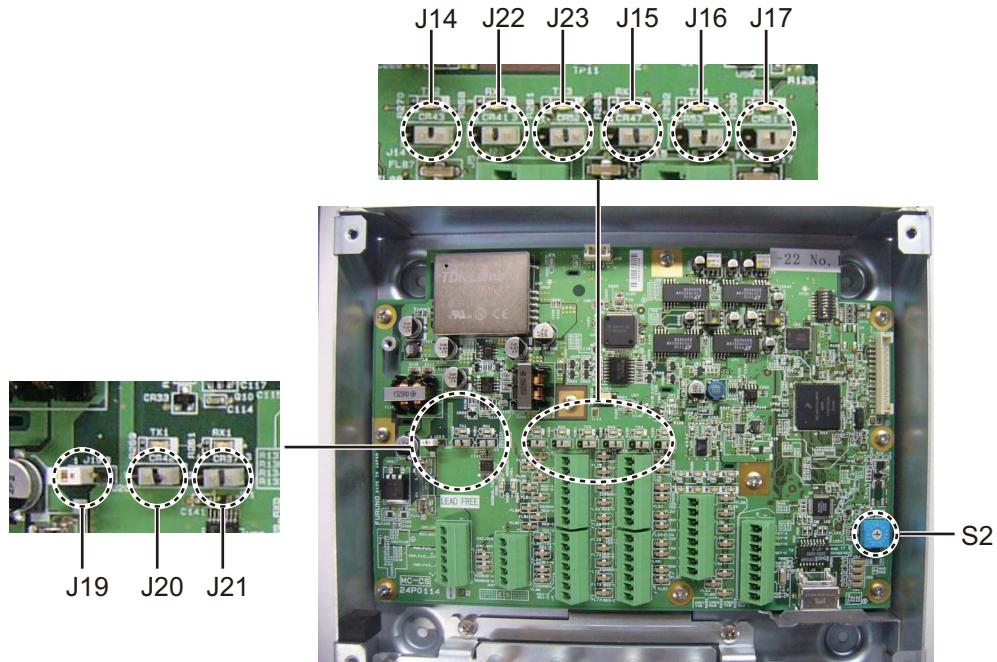


## 2.6.3 How to set jumper blocks in the sensor adapters

### MC-3000S

See the jumper blocks on the MC-CS Board (24P0114) referring to the tables that follow.



MC-CS Board (24P0114)

#### **Rotary switch S2:**

Use the rotary switch (S2) to set the Modbus address when setting connectors J4/J5 to Modbus. The Modbus address set at J4/J5 in the network is not used. When setting J4/J5 to IEC61162-1/2, use the default setting ("0").

#### **Jumper block:**

Use the jumper block J19 to set the termination resistor on/off for the MODBUS communication on the connector J1. For the first and last sensor adapter in a series, their termination resistors must be set to ON. Use the MC-CS Board with the default setting because it becomes the "first" adapter in a series.

| Jumper block J19 |       | Connector J1                               |  |
|------------------|-------|--|--|
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: ON (default setting) |  |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |  |  |
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: OFF                  |  |
| 2-3              | SHORT |  |  |

Set the jumper blocks J14 through J17 to turn the termination resistors on connectors J4 through J7, respectively.

<Termination resistor ON>

- When setting the starting/ending terminal for the multipoint, or the multipoint is not connected (CH1 to 4).
- When the starting/ending terminal for Modbus (CH1, CH2)

## &lt;Terminal resistor OFF&gt;

- When setting the terminal other than starting/ending for the multipoint (CH1 to 4).
- When setting the terminal other than starting/ending for Modbus (CH1/CH2)

| Jumper block J14 |       | Connector J4 (CH1)                         |  |
|------------------|-------|--|--|
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: ON (default setting) |  |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |  |  |
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: OFF                  |  |
| 2-3              | SHORT |  |  |
| Jumper block J15 |       | Connector J5 (CH2)                         |  |
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: ON (default setting) |  |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |  |  |
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: OFF                  |  |
| 2-3              | SHORT |  |  |
| Jumper block J16 |       | Connector J6 (CH3)                         |  |
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: ON (default setting) |  |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |  |  |
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: OFF                  |  |
| 2-3              | SHORT |  |  |
| Jumper block J17 |       | Connector J7 (CH4)                         |  |
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: ON (default setting) |  |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |  |  |
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: OFF                  |  |
| 2-3              | SHORT |  |  |

**Communication type:**

Set the jumper blocks J20 and J21 to choose the communication type (IEC-61162-1/2 or MODBUS) of the connector J4 (CH1).

The setting of the jumper block JP20 and JP21 must be identical.

| Jumper block J20/J21 |       | Communication type of J4<br>(between RD1 and TD1) |
|----------------------|-------|---|
| 1-2                  | OPEN  | IEC-61162-1/2 (default setting)                   |
| 2-3                  | SHORT |   |
| 1-2                  | SHORT | MODBUS  |
| 2-3                  | OPEN  |   |

The jumper blocks J22 and J23 are used to set the communication type of the connector J5 (CH2).

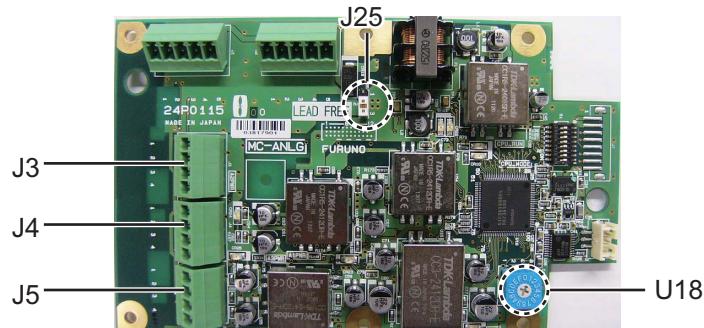
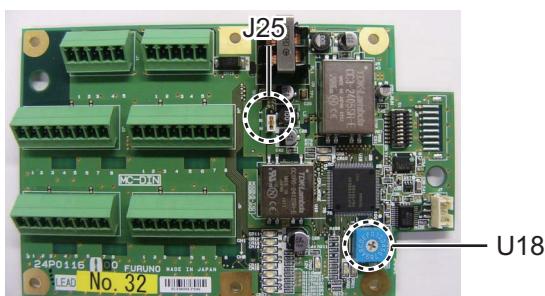
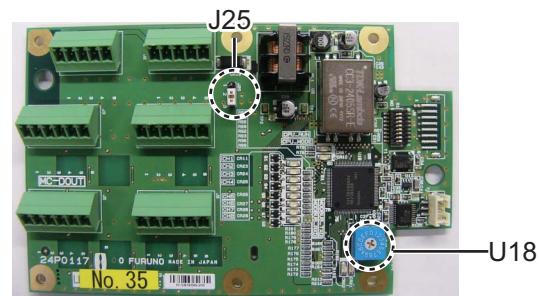
| Jumper block J22/J23 |       | Communication type of J5<br>(between RD2 and TD2)   |
|----------------------|-------|---|
| 1-2                  | OPEN  | IEC-61162-1/2 (default setting)   |
| 2-3                  | SHORT |   |
| 1-2                  | SHORT | MODBUS (The setting of J14 is different depending on the unit position (starting/ending terminal).) |
| 2-3                  | OPEN  |   |

**MC-3010A/3020D/3030D**

This paragraph shows how to set the MC-ANLG Board (24P0115, for MC-3010A), MC-DIN Board (24P0116, for MC-3020D) and MC-DOUT Board (24P0117, for MC-3030D).

**Rotary switch U18:**

Use the rotary switch (U18) to set the MODBUS address with a digit of number from "0". When multiple sensor adapters are connected to the MC-3000S, the same number cannot be used among them. (It is allowed to use the same number between the MC-3000S and a sensor adapter.)

MC-ANLG Board (24P0115)MC-DIN Board (24P0116)MC-OUP Board (24P0117)**Jumper block**

Use the jumper block J25 to set the termination resistor on/off for the MODBUS communication on the connector J1. For the first and last sensor adapter in a series, their termination resistors must be set to ON. If not, communication between sensor adapters is not possible.

| Jumper block J25 |       | Connector J1                                |
|------------------|-------|---|
| 1-2              | OPEN  | Termination resistor: ON                    |
| 2-3              | SHORT |   |
| 1-2              | SHORT | Termination resistor: OFF (default setting) |
| 2-3              | OPEN  |   |

## 2.7 LAN Signal Converter Kit (option)

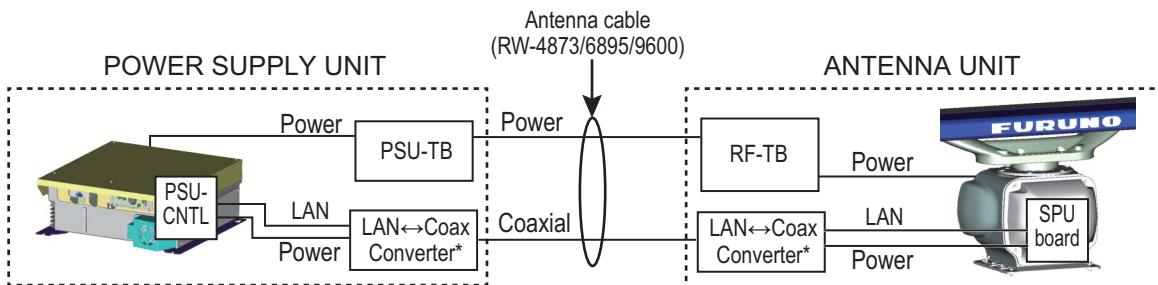
Two LAN Signal Converters (for antenna unit and PSU) allow the use of existing antenna cable RW-4873/6895/9600 in the case of a retrofit.

### Kit contents (Type: OP03-223-1, Code no.: 001-254-360)

| Name                   | Type           | Code no.       | Qty | Remarks                   |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|-----|---------------------------|
| LAN Signal Converter   | OP03-223       | 001-249-930    | 1   | For PSU                   |
|                        | OP03-223       | 001-254-350    | 1   | For antenna unit          |
| LAN Cable Assy.        | IOK-V0024-0.35 | 000-178-739-10 | 1   |                           |
|                        | BNC-PP L=30    | 000-178-969-10 | 1   |                           |
| XH Connector           | 03-2425(2P)    | 001-249-940    | 1   |                           |
| Connector Fixing Plate | 03-183-5123-0  | 100-385-330-10 | 1   | For antenna unit          |
| Installation Materials | OP03-223-1/2/3 | 000-166-029-11 | 1   | For antenna unit          |
| Binding Screws         | M3x6           | 000-176-673-10 | 4   | 4 pcs. For PSU            |
| LAN COAX CONV KIT      | C32-01312-*    | 000-178-775    | 1   | Installation instructions |

### 2.7.1 Application overview

Use with existing antenna cable (RW-4873/6895/9600) in case of retrofit. The maximum length of the antenna cable is 100 m.

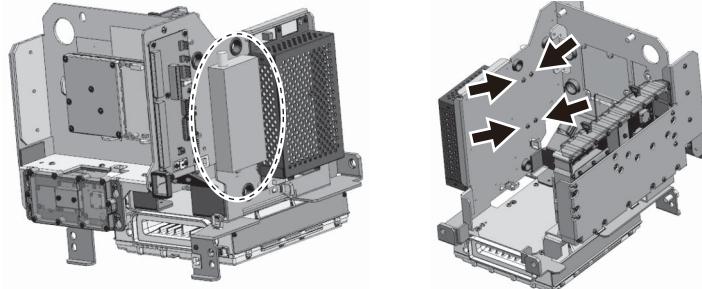


\* Installed inside respective unit.

