

24. Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (EX3DV3,S/N: 3507)

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zoughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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S Swiss Calibration Service

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **UL Japan (MTT)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3507_Jan08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE																																																			
Object	EX3DV3 - SN:3507																																																		
Calibration procedure(s)	QA-CAL-01.v6 and QA-CAL-14.v3 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes																																																		
Calibration date:	January 25, 2008																																																		
Condition of the calibrated item	In Tolerance																																																		
<p>This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.</p> <p>All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.</p> <p>Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Primary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)</th> <th>Scheduled Calibration</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Power meter E4419B</td> <td>GB41293874</td> <td>29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)</td> <td>Mar-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41495277</td> <td>29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)</td> <td>Mar-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Power sensor E4412A</td> <td>MY41498087</td> <td>29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)</td> <td>Mar-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 3 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5054 (3c)</td> <td>8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)</td> <td>Aug-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 20 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5086 (20b)</td> <td>29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)</td> <td>Mar-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference 30 dB Attenuator</td> <td>SN: S5129 (30b)</td> <td>8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)</td> <td>Aug-08</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Reference Probe ES3DV2</td> <td>SN: 3013</td> <td>2-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan08)</td> <td>Jan-09</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DAE4</td> <td>SN: 654</td> <td>20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)</td> <td>Apr-08</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Secondary Standards</th> <th>ID #</th> <th>Check Date (in house)</th> <th>Scheduled Check</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>RF generator HP 8648C</td> <td>US3642U01700</td> <td>4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)</td> <td>In house check: Oct-09</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Network Analyzer HP 8759E</td> <td>US37390585</td> <td>18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)</td> <td>In house check: Oct-08</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration	Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08	Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08	Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00670)	Mar-08	Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00719)	Aug-08	Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-07 (METAS, No. 217-00671)	Mar-08	Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	8-Aug-07 (METAS, No. 217-00720)	Aug-08	Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09	DAE4	SN: 654	20-Apr-07 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-654_Apr07)	Apr-08	Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check	RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09	Network Analyzer HP 8759E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08
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Calibrated by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature 																																																
Approved by:	Name Niels Kuster	Function Quality Manager	Signature 																																																
			Issued: January 25, 2008																																																
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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * *ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

Probe EX3DV3

SN:3507

Manufactured:	December 15, 2003
Last calibrated:	June 15, 2007
Repaired:	December 18, 2007
Recalibrated:	January 25, 2008

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV3 SN:3507

Sensitivity in Free Space ^A			Diode Compression ^B	
NormX	0.670 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP X	95 mV
NormY	0.740 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Y	93 mV
NormZ	0.680 ± 10.1%	μV/(V/m) ²	DCP Z	94 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL **900 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	9.2	5.7
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.7

TSL **1810 MHz** **Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm**

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		2.0 mm	3.0 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	5.9	2.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.3	0.5

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center **1.0 mm**

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

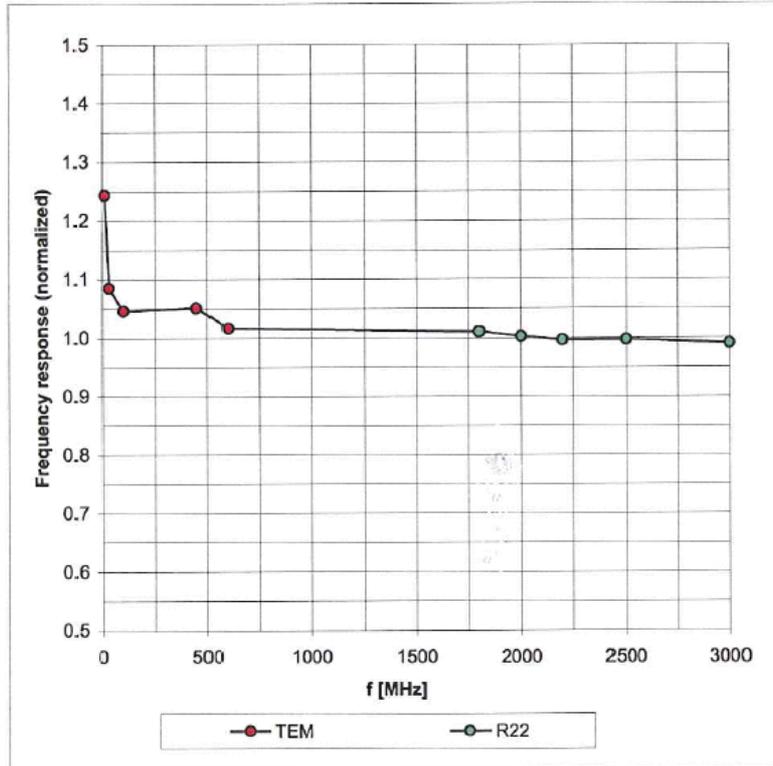
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

