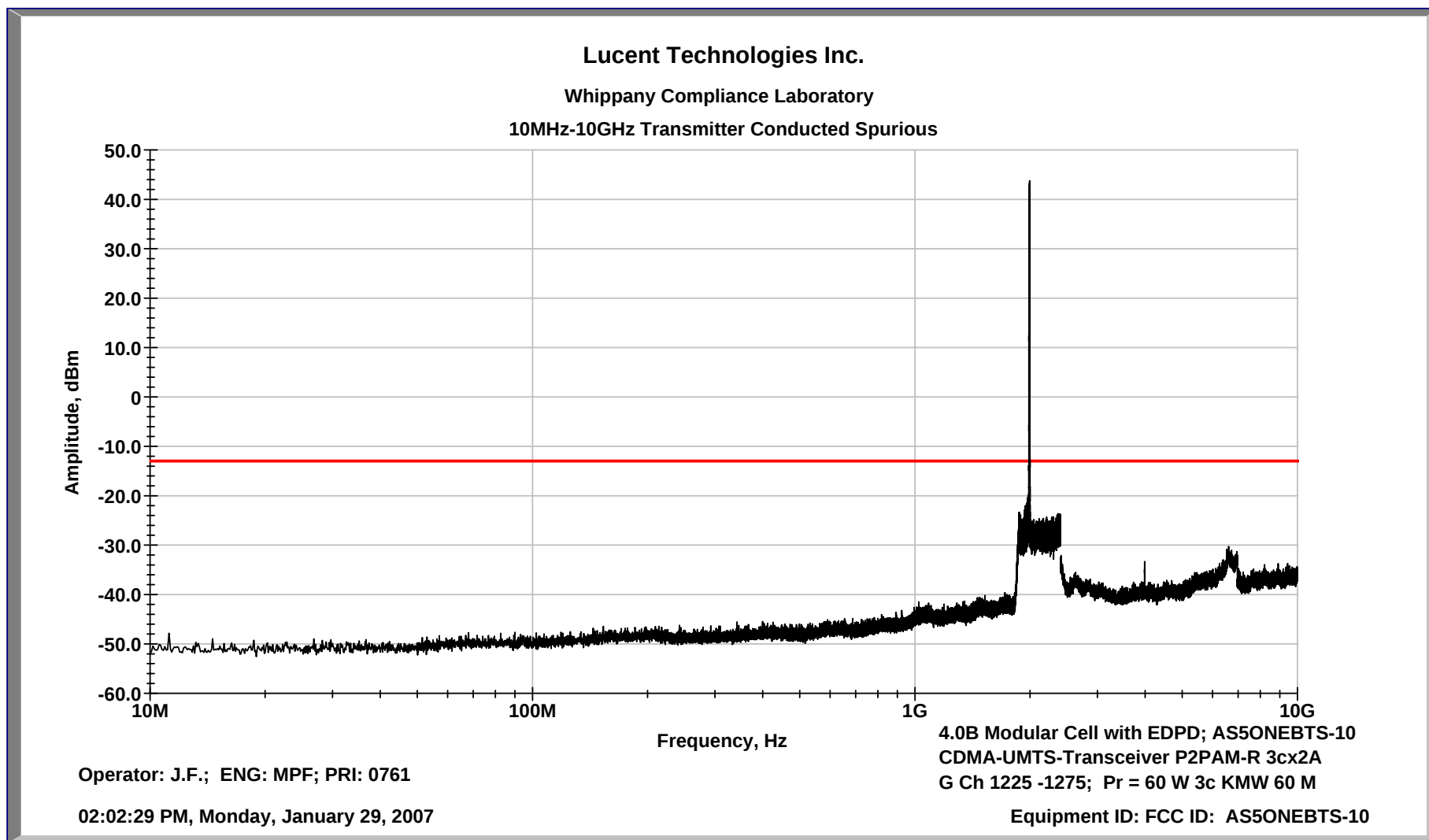
Exhibit 15c: Conducted Spurious G Block Channel 1225-1275 10 MHz to 10 GHz

