DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE — SAR RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION — FCC & IC

Test Lab Information	**Name**	**CELLTECH LABS INC.**				
	Address	21-364 Lougheed Road, Kelowna, B.C. V1X 7R8 Canada				
Test Lab Accreditation(s)	**ISO 17025**	A2LA Test Lab Certificate No. 2470.01				
Applicant Information	**Name**	**UNIDEN AMERICA CORPORATION**				
	Address	4700 Amon Carter Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76155 United States				
Application Type(s)	**FCC**	TCB Certification		**IC**	CB Certification	
Standard(s) Applied	**FCC**	47 CFR §2.1093		**IC**	Health Canada Safety Code 6	
Procedure(s) Applied	**FCC**	OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C		**FCC**	KDB 447498 D01v04	
	IC	RSS-102 Issue 4	**IEEE**	1528-2003	**IEC**	62209-2:2010
Device Classification(s)	**FCC**	Licensed Non-Broadcast Transmitter Held to Face (TNF)				
	IC	Maritime Radio Transmitter and Receiver (RSS-182)				
Device RF Exposure Category	**FCC/IC**	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment				
Device Identifier(s)	**FCC ID:**	AMWUT641				
	IC:	513C-UT641				
Device Model(s)	**Model(s)**	Atlantis 200				
Test Sample Serial No.	UT641Z T/A (Identical Prototype)					
Date of Sample Receipt	January 10, 2012		**Date(s) of Evaluation**		January 11, 2012	
Test Sample Hardware Revision No.	EPP		**Test Sample Firmware Rev. No.**		1.23	
Device-Under-Test Description (DUT)	Portable FM VHF Push-To-Talk (PTT) Marine Radio Transceiver					
VHF Transmit Frequency Range(s)	156.025 - 157.425 MHz (VHF Marine Band)					
Manuf. Max. Rated Output Power	3.5 Watts Conducted					
Manuf. Tolerance Specification	+/- 0.1 W					
Measured RF Output Power	3.6 Watts	35.56 dBm	Conducted	156.7 MHz		
Battery Type(s) Tested	Ni-MH	6x AAA (7.2V)	1.2V, 900mAh			
	Alkaline	6x AAA Energizer Industrial (9V)	1.5V			
Antenna Type Tested	Flexible Whip	external detachable	Length: 120 mm	P/N: BATG0565001		
	Note: Per applicant, the above-listed antenna is the only antenna supplied with the device					
Body-worn Accessory Tested	Plastic Belt-Clip (does not contain metal)			P/N: none		
	Note: Per applicant, the above-listed belt-clip is the only body-worn accessory supplied with the device					
Audio Accessory Tested	Speaker-Microphone			SM81		
Max. Measured SAR Level(s)	Face-held	**0.685 W/kg**	1g	50% PTT duty factor	General Population / Uncontrolled	
	Body-worn	**0.570 W/kg**	1g	50% PTT duty factor		
FCC/IC Spatial Peak SAR Limit	Head/Body	1.6 W/kg	1g	50% PTT duty factor		

Celltech Labs Inc. declares under its sole responsibility that this wireless portable device has demonstrated compliance with the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 for the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment. The device was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), Industry Canada RSS-102 Issue 4, IEEE Standard 1528-2003 and IEC International Standard 62209-2:2010. All measurements were performed in accordance with the SAR system manufacturer recommendations.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.

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Test Report Approved By		**Sean Johnston**	**Lab Manager**	**Celltech Labs Inc.**

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REVISION HISTORY			
REVISION NO.	**DESCRIPTION**	**IMPLEMENTED BY**	**RELEASE DATE**
1.0	1st Release	Jon Hughes	February 01, 2012

TEST REPORT SIGN-OFF			
DEVICE TESTED BY	**REPORT PREPARED BY**	**QA REVIEW BY**	**REPORT APPROVED BY**
Mike Meaker	Mike Meaker	Jon Hughes	Sean Johnston

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This measurement report demonstrates that the Uniden America Corporation Model: Atlantis 200 Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver complies with the SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) RF exposure requirements specified in FCC 47 CFR §2.1093 (see reference [1]) and Health Canada's Safety Code 6 (see reference [2]) for the General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure environment. The measurement procedures described in FCC OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C 01-01 (see reference [3]), IC RSS-102 Issue 4 (see reference [4]), IEEE Standard 1528-2003 (see reference [5]) and IEC Standard 62209-2:2010 (see reference [6]) were employed. A description of the device, operating configuration, detailed summary of the test results, methodology and procedures used in the evaluation, equipment used and the various provisions of the rules are included within this test report.

2.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Celltech Labs Inc. SAR measurement facility utilizes the Dosimetric Assessment System (DASY™) manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG™) of Zurich, Switzerland. The DASY4 measurement system is comprised of the measurement server, robot controller, computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, specific anthropomorphic mannequin (SAM) phantom, and various planar phantoms for head and/or body SAR evaluations. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The Staubli robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the DASY4 measurement server. The DAE4 utilizes a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the DASY4 measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe-mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. The sensor systems are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot utilizes a controller with built in VME-bus computer.

DASY4 SAR System with Plexiglas side planar phantom

DASY4 SAR System with Barski Fiberglas Planar Phantom

3.0 FCC POWER THRESHOLDS FOR PTT DEVICES ($f \leq 0.5$ GHz)

FCC SAR Evaluation Power Thresholds for PTT Devices, $f \leq 0.5$ GHz*		
Exposure Conditions	***P* mW (General Population)**	***P* mW (Occupational)**
Held to face, $d \geq 2.5$ cm	250	1250
Body-worn, $d \geq 1.5$ cm	200	1000
Body-worn, $d \geq 1.0$ cm	150	750

1. The time-averaged output power, corresponding to the required PTT duty factor, is compared with these thresholds.
2. The closest distance between the user and the device or its antenna is used to determine the power thresholds.

* Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v04 Section 5)b)i) (see reference [7]).

4.0 RF OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Band	Frequency	Channel	Mode	Power Setting	Measured Power Level		Method
					dBm	Watts	
VHF	156.7 MHz	14	CW	High	35.56	3.6	Average Conducted

Notes

1. The test channels were selected in accordance with the procedures specified in FCC KDB 447498 Section 6) c) (see reference [7]).

2. The RF conducted output power levels of the DUT were measured by Celltech prior to the SAR evaluations using a Gigatronics 8652A Universal Power Meter at the antenna connector of the radio in accordance with FCC 47 CFR §2.1046 (see reference [12]) and IC RSS-Gen (see reference [13]).

5.0 NO. OF TEST CHANNELS (N_c)

Device Frequency Range	Band	N_c	Test Frequencies (MHz)
156.025 - 157.425 MHz	VHF Marine	1	156.7 MHz

Note: The number of test channels (*Nc*) was calculated in accordance with the procedures specified in FCC KDB 447498 Section 6) c) (see reference [7]).

6.0 SAR PROBE CALIBRATION & MEASUREMENT FREQUENCIES

The following procedures are recommended for measurements at 150 MHz - 3 GHz to minimize probe calibration and tissue dielectric parameter discrepancies. In general, SAR measurements below 300 MHz should be within ±50 MHz of the probe calibration frequency. At 300 MHz to 3 GHz, measurements should be within ±100 MHz of the probe calibration frequency. Measurements exceeding 50% of these intervals, ±25 MHz < 300 MHz and ±50 MHz ≥300 MHz, require additional steps (per FCC KDB 450824 D01 v01r01, SAR Probe Calibration and System Verification Considerations for Measurements at 150 MHz - 3 GHz - see reference [8]).

Probe Calibration Freq.	Device Measurement Freq.	Frequency Interval	±25 MHz ≤ 300 MHz
150 MHz	156.7 MHz	6.7 MHz	< 25 MHz

Note: The probe calibration and measurement frequency interval is < 25 MHz; therefore additional steps were not required.

7.0 MANUFACTURER'S DISCLOSED ACCESSORY LISTING

Part No.	Accessory Description	Accessory Category
BATG0565001	Flexible Whip	Antenna
BBTG0873001	Ni-MH 1.2V 900mAh AAA (x6)	Battery
N/A	Alkaline AAA	
None	Belt-Clip (supplied with product)	Body-worn
SM81	Speaker-Microphone	Audio

Notes:

1. Manufacturer's disclosed accessory listing information was provided by the applicant.

8.0 FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS						
Date: 01/11/2012		Frequency: 300 MHz			Tissue: Head	
Freq	Test_e	Test_s	Target_e	Target_s	Deviation Permittivity	Deviation Conductivity
0.200	50.75	0.76	45.3	0.87	12.03%	-12.64%
0.210	49.86	0.78	45.3	0.87	10.07%	-10.34%
0.220	49.11	0.78	45.3	0.87	8.41%	-10.34%
0.230	48.76	0.79	45.3	0.87	7.64%	-9.20%
0.240	47.88	0.8	45.3	0.87	5.70%	-8.05%
0.250	46.34	0.82	45.3	0.87	2.30%	-5.75%
0.260	46.99	0.81	45.3	0.87	3.73%	-6.90%
0.270	47.23	0.84	45.3	0.87	4.26%	-3.45%
0.280	47.17	0.84	45.3	0.87	4.13%	-3.45%
0.290	46.17	0.83	45.3	0.87	1.92%	-4.60%
0.300	47.04	0.86	45.3	0.87	3.84%	-1.15%
0.310	46.42	0.87	45.3	0.87	2.47%	0.00%
0.320	45.96	0.86	45.3	0.87	1.46%	-1.15%
0.330	45.66	0.88	45.3	0.87	0.79%	1.15%
0.340	44.73	0.88	45.3	0.87	-1.26%	1.15%
0.350	44.16	0.87	45.3	0.87	-2.52%	0.00%
0.360	44.55	0.91	45.3	0.87	-1.66%	4.60%
0.370	43.89	0.91	45.3	0.87	-3.11%	4.60%
0.380	43.88	0.93	45.3	0.87	-3.13%	6.90%
0.390	43.28	0.91	45.3	0.87	-4.46%	4.60%
0.400	43.81	0.94	45.3	0.87	-3.29%	8.05%

Test Date	Fluid Type	Ambient Temperature	Fluid Temperature	Fluid Depth	Atmospheric Pressure	Relative Humidity	ρ (Kg/m^3)
Jan 11	300 Head	21.0 °C	20.9 °C	≥ 15 cm	101.1 kPa	30%	1000

FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

Date: 01/11/2012		Frequency: 150 MHz			Tissue: Head	
Freq	Test_e	Test_s	Target_e	Target_s	Deviation Permittivity	Deviation Conductivity
0.050	117.74	0.6	52.3	0.76	125.12%	-21.05%
0.060	87.12	0.63	52.3	0.76	66.58%	-17.11%
0.070	78.32	0.6	52.3	0.76	49.75%	-21.05%
0.080	70.98	0.65	52.3	0.76	35.72%	-14.47%
0.090	67.78	0.68	52.3	0.76	29.60%	-10.53%
0.100	59.39	0.7	52.3	0.76	13.56%	-7.89%
0.110	54.99	0.69	52.3	0.76	5.14%	-9.21%
0.120	56.22	0.71	52.3	0.76	7.50%	-6.58%
0.130	54.95	0.73	52.3	0.76	5.07%	-3.95%
0.140	54.64	0.73	52.3	0.76	4.47%	-3.95%
0.150	53.01	0.75	52.3	0.76	1.36%	-1.32%
0.1567*	51.6	0.757	52.3	0.76	-1.34%	-0.39%
0.160	50.97	0.76	52.3	0.76	-2.54%	0.00%
0.170	54.74	0.77	52.3	0.76	4.67%	1.32%
0.180	51.38	0.78	52.3	0.76	-1.76%	2.63%
0.190	52.57	0.79	52.3	0.76	0.52%	3.95%
0.200	52.01	0.79	52.3	0.76	-0.55%	3.95%
0.210	49.83	0.81	52.3	0.76	-4.72%	6.58%
0.220	50.87	0.81	52.3	0.76	-2.73%	6.58%
0.230	49.9	0.82	52.3	0.76	-4.59%	7.89%
0.240	49.16	0.82	52.3	0.76	-6.00%	7.89%
0.250	49.55	0.85	52.3	0.76	-5.26%	11.84%

*interpolated using DASY4 software

Test Date	Fluid Type	Ambient Temperature	Fluid Temperature	Fluid Depth	Atmospheric Pressure	Relative Humidity	ρ (Kg/m^3)
Jan 11	150 Head	21.0 °C	21.1 °C	≥ 15 cm	101.1 kPa	30%	1000

FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

Date: 01/11/2012		Frequency: 150 MHz			Tissue: Body	
Freq	Test_e	Test_s	Target_e	Target_s	Deviation Permittivity	Deviation Conductivity
0.050	124.59	0.64	61.9	0.8	101.28%	-20.00%
0.060	96.17	0.66	61.9	0.8	55.36%	-17.50%
0.070	83.37	0.64	61.9	0.8	34.68%	-20.00%
0.080	80.26	0.7	61.9	0.8	29.66%	-12.50%
0.090	76.63	0.72	61.9	0.8	23.80%	-10.00%
0.100	66.93	0.75	61.9	0.8	8.13%	-6.25%
0.110	64.38	0.73	61.9	0.8	4.01%	-8.75%
0.120	64.82	0.75	61.9	0.8	4.72%	-6.25%
0.130	63.7	0.76	61.9	0.8	2.91%	-5.00%
0.140	63.68	0.78	61.9	0.8	2.88%	-2.50%
0.150	63.55	0.76	61.9	0.8	2.67%	-5.00%
0.1567*	61.1	0.787	61.9	0.8	-1.29%	-1.63%
0.160	59.9	0.8	61.9	0.8	-3.23%	0.00%
0.170	63.92	0.8	61.9	0.8	3.26%	0.00%
0.180	60.79	0.8	61.9	0.8	-1.79%	0.00%
0.190	62.36	0.81	61.9	0.8	0.74%	1.25%
0.200	62.12	0.81	61.9	0.8	0.36%	1.25%
0.210	60.25	0.82	61.9	0.8	-2.67%	2.50%
0.220	61.38	0.83	61.9	0.8	-0.84%	3.75%
0.230	61.23	0.82	61.9	0.8	-1.08%	2.50%
0.240	59.54	0.83	61.9	0.8	-3.81%	3.75%
0.250	60.48	0.84	61.9	0.8	-2.29%	5.00%