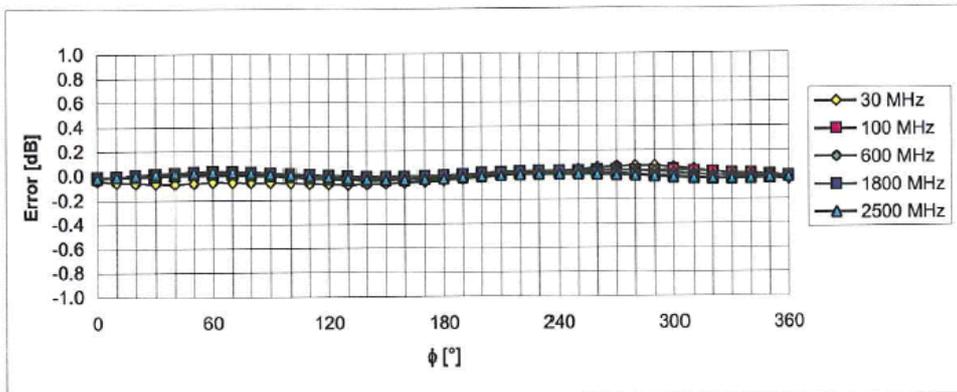
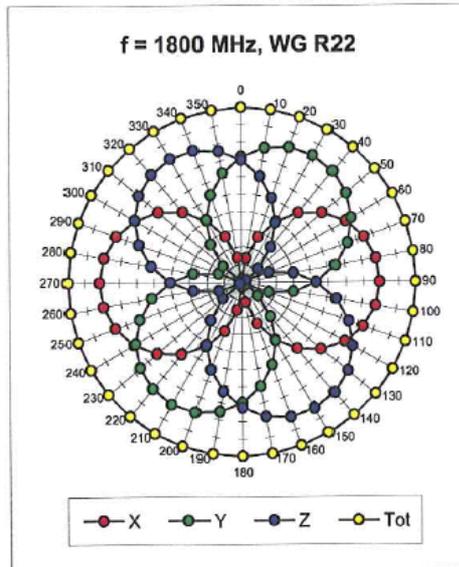
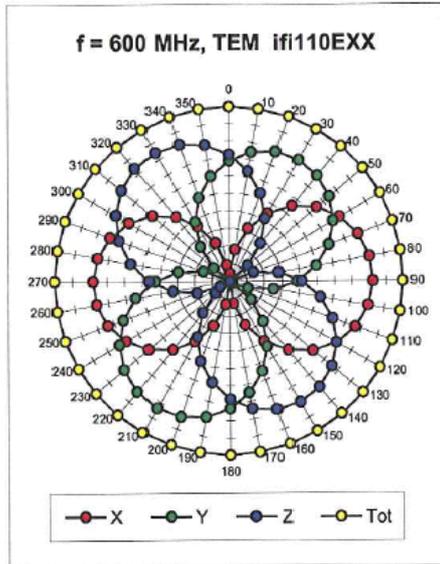