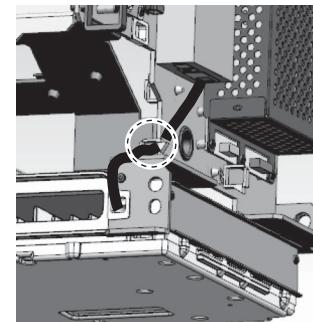
## 2.7.2 Installation in the antenna unit

Dismount the transceiver unit. See paragraph 2.2.2 for the procedure.

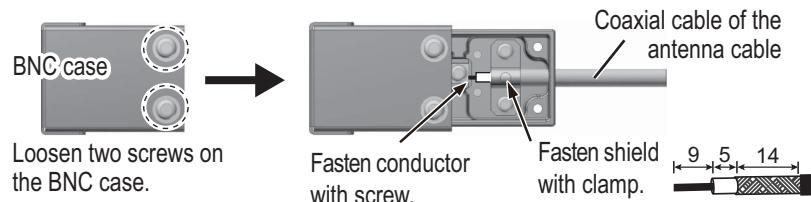
1. Set the M\_S switch on the converter to the S (Slave) position.
2. Orient the converter so the coax connector is upward then fasten the converter from inside the transceiver unit with four screws.



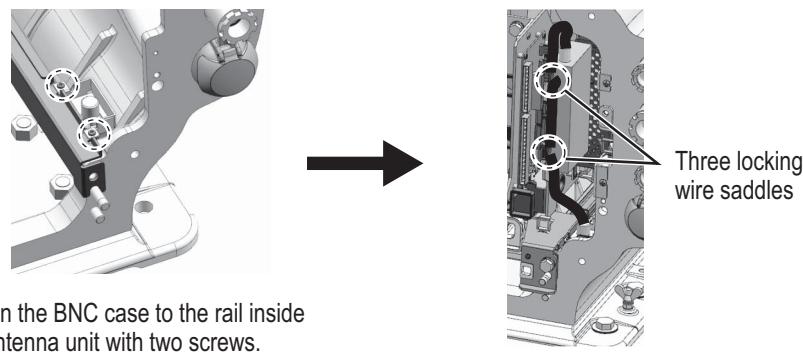
3. Unfasten two screws to remove the cover plate from the SPU board.
4. Connect the power cable between the converter and J720 on the SPU board. Note polarity before connecting. Close the cover plate.
5. Connect the LAN cable to the LAN port on the transceiver unit. Pass the cable through the locking wire saddle then connect it to the LAN port on the converter.



6. Open the BNC case to connect the coaxial cable to the BNC case, then close the case.



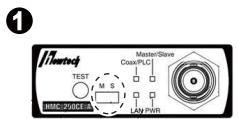
7. Fasten the BNC case to the antenna unit, then pass the coaxial cable from the converter through three locking wire saddles.
8. Mount the transceiver unit, then connect the coaxial cable from the converter to the BNC case.



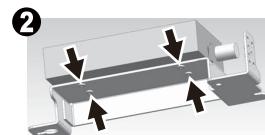
### 2.7.3 Installation in the power supply unit

Some parts or wiring may have been omitted from the illustrations for clarity.

1. Fasten the converter then connect the coaxial cable to the BNC case (see step 6 of paragraph 2.7.2).



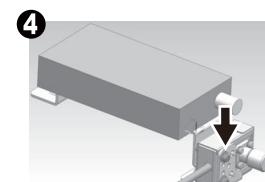
Set the M\_S switch on the converter to the M (Master) position.



Fasten the converter to the mounting bracket with four screws.



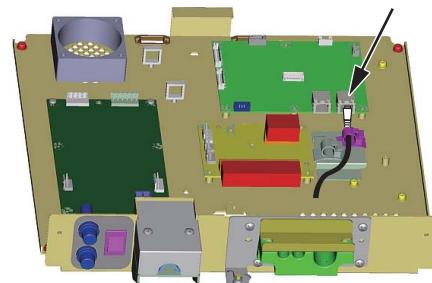
Connect the coaxial cable to the BNC case.



Fasten the BNC case to the mounting bracket with two screws.

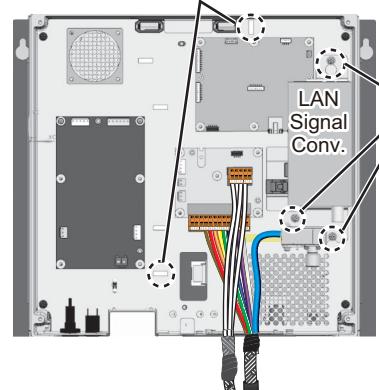
2. Pass the LAN cable through the clamp then connect it to J102 on the PSU-CNTL board. (The cable will be connected to the converter after the converter is installed.)

Connect LAN cable to J102.



3. Fasten the converter with three screws. Attach the two supplied locking wire saddles to the locations circled in the right figure.

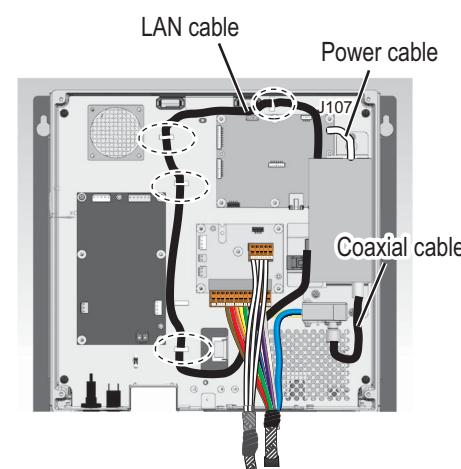
Attach locking wire saddles.



Fasten unit with three screws.

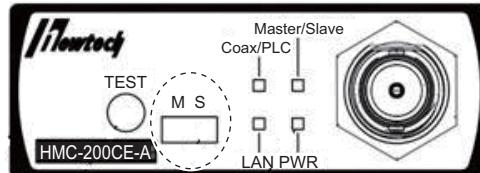
4. Connect the LAN, power and coaxial cables as shown below.

- Pass the LAN cable through the four locking wire saddles then connect it to the LAN port on the converter.
- Connect the power cable between the converter and J107 on the PSU-CNTL Board.
- Connect the coaxial cable between the converter and the BNC case.



## 2.7.4 How to check the installation

Observe the LEDs on the converter to check for proper operation, troubleshoot.

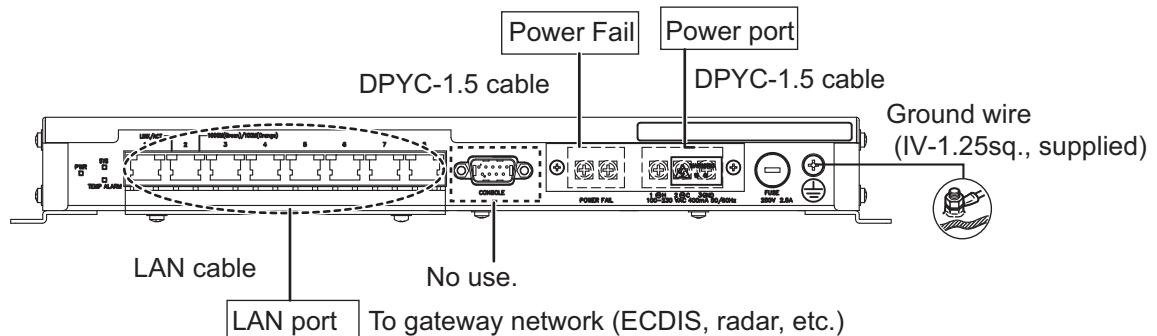


| LED          | State           | Meaning       |
|--------------|-----------------|---------------|
| PWR          | OFF             | Power OFF     |
|              | Lighting green  | Power ON      |
|              | Flashing orange | Test mode     |
| LAN          | OFF             | Link down     |
|              | Lighting green  | 100 M link up |
|              | Flashing green  | 100 M active  |
|              | Lighting orange | 10 M link up  |
|              | Flashing orange | 10 M active   |
| Coax/PLC     | OFF             | Link down     |
|              | Lighting green  | Link up       |
| Master/Slave | Lighting green  | Master mode   |
|              | Lighting orange | Slave mode    |

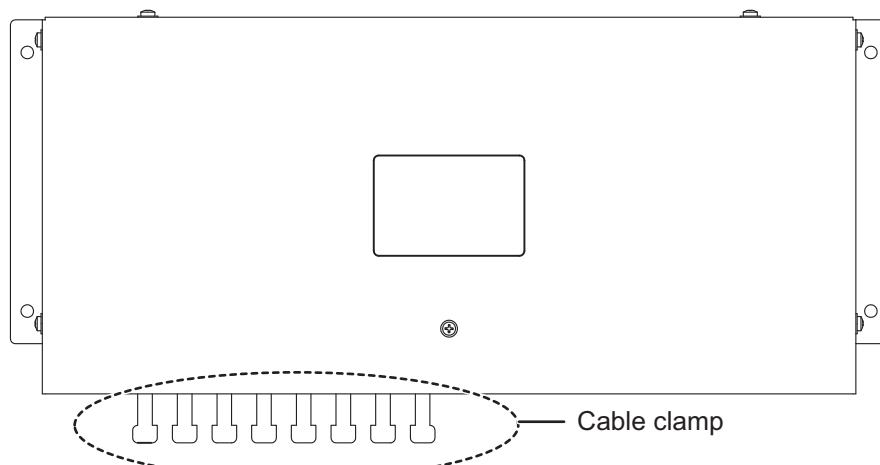
**Note:** The [TEST] button has no use.

## 2.8 Intelligent Hub HUB-3000 (option)

Fix the LAN cables connected to the cable clamp with the cable ties (supplied).



Attach the LAN cap (supplied) to the unused connector holes to meet waterproofing standard IPX2.



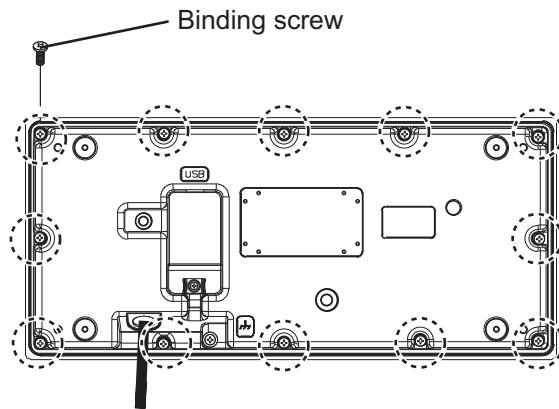
## 2.9 How to Extend the Control Unit Cable (option)

To extend the length of the cable between a control unit and the processor unit, use the optional cable assy 6TPSH-XH12X2-LxxSP1 (for RCU-024) or 6TPSH-XH12X2-LxxSP2 (for RCU-026). You can select the cable length among 10, 20 and 30 m.