*interpolated using DASY4 software

Test Date	Fluid Type	Ambient Temperature	Fluid Temperature	Fluid Depth	Atmospheric Pressure	Relative Humidity	ρ (Kg/m^3)
Jan 11	150 Body	21.0 °C	22.2 °C	≥ 15 cm	101.1 kPa	30%	1000

9.0 SAR MEASUREMENT SUMMARY

SAR EVALUATION RESULTS

Test Config.	Test Date	Test Freq.	Ch.	Battery Type	Cond. Power Before Test	Accessories		DUT Distance to Planar Phantom		Measured SAR (before droop) 1g (W/kg)		SAR Drift During Test	Scaled SAR (with droop) 1g (W/kg)	
										PTT Duty Factor			PTT Duty Factor	
		MHz			Watts	Body-worn	Audio	DUT	Antenna	100%	50%	dB	100%	50%
FACE	Jan 11	156.7	14	Ni-MH	3.6	n/a	n/a	2.5 cm	4.1 cm	1.32	0.660	-0.291	1.41	0.706
	Jan 11	156.7	14	Alkaline	3.6	n/a	n/a	2.5 cm	4.1 cm	1.37	**0.685**	-1.06	1.75	**0.874**
BODY	Jan 11	156.7	14	Ni-MH	3.6	Belt-Clip	Spkr-Mic	1.4 cm	1.7 cm	1.14	**0.570**	-0.592	1.31	0.655
	Jan 11	156.7	14	Alkaline	3.6	Belt-Clip	Spkr-Mic	1.4 cm	1.7 cm	1.08	0.540	-1.55	1.54	**0.772**

SAR LIMIT(S)		HEAD / BODY	SPATIAL PEAK	RF EXPOSURE CATEGORY
FCC 47 CFR 2.1093	Health Canada Safety Code 6	1.6 W/kg	averaged over 1 gram	General Population / Uncontrolled

Notes

1. Detailed measurement plots showing the maximum SAR location of the DUT are reported in Appendix A.
2. The SAR droop measured by the DASY4 system was added to the measured SAR level to report the scaled SAR result as shown in the above test data table.
3. The DUT was evaluated for SAR in an unmodulated continuous transmit operation (Continuous Wave mode at 100% duty cycle) with the transmit key constantly depressed. For a push-to-talk device the 50% duty cycle compensation reported assumes a transmit/receive cycle of equal time base.

10.0 SAR LEVEL CORRECTION FOR FLUID DEVIATION (IC RSS-102 / IEC 62209-2)

The SAR levels are corrected for deviation of complex permittivity in accordance with Section 6.1.1 of IEC 62209-2:2010 (see reference [6]) as shown below.

Test Configuration	Test Freq.	Test_e	Test_s	Target_e	Target_s	Deviation Permittivity	Deviation Conductivity	Measured SAR Level 50% (W/kg)	Scaled SAR Level 50% (W/kg)	Corrected SAR Level 50% (W/kg)
Face Ni-MH	156.7	51.6	0.757	52.3	0.76	-1.34%	-0.39%	0.660	0.706	N/A*
Face Alkaline	156.7	51.6	0.757	52.3	0.76	-1.34%	-0.39%	0.685	0.874	N/A*
Body Ni-MH	156.7	61.1	0.787	61.9	0.80	-1.29%	-1.63%	0.570	0.655	N/A*
Body Alkaline	156.7	61.1	0.787	61.9	0.80	-1.29%	-1.63%	0.540	0.772	N/A*

SAR Correction Formula (IEC 62209-2:2010 Section 6.1.1)

$$\Delta SAR = c_\varepsilon \Delta\varepsilon_r + c_\sigma \Delta\sigma \quad (F.1)$$

where

$c_\varepsilon = \partial(\Delta SAR)/\partial(\Delta\varepsilon)$ is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to permittivity where SAR is normalized to output power;

$c_\sigma = \partial(\Delta SAR)/\partial(\Delta\sigma)$ is the coefficients representing the sensitivity of SAR to conductivity, where SAR is normalized to output power.

The values of c_ε and c_σ have a simple relationship with frequency that can be described using polynomial equations. For the 1 g averaged SAR c_ε and c_σ are given by

$$c_\varepsilon = -7{,}854\times10^{-4} f^3 + 9{,}402\times10^{-3} f^2 - 2{,}742\times10^{-2} f - 0{,}202\,6 \quad (F.2)$$

$$c_\sigma = 9{,}804\times10^{-3} f^3 - 8{,}661\times10^{-2} f^2 + 2{,}981\times10^{-2} f + 0{,}782\,9 \quad (F.3)$$

where

f is the frequency in GHz.

SAR Correction Calculation

Test Configuration	Face Ni-MH	Face Alkaline	Body Ni-MH	Body Alkaline
Frequency (GHz)	0.1567	0.1567	0.1567	0.1567
Ce	-0.2067	-0.2067	-0.2067	-0.2067
Cσ	0.7855	0.7855	0.7855	0.7855
Δ E	-0.0134	-0.0134	-0.0129	-0.0129
Δσ	-0.0039	-0.0039	-0.0163	-0.0163
ΔSAR	-0.0003	-0.0003	-0.0101	-0.0101

* The correction ΔSAR has a negative sign; therefore correction is not applied to the measured SAR levels.

11.0 DETAILS OF SAR EVALUATION

The Uniden America Corporation Model Atlantis 200 Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver was compliant for localized Specific Absorption Rate (General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure) based on the test provisions and conditions described below. The detailed test setup photographs are shown in Appendix D.

1. The face-held SAR evaluations were performed with the front side of the DUT placed parallel to the outer surface of the planar phantom. A 2.5 cm spacing was maintained between the front side of the DUT and the planar phantom.
2. The body-worn SAR evaluations were performed with the plastic belt-clip body-worn accessory attached to the back side of the DUT and touching the planar phantom. The back side of DUT was placed parallel to the planar phantom.
3. The body-worn SAR evaluations were performed with the supplied speaker-microphone audio accessory connected to the DUT.
4. The SAR evaluations were performed with fully charged or new batteries.
5. The SAR drift of the DUT was measured by the DASY4 system. A SAR-versus-Time power droop evaluation was performed and is shown in Appendix A.
6. The fluid temperature remained within +/-2°C from the fluid dielectric parameter measurement to the completion of the SAR evaluation.
7. The dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue mixtures reported in Section 8.0 were measured prior to the SAR evaluations using a Dielectric Probe Kit and a Network Analyzer (see Appendix C).

12.0 SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES

a. (i) The evaluation was performed in the applicable area of the phantom depending on the type of device being tested. For devices held to the ear during normal operation, both the left and right ear positions were evaluated using the SAM phantom.

(ii) For body-worn and face-held devices a planar phantom was used.

b. The SAR was determined by a pre-defined procedure within the DASY4 software. Upon completion of a reference and optical surface check, the exposed region of the phantom was scanned near the inner surface with a grid spacing of 20mm x 20mm.

An area scan was determined as follows:

c. Based on the defined area scan grid, a more detailed grid is created to increase the points by a factor of 10. The interpolation function then evaluates all field values between corresponding measurement points.

d. A linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. Subsequently, all maxima are removed that are >2 dB from the global maximum. The remaining maxima are then used to position the cube scans.

A 1g and 10g spatial peak SAR was determined as follows:

e. Extrapolation is used to find the points between the dipole center of the probe and the surface of the phantom. This data cannot be measured, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.4 mm (see probe calibration document in Appendix F). The extrapolation was based on trivariate quadratics computed from the previously calculated 3D interpolated points nearest the phantom surface.

f. Interpolated data is used to calculate the average SAR over 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured cube. The volume used to determine the averaged SAR is a 1mm grid (42875 interpolated points).

g. A zoom scan volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm (5 x 5 x 7 points) centered at the peak SAR location determined from the area scan is used for all zoom scans for devices with a transmit frequency < 800 MHz. Zoom scans for frequencies ≥ 800 MHz are determined with a scan volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm (7 x 7 x 7) to ensure complete capture of the peak spatial-average SAR.

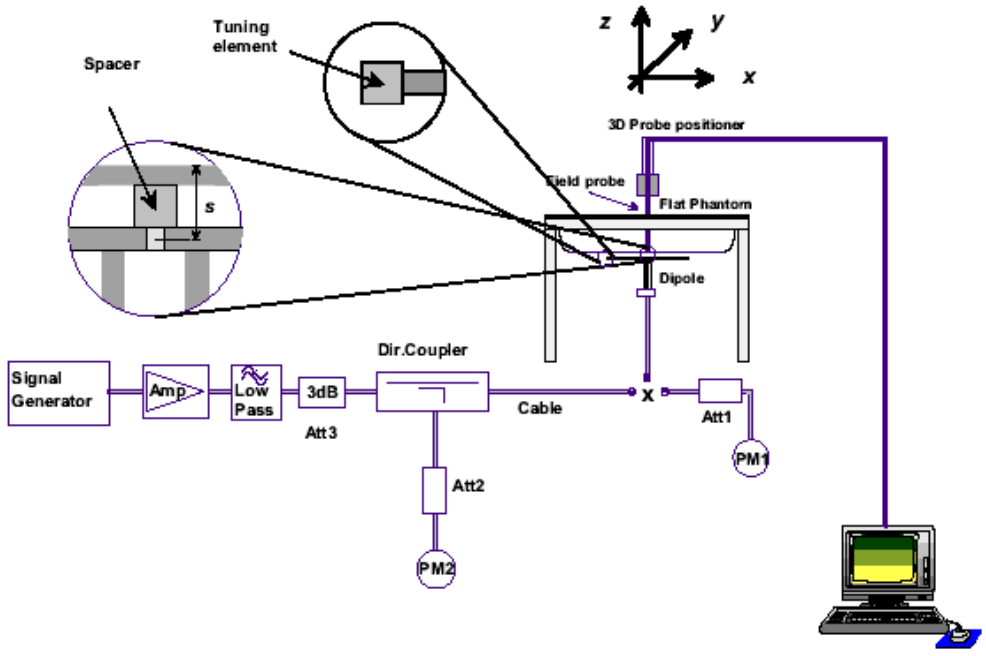
13.0 SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

Prior to the SAR evaluations a daily system check was performed with a planar phantom and 300 MHz SPEAG validation dipole (see Appendix B for system performance check evaluation plot) in accordance with the procedures described in IEEE Standard 1528-2003 (see reference [5]). The dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue mixture were measured prior to the system performance check using a Dielectric Probe Kit and a Network Analyzer (see Appendix C for measured fluid dielectric parameters). A forward power of 398 mW was applied to the dipole and the system was verified to a tolerance of ±10% from the system manufacturer's dipole calibration target SAR value (see Appendix E for system manufacturer's dipole calibration procedures).

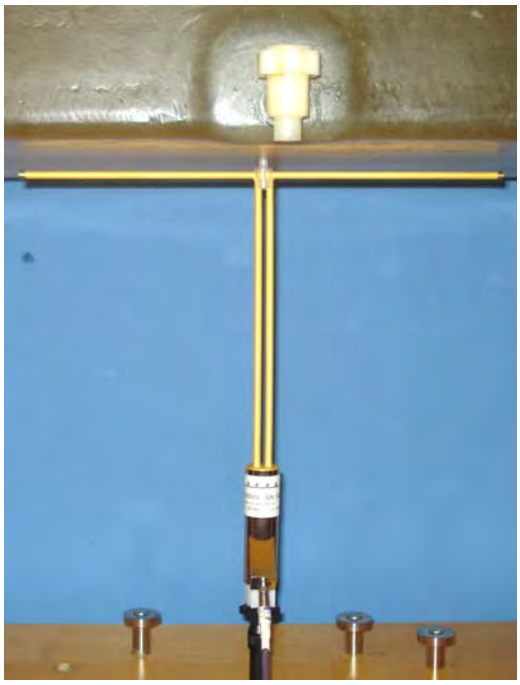
SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK EVALUATION

Test Date	Equiv. Tissue	SAR 1g (W/kg)			Dielectric Constant ε_r			Conductivity σ (mho/m)			ρ (Kg/m³)	Amb. Temp. (°C)	Fluid Temp. (°C)	Fluid Depth (cm)	Humid. (%)	Barom. Press. (kPa)
	Freq. (MHz)	Target	Meas.	Dev.	Target	Meas.	Dev.	Target	Meas.	Dev.						
Jan 11	Head 300	1.14 ±10%	1.18	+3.5%	45.3 ±5%	47.0	+3.8%	0.87 ±5%	0.86	-1.1%	1000	21.0	20.9	≥ 15	30	101.1

Notes		
	1.	The target SAR value is the measured value specified by the SAR system manufacturer in the dipole calibration (Appendix E).
	2.	The target fluid dielectric parameters are the target parameters specified in IEEE Standard 1528-2003 (see reference [5]).
	3.	The fluid temperature remained within +/-2°C from the fluid dielectric parameter measurement to the completion of the system performance check.
	4.	The dielectric parameters of the simulated tissue mixture were measured prior to the system performance check using a Dielectric Probe Kit and a Network Analyzer (see Appendix C).



