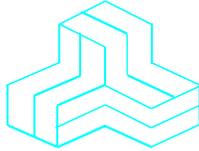


ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



Communications Receiver
Model No.: IC-R20

FCC ID: AFJ269900

Applicant:

ICOM Incorporated
1-1-32, Kamiminami
Hirano-ku, Osaka
Japan, 547-003

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
47 CFR, Part 15, Subpart B
Scanning Receivers Operating in the Frequency Band 0.15 - 3304.999 MHz

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-082FCC15RX

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of
Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer,
Vice President of Engineering
UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: March 25, 2004



Report Prepared by: Dan Huynh

Tested by: Hung Trinh, EMI/RFI Technician

Issued Date: March 25, 2004

Test Dates: March 18, 2004

- *The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.*
- *This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.*

UltraTech

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ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

3000 Bristol Circle, Oakville, Ontario, Canada L6H 6G4
Tel.: 905-829-1570, Fax. : 905-829-8050

File #: ICOM-082FCC15RX

March 25, 2004

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

EXHIBIT 1. SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST

| Annex No. | Exhibit Type | Description of Contents | Quality Check (OK) |
|-----------|-------------------------|--|--------------------|
| -- | Test Report | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Exhibit 1: Submittal check lists ▪ Exhibit 2: Introduction ▪ Exhibit 3: Performance Assessment ▪ Exhibit 4: EUT Operation and Configuration during Tests ▪ Exhibit 5: Summary of test Results ▪ Exhibit 6: Measurement Data ▪ Exhibit 7: Measurement Uncertainty ▪ Exhibit 8: Measurement Methods | OK |
| 1 | Test Setup Photos | Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photos | OK |
| 2 | External Photos of EUT | External EUT Photos | OK |
| 3 | Internal Photos of EUT | Internal EUT Photos | OK |
| 4 | Cover Letters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cover Letter for Certification Request. ▪ Letter from the Applicant to appoint Ultratech to act as an agent ▪ Letter from the Applicant to request for Confidentiality Filing | OK |
| 5 | Attestation Statements | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Manufacturer Attestation Letter ▪ Part 2.1033(b)(12) for Scanning Receiver | OK |
| 6 | ID Label/Location Info | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ ID Label ▪ Location of ID Label | OK |
| 7 | Block Diagrams | Block Diagrams | OK |
| 8 | Schematic Diagrams | Schematics | OK |
| 9 | Operational Description | IC-R20 Circuit Description | OK |
| 10 | RF Exposure Info | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Users Manual | Instruction Manual | OK |

EXHIBIT 2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. SCOPE

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Reference: | FCC Part 15, Subpart B, Sections 15.107, 15.109, 15.111 & 15.121 |
| Title: | Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Title 47, Telecommunication, Part 15 |
| Purpose of Test: | To gain FCC Certification Authorization for Scanning Receivers operating in 0.150 – 3304.999 MHz. |
| Test Procedures: | Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz. |
| Environmental Classification: | Commercial, industrial or business environment. |

2.2. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None.

2.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

| Publication | Year | Title |
|---------------------|--------------|---|
| FCC CFR Parts 0-19 | 2003 | Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication |
| ANSI C63.4 | 2003 | American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz |
| CISPR 22 & EN 55022 | 2002 2003 | Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment |
| CISPR 16-1 | 1999 | Specification for Radio Disturbance and Immunity measuring apparatus and methods |

EXHIBIT 3. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

3.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

| APPLICANT | |
|------------------------|--|
| Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

| MANUFACTURER | |
|------------------------|--|
| Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Address: | 1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003 |
| Contact Person: | Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp |

3.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Brand Name: | ICOM Incorporated |
| Product Name: | Communications Receiver |
| Model Name or Number: | IC-R20 |
| Serial Number: | 0000017 |
| Type of Equipment: | Scanning Receivers |
| External Power Supply: | N/A |
| Power input source: | 3 AA (R6) alkaline cells, BP-206 Li-ion battery pack or 6.0 V DC \pm 5% (with AC adaptor, BC-149A/D or CP-18A/E) |

3.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| RECEIVER | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Equipment Type: | Portable |
| Power Supply Requirement: | 3 AA (R6) alkaline cells, BP-206 Li-ion battery pack or 6.0 V DC $\pm 5\%$ (with AC adaptor, BC-149A/D or CP-18A/E) |
| Operating Frequency Range: | 0.150 – 3304.999 MHz |
| RF Input Impedance: | 50 Ohms |

3.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

| Port Number | EUT's Port Description | Number of Identical Ports | Connector Type | Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded) |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Antenna Connector | 1 | BNC | N/A |
| 2 | External DC-IN Connector | 1 | Power Jack | Non-shielded |
| 3 | External Speaker Connector | 1 | RCA Jack | Non-shielded |
| 4 | USB Jack | 1 | USB | Shielded |

3.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

The EUT was tested while connected to the following representative configuration of ancillary equipment necessary to exercise the ports during tests:

| Ancillary Equipment # 1 | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| Description: | AC Adapter |
| Brand name: | ICOM |
| Model Name or Number: | BC-149A |
| Serial Number: | MKD-480601000 |
| Cable Type: | Non-shielded |

| Ancillary Equipment # 2 | |
|-------------------------|--------------|
| Description: | Earphone |
| Brand name: | ICOM |
| Model Name or Number: | SP-13 |
| Serial Number: | N/A |
| Cable Type: | Non-shielded |