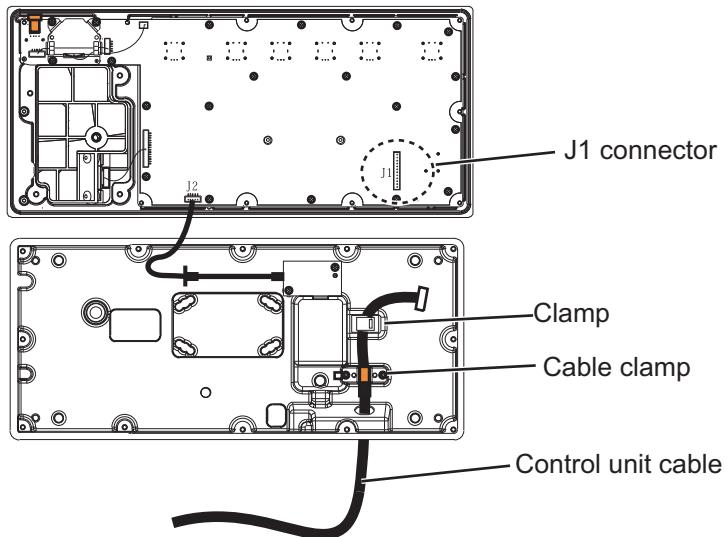
### 2.9.1 RADAR control unit (RCU-025)

1. Unfasten 12 binding screws (M3×8) from the bottom of the control unit to remove the cover.

**Note:** Remove the cover slowly to prevent damage to the cables connected to the circuit board in the control unit.

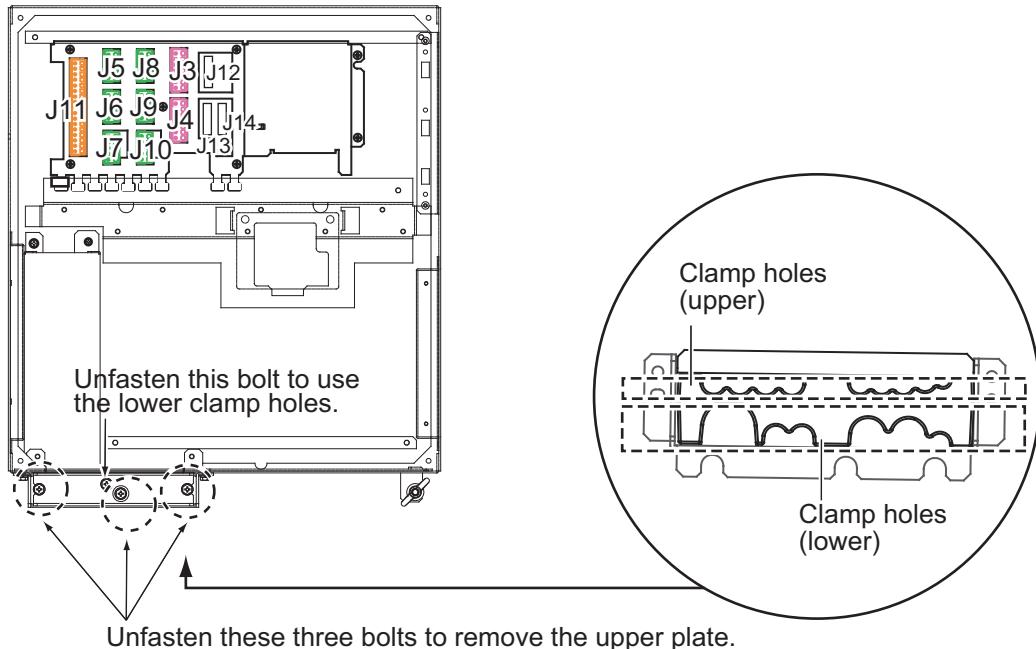


2. Unfasten two pan head screws (M3×12) to remove the clamp and cable clamp from the control unit.
3. Disconnect the control unit cable from the J1 connector.

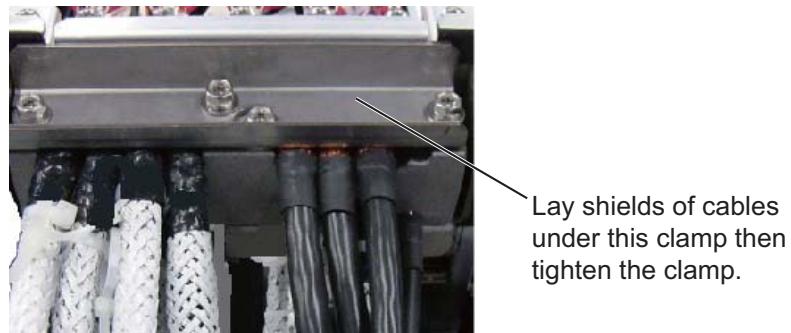


4. Pull out the control unit cable from the cover.
5. Pass the optional cable assy (6TPSH-XH12X2-LxxSP1) through the cable hole on the control unit.
6. Fasten the shield part of the cable assy with the cable clamp (removed at step 2), then connect the connector at the end of the cable assy to the J1 on the circuit board inside the unit.
7. Reattach the control unit cover, referring to step 1.
8. Unfasten four screws (M4×8) to remove the processor unit cover.

9. Unfasten the three bolts circled in the figure below to remove the cable clamp (upper).



10. Disconnect the control unit cable from the processor unit, then connect the cable assy (6TPSH-XH12X2-LxxSP1).
11. Set the shield part of cables under the cable clamp then tighten the cable clamp.

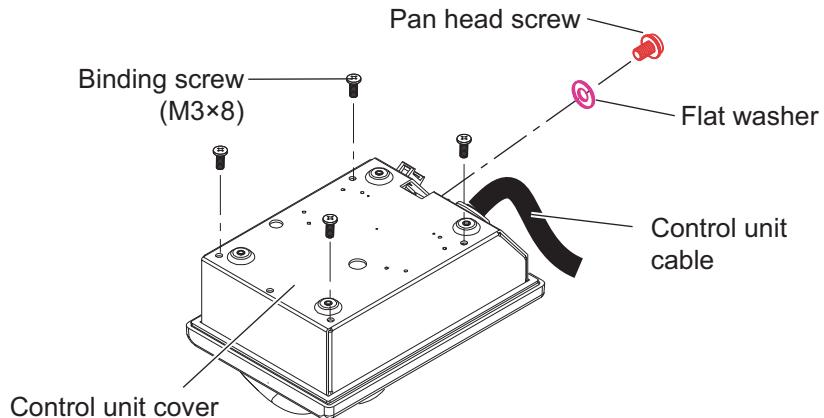


12. Attach the processor unit cover.

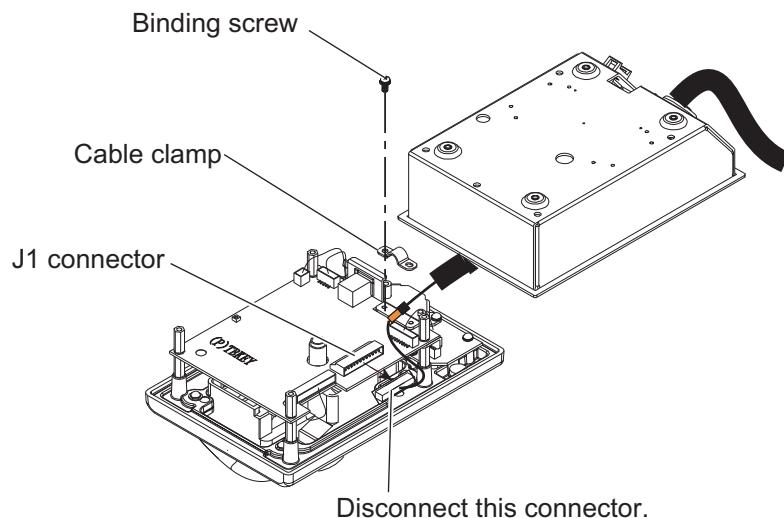
## 2.9.2 Trackball control unit (RCU-026)

1. Unfasten four binding screws (M3×8) from the bottom of the control unit, and a pan head screw (M3×8) and flat washer from the back of the control unit to remove the cover.

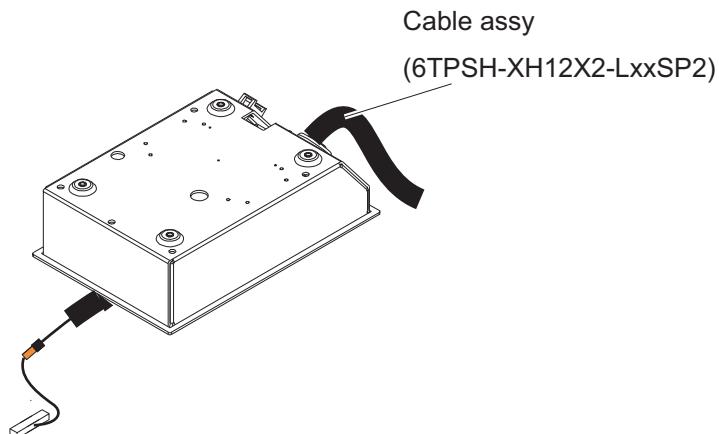
**Note:** Remove the cover slowly to prevent damage to the cables connected to the circuit board in the control unit.



2. Remove the cable clamp from the control unit, then disconnect the control unit cable from the J1 connector.

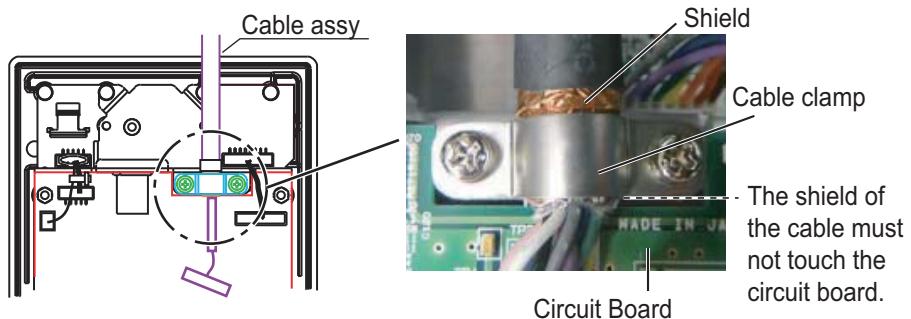


3. Pull out the control unit cable from the cover.
4. Pass the optional cable assy through the cable hole on the cover.

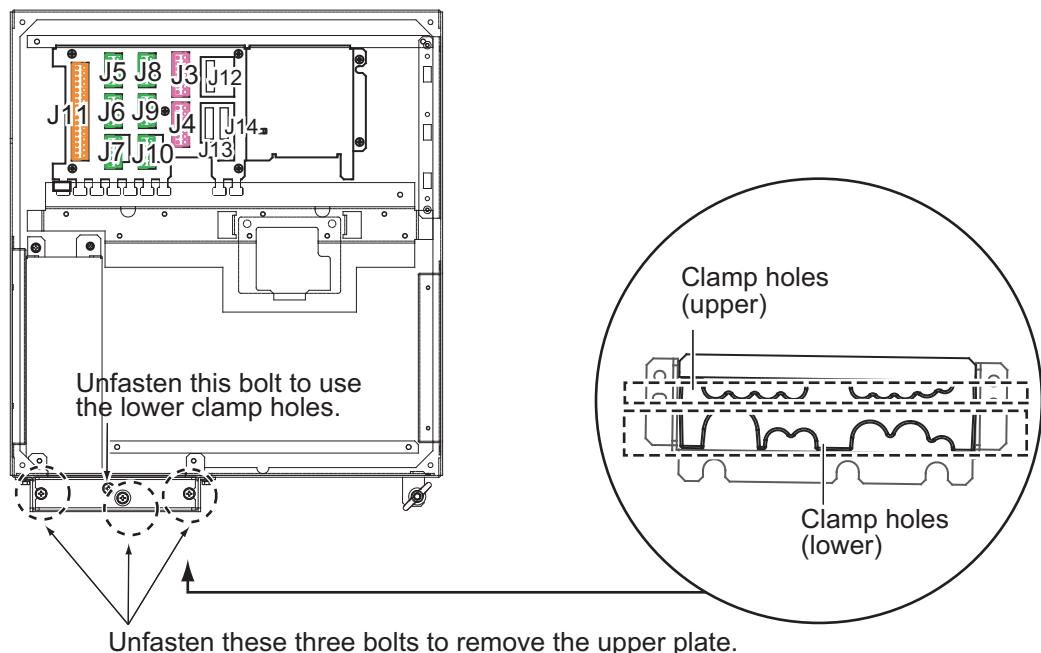


- Fasten the shield of the cable assy with the cable clamp (removed at step 2), then connect the connector at the end of the cable assy to the J1 on the circuit board.