System Performance Check Measurement Setup (IEEE Standard 1528-2003)



SPEAG 300 MHz Validation Dipole Setup

14.0 SIMULATED EQUIVALENT TISSUES

The simulated equivalent tissue recipes in the table below are derived from the SAR system manufacturer's suggested recipes in the DASY4 manual (see references [9] and [10]) in accordance with the procedures and requirements specified in IEEE Standard 1528-2003 (see reference [5]). The ingredient percentage may have been adjusted minimally in order to achieve the appropriate target dielectric parameters within the specified tolerance.

SIMULATED TISSUE MIXTURES							
INGREDIENT	Water	**300 MHz Head Tissue Mixture**	37.56 %	**150 MHz Head Tissue Mixture**	38.35 %	**150 MHz Body Tissue Mixture**	46.6 %
	Sugar		55.32 %		55.5%		49.7 %
	Salt		5.95 %		5.15%		2.6 %
	HEC		0.98 %		0.9%		1.0 %
	Bactericide		0.19 %		0.1%		0.1 %

15.0 SAR LIMITS

SAR RF EXPOSURE LIMITS			
FCC 47 CFR 2.1093	**Health Canada Safety Code 6**	**(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure)**	**(Occupational / Controlled Exposure)**
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)		0.08 W/kg	0.4 W/kg
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)		**1.6 W/kg**	8.0 W/kg
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)		4.0 W/kg	20.0 W/kg
The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.			
The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.			
The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.			
Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their potential exposure.			
Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is potential exposure of individuals who have knowledge of their potential exposure and can exercise control over their exposure.			

16.0 ROBOT SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications	
Positioner	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX60L
Repeatability	0.02 mm
No. of axis	6
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System	
Cell Controller	
Processor	AMD Athlon XP 2400+
Clock Speed	2.0 GHz
Operating System	Windows XP Professional
Data Converter	
Features	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software	Measurement Software: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44
	Postprocessing Software: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171
Connecting Lines	Optical downlink for data and status info., Optical uplink for commands and clock
DASY4 Measurement Server	
Function	Real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection
Hardware	PC/104 166MHz Pentium CPU; 32 MB chipdisk; 64 MB RAM
Connections	COM1, COM2, DAE, Robot, Ethernet, Service Interface
E-Field Probe	
Model	ET3DV6
Serial No.	1590
Construction	Triangular core fiber optic detection system
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz
Linearity	±0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Evaluation Phantom	
Type	Side Planar Phantom
Shell Material	Plexiglas
Bottom Thickness	2.0 mm ± 0.1 mm
Outer Dimensions	75.0 cm (L) x 22.5 cm (W) x 20.5 cm (H); Back Plane: 25.7 cm (H)
Validation Phantom	
Type	Barski Planar Phantom
Shell Material	Fiberglass
Thickness	2.0 ±0.1 mm
Volume	Approx. 70 liters

17.0 PROBE SPECIFICATION (ET3DV6)

Construction:	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, glycol)
Calibration:	In air from 10 MHz to 2.5 GHz In Body simulating tissue at frequencies of 900 MHz and 1.8 GHz (accuracy ± 8%)
Frequency:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity:	± 0.2 dB in Body tissue (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in Body tissue (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range:	5 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Surface Detect:	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Dimensions:	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application:	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phone

ET3DV6 E-Field Probe

18.0 SIDE PLANAR PHANTOM

The side planar phantom is constructed of Plexiglas material with a 2.0 mm shell thickness for face-held and body-worn SAR evaluations of portable radio transceivers. The side planar phantom is mounted on the side of the DASY4 compact system table.

Plexiglas Side Planar Phantom

19.0 BARSKI PLANAR PHANTOM

The Barski planar phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with a 2.0 mm (+/-0.2mm) thick device measurement area at the center of the phantom for SAR evaluations of devices with a larger surface area than the planar section of the SAM phantom. The Barski planar phantom is integrated into the wooden table of the DASY4 compact system and is used for DUT SAR evaluations and system performance check evaluations. See Appendix G for dimensions and specifications of the Barski planar phantom.

Barski Planar Phantom

20.0 DEVICE HOLDER

The DASY4 device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65°. The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Face-held SAR evaluations (PTT radios) are performed with the device holder in the body axis.

Device Holder

21.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

TEST EQUIPMENT		ASSET NO.	SERIAL NO.	DATE CALIBRATED	CALIBRATION INTERVAL
USED	DESCRIPTION				
x	Schmid & Partner DASY4 System	-	-	-	-
x	-DASY4 Measurement Server	00158	1078	CNR	CNR
x	-Robot	00046	599396-01	CNR	CNR
x	-DAE4	00019	353	27Apr10	Biennial
x	-ET3DV6 E-Field Probe	00017	1590	22Jun11	Annual
x	-SPEAG D300V3 Validation Dipole	000216	1009	18Jan10	Triennial
x	Side Planar Phantom	00156	161	CNR	CNR
x	Barski Planar Phantom	00155	03-01	CNR	CNR
x	HP 85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	00033	none	CNR	CNR
x	Gigatronics 8652A Power Meter	00007	1835272	04May10	Biennial
x	Gigatronics 80701A Power Sensor	00014	1833699	04May10	Biennial
x	Gigatronics 80701A Power Sensor	00011	1833542	04May10	Biennial
x	Narda 3020A Directional Coupler	00064	none	CNR	CNR
x	10dB Attenuator	00102	none	CNR	CNR
x	HP 8753ET Network Analyzer	00134	US39170292	04May10	Biennial
x	Rohde & Schwarz SMR20 Signal Generator	00006	100104	CNR	CNR
x	Amplifier Research 5S1G4 Power Amplifier	00106	26235	CNR	CNR
Abbr.	CNR = Calibration Not Required				

22.0 JUSTIFICATION FOR EXTENDED DIPOLE CALIBRATION

SAR dipoles calibrated less than two years ago but more than one year ago were confirmed by maintaining return loss (< -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5Ω from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in FCC KDB 450824 (see reference [8]).

SPEAG D300V3 SN: 1009						
Date of Measurement	Frequency	Fluid Type	Return Loss (dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	Δ Ω
Jan. 18, 2010 (SPEAG)	300 MHz	Head	-20.1	-	56.3	-
Jun. 06, 2011 (Celltech)			-21.2	-5.5%	50.3	5

23.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY (IEEE 1528-2003)

UNCERTAINTY BUDGET FOR DEVICE EVALUATION

Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Section	Uncertainty Value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci 1g	ci 10g	Uncertainty Value ±% (1g)	Uncertainty Value ±% (10g)	V_i or V_{eff}
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration (150 MHz)	E.2.1	10.0	Normal	1	1	1	10.0	10.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	4.7	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	9.6	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	2.5	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	4.7	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	1	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning wrt Phantom Shell	E.6.3	2.9	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation & integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	E.5	1	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	12
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	8
SAR Drift Measurement	6.6.2	5	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	4	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity (target)	E.3.2	5	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measured)	E.3.3	1.63	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	1.0	0.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target)	E.3.2	5	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measured)	E.3.3	1.34	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	0.8	0.7	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty			**RSS**				**13.43**	**13.29**	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)			**k=2**				**26.86**	**26.58**	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2003

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2

24.0 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY (IEC 62209-2)

UNCERTAINTY BUDGET FOR DEVICE EVALUATION

Source of Uncertainty	IEC 62209-2 Section	Tolerance / Uncertainty ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci 1g	ci 10g	Standard Uncertainty ±% (1g)	Standard Uncertainty ±% (10g)	V_i or V_{eff}
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration (150 MHz)	7.2.2.1	10.0	Normal	1	1	1	10.0	10.0	∞
Isotropy	7.2.2.2	4.7	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Boundary Effect	7.2.2.6	2.5	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.4	1.4	∞
Linearity	7.2.2.3	4.7	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
Detection Limits	7.2.2.5	1	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	7.2.2.7	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	7.2.2.8	0.8	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	7.2.2.9	2.6	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	7.2.4.5	3	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Restrictions	7.2.3.1	0.4	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning wrt Phantom Shell	7.2.3.3	2.9	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Post-processing	7.2.5	1	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	7.2.3.4.3	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	12
Device Holder Uncertainty	7.2.3.4.2	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	8
Drift of Output Power (meas. SAR drift)	7.2.2.10	0	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty	7.2.3.2	4	Rectangular	1.732050808	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
SAR Correction Algorithm for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	7.2.4.3	1.2	Normal	1	1	0.81	1.2	0.97	∞
Liquid Conductivity (measured)	7.2.4.3	1.63	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	1.3	1.2	∞
Liquid Permittivity (measured)	7.2.4.3	1.34	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Liquid Permittivity - temp. uncertainty	7.2.4.4	1.04	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.78	0.71	0.5	0.4	∞
Liquid Conductivity - temp. uncertainty	7.2.4.4	1.97	Rectangular	1.732050808	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty	**7.3.1**		**RSS**				**12.49**	**12.46**	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Interval)	**7.3.2**		**k=2**				**24.98**	**24.92**	

Measurement Uncertainty Table in accordance with International Standard IEC 62209-2:2010

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2

25.0 REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission - “Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices”; Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1093.

[2] Health Canada - “Limits of Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, Safety Code 6: 1999.

[3] Federal Communications Commission - “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields”, OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C (Edition 01-01), FCC, Washington, D.C.: June 2001.

[4] Industry Canada - “Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)”, Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 Issue 4: March 2010.

[5] IEEE Standard 1528-2003 - “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”: December 2003.

[6] International Standard IEC 62209-2 Edition 1.0 2010-03 - “Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held & body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)”.

[7] Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology - “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”; KDB 447498 D01v04: November 2009.

[8] Federal Communications Commission, Office of Engineering and Technology - “Application Note: SAR Probe Calibration and System Verification Considerations for Measurements at 150 MHz - 3 GHz”; KDB 450824 D01 v01r01: January 2007.

[9] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG - DASY4 Manual V4.6, Chapter 16 Application Note, Head Tissue Recipe: Sept. 2005.

[10] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG - DASY4 Manual V4.6, Chapter 17 Application Note, Body Tissue Recipe: Sept. 2005.

[11] ISO/IEC 17025 - “General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (ISO/IEC 17025:2005).”

[12] Federal Communications Commission - “Measurements Required: RF Power Output”; Rule Part 47 CFR §2.1046.

[13] Industry Canada - “General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radiocommunication Equipment”, Radio Standards Specification RSS-Gen Issue 3: December 2010.

APPENDIX A - SAR MEASUREMENT PLOTS

Date Tested: 01/11/2012

Face-held SAR - Ch. 14 - 156.7 MHz - Ni-MH Batteries

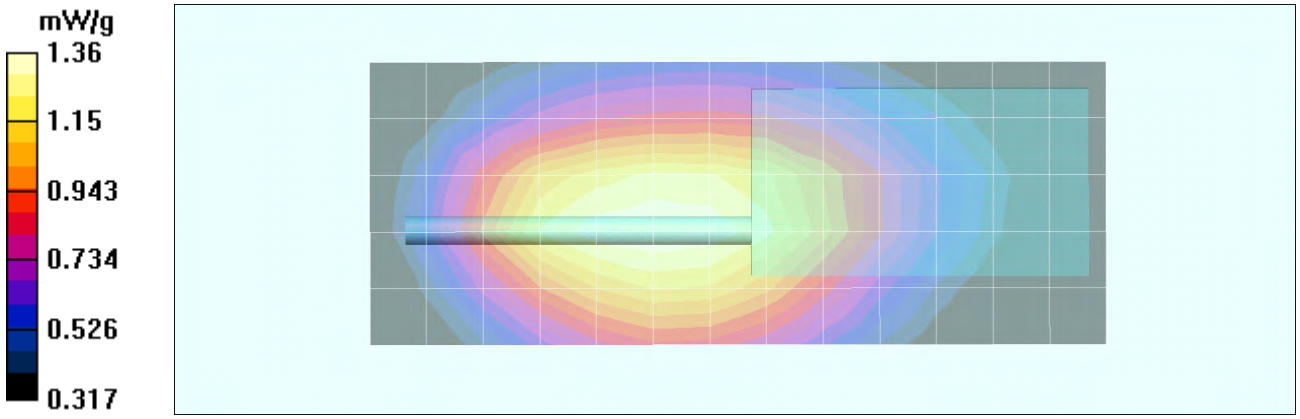
DUT: Uniden Atlantis 200; Type: Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: UT641Z T/A

Ambient Temp: 21C; Fluid Temp: 21.1C; Barometric Pressure: 101.1 kPa; Humidity: 30%

Communication System: CW
Frequency: 156.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 156.7 MHz; σ = 0.757 mho/m; ε_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(8.9, 8.9, 8.9); Calibrated: 22/06/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn353; Calibrated: 27/04/2010
- Phantom: Side Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Face - Ch.14 – Ni-MH/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 mW/g
Face - Ch.14 – Ni-MH/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 41.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.291 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.32 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.01 mW/g
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.