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

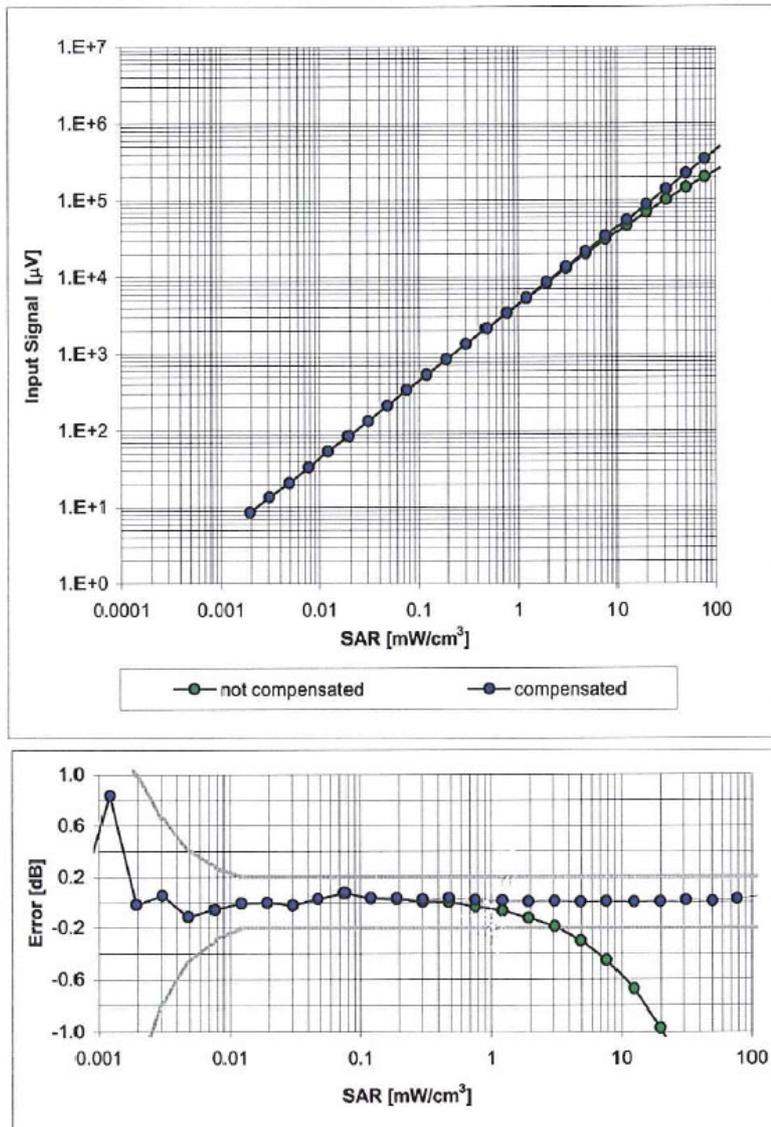


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV3 SN:3507

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Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)

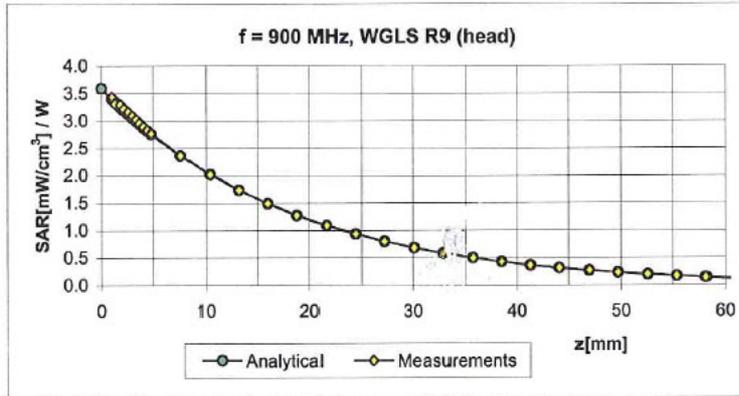


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF	Uncertainty
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.70	0.64	11.05	± 11.0% (k=2)
1640	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.3 ± 5%	1.29 ± 5%	0.81	0.56	9.80	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.89	0.52	8.86	± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.81	0.53	8.37	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.75	0.55	7.99	± 11.8% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Head	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	0.40	1.75	5.53	± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	0.40	1.75	4.99	± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Head	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	0.40	1.75	4.81	± 13.1% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.78	0.57	10.43	± 11.0% (k=2)
1640	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.8 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.76	0.56	9.51	± 11.0% (k=2)
1810	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.94	0.51	8.82	± 11.0% (k=2)
2000	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.71	0.60	8.34	± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.50	0.79	7.90	± 11.8% (k=2)
5200	± 50 / ± 100	Body	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	0.38	1.75	4.88	± 13.1% (k=2)
5500	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	0.40	1.75	4.42	± 13.1% (k=2)
5800	± 50 / ± 100	Body	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	0.30	1.75	4.64	± 13.1% (k=2)