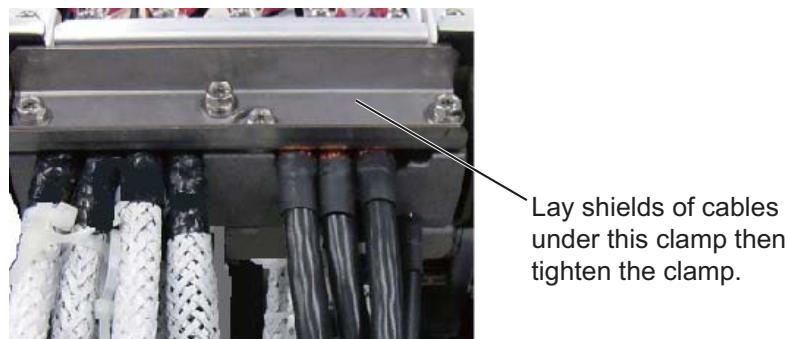
**Note:** When clamping, the shield part of the cable must not touch the circuit board.



- Reattach the control unit cover.
- Unfasten four screws (M4×8) to remove the processor unit cover.
- Unfasten the three bolts circled below to remove the cable clamp (upper) as shown below.



- Disconnect the control unit cable from the processor unit, then connect the cable assy (6TPSH-XH12X2-LxxSP2).
- Set the shields of cables under the cable clamp then tighten the cable clamp.



- Remount the processor unit cover.

## 2. WIRING

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# 3. SETTINGS AND ADJUSTMENTS

**Note:** After completing the settings and adjustments, copy the setting data to a USB flash memory, referring to section 23.2 in the Operator's Manual.  
This will easily allow restoration of setting data after the SPU Board is replaced, etc.

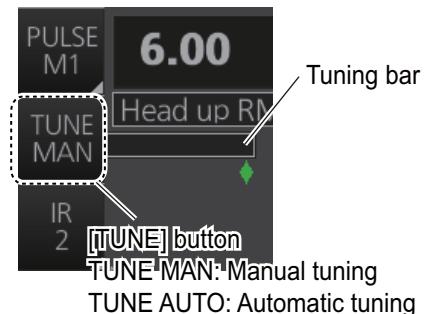
## 3.1 How to Access the Radar Installation Menu

The [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu has various items for adjustment of the radar. To show this menu, press the **MENU** key five times while pressing and holding the **1 HL OFF** key.



### Tuning initialization

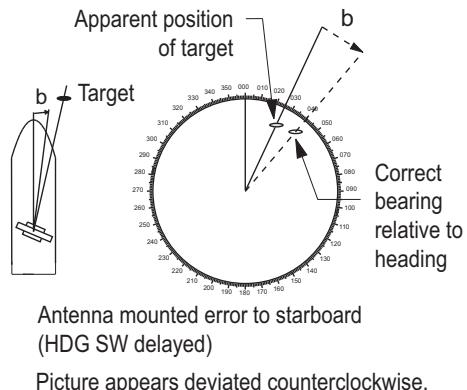
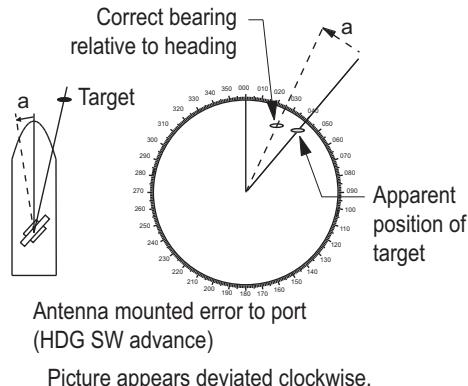
Right click the [TUNE] button on the InstantAccess bar then select [Tune Initialize] to start initialization. "TUNE IN" appears during the initialization.



## 3.2 How to Align the Heading

You have mounted the antenna unit facing straight ahead in the direction of the bow. Therefore, a small but conspicuous target dead ahead visually must appear on the heading line (zero degrees).

In practice, you will probably observe some small bearing error on the display because of the difficulty in achieving accurate initial positioning of the antenna unit. The following adjustment will compensate for this error.



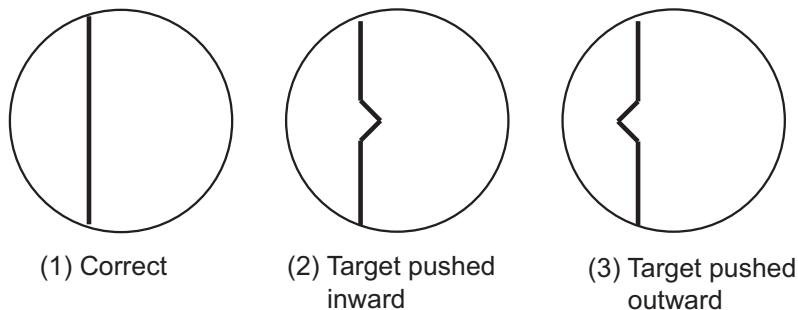
### 3. SETTINGS AND ADJUSTMENTS

1. Select a stationary target echo at a range between 0.125 and 0.25 NM, preferably near the heading line.
2. Operate the EBL control to bisect the target echo.
3. Read the target bearing.
4. Measure the bearing of the stationary target on a navigation chart and calculate the difference between the actual bearing and apparent bearing on the radar screen.
5. Show the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu.
6. Select [1 ECHO ADJ]→[2 HD ALIGN].
7. Key in the bearing difference. The setting range is 0° to 359.9°.
8. Confirm that the target echo is displayed at the correct bearing on the screen.

## 3.3 How to Adjust the Sweep Timing

Sweep timing differs with respect to the length of the signal cable between the antenna unit and the processor unit. Adjust sweep timing at installation to prevent the following symptoms:

- The echo of a “straight” target (for example, pier), on the 0.25 NM range, appears on the display as being pulled inward or pushed outward. See the figure below.
- The range of target echoes is also be incorrectly shown.



1. Transmit on the 0.25 NM range.
2. Adjust the radar picture controls to display the picture properly.
3. Select a target echo which should be displayed straightly.
4. Show the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu, then select [1 ECHO ADJ] followed by [3 TIMING ADJ].
5. Set a value which displays the target straightly. The setting range is 0 to 4095.

## 3.4 How to Suppress Main Bang

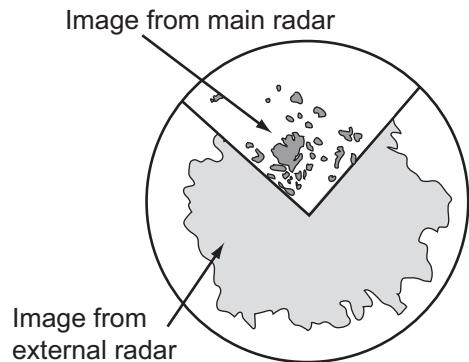
Main bang is the clutter at the center of the screen that you typically see on the radar display, and it may mask close-in targets. If main bang appears at the screen center, suppress it as follows.

1. Transmit the radar on a long range and then wait ten minutes.
2. Adjust the gain to show a slight amount of noise on the display.
3. Select the 0.25 NM range, and turn off the A/C SEA control.
4. Show the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu, then select [1 ECHO ADJ] followed by [4 MBS].
5. Set a value that causes the main bang to just disappear. The setting range is 0 to 255.

## 3.5 Dual Radar Display

The dual radar display, available with the B-type specification radar, shows radar images from two radar sources on one radar display. Any combination of X- and S-band radars is possible.

**Note:** The [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu is inoperative (greyed out on the installation menu) when the dual radar display is active.



### 3.5.1 How to enable, disable the dual radar display

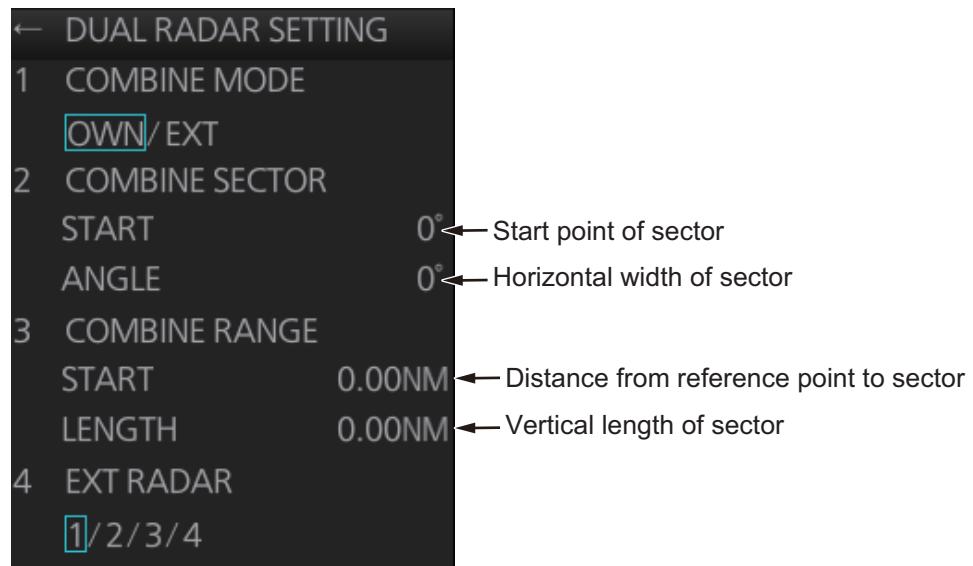
1. Open the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu, then select [OTHERS] menu.
2. Select [5 COMBINE FUNC].
3. Select [OFF] or [ON] as appropriate.

| ← OTHERS |                                |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| 1        | DEMO ECHO<br>OFF/EG/TT-TEST/PC |
| 2        | EAV W/O GYRO<br>OFF/ON         |
| 3        | TT FUNC<br>OFF/ON              |
| 4        | SUB OUTPUT<br>OFF/ON           |
| 5        | COMBINE FUNC<br>OFF/ON         |
| 6        | VDR LAN OUTPUT<br>OFF/ON       |