Date Tested: 01/11/2012

Face-held SAR - Ch. 14 - 156.7 MHz - Alkaline Batteries

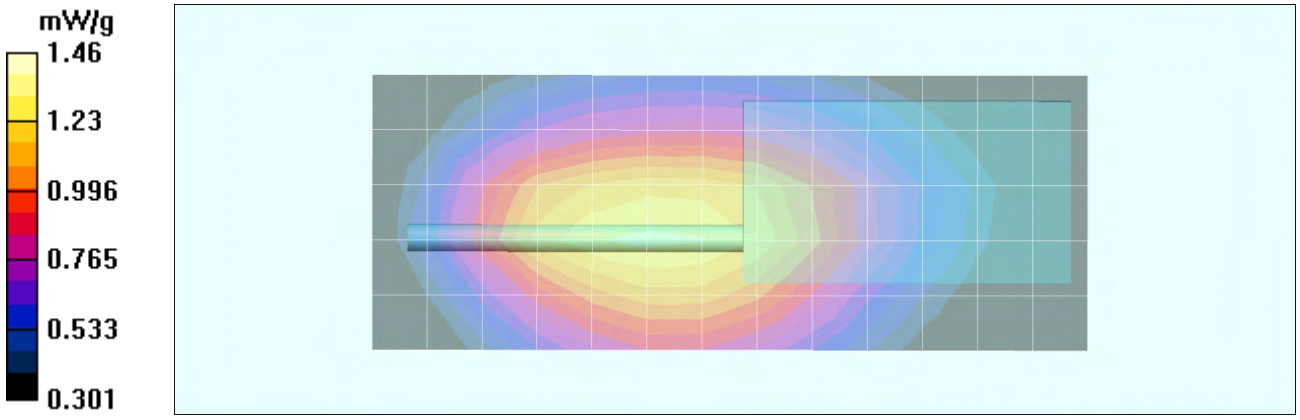
DUT: Uniden Atlantis 200; Type: Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: UT641Z T/A

Ambient Temp: 21C; Fluid Temp: 21.1C; Barometric Pressure: 101.1 kPa; Humidity: 30%

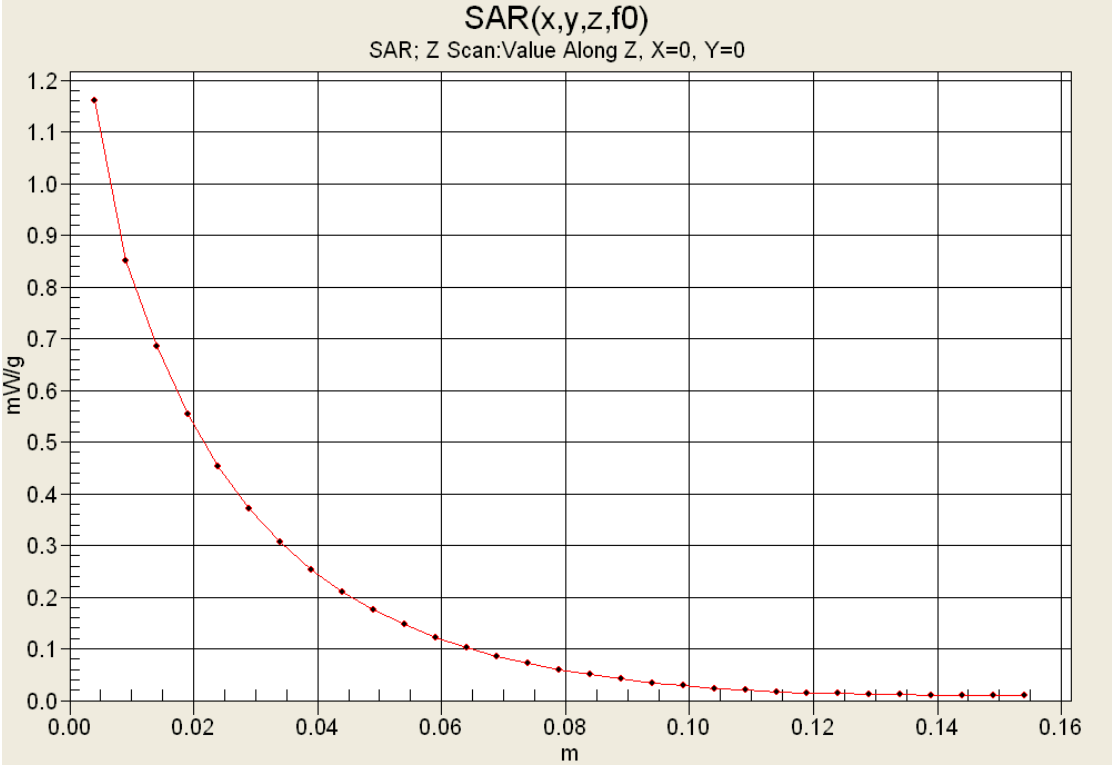
Communication System: CW
Frequency: 156.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL150 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 156.7 MHz; σ = 0.757 mho/m; ε_r = 51.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(8.9, 8.9, 8.9); Calibrated: 22/06/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn353; Calibrated: 27/04/2010
- Phantom: Side Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

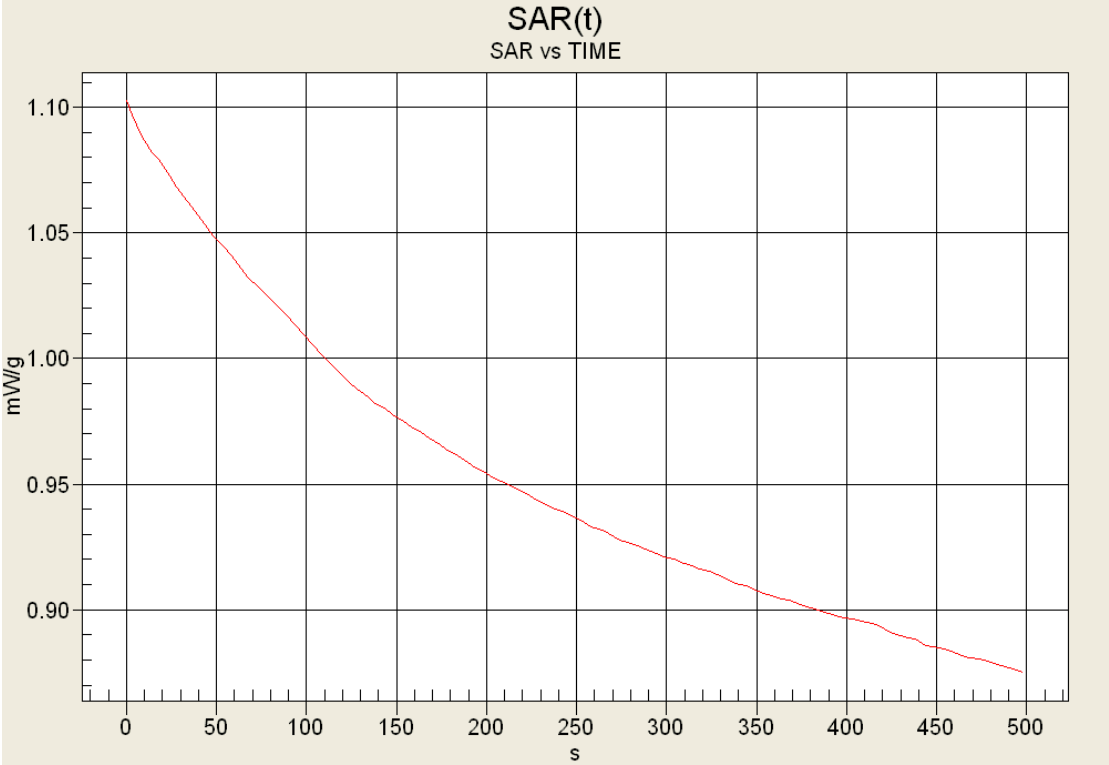
Face - Ch.14 - Alkaline/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 mW/g
Face - Ch.14 - Alkaline/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 43.8 V/m; Power Drift = -1.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.03 mW/g
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 mW/g



Z-Axis Scan



SAR vs. Time



Date Tested: 01/11/2012

Body-worn SAR - Ch. 14 - 156.7 MHz - Ni-MH Batteries

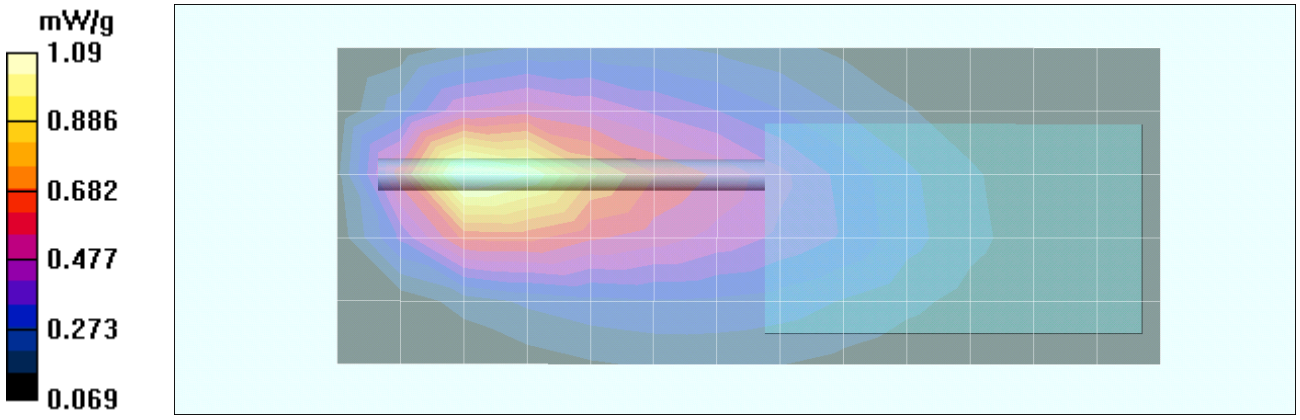
DUT: Uniden Atlantis 200; Type: Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: UT641Z T/A

Ambient Temp: 21C; Fluid Temp: 22.2C; Barometric Pressure: 101.1 kPa; Humidity: 30%

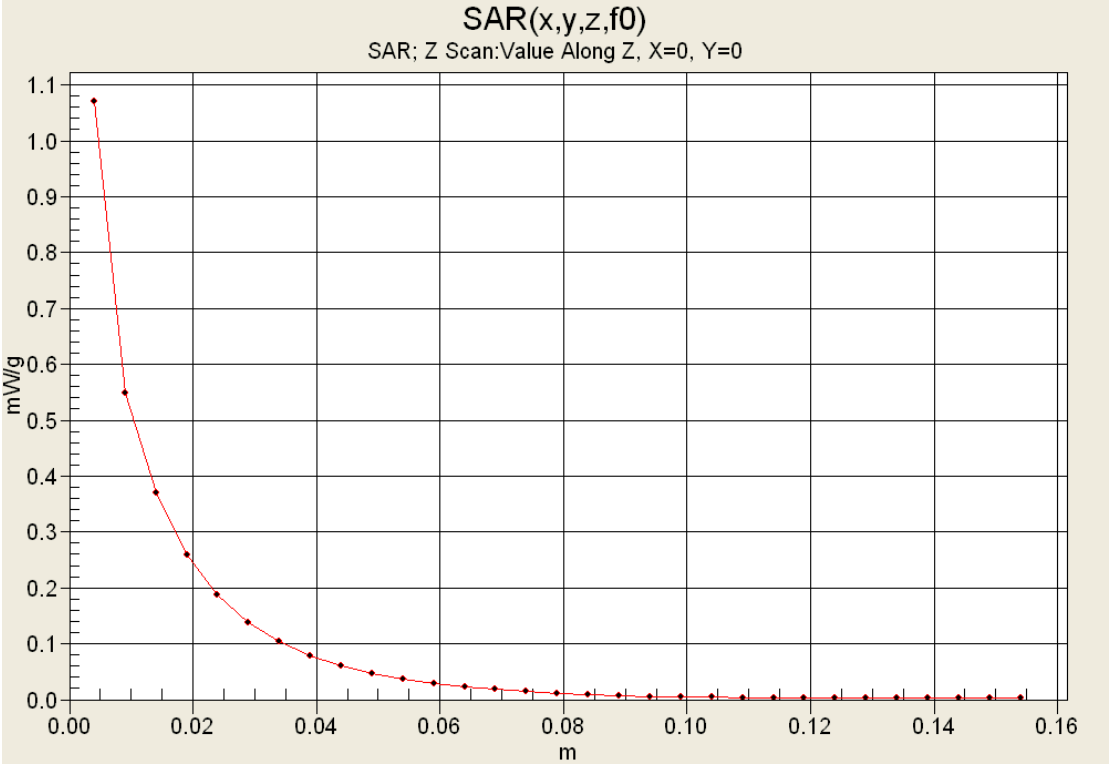
Communication System: CW
Frequency: 156.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: M150 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 156.7 MHz; σ = 0.787 mho/m; ε_r = 61.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(8.3, 8.3, 8.3); Calibrated: 22/06/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn353; Calibrated: 27/04/2010
- Phantom: Side Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Body- Ch.14 – Ni-MH/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g
Body- Ch.14 – Ni-MH/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.592 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.656 mW/g
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 mW/g