3.6. DRAWING OF TEST SETUP

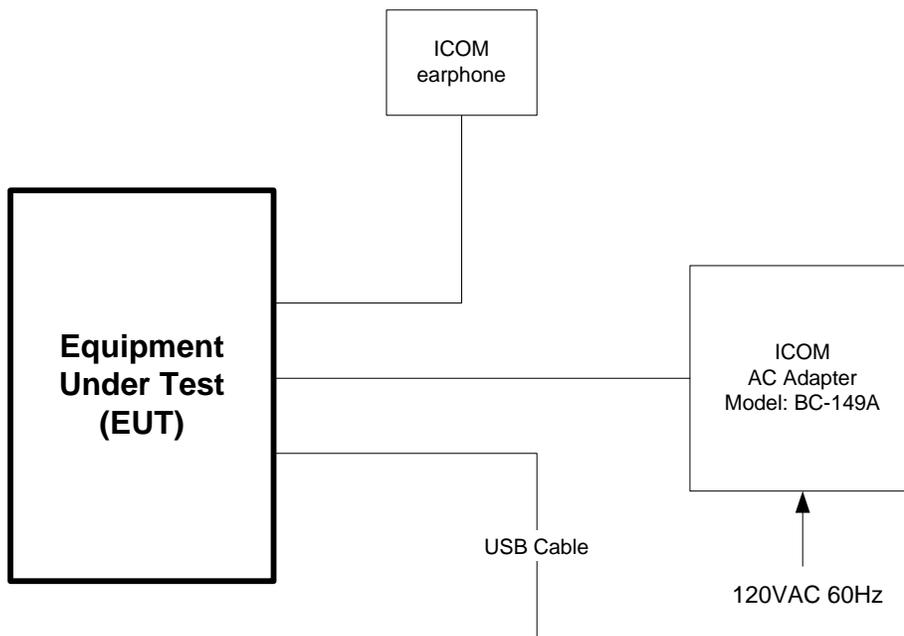


EXHIBIT 4. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

4.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Temperature: | 21°C |
| Humidity: | 51% |
| Pressure: | 102 kPa |
| Power input source: | 6.0 V DC \pm 5% via BC-149A AC adaptor |

4.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Operating Modes: | The receiver was operated in the normal intended mode during testing |
| Special Test Software: | None |
| Special Hardware Used: | None |
| Receiver Test Antenna: | The EUT's was tested with its antenna attached for radiated emissions. |

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Receiver Test Signals | |
| Frequency Band(s): | 30 - 960 MHz |
| Test Frequency(ies): (Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in the frequency range of operation.) | 30, 495 and 960 MHz |

EXHIBIT 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Powerline Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 16'(L) by 12'(W) by 12'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario.

The above sites have been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville Open Field Test Site has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049). Last Date of Site Calibration: Feb. 17, 2004.

5.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

| FCC Part 15, Subpart B | Test Requirements | Compliance (Yes/No) |
|------------------------|--|---------------------|
| 15.107(a), Class B | AC Power Line Conducted Emissions Measurements | Yes |
| 15.111(a) | Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions for Non-Integral Antenna Port | Yes |
| 15.109(a) | Radiated Emissions from Scanning Receivers & Class B Digital Device | Yes |
| 15.121 | Requirements for Scanning Receivers | Yes |

5.3. MODIFICATIONS REQUIRED FOR COMPLIANCE

None.

EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

6.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report.

6.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

6.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4:1992, CISPR 22 and CISPR 16-1.

6.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER

The Scanning Receivers was operated as its normal intended mode during testing.

6.5. AC POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.107 (a)]

6.5.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

| Frequency of Emission MHz) | Class B Conducted Limit (dB μ V) | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| | Quasi-peak | Average |
| 0.15-0.5 | 66 to 56 | 56 to 46 |
| 0.5-5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5-30 | 60 | 50 |

6.5.2. Method of Measurements

ANSI C63-4: 2003

6.5.3. Test Equipment List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver | Hewlett Packard | HP 8593EM | 3412A00103 | 9 kHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Transient Limiter | Hewlett Packard | 11947A | 310701998 | 9 kHz – 200 MHz 10 dB attenuation |
| L.I.S.N. | EMCO | 3825/2 | 89071531 | 9 kHz – 200 MHz 50 Ohms / 50 μ H |
| 12'x16'x12' RF Shielded Chamber | RF Shielding | ... | .. | ... |

6.5.4. Test Data

| Frequency (MHz) | RF Level (dBuV) | Receiver Detector (P/QP/AVG) | QP Limit (dBuV) | AVG Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Pass/Fail | Line Tested (L1/L2) |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------------|
| 0.164375 | 25.6 | QP | 65.2 | 55.2 | -39.6 | Pass | L1 |
| 0.164375 | 24.5 | AVG | 65.2 | 55.2 | -30.7 | Pass | L1 |
| 1.203525 | 24.4 | QP | 56.0 | 46.0 | -21.6 | Pass | L1 |
| 1.203525 | 18.6 | AVG | 56.0 | 46.0 | -27.4 | Pass | L1 |
| 0.164371 | 25.1 | QP | 65.2 | 55.2 | -40.1 | Pass | L2 |
| 0.164371 | 24.3 | AVG | 65.2 | 55.2 | -30.9 | Pass | L2 |
| 1.203515 | 23.0 | QP | 56.0 | 46.0 | -33.0 | Pass | L2 |
| 1.203515 | 17.2 | AVG | 56.0 | 46.0 | -28.8 | Pass | L2 |

The emissions were scanned from 150 kHz to 30 MHz at AC mains terminal via a LISN, please refer to Plots #1 and 2 for detailed measurement information.

Plot 1: AC Power Line Conducted Emissions
 Line Voltage: 6.0 V DC \pm 5% via BC-149A AC adaptor
 Line tested: L1



13:28:47 JAN 06, 2004

| Signal Freq (MHz) | PK Amp | QP Amp | AV Amp | AV Δ L2 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| 1 0.164375 | 27.0 | 25.6 | 24.5 | -30.8 |
| 2 1.203525 | 26.7 | 24.4 | 18.6 | -27.4 |

Last Hrd
 Key Menu

 SPAN

Aux Conn
 Control

STOP
 30.00 MHz

ACTV DET: PEAK
 MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
 MKR 1.20 MHz
 25.68 dB μ V



Plot 2: AC Power Line Conducted Emissions
 Line Voltage: 6.0 V DC \pm 5% via BC-149A AC adaptor
 Line tested: L2



13:28:47 JAN 06, 2004

| Signal | Freq (MHz) | PK Amp | QP Amp | AV Amp | AV Δ L2 |
|--------|------------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|
| 1 | 0.164371 | 26.7 | 25.1 | 24.3 | -31.0 |
| 2 | 1.203515 | 25.9 | 23.0 | 17.2 | -28.8 |