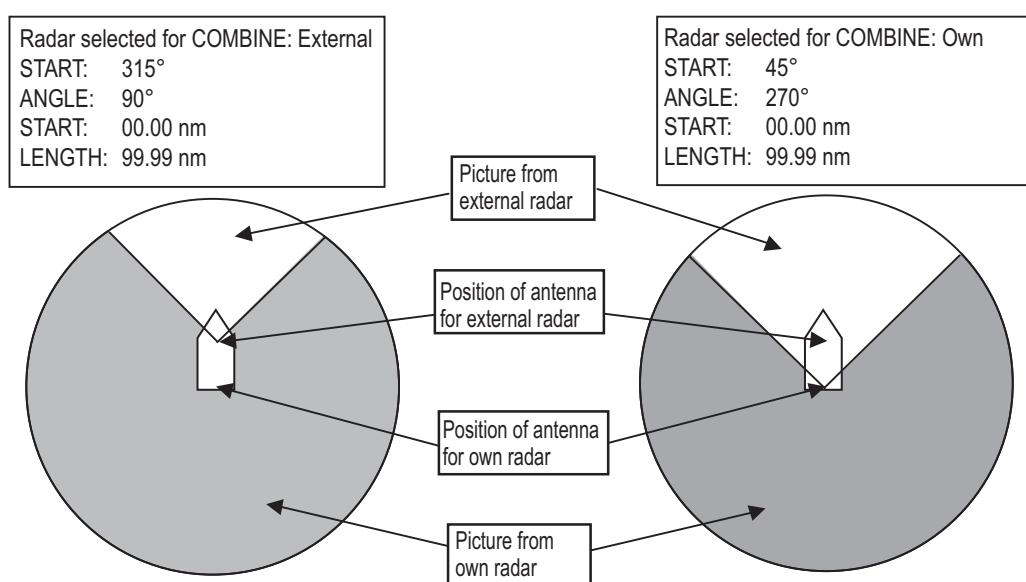
### 3.5.2 How to set the width and length for the picture from the external radar

If two FAR-3xx0 series radars are to be used for the dual radar display, set the same display area on each radar to ensure proper performance.

1. Open the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu, then select [2 SCANNER]→[6 DUAL RADAR SETTING] to show the [DUAL RADAR SETTING] menu.

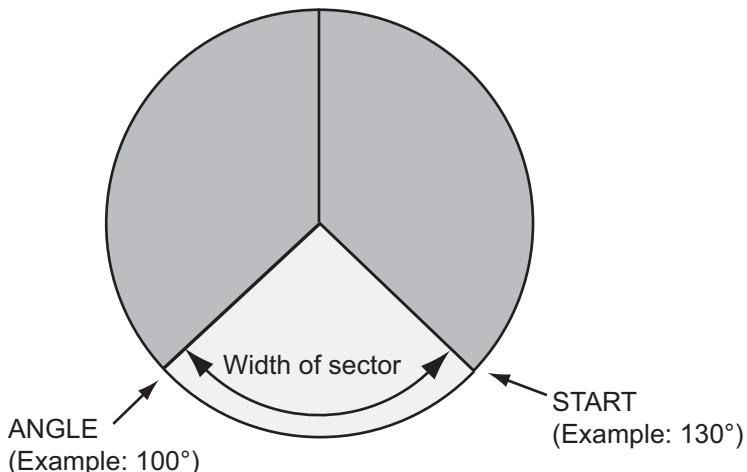


2. Select [1 COMBINE MODE] to select which radar to set as reference point.
3. Select [OWN] or [EXT] as appropriate.  
**[OWN]**: Set own radar's antenna as the reference point and set display area of own radar. The area outside that set here is where the image from the external radar is displayed.  
**[EXT]**: Set the external radar's antenna as the reference point and set the display area of the external radar. The area outside that set here is where the image from own radar is displayed.



4. Select [2 COMBINE SECTOR] to set the width of the sector.

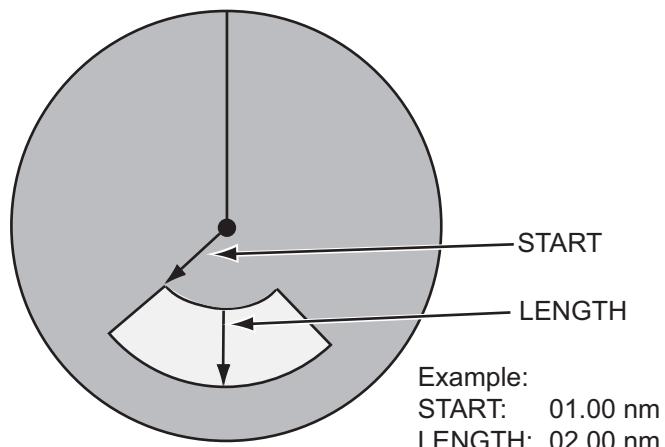
5. Use the scrollwheel to set START and ANGLE, referring to the description and example below. Spin the scrollwheel to set and push it to confirm.  
A solid green line marks the dual radar display area.



- **START:** Start point of the sector (in degrees, 000-359).
- **ANGLE:** Horizontal width of the sector (in degrees, 000-359).

6. Select [3 COMBINE RANGE] to set the vertical width of the sector.

7. Use the scrollwheel to set START and LENGTH, referring to the example below. Spin the scrollwheel to set and push it to confirm.



- **START:** Distance from reference point to sector
- **LENGTH:** Vertical length of sector

### 3.5.3 How to select the external radar (image source) to use

The dual radar display works best with two FAR-3xx0 radars. Other makes or models can be used, however performance may vary.

1. From the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu, select [2 SCANNER]→[6 DUAL RADAR SETTING].
2. Select [4 EXT RADAR].
3. Select required radar no. (Only the numbers of radar set on the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu are valid.)

**Note 1:** The dual radar will not function if a radar incompatible to the dual radar function is selected.

### 3. SETTINGS AND ADJUSTMENTS

**Note 2:** The dual radar display is designed to be used with two FAR-3xx0 series radars. Other makes or models can be used, however performance may vary.

4. Press the  **MENU** key to close the menu.

## 3.6 Other Settings

### [ECHO ADJ] menu

**[VIDEO LEVEL ADJ]:** Adjust the cable attenuation manually. Set the radar as follows:

**Interference Rejector (IR):** 2

**Echo Stretch (ES):** OFF

**Echo Averaging (EAV):** OFF

**Gain:** 80

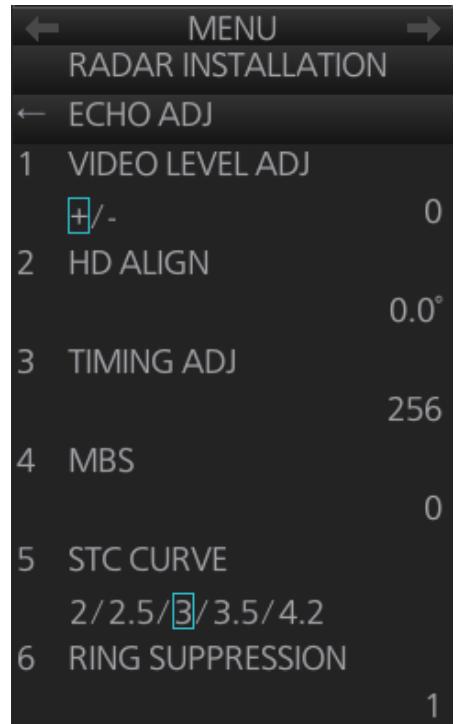
**Range:** 24 NM

**Pulse Length:** Long

Select [+] or [-]. Rotate the scrollwheel so that noise just disappears from the screen. The setting range is 0 to 32. If the noise does not disappear, switch to [-] ([+]) and try again.

**[STC CURVE]:** Use the default setting. Change the setting if desired according to sea condition. The larger the number the greater the STC effect.

**[RING SUPPRESSION]:** Remove “ring” noise which appears with the waveguide-type radar. Adjust so the rings disappear at the range of 0.125 nm. The setting range is 0 to 255.

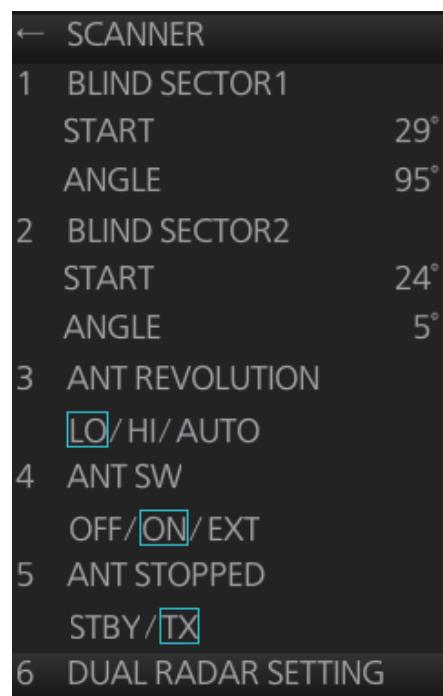


### [SCANNER] menu

**[BLIND SECTOR 1], [BLIND SECTOR 2]:** Set area(s) where to prevent transmission. Heading must be properly aligned (see section 3.2) before setting any blind sector. For example, set the area where an interfering object at the rear of the antenna would produce a dead sector (area where no echoes appear) on the display. To enter an area, enter start bearing relative to the heading and dead sector angle. To erase the area, enter 0 for both the [START] and [ANGLE] sections. The setting range of [START] is 0° to 359° and [ANGLE] is 0° to 180°.

**Note:** Turn off a stern blind sector before adjusting the PM gain, to display the echo from the performance monitor properly.

**[ANT REVOLUTION]:** For HSC only. Select [LO] for 36 rpm, [HI] for 42 rpm. [AUTO] sets the

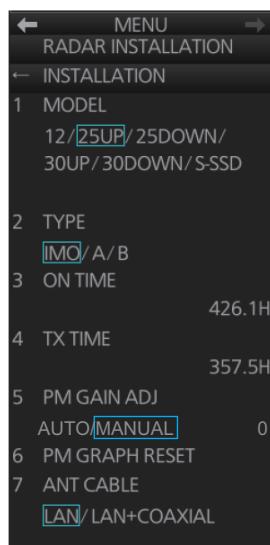


normal rotation speed to 36 rpm and switches the rotation speed to 42 rpm when the short pulse is selected.

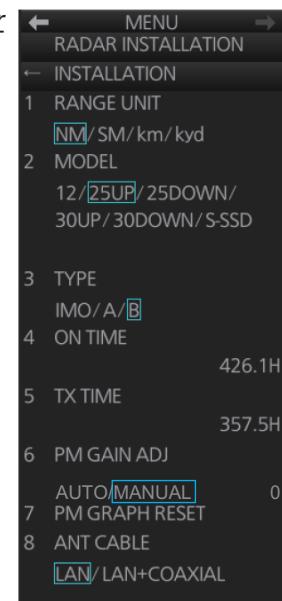
**Note:** Select [OFF] at [ANT SW] to prevent antenna rotation. [ANT STOPPED] prevents transmission while the antenna is stopped in STBY.

### [INSTALLATION] menu

#### IMO- and A-type radars



#### B-type radar



**[RANGE UNIT]: For the B-type radar**, select the range unit, NM, SM, KM or kyd then push the left button.

**[MODEL]:** Confirm the model of your radar. If this setting is different from your model, the radar will not function properly. The number before a diagonal (12, 25, 30) is the output power (in kW). [UP], [DOWN] indicates the location of the transceiver unit. [UP] is in the antenna unit, and [DOWN] means separate transceiver unit.