Z-Axis Scan



Date Tested: 01/11/2012

Body-worn SAR - Ch. 14 - 156.7 MHz - Alkaline Batteries

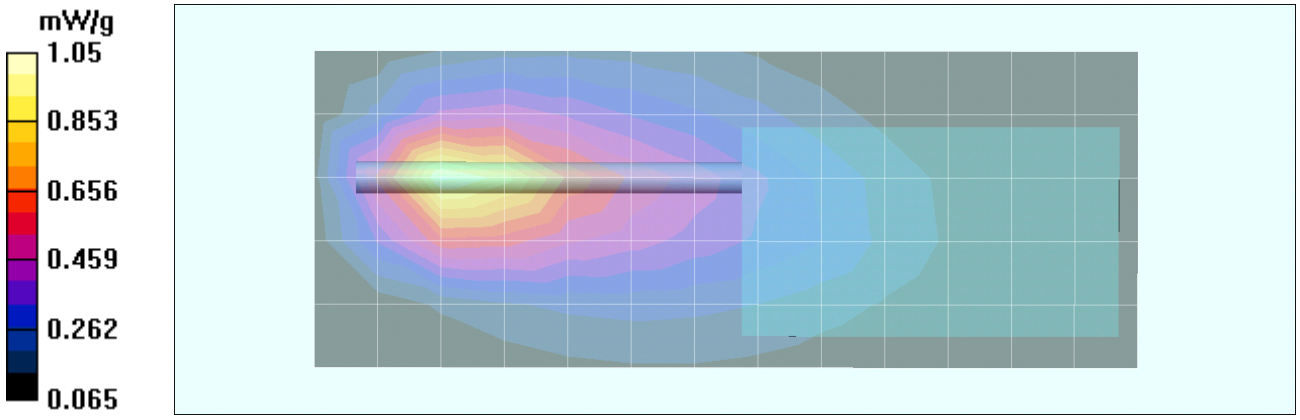
DUT: Uniden Atlantis 200; Type: Portable VHF PTT Marine Radio Transceiver; Serial: UT641Z T/A

Ambient Temp: 21C; Fluid Temp: 22.2C; Barometric Pressure: 101.1 kPa; Humidity: 30%

Communication System: CW
Frequency: 156.7 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: M150 Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 156.7 MHz; σ = 0.787 mho/m; ε_r = 61.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(8.3, 8.3, 8.3); Calibrated: 22/06/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection (Locations From Previous Scan Used))Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn353; Calibrated: 27/04/2010
- Phantom: Side Planar; Type: Plexiglas; Serial: 161
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Body - Ch.14 - Alkaline/Area Scan (6x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 mW/g
Body - Ch.14 - Alkaline/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7.5mm, dy=7.5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.1 V/m; Power Drift = -1.55 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.08 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.611 mW/g
Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation.
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.05 mW/g



APPENDIX B - SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK PLOT

Date Tested: 01/11/2012

System Performance Check - 300 MHz Dipole - Head

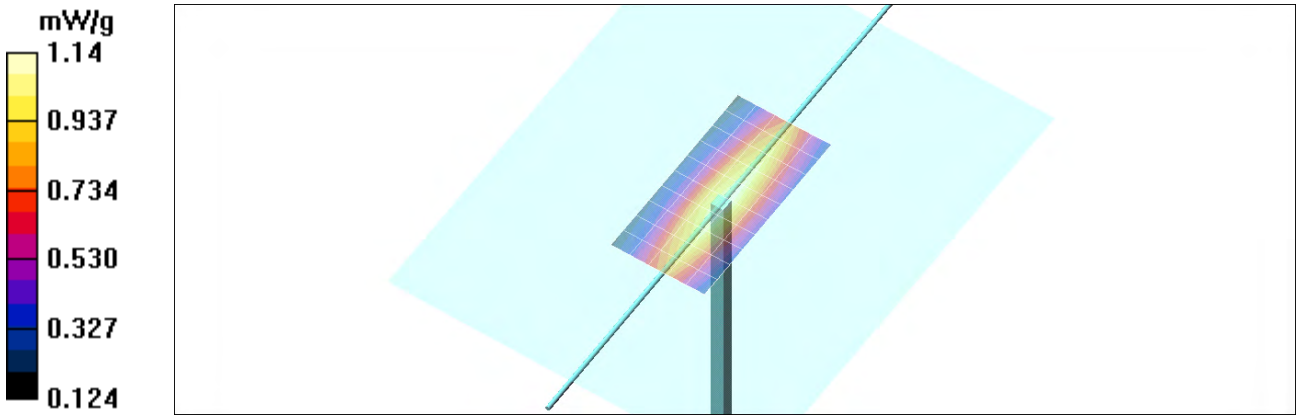
DUT: Dipole 300 MHz; Type: D300V3; Serial: 1009; Calibrated: 18/01/2010

Ambient Temp: 21C; Fluid Temp: 20.9C; Barometric Pressure: 101.1 kPa; Humidity: 30%

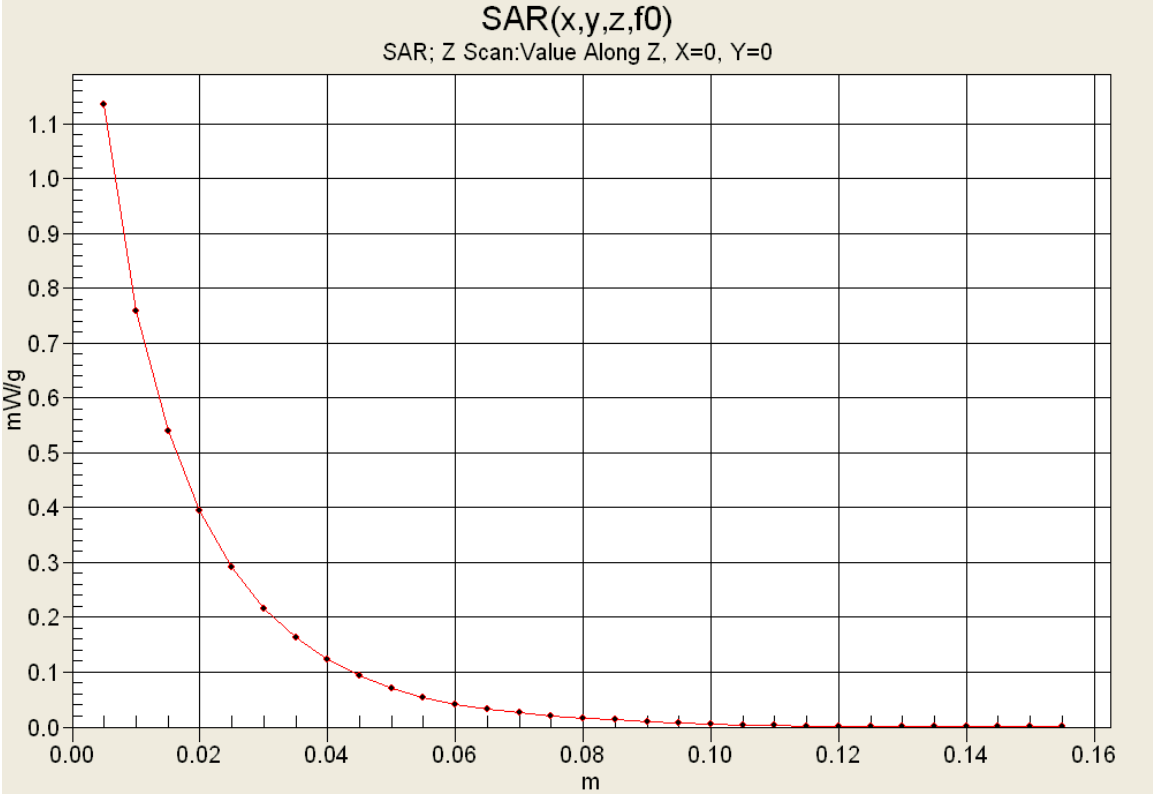
Communication System: CW
Frequency: 300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 300 HSL Medium parameters used: f = 300 MHz; σ = 0.86 mho/m; ε_r = 47; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1590; ConvF(8, 8, 8); Calibrated: 22/06/2011
- Sensor-Surface: 5mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn353; Calibrated: 27/04/2010
- Phantom: Barski Industries; Type: Fiberglas Planar; Serial: 03-01
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 171

Head d=15mm, Pin = 398mW/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g
Head d=15mm, Pin = 398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 35.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.031 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.18 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.787 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 mW/g



Z-Axis Scan



APPENDIX C - MEASURED FLUID DIELECTRIC PARAMETERS

300 MHz Head

****

Celltech Labs
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
11/Jan/2012
Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM

****

Freq	FCC_eH	FCC_sH	Test_e	Test_s
0.2000	49.97	0.80	50.75	0.76
0.2100	49.50	0.80	49.86	0.78
0.2200	49.03	0.81	49.11	0.78
0.2300	48.57	0.82	48.76	0.79
0.2400	48.10	0.83	47.88	0.80
0.2500	47.63	0.83	46.34	0.82
0.2600	47.17	0.84	46.99	0.81
0.2700	46.70	0.85	47.23	0.84
0.2800	46.23	0.86	47.17	0.84
0.2900	45.77	0.86	46.17	0.83
0.3000	45.30	0.87	47.04	0.86
0.3100	45.18	0.87	46.42	0.87
0.3200	45.06	0.87	45.96	0.86
0.3300	44.94	0.87	45.66	0.88
0.3400	44.82	0.87	44.73	0.88
0.3500	44.70	0.87	44.16	0.87
0.3600	44.58	0.87	44.55	0.91
0.3700	44.46	0.87	43.89	0.91
0.3800	44.34	0.87	43.88	0.93
0.3900	44.22	0.87	43.28	0.91
0.4000	44.10	0.87	43.81	0.94

150 MHz Head

****

Celltech Labs
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
11/Jan/2012
Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eH FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Epsilon
FCC_sH FCC OET 65 Supplement C (June 2001) Limits for Head Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM

****

Freq	FCC_eH	FCC_sH	Test_e	Test_s
0.0500	56.97	0.69	117.74	0.60
0.0600	56.50	0.69	87.12	0.63
0.0700	56.03	0.70	78.32	0.60
0.0800	55.57	0.71	70.98	0.65
0.0900	55.10	0.72	67.78	0.68
0.1000	54.63	0.72	59.39	0.70
0.1100	54.17	0.73	54.99	0.69
0.1200	53.70	0.74	56.22	0.71
0.1300	53.23	0.75	54.95	0.73
0.1400	52.77	0.75	54.64	0.73
0.1500	52.30	0.76	53.01	0.75
0.1600	51.83	0.77	50.97	0.76
0.1700	51.37	0.77	54.74	0.77
0.1800	50.90	0.78	51.38	0.78
0.1900	50.43	0.79	52.57	0.79
0.2000	49.97	0.80	52.01	0.79
0.2100	49.50	0.80	49.83	0.81
0.2200	49.03	0.81	50.87	0.81
0.2300	48.57	0.82	49.90	0.82
0.2400	48.10	0.83	49.16	0.82
0.2500	47.63	0.83	49.55	0.85

150 MHz Body

****

Celltech Labs
Test Result for UIM Dielectric Parameter
11/Jan/2012
Frequency (GHz)
FCC_eB FCC Limits for Body Epsilon
FCC_sB FCC Limits for Body Sigma
Test_e Epsilon of UIM
Test_s Sigma of UIM

****

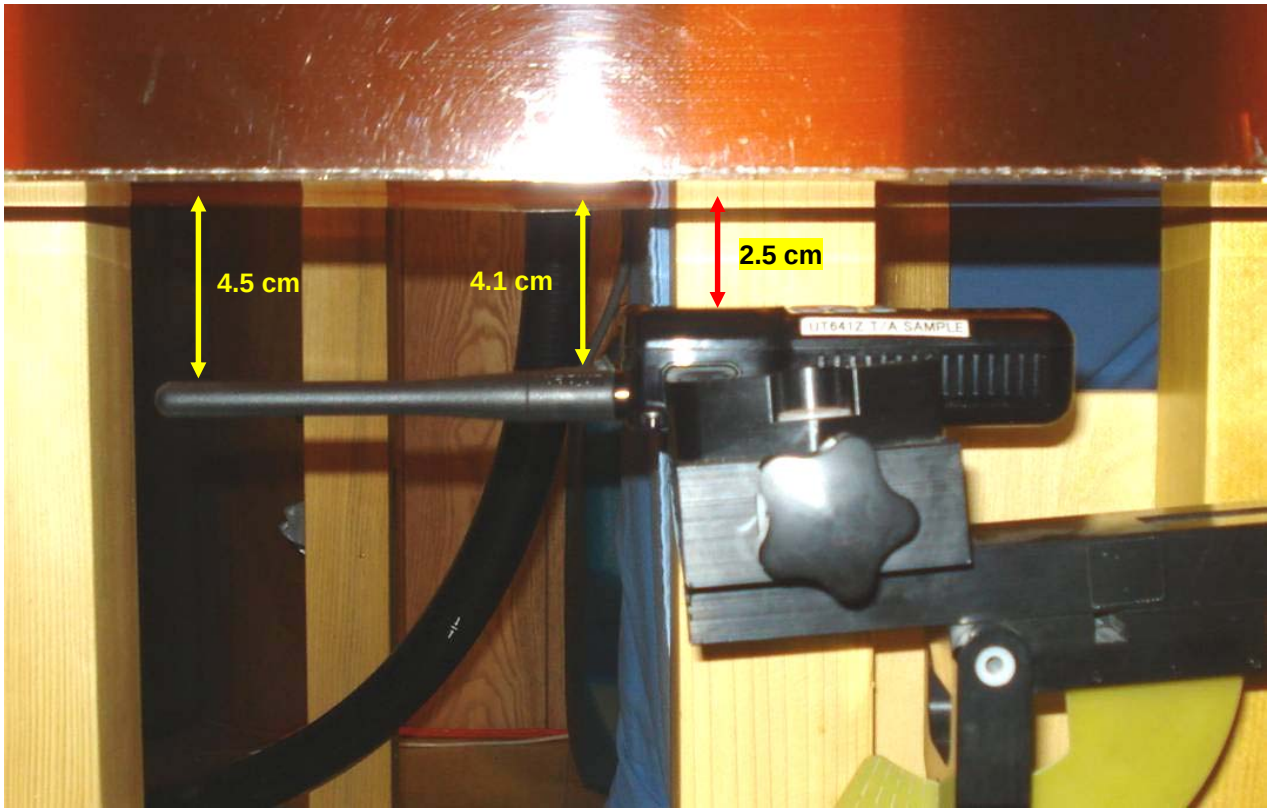
Freq	FCC_eB	FCC_sB	Test_e	Test_s
0.0500	64.37	0.72	124.59	0.64
0.0600	64.12	0.73	96.17	0.66
0.0700	63.87	0.74	83.37	0.64
0.0800	63.63	0.74	80.26	0.70
0.0900	63.38	0.75	76.63	0.72
0.1000	63.13	0.76	66.93	0.75
0.1100	62.89	0.77	64.38	0.73
0.1200	62.64	0.78	64.82	0.75
0.1300	62.39	0.78	63.70	0.76
0.1400	62.15	0.79	63.68	0.78
0.1500	61.90	0.80	63.55	0.76
0.1600	61.65	0.81	59.90	0.80
0.1700	61.41	0.82	63.92	0.80
0.1800	61.16	0.82	60.79	0.80
0.1900	60.91	0.83	62.36	0.81
0.2000	60.67	0.84	62.12	0.81
0.2100	60.42	0.85	60.25	0.82
0.2200	60.17	0.86	61.38	0.83
0.2300	59.93	0.86	61.23	0.82
0.2400	59.68	0.87	59.54	0.83
0.2500	59.43	0.88	60.48	0.84