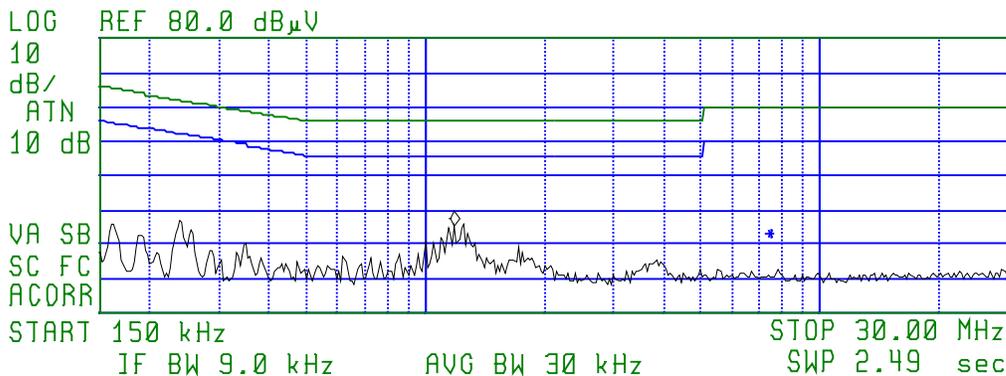
Last Hrd
 Key Menu

 SPAN

Aux Conn
 Control

STOP
 30.00 MHz

ACTV DET: PEAK
 MEAS DET: PEAK QP AVG
 MKR 1.20 MHz
 25.12 dB μ V



6.6. RECEIVER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.111(a)]

6.6.1. Limits

Receivers that operate (tune) in the frequency range 30 to 960 MHz and CB receivers that provides terminals for the connection of an external antenna may be tested to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of §15.109 with the antenna terminals shielded and terminated with a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified for the antenna, provided these receivers also comply with the following: ***With the receiver antenna terminal connected to a resistive termination equal to the impedance specified or employed for the antenna, the power at the antenna terminal at frequency within the range from 30 Mhz to 5th harmonic of the highest frequency shall not exceed 2.0 nanowatts (or -57 dBm @ 50 Ohm).***

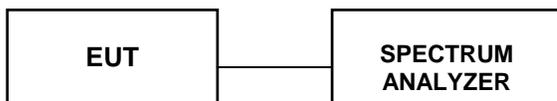
6.6.2. Method of Measurements

TIA-603-B

6.6.3. Test Equipment List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range |
|-------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Advantest | R3271 | 15050203 | 9 kHz – 26.5 GHz |