[S-SSD] means S-band solid state device.

**[TYPE]:** Select the type of radar: [IMO], [A] or [B].

- **[IMO]:** IMO specifications
- **[A]:** Near-IMO specifications
- **[B]:** Non-Japanese fishing vessel specifications

**[ON TIME], [TX TIME]:** These items show the number of hours the radar has been turned on and transmitted, respectively. Value can be changed.

**[PM GAIN ADJ]:** Adjust the performance monitor, automatically or manually, whenever the magnetron is replaced.

**Note:** If the blind sector and the direction of the PM antenna overlap one another, turn off the blind sector before adjusting the PM gain.

To adjust the performance monitor gain, do as follows:

1. Select automatic or manual adjustment. For automatic adjustment, no further operation is required; close the menu at the completion of the adjustment. For manual go to the next step.

### 3. SETTINGS AND ADJUSTMENTS

#### 2. Set the radar controls as shown below.

**Range:** 24 NM

**Pulse Length:** Long

**A/C SEA:** OFF (turn off manually)

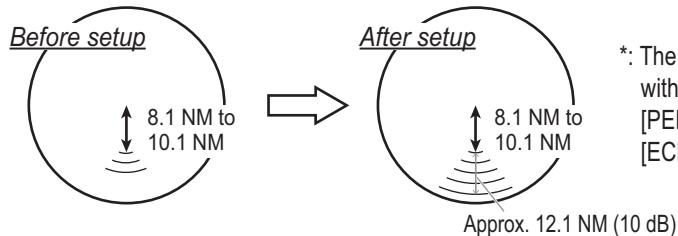
**A/C RAIN:** OFF (turn off manually)

**Echo Averaging (EAV):** OFF

**Video Contrast:** 2-B

3. Adjust the **GAIN** control so that a slight amount of white noise appears on the screen. Arcs for the performance monitor appear on the screen.
4. Select [PM GAIN ADJ] then spin the scrollwheel so that the outer arc faintly appears. The setting range is 0 to 255. Wait at least eight scans then right click to set.

Ex: When [ARC]\* is set to [5]



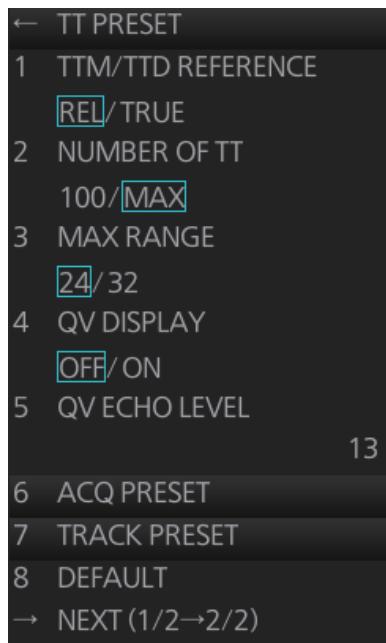
\*: The location of arcs changes with the setting of [ARC] in [PERFORMANCE MON] in the [ECHO] menu.

**[PM GRAPH RESET]:** Select this item to reset all PM graphs. The message shown below appears. Click the [OK] button to reset the PM graphs.

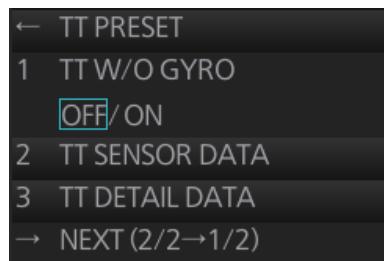


**[ANT CABLE]:** Select the method of connection between the radar sensor and the processor unit, [LAN] (LAN cable only) or [LAN+COAXIAL] (LAN and coaxial cables). Select [LAN+COAXIAL] when the optional LAN Signal Converter is installed.

#### TT PRESET menu



13



Page 2

Page 1

**[TTM/TTD REFERENCE]**: Set the output format (bearing) of tracked targets.

**REL** (Target bearing from own ship, degree relative, target course, degree relative), or **TRUE** (Target bearing, degree true, target course, degree true).

**[NUMBER OF TT]**: Set the number of targets that can be acquired, [100] or [MAX] (200). For FAR-2xx7 radar, select [100].

**[MAX RANGE]**: Select the maximum target tracking range, 24 or 32 nm.

**[QV DISPLAY]**: [OFF]: Normal picture, [ON]: Quantized video. The normal picture is in effect whenever the power is turned on regardless of this setting.

**[QV ECHO LEVEL]**: Set the detection level of echoes. The setting range is 1 to 31.

**[TT W/O GYRO]**: TT can be used without a gyro. Select [ON] to use TT without a gyro.

**[TT SENSOR DATA]**: Show debug-use TT sensor data.

**[TT DETAIL DATA]**: Display TT detailed data.

**[ACQ PRESET]**: Show the [ACQ PRESET] menu.

- **[LAND SIZE]**: Set the land size in units of 100 m. The setting range is 100 to 3000 m. A target whose length is equal to or greater than the length set here is judged as a land target.
- **[ANT SELECT]**: Set the antenna radiator type of your radar. The size of the echo changes with radiator size. Select the correct radiator type to ensure proper performance.
- **[AUTO ACQ CORRE]**: Set the correlation count of automatic acquisition. The setting range is 3 to 10.
- **[AUTO ACQ WEED]**: Set the cancel count of automatic acquisition. The setting range is 1 to 5.

| ← ACQ PRESET |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|
| 1            | LAND SIZE            |
|              | 1900m                |
| 2            | ANT SELECT           |
|              | XN12CF/XN20CF/XN24CF |
|              | /SN36CF              |
| 3            | AUTO ACQ CORRE       |
|              | 6SCAN                |
| 4            | AUTO ACQ WEED        |
|              | 1SCAN                |

**[TRACK PRESET]**: Show the [TRACK PRESET] menu.

- **[GATE SIZE]**: Set the gate size among [S], [M], [L] or [LL].
- **[FILTER RESPONSE]**: Set the filter response function. The setting range is 1 to 4 (1: Filter response is improved, 4: filter stability is improved).
- **[LOST COUNT]**: Set the number of scans to allow before a target is declared a lost target. The setting range is 1 to 20.
- **[MAX SPEED]**: No use.
- **[START TIME TGT VECT]**: Set the number of seconds or number of scans to wait before showing the vector for a newly acquired target. Select [TIME] or [SCAN] then enter value.

| ← TRACK PRESET |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| 1              | GATE SIZE           |
|                | S/[M]/L/LL          |
| 2              | FILTER RESPONSE     |
|                | 1/[2]/3/4           |
| 3              | LOST COUNT          |
|                | 18SCAN              |
| 4              | MAX SPEED           |
|                | 100kn               |
| 5              | START TIME TGT VECT |
|                | TIME/SCAN           |
|                | 50SEC               |
|                | 20SCAN              |

**[OTHERS] menu**

**[DEMO ECHO]**: Select the type of demonstration echo to use. [EG] (Echo Generator), [TT-TEST] or [PC]. Select [OFF] to deactivate the demonstration echo feature.

**[EAV W/O GYRO]**: The each averaging feature can be used without a gyrocompass. Select [ON] to use the feature without a gyrocompass.

**[TT FUNC]**: Activate or deactivate the TT function.

**[SUB OUTPUT]**: If the digital signal can be output in the analog format to the sub monitor, select [ON].

**[COMBINE FUNC]**: Enables, disables the dual radar display. Select [ON] to enable the dual radar display.

**[VDR LAN OUTPUT]**: Future use.

| ← OTHERS |                   |
|----------|-------------------|
| 1        | DEMO ECHO         |
|          | OFF/EG/TT-TEST/PC |
| 2        | EAV W/O GYRO      |
|          | OFF/ON            |
| 3        | TT FUNC           |
|          | OFF/ON            |
| 4        | SUB OUTPUT        |
|          | OFF/ON            |
| 5        | COMBINE FUNC      |
|          | OFF/ON            |
| 6        | VDR LAN OUTPUT    |
|          | OFF/ON            |

**[RADAR PRESET] menu**

**[RADAR SENSOR DATA]**: Show debug-use radar data.

**[RADAR DETAIL DATA]**: Show the [RADAR DETAIL DATA] menu.

- **[CALL RADAR DATA]**: Select the radar data to show the detail.
- **[SET RADAR DATA]**: Show the detail data for selected radar in the [CALL RADAR DATA].

**[DEFAULT]**: Restore the default settings for the [RADAR INSTALLATION] menu settings.

| ← RADAR PRESET |                   |
|----------------|-------------------|
| 1              | RADAR SENSOR DATA |
| 2              | RADAR DETAIL DATA |
| 3              | DEFAULT           |

# 4. INPUT/OUTPUT DATA

## NOTICE

The radar(s) must be interconnected to the following type approved sensors:

- Gyrocompass meeting the requirements of the IMO resolution A.424(XI).
- EPFS meeting the requirements of the IMO resolution MSC.112(73).
- SDME meeting the requirements of IMO resolution MSC.96(72).

The radar may be interconnected via HUB-3000 to other FURUNO processing units having approved LAN ports.

## 4.1 Processor Unit

Input and output data are shown in the table below.

### Input

| Data                  | Specification    | Contents   | Remarks                 |
|-----------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Heading signal        | IEC 61162-2*     |  |                         |
| Speed signal          | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 |  |                         |
| Navaid data           | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 | Position, time and date, datum, course, speed, wind, current, depth, temperature, NAVTEX, etc. |                         |
| AIS signal            | IEC 61162-2      |  |                         |
| Alarm handling signal | Contact closure  |  | Input from alarm system |
|                       | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 |  | Input from alarm system |

\*: Data input cycle must be more than 40 Hz (high speed craft) or 20 Hz (conventional ships).

### Output

| Data              | Specification    | Contents      | Remarks  |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------|--|
| Radar system data | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 | RSD, OSD      |  |
| TT data**         | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 | TTD, TTM, TLB |  |
| Alarm signal      | IEC 61162-1 Ed.4 |               | 4 systems, Output contents are selected by menu. |
|                   | Contact closure  |               |  |

\*\*: The output sentence and baud rate can be set at the PC (See the Instruction Manual). The mode ([TTM/TTD REFERENCE]) can be set at the [TT Preset] menu (See page 3-8).

## 4.2 IEC 61162 Sentences

### Input sentence and sentence priority

| Data  | Sentence priority |
|---|-------------------|
| Acknowledge alarm                                     | ACK               |
| AIS base station addressed channel management command | ACM               |
| AIS addressed and binary broadcast acknowledgement    | ABK               |
| Datum   | DTM               |
| Depth   | DPT>DBT           |
| Heartbeat supervision report                          | HBT               |
| Heading (true)  | THS>HDT           |
| Position  | GNS>GGA>RMC>GLL   |
| Set alarm state                                       | ALR               |
| Set and drift   | CUR>VDR           |
| Speed (position)                                      | VTG>RMC           |
| Speed (SOG)   | VBW               |
| Speed (STW)   | VBW>VHW           |
| Time and date   | ZDA               |
| UAIS VHF data-link message                            | VDM               |
| UAIS VHF data-link own-vessel report                  | VDO               |
| Water temperature                                     | MTW               |
| Wind speed and angle (relative)                       | MWV (R)           |
| Wind speed and angle (true)                           | MWV (T)           |

### Output sentences

| Data  | Sentence      |
|---|---------------|
| Cyclic alert list                           | ALC           |
| Alert sentence                              | ALF           |
| Alert command refused                       | ARC           |
| Acknowledge alarm                           | ACK           |
| Addressed binary and safety related message | ABM           |
| AIS Broadcast binary message                | BBM           |
| General event message                       | EVE           |
| Heartbeat supervision report                | HBT           |
| Own ship data                               | OSD           |
| Radar system data                           | RSD           |
| Set alarm state                             | ALR           |
| TT target data                              | TTD, TLB, TTM |
| Voyage static data                          | VSD           |

# APPENDIX 1 JIS CABLE GUIDE

Cables listed in the manual are usually shown as Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS). Use the following guide to locate an equivalent cable locally.