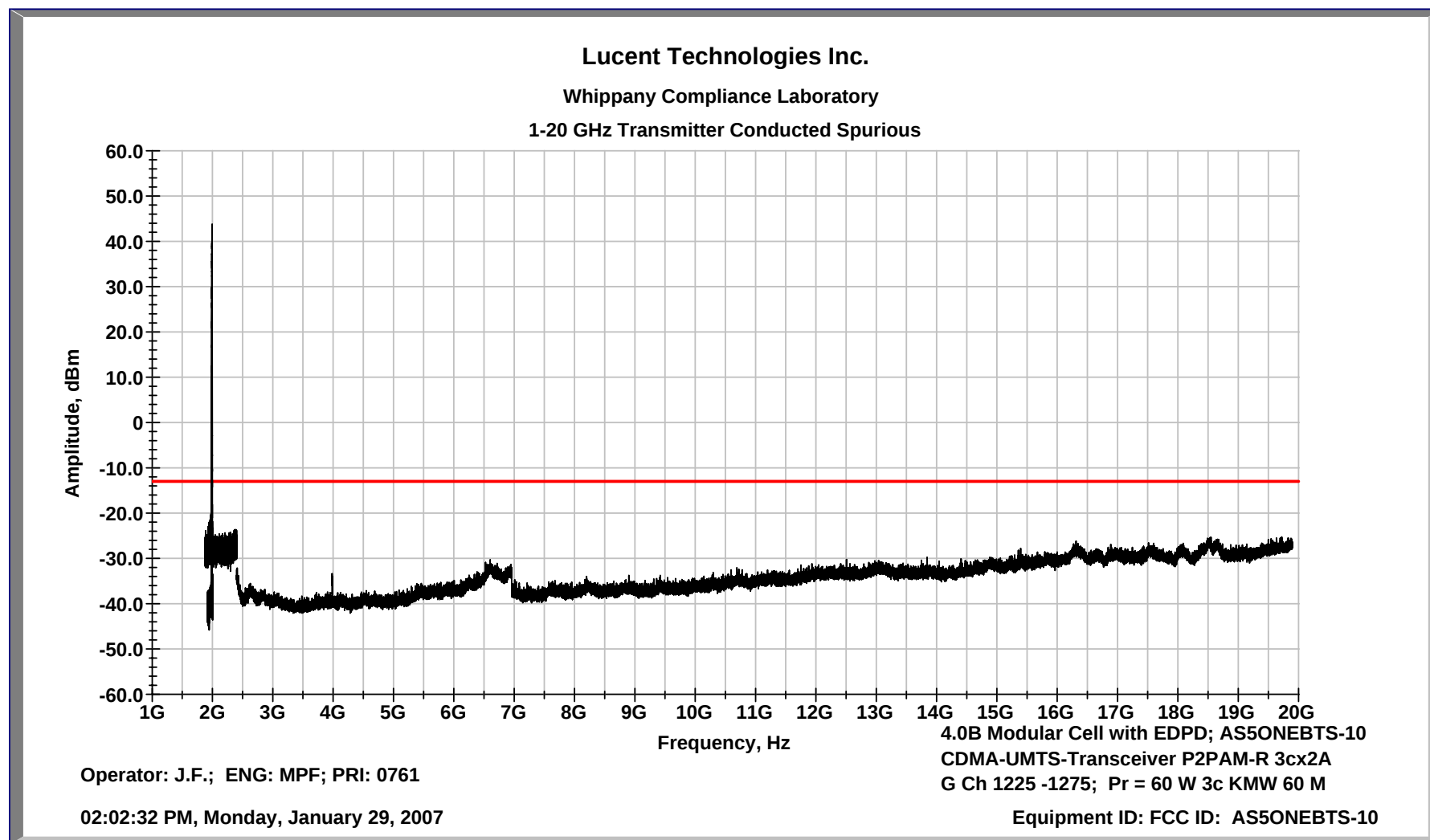
Exhibit 15d: Conducted Spurious G Block Channel 1225-1275 1 GHz to 20 GHz