APPENDIX D - SAR TEST SETUP & DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

FACE-HELD SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Face-held Test Setup Configuration

FACE-HELD SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

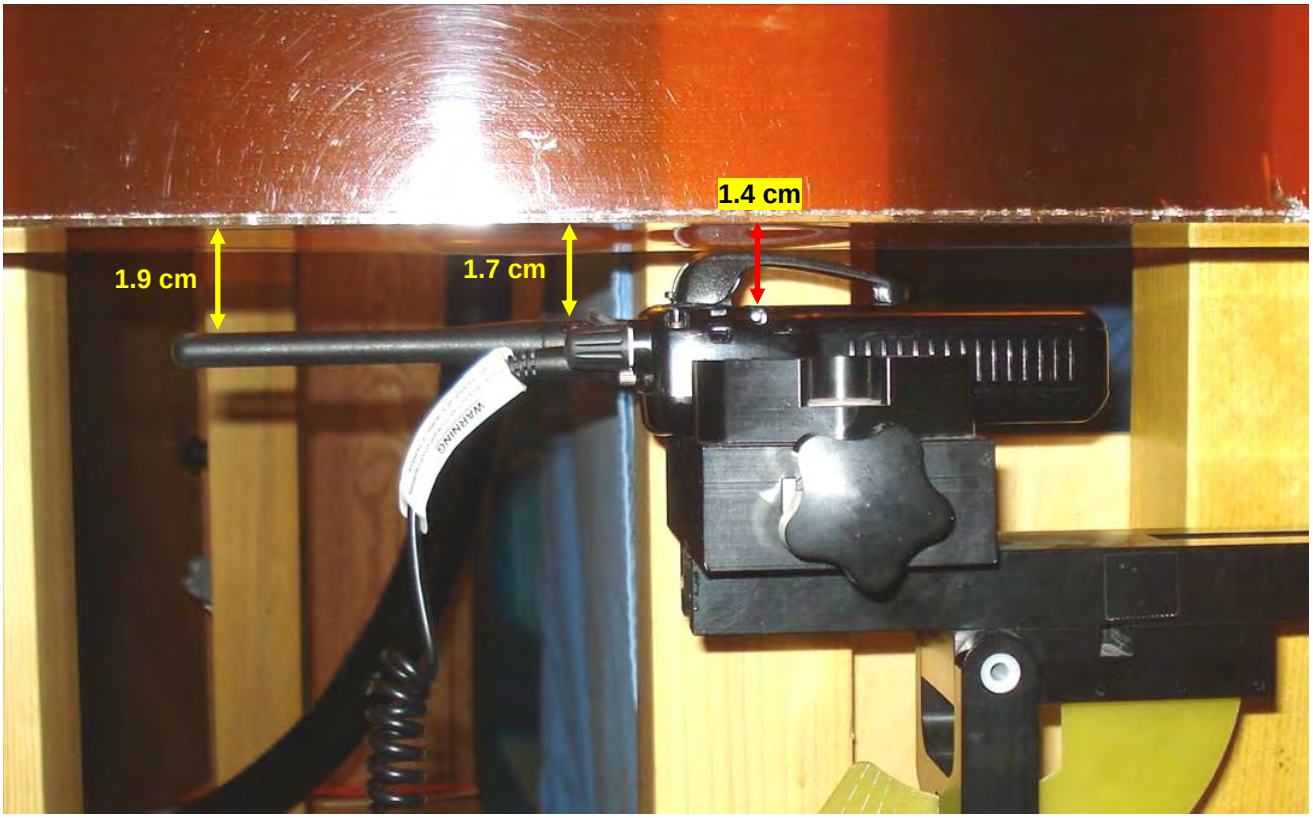


DUT Distance to Phantom

BODY-WORN SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Body-worn Test Setup Configuration

BODY-WORN SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS



DUT Distance to Phantom

DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

DUT Front Side

DUT Left Side

DUT Back Side

DUT Right Side

DUT Top end

DUT Bottom end

DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Flexible Whip Antenna (P/N: BATG0565001)

DUT with Plastic Belt-clip accessory

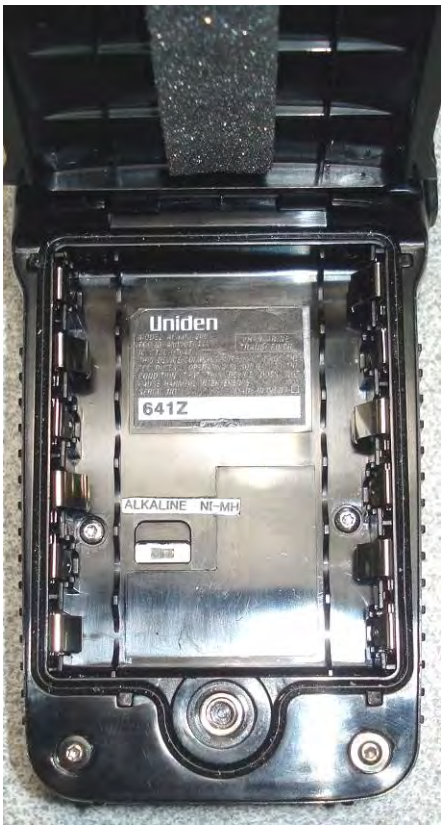
DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Plastic Belt-Clip Accessory

DUT PHOTOGRAPHS

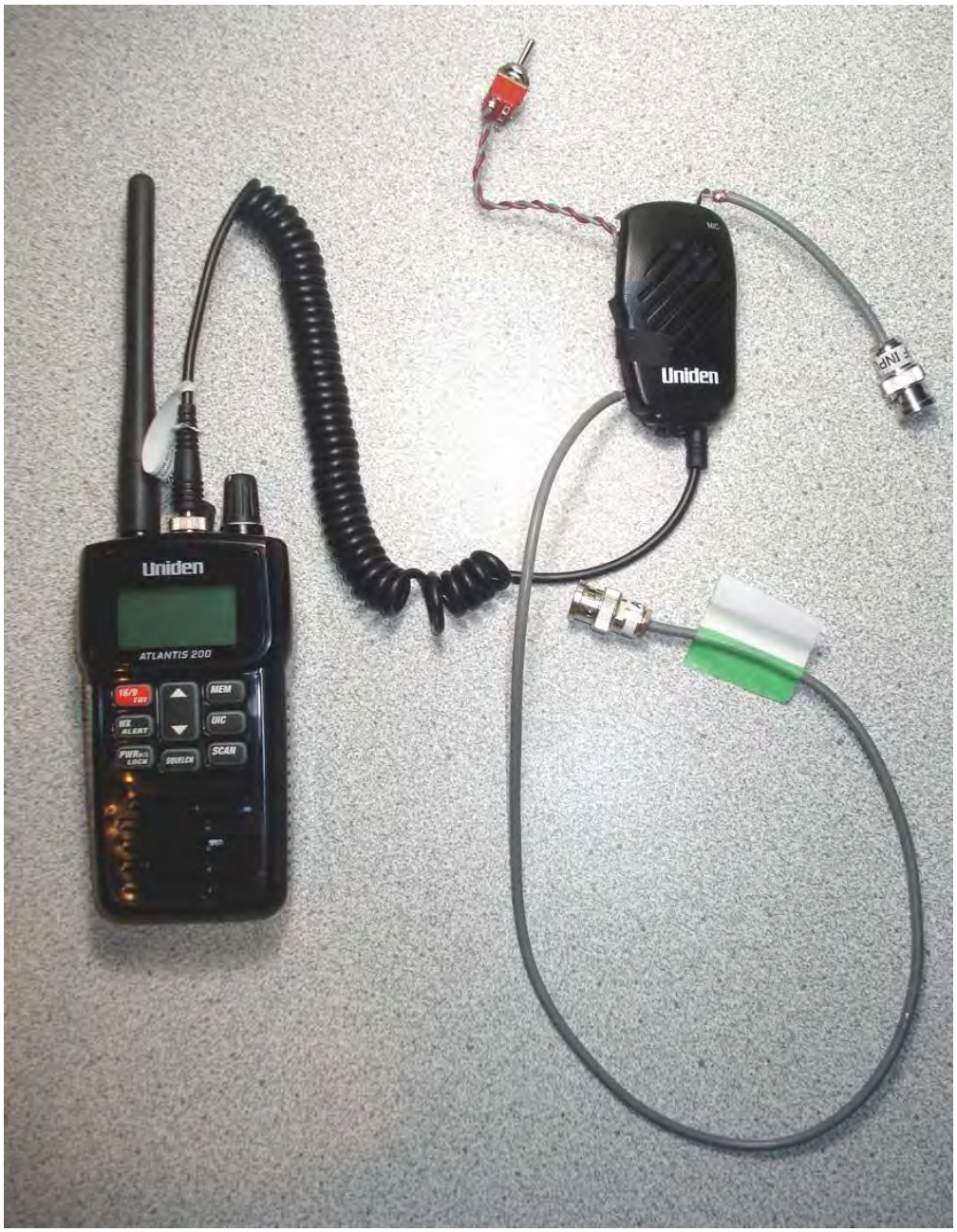
DUT with Ni-MH AAA Batteries

DUT with Alkaline AAA Batteries



DUT Battery Compartment

DUT PHOTOGRAPHS



DUT with Speaker-Microphone Audio Accessory (P/N: SM81)

APPENDIX E - DIPOLE CALIBRATION

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Celltech**

Certificate No: D300V3-1009_Jan10

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D300V3 - SN: 1009**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-15.v5**
Calibration Procedure for dipole validation kits below 800 MHz

Calibration date: **January 18, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificete.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment usad (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-09 (No. 217-01030)	Apr-10
Reference 3 dB Attenuetor	SN: S5054 (3c)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01026)	Mar-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01028)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mer-10
Reference Probe ET3DV6 (LF)	SN: 1507	03-Jul-09 (No. ET3-1507_Jul09)	Jul-10
DAE4	SN: 654	04-May-09 (No. DAE4-654_May09)	May-10

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzar HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	**Jeton Kastrati**	**Laboratory Technician**	i.V.
Approved by:	**Katja Pokovic**	**Technical Manager**	

Issued: January 20, 2010

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	ELI4 Flat Phantom	Shell thickness: 2 ± 0.2 mm
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Area Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 15 mm	
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	300 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	45.3	0.87 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	45.8 ± 6 %	0.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	1.14 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	2.86 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**2.95 mW / g ± 18.1 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	398 mW input power	0.76 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	1.92 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**1.97 mW / g ± 17.6 % (k=2)**

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.3 Ω - 8.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 20.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.747 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	February 26, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 1/18/2010 2:57:54 PM

DUT: Dipole 300 MHz; Type: D300V3; Serial: D300V3 - SN:1009

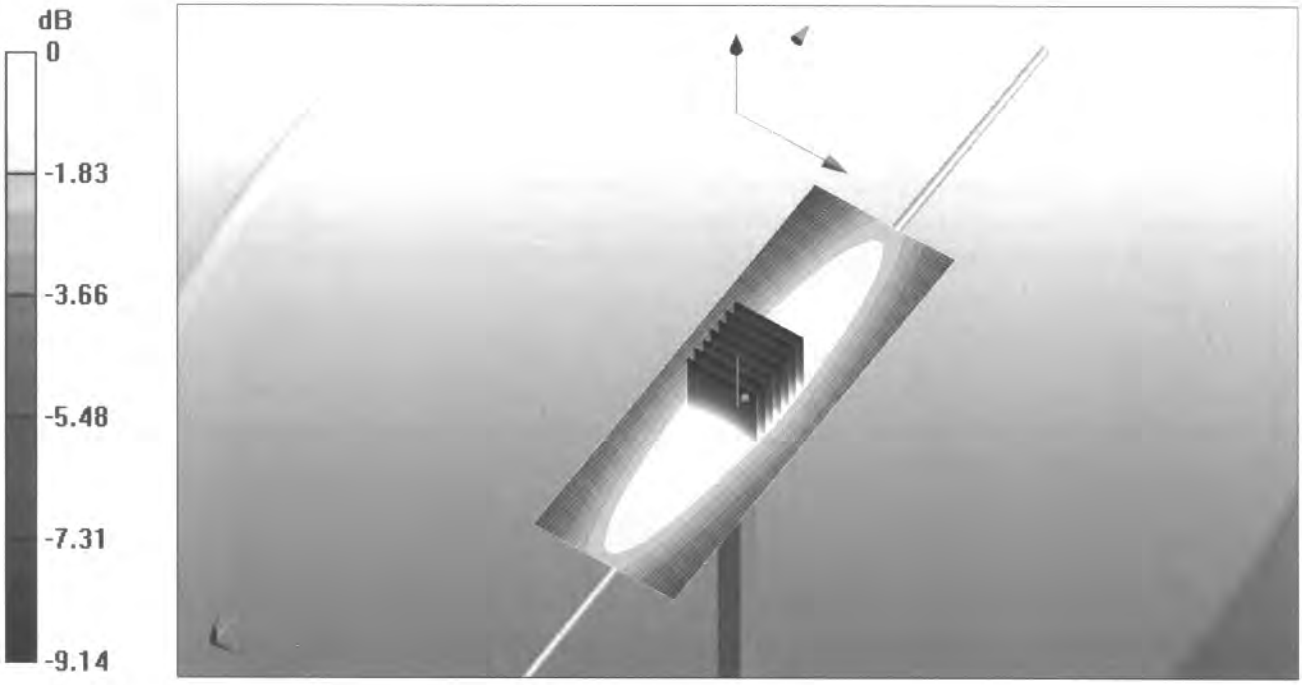
Communication System: CW; Frequency: 300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL300
Medium parameters used: f = 300 MHz; σ = 0.84 mho/m; ε_r = 45.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507 (LF); ConvF(7.5, 7.5, 7.5); Calibrated: 7/3/2009
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn654; Calibrated: 5/4/2009
- Phantom: ELI 4.0; Type: QDOVA001BA; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 162; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