JIS cable names may have up to 6 alphabetical characters, followed by a dash and a numerical value (example: DPYC-2.5).

For core types D and T, the numerical designation indicates the *cross-sectional Area (mm<sup>2</sup>)* of the core wire(s) in the cable.

For core types M and TT, the numerical designation indicates the *number of core wires* in the cable.

## 1. Core Type

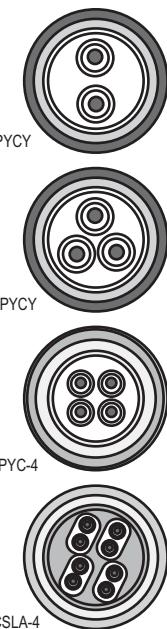
- D: Double core power line
- T: Triple core power line
- M: Multi core
- TT: Twisted pair communications  
(1Q=quad cable)

## 2. Insulation Type

- P: Ethylene Propylene  
Rubber

## 3. Sheath Type

- Y: PVC (Vinyl)



## 4. Armor Type

- C: Steel

## 5. Sheath Type

- Y: Anticorrosive vinyl  
sheath

## 6. Shielding Type

- S: All cores in one sheath
- S: Individually sheathed cores
- SLA: All cores in one shield, plastic  
tape w/aluminum tape
- SLA: Individually shielded cores,  
plastic tape w/aluminum tape

EX: TTYCYSLA - 4

MPYC - 4

The following reference table lists gives the measurements of JIS cables commonly used with Furuno products:

| Type      | Area                | Core Diameter | Cable Diameter | Type       | Area                | Core Diameter | Cable Diameter |
|-----------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|---------------|----------------|
| DPYC-1.5  | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.56mm        | 11.7mm         | TTYCS-1    | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 10.1mm         |
| DPYC-2.5  | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.01mm        | 12.8mm         | TTYCS-1T   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 10.6mm         |
| DPYC-4    | 4.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.55mm        | 13.9mm         | TTYCS-1Q   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 11.3mm         |
| DPYC-6    | 6.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 3.12mm        | 15.2mm         | TTYCS-4    | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 16.3mm         |
| DPYC-10   | 10.0mm <sup>2</sup> | 4.05mm        | 17.1mm         | TTYCSLA-1  | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 9.4mm          |
| DPYCY-1.5 | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.56mm        | 13.7mm         | TTYCSLA-1T | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 10.1mm         |
| DPYCY-2.5 | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.01mm        | 14.8mm         | TTYCSLA-1Q | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 10.8mm         |
| DPYCY-4   | 4.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.55mm        | 15.9mm         | TTYCSLA-4  | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 15.7mm         |
| MPYC-2    | 1.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.29mm        | 10.0mm         | TTYCY-1    | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 11.0mm         |
| MPYC-4    | 1.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.29mm        | 11.2mm         | TTYCY-1T   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 11.7mm         |
| MPYC-7    | 1.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.29mm        | 13.2mm         | TTYCY-1Q   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 12.6mm         |
| MPYC-12   | 1.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.29mm        | 16.8mm         | TTYCY-4    | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 17.7mm         |
| TPYC-1.5  | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.56mm        | 12.5mm         | TTYCY-4S   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 21.1mm         |
| TPYC-2.5  | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.01mm        | 13.5mm         | TTYCY-4SLA | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 19.5mm         |
| TPYC-4    | 4.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.55mm        | 14.7mm         | TTYCYS-1   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 12.1mm         |
| TPYCY-1.5 | 1.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 1.56mm        | 14.5mm         | TTYCYS-4   | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 18.5mm         |
| TPYCY-2.5 | 2.5mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.01mm        | 15.5mm         | TTYCYSLA-1 | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 11.2mm         |
| TPYCY-4   | 4.0mm <sup>2</sup>  | 2.55mm        | 16.9mm         | TTYCYSLA-4 | 0.75mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.11mm        | 17.9mm         |

# APPENDIX 2 ROD TERMINALS

## MC-3000S, MC-CS Board (24P0114)

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name  | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
|-------------|-------|--------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| J1          | 1     | 24V_VOUT     | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx         |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND      |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A     | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                      |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B     |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | GND          |                     |                      |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name  | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J2          | 1     | 24V_IN       | AI 1.5-6 BK (black) | DPYC-1.5             |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_OUT      |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | PWR_FAIL-A   | AI 0.75-6 GY (Gray) | TTYCS-4<br>TTYCSLA-4 |  |
|             | 4     | PWR_FAIL-COM |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | PWR_FAIL-B   |                     |                      |  |
|             | 6     | NC           | -                   | -                    |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name  | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J4          | 1     | TD1-A        | AI 0.75-6 GY (Gray) | TTYCS-4<br>TTYCSLA-4 |  |
|             | 2     | TD1-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | RD1-A        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 4     | RD1-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | ISOGND1      |                     |                      |  |
|             | 6     | RD1-H        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 7     | RD1-C        |                     |                      |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name  | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J5          | 1     | TD2-A        | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-4<br>TTYCSLA-4 |  |
|             | 2     | TD2-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | RD2-A        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 4     | RD2-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | ISOGND2      |                     |                      |  |
|             | 6     | RD2-H        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 7     | RD2-C        |                     |                      |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name  | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J6          | 1     | TD3-A        | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-4<br>TTYCSLA-4 |  |
|             | 2     | TD3-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | RD3-A        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 4     | RD3-B        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | ISOGND3      |                     |                      |  |
|             | 6     | RD3-H        |                     |                      |  |
|             | 7     | RD3-C        |                     |                      |  |

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable        |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| J7          | 1     | TD4-A       | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-4<br>TTYCSLA-4   |
|             | 2     | TD4-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 3     | RD4-A       |                     |                        |
|             | 4     | RD4-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 5     | ISOGND4     |                     |                        |
|             | 6     | RD4-H       |                     |                        |
|             | 7     | RD4-C       |                     |                        |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable        |
| J8          | 1     | TD5-A       | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1Q<br>TTYCSLA-1Q |
|             | 2     | TD5-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 3     | RD5-H       |                     |                        |
|             | 4     | RD5-C       |                     |                        |
|             | 5     | TD6-A       | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1Q<br>TTYCSLA-1Q |
|             | 6     | TD6-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 7     | RD6-H       |                     |                        |
|             | 8     | RD6-C       |                     |                        |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable        |
| J9          | 1     | TD7-A       | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1Q<br>TTYCSLA-1Q |
|             | 2     | TD7-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 3     | RD7-H       |                     |                        |
|             | 4     | RD7-C       |                     |                        |
|             | 5     | TD8-A       | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1Q<br>TTYCSLA-1Q |
|             | 6     | TD8-B       |                     |                        |
|             | 7     | RD8-H       |                     |                        |
|             | 8     | RD8-C       |                     |                        |

MC-3010A MC-ANALG Board (24P0115)

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| J1          | 1     | 24V_IN      | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx         |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                      |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                      |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J2          | 1     | 24V_OUT     | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx         |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                      |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                      |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                      |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |  |
| J3*         | 1     | AN1_IN      | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1<br>TTYCSLA-1 |  |
|             | 2     | AN1_GND     |                     |                      |  |
|             | 3     | CURR1_JP1   |                     |                      |  |
|             | 4     | CURR1_JP2   |                     |                      |  |

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable      |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| J4*         | 1     | AN2_IN      | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1<br>TTYCSLA-1 |
|             | 2     | AN2_GND     |                     |                      |
|             | 3     | CURR2_JP1   |                     |                      |
|             | 4     | CURR2_JP2   |                     |                      |
| J5*         | 1     | AN3_IN      | AI 0.75-6 GY (gray) | TTYCS-1<br>TTYCSLA-1 |
|             | 2     | AN3_GND     |                     |                      |
|             | 3     | CURR3_JP1   |                     |                      |
|             | 4     | CURR3_JP2   |                     |                      |

\*: For pin #3 and 4, no cable is connected. However the jumper connection is necessary depending on the input specification.

### MC-3020D, MC-DIN Board (24P0116)

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |  |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| J1          | 1     | 24V_IN      | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx    |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                 |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
| J2          | 1     | 24V_OUT     | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx    |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                 |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
| J3*         | 1     | DV12V_OUT1  | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |  |
|             | 2     | DIGI_IN1    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | DIGI_RTN1   |                     |                 |  |
|             | 4     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | DC12V_OUT2  |                     |                 |  |
|             | 6     | DIGI_IN2    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 7     | DIGI_RTN2   |                     |                 |  |
|             | 8     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
| J4*         | 1     | DV12V_OUT3  | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |  |
|             | 2     | DIGI_IN3    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | DIGI_RTN3   |                     |                 |  |
|             | 4     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | DC12V_OUT4  |                     |                 |  |
|             | 6     | DIGI_IN4    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 7     | DIGI_RTN4   |                     |                 |  |
|             | 8     | GND         |                     |                 |  |

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| J5*         | 1     | DV12V_OUT5  | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |
|             | 2     | DIGI_IN5    |                     |                 |
|             | 3     | DIGI_RTN5   |                     |                 |
|             | 4     | GND         |                     |                 |
|             | 5     | DC12V_OUT6  |                     |                 |
|             | 6     | DIGI_IN6    |                     |                 |
|             | 7     | DIGI_RTN6   |                     |                 |
|             | 8     | GND         |                     |                 |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |
| J6*         | 1     | DV12V_OUT7  | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |
|             | 2     | DIGI_IN7    |                     |                 |
|             | 3     | DIGI_RTN7   |                     |                 |
|             | 4     | GND         |                     |                 |
|             | 5     | DC12V_OUT8  |                     |                 |
|             | 6     | DIGI_IN8    |                     |                 |
|             | 7     | DIGI_RTN8   |                     |                 |
|             | 8     | GND         |                     |                 |

\*: Pin #1 and 5: no cable connection. However the jumper connection is necessary between #1 and 2 and #5 and 6 depending on the input specification.