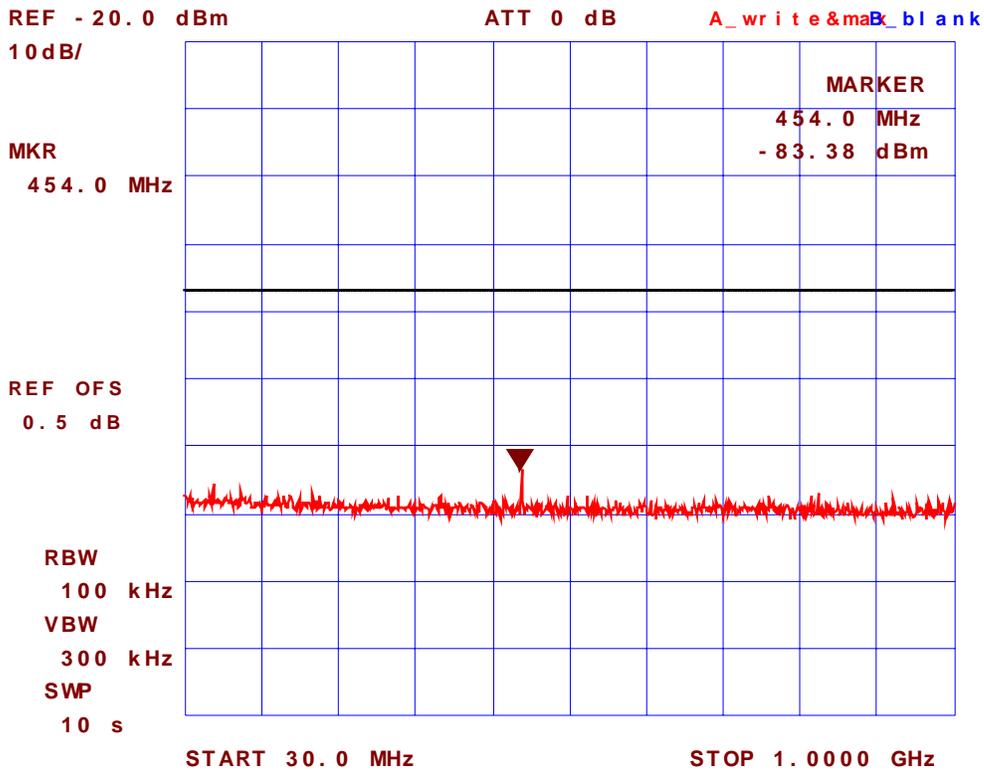
6.6.4. Test Arrangement



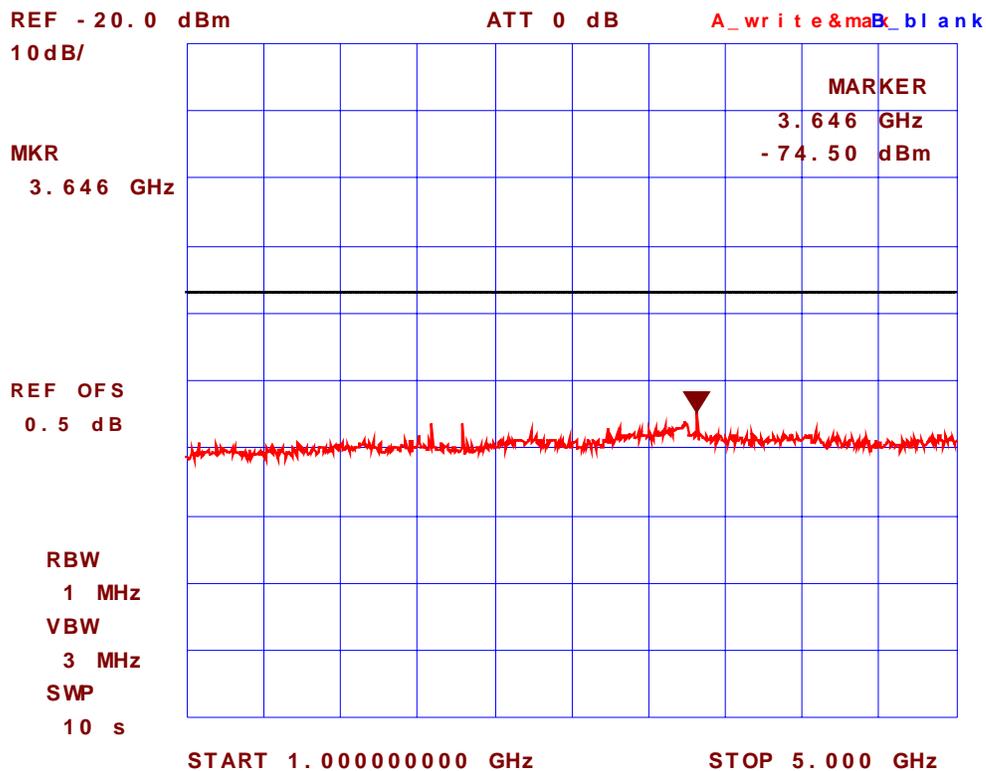
6.6.5. Test Data

Conform. The rf emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at the Receiver antenna port; see the following plots (# 3-8) for details.

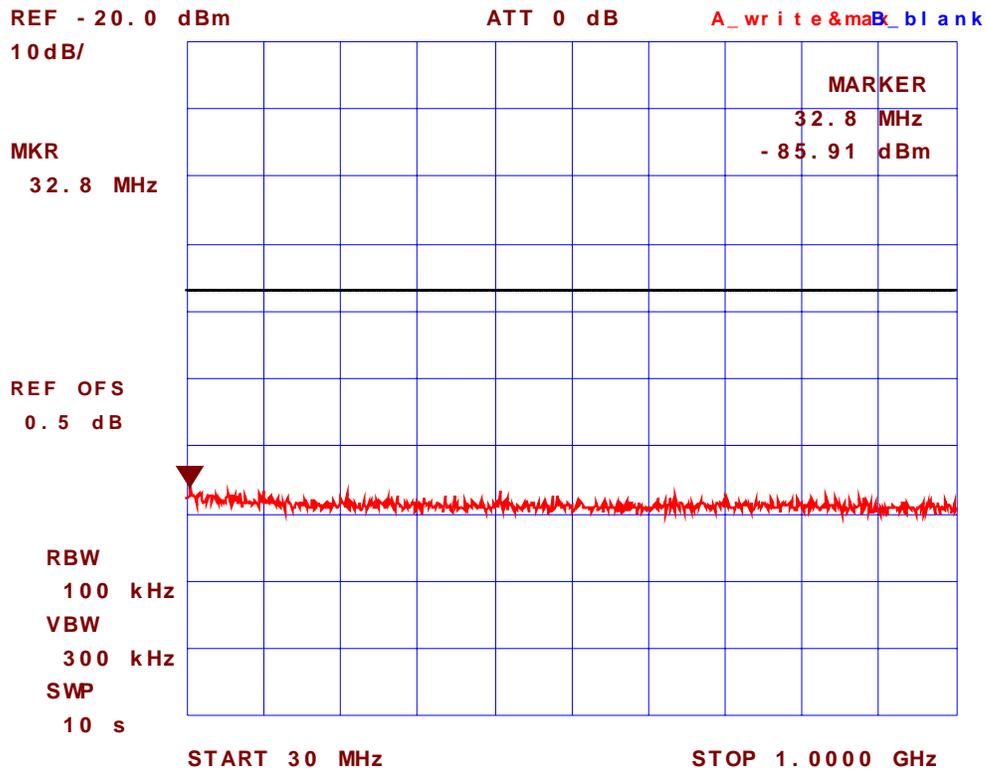
**Plot #3: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 30 MHz**



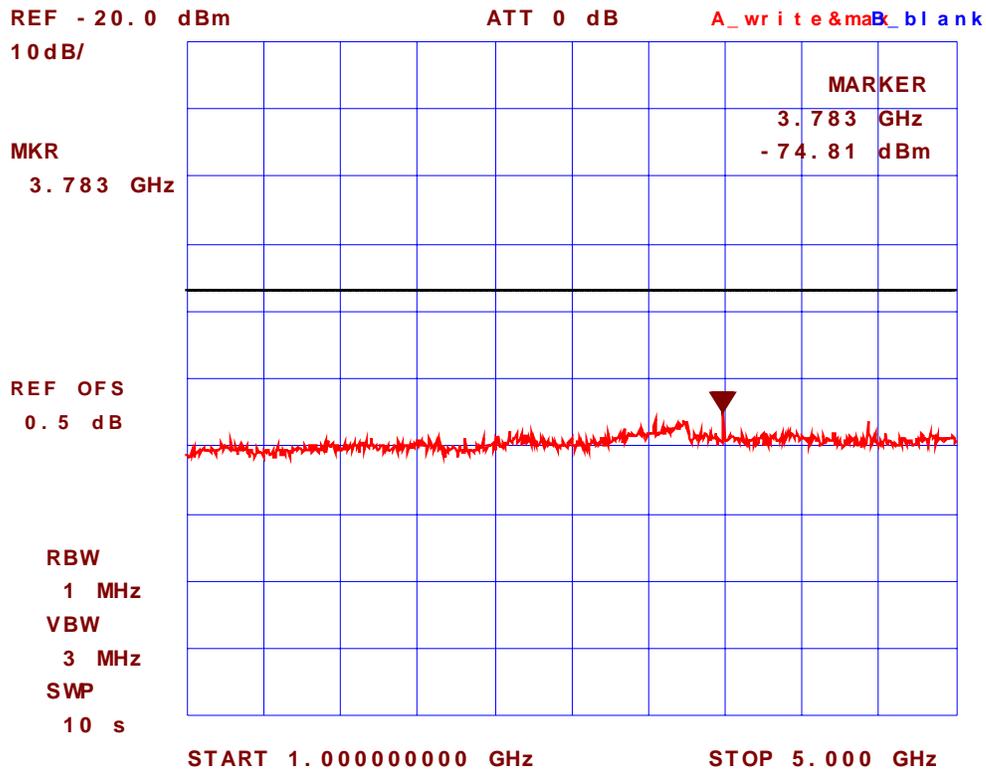
Plot #4: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 30 MHz