Exhibit 16 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

SECTION 2.1053 Field Strength Of Spurious Radiation

Field strength measurements of radiated spurious emissions were evaluated in a 3m anechoic pre-compliance chamber and verified as required at the ten meter Open Area Test Site OATS maintained by Lucent Technologies Bell Laboratories FCC Compliance Laboratory in Whippany, New Jersey. A complete description and full measurement data for the site have been placed on file with the Commission.

The **MCR1900s** were configured with **P2PAMs** and all other associated equipment in a **PCS Indoor FLEXENT® OneBTS Modular Cell 4.0 frames** operating in all PCS blocks as six **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceivers/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10**. The spectrum from 10 MHz to the tenth harmonic of the carrier (20 GHz) was searched for spurious radiation. Measurements were made using both horizontally and vertically polarized broadband antennas. Per FCC regulations, the comparison of out of band spurious emissions directly to the limit is appropriately made using the substitution method. However, when the emissions are more than 20 dB below the specification limit, the use of field strength measurements for compliance determination is acceptable and those emissions are considered not reportable (Section 2.1053 and the FCC Interpretive database for 2.1053). For this case the evaluation of acceptable radiated field strength is as follows.

The calculated emission levels were found by:

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{meas}} (\text{dBm}) + \text{Cable Loss}(\text{dB}) + \text{Antenna Factor}(\text{dB}) + 107 (\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{dBm}) - \text{Amplifier Gain} (\text{dB}) \\ = \text{Field Strength} (\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}) \end{aligned}$$

Section 24.238 and 2.1053 contains the requirements for the levels of spurious radiation as a function of the EIRP of the unmodulated carrier. The reference level for the unmodulated carrier is calculated as the field produced by an isotropic radiator excited by the transmitter output power according to the following relation taken from Reference Data for Radio Engineers, page 27-7, 6th edition, IT&T Corp.

$$E = (120\pi P)^{1/2} = [(30 \cdot P)^{1/2}] / R$$

$$20 \log (E \cdot 10^6) - (43 + 10 \log P) = 71.77 \text{ dB } \mu\text{V}/\text{meter}$$

Where: E = Field Intensity in Volts/ meter R = Distance in meters = 10 m
P = Transmitted Power in watts = 40 W/ Carrier

RESULTS:

For this particular test, the field strength of any spurious radiation is required to be less than 71.8 dBμV/meter. Emissions equal to or less than 51.8 dBμV/meter are not reportable and may be verified using field strength measurements and broadband antennas. Over the out of band spectrum investigated from 10 MHz to beyond the tenth harmonic of the carrier (20GHz), no reportable spurious emissions were detected. This demonstrates that the **PCS UMTS-CDMA EDPD Transceiver/ FCC ID: AS5ONEBTS-10**, the subject of this application, complies with Sections 2.1053, 24.238 and 2.1057 of the Rules.

Although not required for certification, additional testing to 47CFR Part 15 documented compliance with the Class B requirements for radiated emissions.

Exhibit 17 MEASUREMENT OF FREQUENCY STABILITY

SECTION 2.1055 Measurement of Frequency Stability

The design and performance of the MCR-1900 has not been changed. The frequency stability performance remains within the parameters as previously filed.

Previous results:

The previously filed data documented that the maximum frequency deviation measured for the RF carrier frequency (1957.5 MHz) at the transmit antenna port was +0.00062 ppm (1.21 Hz). The specification for FCC compliance is +/- 0.05 ppm (+/- 97.87 Hz). The maximum frequency deviation measured for the OMU-RB output (15MHz) was +0.00004 ppm (7×10^{-4} Hz). The specification for FCC compliance is +/- 0.05 ppm (+/-0.75 Hz).