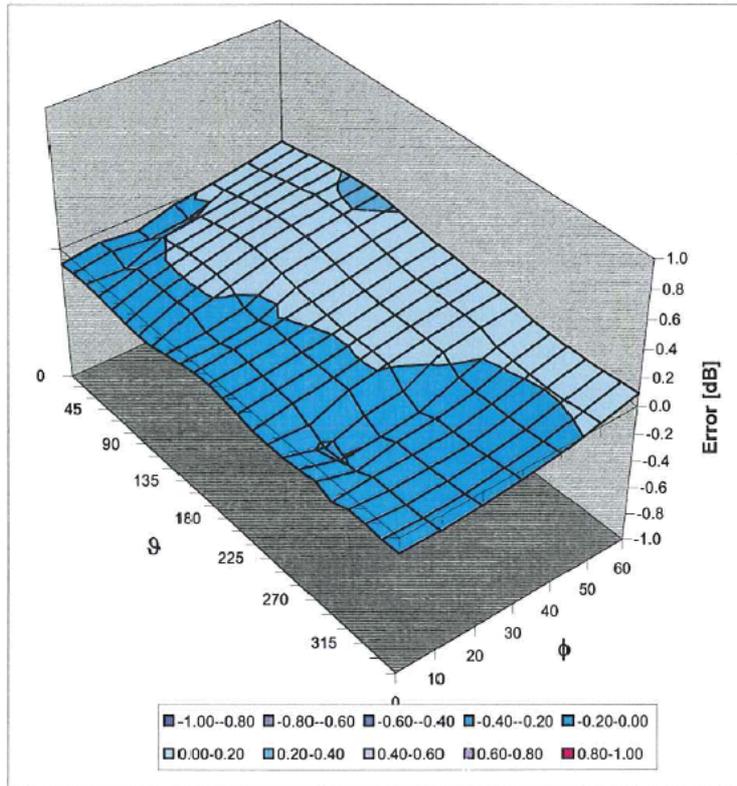
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

EX3DV3 SN:3507

January 25, 2008

Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

25. Dosimetric E-Field Probe Calibration (ET3DV6,S/N: 1741)

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **MTT**

Certificate No: **ET3-1741_Sep08**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1741**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-12.v5 and QA CAL-23.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **September 17, 2008**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-08 (No. 217-00788)	Apr-09
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00865)	Jul-09
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-08 (No. 217-00787)	Apr-09
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	1-Jul-08 (No. 217-00866)	Jul-09
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	2-Jan-08 (No. ES3-3013_Jan08)	Jan-09
DAE4	SN: 660	9-Sep-08 (No. DAE4-660_Sep08)	Sep-09
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-09
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-07)	In house check: Oct-08

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: September 17, 2008

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- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}* = *NORM_{x,y,z}* * *frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
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- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

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ET3DV6 SN:1741

September 17, 2008

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1741

Manufactured:	September 27, 2002
Last calibrated:	August 23, 2007
Recalibrated:	September 17, 2008

Calibrated for DASYS Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASYS2 system!)

ET3DV6 SN:1741

September 17, 2008

DASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 SN:1741

Sensitivity in Free Space^A

NormX	1.27 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormY	1.57 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$
NormZ	1.37 ± 10.1%	$\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$

Diode Compression^B

DCP X	96 mV
DCP Y	91 mV
DCP Z	93 mV

Sensitivity in Tissue Simulating Liquid (Conversion Factors)

Please see Page 8.

Boundary Effect

TSL 900 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 5 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.3	6.3
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.3

TSL 1750 MHz Typical SAR gradient: 10 % per mm

Sensor Center to Phantom Surface Distance		3.7 mm	4.7 mm
SAR _{be} [%]	Without Correction Algorithm	10.3	6.7
SAR _{be} [%]	With Correction Algorithm	0.8	0.4

Sensor Offset

Probe Tip to Sensor Center 2.7 mm

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 8).

