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JQA File No.: KL80100239 Issue Date: October 4, 2010

TEST REPORT (SAR EVALUATION)

APPLICANT : Sharp Corporation

ADDRESS : 2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

PRODUCTS : Cellular Phone

MODEL NO. : 002SH

SERIAL NO. : 004401/11/288000/6 **FCC ID** : APYHRO00135

TEST STANDARD : FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

TESTING LOCATION: Japan Quality Assurance Organization

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

1-7-7, Ishimaru, Minoh-shi, Osaka 562-0027, Japan

TEST RESULTS : Passed

DATE OF TEST : September 18, 2010 ~ September 21, 2010

This report must not used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or NIST or any agency of the U.S. Government.



Kousei Shibata

Japan Quality Assurance Organization

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center Testing Dept. EMC Division

1-7-7, Ishimaru, Minoh-shi, Osaka 562-0027, Japan

• The measurement values stated in Test Report was made with traceable to National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) of Japan, National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT) of Japan, and Laboratory for EMF and Microwave Electronics at the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) in Zürich, Switzerland.

Manager

- The applicable standard, testing condition and testing method which were used for the tests are based on the request of the applicant.
- The test results presented in this report relate only to the offered test sample.
- The contents of this test report cannot be used for the purposes, such as advertisement for consumers.
- This test report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of JQA.



JQA File No. : KL80100239 Issue Date: October 4, 2010 :002SH Model No. FCC ID : APYHRO00135

: FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Standard

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DEFINITIONS FOR ABBREVIATION AND SYMBOLS USED IN THIS TEST REPORT

EUT : Equipment Under Test **EMC** : Electromagnetic Compatibility ΑE : Associated Equipment **EMI** : Electromagnetic Interference N/A : Not Applicable **EMS** : Electromagnetic Susceptibility N/T : Not Tested SAR : Specific Absorption Rate - indicates that the listed condition standard or equipment is applicable for this report

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	-	indicates	that th	he listed	condition,	standard o	or ed	quipment	is not	applica	ble fo	r this	report



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Documentation

1 Test Regulation

Applied Standard: FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio-

frequency Electromagnetic Fields

Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions

Test Procedure : FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

IEEE Std.1528-2003

KDB Publication 648474 Rev. 1.5 (September 2008) KDB Publication 248227 Rev. 1.2 (May 2007)

Exposure Limits : ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1, 1999 Edition

2 Test Location

KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

7-7, Ishimaru, 1-chome, Minoh-shi, Osaka, 562-0027, Japan

KAMEOKA EMC Branch

9-1, Ozaki, Inukanno, Nishibetsuin-cho, Kameoka-shi, Kyoto, 621-0126, Japan

3 Recognition of Test Laboratory

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center Testing Department EMC Division is accredited under ISO/IEC 17025 by following accreditation bodies and the test facility of Testing Division is registered by the following bodies.

VLAC Code : VLAC-001-2 (Effective through : March 30, 2012) NVLAP Lab Code : 200191-0 (Effective through : June 30, 2011) BSMI Recognition No. : SL2-IS-E-6006, SL2-IN-E-6006, SL2-AI-E-6006

(Effective through: September 14, 2013)

VCCI Registration No. : R-008, C-006, C-007, C-1674, C-2143, C-3685, T-1418, T-1419, T-1819,

T-1820, T-1821, G-172, G-173 (Effective through: March 30, 2012)

IC Registration No. : 2079E-1, 2079E-2 (Effective through: January 6, 2011)

Accredited as conformity assessment body for Japan electrical appliances and material law by METI. (Effective through: February 22, 2012)



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4 Description of the Equipment Under Test

1. Manufacturer : Sharp Corporation

2-13-1, Iida, Hachihonmatsu, Higashi-Hiroshima City, Hiroshima,

739-0192, Japan

2. Products : Cellular Phone

3. Model No. : 002SH

4. Serial No. : 004401/11/288000/6

5. Product Type : Pre-production6. Date of Manufacture : August, 2010

7. Transmitting Frequency : 1850.20 MHz – 1909.80 MHz (PCS 1900)

2412 MHz - 2462 MHz (WLAN 802.11b/g)

2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)