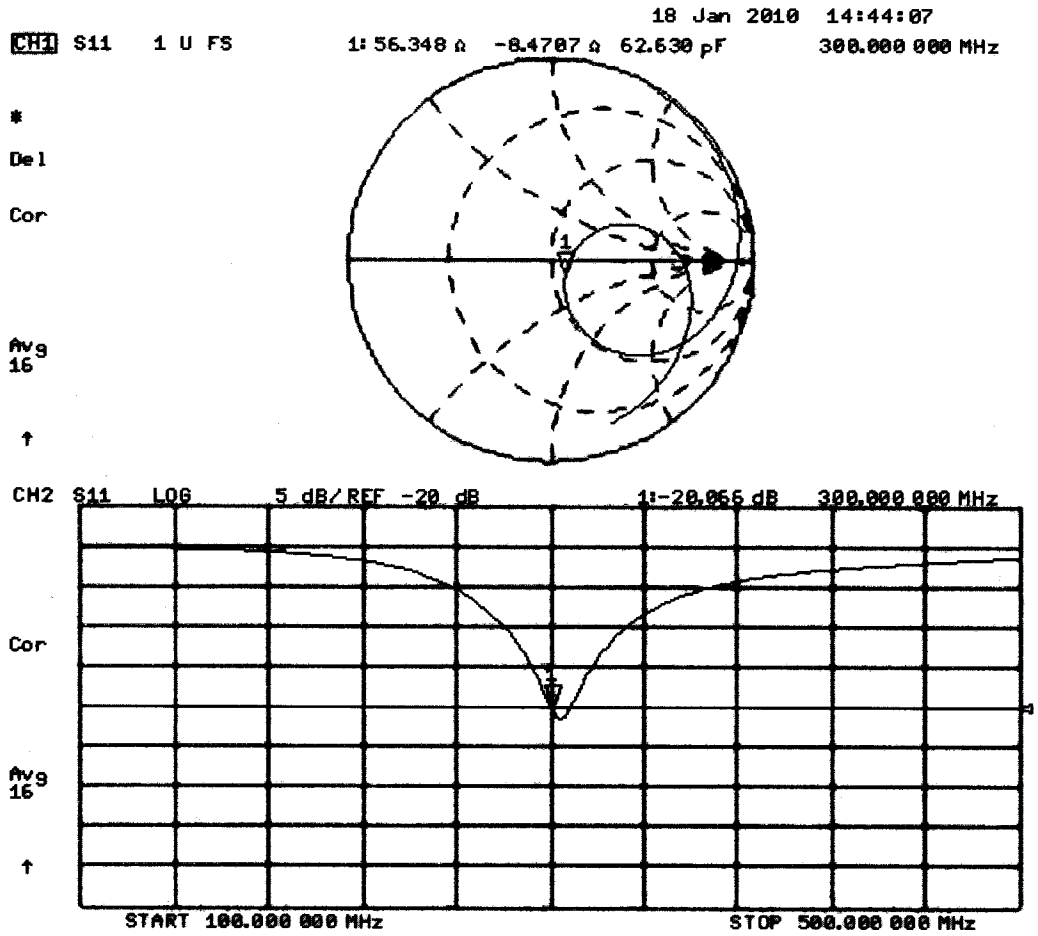
Head/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Area Scan (41x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.2 mW/g

Head/d=15mm, Pin=398mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 38.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00736 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.14 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.763 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 mW/g



0 dB = 1.21mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



APPENDIX F - PROBE CALIBRATION

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client Celltech

Certificate No: ET3-1590_Jun11

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object: ET3DV6 - SN:1590

Calibration procedure(s): QA CAL-01.v8, QA CAL-12.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v4
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: June 22, 2011

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: June 23, 2011

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z, VRx,y,z: A, B, C* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe ET3DV6

SN:1590

Manufactured: March 19, 2001
Calibrated: June 22, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1590

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	1.93	2.00	1.66	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	96.0	98.7	88.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	104.2	±2.7 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.7	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	129.9	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1590

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	43.5	0.87	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.18	2.10	± 13.4 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.50	6.50	6.50	0.38	2.55	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.39	2.47	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

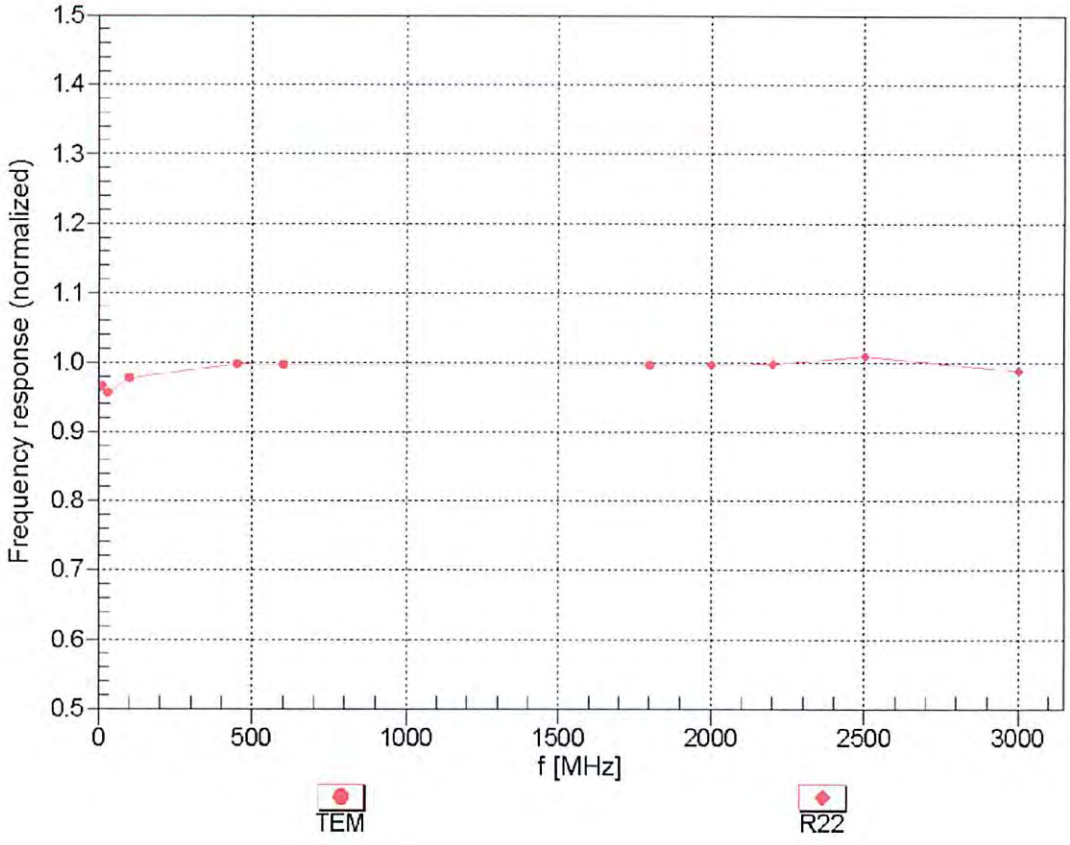
DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6- SN:1590

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
450	56.7	0.94	7.82	7.82	7.82	0.12	2.04	± 13.4 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.37	6.37	6.37	0.42	2.33	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.40	2.45	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.
[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

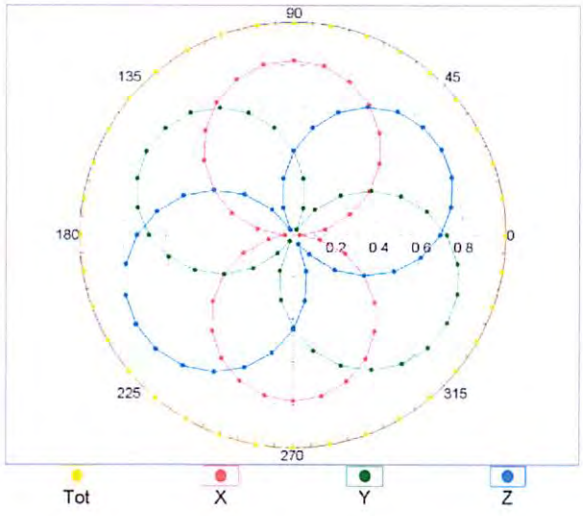
Frequency Response of E-Field
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



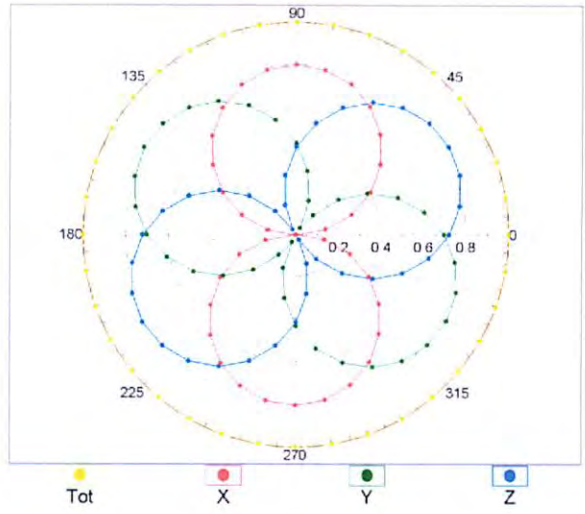
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

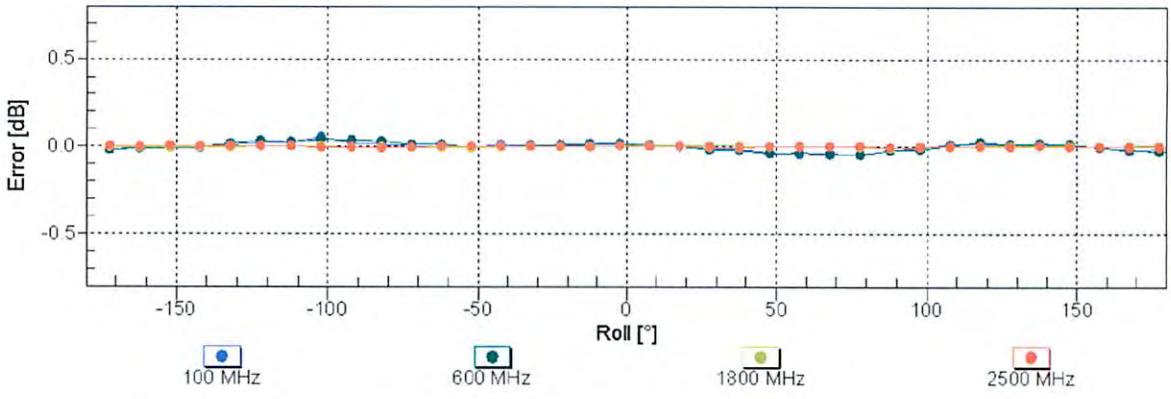
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