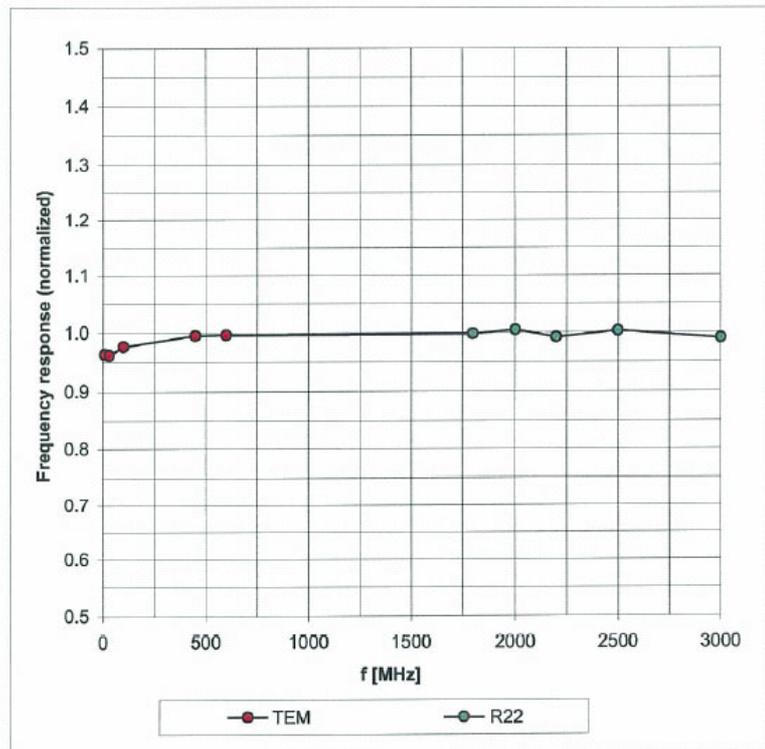
^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

ET3DV6 SN:1741

September 17, 2008

Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)

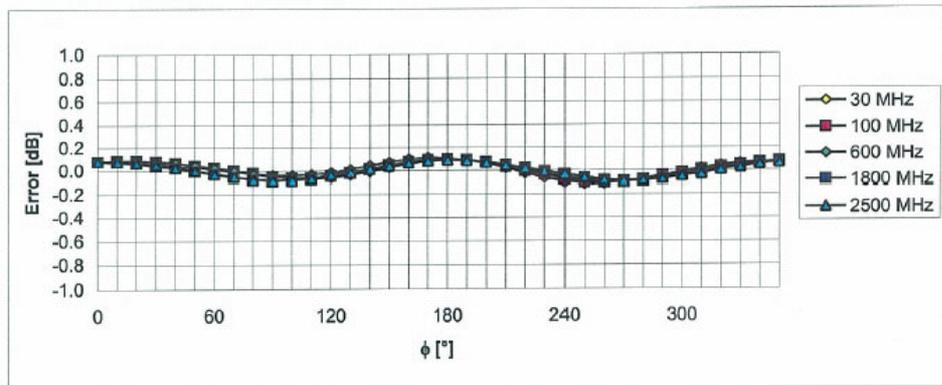
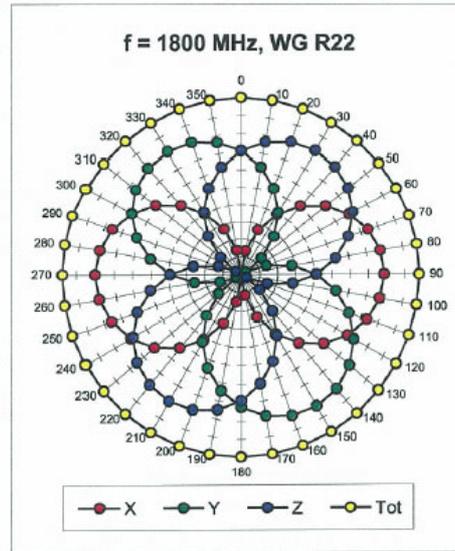
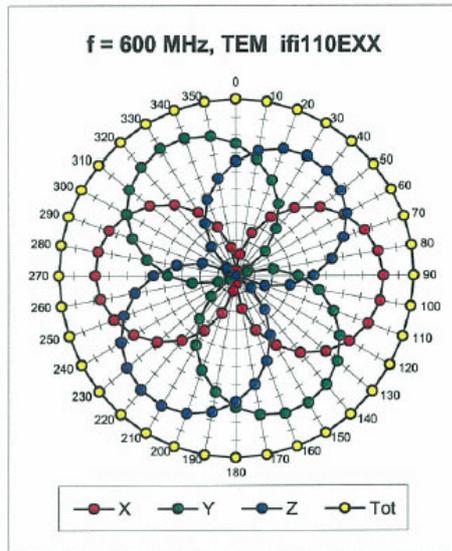


Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

ET3DV6 SN:1741

September 17, 2008

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



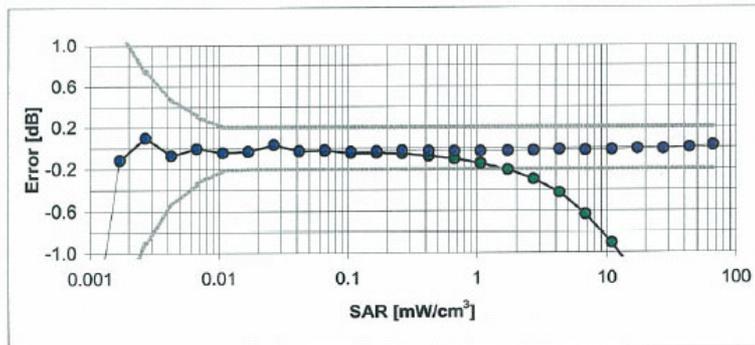
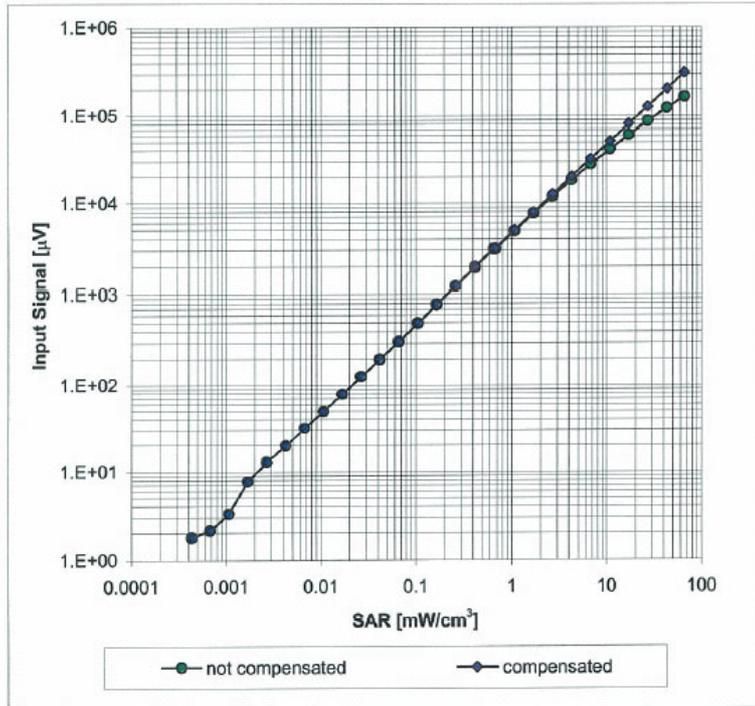
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

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Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$

(Waveguide R22, $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$)

