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According to KDB 447498 section 4.3.1, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds at test separation distance ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$

The tune-up power is $\leq -30\text{dBm}$, therefore the highest tune-up power is
-30.0 dBm (0.0010 mW) @ 315.00 MHz

When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 5) in section 4.1 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

So,

$(0.0010\text{mW} / 5\text{mm}) \cdot (0.31500\text{GHz}^{0.5}) = 0.0001$

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 0.0001 < 3.0$

Therefore, standalone SAR measurements are not required for both head and body.