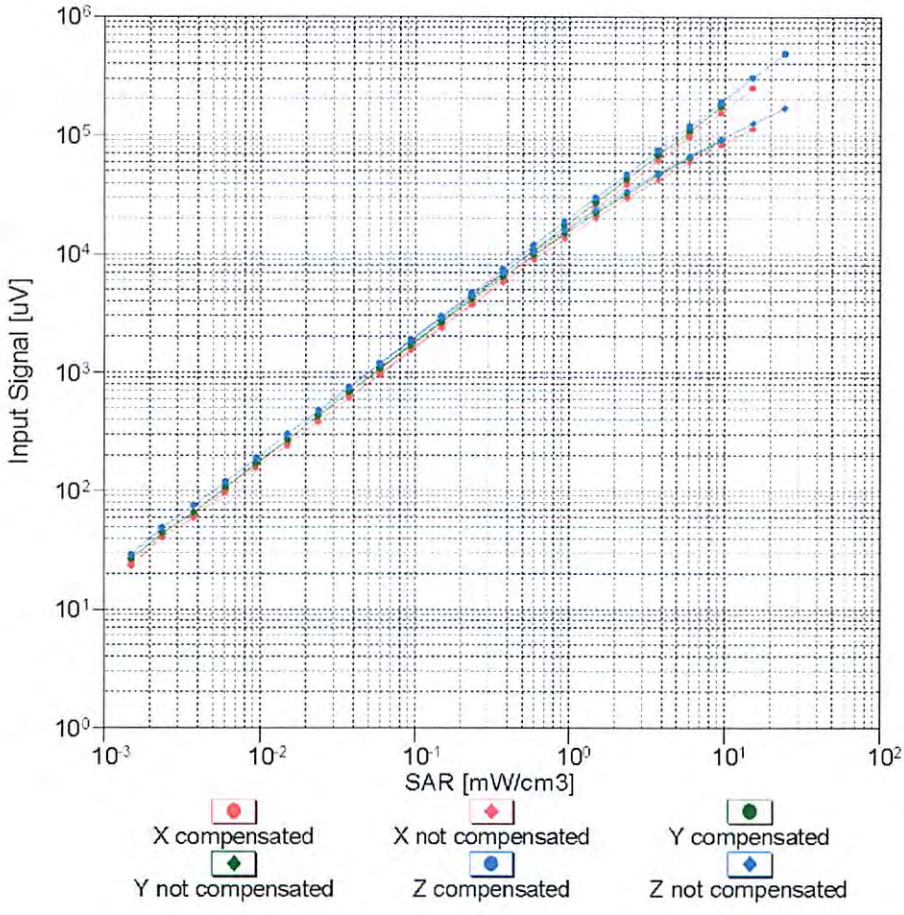
f=1800 MHz,R22

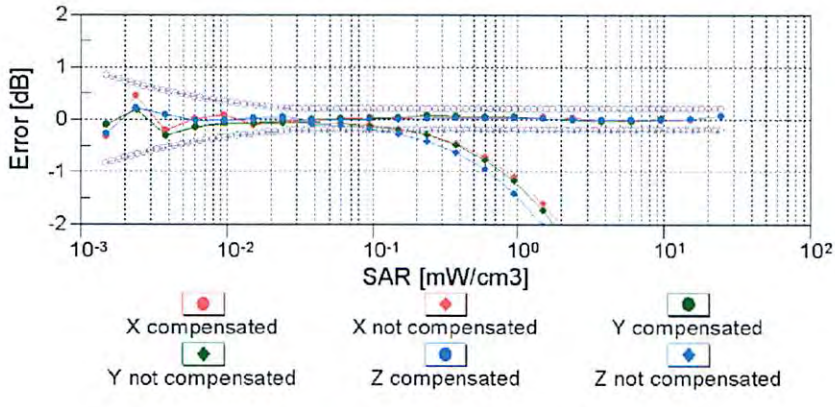




Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

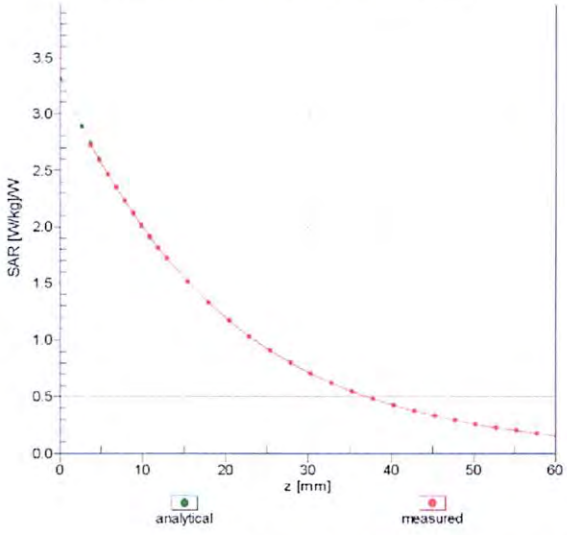




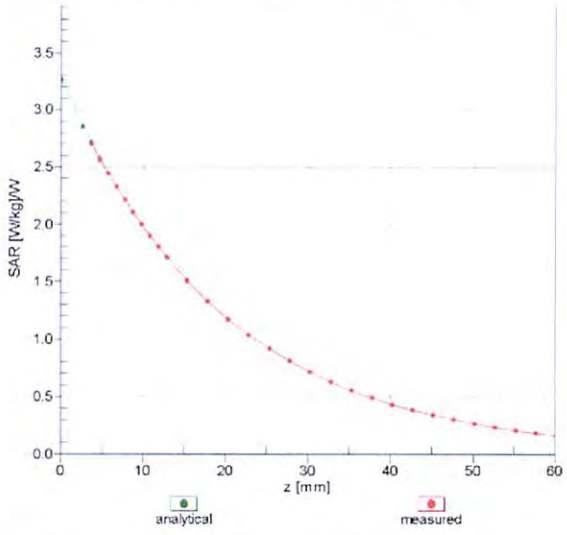
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

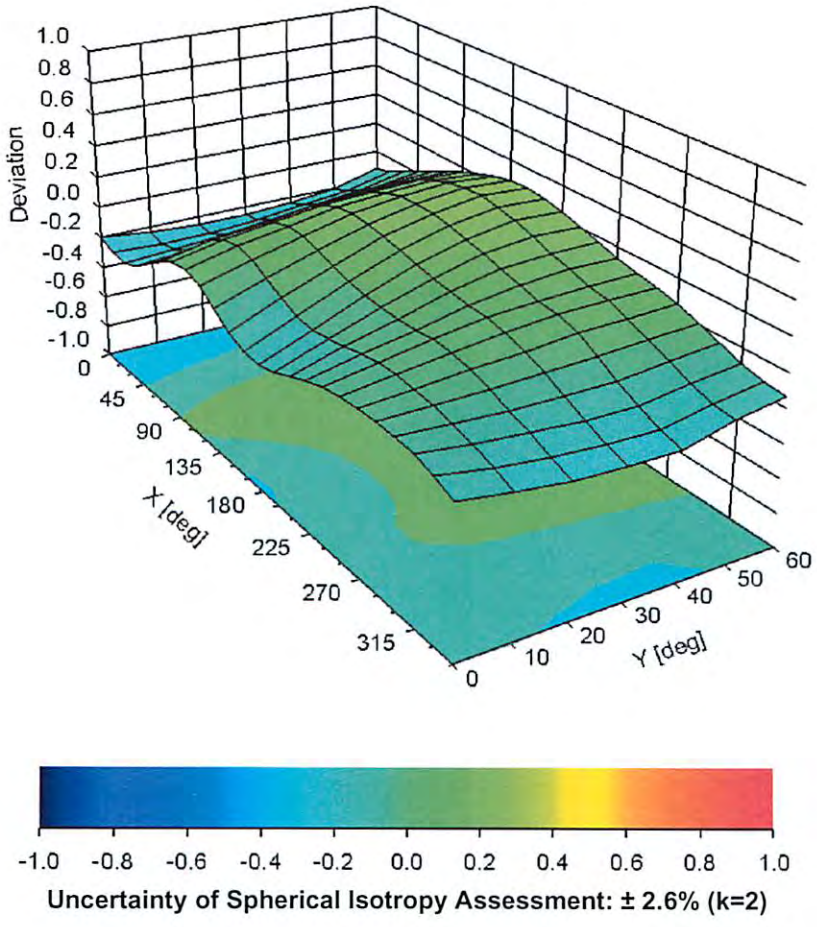


f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (M_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ET3DV6 - SN:1590

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	6.8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.7 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	4 mm

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Additional Conversion Factors

for Dosimetric E-Field Probe

Type:	**ET3DV6**
Serial Number:	**1590**
Place of Assessment:	**Zurich**
Date of Assessment:	**June 24, 2011**
Probe Calibration Date:	**June 22, 2011**

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG hereby certifies that conversion factor(s) of this probe have been evaluated on the date indicated above. The assessment was performed using the FDTD numerical code SEMCAD of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG. Since the evaluation is coupled with measured conversion factors, it has to be recalculated yearly, i.e., following the re-calibration schedule of the probe. The uncertainty of the numerical assessment is based on the extrapolation from measured value at 450, 835 and 900 MHz.

Assessed by:

Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

s p e a g

Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland
Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779
info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

Dosimetric E-Field Probe ET3DV6 SN:1590

Conversion factor (± standard deviation)

150 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**8.9 ± 10%**	**ε_r = 52.3** **σ = 0.76 mho/m** (head tissue)
300 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**8.0 ± 9%**	**ε_r = 45.3** **σ = 0.87 mho/m** (head tissue)
150 ± 50 MHz	*ConvF*	**8.3 ± 10%**	**ε_r = 61.9** **σ = 0.80 mho/m** (body tissue)

Important Note:

For numerically assessed probe conversion factors, parameters Alpha and Delta in the DASY software must have the following entries: Alpha = 0 and Delta = 1.

Please see also DASY Manual.

APPENDIX G - BARSKI PHANTOM CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY

2378 Westlake Road
Kelowna, B.C. Canada
V1Z-2V2

BARSKI INDUSTRIES (1985) LTD.

Ph. # 250-769-6848
Fax # 250-769-6334
E-mail: barskiind@shaw.ca
Web: www.bcfiberglass.com

FIBERGLASS FABRICATORS

Certificate of Conformity

Item : Flat Planar Phantom Unit # 03-01
Date: June 16, 2003
Manufacturer: Barski Industries (1985 Ltd)

Test	Requirement	Details
Shape	Compliance to geometry according to drawing	Supplied CAD drawing
Material Thickness	Compliant with the requirements	2mm +/- 0.2mm in measurement area
Material Parameters	Dielectric parameters for required frequencies Based on Dow Chemical technical data	100 MHz-5 GHz Relative permittivity<5 Loss Tangent<0.05

Conformity

Based on the above information, we certify this product to be compliant to the requirements specified.

Signature: _____

Daniel Chailler

Fiberglass Planar Phantom - Top View

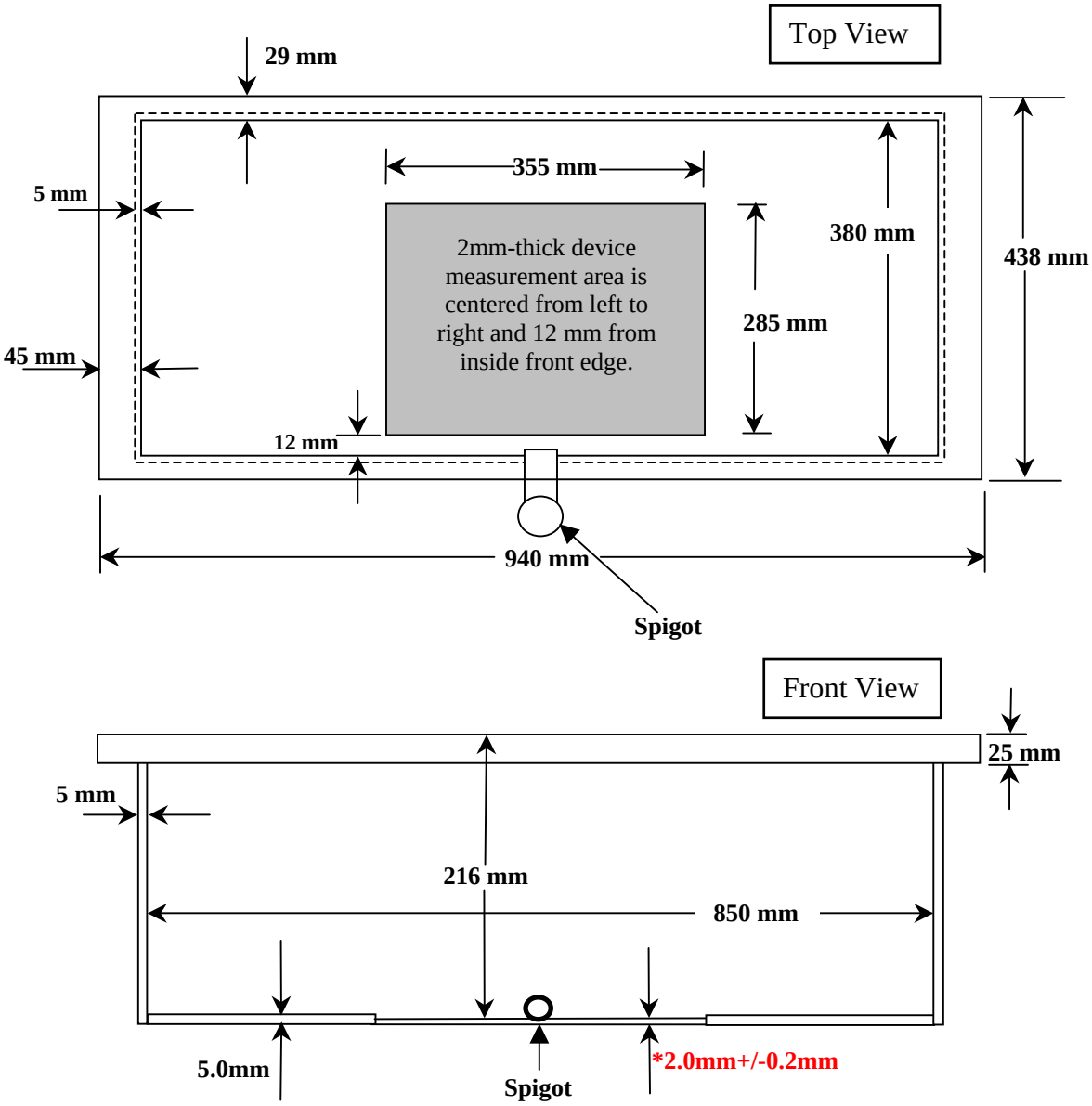
Fiberglass Planar Phantom - Front View

Fiberglass Planar Phantom - Back View

Fiberglass Planar Phantom - Bottom View

Dimensions of Fiberglass Planar Phantom

(Manufactured by Barski Industries Ltd. - Unit# 03-01)



Note: Measurements that aren't repeated for the opposite sides are the same as the side measured. This drawing is not to scale.