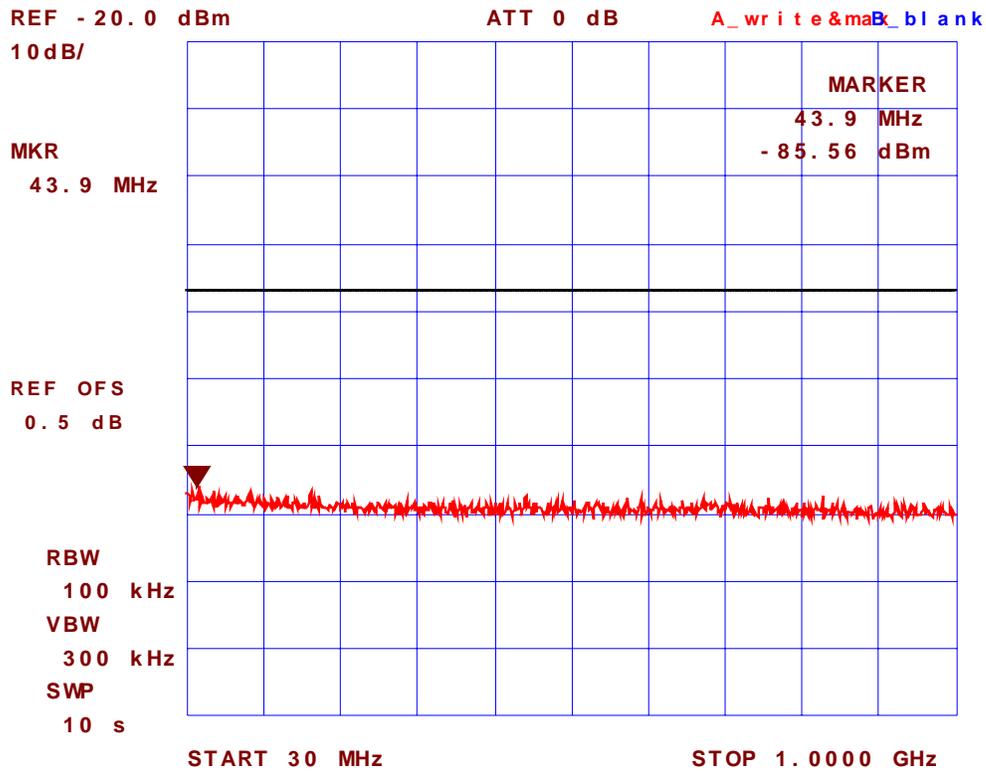
Plot #5: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 495 MHz



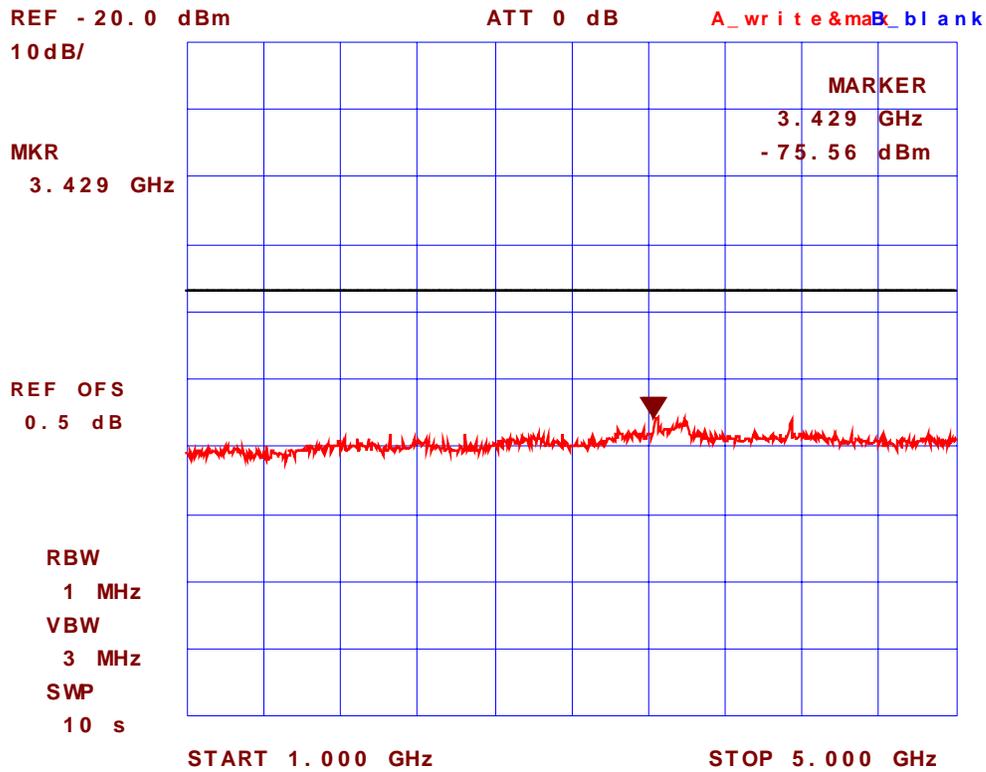
Plot #6: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 495 MHz



Plot #7: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 960 MHz



Plot #8: Receiver Antenna Power Conducted Emissions
Receive Frequency: 960 MHz



6.7. RECEIVER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS [47 CFR 15.109(a)]

6.7.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

| Test Frequency Range (MHz) | Limits @ 3 m (dB μ V/m) | EMI Detector Used | Measuring Bandwidth (kHz) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 – 88 | 40.0 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| 88 – 216 | 43.5 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| 216 – 960 | 46.0 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| Above 960 | 54.0 | Average | RBW = 1 MHz, VBW \geq 1 Hz |

6.7.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 8 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:2003 for radiated emissions test method.

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the Scanning Receivers or 1 GHz whichever is higher.