8. Battery Option : Lithium-ion Battery Pack SHBDK1 (800mAh)

9. Power Rating : 4.0VDC

10. EUT Grounding : None

11. Device Category : Portable Device (§2.1093)

12. Exposure Category : General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

13. FCC Rule Part(s)
24(E), 15.247
14. EUT Authorization
Certification

15. Received Date of EUT : September 10, 2010

5 Test Results

Mode	Region	СН	Freq. (MHz)	Test Position	SAR (1g) mW/g	Results
	Head	810	1909.8	Right Touched	0.206	PASSED
PCS 1900	Body	512	1850.2	Rear, 1.5cm air gap close style, GPRS	0.631	PASSED
WLAN	Head	6	2437	Left Touched	0.021	PASSED
802.11b	Body	6	2437	Rear, 1.5cm air gap close style	0.039	PASSED



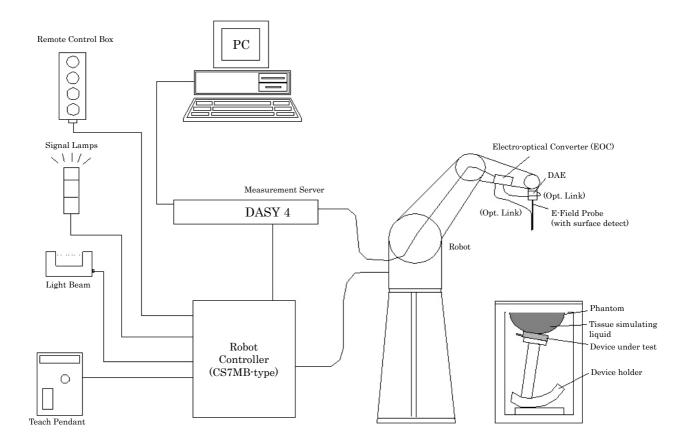
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6 Measurement System Diagram

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system (manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zürich, Switzerland). It consists of high precision robotics system, cell controller system, DASY4 measurement server, personal computer with DASY4 software, data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit, the Electro-optical converter (EOC), near-field probe, and the twin SAM phantom containing the equivalent tissue. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF).

The Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. The DAE is connected to the EOC. The DAE performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY4 measurement server.





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7 System Components

7.1 Probe Specification

Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core

Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system

Built-in shielding against static changes

Calibration : In air form 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz

In head tissue simulating liquid (HSL) and

muscle tissue simulating liquid 835 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 900 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 1450 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 1750 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 1900 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 1950 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2) 2450 MHz (accuracy \pm 11.0%; k=2)

Frequency : 10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry);

Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$ in HSL (rotation around probe axis)

± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal probe axis)

Dynamic Range \div 5 μ W/g to >100 mW/g; Linearity: \pm 0.2 dB

Surface Detection $\div \pm 0.2$ mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces

Dimensions : Overall length 337 mm

Tip length 10 mm Body diameter 10 mm Tip diameter 6.8 mm

Distance from probe tip to dipole centers 2.7 mm





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7.2 Twin SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, CENELEC 50361 and IEC 62209. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.



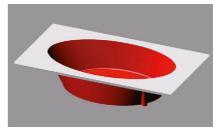
Shell Thickness : 2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm

Filling Volume : Volume Approx. 25 liters

Dimensions : $810 \times 1000 \times 500 \text{ mm} (H \times L \times W)$

7.3 ELI4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209 Part II and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow



installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is supported by software version DASY4.5 and higher and is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

Shell Thickness : 2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)
Filling Volume : Volume Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions : Major ellipse axis : 600 mm

Minor axis : 400 mm

Compatibilities : Standard: IEC 62209 Part II (Draft 0.9 and higher)

Software release: DASY 4.5 or higher SPEAG standard phantom table

all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles



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7.4 Mounting Device for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0/V4.0c or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, CENELEC, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat point).



7.5 Laptop Extensions Kit for Mounting Device

Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI4 and SAM v6.0 Phantoms.



7.6 Typical Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue

Inquadiants	Frequency (MHz)										
Ingredients (% by weight)	88	35	19	00	2450						
(% by weight)	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body					
Water	41.45	52.40	54.90	40.40	62.70	73.20					
Salt (NaCl)	1.45	1.40	0.18	0.50	0.50	0.04					
Sugar	56.00	45.00	0.00	58.00	0.00	0.00					
HEC	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00					
Bactericide	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00					
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.80	0.00					
DGBE	0.00	0.00	44.92	0.00	0.00	26.70					

Salt : 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride Sugar : 98+% Pure Sucrose Water : De-ionized, 16 M Ω + resistivity HEC : Hydroxyethyl Cellulose DGBE : 99+% Di (ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100 (ultra pure) : Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbuthyl)phenyl]ether

The composition of ingredients is according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C.