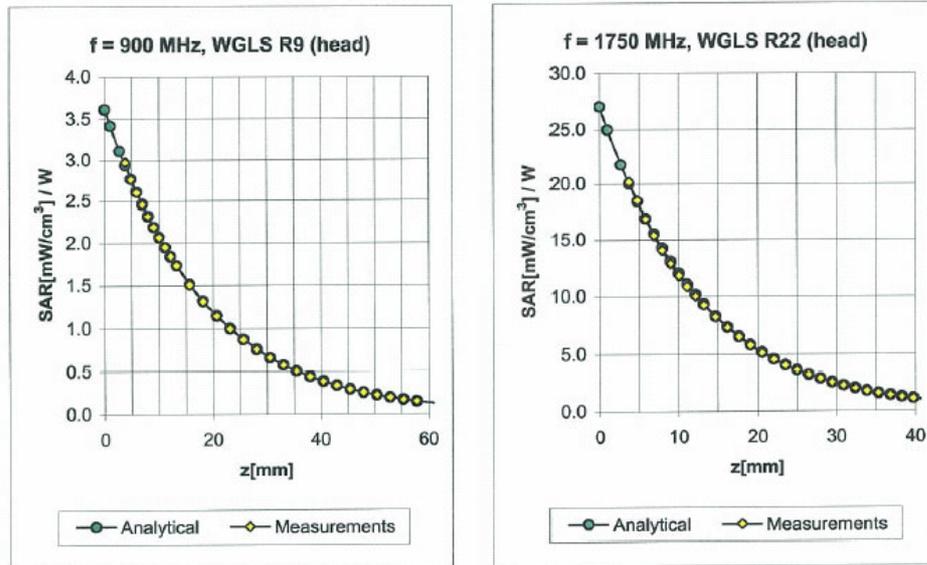


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	43.5 ± 5%	0.87 ± 5%	0.35	1.74	7.55 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.22	3.59	6.50 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.25	3.43	6.31 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 101	Head	40.5 ± 5%	1.20 ± 5%	0.50	2.81	5.42 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.62	2.08	5.40 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.73	1.75	5.14 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.76	1.70	5.01 ± 11.0% (k=2)
450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	56.7 ± 5%	0.94 ± 5%	0.28	1.84	8.00 ± 13.3% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.33	2.76	6.26 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.38	2.61	6.10 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	54.0 ± 5%	1.30 ± 5%	0.75	1.80	4.93 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.66	2.07	4.74 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.75	1.80	4.47 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1950	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.77	1.78	4.58 ± 11.0% (k=2)

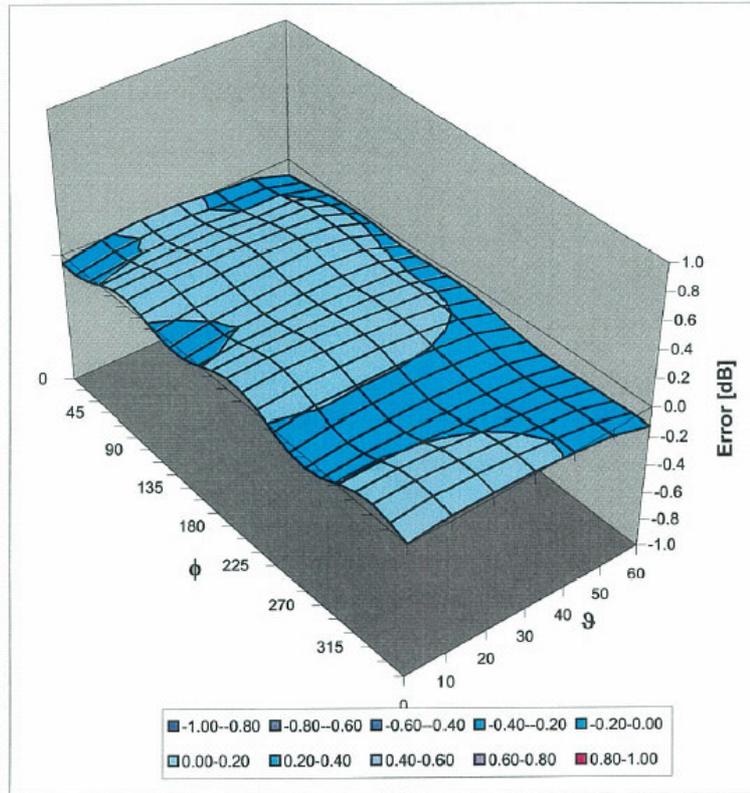
^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

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Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900$ MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ ($k=2$)

26. References

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- [2] Katja Pokovic, Thomas Schmid, and Niels Kuster, "Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies", in ICECOM '97, Dubrovnik, October 15-17, 1997, pp. 120-124.
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- [5] W. H. Press, S. A. Teukolsky, W. T. Vetterling, and B. P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [6]SPEAG uncertainty document for DASY 4 System from SPEAG (Shimid & Partner Engineering AG).
- [7]SPEAG uncertainty document for "the 5-6GHz Extension" from SPEAG (Shimid & Partner Engineering AG).

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APPENDIX 4 : Test configuration for HSPA device

1. Explanation of the WCDMA HSDPA/HSPA Power measurement mode

3GPP TS 34.121 defines test requirements and procedures for testing all variations of WCDMA. 3GPP TS 34.121 defines 4 HSDPA test configurations and 5 HSPA test configurations (“Subtests”) for various RF Conformance tests. And also FCC KDB941225 D01 is referencing 3GPP Subtest configurations for FCC Type Approval Testing. The Following table shows Release 6 HSPA Subtest Configurations per 3GPP TS 34.121.