6.7.3. Test Equipment List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Advantest | R3271 | 15050203 | 9 kHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Microwave Amplifier | Hewlett Packard | HP 83017A | 3116A00661 | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz |
| Active Loop Antenna | EMCO | 6507 | 8906-1167 | 1 kHz – 30 MHz |
| Biconilog Antenna | EMCO | 3143 | 1029 | 20 MHz to 2 GHz |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3155 | 9701-5061 | 1 GHz – 18 GHz |
| Horn Antenna with Mixer | EMCO | 3160-09 | 1007 | 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Horn Antenna with Mixer | EMCO | 3160-10 | 1001 | 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz |

6.7.4. Test Data

6.7.4.1. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 30 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.7.4.2. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 495 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.7.4.3. Radiated Emissions from the Receiver @ 960 MHz

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at 3 meters distance; all spurious emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.8. RADIATED EMISSIONS FROM CLASS B UNINTENTIONAL RADIATION (DIGITAL DEVICE) [47 CFR 15.109 (a)]

6.8.1. Limits

The equipment shall meet the limits of the following table:

| Test Frequency Range (MHz) | Class B Limits @ 3 m (dB μ V/m) | EMI Detector Used | Measuring Bandwidth (kHz) |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 30 – 88 | 40.0 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| 88 – 216 | 43.5 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| 216 – 960 | 46.0 | Quasi-Peak | RBW = 120 kHz, VBW \geq 120 kHz |
| Above 960 | 54.0 | Average | RBW = 1 MHz, VBW \geq 1 Hz |

6.8.2. Method of Measurements

Please refer to the Exhibit 5 of this test report and ANSI C63-4:2003 for radiated emissions test method.

The EUT shall be scanned from 30 MHz to the 5th harmonic of the highest oscillator frequency in the Scanning Receivers or 1 GHz whichever is higher.

6.8.3. Test Equipment List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|-------------------|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Advantest | R3271 | 15050203 | 9 kHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Microwave Amplifier | Hewlett Packard | HP 83017A | 3116A0066 1 | 1 GHz to 26.5 GHz |
| Active Loop Antenna | EMCO | 6507 | 8906-1167 | 1 kHz – 30 MHz |
| Biconilog Antenna | EMCO | 3143 | 1029 | 20 MHz to 2 GHz |
| Horn Antenna | EMCO | 3155 | 9701-5061 | 1 GHz – 18 GHz |
| Horn Antenna with Mixer | EMCO | 3160-09 | 1007 | 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz |
| Horn Antenna with Mixer | EMCO | 3160-10 | 1001 | 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz |

6.8.4. Test Data

The emissions were scanned from 30 MHz to 5 GHz at 3 meters distance; all emissions were more than 20 dB below the limit.

6.9. REQUIREMENTS FOR SCANNING RECEIVERS [47 CFR 15.121]

6.9.1. FCC Rules

- a. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with scanning receivers, shall:
 - (1) Be incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands). Scanning receivers capable of "readily being altered by the user" include, but are not limited to, those for which the ability to receive transmissions in the cellular telephone bands can be added by clipping the leads of, or installing, a simple component such as a diode, resistor or jumper wire; replacing a plug-in semiconductor chip; or programming a semiconductor chip using special access codes or an external device, such as a personal computer. Scanning receivers, and frequency converters designed for use with scanning receivers, also shall be incapable of converting digital cellular communication transmissions to analog voice audio.
 - (2) Be designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design must be such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.
- b. Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.
- c. Scanning receivers and frequency converters designed or marketed for use with scanning receivers, are not subject to the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section provided that they are manufactured exclusively for, and marketed exclusively to, entities described in 18 U.S.C. 2512(2), or are marketed exclusively as test equipment pursuant to Sec. 15.3(dd)
- d. Modification of a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands will be considered to constitute manufacture of such equipment. This includes any individual, individuals, entity or organization that modifies one or more scanners. Any modification to a scanning receiver to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands voids the certification of the scanning receiver, regardless of the date of manufacture of the original unit. In addition, the provisions of Sec. 15.23 shall not be interpreted as permitting modification of a scanning receiver to receive Cellular Radiotelephone Service transmissions.
- e. Scanning receivers and frequency converters designed for use with scanning receivers shall not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form unless they comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) through (c) of this section.

- f. Scanning receivers shall have a label permanently affixed to the product, and this label shall be readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label shall read as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.
- (3) ``Permanently affixed" means that the label is etched, engraved, stamped, silkscreened, indelible printed or otherwise permanently marked on a permanently attached part of the equipment or on a nameplate of metal, plastic or other material fastened to the equipment by welding, riveting, or permanent adhesive. The label shall be designed to last the expected lifetime of the equipment in the environment in which the equipment may be operated and must not be readily detachable. The label shall not be a stick-on, paper label.
- (4) When the device is so small that it is not practicable to place the warning label on it, the information required by [[Page 711]] this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user and shall also be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier must be displayed on the device.

6.9.2. Declaration for Compliance with FCC §15.121

- Comply with FCC 121(a)(1) – This Scanning Receiver is incapable of operating (tuning), or readily being altered by the user to operate, within the frequency bands allocated to the Cellular Radiotelephone Service in part 22 of this chapter (cellular telephone bands).

Please refer to attached manufacturer's declaration for compliance with this Rule.

- Comply with FCC 121(a)(2) – This Scanning Receiver is designed so that the tuning, control and filtering circuitry is inaccessible. The design is such that any attempts to modify the equipment to receive transmissions from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service likely will render the receiver inoperable.

Please refer to attached manufacturer's declaration for compliance with this Rule.

- Comply with FCC 121(b) – Please refer to Section 6.10 of this Test Report for Scanning Receivers Cellular Band Rejection in the next Section of this Test Report
- Comply with FCC 121(c) – Not applicable.
- Comply with FCC 121(d) – The Users Manual of this Scanning Receiver is provided with the Warning statement as below

Warning: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by ICOM Incorporated could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

- Comply with FCC 121(e) – This Scanning Receiver will not be assembled from kits or marketed in kit form.
- Comply with FCC 121(f) – This Scanning Receiver has a label permanently affixed to the product and this label is readily visible to the purchaser at the time of purchase. The label reads as follows: WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

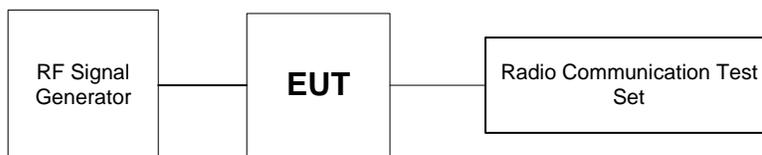
6.10. SCANNING RECEIVERS CELLULAR BAND REJECTION [47 CFR 15.121(b)]

6.10.1. Limits

Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, scanning receivers shall reject any signals from the Cellular Radiotelephone Service frequency bands that are 38 dB or lower based upon a 12 dB SINAD measurement, which is considered the threshold where a signal can be clearly discerned from any interference that may be present.