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8 Measurement Process

Area Scan for Maximum Search:

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was $15 \text{ mm} \times 15 \text{ mm}$. The evaluation on the measured area scan gives the interpolated maximum (hot spot) of the measured area.

Cube Scan for Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation:

The 1g and 10g peak evaluations were available for the predefined cube 5×5×7 scans. The grid spacing was 8 mm × 8 mm × 5 mm. The first procedure is an extrapolation to get the points between the lowest measured plane and the surface. The next step uses 3D interpolation to get all points within the measured volume in a 1mm grid (35000 points). In the last step, a 1g cube is placed numerically into the volume and its averaged SAR is calculated. This cube is moved around until the highest averaged SAR is found. This last procedure is repeated for a 10g cube. If the highest SAR is found at the edge of the measured volume, the system will issue a warning: higher SAR values might be found outside of the measured volume. In that case the cube measurement can be repeated, using the new interpolated maximum as the center.

Extrapolation:

The extrapolation is based on a least square algorithm. Through the points in the first 3 cm in all z-axis, polynomials of order four are calculated. This polynomial is then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The points, calculated from the surface, have a distance of 1 mm from one another.

Interpolation:

The maximum interpolated value is searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) are computed by the 3D spline algorithm. The 3D spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" –condition (x, y and z –directions). The volume is integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm.



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9 Measurement Uncertainties

Uncertainty Component	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	Std. Un	c. (± %)	v _i
	(± /0)	Dist.		(1g)	(10g)	1g	10g	
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	5.9	N	1	1	1	5.9	5.9	8
Axial isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	8
Hemispherical isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	8
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7	8
System detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	8
Readout electronics	0.4	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4	8
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	8
Integration time	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	8
RF ambient conditions – noise	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
RF ambient conditions – reflections	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Probe positioner mechanical tolerance	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2	8
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
algorithms for max. SAR evaluation								
Test Sample Related								
Test sample positioning	3.4	N	1	1	1	3.4	3.4	23
Device holder uncertainty	2.9	N	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	5
Output power variation – SAR drift measurement	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom uncertainty	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	8
Liquid conductivity – deviation from target	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	8
Liquid Conductivity – measurement uncertainty	3.2	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.0	1.4	5
Liquid Permittivity – deviation from target	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity – measurement uncertainty	3.0	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.8	1.5	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty		RSS				11.0	10.7	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)		k=2				22.0	21.4	

NOTES

1. Tol.: tolerance in influence quantity2. Prob. Dist.: probability distributions

3. N, R: normal, rectanglar

4. Div. : divisor used to obtain standard uncertainty

5. c_i : sensitivity coefficient

6. Std. Unc.: standard uncertainty

7. Measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528 and IEC 62209-1.



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10	Equipment Under Test Modification									
	☐ - To achie			pliance to the limitations. changes were made by JQA during						
	The modificat	tions will be implemented	d in all production mode	els of this equipment.						
	Applicant Date Typed Name Position	: Not Applicable: Not Applicable: Not Applicable: Not Applicable	Signatory:	Not Applicable						
11 Responsible Party Responsible Party of Test Item (Product)										
			-							
	Responsible	e Party :								
	Contact Per	rson :		Signatory						
12	Deviation from	m Standard								
		ations from the standard wing deviations were empl		escribed in clause 1.						



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13 Summary

General Remarks:

The EUT was tested according to the requirements of the following standard.

FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (Edition 01-01)

The test configuration is shown in clause 14 to 15.

The conclusion for the test items of which are required by the applied regulation is indicated under the test results.

Determining compliance with the limits in this report was based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement instrumentation uncertainty.

Test Results:

The "as received" sample;

□ fulfill the test requirements of the regulation mentioned on clause 1.

doesn't fulfill the test requirements of the regulation mentioned on clause 1.

Reviewed by:

Shigeru Kinoshita Deputy Manager

Testing Dept. EMC Div.

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center

Tested by:

Yasuhisa Sakai Deputy Manager

Testing Dept. EMC Div.