#### MC-3030D, MC-DOUT Board (24P0117)

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |  |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|
| J1          | 1     | 24V_IN      | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx    |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                 |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |  |
| J2          | 1     | 24V_OUT     | AI 0.34-6 TQ (blue) | MC1.5-W-Lxxx    |  |
|             | 2     | 24V_GND     |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | MODBUS-A    | AI 0.14-8 GY (gray) |                 |  |
|             | 4     | MODBUS-B    |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | GND         |                     |                 |  |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |  |
| J3          | 1     | A1          | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |  |
|             | 2     | COM1        |                     |                 |  |
|             | 3     | B1          |                     |                 |  |
|             | 4     | A2          |                     |                 |  |
|             | 5     | COM2        |                     |                 |  |
|             | 6     | B2          |                     |                 |  |

APPENDIX 2 ROD TERMINALS

| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |
|-------------|-------|-------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| J4          | 1     | A3          | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |
|             | 2     | COM3        |                     |                 |
|             | 3     | B3          |                     |                 |
|             | 4     | A4          |                     |                 |
|             | 5     | COM4        |                     |                 |
|             | 6     | B4          |                     |                 |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |
| J5          | 1     | A5          | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |
|             | 2     | COM5        |                     |                 |
|             | 3     | B5          |                     |                 |
|             | 4     | A6          |                     |                 |
|             | 5     | COM6        |                     |                 |
|             | 6     | B6          |                     |                 |
| Connector # | Pin # | Signal name | Rod terminal to use | Connected cable |
| J6          | 1     | A7          | AI 1-6 RD (red)     | MPYC-12         |
|             | 2     | COM7        |                     |                 |
|             | 3     | B7          |                     |                 |
|             | 4     | A8          |                     |                 |
|             | 5     | COM8        |                     |                 |
|             | 6     | B8          |                     |                 |

# APPENDIX 3 DIGITAL INTERFACE

## Digital Interface

### **Input sentence**

ABK, ACK, ACM, ACN, ALR, CUR, DBT, DPT, DTM, GGA, GLL, GNS, HBT, HDT, MTW, MWV, RMC, THS, VBW, VDM, VDO, VDR, VHW, VTG, ZDA

### **Output sentences**

ABM, ACK, ALC, ALF, ALR, ARC, BBM, EVE, HBT, OSD, RSD, TLB, TTD, TTM, VSD

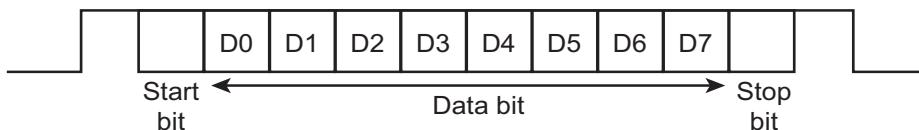
### **Data reception**

Data is received in serial asynchronous form in accordance with the standard referenced in IEC 61162-2 or IEC 61162-1 Ed.4.

The following parameters are used:

Baud rate: 38,400 bps (HDT, THS, !AIVDM, !AIVDO, !AIABK, \$AIALR). The baud rate of all other sentences is 4800 bps

Data bits: 8 (D7 = 0), Parity: none, Stop bits: 1



## Data Sentences

### **Input sentences**

ABK - UAIS Addressed and binary broadcast acknowledgement

\*\*ABK,xxxxxxxx,x,x.x,x,x,\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2 3 4 5

1. MMSI of the addressed AIS unit (9 digits)

2. AIS channel of reception (No use)

3. Message ID (6, 8, 12, 14)

4. Message sequence number (0 - 9)

5. Type of acknowledgement (See below)

1 = message was broadcast (6 or 12), but not ACK by addressed AIS unit

2 = message could not be broadcast (quantity of encapsulated data exceeds five slots)

3 = requested broadcast of message (8, 14 or 15) has been successfully completed

4 = late reception of message (7 or 13) ACK that was addressed to this AIS unit (own ship and referenced a valid transaction)

5 = message has been read and acknowledged on a display unit.

ACK - Acknowledge alarm

\*\*ACK,xxx,\*hh<CR><LF>

1

1. Local alarm number (identifier) (000 - 999)

## APPENDIX 3 DIGITAL INTERFACE

### ACM, ACN - Alert command

\$\$ACM, hhmmss.ss,aaa,x.x,x.x,ca,a\*hh<CR><LF>  
\$\$ACN, hhmmss.ss,aaa,x.x,x.x,ca,a\*hh<CR><LF>  
1 2 3 4 5 6

1. Time (hh=00 to 23, mm=00 to 59, ss.ss=00.00 to 60.99), null
2. Manufacturer mnemonic code (3 digit alphanumeric code), null
3. Alert identifier (0 to 9999999)
4. Alert instance (1 to 999999), null
5. Alert command (A=ACK from ext. equipment, Q=Request from ext. equipment, O=Responsibility transfer, S=Silence from ext. equipment)
6. Sentence status flag (C should not be null field. Sentence without C is not a command.)

#### Information about the use of ACN vs ACM

The alert command sentence formatter ACM is defined in IEC 61924-2 Ed. 1. After Ed. 1 was released, the ACM is used by other criteria and the IEC technical corrigendum adopted the sentence formatter ACN to replace the ACM. However, equipment released before the adoption of the ACN may use ACM. This equipment uses both ACN and ACM.

### ALR - Set alarm state

\$\$ALR, Hhmmss.ss,xxx,A,A,c—c,\*hh<CR><LF>  
1 2 3 4 5

1. Time of alarm condition change, UTC (000000.00 - 235960.99)
2. Unique alarm number (identifier) at alarm source (000 - 999)
3. Alarm condition (A=threshold exceeded, V=not exceeded)
4. Alarm acknowledge state (A=acknowledged, V=not acknowledged)
5. Alarm description text (alphanumeric characters, max. 32)

### CUR - Current

\$\$CUR, A, x, x.x, x.x, x.x, a, x.x, x.x, x.x, a, a, \*hh<CR><LF>  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

1. Validity of data (A=valid, V=not valid)
2. Data set number (0 - 9)
3. Layer number (0.0 - 3.0)
4. Current depth in meters (No use)
5. Current direction in degrees (0.00 - 360.00)
6. Direction reference in use (true or relative)
7. Current speed in knots (0.00 - 99.99)
8. Reference layer depth in meters (No use)
9. Heading (0 to 360.00)
10. Heading reference in use (true or magnetic)
11. Speed reference (B=Bottom track W=Water track P=Positioning system)

### DBT - Depth below transducer

\$\$DBT, xxxx.x,f,xxxx.x,M,xxxx.x,F,\*hh<CR><LF>  
1 2 3 4 5 6

1. Water depth (0.00-99999.99)
2. feet
3. Water depth (0.00-99999.99)
4. Meters
5. Water depth (0.00-99999.99)
6. Fathoms

### DPT - Depth

\$\$DPT, x.x, x.x, x.x, \*hh<CR><LF>  
1 2 3

1. Water depth relative to the transducer, meters (0.00-99999.99)
2. Offset from transducer, meters (No use)
3. Minimum range scale in use (No use)

**DTM - Datum reference**

\*\*DTM,ccc,a,x.x,a,x.x,a,x.x,ccc,\*hh<CR><LF>  
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8  
 1. Local datum (W84=WGS84 W72=WGS72 S85=SGS85, P90=PE90  
 2. Local datum subdivision code (NULL or one character)  
 3. Lat offset, min (0 - 59.99999)  
 4. N/S  
 5. Lon offset, min (0 - 59.99999)  
 6. E/W  
 7. Altitude offset, meters (No use)  
 8. Reference datum (W84=WGS84 W72=WGS72 S85=SGS85, P90=PE90)

**GGA - Global positioning system fix data**

\*\*GGA,hhmmss.ss,ffff.fff,a,yyyy.yyy,a,x,xx,x.x,x.x,M,x.x,M,x.x,xxxx,\*hh<CR><LF>  
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14  
 1. UTC of position (no use)  
 2. Latitude (0000.00000 - 9000.00000)  
 3. N/S  
 4. Longitude (0000.00000 - 18000.00000)  
 5. E/W  
 6. GPS quality indicator (1 - 8)  
 7. Number of satellite in use (No use)  
 8. Horizontal dilution of precision (0.0 - 999.9)  
 9. Antenna altitude above/below mean sea level (No use)  
 10. Unit, m (No use)  
 11. Geoidal separation (No use)  
 12. Unit, m (No use)  
 13. Age of differential GPS data (0 - 999)  
 14. Differential reference station ID (No use)

**GLL - Geographic position, latitude/longitude**

\*\*GLL,ffff.fff,a,yyyy.yyy,a,hhmmss.ss,a,x,\*hh<CR><LF>  
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7  
 1. Latitude (0000.00000 - 9000.00000)  
 2. N/S  
 3. Longitude (0000.00000 - 18000.00000)  
 4. E/W  
 5. UTC of position (No use)  
 6. Status (A=data valid V=data invalid)  
 7. Mode indicator (A=Autonomous D=Differential E=Estimated M=Manual input S=Simulator)

**GNS - GNSS fix data**

\*\*GNS,hhmmss.ss,ffff.fff,a,ffff.fff,a,c--c,xx,x.x,x.x,x.x,x.x,x.x,a\*hh<CR><LF>  
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13  
 1. UTC of position (no use)  
 2. Latitude (0000.00000 - 9000.00000)  
 3. N/S  
 4. Longitude (0000.00000 - 18000.00000)  
 5. E/W  
 6. Mode indicator (P, R, D, F, A, E, M, S)  
 N=No fix A=Autonomous D=Differential P=Precise R=Real Time Kinematic  
 F=Float RTK E=Estimated Mode M=Manual Input Mode S=Simulator Mode  
 7. Total number of satellites in use (No use)  
 8. HDOP (0.00 - 999.99)  
 9. Antenna altitude, meters (-999.99 - 9999.99)  
 10. Geoidal separation (No use)  
 11. Age of differential data (0 - 99)  
 12. Differential reference station ID (No use)  
 13. Navigation status indicator (S=Safe, C=Caution, U=Unsafe, V=Not valid)

## APPENDIX 3 DIGITAL INTERFACE

### HBT - Heartbeat supervision sentence

\$\*\*HBT,x.x,A,x\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2 3

1. Configured repeat interval (00.0 to 99.9(s))
2. Equipment status (A=Normal V=System fail)
3. Sequential sequence identifier (0 to 9)

### HDT - Heading, true

\$\*\*HDT,xxx.x,T\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2

1. Heading, degrees (0.00 to 360.00)
2. True (T)

### MTW - Water temperature

\$\*\*MTW,x.x,C<CR><LF>

1

1. Water temperature, degrees C (-100.000 - 100.000)

### MWV - Wind speed and angle

\$\*\*MWV,x.x,a,x.x,a,A\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2 3 4 5

1. Wind angle, degrees (0.00 - 360.00)
2. Reference (R/T)
3. Wind speed (0.00 - 9999.99)
4. Wind speed units (K=km/h M=m/s N=NM)
5. Status (A)

### RMC - Recommended minimum specific GPS/TRANSIT data

\$GPRMC, hhmmss.ss, A, llll.ll, a, yyyy.yy, a, x.x, x.x, ddmmyy, x.x, a, a, a\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

1. UTC of position fix (000000 - 235959)
2. Status (A=data valid, V=navigation receiver warning)
3. Latitude (0000.00000 - 9000.0000)
4. N/S
5. Longitude (0000.00000 - 18000.0000)
6. E/W
7. Speed over ground, knots (0.00 - 99.94)
8. Course over ground, degrees true (0.0 - 360.0)
9. Date (010100 - 311299)
10. Magnetic variation, degrees E/W (0.00 - 180.0/NULL)
11. E/W
12. Mode indicator (A=Autonomous mode D=Differential mode S=Simulator  
F=Float RTK P=Precise R=Real time kinematic E=Estimated (DR) M=Manual)
13. Navigational status indication (S=Safe C=Caution U=Unsafe V=Navigational status not valid)

### THS - True heading and status

\$\*\*THS,xxx.x,a\*hh<CR><LF>

1 2

1. Heading, degrees True (0.00 to 360.00)
2. Mode indicator (A=Autonomous S=Simulator)