6.10.2. Method of Measurements

- (1) Connected the EUT as shown in the following block diagram
- (2) Apply a standard RF signal to the receiver input port
- (3) Adjust the audio output signal of the receiver to it's rated value with the distortion less than 10%
- (4) Adjust the RF Signal Generator Output Power to produce 12 dB SINAD without the audio output power dropping by more than 3 dB
- (5) Repeat step (4) at lowest, middle and highest channel frequencies across all cellular base station band to establish a reference sensitivity level. The reference sensitivity taken was the lowest, or worse-case sensitivity for all of the bands.
- (6) Adjust the RF Signal Generator output to a level of +60 dB above the reference sensitivity obtained in step (5)
- (7) Set the Receiver squelch threshold (the signal required to open the squelch) no greater than +20 dB above the reference sensitivity level.
- (8) Put the receiver in a scanning mode and allow it to scan across it's complete receive range
- (9) If the receiver unsquelched or stopped on any frequency, the display frequency is recorded. The signal generator output level was then adjusted until 12 dB SINAD from the receiver was produced. The signal generator level associated with this response was also noted.
- (10) Repeat this procedure for 3 frequencies in the cellular base station transmit band.
- (11) The difference between the signal generator output for any response recorded and reference sensitivity is the rejection ratio



6.10.3. Test Equipment List

| Test Instruments | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Frequency Range |
|------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Radio Communication Test Set | Marconi Instruments | 2955 | 132037/226 | 10 kHz - 1000 MHz including AF & RF Signal Generators, SINAD, DISTORTION, DEVIATION meters and etc... |
| RF Signal Generator | Fluke | 6061A | 4770301 | 10 kHz – 1050 MHz |

6.10.3.1. Test Data

Reference Sensitivity Level measured in step (5) = -110 dBm

| EUT's Scanning Frequency Band (MHz) | Cellular Base Station Transmitter Band (MHz) | RF Signal Level for 12 dB SINAD (dBm) | Rejection Ratio (dB) | Maximum Rejection Ratio Limit (dB) |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| 30-960 | 824.04, 836.4, 848.97 | -110 | <-50.0 | -38.0 |
| There is no spurious response detected within the above frequency band with the Rejection Ratio of at least 50 dB. | | | | |

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994).

7.1. LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| CONTRIBUTION (Line Conducted) | PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION | UNCERTAINTY (dB) | |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | | 9-150 kHz | 0.15-30 MHz |
| EMI Receiver specification | Rectangular | ± 1.5 | ± 1.5 |
| LISN coupling specification | Rectangular | ± 1.5 | ± 1.5 |
| Cable and Input Transient Limiter calibration | Normal (k=2) | ± 0.3 | ± 0.5 |
| Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.03$ LISN VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.8(9 \text{ kHz}) 0.2 (30 \text{ MHz})$ Uncertainty limits $20\text{Log}(1+\Gamma_1\Gamma_R)$ | U-Shaped | ± 0.2 | ± 0.3 |
| System repeatability | Std. deviation | ± 0.2 | ± 0.05 |
| Repeatability of EUT | -- | -- | -- |
| Combined standard uncertainty | Normal | ± 1.25 | ± 1.30 |
| Expanded uncertainty U | Normal (k=2) | ± 2.50 | ± 2.60 |

Sample Calculation for Measurement Accuracy in 150 kHz to 30 MHz Band:

$$u_c(y) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^m u_i^2(y)} = \pm \sqrt{(1.5^2 + 1.5^2)/3 + (0.5/2)^2 + (0.05/2)^2 + 0.35^2} = \pm 1.30 \text{ dB}$$

$$U = 2u_c(y) = \pm 2.6 \text{ dB}$$

7.2. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

| CONTRIBUTION (Radiated Emissions) | PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION | UNCERTAINTY (+ dB) | |
|---|-----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | | 3 m | 10 m |
| Antenna Factor Calibration | Normal (k=2) | ± 1.0 | ± 1.0 |
| Cable Loss Calibration | Normal (k=2) | ± 0.3 | ± 0.5 |
| EMI Receiver specification | Rectangular | ± 1.5 | ± 1.5 |
| Antenna Directivit | Rectangular | +0.5 | +0.5 |
| Antenna factor variation with height | Rectangular | ± 2.0 | ± 0.5 |
| Antenna phase center variation | Rectangular | 0.0 | ± 0.2 |
| Antenna factor frequency interpolation | Rectangular | ± 0.25 | ± 0.25 |
| Measurement distance variation | Rectangular | ± 0.6 | ± 0.4 |
| Site imperfections | Rectangular | ± 2.0 | ± 2.0 |
| Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.2$ Antenna VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.67(Bi) 0.3 (Lp)$ Uncertainty limits $20\text{Log}(1 \pm \Gamma_1 \Gamma_R)$ | U-Shaped | +1.1 -1.25 | ± 0.5 |
| System repeatability | Std. Deviation | ± 0.5 | ± 0.5 |
| Repeatability of EUT | | - | - |
| Combined standard uncertainty | Normal | +2.19 / -2.21 | +1.74 / -1.72 |
| Expanded uncertainty U | Normal (k=2) | +4.38 / -4.42 | +3.48 / -3.44 |

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k = 2 is used:

$$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB} \quad \text{And} \quad U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$$

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. GENERAL TEST CONDITIONS

8.1.1. Test Conditions

- The measurement shall be made in the operational mode producing the largest emission in the frequency band being investigated consistent with normal applications.
- An attempt shall be made to maximize the detected radiated emissions, for example moving cables of the equipment, rotating the equipment by 360° and moving the measuring receiving antenna up and down within 1 to 4 meters high.
- Where appropriate, a single tone or a bit stream shall be used to modulate the receiver. The manufacturer shall define the modulation with the highest emission in transmit mode.