JQA KITA-KANSAI Testing Center



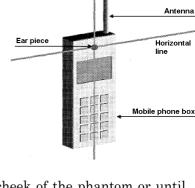
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14 Test Arrangement

14.1 Cheek-Touch Position

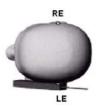
- 1. Position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center of the ear piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- 2. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference points (M, RE and LE) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- 3. Translate the mobile phone box towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line RE-LE until the phone touches the ear.
- 4. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the box until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.



Vertical





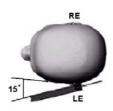


14.2 Ear-Tilt Position

- 1. Position the device in the "Cheek/Touch Position".
- 2. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and pivoting against the ear, move it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.







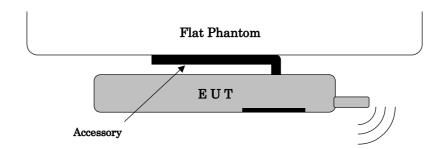


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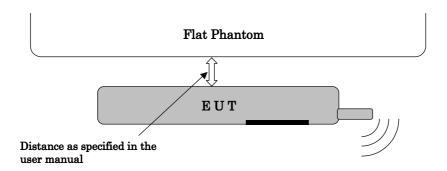
14.3 Body-worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. Both the physical spacing to the body of the user as dictated by the accessory and the materials used in an accessory affect the SAR produced by the transmitting device. For purpose of determining test requirements, accessories may be divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do.



When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.



Lap-held device (e.g. laptop computer)

SAR is tested for a lap-held position with the bottom of the computer in direct contact against a flat phantom.



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15 Procedures used to Establish Test Signal

The following procedures had been used to prepare the EUT for the SAR test.

15.1 PCS 1900

To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power, a Radio Communication Tester "Rohde & Schwarz, CMU-200" was used to program the EUT.

SM Mobile Station : GSM 1900

GSM mode

Network Support : GSM only

Main Service : Circuit Switched Power Setting : PCL 0 (30 dBm)

GPRS mode

Network Support : GSM+GPRS (Power Setting 30 dBm)

Main Service : Packet Data Service Selection : Test Mode B

Slot Configuration : GPRS Class 10 (3 down / 2 up / 5 sum)

Coding Scheme : CS1 (GMSK)

Conducted power measurements:

		Con	ducted Power (d	Bm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	CSM	GPRS			
		GSM	1 slot	2 slots		
512	1850.20	28.66	28.66	28.59		
661	1880.00	28.45	28.45	28.38		
810	1909.80	28.48	28.48	28.40		

Maximum conducted power was measured by replacing the antenna with an adapter for conductive measurements, before and after the SAR measurements was done.



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15.2 WLAN

To setup the desire channel frequency and the maximum output power, RF test mode prepared by the manufacturer was used to program the EUT.

802.11b

Conducted power measurements:

conducted power measurer	101100						
O C	Conducted Power (dBm)						
Configuration (Data Rate)	1 ch	6 ch	11 ch				
(Data Kate)	(2412 MHz)	(2437 MHz)	(2462 MHz)				
1 Mbps	13.17	13.19	13.06				
2 Mbps	13.07	13.11	13.01				
5.5 Mbps	13.16	13.19	13.08				
11 Mbps	13.07	13.14	13.01				

802.11g

Conducted power measurements:

Configuration	Conducted Power (dBm)							
Configuration (Data Rate)	1 ch (2412 MHz)	6 ch (2437 MHz)	11 ch (2462 MHz)					
6 Mbps	10.15	10.14	10.02					
9 Mbps	10.13	10.19	10.03					
12 Mbps	10.13	10.21	10.02					
18 Mbps	10.10	10.18	10.04					
24 Mbps	10.10	10.20	10.03					
36 Mbps	10.17	10.19	10.07					
48 Mbps	10.10	10.15	10.01					
54 Mbps	10.08	10.13	9.99					

The output of WLAN transmitter is $> 2 \cdot P_{\rm ref}$ (its antenna is > 5.0 cm from GSM antenna), so the stand-alone SAR evaluation for WLAN is required. ($P_{\rm ref} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 60 / f_{\rm (GHz)}$ [mW])

SAR is measured on the highest output channel in all wireless modes and exposure conditions applicable to that WLAN transmitter.

SAR is not required for 802.11g channels when the maximum average output power is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

SAR testing at higher data rates is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than ¼ dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.

Maximum conducted power was measured by replacing the antenna with an adapter for conductive measurements, before and after the SAR measurements was done.