[HSDPA]

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15	15/15	64	12/15	24/15	1.0	0.0
	(Note 4)	(Note 4)		(Note 4)			
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

[HSPA]

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{OC}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E- TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPCCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

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2. Maximum Output Power Verification

[HSDPA]

Maximum output power was verified on High, Middle and Low channels according to the Release 5 procedures described in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using an FRC with H-set 1 and 12.2kbps RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1's". Output power was measured according requirements for HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1-4.

[HSPA]

Maximum output power was verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to Release 6 procedures in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC, FRC and E-DCH configurations. When E-DCH was active, inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 was used to maintain E-TFCI requirements. Output power for the applicable HSPA modes was measured for E-DCH Sub-test 1-5.

3. SAR Measurements for Head

Condition that 12.2 kbps AMR Mode measurement is necessary

SAR for head exposure configurations in voice mode is measure using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC.

Measurement configurations for 12.2 kbps AMR

SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 kbps AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

4. SAR Measurements for Body

Condition that Body SAR measurement is necessary

[HSDPA]

Body SAR is required for HSDPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC was above 75% of the SAR limit.

[HSPA]

Body SAR is required for HSPA when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA active is at least ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSPA using 12.2 kbps RMC or the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is above 75% of the SAR limit.

Measurement configurations for Body SAR

[HSDPA]

Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. SAR for body exposure configurations in data modes is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".

[HSPA]

Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 with power control algorithm 2, according to the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. Inner loop power control with power control algorithm 2 is required to maintain E-TFCI requirements.

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5. Test Equipment Setting Summary Table

The following table is the key parameters that was configured in test equipment.

Subtest	Mode	Loopback Mode	Rel99 RMC	HSDPA FRC	HSUPA Test	Common Setting		$\beta c/\beta d$	MPR	Power Class 3 limit
						βc	βd			
	Rel99	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	-	-			8/15		24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
1	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	-	2/15	15/15	2/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
2	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	-	12/15	15/15	12/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
3	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	-	15/15	8/15	15/8	0.5	23.5(+2.2/-3.7dB)
4	Rel6 HSDPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	-	15/15	4/15	15/4	0.5	23.5(+2.2/-3.7dB)
1	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	11/15	15/15	11/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)
2	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	6/15	15/15	6/15	2	22(+3.7/-3.7dB)
3	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	15/15	9/15	15/9	1	23(+2.7/-3.7dB)
4	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	2/15	15/15	2/15	2	22(+3.7/-3.7dB)
5	Rel6 HSUPA	Test Mode 1	12.2kbps RMC	H-Set 1 (QPSK)	HSUPA Loopback	15/15	15/15	15/15	0	24(+1.7/-3.7dB)

Subtest	HSDPA Specific Settings						
	Δ ACK	Δ NACK	Δ CQI	Ack-Nack repetition factor	CQI Feedback	CQI Repetition Factor	Ahs= β hs/ β c
Rel 6 HSDPA							
1	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
2	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
3	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15
4	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15

Subtest	HSDPA Specific Settings							HSUPA Specific Settings			HSUPA Additional Info	
	Δ ACK	Δ NACK	Δ CQI	Ack-Nack repetition factor	CQI Feedback	CQI Repetition Factor	Ahs= β hs/ β c	Δ E-DPCCH	Δ HARQ	AG Index	ETFCI(form TS34.121 Table C.11.1.3)	Associated Max UL Data Rate kbps
Rel 6 HSUPA												
1	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	6	0	20	75	242.1
2	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	8	0	12	67	174.9
3	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	8	0	15	92	482.8
4	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	5	0	17	71	205.8
5	8	8	8	3	4ms	2	30/15	7	0	21	81	308.9

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HSUPA Reference E-TFCI Parameters

[Subtest 1,2,4,5]

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	5 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	67
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18
- Reference E-TFCI	71
- Reference E-TFCI PO	23
- Reference E-TFCI	75
- Reference E-TFCI PO	26
- Reference E-TFCI	81
- Reference E-TFCI PO	27

[Subtest 3]

Information Element	Value/Remark
E-DCH info	Uplink DPCH info
- E-DPDCH info	
- Reference E-TFCIs	2 E-TFCIs
- Reference E-TFCI	11
- Reference E-TFCI PO	4
- Reference E-TFCI	92
- Reference E-TFCI PO	18