8.1.2. Method of Measurements - AC Mains Conducted Emissions

- AC Mains conducted emissions measurements were performed in accordance with the standard against appropriate limits for each detector function.
- The test was performed in the shielded room, 16'(L) by 16'(W) by 12'(H).
- The test was performed were made over the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz to determine the line-to-ground radio noise voltage which was conducted from the EUT power-input terminals that were directly connected to a public power network.
- The EUT normally received power from another device that connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements would be made on that device with the EUT in operation to ensure that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power.
- If the EUT operates only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines, AC Mains conducted measurements are not required.
- Table-top devices were placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5m raised 80 cm above the conducting ground plane.
- The EUT current-carrying power lead, except the ground (safety) lead, was individually connected through a LISN to the power source. All unused 50-Ohm connectors of the LISN was terminated in 50-ohm when not connected to the measuring instruments.
- The line cord of the EUT connected to one LISN which was connected to the measuring instrument. Those power cords for the units of devices not under measurement were connected to a separate multiple ac outlet. Drawings and photographs of typically conducted emission test setups were shown in the Test Report. Each current-carrying conductor of the EUT shall be individually tested.
- The EUT was normally operated with a ground (safety) connection, the EUT was connected to the ground at the LISN through a conductor provided in the lead from the ac power mains to the LISN.
- The excess length of the power cord was folded back and forth in an 8-shape on a wooden strip with a vertical prong located on the top of the LISN case.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- A preliminary scan was made by using spectrum analyzer system with the detector function set to PEAK mode (9 KHz RBW, VBW > RBW), frequency span 150KHz - 30MHz.

- The maximum conducted emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-by-step procedure:
 - Step 1. Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed EUT azimuth.
 - Step 2. Manipulate the system cables and peripheral devices to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
 - Step 3. The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying equipment operation modes as step 2 is being performed.
 - Step 4. After completing step 1 through 3, record EUT and peripheral device configuration, mode of operation, cable configuration, signal levels and frequencies for final test.
- Each highest signal level at the maximized test configuration was zoomed in a small frequency span on the spectrum analyzer's display (the manipulation of cables and peripheral devices and EUT operation modes might have to be repeated to obtain the highest signal level with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector mode 9 KHz RBW and VBW > RBW). The spectrum analyzer was then set to CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector mode (10 KHz RBW, 1 MHz VBW) and AVERAGE detector mode (9 kHz RBW, 1 Hz VBW). The final highest RF signal levels and frequencies were record.

8.1.3. Method of Measurements - Electric Field Radiated Disturbance

- The radiated emission measurements were performed at the UltraTech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario. The Attenuation Characteristics of OFTS have been filed to FCC, Industry Canada, ACA/Austel, NVLap and ITI.
- Radiated emissions measurements were made using the following test instruments:
 1. Calibrated EMCO BiconiLog antenna in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 2000 MHz.
 2. Calibrated Emco Horn antennas in the frequency range above 1000 MHz (1GHz - 40 GHz).
 3. Calibrated Advantest spectrum analyzer and pre-selector. In general, the spectrum analyzer would be used as follows:
 - The rf electric field levels were measured with the spectrum analyzer set to PEAK detector (120 KHz VBW and VBW \geq RBW).
 - If any rf emission was observed to be a broadband noise, the spectrum analyzer's CISPR QUASI-PEAK detector (120 KHz RBW and VBW \geq RBW) was then set to measure the signal level.
 - If the signal being measured was narrowband and the ambient field was broadband, the bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was reduced.
- The EUT was set-up in its typical configuration and operated in its various modes as described in this test report.
- The frequencies of emissions was first detected. Then the amplitude of the emissions was measured at the specified measurement distance using required antenna height, polarization, and detector characteristics.
- During this process, cables and peripheral devices were manipulated within the range of likely configuration.

- For each mode of operation required to be tested, the frequency spectrum was monitored. Variations in antenna heights (from 1 meter to 4 meters above the ground plane), antenna polarization (horizontal plane and vertical plane), cable placement and peripheral placement were explored to produce the highest amplitude signal relative to the limit.

The maximum radiated emission for a given mode of operation was found by using the following step-by-step procedure:

- Step 1: Monitor the frequency range of interest at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth.
- Step 2: Manipulate the system cables to produce highest amplitude signal relative to the limit. Note the amplitude and frequency of the suspect signal.
- Step 3: Rotate the EUT 360 degrees to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, go back to the azimuth and repeat Step 2. Otherwise, orient the EUT azimuth to repeat the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 4: Move the antenna over its full allowed range of travel (1 to 4 meters) to maximize the suspected highest amplitude signal. If the signal or another at a different frequency is observed to exceed the previously noted highest amplitude signal by 1 dB or more, return to Step 2 with the highest amplitude observation and proceed.
- Step 5: Change the polarization of the antenna and repeat Step 2 through 4. Compare the resulting suspected highest amplitude signal with that found for the other polarization. Select and note the higher of the two signals. This signal is termed the highest observed signal with respect to the limit for this EUT operational mode.
- Step 6: The effects of various modes of operation is examined. This is done by varying the equipment modes as steps 2 through 5 are being performed.
- Step 7: After completing steps 1 through 6, record the final highest emission level, frequency, antenna polarization and detector mode of the measuring instrument.

Calculation of Field Strength:

The field strength is calculated by adding the calibrated antenna factor and cable factor, and subtracting the Amplifier gain (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength
RA = Receiver/Analyzer Reading
AF = Antenna Factor
CF = Cable Attenuation Factor
AG = Amplifier Gain

Example: If a receiver reading of 60.0 dB μ V is obtained, the antenna factor of 7.0 dB/m and cable factor of 1.0 dB are added, and the amplifier gain of 30 dB is subtracted. The actual field strength will be:

Field Level = 60 + 7.0 + 1.0 - 30 = 38.0 dB μ V/m.

Field Level = 10^(38/20) = 79.43 μ V/m.