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15.3 Bluetooth

For the Bluetooth operation, the client supplied a special driving program to program the EUT to continually transmit the specified maximum power.

Modulation type : Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)

Transmitting Frequency : 2402 MHz (0 ch) – 2480 MHz (78 ch)

RF Output Power : Max. 2.5 mW (Class 2)

The output of Bluetooth transmitter is $\leq P_{\rm ref}$ and its antenna is >2.5 cm from GSM antenna, so the stand-alone SAR evaluation for Bluetooth is not required. ($P_{\rm ref} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 60 / f_{\rm (GHz)} [mW]$)



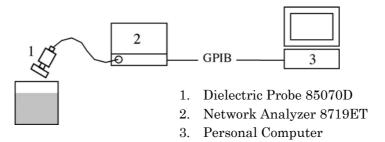
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Appendix A: Test Data

A.1 Tissue Verification

The tissue dielectric parameters of the tissue medium at the middle of a device transmission band should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the parameters specified at that target frequency. It is verified by using the dielectric probe and the network analyzer.



Tissue Verification Results:

Ambient Conditions:	22°C 74%			Date	: September	18, 2010	
Liquid		D	M = t	Measured	Deviation	Limit	
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	Parameters	Target	Measured	[%]	[%]	
Head 1900 MHz	99.0	Permittivity	40.0	39.75	-0.63	± 5	
nead 1900 MHz	22.0	Conductivity	1.40	1.446	+3.29	± 5	
Ambient Conditions:	Ambient Conditions: 22°C 78% Date: September 19, 2010						
D 1 1000 MH	22.0	Permittivity	53.3	52.60	-1.31	± 5	
Body 1900 MHz		Conductivity	1.52	1.553	+2.17	± 5	
Ambient Conditions:	22°C 79%			Date	: September	20, 2010	
II 10450 MII	99.0	Permittivity	39.2	38.49	-1.81	± 5	
Head 2450 MHz	22.0	Conductivity	1.80	1.810	+0.56	± 5	
Ambient Conditions:	22°C 78%			Date	: September	21, 2010	
D. J. 0470 MH-	99.0	Permittivity	52.7	52.55	-0.28	± 5	
Body 2450 MHz	22.0	Conductivity	1.95	1.963	+0.67	± 5	



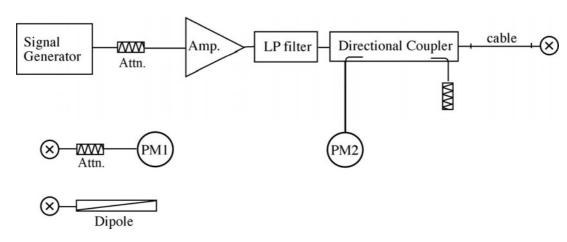
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A.2 System Validation

The power meter PM1 (including Attenuator) measures the forward power at the location of the validation dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for 250 mW at the dipole connector and the power meter PM2 is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

The dipole antenna is matched to be used near flat phantom filled with tissue simulating solution. A specific distance holder is used in the positioning of the antenna to ensure correct spacing between the phantom and the dipole.



A.2.1 System Validation Results for 1900 MHz

System Validation	System Validation Dipole : D1900V2, S/N: 5d112										
Ambient Conditions	s:22°C 74%	I	Depth of Lie	quid: 15.0 cm	Date	e : September	18, 2010				
Liquid		Meas	ured SAR	Normalized	Ta ma +	Deviation	Limit				
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	(r	nW/g)	to 1 W	Target	[%]	[%]				
II 11000 MII	99.0	1g	10.4	41.60	40.4	+2.97	± 10				
Head 1900 MHz	22.0	10g	5.44	21.76	21.2	+2.64	± 10				
Ambient Conditions	s:22°C 78%	Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm			Date: September 19, 2010						
Liquid		Measured SAR		Normalized	Ta ma +	Deviation	Limit				
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	(r	nW/g)	to 1 W	Target	[%]	[%]				
D. J. 1000 MII	99.0	1g	10.2	40.80	42.2	-3.32	± 10				
Body 1900 MHz	22.0	10g	5.47	21.88	22.9	-4.45	± 10				

- 1. The results were normalized to 1 W forward power.
- 2. The target SAR values of SPEAG validation dipoles are given in the calibration data.
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.2.2 System Validation Results for 2450 MHz

System Validation	System Validation Dipole : D2450V2, S/N: 714									
Ambient Conditions	s:22°C 79%	I	Depth of Lie	quid: 15.0 cm	Date	e : September	20, 2010			
Liquid		Meas	ured SAR	Normalized	Тания	Deviation	Limit			
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	(r	nW/g)	to 1 W	Target	[%]	[%]			
II 104%0 MII	20.0	1g	13.5	54.00	53.0	+1.89	± 10			
Head 2450 MHz	22.0	10g	6.12	24.48	24.9	24.9 -1.69	± 10			
Ambient Conditions	s : 22°C 78%	Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm			Date: September 21, 2010					
Liquid		Meas	ured SAR	Normalized	// t	Deviation	Limit			
Frequency	Temp. [°C]	(r	nW/g)	to 1 W	Target	[%]	[%]			
Pody 9450 MHz	99.0	1g	12.8	51.20	50.7	+0.99	± 10			
Body 2450 MHz	22.0	10g	5.87	23.48	23.6	-0.51	± 10			

- 1. The results were normalized to 1 W forward power.
- $2. \hspace{0.5cm} \mbox{The target SAR values of SPEAG validation dipoles are given in the calibration data.}$
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3 SAR Measurement Data

A.3.1 PCS 1900

A.3.1.1 Left Head

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Cheek/Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

GSM 1900 (Duty Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: 8.3)						Date: September 18, 2010		
	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue	
Test Position	Channel	m MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]	
Cheek/Touch	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.026	1.6	0.155	22.0	
Ear/Tilt	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.047	1.6	0.053	22.0	

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.1.2 Right Head

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Cheek/Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

GSM 1900 (Duty Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: 8.3) Date: September 18, 2010								
	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue	
Test Position	Channel	MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]	
	512	1850.20	28.66	-0.047		0.169	22.0	
Cheek/Touch	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.025	1.6	0.183	22.0	
	810	1909.80	28.48	-0.037	1	0.206	22.0	
Ear/Tilt	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.001	1.6	0.050	22.0	

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.1.3 Body-worn Position - close style

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	Rear Position					Front Position			
GSM 1900 (Duty	Cycle: 12.0 %	, Crest Factor:	8.3) Date: September 19, 2			19, 2010			
Test Position	Freq Channel	uency MHz	Tx Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
Rear	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.055	1.6	0.323	22.0		
GPRS Class 10 – 1 slot (Duty Cycle: 12.0 %, Crest Factor: 8.3)									
Rear	661	1880.00	28.45	-0.021	1.6	0.309	22.0		
GPRS Class 10 –	2 slots (Duty	Cycle: 24.0 %,	Crest Factor:	4.15)					
	512	1850.20	28.59	-0.044		0.631	22.0		
Rear	661	1880.00	28.38	-0.035	1.6	0.572	22.0		
	810	1909.80	28.40	-0.037		0.493	22.0		
Front	661	1880.00	28.38	-0.034	1.6	0.172	22.0		

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.
- 4. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



Front Position

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A.3.1.4 Body-worn Position - viewer style

Rear Position

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GPRS Class 10 – 2 slots (Duty Cycle: 24.0 %, Crest Factor: 4.15)

Date: September 19, 2010

012 200 01000 10	= 21002 (2 0.0)	21000 (2 010) eyele 2 110 / 0, e1000 1 00001 1110/				2010 September 10, 2 010			
Test Position	Freq Channel	uency MHz	Tx Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Limit [mW/g]	SAR (1g) [mW/g]	Tissue Temp. [°C]		
Rear	661	1880.00	28.38	-0.018	1.6	0.342	22.0		
Front	661	1880.00	28.38	-0.003	1.6	0.216	22.0		

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.
- 4. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.2 WLAN

A.3.2.1 Left Head

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Cheek/Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

802.11b (1 Mbps) – Duty Cycle: 100 %						Date: September 20, 2010		
	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue	
Test Position	Channel	m MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]	
Cheek/Touch	6	2437	13.19	-0.027	1.6	0.021	22.0	
Ear/Tilt	6	2437	13.19	-0.022	1.6	0.015	22.0	

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.2.2 Right Head

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Cheek/Touch Position

Ear/Tilt Position

802.11b (1 Mbps)	- Duty Cycle	Date: September 20, 2010					
	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue
Test Position	Channel	MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
Cheek/Touch	6	2437	13.19	-0.079	1.6	0.016	22.0
Ear/Tilt	6	2437	13.19	-0.019	1.6	0.014	22.0

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- 2. Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- 3. Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.2.3 Body-worn Position - close style

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Rear Position Front Position

Date: September 21, 2010 802.11b (1 Mbps) – Duty Cycle: 100 %

	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue
Test Position	Channel	m MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
Rear	6	2437	13.19	-0.019	1.6	0.039	22.0
Front	6	2437	13.19	-0.007	1.6	0.00499	22.0

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.
- Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.2.4 Body-worn Position - viewer style

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Rear Position Front Position

802.11b (1 Mbps) – Duty Cycle: 100 %					Date · September 21, 20		
	Frequency	Ty Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue	

	Frequency		Tx Power	Power	Limit	SAR (1g)	Tissue
Test Position	Channel	m MHz	[dBm]	Drift [dB]	[mW/g]	[mW/g]	Temp. [°C]
Rear	6	2437	13.19	-0.038	1.6	0.029	22.0
Front	6	2437	13.19	-0.053	1.6	0.00662	22.0

- 1. Depth of Liquid: 15.0 cm
- Transmitter power was measured at the antenna-conducted terminal.
- The earphone wire connected to the EUT to simulate hand-free operation in a body-worn configuration.
- Please refer to attachment for the result presentation in plot format.



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A.3.3 SAR Handsets Multiple Transmitters Assessment

Simultaneous Transmission

GSM with WLAN : Yes
GSM with Bluetooth : Yes
WLAN with Bluetooth : No

Antenna Separation Distances

GSM to WLAN : 8.8 cm GSM to Bluetooth : 8.8 cm

Stand-alone SAR Requirements for Unlicensed Transmitters

WLAN : Required

The output of WLAN transmitter is $> 2 \cdot P_{ref}$.

Bluetooth : Not required

The output of Bluetooth transmitter is $\leq P_{ref}$ and its antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from GSM antenna.

Sum of the SAR (1g)

Test Position	Mode	Highest SAR (1g) mW/g	Sum of the SAR (1g) mW/g				
D'-1-4 II 1 M1-1	PCS1900	0.206	0.000				
Right Head Touched	802.11b	0.016	0.222				
Body-worn	PCS1900 (GPRS)	0.631	0.070				
Rear at close style	802.11b	0.039	0.670				

Since the sum of the 1g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg, simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required.



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Appendix B: Test Instruments

Туре	Model	Manufacturer	ID No.	Last Cal.	Interval
E-Field Probe	ET3DV6	SPEAG	S-2	2010/8	1 Year
DAE	DAE3 V1	SPEAG	S-3	2009/11	1 Year
Robot	RX60L	SPEAG	S-7	N/A	N/A
Probe Alignment Unit	LB1RX60L	SPEAG	S-13	N/A	N/A
Network Analyzer	8719ET	Agilent	B-53	2009/10	1 Year
Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	Agilent	B-54	N/A	N/A
1900MHz Dipole	D1900V2	SPEAG	S-25	2010/8	1 Year
2450MHz Dipole	D2450V2	SPEAG	S-6	2009/11	1 Year
Signal Generator	MG3681A	Anritsu	B-3	2009/10	1 Year
RF Amplifier	A0840-3833-R	R&K	A-34	N/A	N/A
Low Pass Filter	LSM2200-4BA	LARK	D-91	2009/11	1 Year
Low Pass Filter	LSM2700-3BA	LARK	D-92	2009/11	1 Year
Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	Rohde & Schwarz	B-21	2010/4	1 Year
Power Meter	E4417A	Agilent	B-51	2010/6	1 Year
Power Sensor	E9300B	Agilent	B-32	2010/6	1 Year
Power Sensor	E9323A	Agilent	B-59	2010/6	1 Year
Attenuator	2-20	Weinschel	D-36	2010/9	1 Year



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Appendix C: Attachments

Exhibit	Contents	No. of page(s)		
1	1 System Validation Plots			
2-1	SAR Test Plots (PCS 1900)	16		
2-2	SAR Test Plots (WLAN)	10		
3	Dosimetric E-Field Probe – ET3DV6, S/N: 1679	11		
4-1	System Validation Dipole – D1900V2, S/N: 5d112	9		
4-2	System Validation Dipole - D2450V2, S/N: 714	9		